

Haynes Generating Station

Appendix A

Physical Oceanographic Data

A1. Source Water Currents

A2. Source Water Temperatures from ADCP Instruments

Appendix A1 Source Water Currents

Physical oceanographic data were collected from the source water body to describe current regimes that can affect larval transport in the vicinity of the HnGS. Two Nortek Aquadopp® acoustic Doppler current profilers (ADCPs) were positioned in separate locations in San Pedro Bay, one (CM1) approximately 2.1 km (1.3 mi) from shore off the entrance to Alamitos Bay at a depth of -12.4 m (-40.7 ft) MLLW, and a second unit (CM2) approximately 3.2 km (2.0 mi) from shore off the San Gabriel River mouth at a depth of -16.2 m (-53.1 ft) MLLW (Figure 3.3-2). Both stations were commissioned on January 10, 2006. Station CM2 was decommissioned on January 8, 2007 and Station CM1 was decommissioned on January 11, 2007. Data were downloaded on May 2, 2006 and August 31, 2006. From May 2–5, 2006 Station CM1 did not collect current data due to operational error after the data download. The unit at CM1 had an operating frequency of 1 MHz, while the unit at CM2 had an operating frequency of 600 kHz (Table A1-1). Both units collected data at hourly intervals in a usable range that extended from 0.5 m (1.6 ft) from the ADCP to somewhat less than 90% of the distance to the surface. The half-power full beam-width was 2.4 degrees for both units. Water temperature and water depth (pressure) were also measured concurrently by the units. Water temperatures were calibrated over an approximately four-month period from September 2006 to January 2007 using two calibrated Starr-Oddi thermistors. Pressure measurements were adjusted using barometric pressure data measured at the Los Angeles International Airport and corrected for sea level.

Table A1-1. ADCP deployment parameters for current meters in the vicinity of HnGS
(Stations CM 1 and CM 2).

Unit	Oper. Freq.	Deploy depth (m)	Cells (#)	Cell size (m)	Max. range (m)	Cell precision (cm/s)	Ping rate	Averaging Interval (s)	Repetition rate (hr)
CM 1	1 MHz	12.4	15	1.0	15	0.8	87%	180	1.0
CM 2	600 kHz	16.2	20	1.0	20	1.4	100%	300	1.0

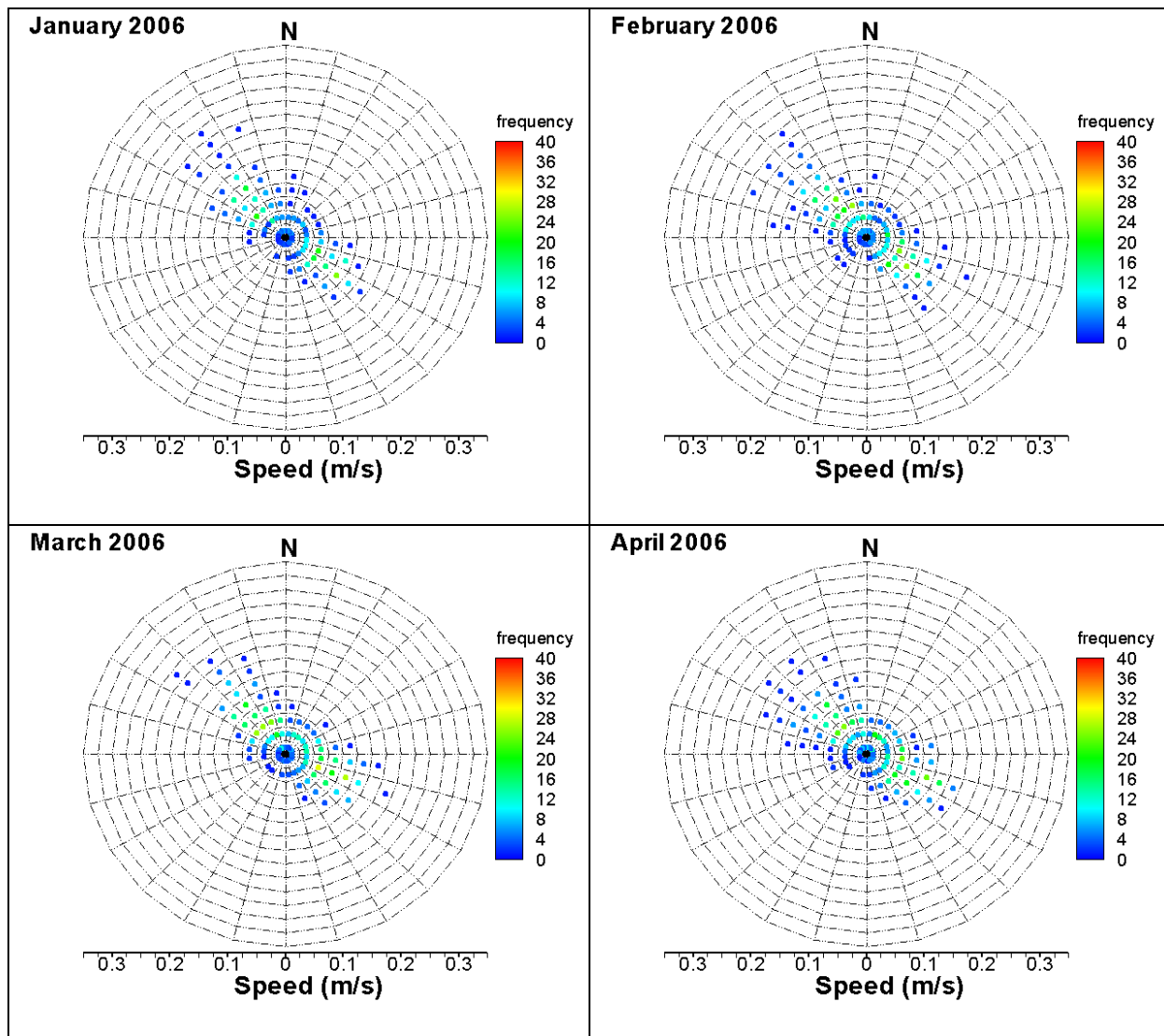


Figure A1-1. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 1, January – April, 2006. Frequency is number of hourly observations.

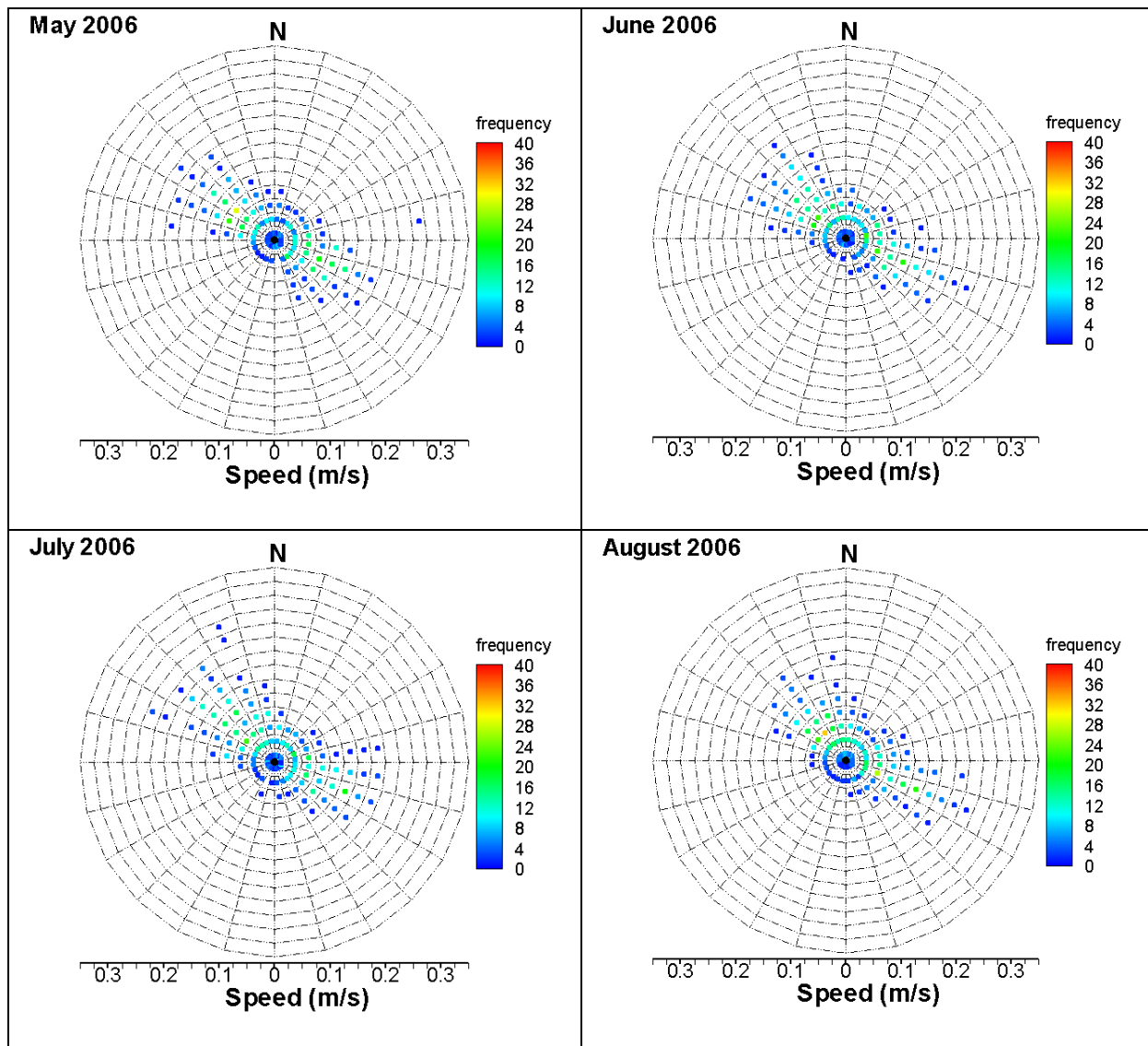


Figure A1-2. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 1, May – August 2006. Frequency is number of hourly observations.

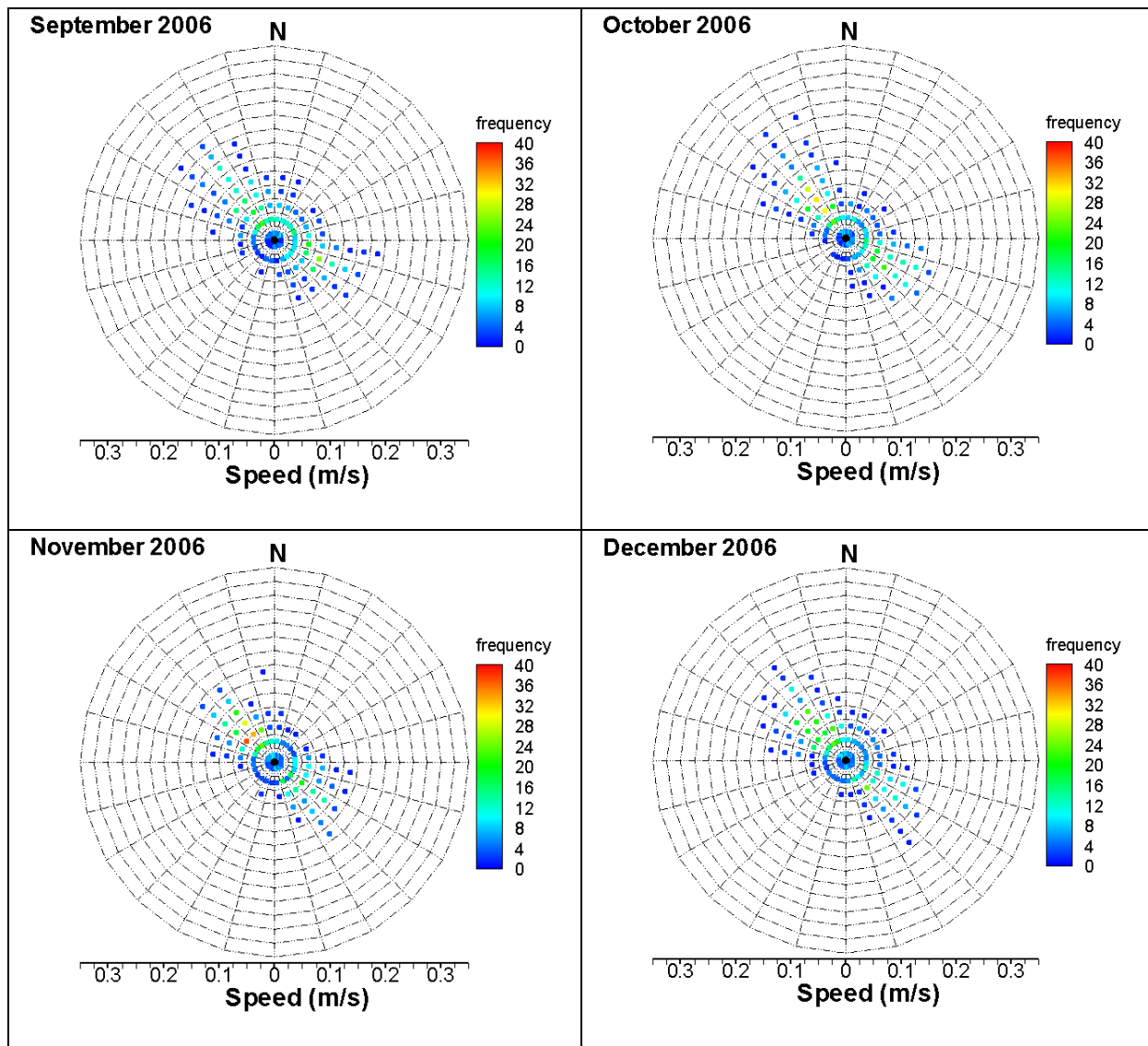


Figure A1-3. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 1, September – December 2006. Frequency is number of hourly observations.

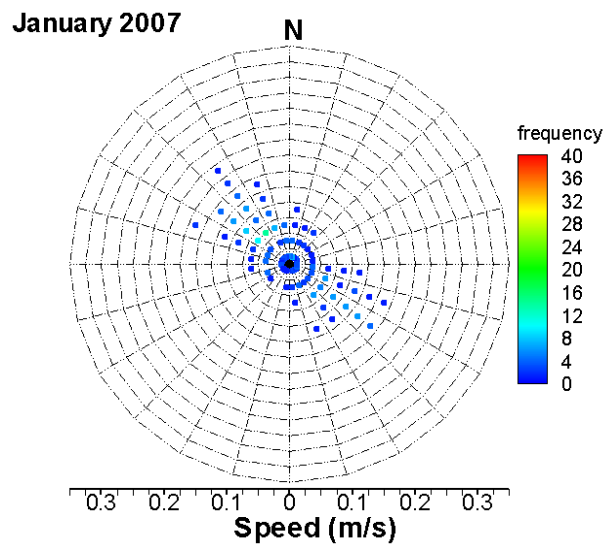


Figure A1-4. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 1, January 2007. Frequency is number of hourly observations.

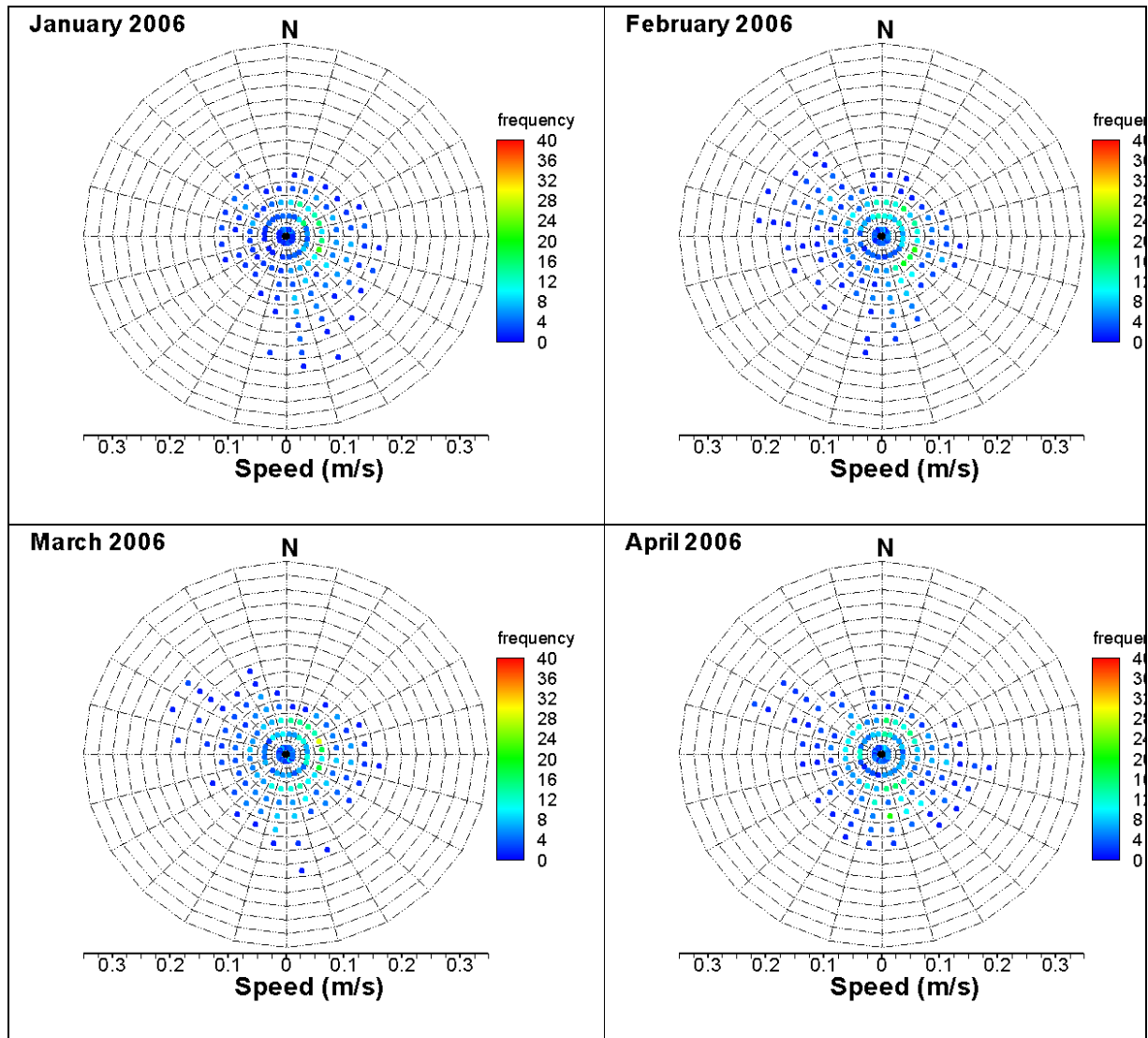


Figure A1-5. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 2, January – April, 2006. Frequency is number of hourly observations.

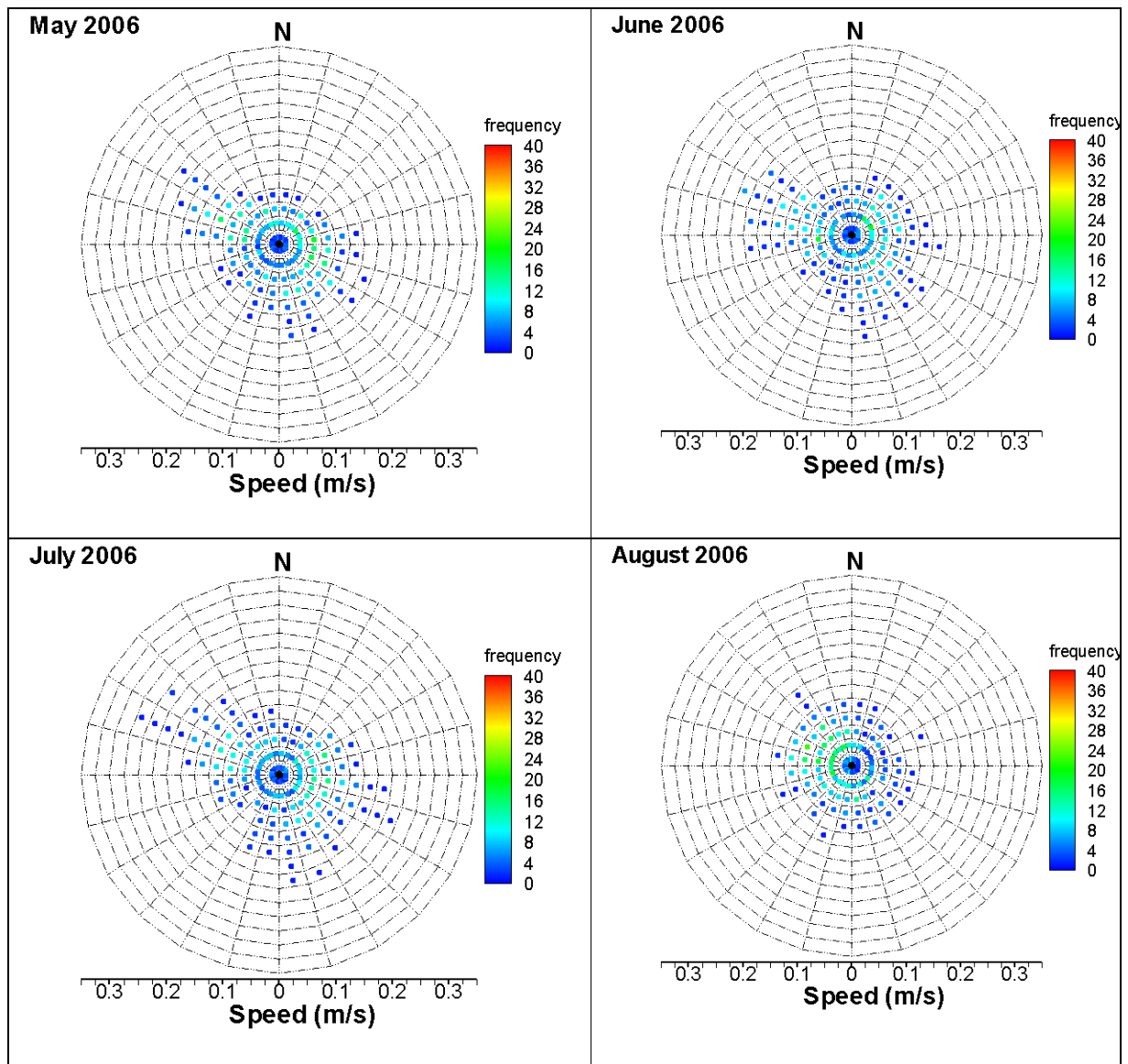


Figure A1-6. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 2, May – August 2006. Frequency is number of hourly observations.

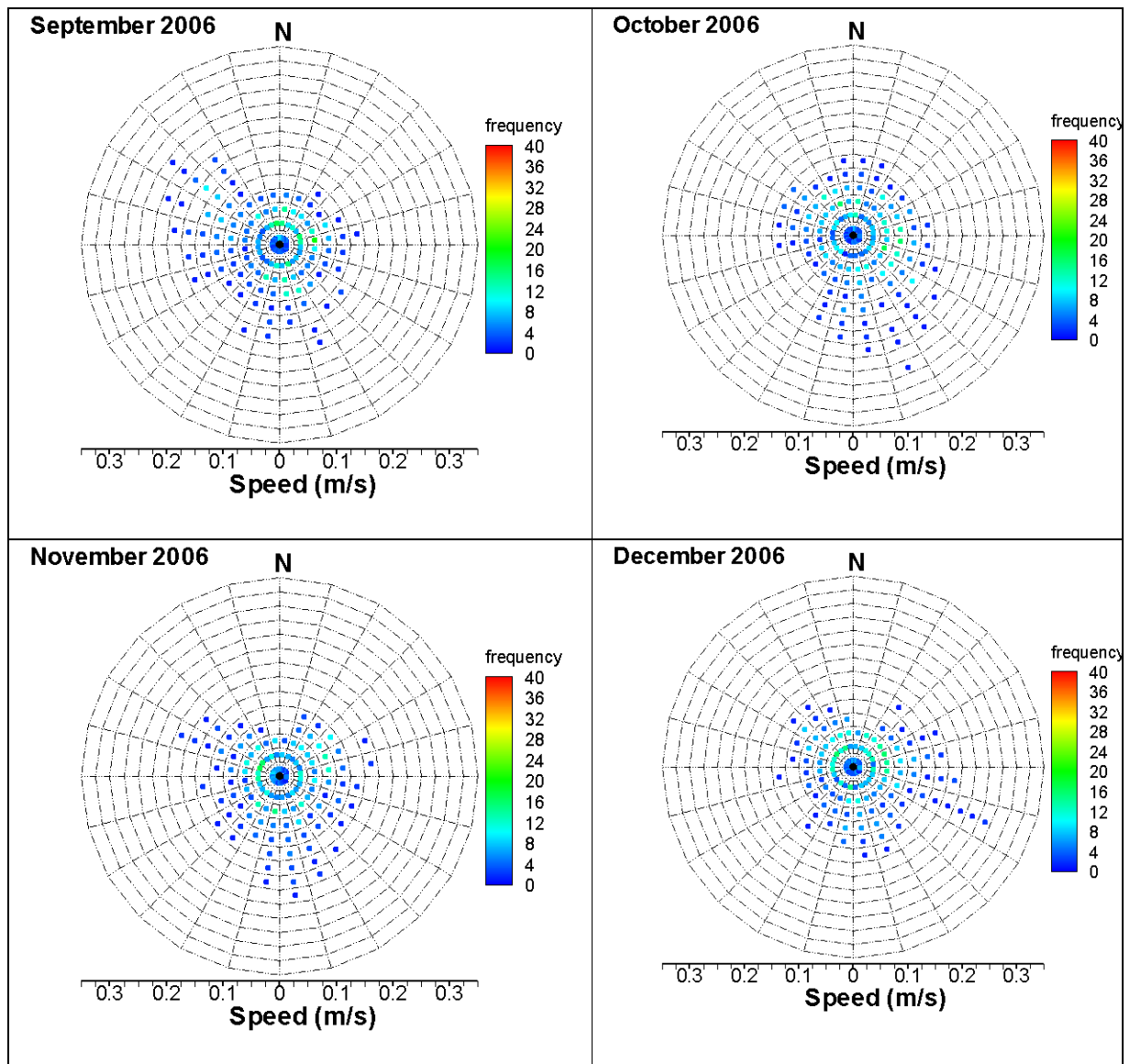
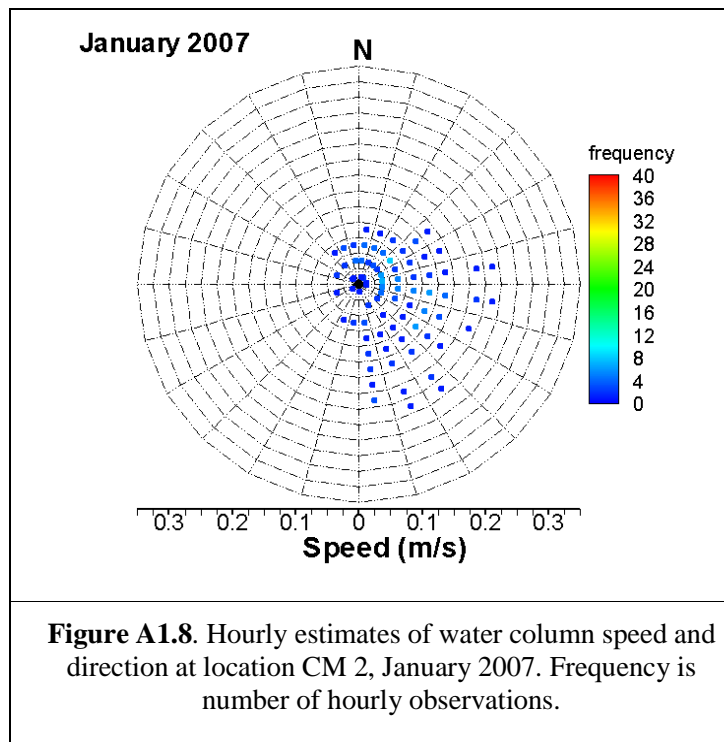


Figure A1-7. Hourly estimates of water column speed and direction at location CM 2, September – December 2006. Frequency is number of hourly observations.



