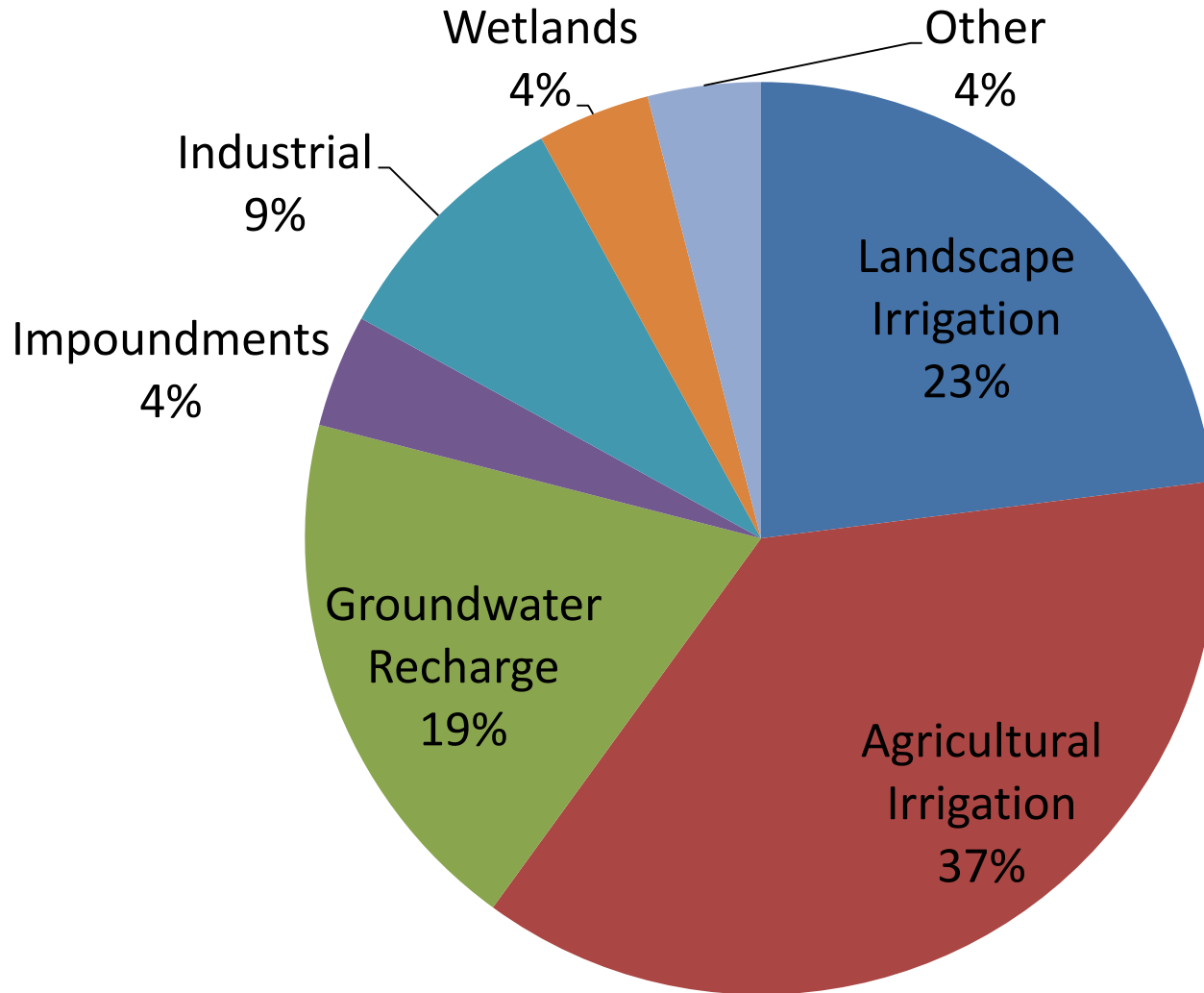


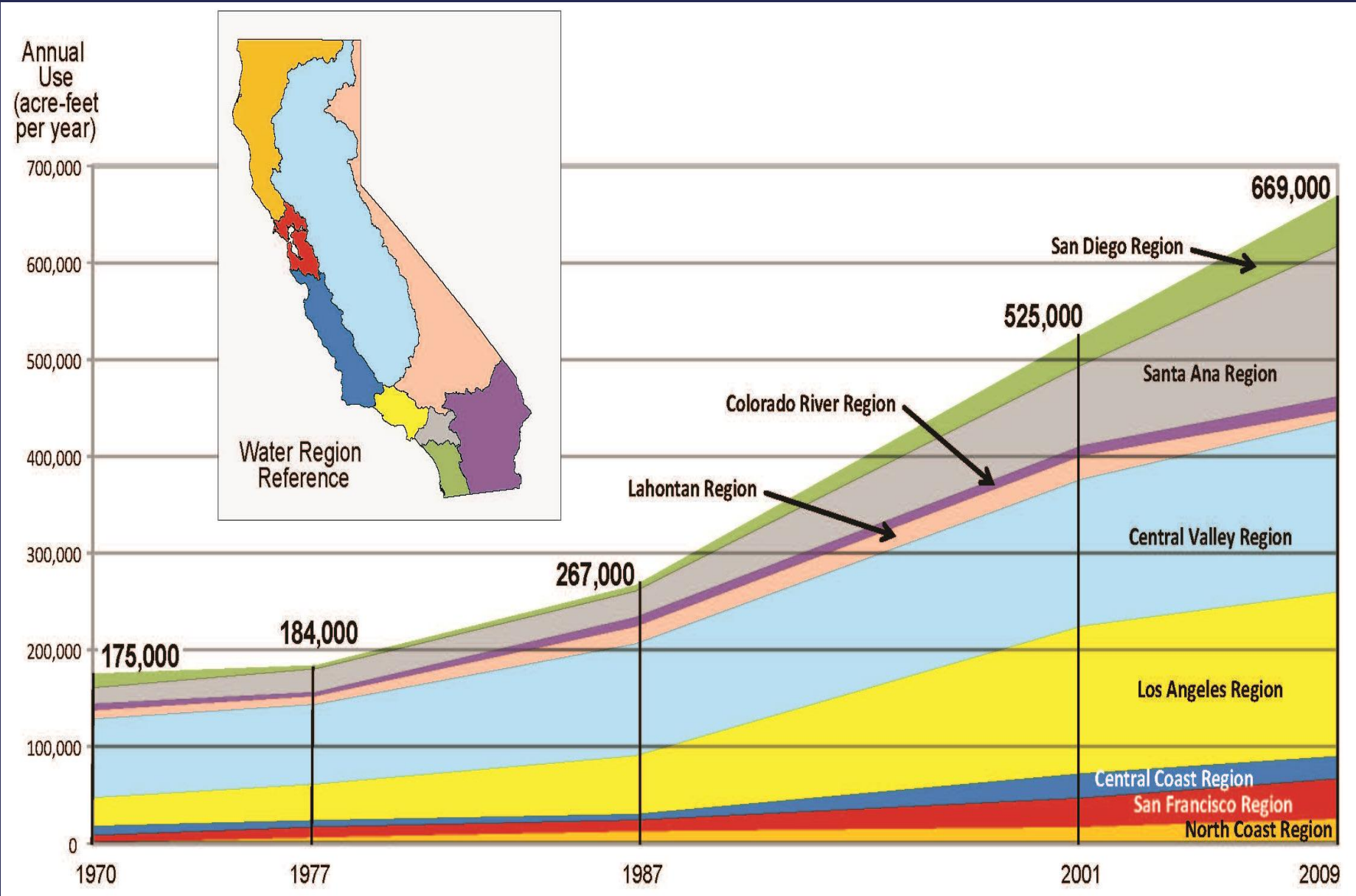
Water Boards' Recycled Water Program

Liz Haven- Deputy Director
State Water Resources Control Board

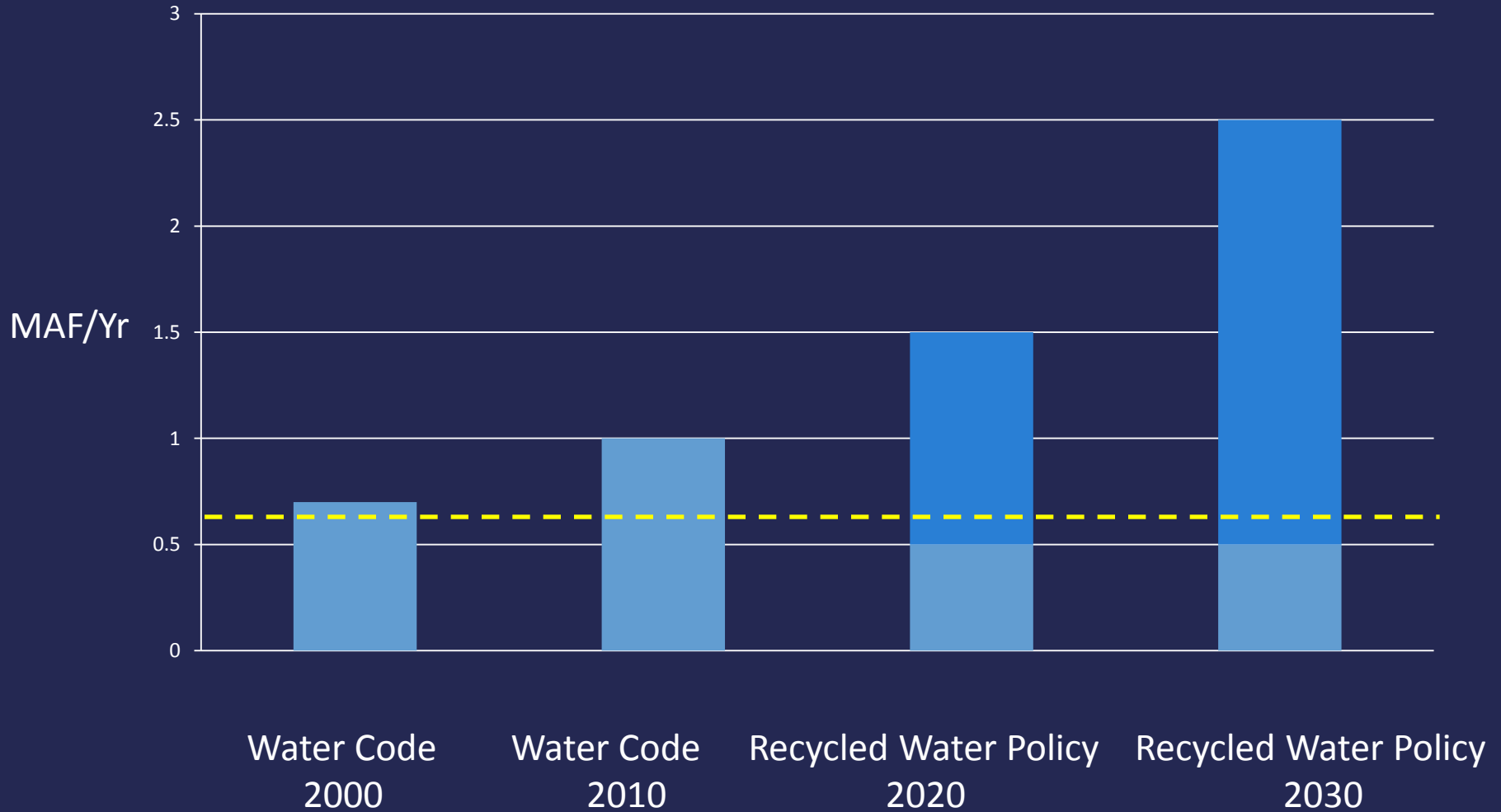
Use of Recycled Water in California



Recycled Water Use Trend in California

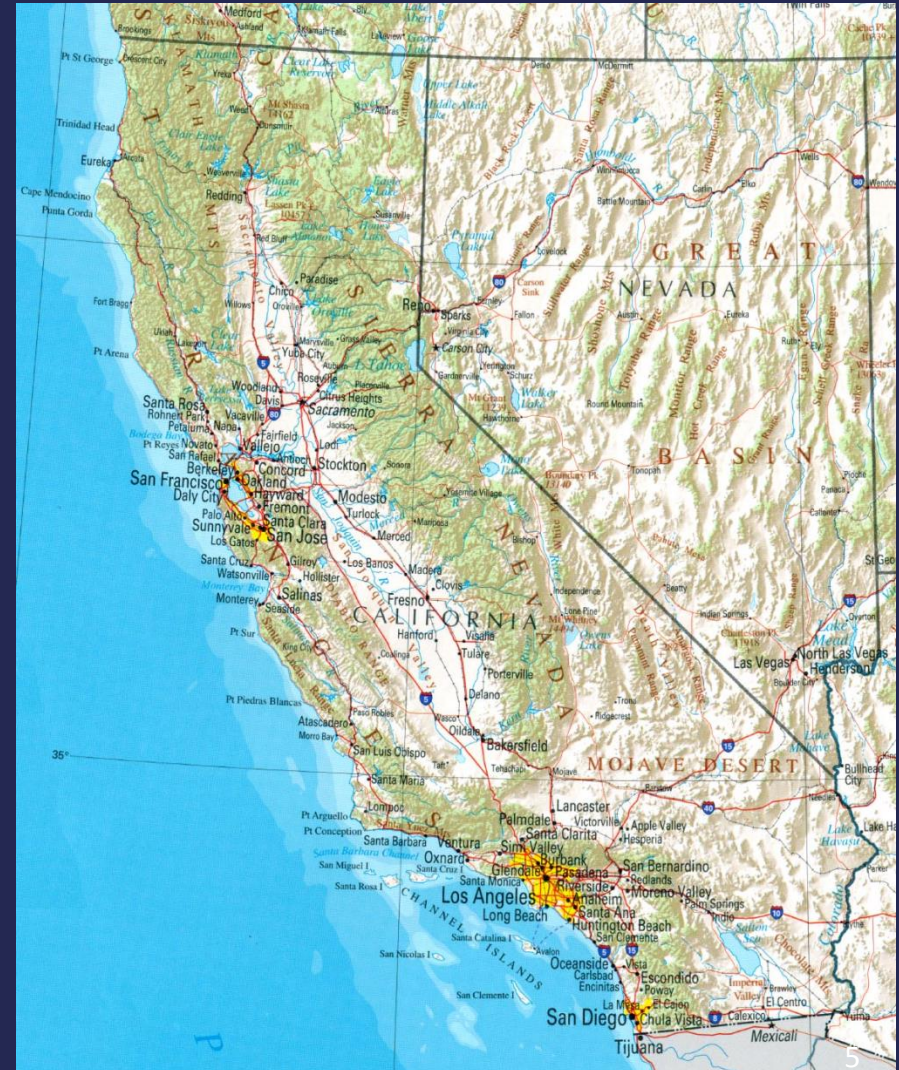


Water Recycling Goals



Why the push for more recycled water use?

- Supply limited
- Climate changing
- Imports threatened



Water Recycling Statutes

- CDPH adopts water recycling criteria.
- Water boards issue water reclamation requirements.



Types of Water Reclamation Requirements

- Water Reclamation Requirements
- Master Reclamation Permits
- General Permit for Landscape Irrigation

WDRs versus WRRs

WDRs

- For discharges of waste.
- Implement water quality objectives.
- For protecting receiving water quality.

WRRs

- For use of recycled water.
- Implement the water recycling criteria.
- For protecting public health.

Regional Water Board Tasks

- Issue water reclamation requirements
- Review monitoring reports
- Inspect production facilities and reuse areas
- Take enforcement actions as appropriate
- Manage program information

State Water Board Tasks

- Establish statewide policy
- Issue general permits
- Provide agency coordination
- Track regional board performance
- Maintain information management systems
- Review petitions of regional board orders
- Issue loans and grants

Funding Sources

- Recycled Water Projects
 - Clean Water State Revolving Fund
 - Recycled Water Funding (fund research as well as projects)
- Regulatory Program
 - No general funds
 - Permit fees for WDRs and NPDES permits
 - No fees for WRRs, except for general permit(s)

Questions?