Appendix A2
Source Water Temperatures from ADCP Instruments

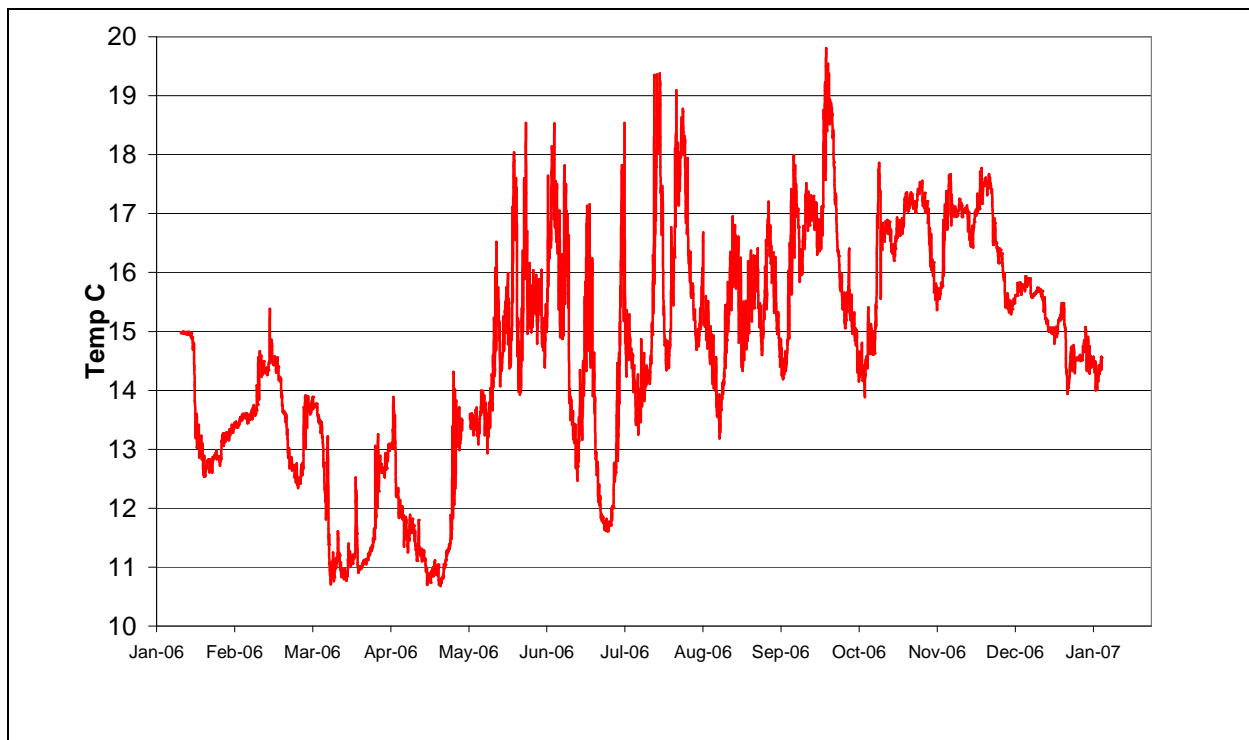


Figure A2-1. Annual temperature January 2006 through January 2007 at CM 1.

Table A2-1. Monthly and yearly mean temperatures recorded from January 2006 through January 2007 at CM1.

Month	Mean	Standard Dev	Max	Min
January	13.50	0.86	15.00	12.54
February	13.64	0.67	15.38	12.34
March	11.95	1.09	13.91	10.71
April	11.76	0.86	14.29	10.68
May	14.72	1.20	18.54	12.93
June	14.49	1.83	18.52	11.61
July	15.51	1.74	19.38	12.00
August	15.20	0.77	16.94	13.18
September	16.58	1.23	19.80	14.19
October	16.08	1.09	17.86	13.88
November	16.85	0.57	17.77	15.36
December	15.40	0.51	16.41	13.94
January 07	14.49	0.18	15.07	14.00
Total Year	14.67	1.93	19.80	10.68

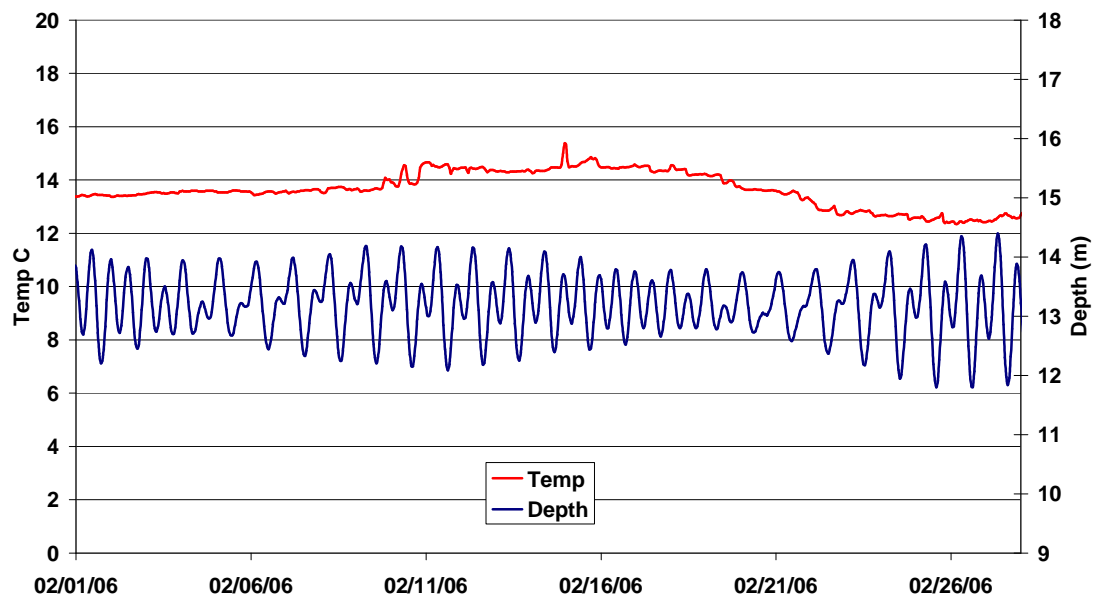
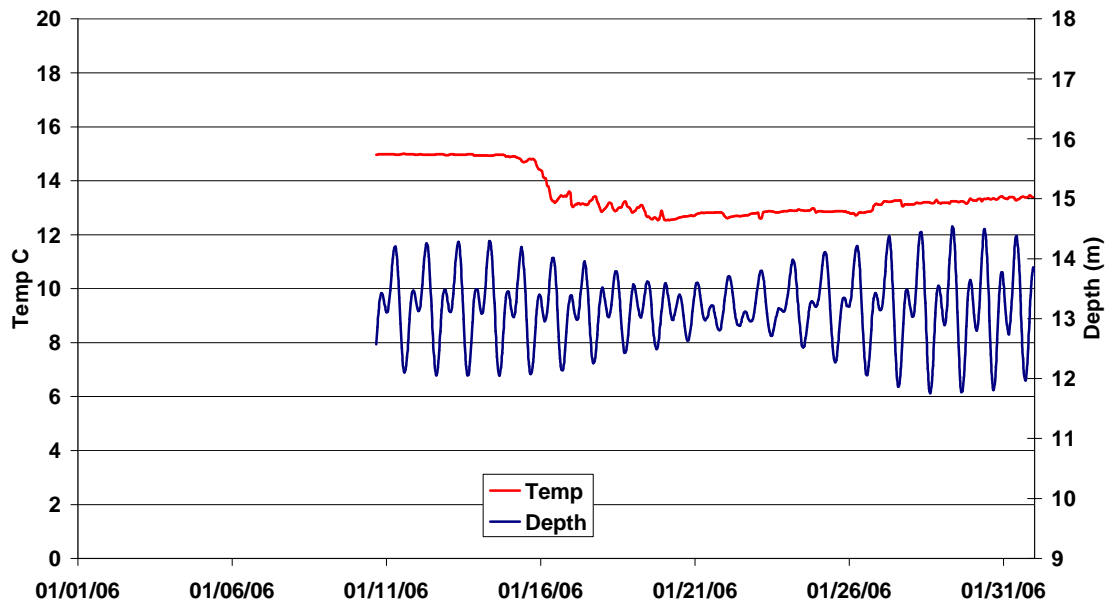


Figure A2-1. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from January (top) through February (bottom) 2006 at CM 1.

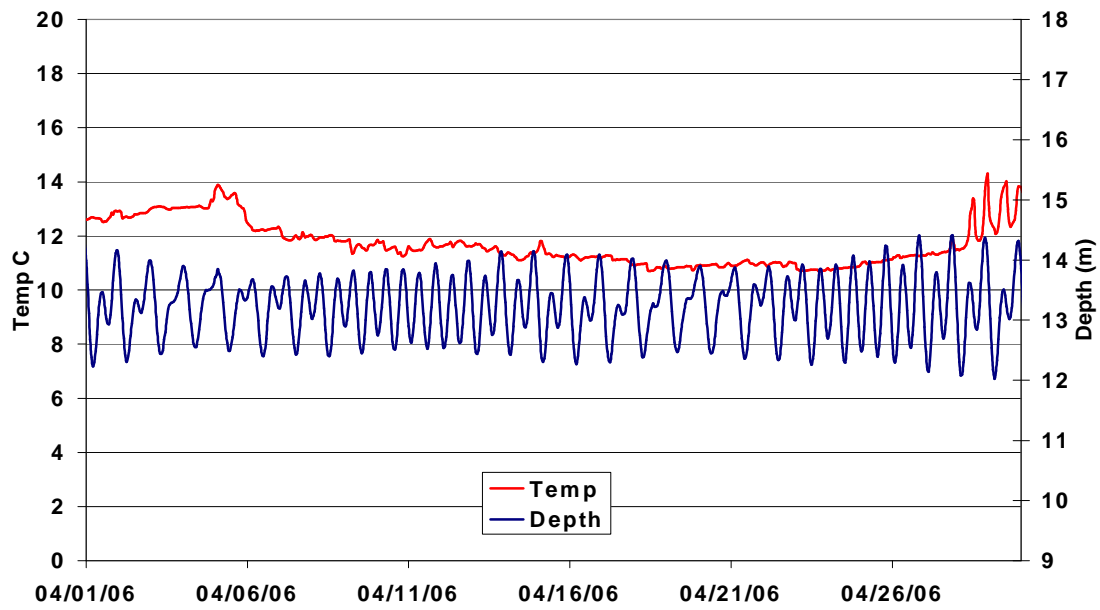
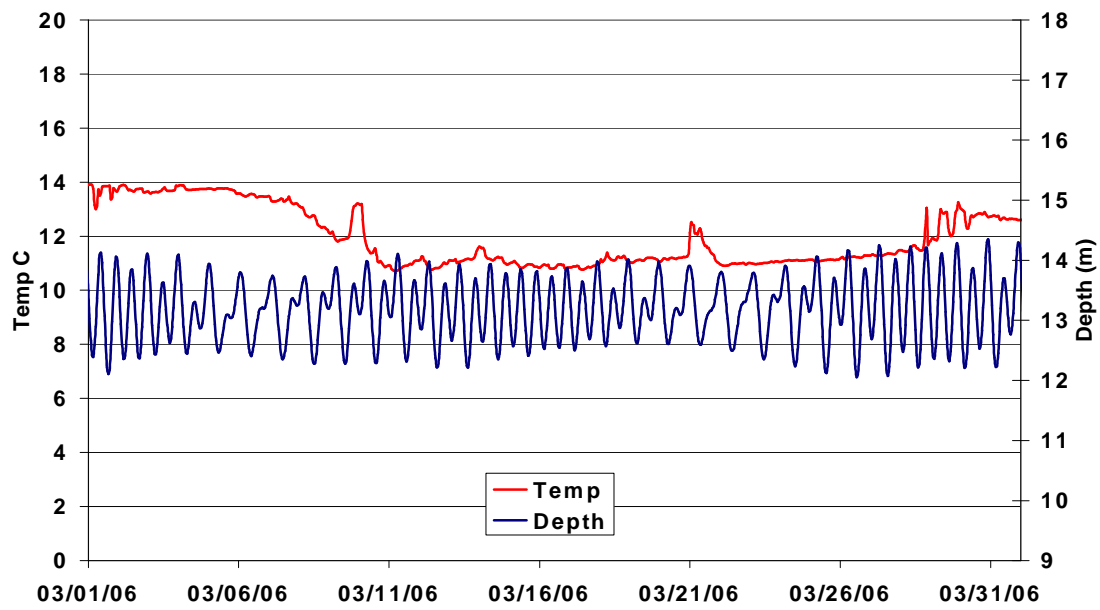


Figure A2-2. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from March (top) through April (bottom) 2006 at CM 1.

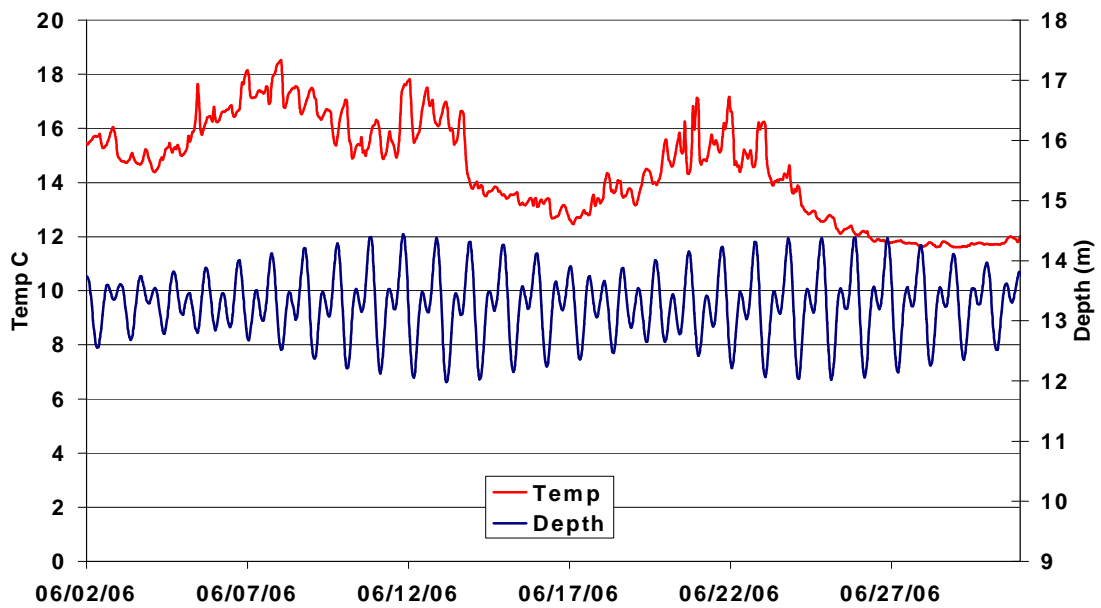
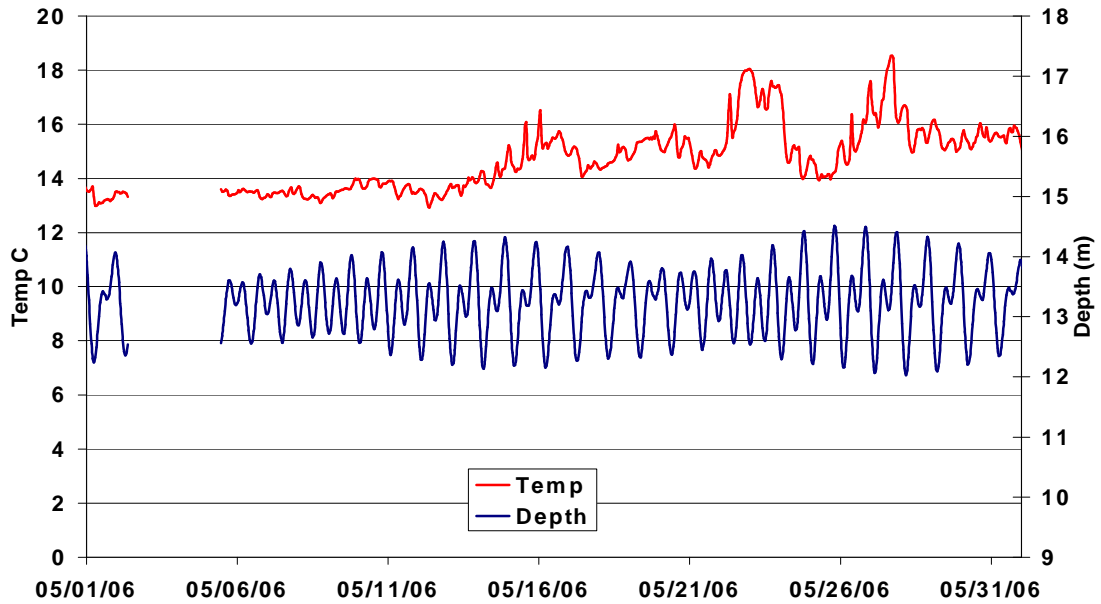


Figure A2-3. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from May (top) through June (bottom) 2006 at CM 1.

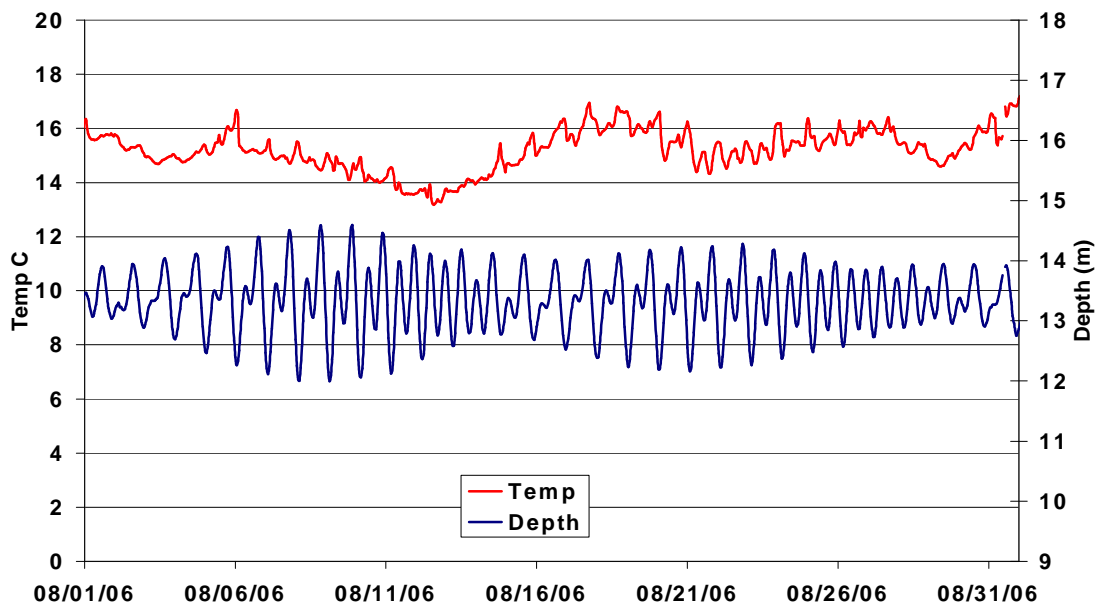
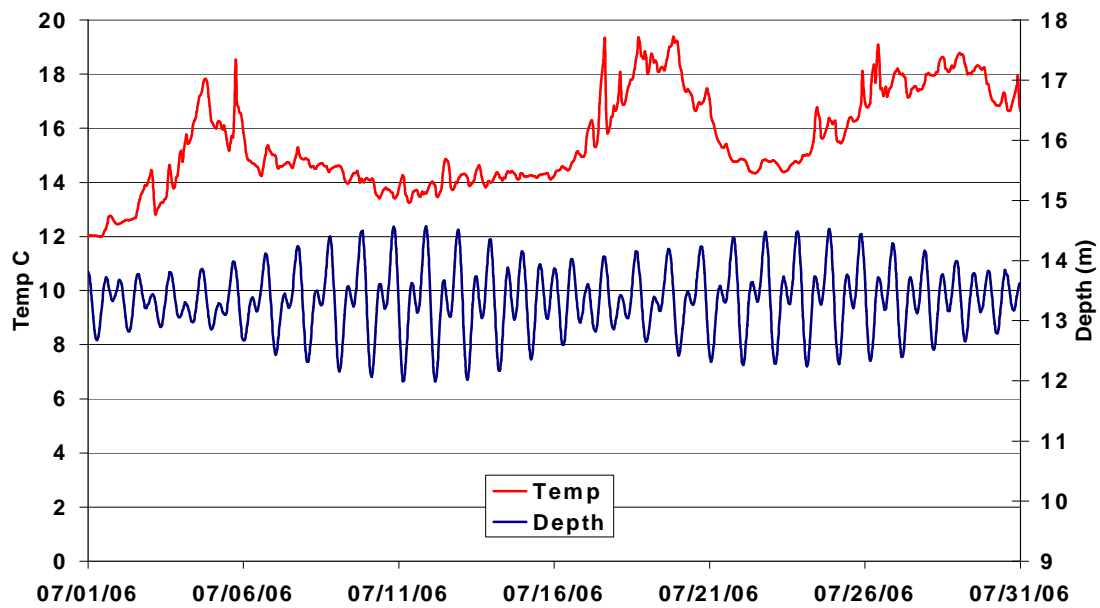


Figure A2-4. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from July (top) through August (bottom) 2006 at CM 1.

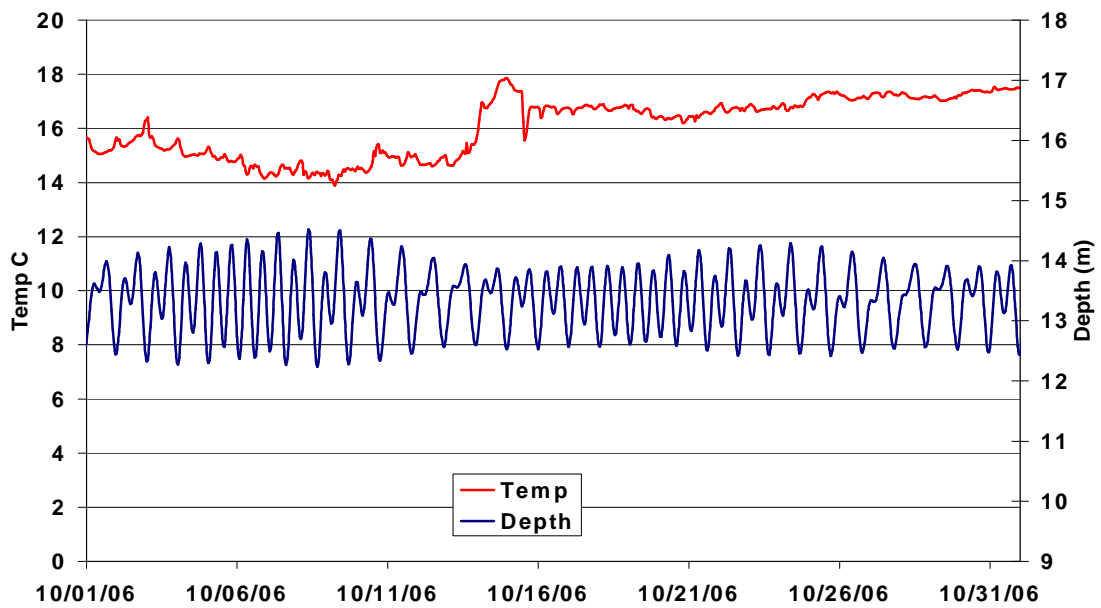
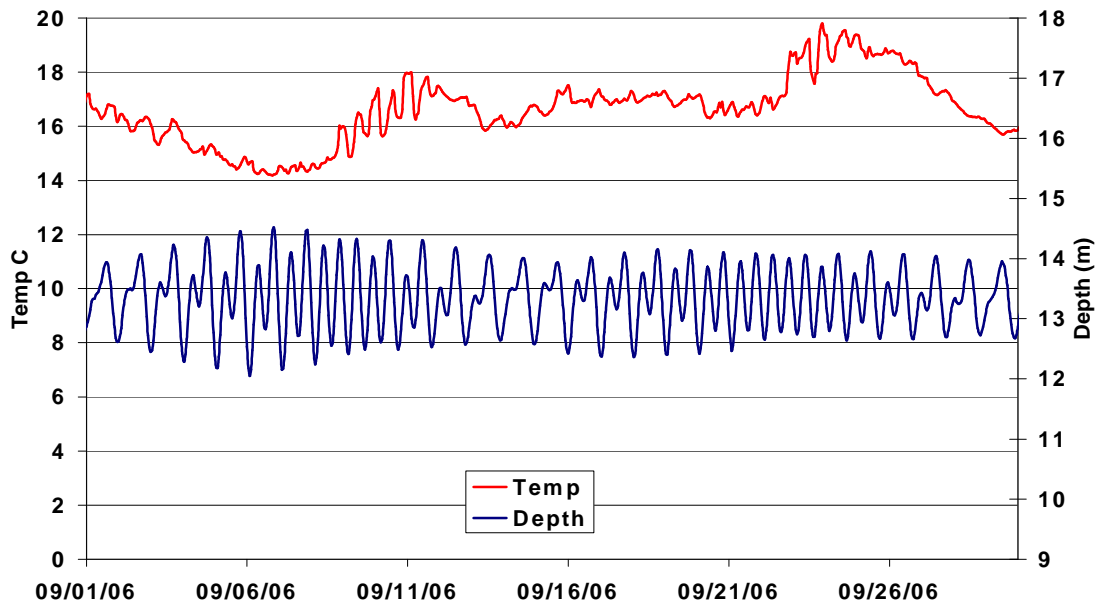


Figure A2-5. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from September (top) through October (bottom) 2006 at CM 1.

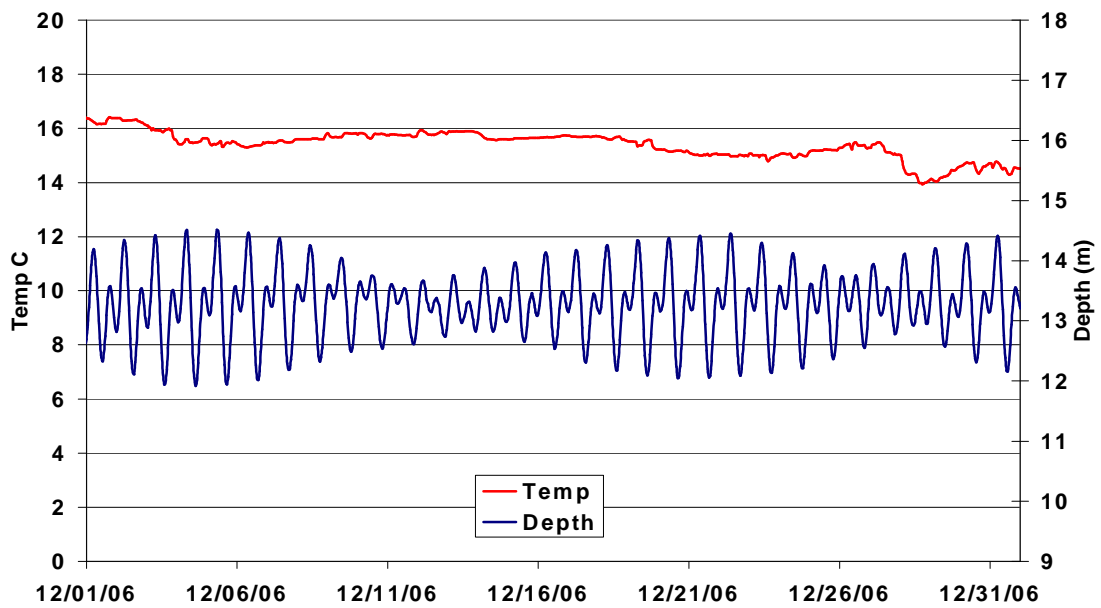
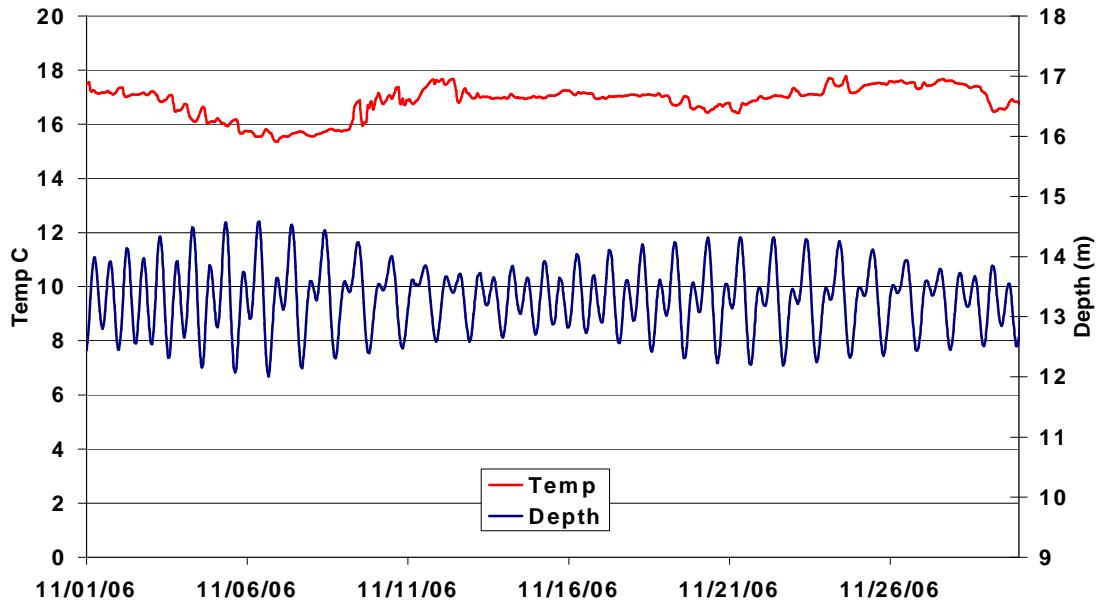


Figure A2-6. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from November (top) through December (bottom) 2006 at CM 1.

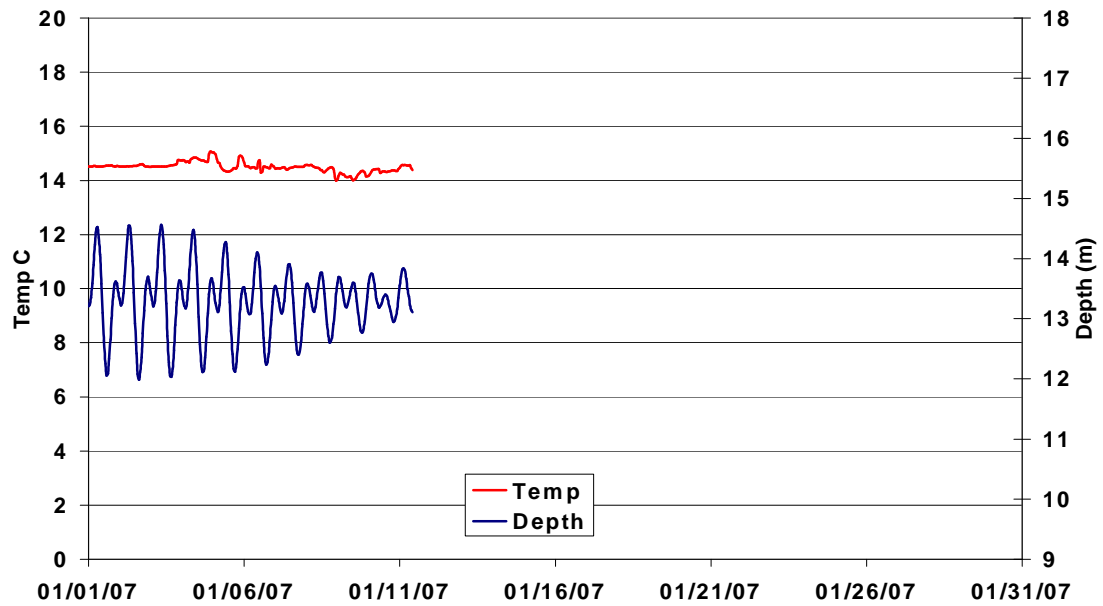


Figure A2-7. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from January, 2007 at CM 1.

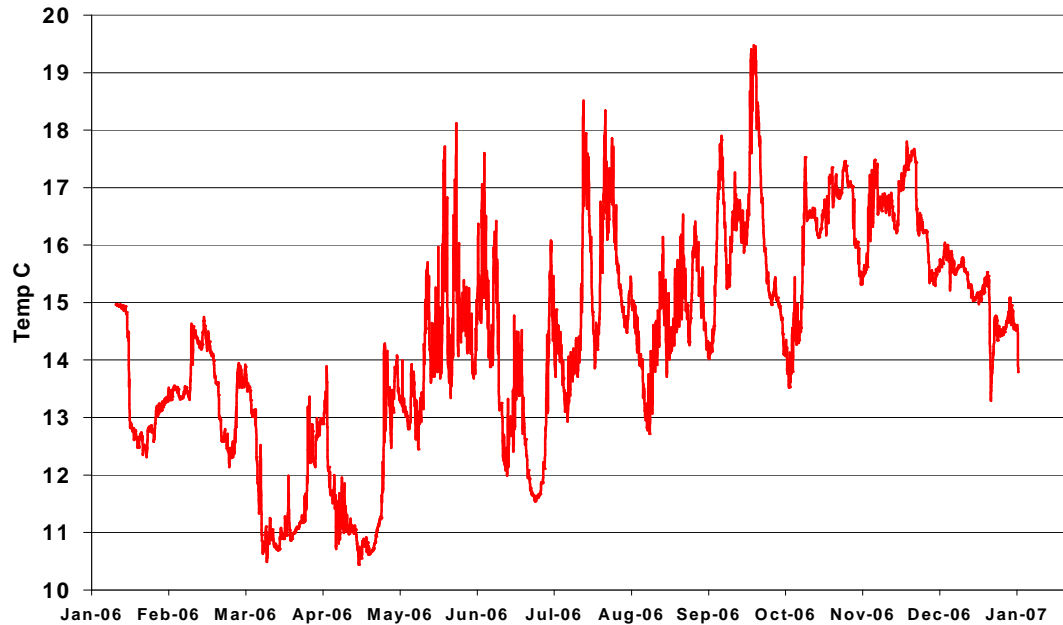


Figure A2-8. Annual temperature January 2006 through January 2007 at CM 2.

Table A2-2. Monthly and yearly mean temperatures recorded from January 2006 through January 2007 at CM2.

Month	Mean	Standard Dev	Max	Min
January	13.36	0.90	14.97	12.31
February	13.54	0.68	14.75	12.14
March	11.79	1.07	13.95	10.49
April	11.62	0.97	14.29	10.44
May	14.13	1.10	18.12	12.45
June	13.54	1.38	17.57	11.54
July	14.97	1.48	18.51	11.86
August	14.61	0.76	16.53	12.72
September	16.22	1.31	19.48	14.02
October	15.84	1.16	17.53	13.52
November	16.67	0.61	17.80	15.31
December	15.38	0.54	16.38	13.29
January 07	14.60	0.22	15.08	13.79
Total Year	14.34	1.86	19.48	10.44

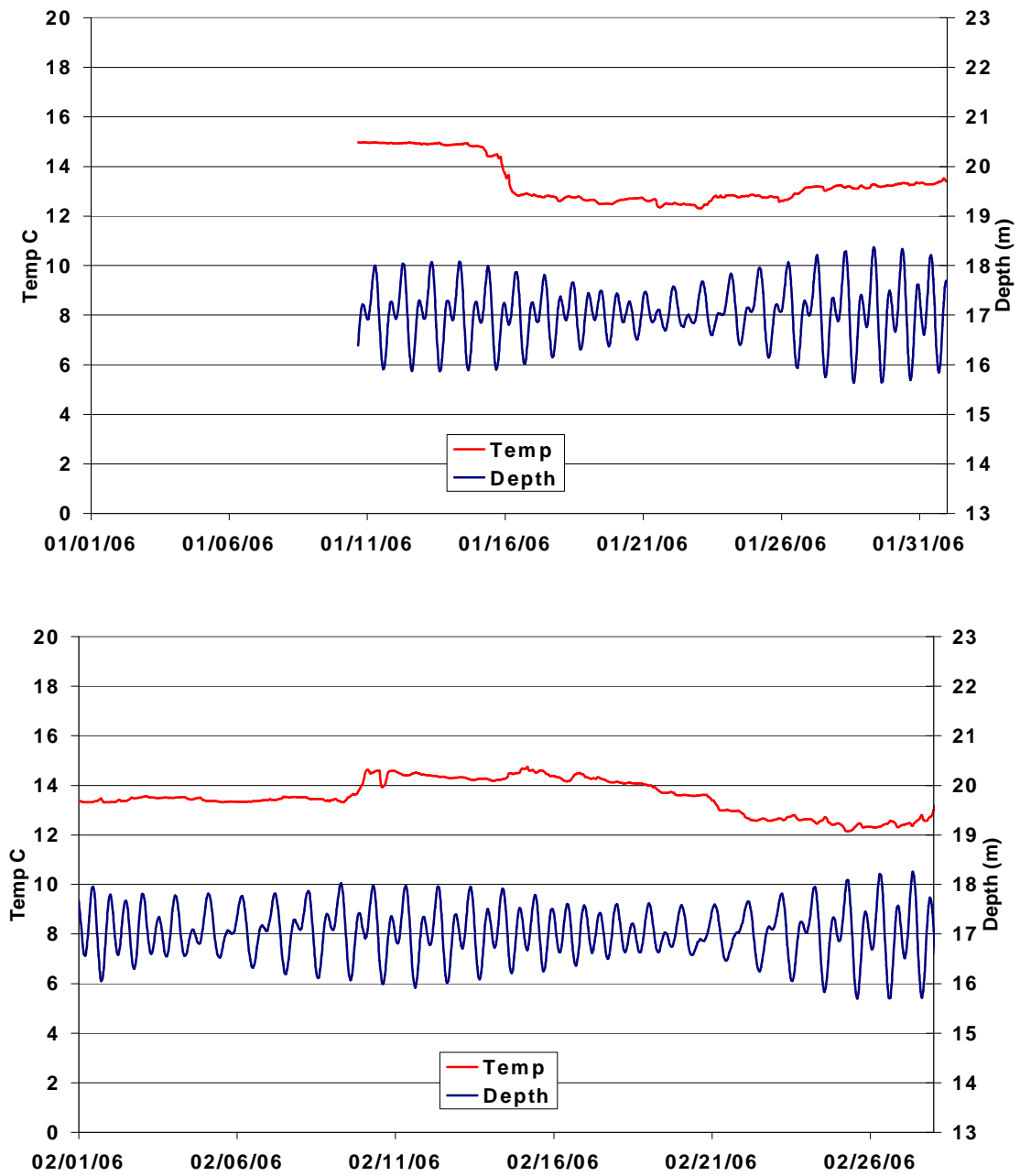


Figure A2-9. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from January (top) through February (bottom) 2006 at CM 2.

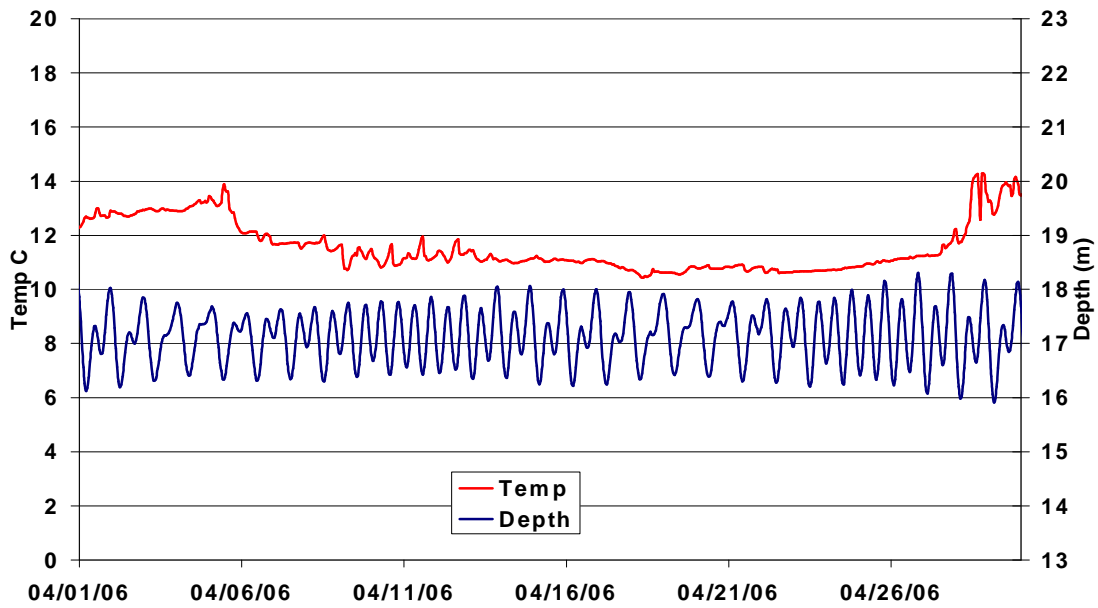
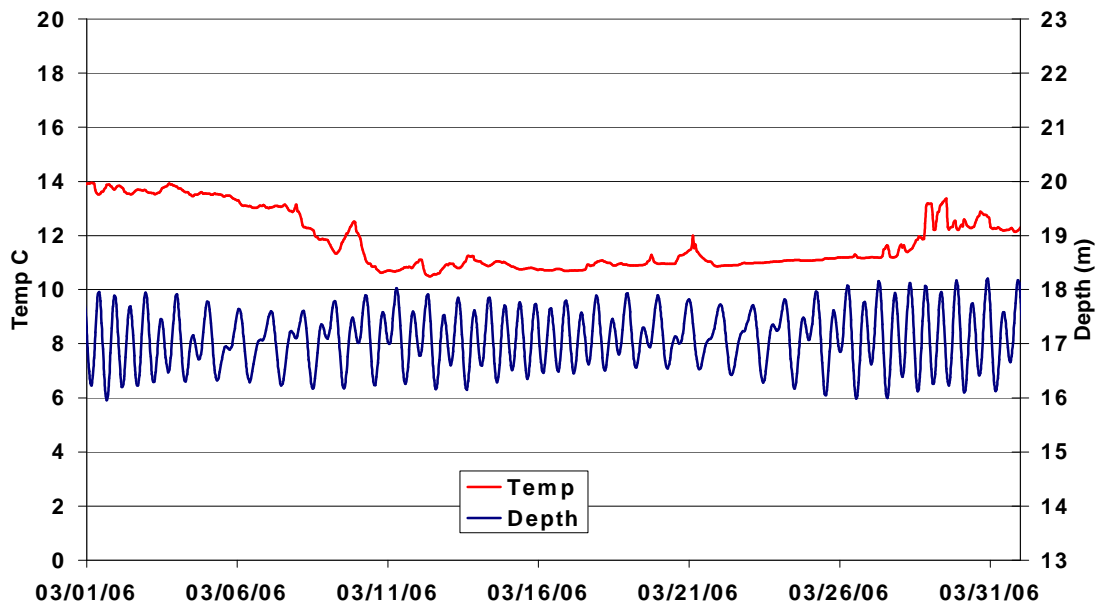


Figure A2-10. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from March (top) through April (bottom) 2006 at CM 2.

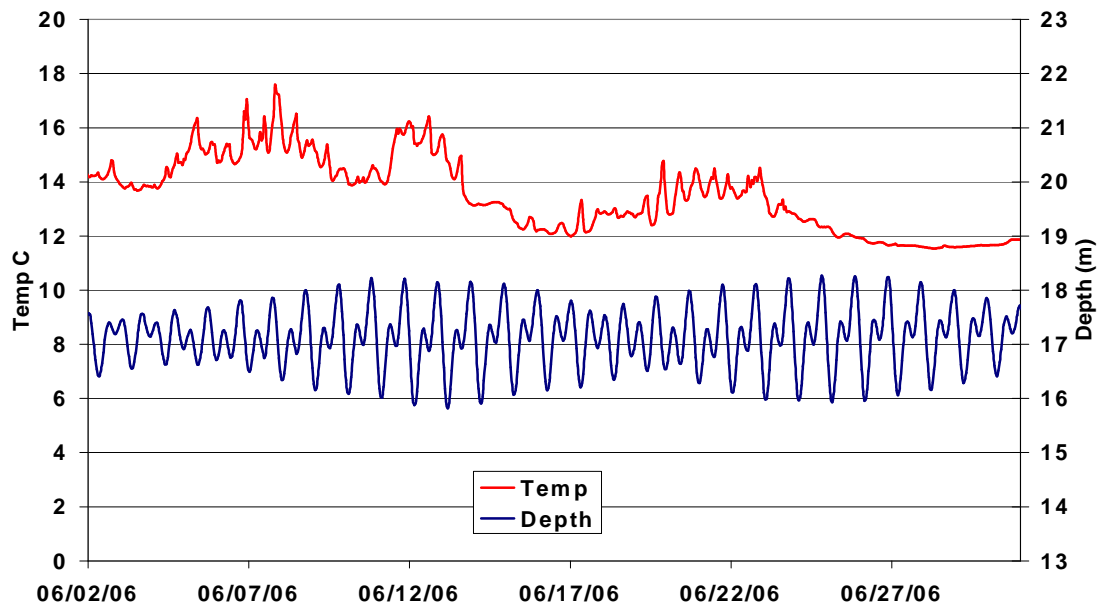
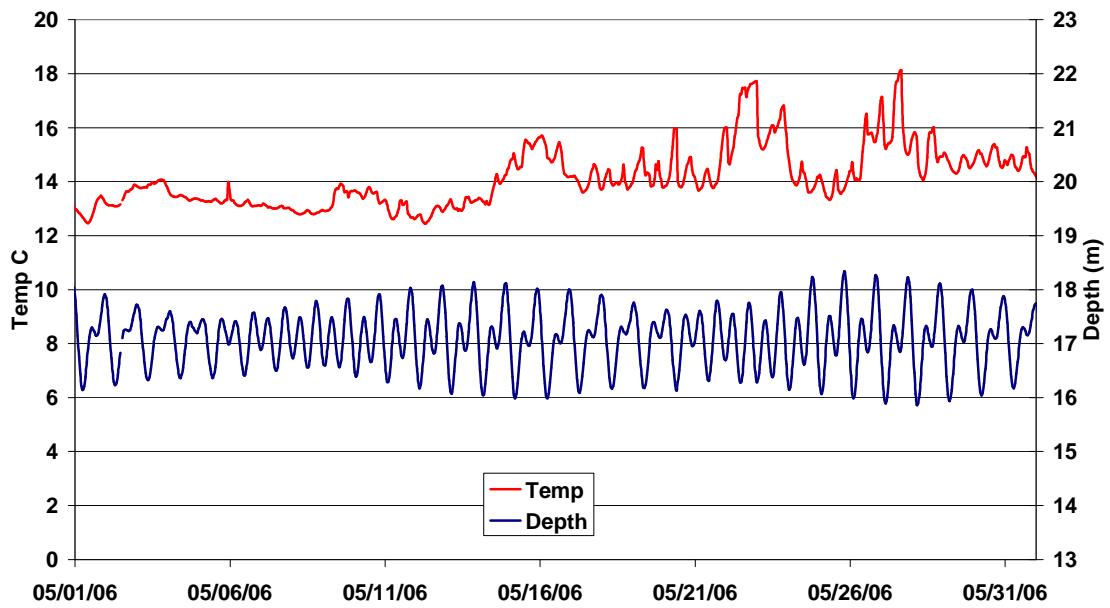


Figure A2-11. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from May (top) through June (bottom) 2006 at CM 2.

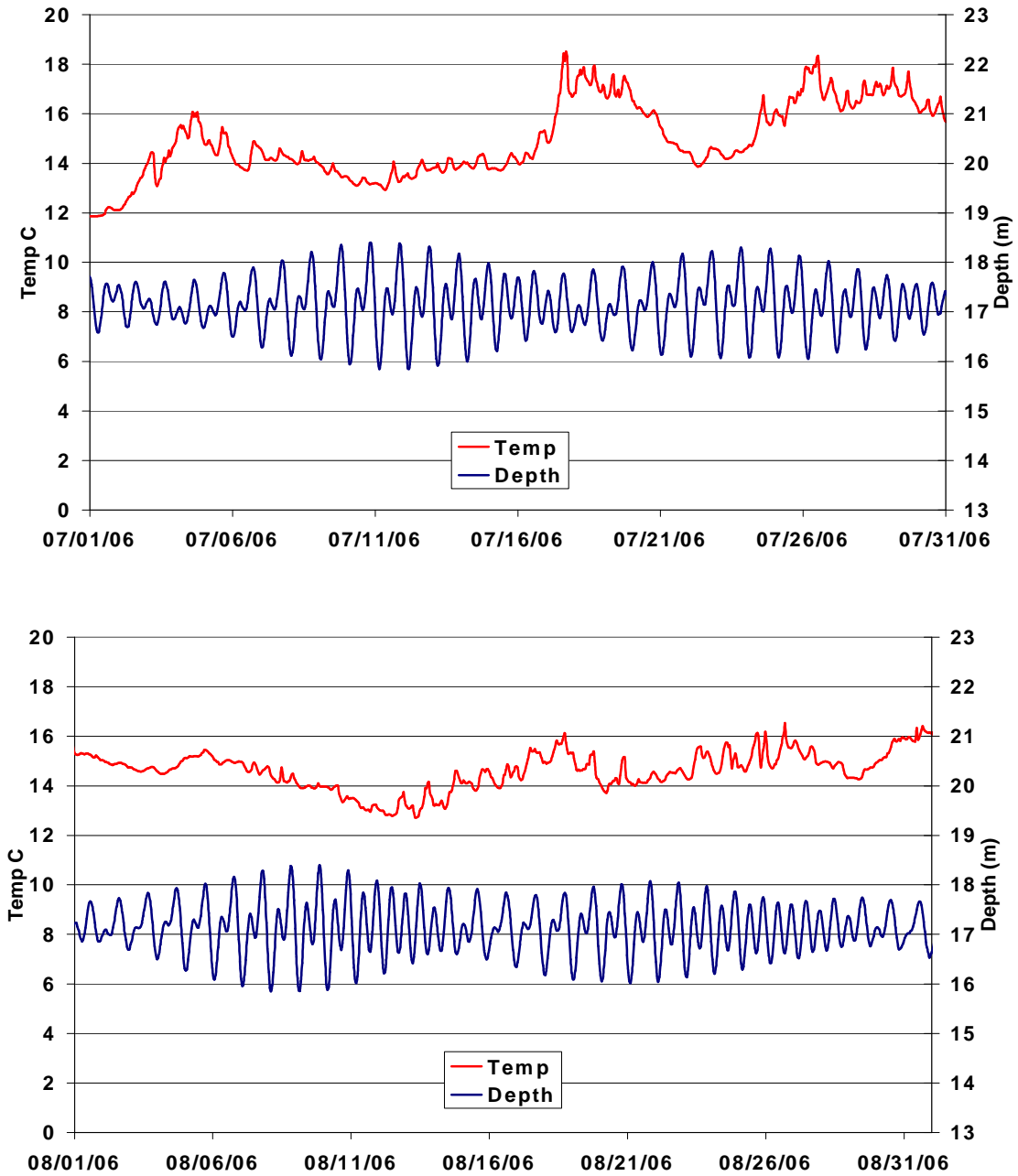


Figure A2-12. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from July (top) through August (bottom) 2006 at CM 2.

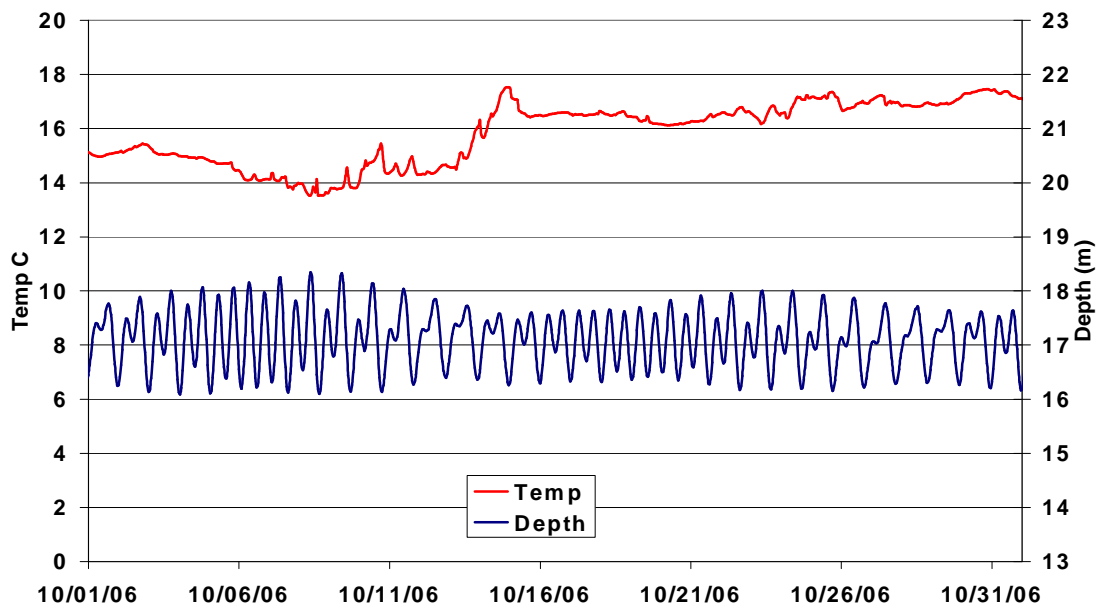
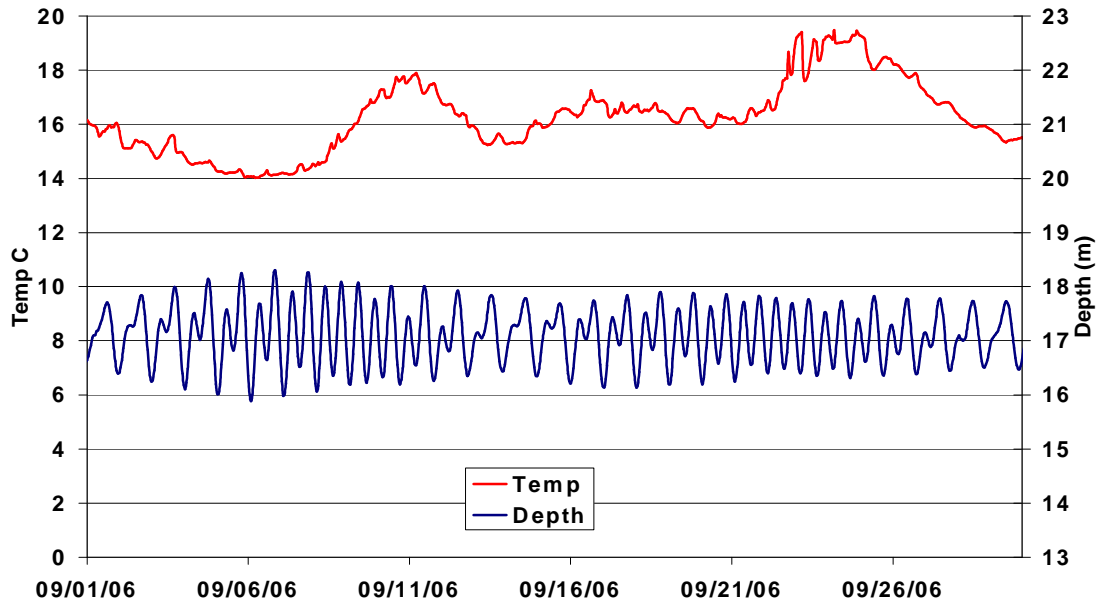


Figure A2-13. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from September (top) through October (bottom) 2006 at CM 2.

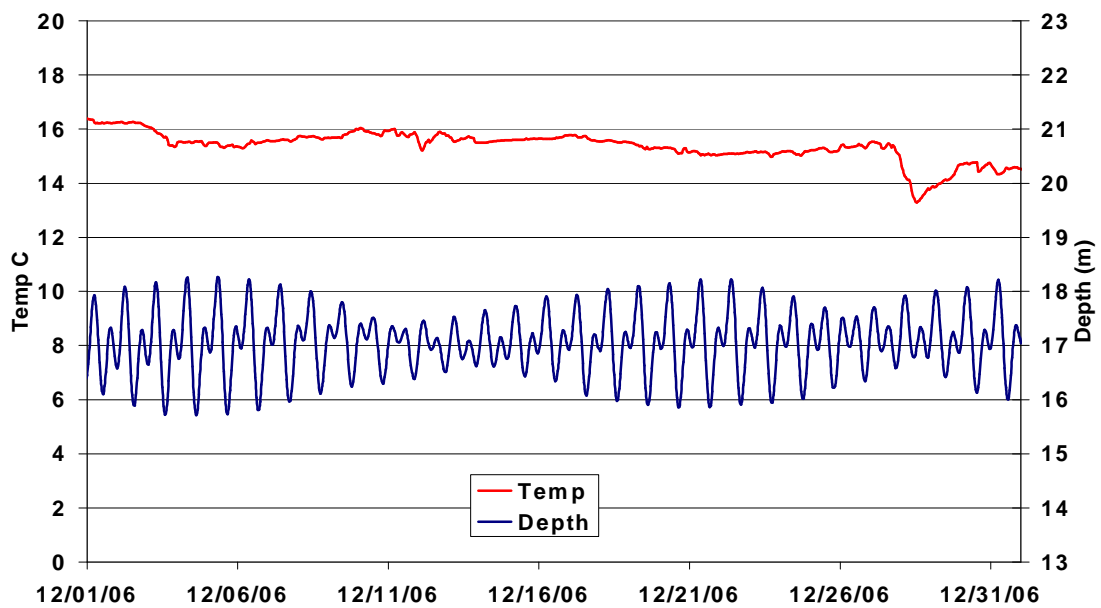
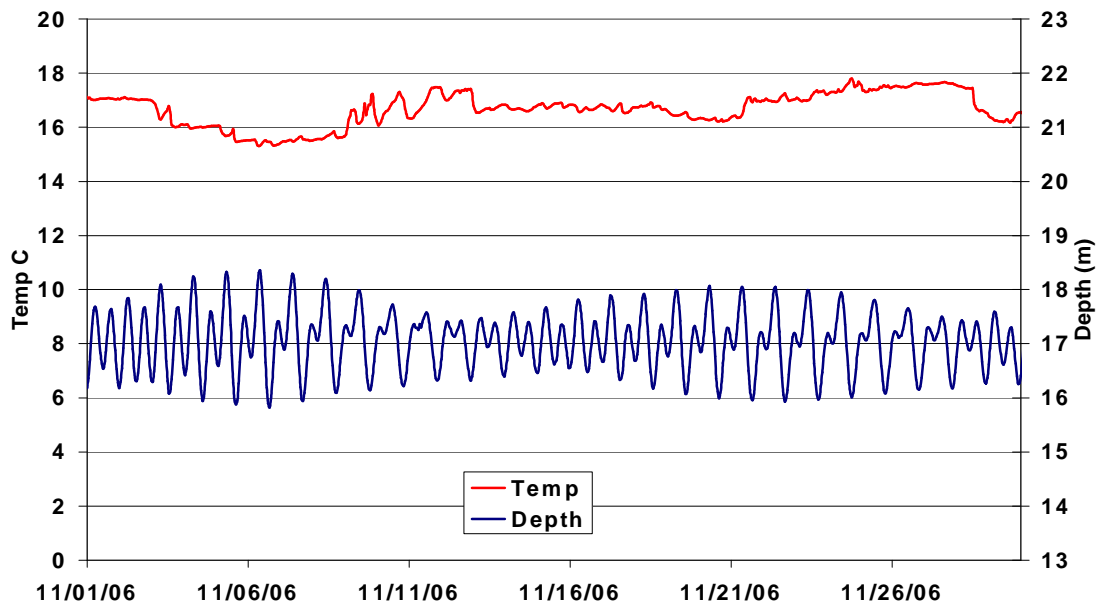


Figure A2-14. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from November (top) through December (bottom) 2006 at CM 2.

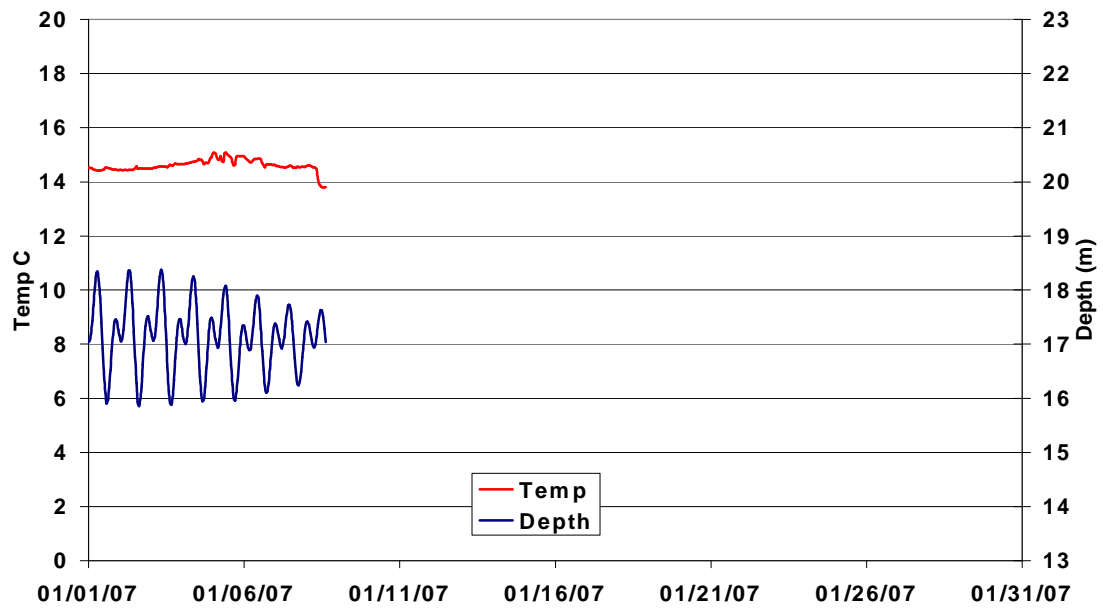


Figure A2-15. Near-bottom temperature and tidal depth from January, 2007 at CM 2.

Haynes Generating Station

Appendix B

Field Sampling and Sample Processing Procedures

- B1. Entrainment Field Sampling
- B2. Entrainment Sample Sorting
- B3. Entrainment Sample Identification
- B4. Impingement Field Sampling

**APPENDIX B1: PROCEDURE FOR COLLECTING PLANKTON SAMPLES
FOR ENTRAINMENT STUDIES**

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to define the steps and equipment necessary to accurately collect plankton samples using a wheeled bongo frame near the Haynes Generating Station (HnGS).

2.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

2.1 Task/Field leader:

- Notify the station of the proposed sampling dates.
- Schedule and coordinate sampling surveys and notifying the U.S. Coast Guard prior to sampling.
- Verify that all investigating biologists conducting the sampling have read and understand these procedures.
- Verify that procedures have been followed during sample collection and that the sampling has been conducted safely.
- Verify that information on data sheets have been reviewed and properly recorded.

2.2 Investigating biologist:

- Conduct sampling using the following procedures.

3.0 HnGS CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Cell/Outside Line	E-mail Information
Alex Gima	(310) 522-7513	alex.gima@ladwp.com
On-Site Emergency Number	27300	
Operating Supervisor	(310) 52-27507	
Station Control Operator	(310) 52-27510	

4.0 PROCEDURES

4.1 Mobilization

- a. Notify plant personnel of the dates of field sampling prior to the sampling day.
- b. Ensure there are enough jars, labels, and preservative (formalin) for the sample collection. Print the required number of blank field data sheets on waterproof paper.
- c. Inspect the wheeled bongo frame, nets and codends for any damage. If damaged, repairs must be made before sampling begins. Ensure that the flowmeters have been calibrated within the past 90 days and that they are operational. Attach a flowmeter in approximately the center of each frame mouth.
- d. Ensure that all additional equipment (Table B1-1) is in good operating condition. Make repairs if necessary.

4.2 Sample Collection

- a. Samples will be collected every six hours in a 24-hr period (four cycles) according to the schedule developed by the Task Leader. A survey team consists of at least a boat driver and two investigating biologists to conduct the sampling.
- b. Locate the station using the latitude/longitude coordinates. Determine the water depth with the fathometer and record the water depth on the field data sheet.
- c. Ensure that the winch line and a weight (15-20 lb salmon ball) are securely attached to the center of the bongo frame. Ensure that the nets, codends and flowmeters are securely attached. The nets should be 333- μ m mesh.
- d. Record each flowmeter's serial number on the field data sheet (Attachment B1-1). Record the number from the flowmeter counter spins on the field data sheet prior to lowering the frame into the water. Record the start time (local time) on the field data sheet.
- e. Using the measured marks on the winch cable, lower the frame and nets through the water column until the wheels on the sides of the frame are on the bottom. When the cable starts to slack, the boat is motored forward and the cable is retrieved trying to maintain a 45-degree tow angle. When the frame reaches the surface, carefully pull it into the boat. Verify that the nets have not picked up any sediment from the bottom. If there is any sediment in the nets or codends, discard both samples by detaching the codends and rinsing the nets of collected material and then reattach the codends. Repeat the sample collection at that station.
- f. Check that the number of spins on each flowmeter counter to verify that the target volume of 15-20 m³ has been collected (number of spins should be about 2,000). If the target volume has not been met with one tow, subsequent tows will be performed at the station until the target volume has been collected.
- g. If the correct volume has been collected record the end number of spins from each flowmeter on the field data sheet. Subtract the initial number of spins from the end number and record the total on the field data sheet. If the integrity of either or both flowmeter readings is questionable (e.g., seaweed wrapped around the propellers), discard both samples by detaching the codends and rinsing the nets of collected material and then reattach the codends. Repeat the sample collection at that station.
- h. Record the end time (local time) on the field data sheet.
- i. Beginning at the top of the net, rinse the collected material down into the codend. Since the wash water is not filtered and may contain plankton, rinse the net from the outside ensuring that unfiltered water does not contaminate the sample. Inspect the net to ensure that it has been thoroughly rinsed. Samples will then be carefully transferred to pre-labeled jars with preprinted internal labels. The sample from each net will be placed in separate labeled jars.
- j. Detach the codend from net #1 and rinse the sample from the codend into a labeled sample jar using a squirt bottle containing seawater. Then, using a graduated cylinder or other measuring device, add enough formalin to make a 10%-formalin seawater solution. Rinse and inspect the codend of net #1 before reattaching to the net. Follow the same procedure for net #2. Sample preservation should be completed soon after collection.
- k. If the collected material will fill over ½ of the sample jar, split the sample into at least two labeled jars so that there is enough ethanol for proper preservation.
- l. Ensure that the sample jar contains both an inner label and an exterior label.
- m. The following is an explanation of the coding for the field datasheet survey and station numbers and jar labels:
 1. Each survey number on the data sheet consists of a series of 5 letters followed by 2 numbers (ABEA##). The first two letters are "AB" refers to Alamitos Bay, and the "EA" refers to entrainment abundance. The two numbers refer to the survey number with the first survey being 01. The survey number increases by one for each new 24-hour sampling effort.

2. The station designation consists of a letter-number-letter-number combination. This letter/numbering system was set up for all two Alamitos Bay generating stations (Alamitos and Haynes). The first letter refers to the station being an Outer, Shore, Harbor, or Entrainment station (see map in Attachment B1-2). The first number refers to the number of the station that links to the station letter. The numbers for each of the stations listed above are as follows:

Station letter	Station number
Outer	1-3
Shore	1-3
Harbor	1-4
Entrainment	1-3

3. Entrainment Stations E1 and E2 are located near AGS intake structures and E3 is at HnGS.
 4. The second letter designates the replicate, either “A” or “B”. The source water stations only have one sample so will always use the letter “A”. There are two samples collected at the entrainment location so the letters “A” and “B” will be used to separate these two replicates. The second number designates the net number, either “1” or “2.” For example, O3A1 means that the sample was collected from Station O3, Sample A, and Net 1.
 5. The date of sampling will correspond to the actual start date of each sample. At the start of a new day (midnight), use a new field data sheet.
- n. Deliver the samples to the laboratory at the completion of the sampling effort.
- 4.3 Sample Voiding in the Field
- a. Samples should be voided if any of the following occurs: 1) possible flowmeter obstruction due to kelp or other debris on the propeller, 2) obviously malfunctioning or damaged flowmeters; 3) damaged (torn) nets found after a sample is collected; 4) large quantities of sediment in the net that were collected when the wheeled bongo frame was on the bottom; 5) gear failure which prevents completion of any tows/hauls; 6) an incident or situation which may prevent reliable data collection; 7) an incident or situation which may jeopardize the safety of sampling personnel.
 - b. If a hole or tear is found in the net mesh, mark the damaged area and either repair or replace the net. Discard both samples and repeat the sample collection. Record this on the data sheet.
 - c. The number of flowmeter spins from the paired bongo nets needs to be checked in the field to confirm that the measured volumes were similar.

Table B1-1. Equipment List.

1. Wheeled bongo net frame, attached 333/335 micron mesh nets, codends, and calibrated flowmeters (include at least 1 back up net and flowmeter)
2. Winch (davits) and line for net deployment and retrieval
3. Stock solution of formalin
4. Squeeze bottles
5. Labeled jars for sample storage
6. Data sheets, pencils, permanent markers, and labels
7. Wash-down pump
8. Watch
9. Fathometer
10. GPS

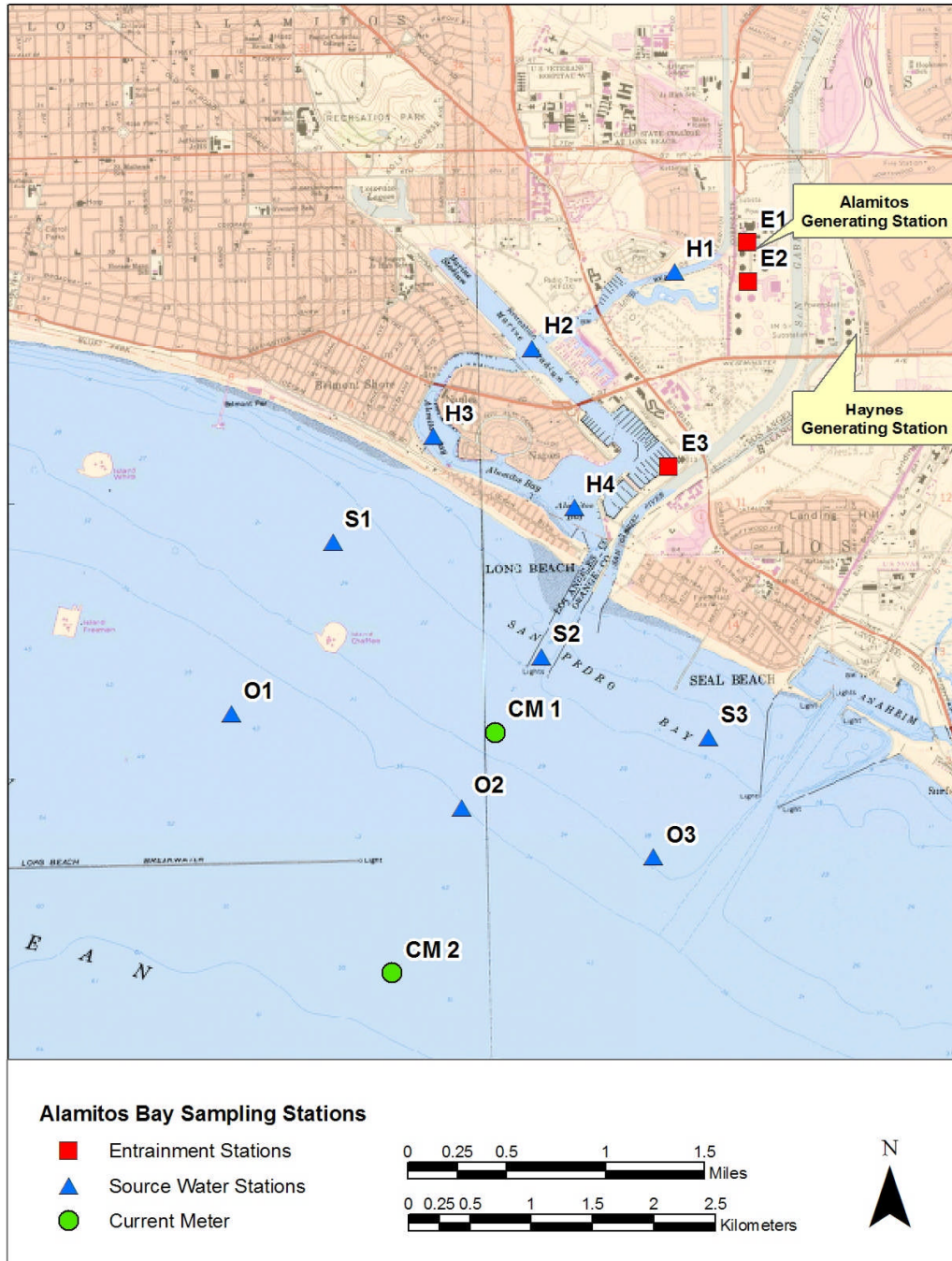
Alamitos Bay Entrainment Abundance Field Data Sheet - Alamitos Generating Station (AGS) and Haynes Generating Station (HnGS)

Sheet #: _____ Date: _____ Mesh: 0.335 mm Flowmeter 1: _____ Conversion 1: _____
 Survey #: A B E A Crew: _____ Net Dia.: _____ Flowmeter 2: _____ Conversion 2: _____

Station (A#A#)	Flowmeter Start	Flowmeter End	Total Flow	Volume (cu. m)	Sample Number	Cycle (1-4)	Temp °C	Salinity (ppt)	Tide (E, F, HS, LS)	Station Depth (ft)	Start Time (PST)	End Time (PST)	Total (min)
1													
2													
1													
2													
1													
2													
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2													
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2													
Survey: ABEA## (Alamitos Bay Entrainment Abundance) Date: MM/DD/YY Station: A#A# A#: (Station Designation - Outer 1-3, Harbor 1-4, Shore 1-3 or Entrainment 1-3) A (Replicate A or B - Only Entrainment samples have two replicates) #: (Net 1 or 2) Tide: Ebb, Flood, High Slack (HS), or Low Slack (LS)						NOTES:							

Reviewed By / Date: _____ Entered By / Date: _____ Copied By / Date: _____

Attachment B1-1. Example field datasheet for Alamitos Bay station sampling.



Attachment B1-2. Map of HnGS and AGS entrainment and source water sampling stations. E = Entrainment, H = Harbor, S = Shore, O = Offshore, and CM = Current Meter.

APPENDIX B2: PROCEDURE FOR SORTING PLANKTON SAMPLES IN THE LABORATORY

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to define the steps for sorting target organisms from plankton samples collected at Haynes Generating Station, and to describe the Quality Control Program (QC) used to monitor the sorting accuracy of individual sorters.

2.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

- Laboratory Supervisor is responsible for assuring that plankton sample sorting is in accordance with written procedures.
- The Quality Control Supervisor is responsible for implementing the Quality Control Program, which monitors sorting accuracy in accordance with written procedures.
- Investigating biologists are responsible for sorting samples in accordance with written procedures.

3.0 INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Sorting Procedures

3.1.1 Sample Processing

- a. Ensure that the proper equipment necessary for sample processing is available (Table B2-1).
- b. Samples that were originally fixed in formaldehyde after collection must be transferred to 70% ethanol before laboratory processing. This is done outside to lessen the exposure to formaldehyde fumes. Only qualified personnel who have read and signed the information about the hazards of working with formaldehyde may transfer samples.
 1. A funnel with the appropriate mesh size attached to its bottom opening is placed into a jar or can. The mesh must not be larger than that used during sample collection. Place the jar and funnel in a tray so the sample can be retrieved if spillage occurs.
 2. Pour the sample carefully into the canning funnel. The sample jar and jar lid are rinsed with water, directing the water and organisms into the funnel. Rinse the sample with water to flush the formaldehyde from the sample.
 3. Rinse the sample into a labeled jar with 70% ethanol from a squeeze bottle. Make certain that the jar has both an inner label and a jar top label. Additional ethanol is added to the sample jar to cover the sample.
 4. The waste formaldehyde and rinse water is then discarded into the appropriate hazardous waste container.
- c. Consult the sorting schedule posted in the processing laboratory to determine sorting priorities.
- d. Sign out the sample in the Laboratory Tracking MS Excel file and the Laboratory Sample Tracking Sheet (Attachment B2-1) by writing your initials under the 'sorter' column. Transcribe information from the sample label into the Sorter's Log Book (Attachment B2-2) and into the sorter's notebook (each sorter has separate log sheets and a notebook for this purpose).
- e. Take two clean canning funnels with attached mesh netting, one labeled 'sorted' and the other labeled 'unsorted'. The mesh size should be no larger than that used to collect the samples.
- f. Place the 'unsorted' canning funnel over the 'used alcohol' bottle and funnel, which is located in a dish so samples can be retrieved if a spill occurs. Pour the sample into the

- canning funnel. The canning funnel will contain the material to be sorted, while the ethanol will drain into the 'used alcohol' bottle.
- g. Using 70% ethanol or 70% used alcohol in a squeeze bottle, rinse any remaining sample from the sample jar, the jar lid and inner sample label into the canning funnel containing the unsorted sample.
 - h. Place the 'unsorted' funnel containing the sample and the empty 'sorted' funnel into individual glass bowls in a tray. Make sure the sample is covered with water so it will not dehydrate during processing.
 - i. Using forceps, transfer a small amount of the sample from the 'unsorted' funnel to the sorting tray. Add enough water to cover the sample. Distribute the sample in the sorting tray.
 - j. Place the sorting tray on the base of the dissecting microscope. Adjust the magnification so that the field of view is slightly larger than the width of an individual marked grid.
 - k. Arrange the light source to provide adequate illumination.
 - l. Carefully scan the entire sorting tray using the grids for orientation. Remove the target organism with forceps and place them either into a shell vial containing 70% ethanol or into a small dish containing water. Count the organisms as they are removed. A list of what target organisms and when to pull them is posted in the lab.
 - m. Log the number of organisms removed from the sample in the sorter notebook.
 - n. Scan the tray a second time. If target organisms are found on the second pass, repeat a third time. Continue this process until a scan does not produce any additional target organisms.
 - o. Once sorted, pour the sorted sample into the 'sorted' funnel and rinse with a small amount of water. Take a second aliquot from the 'unsorted' funnel as described above. Repeat the above steps until the entire sample has been sorted.
 - p. If the sorter thinks there will be more than 500 fish eggs in a sample then the sample may be "sub sampled" for eggs. When "sub sampling" the sample should be processed first for fish larvae and selected invertebrate larvae. When ready to "sub sample" put the sorted sample back in the original sample jar and fill the jar with 70% ethanol up to the lip of the jar. Jar size varies, but they will typically be 500 ml (if sizes varies there will be a posting in the lab). A 'sub sample' should be 10% of the sample volume so the sorter will use the aliquot transfer pipette with the 10 ml attachment and take 5 aliquots. The sample should be stirred up in order to get a fair amount of sample in the aliquot. Once the aliquot is processed for fish eggs it may be returned to the original sample jar with the rest of the sorted sample. Make sure it is noted in the logbook and record the total volume of the sample and the volume of the sub sample. There will be an extra data sheet in the laboratory tracking sheets and a column in the MS Excel tracking sheets to record the sub sample information. On top of the sample jar put a white dot with survey number, sample number, sorters initials, sub sample date, and "SS".
 - q. When the sorting has been completed, the sorted organisms should be placed into a shell vial containing 70% ethanol. Fill the shell vial completely with clean 70% ethanol then place cotton into the top end of the vial to keep the organisms inside. Place the vial into a labeled snap cap containing 70% ethanol. Make sure the shell vial and cotton are completely covered with 70% ethanol.
 - r. Label each jar lid with the appropriate colored dot label. Prepare a waterproof inner label for the jar containing the shell vial. Both labels should contain the following information:
 1. Survey number
 2. Collection date
 3. Station, cycle and sample number
 4. Collection start time

5. Jar number (if more than one jar)
 6. Sorter's initials
 7. Number of organisms in shell vial
- s. The total number of sorted organisms and the total time required to process the sample is recorded in the sorter's notebook.
 - t. Put the sorted sample back into the original sample jar. Used alcohol may be used to fill sample jar to at least $\frac{3}{4}$ full. Rinse any remaining sample from the funnel into the jar using a squirt bottle containing ethanol. Make sure the inner waterproof label is in the sample jar. Thoroughly clean the funnels of all remaining sample.
 - u. If a sample must be stored before completion:
 1. Put the sorted portion of the sample back into the original sample jar. Rinse any remaining material from the funnel into the jar using a squirt bottle containing ethanol. Make sure that the sample is adequately covered with ethanol.
 2. Put the unsorted sample into a second jar. Rinse any sample from the 'unsorted' funnel into the jar using a squirt bottle containing ethanol. Using a dot label, label the jar lid with the sample identification information, sorter's initials, and the word "unsorted". Make an additional inner label with the sample identification information and marked 'unsorted'. Place the label inside the jar with the 'unsorted' sample. Make certain that the 'unsorted' sample is adequately covered with ethanol.
 3. The sorted and unsorted portion of the sample should be stored until sorting can continue.
- 3.1.2 Once the sample is completed, place an appropriately colored dot label on the jar top with the sorter's initials and date of sorting. Return the jar to the box from which it was originally removed.
- a. Transcribe the information recorded in the sorter's notebook to the computer on the Laboratory Tracking Sheets and the Quality Control log and on the Laboratory Sample Tracking Sheet (Attachment B2-1), and to the Sorter's Log (Attachment B3-2).

3.2 Sorting Quality Control Program

3.2.1 QC Sorting Criteria

- a. The first ten samples that are sorted by an individual are completely resorted by a designated QC sorter. A sorter is allowed to miss one target organism when the original sorted count is 1–19. For original counts above 20 a sorter must maintain a sorting accuracy of 90%.
- b. After the sorter has passed 10 consecutive sorts, the program is switched to a '1 sample in 10' QC program for that sorter. After the sorter has completed another 10 samples, one sample is randomly selected by the designated QC sorter for a QC resort.
- c. If the sorter maintains the 90% accuracy sorting rate for this sample, then the sorter continues in the '1 sample in 10' QC mode.
- d. If a sample does not meet the 90% accuracy rate their subsequent samples will be resorted until 10 consecutive samples meet the criteria.

3.2.2 QC Resorting

- a. Sorting procedures used during the QC resort are the same as the sorting procedures described in Section 3.1.
- b. All fish and selected invertebrate larvae that were missed by the sorter are removed during the QC resort.
- c. For the QC process, a larval fish is defined as having a head plus at least 50% of the body. Any parts without a head and/or less than 50% of the body will be considered fragments and

will not be counted against the original sorter as a missed fish. However, it is important for each sorter to remove all fish and fragments from each sample that is sorted and correctly record them as # fish / # fragments in the sorter's notebook and on the tracking sheet.

- d. Any vials of fish larvae or selected invertebrate larvae generated from the resort are labeled with an orange dot label, and labeled as described in the sorting procedures with the addition of "QC" added to the label.
- e. An orange dot label should also be placed on the top of the jar of the sample that was resorted and labeled with the QC person's initials, survey number, sample number, and date the resort was completed.
- f. The vials are stored in the appropriate location.

3.3 Waste Disposal

- 3.3.1 No formaldehyde or water contaminated with formaldehyde should be disposed of into the sewage system. Dispose of any water contaminated with this chemical in the designated waste water container to be disposed of at a local hazardous materials waste depository.

4.0 RECORDS

- 4.1 All data sheets are later reviewed by the Lab Manager or designated staff.
- 4.2 Original data sheets are permanently stored.

Table B2-1. Equipment List

1. Tray or dish
2. Bowls
3. Sample jars
4. Two canning funnels with attached plankton mesh netting, labeled with mesh size, and labeled 'sorted' and 'unsorted'
5. Squeeze bottle containing 70% ethanol (denatured)
6. Squeeze bottle containing fresh water
7. Sorting tray or petri dish marked with a sorting grid
8. Dissecting microscope with light source
9. Glass shell vials and cotton
10. Jar/vials with lids
11. Forceps
12. Waterproof labels
13. Dot labels
14. Sorter's notebook
15. Plankton splitter

ALAMITOS BAY (AGS) AND (HnGS) – Lab Tracking Sheet

Survey: _____

Sample Information						Sort Information							QC Information			
Project #	Sample Date	Station	Cycle	Sample	Start Time # Jars	Sorter	Date Sorted	Time (hrs)	# Fish	Fish Eggs	# Megs	# Lobster/Squid	QC'd By	QC Date	QC Fish	QC Other *

*specify which (fish eggs(E), megs(M), lobster(L), or squid(S))

Attachment B2-1. Lab Tracking Sheet

Alamitos Bay Power Plants-Sorter's Log

(ABEA)

Name: _____

Sample Information					Sort Information							Quality Control					
Survey Number	Station	Cycle	Sample	Collection Time	Date Sorted	Sort Time		# of Fish	# of Fish Eggs	# of Megs	Lobster / Squid	QC'ed By	QC'ed Date	QC Fish P / F	Fish P / F	QC Other *	Other P / F
						ACS	HnGS										

*specify which (fish eggs(E), megs(M), lobster(L), or squid(S))

APPENDIX B3: PROCEDURES FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF LARVAL FISHES and TARGET INVERTEBRATES

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of these procedures is to define the steps for identifying planktonic organisms, and to describe the Quality Control (QC) Program used to monitor the accuracy of each individual's identification performance.

2.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

- The Lead Taxonomist is responsible for assuring that plankton identifications are performed in accordance with written procedures and for implementing the Quality Control Program.
- Investigating biologists are responsible for plankton identifications and for monitoring accuracy in accordance with written procedures.

3.0 INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Identification procedures for larval fishes, *Cancer* spp. crab and *Panulirus* lobsters.

- a. Ensure that the proper equipment necessary for the identification of target organisms is available (Table B3-1).
- b. The fish and target invertebrates from each sample are kept in separate containers and processed following this procedure in essentially the same manner.
- c. The container of target organisms to be identified is carefully emptied into a dish. The dish is placed on the microscope stage and the lighting adjusted to provide adequate illumination.
- d. Each target organism is identified to the lowest taxonomic classification possible. The total number of each taxon is recorded on the Entrainment /Source Water Plankton Tow Lab Data Sheet (Attachment B3-1).
- e. All individuals of each identified taxon of larvae from a sample should be put into a shell vial containing 100% ethanol. Each vial should contain a label with the taxon name and sample number. Cotton should be pushed into the upper end of the vial to keep the label and organisms enclosed.
- f. Mutilated larvae (partial organisms that are missing body parts and are unable to be identified) are placed in a separate labeled vial. Whole larvae that are unidentified, are placed in a separate labeled vial.
- g. All vials containing target organisms from an individual sample should be put into a labeled jar containing enough ethanol to cover the vials. The jar should contain both an inside label and a label attached to the outside of the lid denoting the sample number, date and time collected, and identifier's initials. Tighten the jar lid to prevent evaporation of the preservative. Samples with many different fish taxa may require more than one labeled jar.
- h. On the Laboratory Sample Tracking Sheet, record the identifier's initials and date sample was logged in. The identifier's log will contain the total number of larvae identified and the date identified. If more than one day was needed to complete the identification, record the date the sample identification was completed.
- i. Place the jar into the appropriate box containing identified samples.
- j. Dispose of any liquids containing ethanol into the appropriate waste container.

3.2 Identification Quality Control (QC) Program

3.1.2 Fishes

- a. The first ten samples of larval fishes that are identified by an individual identifying biologist will be completely re-identified by a designated identification QC biologist. A total of at least 50 individuals from at least 5 taxa (50/5 criteria) must be present in these first ten samples. If the first 10 consecutive samples do not pass the 50/5 criteria, additional samples must be re-identified until this criteria is met.
- b. The identifying biologist must maintain a 95% identification accuracy level in these first 10 samples. For all samples, if a sample contains between 1–19 larvae, one larvae can be misidentified and the sample will not fail the QC check.
- c. If the identifying biologist identifies a larval fish to a certain family or genus and subsequently the identification QC biologist is able to refine the identification to a lower taxonomic level, this will not be considered a misidentification pertaining to the 95% identification accuracy level. A misidentification will be one in which the identifying biologist identifies the fish as belonging to a certain family, genus or species, and then the identification QC biologist determines that the initial identification was incorrect and changes the identification to a different family, genus or species or changes it to a higher taxonomic group.
- d. After the identifying biologist has passed 10 consecutive samples, the program is switched to a “1 sample in 10” QC program. After the identifying biologist has completed another 10 samples, one sample is randomly selected by the designated identification QC biologist for a QC review.
- e. If this sample maintains the 95% accuracy level as determined by the identification QC biologist, then the identifying biologist continues in the “1 sample in 10” QC mode. If a sample does not meet the 95% accuracy level, their subsequent samples will be re-identified until 10 consecutive samples meet this level of accuracy.
- f. Any misidentified fish found by the identification QC biologist, will be placed into the appropriate labeled vial for that sample. This information will be recorded on the Fish Identification Data Sheet.

3.1.3 *Cancer* spp. and *Panulirus* spp.

- a. The first ten samples identified by an individual identifying biologist will be completely re-identified by a designated identification QC biologist.
- b. The identifying biologist must maintain a 95% accuracy level in these first 10 samples. For all samples, if a sample contains between 1-19 larvae, one larvae can be misidentified and the sample will not fail the QC check.
- c. After the identifying biologist has passed 10 consecutive samples, the program is switched to a “1 sample in 10” QC program. After the identifying biologist has completed another 10 samples, one sample is randomly selected by the designated identification QC biologist for a QC review.
- d. If this sample maintains the 95% accuracy level as determined by the identification QC biologist, then the identifying biologist continues in the “1 sample in 10” QC mode.
- e. If an identifier’s sample does not meet the 95% accuracy level, their subsequent samples will be re-identified until 10 consecutive samples meet this level.
- f. Any misidentified larva found by the identification QC biologist, will be placed into the appropriate labeled vial for that sample and recorded on the appropriate laboratory identification data sheet.

3.2 Larval Fish Measuring

3.2.1. Larval Fish Measuring Procedure

- a. Turn on the computer, camera, and light source at the measuring station.
- b. Consult the lab schedule near the measuring station to determine measuring priorities and retrieve the binder containing the appropriate data sheets.
- c. Locate the box containing the fish to be measured and place it in a easily accessible area close to the measuring station.
- d. Open the Optimas Image Analysis or ImageJ software by clicking with the mouse on the appropriate software icon.
- e. Open the Larval Fish Measuring macro in Optimas, or the FishMeasure2 macro in ImageJ and follow the macros' directions.
- f. Select the jar of fish to be measured and consult the jar label. Compare data on the jar label with the inner label and the data sheet for this sample. Consult an identifier regarding discrepancies between labels.
- g. Enter the data queried for by the macro including the last five digits of the serial number, the measurer's initials, the data sheet sequence number and the species code.
- h. Open the jar and remove the vials for the target taxa to be measured as per the posted list. Place the vials in a rack designed to allow the vials to maintain an upright posture so as to reduce spillage.
- i. Select the first vial to be measured. Remove the cotton and the label. Compare the label with the data sheet for confirmation.
- j. Empty the vial into a shallow dish. Remove any fish that have adhered to the vial, cotton, the label, or any tools used in the transferring process and place the fish in the dish. Add alcohol to the dish if necessary to prevent desiccation.
- k. If the number of larval fish in the vial exceeds what can be reasonably measured on a single image capture, transfer some of the fish to another glass dish and immerse them in alcohol.
- l. Place the dish on the stage of the microscope. Arrange the fish so that all fish appear on the screen. Adjust the zoom, focus, and lighting for the best possible image. If this is the first group of larval fish being measured, or if the magnification has been changed, it is necessary to re-calibrate. Place the micrometer on the stage of the microscope and re-calibrate by drawing a line from one of the micrometers millimeter marks to another, noting the distance between the two marks, and entering that value when queried. Replace the dish containing the larval fish to be measured.
- m. Measure larval fish by drawing a line from the pre-maxillary to the end of the notochord, being careful to follow the contours of the fish. If the fish is too damaged to find either the pre-maxillary or to estimate the path taken by the notochord, do not measure, and proceed to the next larval fish. If the line does not adequately approximate the larval fish's length it must be re-measured.
- n. Note the program's display of the measurement, check that it seems reasonable. If it does not seem reasonable, it may be necessary to re-calibrate and re-measure. If the problem persists, contact an identifier. Make note of any problems in measuring and post near the measuring station.
- o. The macro will store the measurement in separate data files along with the necessary sample information.
- p. Repeat the above steps for all fish in the dish.

- q. When all larval fish in the dish have been measured, fill the vial that originally contained the fish with alcohol and transfer the measured fish to the vial.
- r. If the larval fish from this vial have been segregated into two or more groups, place another group into the dish, being careful to submerge them in alcohol, and measure as above. Do not measure more than fifty larval fish of any one taxon from each survey.

4.0 RECORDS

- 4.1 All data sheets are later reviewed by the Lab Manager or designated staff.
- 4.2 Original data sheets are permanently stored.

Table B3-1. Equipment List

1. Dissecting microscope, with camera attachment connected to computer equipped with Optimas 6.2 or ImageJ if measuring larvae
2. Light source
3. Micrometer
4. Sorting tray or petri dish
5. Squeeze bottle containing 70% ethanol (denatured)
6. Glass shell vials
7. Holder for shell vials
8. Jar containing target organisms to be identified
9. Cotton
10. Forceps
11. Waterproof labels
12. Dot labels
13. Data sheets
14. Identifier's log sheet
15. Taxonomic references

Haynes Generating Station
IM&E Report

Appendix B3: Entrainment Sample Identification Procedure

HAYNES GENERATING STATION (HnGS) - Lab Data Sheet

Sheet:

Survey: _____ Date: _____ Start Time: _____ Cycle: _____ Station: _____

Species Code	Taxon	Count	QC Resort		Stage	Entrain-able	Comments
			Additional Count	Total Count			
NOTES:				Total:			

	<u>ID'ed By / Date</u>	<u>ID QC By / Date</u>	<u>QC Resort By / Date</u>	<u>Entered By / Date</u>
Fish	_____	_____	_____	_____
Eggs	_____	_____	_____	_____
Inverts	_____	_____	_____	_____

Attachment B3-1. Entrainment /Source Water Plankton Tow Lab Data Sheet

APPENDIX B4: IMPINGEMENT FIELD SAMPLING PROCEDURES

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to identify the procedures and equipment necessary to accurately collect and process impingement samples at the Haynes Generating Station (HnGS).

2.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

2.1 Task/Field leader:

- Contact plant to obtain clearance for personnel that will be conducting the sampling.
- Verify that all investigating biologists conducting the sampling have read and understand these procedures.
- Verify that procedures have been followed during sample collection and that the sampling has been conducted safely.

2.2 Investigating biologist:

- Conduct sampling using the following procedures.

3.0 HnGS CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Cell/Outside Line	E-mail Information
Alex Gima	(310) 522-7513	alex.gima@ladwp.com
On-Site Emergency Number	27300	
Operating Supervisor	(310) 52-27507	
Station Control Operator	(310) 52-27510	

4.0 PROCEDURES

Impingement sampling will only be undertaken when there is water passing through the stationary/traveling screens of Units 1-6. If only one pump is in operation, proceed with sample collection using the following procedures. The bar rack area does not require daily cleaning, thus no collections will be conducted from this area. Each normal operation impingement survey consists of an initial cleaning period followed by four 6-hr sampling cycles. Table B4-1 presents the proposed schedule for each survey.

4.1 Mobilization

- a. Notify plant personnel of the dates, times, and names of the biologists that will be onsite during each survey. All personnel will require photo identification (driver's license, passport, etc.) to obtain access to the plant site.
- b. The equipment listed in Table B4-2 is required for sampling and should be checked before leaving for the plant. Verify that any scales used for the sampling have been calibrated within the previous three months.

4.2 Traveling Screen Sample Collection

Impingement sampling procedures will generally be the same at all units. However, Units 1&2 are equipped with stationary screens (Figure B4-1), which are more difficult to rinse, and will only be rinsed and cleaned prior to, and at the end of, the 24-hour sampling period. Units 3-6, equipped with traveling screens (TS), will be rinsed and cleaned every 6 hours during the 24-hr period (see Table B4-1). Figure B4-2 shows the collection sump area of Units 1&2 and Figure B4-3 shows the collection sump collection area of Units 3&4. The Unit 5&6 collection area is basically the same as the one for Units 3&4. The bar racks are located at the marina and are not cleaned on a regular basis. They will not be cleaned during the weekly sampling.

- a. Make sure that the collection basket has been emptied prior to the survey. If there is any debris in it, contact an operator to have them remove the basket using a crane so that it can be emptied.
- b. The initial screenwash is for cleaning purposes only; do not process any materials from the sump after the cleaning rinse. The time at the end of the initial TS rinse is the beginning of Cycle 1. Record this on the appropriate datasheet.
- c. The mesh in the collection basket has a larger mesh than the mesh of the TS. Secure a mesh net/vexar basket (with mesh of the same size or smaller than the TS mesh) inside of the metal basket so that impinged materials can easily be removed. If the debris load is too heavy for the mesh net/vexar basket or it is damaged and materials accumulate in the metal basket, make sure an operator is available to use a crane to pull the metal basket out for sample collection.
- d. Have plant personnel activate the TS wash system thirty minutes prior to the end of each cycle so that all impinged material is rinsed from the screens into the collection basket.
- e. Remove all impinged fish and invertebrates from the impinged debris.
- f. Replace the mesh net/vexar basket in the rectangular sump before initiation of the screenwash for the next cycle.
- g. All collected impinged material will be processed using the procedures in following section.

4.3 Sample Processing

- a. Remove all fishes and invertebrates from the impinged debris. Record the volume of the debris (gallons) on the datasheet. Also record the composition and percentage of the debris.
- b. All fishes, crabs, shrimps and prawns, and cephalopod mollusks are identified, counted, measured (see measurement criteria below), and weighed. This information is recorded on the appropriate datasheet. All other invertebrates are identified and recorded as present by entering a “P” in the count box.

Organism Group	Length Measuring Criteria
Fishes	Total body length for sharks, disc width for skates and rays and standard lengths for bony fishes
Crabs	Maximum carapace width
Spiny lobster and Shrimps	Carapace length, measured from the anterior margin of carapace between the eyes to the posterior margin of the carapace
Octopus	Maximum “arm” spread, measured from the tip of one tentacle to the tip of the opposite tentacle
Squid	Dorsal mantle length, measured from the edge of the mantle to the posterior end of the body

- c. Record all organism names on the appropriate datasheet, using their scientific names whenever possible. The taxa codes are recorded after the datasheets are returned to the office.
- d. Make certain of all identifications before recording the name on the datasheets. If an organism cannot be positively identified it should be saved. The voucher specimen should be placed in a plastic bag

with a waterproof label indicating the location, cycle, date, time, and the initials of the collector. If personnel on the next cycle can positively identify the organism record the organism's name on the datasheet. If positive identification cannot be made the organism is returned to the laboratory for identification.

- e. If a large number (more than 30) of any individual countable species is collected during a cycle, individually measure and weigh 30 randomly selected individuals of this species and then count and measure the remaining individuals and record this information on a separate line on the datasheet. For example: if 198 deepbody anchovies were collected, randomly select 30 individuals and record on the first row *Anchoa compressa*, count = 1, Length = standard length (the distance from the tip of the snout to the posterior vertical margin of the hypural plate) to the nearest mm, weight = weight to nearest gram, sex = "-" (if the sex cannot be determined without dissection, record a "-"), and condition = alive (A), dead (D), or mutilated (M). Continue this procedure for the other 29 randomly chosen deepbody anchovies. Then batch weigh the remaining individual. If all of the individuals are alive, put an "A" in the Cond. box. If some are dead and some mutilated, use additional rows to fill in the appropriate information in the corresponding row(s).
- f. Determine the sex of the countable organisms to the extent possible without dissection. Assign the letter M to refer to males, F for females, J for juveniles, G for gravid. Put a "-" if the sex cannot be determined without dissection.
- g. Record the condition of each countable organisms: A for alive; D for dead; M for mutilated. If an individual is mutilated, do not measure the length. If there are more than 30 non-mutilated individuals, the mutilated individual(s) can be weighed with the batch weight of the additional individuals. If there are less than 30 non-mutilated individuals, record the weight of the mutilated individual(s) but not their lengths.
- h. Record any anomalies or other notes (encountered in each cycle) in the notes section on the datasheet.
- i. At the end of each cycle verify that: a) the sampling procedures have been followed correctly, b) the data has been recorded correctly and legibly, and then c) sign and date the "Reviewed by/Date" section at the bottom of the datasheet.
- j. Put all dead animals and discarded debris in trash dumpsters. Make sure to double bag the material as collection of the trash may not occur for several days.
- k. Quality control (QC) checks will be performed on at least a quarterly basis to verify all organisms are being removed from the debris and that the correct identification, enumeration, length and weight measurements of the organisms are being recorded on the datasheet. The QC team will randomly choose the actual impingement cycles that will be checked and will resort the debris for any missed organisms. All organisms will then be identified, re-measured and re-weighed by the QC team to ensure that the data is being recorded correctly. If a sampling team fails a QC check, they will be retrained on fish identification and sample collection. QC checks will be performed on the sampling team until they pass the QC requirements. The QC checks will be fully documented and reported to the Project Manager.

4.4 General

- a. All information recorded on the datasheets must be written legibly with a pencil.
- b. Keep information separate for each cycle
- c. The survey number will be determined based on the week corresponding to that survey (e.g., week 1 = survey 1). Make sure the correct survey number is recorded.
- d. Make certain that the unit #s and cycle numbers are correct on the datasheet you are using. Record the date and time for the start and end of each screen wash (generally 15 to 20 minutes) and cycle duration times (generally 6 hours). Each 24-hr survey is divided into 4 six-hour cycles.
- e. Record the names of all personnel present during each cycle.

- f. Use military time (0000 – 2400) to record every cycle collected. Record all times as local time (Pacific Standard Time or Pacific Daylight Time).
- g. During each screen wash, verify that the screens are operating properly (the screens should be moving and the water should be spraying). Check with the operator to find out how many circulating water pumps are operating.
- h. If a survey cannot be completed or is cancelled, make a note on the appropriate data sheet explaining the reason for the cancellation. Write the survey number that corresponds to that week, date and sign the datasheet.
- i. At the end of each screen wash, record the relevant meteorological data.
- j. If the traveling screens trip before the 6-hour cycle is over, collect all material and process it as part of the upcoming cycle. If possible, have the screen wash system run at the scheduled times.

4.5 Heat Treatments

During heat treatments follow the same procedures as during normal impingement sampling. Use a separate data sheet for each species collected. A single data sheet can be used for several species if low numbers of these species are collected.

If an extremely large amount of material is collected in the sump basket, sub-sampling of the most abundant fishes/shellfishes should occur to minimize the time taken to process the sample. Sub-sampling procedures are as follows:

- a. Remove the less abundant fishes/shellfishes from the impinged material; and record as individuals on the datasheets.
- b. Collect a sub-sample (for example, two 3-gallon sub-samples) from the pile of impinged material. Make sure to randomly sample the pile by collecting organisms from different areas of the pile. Discard the remaining material and record the volume discarded on the data sheets.
- c. The number and weight of the organisms collected from each sub-sample should not be recorded with the other data. Record the sub-sample data on a separate datasheet. Make certain that record of the organisms from the sub-samples can be linked back to the quantity of material discarded and not sampled.

Table B4-1. Target schedule for 24-hour impingement sampling effort (schedule assumes that at least one circulating water pump is in operation). Based on 30 minutes for complete rotation of travel screens at each unit.

Time	Units 1/2	Units 3/4 (8-10)	Units 5/6
8:00	Rinse and Clean		
8:30	Start Cycle 1		
9:00		Rinse and Clean	
9:30		Start Cycle 1	
10:00			Rinse and Clean
10:30			Start Cycle 1
11:00			
11:30			
12:00			
12:30			
13:00			
13:30			
14:00			
14:30			
15:00		Rinse Cycle 1	
15:30		Start Cycle 2	
16:00		Process Cycle 1	Rinse Cycle 1
16:30			Start Cycle 2
17:00			Process Cycle 1
17:30			
18:00			
18:30			
19:00			
19:30			
20:00			
20:30			
21:00		Rinse Cycle 2	
21:30		Start Cycle 3	
22:00		Process Cycle 2	Rinse Cycle 2
22:30			Start Cycle 3
23:00			Process Cycle 2
23:30			
0:00			
0:30			
1:00			
1:30			
2:00			
2:30			
3:00		Rinse Cycle 3	
3:30		Start Cycle 4	
4:00		Process Cycle 3	Rinse Cycle 3
4:30			Start Cycle 4
5:00			Process Cycle 3
5:30			
6:00			
6:30			
7:00			
7:30			
8:00	Rinse Cycle 1		
8:30	Process Cycle 1		
9:00		Rinse Cycle 4	
9:30		Process Cycle 4	
10:00			Rinse Cycle 4
10:30			Process Cycle 4
11:00			

Note: Schedule is separated into 30-minute increments to show activities associated with each cleaning and collection cycle at the two sets of traveling screens.

Table B4-2. Equipment List.

1. Datasheets printed on waterproof paper
2. Pencils
3. Scales (Electronic and spring)
4. Measuring boards
5. Fish and invertebrate identification keys
6. Buckets and plastic totes
7. Floodlights and extension cords
8. Calipers
9. Calculator
10. Hardhats
11. Safety Glasses
12. Rubber/latex gloves
13. Clipboard



Figure B4-1. Unit 1 slide screens. Unit 2 screens are identical.



Figure B4-2. Sump basket at Unit 2 (top). Unit 1 is identical. Note the space between the trough and the edge of the sump basket (bottom).



Figure B4-3. Units 3&4 (8-10) traveling screens sump collection area. The Unit 5&6 sumps are similar.

Haynes Generating Station

Appendix C

Model Parameterization

- C1. Estimating Total Entrainment
- C2. Estimating Proportional Entrainment
and the ETM Calculations
- C3. Demographic Model Calculations

Appendix C1 Estimating Total Entrainment

The following section describes calculations used for assessing entrainment effects at the Haynes Generating Station (HnGS). The equations are presented in a general form that is applicable to sample designs that may have differing numbers of stations, sampling periods, or replicates. The HnGS entrainment study will sample only one station. While the summation signs over stations are presented in the equations they will be summing over an n of one in the actual calculations and therefore will drop out of the formulas.

A general form can be written for summing entrainment over stations at an intake or entrainment site using cycles within a day and days within time periods. Let

- $i = \text{period } (i = 1, \dots, N);$
- $j = \text{day within period } (j = 1, \dots, N_i);$
- $k = \text{cycle within day } (k = 1, \dots, N_{ij});$
- $l = \text{station } (l = 1, \dots, N_{ijk});$
- $m = \text{volume at station within cycle } (m = 1, \dots, N_{ijkl}).$

The total larval entrainment at an intake source can be expressed as

$$E_T = \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^{N_i} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \rho_{ijkl} V_{ijkl} \tag{A1}$$

where

ρ_{ijkl} = density of larvae at the l th station within the k th cycle on the j th day in the i th time period;

V_{ijkl} = volume of water passing the at the l th station within the k th cycle on the j th day in the i th time period.

This summation assumes that stations represent the total intake volume of the power plant. It also assumes that the larval density in the volume of water passing a station is constant over time and space over any cycle. An estimate of the total larval entrainment can be made by taking n_{ijkl} samples of the N_{ijkl} volumes passing a station as

$$\hat{E}_T = \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^{N_i} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \frac{V_{ijkl}}{n_{ijkl}} \sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} \rho_{ijklm} \quad (\text{A2})$$

If we also assume that entrainment volume is constant and the same at all stations then

$$\hat{E}_T = \sum_{i=1}^N V_{ijkl} \sum_{j=1}^{N_i} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \frac{1}{n_{ijkl}} \sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} \rho_{ijklm} \quad (\text{A3})$$

Strata will be defined as the stations and cycles with constant N_{ij} and N_{ijk} . In addition, we sample n_i days of the N_i possible during a period so that

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{E}_T &= \sum_{i=1}^N N_i N_{ij} N_{ijk} V_{ijkl} \frac{1}{n_i} \sum_{j=1}^{N_i} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \left(\frac{1}{N_{ij} N_{ijk} n_{ijkl}} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} \rho_{ijklm} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N V_i \frac{1}{n_i} \sum_{j=1}^{N_i} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \left(\frac{1}{N_{ij} N_{ijk} n_{ijkl}} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} \rho_{ijklm} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A4})$$

where

$$V_i = \sum_{j=1}^{N_i} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ijk}} V_{ijkl}$$

If only one day per period is sampled Equation A4 can be expressed as

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{E}_T &= \sum_{i=1}^N V_i \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \left(\frac{1}{N_{ij} N_{ijk} n_{ijkl}} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} \rho_{ijklm} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N V_i \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \left(\frac{1}{N_{ij} N_{ijk}} \right) \hat{\rho}_{ijkl} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A5})$$

with estimated variance

$$\widehat{Var}(\hat{E}_T) = \sum_{i=1}^N V_i^2 \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \sum_{l=1}^{N_{ijk}} \left(\frac{1}{N_{ij} N_{ijk}} \right)^2 \left(1 - \frac{n_{ijkl}}{N_{ijkl}} \right) \frac{\widehat{Var}(\rho_{ijkl})}{n_{ijkl}} \quad (\text{A6})$$

where

$$\widehat{Var}(\rho_{ijkl}) = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} (\rho_{ijklm} - \widehat{\rho}_{ijkl})^2}{(n_{ijkl} - 1)};$$

$$\widehat{\rho}_{ijkl} = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{n_{ijkl}} \rho_{ijklm}}{n_{ijkl}}.$$

Estimates of E_T based on Equation A5 will be used in *FH* and *AEL* calculations to estimate annual effects of entrainment on fishes and invertebrates. Equation A6 will underestimate the true variance because it does not include within-period variance. In practice, we ignore the finite population correction, $\left(1 - \frac{n_{ijkl}}{N_{ijkl}}\right)$ because N_{ijkl} is large. Estimators similar to Equation A5 and Equation A6 are used for calculating survey period estimates of intake and source populations for use in ETM calculations.

Appendix C2

Estimating Proportional Entrainment and the *ETM* Calculations

The empirical transport model (*ETM*) is used to estimate the total mortality probability for larvae from power plant entrainment. The estimate is based on periodic estimates of the probability of entrainment mortality based on daily samples. In the following calculations we assume all larvae entrained die. Generally, sampling takes place over the course of a year so that larval mortality of various species is estimated.

The daily probability of entrainment can be defined as

$$PE_i = \frac{\text{abundance of entrained larvae}_i}{\text{abundance of larvae in source population}_i}$$

= probability of entrainment in *i*th time period ($i = 1, \dots, N$).

In turn, the daily probability can be estimated and expressed as

$$PE_i = \frac{\widehat{E}_i}{\widehat{R}_i} \tag{B1}$$

where

\widehat{E}_i = estimated abundance of larvae entrained in the *i*th time period ($i = 1, \dots, N$);

\widehat{R}_i = estimated abundance of larvae at risk of entrainment from the source population in the *i*th time period ($i = 1, \dots, N$).

Estimating Daily Entrainment

The estimate of total Haynes Generating Station (HnGS) entrainment on day *j* in period *i* can be expressed from equation (A4) as

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{E}_{ij} &= \sum_{k=1}^4 \sum_{l=1}^1 V_{ijkl} \frac{1}{3} \sum_{m=1}^3 \rho_{ijklm} \\ &= V_{ij} \sum_{k=1}^4 \sum_{l=1}^1 \left(\frac{1}{12} \right) \sum_{m=1}^3 \rho_{ijklm}\end{aligned}\quad (B2)$$

with associated variance

$$\text{Var}\left(\widehat{E}_{ij} \mid E_{ij}\right) = V_{ij}^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 \sum_{l=1}^1 \left(\frac{1}{12} \right)^2 \left(1 - \frac{3}{N_{ijkl}} \right) S_{\rho_{ijkl}}^2 \quad (B3)$$

which can be estimated by

$$\widehat{\text{Var}}\left(\widehat{E}_{ij}\right) = V_{ij}^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 \sum_{l=1}^1 \left(\frac{1}{12} \right)^2 \left(1 - \frac{3}{N_{ijkl}} \right) s_{\rho_{ijkl}}^2. \quad (B4)$$

The finite population correction [i.e., $\left(1 - \frac{3}{N_{ijk}} \right)$] can be ignored because N_{ijkl} is exceedingly large. Only one day is sampled per period. The period estimated entrainment and variance are

$$\widehat{E}_i = V_i \sum_{k=1}^4 \sum_{l=1}^1 \left(\frac{1}{12} \right) \sum_{m=1}^3 \rho_{ijklm} \quad (B5)$$

$$\widehat{\text{Var}}\left(\widehat{E}_i\right) = V_i^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 \sum_{l=1}^1 \left(\frac{1}{12} \right)^2 s_{\rho_{ijkl}}^2. \quad (B6)$$

Estimating Numbers of Larvae at Risk

With the defined and agreed-upon sources of Alamos Bay (S) larvae, the daily abundance of larvae at risk can be estimated by

$$\widehat{R}_{ij} = V_S \cdot \widehat{\rho}_{S_{ij}} \quad (B7)$$

where V_S denotes daily exchanged and static volumes at Alamos Bay (S), and $\widehat{\rho}$ denotes an estimate of average density in each respective source water bodies. The variance of Expression B7 can be written as

$$\text{Var}\left(\widehat{R}_{ij} \mid R_{ij}\right) = V_S^2 \cdot \text{Var}\left(\widehat{\rho}_{S_{ij}} \mid \bar{\rho}_{S_{ij}}\right) \quad (B8)$$

The individual variances within Formula B8 describe temporal-spatial variance in density within the source population during the day of sampling. Nine source water locations are sampled in Alamos Bay and San Pedro Bay. Ideally, tow samples would be collected randomly through

time and space during a sampling day over a potential source population. However, practical limitations due to sampling a large area required a directed and fixed time and location sampling scheme. Our source water estimates of population and variance are made for each period using only one day, i.e. $\widehat{R}_i = \widehat{R}_{ij}$ and $\widehat{Var}(\widehat{R}_i) = Var(\widehat{R}_{ij} | R_{ij})$.

Period Entrainment and *ETM* Calculations

By dividing estimated period entrainment (B5) by the corresponding source population (B7) an estimate of entrainment mortality can be written as

$$\widehat{PE}_i = \frac{\widehat{E}_i}{\widehat{R}_i} \quad (B9)$$

Variance for the Estimate of PE_i

The variance for the period estimate of \widehat{PE}_i can be expressed as

$$Var(\widehat{PE}_i | PE_i) = Var\left(\frac{\widehat{E}_i}{\widehat{R}_{ij}} \middle| E_i, R_i\right).$$

Assuming zero covariance between the entrainment and source and using the delta method (Seber 1982), the variance of an estimator formed from a quotient (like \widehat{PE}_i) can be effectively approximated by

$$Var\left(\frac{A}{B}\right) \approx Var(A) \left(\frac{\partial \left[\frac{A}{B}\right]}{\partial A}\right)^2 + Var(B) \left(\frac{\partial \left[\frac{A}{B}\right]}{\partial B}\right)^2.$$

The delta method approximation of $Var(\widehat{PE}_i)$ is shown as

$$Var(\widehat{PE}_i) = Var\left(\frac{\widehat{E}_i}{V_s \cdot \widehat{\rho}_s}\right)$$

where by the Delta method can be approximated by

$$\widehat{Var}(\widehat{PE}_i) \approx \widehat{Var}(\widehat{E}_i) \left(\frac{1}{V_S \cdot \widehat{\rho}_{S_i}} \right)^2 + \widehat{Var}(V_S \cdot \widehat{\rho}_{S_i}) \left(\frac{-\widehat{E}_i}{V_S \cdot (\widehat{\rho}_{S_i})^2} \right)^2 \quad (\text{B10})$$

and is equivalent to

$$= PE_i^2 \left[CV(\widehat{E}_i)^2 + CV(V_S \cdot \widehat{\rho}_{S_i})^2 \right]$$

where

$$\widehat{R}_i = V_S \cdot \widehat{\rho}_{S_{ii}} \quad \text{and}$$

$$CV(\widehat{\theta}|\theta) = \frac{\widehat{Var}(\widehat{\theta}|\theta)}{\widehat{\theta}^2}.$$

Regardless of whether the species has a single spawning period per year or multiple overlapping spawnings the estimate of total larval entrainment mortality can be expressed by

$$\widehat{P}_M = 1 - \sum_{i=1}^N \widehat{f}_i (1 - \widehat{PE}_i)^q \quad (\text{B11})$$

where

q = number of days of larval life, and

\widehat{f}_i = estimated annual fraction of total larvae hatched during the i th survey period.

Formula (B11) is based on the total probability law where

$$P(A) = \sum_{i=1}^N P(A|B_i) \cdot P(B_i).$$

In the above example, the event A is larval survival and event B is hatching with $P(B)$

estimated by \widehat{f}_i where

$$\widehat{f}_i = \frac{\widehat{E}_i}{\widehat{E}_T},$$

where \widehat{E}_i = estimated entrainment for the i th survey period. Then based on the Delta method

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{Var}(\widehat{f}_i) &= \widehat{Var} \left[\frac{\widehat{E}_i}{\widehat{E}_T} \right] \\ &= \widehat{Var} \left[\frac{\widehat{E}_i}{\widehat{E}_i + \sum_{j \neq i}^N \widehat{E}_j} \right] \\ &= \widehat{f}_i^2 (1 - \widehat{f}_i)^2 \left[\frac{\widehat{Var}(\widehat{E}_i)}{\widehat{E}_i^2} + \frac{\widehat{Var}(\widehat{E}_T)}{\widehat{E}_T^2} \right].\end{aligned}$$

The estimates of PE_i and f_i and their respective variance estimates can be combined in an estimate of the variance for \widehat{P}_M following the Delta method (Seber 1982) for variance and covariance as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{Var}(\widehat{P}_M) &= \widehat{Var} \left(1 - \sum_{i=1}^N \widehat{f}_i (1 - \widehat{PE}_i)^q \right) \\ &= \widehat{Var} \left(\sum_{i=1}^N \widehat{f}_i (1 - \widehat{PE}_i)^q \right) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\widehat{Var}(\widehat{f}_i) (1 - \widehat{PE}_i)^{2q} \right] \\ &\quad + \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\widehat{Var}(\widehat{PE}_i) (\widehat{f}_i q (1 - \widehat{PE}_i)^{q-1})^2 \right] \\ &\quad + 2 \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j>i}^N \widehat{cov}(\widehat{f}_i, \widehat{f}_j) (1 - \widehat{PE}_j)^q (1 - \widehat{PE}_i)^q \quad \text{where} \\ \widehat{cov}(\widehat{f}_i, \widehat{f}_j) &= \left(\frac{1}{\widehat{E}_T} \right)^2 \left[\widehat{f}_i \widehat{f}_j \widehat{Var} \left(\sum_{g \neq i, j}^N \widehat{E}_g \right) + \widehat{f}_i (1 - \widehat{f}_j) \widehat{E}_i + \widehat{f}_j (1 - \widehat{f}_i) \widehat{E}_j \right].\end{aligned}$$

Appendix C3 Demographic Model Calculations

Fecundity Hindcasting (*FH*)

The estimated total larval entrainment for a species (\widehat{E}_T) was used to estimate the number of breeding females needed to produce the number of larvae entrained. The estimated number of breeding females (\widehat{FH}) whose fecundity was equal to the estimated total loss of entrained larvae is calculated as follows:

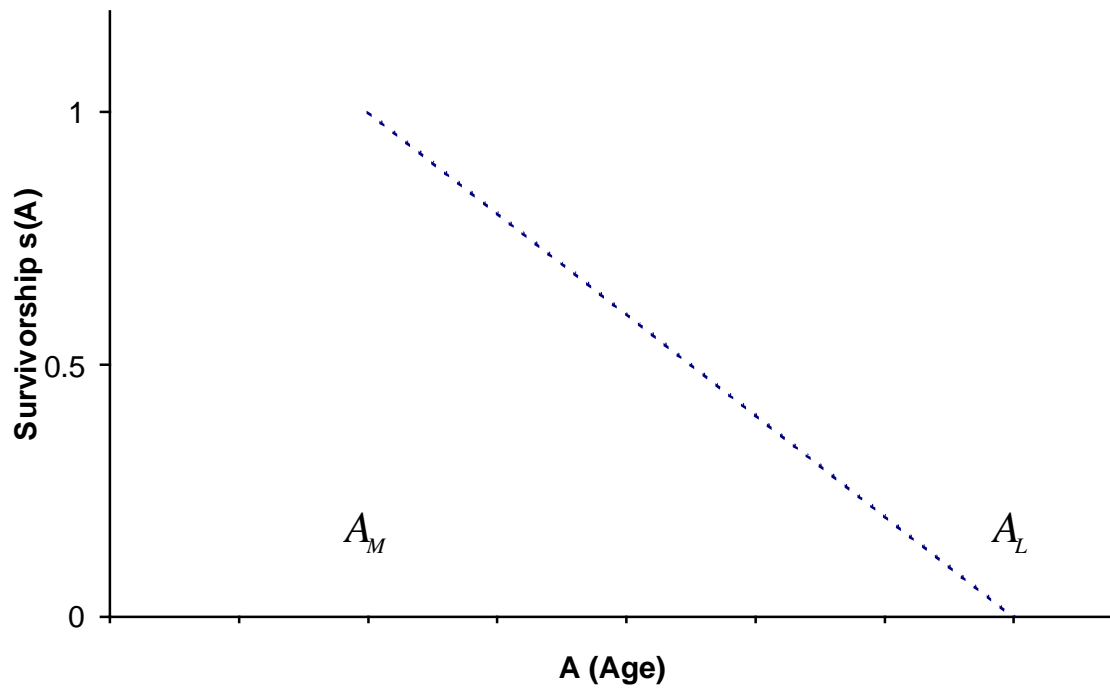
$$\widehat{FH} = \frac{\widehat{E}_T}{\widehat{TLF} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^n S_i} \quad (C1)$$

where

- n = number of larval stages vulnerable to entrainment,
- \widehat{E}_T = estimated total entrainment,
- S_i = survival rate from eggs to larvae of the i th stage, and
- \widehat{TLF} = estimated total life time fecundity for females, equivalent to the average number of eggs spawned per female over their reproductive years.

Equation C1 is based on the simplified case of a single synchronized spawning by a species. For species with overlapping or continuous spawning, larval abundance would have to be specified by week and age class (i.e., \widehat{E}_{ij}). However, we used the mean size of all larvae entrained to estimate a representative age of larvae, and then estimated a survival rate to this representative age. Two input parameters in Equation C1 that may not be available for many species, and thus may limit the method, are lifetime fecundity (TLF) and survival rates (S_i) from spawning to entrainment.

In practice, survival was estimated by either one or several age classes, depending on the data source, to the estimated age at entrainment. The expected total lifetime fecundity $E(TLF)$ was approximated by modeling a linear survivorship for a female once she reached the age of maturity, and using a constant number of eggs produced per year.



The number of eggs produced per year was approximated as the average number of eggs per year. Thus

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{TLF} &= \int_{A_M}^{A_L} F(A) s(A) dA \\ &= \bar{F} \int_{A_M}^{A_L} \frac{A_L - A}{A_L - A_M} dA \\ &= \bar{F} \left(\frac{A_L - A_M}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

where

$s(A)$ = survivorship of a female;

$F(A)$ = eggs produced;

A_M = age of maturity; and

A_L = age at death.

In other words,

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{TLF} &= \text{Estimated Total Lifetime Fecundity} \\ &= \text{Average eggs/year} \cdot \text{Average number of years of reproductive life} \\ &= \text{Average eggs/year} \cdot \left(\frac{\text{Longevity} - \text{Age at maturation}}{2} \right). \end{aligned} \tag{C2}$$

The expected length of reproductive life was approximated as the midpoint between the times of maturation and longevity. The approximation of linear survivorship between these events implies uniform survival. For exploited species such as northern anchovy and sardine, the expected number of years of reproductive life may be much less than predicted using this assumption.

Simulation, comparing exponential survival, shows that the calculation of \widehat{TLF} will be negatively biased for species with short reproductive lifespans, and positively biased for those with longer durations.

The variance of \widehat{FH} was approximated by the Delta method (Seber 1982):

$$\widehat{Var}(\widehat{FH}) = (\widehat{FH})^2 \left[CV^2(\widehat{E}_T) + \sum_{j=1}^n CV^2(\widehat{S}_j) + CV^2(\widehat{F}) + \left(\frac{\widehat{Var}(A_L) + \widehat{Var}(A_M)}{(A_L - A_m)^2} \right) \right]$$

where

$CV(\widehat{E}_T)$ = CV of estimated entrainment (estimated by $CV(\widehat{I})$ when available),

$CV(\widehat{S}_j)$ = CV of estimated survival of eggs and larvae up to entrainment,

$CV(\widehat{F})$ = CV of estimated average annual fecundity,

A_M = age at maturation, and

A_L = age at maturity.

The behavior of the estimator for FH appears log-linear, suggesting that an approximate confidence interval can be based on the assumptions that $\ln(\widehat{FH})$ is normally distributed and uses the pivotal quantity

$$Z = \frac{\ln \widehat{FH} - \ln FH}{\sqrt{\frac{\widehat{Var}(\widehat{FH})}{\widehat{FH}^2}}}$$

A 90% confidence interval for FH was estimated by solving for FH and setting Z equal to ± 1.645 , i.e.

$$\widehat{FH} \cdot e^{-1.645 \sqrt{\frac{\widehat{Var}(FH)}{\widehat{FH}^2}}} \text{ to } \widehat{FH} \cdot e^{+1.645 \sqrt{\frac{\widehat{Var}(FH)}{\widehat{FH}^2}}}$$

Adult Equivalent Loss (AEL)

The *AEL* approach uses estimates of the abundance of entrained or impinged organisms to forecast the loss of equivalent numbers of adults. Starting with the number of age class j larvae entrained (\widehat{E}_j), it is conceptually easy to convert these numbers to an equivalent number of adults lost (\widehat{AEL}) at some specified age class from the formula:

$$\widehat{AEL} = \sum_{j=1}^n \widehat{E}_j \widehat{S}_j \tag{C3}$$

where

n = number of age classes,

\widehat{E}_j = estimated number of larvae lost in age class j , and

\widehat{S}_j = survival rate for the j th age class to adulthood (Goodyear 1978).

Age-specific survival rates from larval stage to recruitment into the fishery (through juvenile and early adult stages) must be included in this assessment method. For some commercial species, survival rates are known for adults in the fishery; but for most species, age-specific larval survivorship has not been well described.

When age-specific survival rates from larval stage to recruitment into the fishery were available, *AEL* was calculated using survival from a representative age of the entrained larvae at HnGS. This age was calculated by dividing the average larval length at entrainment (minus hatch length) by a literature-based growth rate. Age-specific survivorship for any interval of time (t) was then calculated following the formula (Ricker 1975)

$$\frac{N_t}{N_0} = e^{-Zt}$$

where

N_t = number of animals in the population at time t ,
 N_0 = number of animals in the population at time $t = 0$,
 $\frac{N_t}{N_0} = S$ (finite survivorship to time t),
 $e = 2.71828\dots$ (base of the natural log), and
 Z = instantaneous mortality rate.

Survivorship to recruitment, to an adult age, was apportioned into several age stages, and AEL was calculated using the total entrainment as

$$\widehat{AEL} = \widehat{E}_T \prod_{j=1}^n \widehat{S}_j \quad (C4)$$

where

n = number of age classes from entrainment to recruitment and
 \widehat{S}_j = survival rate from the beginning to end of the j th age class.

The variance of \widehat{AEL} can be estimated using a Taylor series approximation (Delta method of Seber 1982) as

$$\widehat{Var}(\widehat{AEL}) = \widehat{AEL}^2 \left(CV^2(\widehat{E}_T) + \sum_{j=1}^n CV^2(\widehat{S}_j) \right). \quad (C5)$$

An alternative analysis would be to compare \widehat{AEL} with the size of the adult population of interest or with fishery harvest data. This method converts numbers of adult losses into fractional loss of the population of interest (e.g., stock assessment). However, information describing adult stocks is limited for many species, and independent field estimates of survival from time of entrainment to adulthood are not available for some species. For some species where such information is unavailable, we can estimate this parameter by assuming a stationary population where an adult female must produce two adults (i.e., one male and one female). Overall survival (S_T) can then be estimated from total lifetime fecundity (TLF) by the quantity

$$\widehat{S}_T = \frac{2}{\widehat{TLF}} = \widehat{S}_{egg} \cdot \widehat{S}_{larvae} \cdot \widehat{S}_{adult},$$

which leads to

$$\widehat{S}_{adult} = \frac{2}{\widehat{TLF} \cdot \widehat{S}_{egg} \cdot \widehat{S}_{larvae}}. \quad (C6)$$

Substituting Equation 11 into the overall form of the *AEL* equation where

$$\widehat{AEL} = \hat{E}_T \cdot \hat{S}_{adult} \quad (C7)$$

yields

$$\widehat{AEL} = \frac{2(\hat{E}_T)}{\hat{S}_{egg} \cdot \hat{S}_{larva} \cdot \widehat{TLF}}$$

where

$$\widehat{AEL} \equiv 2\widehat{FH} . \quad (C8)$$

Without independent adult survival rates and assuming a 50:50 sex ratio, \widehat{AEL} and \widehat{FH} are deterministically related according to Equation 13, with an associated standard error of $\widehat{SE}(\widehat{AEL}) = 2\widehat{SE}(\widehat{FH})$. Equation 13 should be aligned so that the average female age is also the age of recruitment used in computing \widehat{AEL} . This alignment is accomplished by solving the simple exponential survival equation (Ricker 1975)

$$N_t = N_0 \cdot e^{-Z(t-t_0)}$$

by substituting numbers of either equivalent adults or hindcast females, their associated ages, and mortality rates into the equation where,

N_t = number of adults at time t ,

N_0 = number of adults at time t_0 ,

Z = instantaneous rate of natural mortality, and

t = age of hindcast animals (FH) or extrapolated age of animals (AEL).

This allows for the alignment of ages in either direction such that $2FH \equiv AEL$ since they are either hindcast or extrapolated to the same age.

The estimates of mortality calculated from the *AEL* and *FH* approaches can be compared for the same time periods for taxa where independent estimates are available for (1) survival from entrainment to recruitment into the fishery and (2) entrainment back to hatching. These comparisons serve as a method of cross-validation for the demographic approaches to impact assessment.

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Haynes Generating Station

Appendix D

Entrainment Data

D1. Data by Survey and Station

D2. Calculated Total Annual Entrainment and Standard
Error Data

Appendix D1. Data by Survey and Station

**Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances**

Survey: ABEA01
Start Date: 1/5/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	322	2,118.23
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	149	986.52
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	36	239.94
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	31	208.97
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	31	202.53
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	2	12.98
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	2	12.89
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	1	6.49
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	6.49
		Total Fishes: 575	
Eggs			
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	2	13.97
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	1	6.53
		Total Eggs: 3	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

**Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances**

Survey: ABEA02
Start Date: 1/17/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	145	987.36
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	8	55.62
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	7	47.48
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	2	13.49
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	6.91
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1	6.91
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	6.87
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	6.62
		Total Fishes: 166	
Eggs			
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	12	82.19
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	6	41.53
		Total Eggs: 18	

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA02
Start Date: 1/17/2006
Stations: E3 (continued)
Target Invertebrates
No Invertebrates

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA02
Start Date: 1/17/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,453	2,008.23
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	70	98.24
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	21	29.01
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	6	7.97
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	4	5.66
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	4	5.49
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	3	4.87
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	2	3.35
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	3	2.84
<i>Clevelandia ios</i>	arrow goby	2	2.83
<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	1.41
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	1.41
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	1.32
		Total Fishes: 1,571	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	5	6.42
		Total Target Invertebrates: 5	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA02
Start Date: 1/17/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	167	172.91
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	147	131.41
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	40	37.50
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	22	19.21
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	9	8.36
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	7	6.47
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	6	5.88
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	5	4.37
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	5	3.92
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	4	3.90
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	4	3.44
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	4	3.16
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	3	3.12
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	2	1.84
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	2	1.60
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	1.01
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	0.95
<i>Scorpaenichthys marmoratus</i>	cabezon	1	0.80
		Total Fishes: 430	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	19	17.22
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	3	2.98
<i>Cancer anthonyi</i> (megalops)	yellow crab megalops	1	1.12
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	0.91
<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops	1	0.69
		Total Target Invertebrates: 25	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA03
Start Date: 1/31/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	116	812.47
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	21	156.96
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	15	108.04
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	7	50.48
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	4	31.20
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	4	27.76
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	7.22
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	1	6.94
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	6.57
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	6.54
		Total Fishes: 171	
Eggs			
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	103	731.42
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	31	218.65
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	14	96.32
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i> (eggs)	California halibut eggs	11	73.97
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	2	13.19
		Total Eggs: 161	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA04
Start Date: 2/14/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	266	1,946.45
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	122	873.16
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	39	284.99
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	11	82.01
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	9	63.96
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	1	8.12
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	7.73
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	6.90
		Total Fishes: 450	
Eggs			
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	86	636.99
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	20	141.44
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	16	101.26
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	7	48.29
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i> (eggs)	California halibut eggs	4	27.59
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	3	22.10
		Total Eggs: 136	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA04
Start Date: 2/14/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,658	2,664.33
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	338	540.83
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	140	228.46
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	5	8.69
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	6	8.65
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	5	7.56
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	4	6.81
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	4	6.42
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	4	6.19
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	2	3.31
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	2	3.22
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	1.87
Myctophidae unid.	lanternfishes	1	1.55
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	1.53
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	1.28
		Total Fishes: 2,172	
Target Invertebrates			
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	1	1.55
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	1	1.28
		Total Target Invertebrates: 2	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA04
Start Date: 2/14/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	357	302.83
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	35	35.99
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	17	18.97
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	8	7.64
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	7	5.33
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	6	4.99
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	3	3.26
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	3	2.79
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	3	2.71
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	3	2.21
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	2	1.82
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	1.35
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	1.15
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	1.09
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	1.00
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	1	0.91
<i>Zaniolepis frenata</i>	shortspine combfish	1	0.91
<i>Sebastes</i> spp.	rockfishes	1	0.73
		Total Fishes: 451	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	5	4.77
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	3	2.93
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	1	0.82
<i>Cancer gracilis</i> (megalops)	slender crab megalops	1	0.66
		Total Target Invertebrates: 10	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA05
Start Date: 2/27/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	175	1,112.61
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	28	188.27
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	10	69.25
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	7	49.97
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	32.86
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	6.99
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	6.96
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	1	6.12
		Total Fishes: 228	
Eggs			
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	160	1,026.57
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	49	317.48
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	32	213.65
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	20	143.65
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i> (eggs)	California halibut eggs	2	13.94
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	1	6.12
		Total Eggs: 264	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA06
Start Date: 3/13/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	211	1,380.51
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	87	531.83
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	33	218.12
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	10	69.31
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	5	30.08
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	3	17.99
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	2	13.55
<i>Citharichthys sordidus</i>	Pacific sanddab	1	7.02
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	6.19
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	6.19
<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish	1	6.19
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	1	6.02
<i>Parophrys vetulus</i>	English sole	1	6.02
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	5.62
Clupeiformes unid.	herrings and anchovies	1	5.62
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	5.62
<i>Merluccius productus</i>	Pacific hake	1	5.62
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1	5.62
		Total Fishes: 362	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	564	3,535.71
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	77	483.04
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	18	120.99
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	7	41.09
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	5	31.41
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	1	6.19
		Total Eggs: 672	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i> (megs.)	yellow shore crab megalops	1	7.40
		Total Target Invertebrates: 1	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA06
Start Date: 3/13/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,218	1,799.45
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	205	305.59
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	137	188.90
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	44	86.32
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	17	24.88
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	8	12.11
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	6	8.99
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	5	6.96
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	3	5.21
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	4.33
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	2	3.53
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	2	3.47
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	2	3.31
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	2	2.85
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	1.96
<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish	1	1.81
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	1.65
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	1.43
<i>Clinocottus analis</i>	wooly sculpin	1	1.43
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	1.30
Pleuronectiformes unid.	flatfishes	1	1.17
		Total Fishes: 1,661	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i> (megs.)	yellow shore crab megalops	7	9.57
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	6	7.89
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	4	5.52
		Total Target Invertebrates: 17	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA06
Start Date: 3/13/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	3,243	3,308.91
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	698	705.03
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	55	59.31
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	cometooth blennies	44	44.53
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	42	42.65
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	42	39.85
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	24	23.16
<i>Parophrys vetulus</i>	English sole	24	21.92
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	20	19.05
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	14	14.05
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	13	12.93
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	11	12.54
<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish	11	12.19
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	13	11.68
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	10	9.58
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	9	9.02
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	11	9.00
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	8	8.16
<i>Merluccius productus</i>	Pacific hake	6	5.97
<i>Sebastes</i> spp.	rockfishes	4	3.32
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	3	3.07
<i>Clinocottus analis</i>	wooly sculpin	2	2.60
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	2.03
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	2	1.97
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	2	1.86
Chaenopsidae unid.	tube blennies	2	1.78
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1	1.30
<i>Neoclinus</i> spp.	fringeheads	1	1.12
<i>Ruscarius creaseri</i>	roughcheek sculpin	1	1.12
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp.	sanddabs	1	1.09
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	1.01
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	0.99
<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.99
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbots	1	0.84
<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	1	0.83
Cottidae unid.	sculpins	1	0.66
		Total Fishes: 4,325	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	107	101.51
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	13	14.05
<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i> (megs.)	yellow shore crab megalops	5	4.66
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	3	3.49
<i>Petrolisthes</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	1	1.35
<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i> (megalops)	striped shore crab megalops	1	1.30

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA06
Start Date: 3/13/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3 (continued)

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Target Invertebrates (continued)			
<i>Cancer gracilis</i> (megalops)	slender crab megalops	1	1.12
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	1.12
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	1	0.73
		Total Target Invertebrates: 133	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA07
Start Date: 3/26/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	179	1,257.33
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	35	242.35
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	28	199.52
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	13	91.01
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	10	73.29
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	4	28.05
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	3	20.09
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	2	15.36
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	2	15.00
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	13.93
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	2	13.75
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	2	12.77
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	7.68
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	7.68
<i>Rhinogobiops nicholsii</i>	blackeye goby	1	7.58
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	6.86
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1	6.86
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	6.34
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	1	5.96
		Total Fishes: 289	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	487	3,448.40
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	117	827.92
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	81	552.19
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	46	323.36
Atherinopsidae unid. (eggs)	silverside eggs	43	272.76
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	34	225.83
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	7	45.58
		Total Eggs: 815	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	8	61.08
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	4	29.64
<i>Hemigrapsus</i> spp. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	3	19.28
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	1	7.68
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	6.43
		Total Target Invertebrates: 17	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA08
Start Date: 4/10/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	323	2,276.40
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	76	515.24
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	38	256.58
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	22	151.96
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	14	89.56
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	14	87.81
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	7	45.44
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	3	21.93
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	2	14.92
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	2	14.60
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2	13.52
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1	7.61
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	7.31
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	7.30
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	1	6.08
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	1	6.08
		Total Fishes: 508	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	499	3,331.35
Sciaenidae unid. (eggs)	croaker eggs	86	608.21
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	35	245.76
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	18	124.12
<i>Atherinops affinis</i> (eggs)	topsmelt eggs	11	74.21
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	6	42.84
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	2	15.23
		Total Eggs: 657	
Target Invertebrates			
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	3	21.36
<i>Hemigrapsus</i> spp. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	2	12.29
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	2	12.29
		Total Target Invertebrates: 7	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA08
Start Date: 4/10/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	2,045	2,877.24
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	683	951.10
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	189	258.24
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	155	205.31
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	114	153.65
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	36	49.70
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	31	43.18
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	31	41.83
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	31	39.32
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	26	34.69
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	6	8.08
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	5	6.69
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	4	5.77
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	4	4.99
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	3	4.88
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	3	4.23
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	2	3.35
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	3.17
<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	2	2.64
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	2.25
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	1.64
<i>Clevelandia ios</i>	arrow goby	1	1.47
<i>Sebastes</i> spp.	rockfishes	1	1.47
<i>Merluccius productus</i>	Pacific hake	1	1.46
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	1	1.39
Gobiesocidae unid.	clingfishes	1	1.31
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	1.31
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	1.07
		Total Fishes: 3,382	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	48	69.11
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	47	64.02
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	24	31.63
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	20	27.36
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	6	8.20
<i>Hemigrapsus</i> spp. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	4	5.71
<i>Pachycheles</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crabs megalops	2	3.21
<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops	2	2.66
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	2	2.54
Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	1	1.39
		Total Target Invertebrates: 156	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA08
Start Date: 4/10/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	2,565	2,749.78
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,460	1,444.36
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	760	832.77
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	458	475.18
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	144	135.86
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	52	49.64
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	45	46.08
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	36	36.64
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	30	31.62
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	25	27.48
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	15	16.51
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	15	13.53
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	13	13.40
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	13	12.93
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	13	12.23
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	11	11.46
<i>Parophrys vetulus</i>	English sole	9	9.87
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	9	9.83
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbots	9	9.58
<i>Merluccius productus</i>	Pacific hake	7	7.73
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	7	7.16
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	6	6.37
<i>Sebastes</i> spp.	rockfishes	6	5.73
<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish	5	5.73
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	5	4.97
<i>Citharichthys sordidus</i>	Pacific sanddab	3	3.66
<i>Clinocottus analis</i>	wooly sculpin	3	3.05
Pleuronectiformes unid.	flatfishes	2	2.15
<i>Rhinogobiops nicholsii</i>	blackeye goby	2	2.15
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	2	1.81
<i>Icelinus quadriseriatus</i>	yellowchin sculpin	1	1.27
<i>Bathylagus ochotensis</i>	popeye blacksmelt	1	1.15
Ophidiidae unid.	cusk-eels	1	1.13
<i>Ruscarius creaseri</i>	roughcheek sculpin	1	1.11
Haemulidae unid.	grunts	1	0.95
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.95
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	1	0.93
Hexagrammidae unid.	greenlings	1	0.87
<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.72
		Total Fishes: 5,739	

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA08
Start Date: 4/10/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3 (continued)

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	739	739.67
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	163	156.66
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	117	118.67
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	51	53.97
<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops	36	35.06
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	31	31.02
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	25	27.17
<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops	15	15.22
Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	16	14.50
<i>Hemigrapsus</i> spp. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	9	9.61
<i>Petrolisthes</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	7	6.99
<i>Pachycheles rudis</i> (megalops)	thickclaw porcelain crab	7	6.48
<i>Pachycheles</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crabs megalops	6	5.98
<i>Cancer anthonyi</i> (megalops)	yellow crab megalops	3	3.38
Diogenidae (megalops)	left-handed hermit crabs	3	2.80
<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	market squid	2	2.25
<i>Cancer</i> spp. (megalops)	cancer crabs megalops	1	1.12
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	1	0.93
Total Target Invertebrates:		1,232	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA09
Start Date: 4/24/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	282	1,751.65
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	249	1,410.74
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	cometooth blennies	125	739.00
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	38	225.15
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	33	202.50
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	10	56.95
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	3	17.24
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	6.39
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	5.99
<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	1	5.94
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	1	5.60
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	5.40
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	5.40
		Total Fishes: 746	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	831	4,885.26
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	99	604.67
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	54	311.94
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	18	105.65
Sciaenidae unid. (eggs)	croaker eggs	4	24.84
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	4	23.10
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs	3	18.87
<i>Atherinops affinis</i> (eggs)	topsmelt eggs	1	5.46
		Total Eggs: 1,014	
Target Invertebrates			
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	3	18.08
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	2	11.59
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	2	11.45
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	1	5.99
<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	market squid	1	5.40
		Total Target Invertebrates: 9	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA10
Start Date: 5/8/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	293	1,934.35
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	263	1,845.25
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	160	1,113.14
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	35	236.51
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	23	160.71
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	34.07
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	2	13.01
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	7.74
<i>Rhinogobiops nicholsii</i>	blackeye goby	1	7.74
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	1	6.78
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	6.50
<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	6.23
		Total Fishes: 786	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	244	1,725.73
<i>Atherinops affinis</i> (eggs)	topsmelt eggs	3	21.61
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	1	8.12
		Total Eggs: 248	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	7.60
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	6.78
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	1	6.78
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	1	6.23
		Total Target Invertebrates: 4	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA10
Start Date: 5/8/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,548	2,319.10
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	1,281	1,989.61
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	549	809.89
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	224	337.95
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	24	36.96
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	20	31.85
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	18	28.72
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	11	18.11
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	12	18.08
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	10	15.84
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbots	5	7.94
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	4	7.00
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	5.52
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	3	5.13
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	3	4.50
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	2	3.33
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	2	3.15
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	2	3.09
<i>Paraclinus</i> spp.	clinid	2	2.78
<i>Ruscarius creaseri</i>	roughcheek sculpin	1	1.82
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1	1.48
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	1.43
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	1	1.27
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	1.25
		Total Fishes: 3,729	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	19	28.44
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	19	27.35
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	12	18.97
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	10	14.31
<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops	2	2.75
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	1.25
		Total Target Invertebrates: 63	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA10
Start Date: 5/8/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	681	664.18
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	401	396.93
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	392	375.64
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	290	258.57
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	65	63.64
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	14	14.31
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	12	11.54
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	13	11.01
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	10	10.35
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	9	8.68
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	9	7.68
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	6	5.47
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	4	4.17
<i>Oxylebius pictus</i>	painted greenling	4	3.90
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbots	4	3.53
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	3.35
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	4	3.25
<i>Ruscarius creaseri</i>	roughcheek sculpin	3	3.05
<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish	3	2.85
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	2	2.01
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	2	1.80
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	2	1.76
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	1	1.14
Ophidiidae unid.	cusks-eels	1	1.14
<i>Parophrys vetulus</i>	English sole	1	1.14
<i>Citharichthys sordidus</i>	Pacific sanddab	1	1.08
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.96
<i>Artedius lateralis</i>	smoothhead sculpin	1	0.90
<i>Rhinogobiops nicholsii</i>	blackeye goby	1	0.90
<i>Oxyjulis californica</i>	senorita	1	0.83
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	1	0.83
<i>Sebastes</i> spp.	rockfishes	1	0.80
<i>Zaniolepis frenata</i>	shortspine combfish	1	0.80
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.78
<i>Clinocottus analis</i>	wooly sculpin	1	0.78
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	1	0.72
<i>Paraclinus</i> spp.	clinid	1	0.72
		Total Fishes: 1,948	

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA10
Start Date: 5/8/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3 (continued)

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	72	71.00
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	28	26.29
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	20	18.93
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	14	11.59
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	5	4.65
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	4	3.88
<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops	4	3.54
<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops	3	2.58
Diogenidae (megalops)	left-handed hermit crabs	2	1.67
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	2	1.59
<i>Cancer</i> spp. (megalops)	cancer crabs megalops	1	0.97
Total Target Invertebrates:		155	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA11
Start Date: 5/22/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1,739	10,350.00
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	425	2,594.85
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	305	2,067.50
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	256	1,520.06
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	19	125.89
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	4	27.85
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	3	19.13
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	2	14.70
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	2	13.49
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	2	11.66
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	1	7.72
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	6.18
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	5.77
		Total Fishes: 2,760	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	325	2,050.13
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	73	481.01
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	29	176.65
Sciaenidae unid. (eggs)	croaker eggs	28	166.36
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	20	127.51
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	4	24.18
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	1	5.91
		Total Eggs: 480	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	5.77
		Total Target Invertebrates: 1	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA12
Start Date: 6/5/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	544	3,813.26
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	433	3,076.48
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	25	173.71
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	7	48.65
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	20.49
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	1	7.45
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	7.32
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	7.32
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	7.22
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	1	7.22
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	7.22
		Total Fishes: 1,018	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	104	728.37
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	30	211.90
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	1	7.45
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	1	7.22
		Total Eggs: 136	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrapment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA12
Start Date: 6/5/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	2,294	3,589.62
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	1,076	1,735.02
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	37	65.44
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	21	35.46
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	20	34.13
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	20	28.11
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	14	23.25
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	13	21.99
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	13	20.97
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	11	18.40
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	7	12.01
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	7	11.08
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	7	10.83
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	4	6.96
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	3	5.18
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	2	3.33
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	2	2.98
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	1.95
<i>Clinocottus</i> spp.	sculpins	1	1.82
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	1	1.79
<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>	Pacific butterfish	1	1.68
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1	1.49
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	1.29
		Total Fishes: 3,557	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	5	8.40
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	4	6.34
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	2	2.97
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	1	1.68
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	1	1.29
		Total Target Invertebrates: 13	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA12
Start Date: 6/5/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	860	870.72
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	760	716.56
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	374	368.04
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	292	270.34
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	116	113.51
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	91	87.90
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	72	69.42
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	51	50.84
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	58	50.46
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	51	49.78
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	38	37.94
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	29	29.23
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	27	24.69
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	21	19.71
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	16	16.58
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	12	11.74
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	11	11.67
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	12	10.97
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	8	8.11
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	5	4.77
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	5	4.60
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	4	4.21
<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>	Pacific butterfish	4	3.88
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	3	3.54
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbots	4	3.53
Scorpaenidae unid.	scorpionfishes	2	2.18
<i>Menticirrhus undulatus</i>	California corbina	2	2.08
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	1.99
<i>Sphyaena argentea</i>	Pacific barracuda	2	1.88
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	2	1.65
<i>Clinocottus</i> spp.	sculpins	1	1.08
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	1.05
<i>Girella nigricans</i>	opaleye	1	1.03
<i>Semicossyphus pulcher</i>	California sheephead	1	1.03
Cynoglossidae unid.	tongue soles	1	0.94
Pleuronectiformes unid.	flatfishes	1	0.91
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	1	0.91
<i>Oxyjulis californica</i>	senorita	1	0.85
Paralichthyidae unid.	sand flounders	1	0.85
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.81
		Total Fishes: 2,944	

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA12
Start Date: 6/5/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3 (continued)

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	27	28.16
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	16	16.34
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	8	8.09
<i>Petrolisthes</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	7	7.69
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	6	6.30
<i>Pachycheles</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crabs megalops	6	6.00
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	5	5.54
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	3	3.35
Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	3	3.21
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	3	3.18
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	2	2.29
<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops	1	1.05
<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops	1	0.91
		Total Target Invertebrates: 88	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA13
Start Date: 6/19/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	335	2,256.06
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	187	1,285.60
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	17	115.98
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	7	47.47
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	6	41.77
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	32.40
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	3	21.26
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	3	20.70
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	7.30
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	7.18
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	6.48
		Total Fishes: 566	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	72	528.53
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	50	361.77
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	1	6.34
		Total Eggs: 123	

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA13
Start Date: 6/19/2006
Stations: E3 continued

Target Invertebrates
No Invertebrates

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA14
Start Date: 7/5/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	345	2,300.65
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	167	1,144.53
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	10	65.66
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	2	13.69
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	6.85
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	1	6.53
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	6.32
		Total Fishes: 527	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	96	640.29
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	12	83.19
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	1	6.94
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	1	6.32
		Total Eggs: 110	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA14
Start Date: 7/5/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,290	1,646.15
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	942	1,178.24
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	48	73.04
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	32	43.33
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	12	14.56
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	11	13.74
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	8	11.09
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	8	10.66
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	6	7.17
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	5	6.25
<i>Ilypnus gilberti</i>	cheekspot goby	3	4.15
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	3	4.15
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	2	2.57
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	1	1.34
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	1.16
		Total Fishes: 2,372	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	5	6.39
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	4	4.74
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	3	3.75
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	2	2.37
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	1	1.19
		Total Target Invertebrates: 15	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA14
Start Date: 7/5/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	cometooth blennies	520	536.32
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	365	378.48
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	140	151.45
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	86	89.81
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	34	36.93
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	25	24.46
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	15	16.95
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	11	10.63
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	11	8.99
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	8	8.53
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	8	7.94
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	7	7.27
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	5	4.58
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	2	2.46
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	2	2.46
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	2	1.93
Pomacentridae unid.	damsel fishes	1	1.21
<i>Oxyjulis californica</i>	senorita	1	1.15
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.98
Scorpaenidae unid.	scorpionfishes	1	0.96
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	0.72
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	1	0.72
		Total Fishes: 1,247	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	10	8.95
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	10	7.73
<i>Pachycheles</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crabs megalops	4	4.58
<i>Petrolisthes</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	3	2.97
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	2	1.81
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	2	1.79
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	2	1.78
Hippoidea (megalops)	mole crab megalops	1	1.21
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	1	1.21
Diogenidae (megalops)	left-handed hermit crabs	1	1.00
Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	1	1.00
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	1	0.96
<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops	1	0.94
		Total Target Invertebrates: 39	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA15
Start Date: 7/17/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	212	1,391.18
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	58	382.07
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	12	93.55
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	2	14.29
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	6.68
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	1	6.68
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	6.46
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	6.19
		Total Fishes: 288	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	65	426.18
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	45	323.98
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	4	25.57
		Total Eggs: 114	
Target Invertebrates			
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	6.46
		Total Target Invertebrates: 1	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA16
Start Date: 7/31/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	294	1,887.04
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	100	657.86
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	2	12.41
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	2	11.83
<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	7.83
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	6.73
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	6.50
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	1	5.63
		Total Fishes: 402	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	96	598.37
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	28	200.87
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	1	7.83
		Total Eggs: 125	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA17
Start Date: 8/14/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	592	4,185.14
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	89	638.68
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	3	23.86
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	2	12.98
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	1	8.23
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	7.95
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	7.41
<i>Umbrina roncador</i>	yellowfin croaker	1	7.37
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	6.45
		Total Fishes: 691	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	293	2,072.63
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	17	133.86
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	3	20.31
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	1	8.06
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	1	6.53
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	1	6.30
		Total Eggs: 316	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA17
Start Date: 8/14/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	3,748	5,638.47
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	546	801.37
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	25	38.80
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	13	19.16
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	6	8.85
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	2	2.94
<i>Umbrina roncador</i>	yellowfin croaker	1	1.93
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	1	1.83
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	1.67
unidentified fish, damaged	unidentified damaged fish	1	1.39
		Total Fishes: 4,344	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	1	1.78
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	1.21
		Total Target Invertebrates: 2	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA17
Start Date: 8/14/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	746	622.44
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	cometooth blennies	291	275.73
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	34	31.46
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	7	7.21
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	7	7.11
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	7	6.19
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	5	4.84
unidentified fish, damaged	unidentified damaged fish	5	4.49
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	4	3.93
<i>Menticirrhus undulatus</i>	California corbina	3	2.55
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	2	1.99
<i>Oxyjulis californica</i>	senorita	2	1.95
Paralichthyidae unid.	sand flounders	2	1.66
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	1	1.14
<i>Sphyræna argentea</i>	Pacific barracuda	1	1.12
<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>	Pacific butterfish	1	1.11
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	1.05
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	1	0.93
<i>Hypsoblennius jenkinsi</i>	mussel blenny	1	0.89
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1	0.89
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	1	0.84
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	0.84
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.72
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.71
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	1	0.69
		Total Fishes: 1,127	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	23	17.44
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	6	4.56
<i>Panulirus interruptus</i> (phyllosome)	California spiny lobster	3	2.99
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	3	2.86
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	3	2.57
<i>Petrolisthes</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	2	1.77
Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	1	0.76
<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops	1	0.72
<i>Panulirus interruptus</i>	California spiny lobster	1	0.71
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	0.69
		Total Target Invertebrates: 44	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA18
Start Date: 8/28/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	364	2,766.09
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	91	698.81
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	8	56.93
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	3	22.07
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	7.87
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	7.67
Haemulidae unid.	grunts	1	7.38
<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	1	7.38
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	6.54
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	1	6.54
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	6.54
		Total Fishes: 473	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	163	1,217.32
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	30	229.02
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	27	200.37
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	9	68.93
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	3	22.20
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	1	7.38
Sciaenidae unid. (eggs)	croaker eggs	1	7.38
		Total Eggs: 234	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	8.03
		Total Target Invertebrates: 1	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA19
Start Date: 9/11/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	240	1,669.33
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	59	420.52
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	21.06
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	2	13.18
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	1	7.23
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	1	6.59
		Total Fishes: 306	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	94	665.67
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	9	64.77
Sciaen. / Paralich. / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs	6	39.55
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs	4	26.80
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	4	26.80
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	1	7.23
		Total Eggs: 118	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	7.82
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	5.71
		Total Target Invertebrates: 2	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA19
Start Date: 9/11/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	902	1,466.82
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	262	426.93
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	8	12.77
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	6	10.38
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	4	6.76
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	3	5.56
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	3	5.24
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	3	5.19
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	1.34
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	1.33
		Total Fishes: 1,193	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	5	8.01
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	4	7.12
		Total Target Invertebrates: 9	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA19
Start Date: 9/11/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	200	226.65
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	cometooth blennies	173	188.92
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	61	69.80
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	47	52.97
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	44	50.60
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	23	26.94
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	11	12.65
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	10	12.08
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	9	9.50
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	8	9.24
<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish	4	4.51
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	3	3.61
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	3	3.46
<i>Ophidion scrippsae</i>	basketweave cusk-eel	3	3.12
Blennioidei unid.	blennies	2	2.50
<i>Citharichthys sordidus</i>	Pacific sanddab	2	2.46
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	2	2.41
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	2	2.30
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	2	2.07
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	2	2.07
<i>Menticirrhus undulatus</i>	California corbina	2	1.90
<i>Umbrina roncador</i>	yellowfin croaker	2	1.87
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	1	1.34
<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	1	1.34
<i>Halichoeres semicinctus</i>	rock wrasse	1	1.25
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	1.23
<i>Semicossyphus pulcher</i>	California sheephead	1	1.22
<i>Girella nigricans</i>	opaleye	1	1.18
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	1	1.18
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	1.13
Pleuronectiformes unid.	flatfishes	1	1.13
<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	1.03
Ophidiidae unid.	cusk-eels	1	1.03
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	1.03
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	1.02
Paralichthyidae unid.	sand flounders	1	0.88
		Total Fishes: 629	

(continued)

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA19
Start Date: 9/11/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3 (continued)

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	8	9.92
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	4	5.01
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	3	3.54
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	2	2.40
<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops	1	1.34
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	1	1.25
Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops	1	1.25
<i>Pachycheles</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crabs megalops	1	1.18
		Total Target Invertebrates: 21	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA20
Start Date: 9/25/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	237	1,687.51
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	97	716.27
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	3	24.24
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2	13.43
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	8.04
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	8.04
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	6.95
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	6.95
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	6.95
		Total Fishes: 344	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	8	56.30
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	1	6.95
		Total Eggs: 9	
Target Invertebrates			
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	7.44
		Total Target Invertebrates: 1	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA21
Start Date: 10/9/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	146	1,022.66
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	54	379.21
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	3	19.14
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	6.93
		Total Fishes: 204	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	26	187.65
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	5	36.08
Labridae unid. (eggs)	wrasse eggs	1	6.71
		Total Eggs: 32	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA21
Start Date: 10/9/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	548	742.16
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	104	156.22
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	7	10.00
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	8	9.82
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	6	8.10
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	4	6.59
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	3	3.81
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	2	2.87
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	1.72
Gobiesocidae unid.	clingfishes	1	1.72
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	1	1.37
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	1.36
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	1.36
		Total Fishes: 687	
Target Invertebrates			
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	2	2.93
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	1	1.36
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	1.15
		Total Target Invertebrates: 4	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA21
Start Date: 10/9/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	115	124.26
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	89	97.46
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	48	52.42
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	9	9.54
<i>Triphoturus mexicanus</i>	Mexican lampfish	4	4.35
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	4	4.26
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	3	3.54
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	3	3.07
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	2.56
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	1.22
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	1.04
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1	1.03
Blennioidei unid.	blennies	1	1.02
		Total Fishes: 281	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	4	4.97
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	1	1.22
		Total Target Invertebrates: 5	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA22
Start Date: 10/23/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	71	494.43
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	67	490.42
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	13.79
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	1	7.67
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	1	6.89
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	6.59
		Total Fishes: 143	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	7	51.00
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	2	14.31
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	2	13.48
		Total Eggs: 11	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA23
Start Date: 11/6/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	74	480.70
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	14	91.18
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	6.74
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	1	6.67
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	6.36
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	6.15
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	6.11
		Total Fishes: 93	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	5	31.87
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	2	13.10
		Total Eggs: 7	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Loxorhynchus</i> spp.	spider crabs	2	14.71
		Total Target Invertebrates: 2	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA23
Start Date: 11/6/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	456	718.18
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	cometooth blennies	62	104.02
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	7	10.65
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	6	8.69
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	4	7.10
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	7.03
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	2	3.65
<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	2	3.55
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	2	3.40
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2	2.73
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1	1.87
<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes	1	1.78
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	1.66
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	1	1.55
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	1.16
		Total Fishes: 552	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	3	5.45
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	2	3.40
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	1.81
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	1.80
		Total Target Invertebrates: 7	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA23
Start Date: 11/6/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	312	332.57
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	244	273.07
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	32	36.47
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	23	26.23
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	18	18.89
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	8	8.81
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	6	6.69
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	5	5.76
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	5	5.25
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	3	3.85
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	2	2.67
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	2	2.56
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	2	2.32
<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	1	1.06
		Total Fishes: 663	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	34	36.76
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	4	4.21
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	2	2.00
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	1.06
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	1	1.06
		Total Target Invertebrates: 42	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA24
Start Date: 11/20/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	109	731.74
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	30	200.82
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	15	101.83
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	6	39.59
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	3	20.23
Chaenopsidae unid.	tube blennies	1	6.60
		Total Fishes: 164	
Eggs			
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	7	47.46
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	5	33.08
Blenniidae (eggs)	blenny eggs	3	20.42
		Total Eggs: 15	
Target Invertebrates			
No Invertebrates			

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA25
Start Date: 12/4/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	100	704.27
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	18	119.71
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	12	82.23
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	7	47.57
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	3	20.04
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	1	8.07
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	1	7.32
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1	7.32
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	6.60
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	6.60
<i>Umbrina roncador</i>	yellowfin croaker	1	6.07
		Total Fishes: 146	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	76	522.12
Sciaenidae unid. (eggs)	croaker eggs	21	146.91
Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs	5	36.61
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	3	19.66
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	1	7.32
		Total Eggs: 106	
Target Invertebrates			
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	8.07
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	6.34
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	1	6.07
		Total Target Invertebrates: 3	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA25
Start Date: 12/4/2006
Stations: H1-H4

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	446	670.76
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	52	73.77
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	31	50.80
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	11	15.59
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	4	6.49
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	4	5.79
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	3	3.83
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	2	3.28
<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	2	3.10
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	2	2.79
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	1.71
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	1	1.69
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1	1.68
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	1.49
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	1.17
		Total Fishes: 562	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	15	20.55
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	11	17.55
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	4	5.63
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	2	3.46
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	2	3.21
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	2	2.65
<i>Cancer anthonyi</i> (megalops)	yellow crab megalops	1	1.73
		Total Target Invertebrates: 37	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA25
Start Date: 12/4/2006
Stations: O1-O3, S1-S3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	650	668.08
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	315	313.16
<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	34	35.03
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	25	26.73
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	18	17.89
<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby	11	10.34
larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes	9	9.69
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	9	8.97
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	8	8.67
<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	7	7.08
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	7	6.98
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	6	6.16
<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	5	5.11
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	4	4.05
<i>Citharichthys sordidus</i>	Pacific sanddab	3	3.20
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	3	3.15
<i>Clinocottus analis</i>	wooly sculpin	2	2.30
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	2	2.00
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	1	1.08
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	1.06
Cottidae unid.	sculpins	1	1.02
		Total Fishes: 1,121	
Target Invertebrates			
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	168	175.34
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	27	27.13
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	12	12.50
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	5	5.10
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	3	2.99
Diogenidae (megalops)	left-handed hermit crabs	1	1.02
<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops	1	0.98
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1	0.97
		Total Target Invertebrates: 218	

Haynes Generating Station
Entrainment Study - Fish and Invertebrate Abundances

Survey: ABEA26
Start Date: 12/18/2006
Stations: E3

Taxon	Common Name	Count	Mean Concentration (#/1,000m ³)
Fishes			
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	127	924.73
<i>Atherinopsidae</i> unid.	silversides	65	502.54
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	29	211.29
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	10	72.50
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	31.50
<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	4	30.30
larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes	2	14.75
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	1	7.32
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	6.96
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	1	6.37
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	1	6.37
		Total Fishes: 245	
Eggs			
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	13	98.97
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs	2	15.11
Labridae unid. (eggs)	wrasse eggs	1	7.32
Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs	1	6.96
		Total Eggs: 17	
Target Invertebrates			
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	1	7.32
		Total Target Invertebrates: 1	

Appendix D2. Calculated Annual Entrainment and Standard Error Data

Table D2-1. Calculated total annual entrainment and standard error of larval fish and eggs at HnGS in 2006 based on actual and design cooling water intake flow volumes.

Taxon	Common Name	Calculated Annual Entrainment (Actual Flows)	Standard Error	Calculated Annual Entrainment (Design Flows)	Standard Error
Larval Fish					
Gobiidae unid.	gobies	1,828,364,516	71,589,462	2,334,220,376	87,312,721
Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides	920,323,104	132,981,650	1,062,818,072	143,372,928
<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies	732,022,349	25,578,857	915,313,887	31,887,073
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	75,425,299	4,341,458	96,188,344	5,330,046
Engraulidae unid.	anchovies	22,673,541	1,037,682	27,301,289	1,252,501
Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies	15,068,186	1,010,349	19,493,190	1,334,399
Gobiesocidae unid.	clingfishes	9,088,713	621,893	11,712,226	798,276
unidentified fish, damaged	unidentified damaged fish	8,705,487	474,547	11,578,027	632,124
Sciaenidae unid.	croakers	7,187,066	851,266	9,313,532	1,072,359
<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes	3,583,074	351,045	5,590,130	561,815
<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes	3,111,275	262,278	3,765,987	314,935
<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2,664,083	261,515	3,409,219	317,971
<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2,490,643	336,755	2,937,768	382,131
larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae	2,415,796	288,351	3,051,218	353,785
<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby	2,024,413	170,918	2,715,310	226,266
<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1,977,286	209,589	2,550,861	265,538
<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby	1,961,918	232,165	2,453,304	280,529
larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes	1,184,545	173,545	1,620,620	235,840
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1,153,745	199,518	1,520,648	257,327
<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi	985,374	122,987	1,381,248	170,008
<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	876,157	234,166	1,491,536	398,630
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp.	sanddabs	821,712	112,551	1,026,911	139,405
<i>Rhinogobiops nicholsii</i>	blackeye goby	703,083	133,859	823,133	155,565
<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	626,312	116,889	764,490	142,115
<i>Umbrina roncadore</i>	yellowfin croaker	506,822	97,391	721,836	137,049

(table continued)

Table D2-1 (continued). Calculated total annual entrainment and standard error of larval fish and eggs at HnGS in 2006 based on actual and design cooling water intake flow volumes.

Taxon	Common Name	Calculated Annual Entrainment (Actual Flows)		Calculated Annual Entrainment (Design Flows)	
			Standard Error		Standard Error
Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders	385,901	103,238	414,783	110,856
Haemulidae unid.	grunts	375,837	100,448	396,576	105,989
<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	375,837	100,448	396,576	105,989
<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass	359,420	96,164	388,533	103,840
<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker	332,942	88,984	351,314	93,893
<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish	268,400	72,325	332,364	88,828
<i>Parophrys vetulus</i>	English sole	260,975	70,324	323,169	86,371
<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	255,242	68,264	319,095	85,282
Clupeiformes unid.	herrings and anchovies	243,832	65,705	301,941	80,697
<i>Merluccius productus</i>	Pacific hake	243,832	65,705	301,941	80,697
Chaenopsidae unid.	tube blennies	161,673	43,735	354,629	94,779
		3,649,208,392		4,527,644,084	
Fish Eggs					
fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs	1,191,101,773	50,804,750	1,474,924,676	63,156,902
Paralichthyidae unid.)	sand flounder eggs	183,531,130	8,312,029	236,704,432	10,688,292
Sciaenidae / Paralichthyidae / Labridae	SPL fish eggs	90,493,059	5,266,737	109,555,973	5,913,154
<i>Citharichthys</i> spp.	sanddab eggs	63,124,903	3,948,597	80,387,665	4,943,657
<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker eggs	57,836,910	2,103,521	86,480,192	3,219,014
Sciaenidae unid.	croaker eggs	40,580,902	3,589,670	51,237,429	4,429,581
<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbot eggs	28,681,415	2,146,415	36,053,832	2,642,169
Atherinopsidae unid.	silverside eggs	11,560,935	3,111,232	14,653,846	3,916,405
Engraulidae unid.	anchovy eggs	11,128,912	846,961	14,029,527	1,092,083
<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt eggs	4,427,698	679,702	5,441,190	844,679
<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut eggs	3,894,210	483,333	6,151,903	757,002
Labridae unid.	wrasse eggs	733,860	124,571	950,979	160,889
Blenniidae	blenny eggs	500,220	135,318	1,097,230	293,247
		1,687,595,926		2,117,668,875	

Table D2-2. Calculated total annual entrainment and standard error of target shellfishes at HnGS in 2006 based on actual and design cooling water intake flow volumes.

Taxon	Common Name	Calculated Annual Entrainment		Calculated Annual Entrainment	
		(Actual Flows)	Standard Error	(Design Flows)	Standard Error
Target Invertebrates					
Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops	4,264,792	379,948	5,217,248	465,125
<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops	3,629,771	708,905	4,586,866	891,821
<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops	2,031,387	372,519	2,574,200	468,622
unidentified crab (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1,949,343	219,836	2,464,009	275,528
Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops	1,549,133	188,218	1,826,174	221,370
<i>Loxorhynchus</i> spp.	spider crabs	565,680	151,222	790,366	211,234
Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops	325,547	87,610	412,641	110,283
Majidae unid. (megalops)	spider crab megalops	307,149	82,213	334,557	89,414
<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	market squid	231,898	62,021	289,912	77,482
Total		14,854,700		18,495,973	

Haynes Generating Station

Appendix E

Impingement Data

E1. Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

E2. Heat Treatment Impingement Data – Fish

E3. Normal Operation Impingement Data – Invertebrate

E4. Heat Treatment Impingement Data – Invertebrate

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI1

Start Date: January 4, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.008
			1	0.008
2	None			
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
			1	0.004
4	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.003
			1	0.003
5	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.	1	0.009
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.001
			2	0.010

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI2

Start Date: January 11, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
2	None			
3	None			
4	None			
5	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.526
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.527
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI3

Start Date: January 18, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
2	None			
3	None			
4	None			
5	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.	1	0.034
	<i>Odontopyxis trispinosa</i>	pygmy poacher	1	0.002
	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish	1	0.011
			3	0.047
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI4

Start Date: January 25, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Ophidion scrippsae</i>	basketweave cusk-eel	1	0.107
			1	0.107
2	None			
3	<i>Syngnathus californiensis</i>	kelp pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	None			
5	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI5

Start Date: February 1, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.002
			3	0.003
2	None			
3	None			
4	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
5	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.003
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.414
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.002
		5	0.420	
6	None	NO FISH		

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI6
Start Date: February 8, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	2	0.002
			2	0.002
2	None			
3	None			
4	None			
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.006
	<i>Syngnathus californiensis</i>	kelp pipefish	2	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			4	0.009
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI7

Start Date: February 15, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
2	None			
3	None			
4	None			
5	<i>Ilypnus gilberti</i>	cheekspot goby	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.002
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.007
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.003
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.131
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.035
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	11	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.003
			17	0.183

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI8

Start Date: February 22, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.665
			1	0.665
2	None			
3	None			
4	None			
5	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
6	<i>Anchoa compressa</i>	deepbody anchovy	1	0.008
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.003
	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.	1	0.006
	Clinidae	kelp blenny, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.407
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.001
			8	0.426

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSF19

Start Date: March 1, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.007
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	2	0.003
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	3	0.001
			7	0.011
2	None			
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.006
			1	0.006
4	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.008
			1	0.008
5	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.002
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	11	0.164
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.111
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.006
	<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	1	0.015
	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish	1	0.010
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			19	0.309

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI10

Start Date: March 8, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.003
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.001
			4	0.005
2	None			
3	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	None			
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.080
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	6	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			12	0.084

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI11

Start Date: March 15, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish	1	0.014
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	3	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.044
			5	0.059
2	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
3	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	None			
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.038
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	0.006
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.002
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.002
	<i>Rhinobatos productus</i>	shovelnose guitarfish	1	0.700
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	13	0.007
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	4	0.002
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.139
		27	0.898	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI12

Start Date: March 22, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.054
			2	0.055
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.033
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.003
			5	0.036
3	None			
4	None			
5	None			
6				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.077
	<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab	1	0.010
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	16	0.005
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.186
			22	0.283

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI13

Start Date: March 29, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.005
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	16	0.004
	<i>Synodus lucioceps</i>	California lizardfish	1	0.003
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.044
			19	0.056
2	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	28	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.002
			34	0.005
3	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.003
			2	0.005
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.073
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.004
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	4	1.228
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.002
	<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot	1	0.045
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.018
	<i>Sebastes miniatus</i>	vermillion rockfish	1	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.003
	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish	1	0.021
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	13	0.006
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.002
			31	1.404

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI14

Start Date: April 5, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.005
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.047
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	16	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys notatus</i>	plainfin midshipman	1	0.186
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	10	0.002
			31	0.242
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.049
			1	0.049
3	None			
4	None			
5				
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	1	0.002
	<i>Porichthys notatus</i>	plainfin midshipman	1	0.010
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			3	0.013
6				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.003
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	13	0.358
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.358
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	2	0.006
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	2	0.498
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	9	5.244
	<i>Porichthys notatus</i>	plainfin midshipman	3	0.280
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	10	0.019
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.003
	<i>Torpedo californica</i>	Pacific electric ray	1	13.700
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	7	4.216
			52	24.685

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI15
Start Date: April 12, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	None			
2	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.003
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.004
3	None			
4	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.045
			1	0.045
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.057
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.034
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.243
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.003
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.553
			5	0.890
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	11	0.273
	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.159
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.037
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	0.001
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.226
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.003
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	6	0.883
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	4	1.706
			31	3.291

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI16

Start Date: April 19, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	None			
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.040
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	2	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			4	0.042
3	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.010
			1	0.010
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	0.170
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.046
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.005
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.003
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.003
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	5	1.580
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.002
			18	1.811

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI17

Start Date: April 26, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	None			
2	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	13	0.001
			13	0.001
3	None			
4	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	1	0.001
			1	0.001
5	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.015
	<i>Trachurus symmetricus</i>	jack mackerel	1	0.067
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	2	0.936
			4	1.018
6	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.148
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.072
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	6	0.001
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2	0.003
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	31	0.061
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.141
			47	0.427

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI18

Start Date: May 3, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
2				
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.159
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	30	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.035
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.005
			37	0.201
3				
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.002
4	None			
5				
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.027
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.005
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			3	0.033
6				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.004
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.026
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	2	0.391
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	3	0.100
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.277
	<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut	1	0.003
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2	0.903
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot	5	0.023
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	13	0.024
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	2	0.883
			31	2.634

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI19

Start Date: May 10, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.006
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.002
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	81	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.262
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	16	0.008
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.046
			102	0.325
2				
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	5	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.001
			10	0.003
3	None			
4	None			
5				
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.023
	<i>Hypsoblennius jenkinsi</i>	mussel blenny	1	0.004
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.302
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	7	0.008
			11	0.337
6				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.006
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.081
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.003
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	2	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	2	0.002
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	2	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	26	0.051
			39	0.148

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI20

Start Date: May 17, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.001
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.003
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	15	0.001
	<i>Paraclinus integripinnis</i>	reef finspot	1	0.005
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.136
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	9	0.007
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.343
			31	0.497
2	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	22	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	5	0.006
			28	0.008
3	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.019
			1	0.019
4	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.026
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.027
5	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	5	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	3	0.007
			8	0.008
6	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.029
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	3	0.002
	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>	walleye surfperch	1	0.004
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.268
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	7	0.015
			13	0.318

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI21

Start Date: May 24, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	5	0.017
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.001
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.030
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	0.004
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	103	0.006
	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>	walleye surfperch	1	0.002
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.008
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.004
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	1.106
	<i>Porichthys notatus</i>	plainfin midshipman	1	0.089
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	5	0.007
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.331
			125	1.605
3	None			
4				
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.198
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.199
5				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.015
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.332
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			6	0.351
6				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	4	0.008
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae	10	0.010
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.199
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.005
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	5	1.399
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	0.045
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	12	0.041
			39	1.708

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI22

Start Date: May 31, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Odontopyxis trispinosa</i>	pygmy poacher	1	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	6	0.011
			10	0.017
2	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>	walleye surfperch	1	0.002
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.089
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.001
			4	0.092
3	<i>Embiotoca jacksoni</i>	black perch	1	0.002
	<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>	Pacific pompano	1	0.037
			2	0.039
4	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
5	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.228
			1	0.228
6	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.006
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.034
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.003
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.001
	<i>Hypsoblennius gilberti</i>	rockpool blenny	1	0.028
	<i>Mustelus californicus</i>	grey smoothhound	1	0.047
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	5	3.015
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	3	0.005
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	2	0.754
		17	3.893	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI23

Start Date: June 7, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Embiotoca jacksoni</i>	black perch	1	0.005
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.488
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.002
			4	0.497
2				
	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.	2	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	6	0.008
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.318
			12	0.328
3				
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.008
			1	0.008
4				
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.025
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.005
			3	0.031
5	None			
6				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.005
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.008
			8	0.016

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI24

Start Date: June 14, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.001
	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.002
			10	0.006
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.006
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.010
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	5	0.003
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.004
			11	0.023
3	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.005
			1	0.005
5	None			
6	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.009
	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish	1	0.004
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	2	0.048
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	2	0.012
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	6	0.013
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.205
			17	0.292

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI25

Start Date: June 21, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	3	0.006
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.006
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.002
	<i>Hypsoblennius gilberti</i>	rockpool blenny	1	0.006
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	139	0.156
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	5	0.011
			156	0.187
3	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.006
			1	0.006
4	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.005
			1	0.005
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.017
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.050
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.020
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.270
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish	1	0.016
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	6	0.016
			18	0.391

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI26
Start Date: June 28, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	None			
2	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			2	0.002
3	None			
4	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
			2	0.002
5	None			
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI27

Start Date: July 3, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	0.017
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.045
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.011
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	9	0.010
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	3	0.006
				19
2	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.007
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.007
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	7	0.286
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>	walleye surfperch	1	0.010
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.007
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	2	0.002
			20	0.320
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.004
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	5	0.200
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			8	0.205
4	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	3	0.012
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.056
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	11	0.433
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			17	0.502
5	None			
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI28

Start Date: July 12, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa</i> sp	deepbody/slough anchovy, unid.	2	0.005
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	11	0.034
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.018
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	27	0.021
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.003
			48	0.081
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.005
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	3	0.004
			6	0.010
3				
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.023
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
			2	0.024
5	None			
6				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.004
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.012
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.008
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.020
	<i>Porichthys</i> sp	midshipman, unid.	2	0.955
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
			15	1.002

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI29

Start Date: July 19, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	8	0.008
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	66	0.034
	<i>Embiotoca jacksoni</i>	black perch	2	0.040
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	6	0.008
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	42	0.042
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	6	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	408	0.118
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	22	0.014
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	2	0.002
			562	0.268
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	14	0.032
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.006
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	5	0.004
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.006
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	126	0.038
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.002
			153	0.089
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.001
			4	0.007
4	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
			3	0.004
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	8	0.036
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.014
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			13	0.051

(continued on next page)

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI29 (Continued)

Start Date: July 19, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	45	0.113
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	39	0.057
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	5	0.010
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	6	0.033
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.350
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	607	0.229
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	24	0.018
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			729	0.811

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI30

Start Date: July 26, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	16	0.042
	<i>Embiotoca jacksoni</i>	black perch	2	0.042
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	10	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	214	0.072
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	4	0.002
			246	0.160
3	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	0.006
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.001
			5	0.007
4	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.003
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.032
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.001
			6	0.040
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	11	0.043
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	34	0.025
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	5	0.060
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	22	0.012
			72	0.140
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	21	0.043
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.004
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	9	0.035
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	13	0.016
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	6	0.052
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	348	0.188
	<i>Sphyraena argentea</i>	Pacific barracuda	3	0.011
<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	8	0.016	
			410	0.366

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI31

Start Date: August 2, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.007
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.002
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	168	0.061
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			176	0.078
3				
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4				
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
5				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	13	0.090
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.001
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	2	0.044
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	23	0.067
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	2	0.002
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.031
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.595
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	59	0.033
			102	0.863
6				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	26	0.131
	<i>Atherinopsidae</i>	silverside unid	2	0.003
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	35	0.104
	<i>Fundulus parvipinnis</i>	California killifish	2	0.005
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.002
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.023
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	193	0.106
	<i>Sphyraena argentea</i>	Pacific barracuda	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.012
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	11	1.822
			274	2.209

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI32
Start Date: August 9, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.010
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	30	0.050
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	18	0.008
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	6	0.004
			58	0.072
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.010
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.007
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	11	0.007
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	4	0.006
		26	0.031	
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.003
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
		2	0.004	
4	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.005
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	Cottidae	sculpin, unid.	1	0.003
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
		5	0.014	
5	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	5	0.012
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	0.015
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.002
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	5	0.014
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
		18	0.051	
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI33

Start Date: August 15, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.004
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.009
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	10	0.027
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	2	0.082
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	69	0.044
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	9	0.015
			97	0.181
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.005
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.005
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	36	0.019
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	3	0.009
			46	0.038
3	None			
4	None			
5				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	9	0.052
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt	1	0.025
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	11	0.026
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch	1	0.038
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	11	0.008
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	6	0.043
			40	0.193
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI34

Start Date: August 23, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	40	0.045
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	15	0.015
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	5	0.110
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	5	0.080
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	75	0.045
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	5	0.005
			145	0.300
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.008
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.004
	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish	1	0.012
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.027
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	25	0.017
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			33	0.069
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.003
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			2	0.004
4	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.010
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	22	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	22	0.015
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.002
			48	0.034
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	15	0.106
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.003
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.014
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	0.587
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	14	0.190
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	3	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	26	0.022
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	3	0.007
			67	0.933

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI35
Start Date: August 30, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	14	0.014
	<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	2	0.006
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	8	0.008
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	80	0.052
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	6	0.010
			110	0.090
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	7	0.033
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	17	0.013
			26	0.049
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.002
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.014
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			3	0.017
4	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.021
			1	0.021
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.005
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.040
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	14	0.017
			18	0.062
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	24	0.122
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.006
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	5	0.012
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	3	0.021
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	24	0.022
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	4	0.003
			61	0.186

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI36

Start Date: September 6, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	30	0.040
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	10	0.040
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	10	0.030
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	10	0.200
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	90	0.120
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	20	0.010
			170	0.440
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.004
	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish	2	0.014
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	8	0.008
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	4	0.006
			18	0.032
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			3	0.008
4	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.004
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	2	0.094
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.009
			5	0.107
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	22	0.054
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	0.003
	<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	10	0.060
			35	0.117
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	16	0.033
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.003
	<i>Gobiesocidae</i>	clingfish unid	1	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	6	0.065
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.032
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	18	0.017
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	3	0.002
			46	0.153

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI37

Start Date: September 13, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	4	0.092
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	4	0.008
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	40	0.040
			48	0.140
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.011
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	2	0.019
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	8	0.018
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.180
			15	0.230
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.006
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			3	0.007
4	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.599
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
			3	0.601
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker	1	0.003
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	19	0.020
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.003
			23	0.030
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	11	0.044
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.003
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	4	0.006
	<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine	1	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	11	0.017
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	5	0.005
	<i>Umbrina roncadior</i>	yellowfin croaker	2	0.671
			36	0.753

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI38

Start Date: September 20, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	20	0.025
	<i>Fundulus parvipinnis</i>	California killifish	5	0.010
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	25	0.030
			50	0.065
2	<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.014
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	7	0.011
		10	0.027	
3	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.223
			1	0.223
4	None			
5	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.370
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			3	0.375
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	19	0.046
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.007
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.007
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.018
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.016
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	2	0.005
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot	1	0.343
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	12	0.015
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	3	0.006
		43	0.464	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI39

Start Date: September 27, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	20	0.050
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	5	0.045
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	5	0.005
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	145	0.155
			175	0.255
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	9	0.010
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.080
			13	0.093
3	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.021
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.002
			2	0.023
4	None			
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.027
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	3	0.048
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	2	0.010
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	6	0.005
			15	0.090
6	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	9	0.026
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.490
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	8	0.010
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.002
			20	0.530

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI40
Start Date: October 4, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	10	0.020
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	10	0.020
	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish	10	0.100
	<i>Gibbonsia metzi</i>	striped kelpfish	10	0.110
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	10	0.090
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	30	0.040
			80	0.380
2	<i>Fundulus parvipinnis</i>	California killifish	1	0.003
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	5	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	14	0.017
			20	0.027
3	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	None			
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.010
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.008
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.004
			7	0.022

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI41

Start Date: October 11, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	4	0.011
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	14	0.022
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.002
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.004
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.002
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.018
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	3	0.084
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	9	0.009
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	62	0.073
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	4	0.004
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.070
			104	0.299
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.021
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			4	0.022
3	None			
4				
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			1	0.001
5	None			
6				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	8	0.023
	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.020
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.004
	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>	walleye surfperch	1	0.005
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	5	0.007
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.636
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	13	0.016
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.002
			34	0.713

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI42
Start Date: October 18, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.006
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.004
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	15	0.015
			20	0.027
2	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	0.003
			5	0.004
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.301
			3	0.306
4	None			
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.056
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	9	0.008
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	4	0.006
			18	0.071

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI43

Start Date: October 25, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.007
	<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	2	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.018
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	5	0.005
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	42	0.044
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.001
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	1	0.001
			59	0.080
2				
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.005
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.002
			5	0.008
3				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.003
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.011
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.002
			3	0.016
4	None			
5	None			
6				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	12	0.077
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.010
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	3	0.312
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	7	0.005
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.002
			27	0.408

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI44

Start Date: November 1, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.007
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.036
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	2	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	13	0.015
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			20	0.063
2				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			4	0.006
3				
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.452
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			2	0.453
4				
	<i>Anisotremus davidsonii</i>	sargo	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			2	0.002
5	None			
6				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.039
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.005
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	0.008
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			13	0.054

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI45

Start Date: November 8, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	1	0.003
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.005
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	6	0.001
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	3	0.003
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	66	0.067
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			80	0.080
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.002
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.032
			2	0.034
3	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			2	0.002
4	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.008
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			3	0.010
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.029
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.032
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	10	0.006
			18	0.068

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI46

Start Date: November 15, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.001
			4	0.003
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.005
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	26	0.017
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	5	0.013
			35	0.039
3	None			
4	None			
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.010
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.039
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	0.001
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.131
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	14	0.008
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	3	0.003
			25	0.194

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI47

Start Date: November 20, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	None			
2	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			6	0.003
3	None			
4	None			
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.008
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.031
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	3	0.002
			10	0.044

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI48

Start Date: November 29, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.009
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
			4	0.010
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	6	0.017
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	5	0.004
			11	0.021
3	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.004
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			2	0.005
4	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.004
			1	0.004
5	None			
6	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	9	0.026
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.012
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	2	0.003
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.126
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	8	0.006
	<i>Syngnathus sp</i>	pipefish, unid.	2	0.005
			24	0.179

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI49

Start Date: December 6, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish	1	0.014
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.001
			3	0.015
2	<i>Anisotremus davidsonii</i>	sargo	1	0.001
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	4	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.002
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	1	0.001
			8	0.009
3	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch	1	0.016
			1	0.016
4	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	5	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			6	0.005
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.014
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.004
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.002
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	1	0.279
	<i>Raja inornata</i>	California skate	1	0.133
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	6	0.004
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.002
			14	0.438
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI50
Start Date: December 13, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.003
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.059
			7	0.065
2	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
			1	0.001
3	None			
4	None			
5	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.037
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	2	0.025
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion	1	0.002
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.002
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.035
			10	0.103
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI51

Start Date: December 20, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy	2	0.004
	<i>Anisotremus davidsonii</i>	sargo	1	0.005
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	2	0.005
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	3	0.001
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.001
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin	1	0.025
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	80	0.090
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.003
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	4	0.170
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	4	0.006
			101	0.310
2				
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.005
			3	0.005
3				
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.029
			1	0.029
4				
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	2	0.002
			3	0.003
5				
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	4	0.027
	<i>Embiotoca jacksoni</i>	black perch	2	0.157
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.010
	<i>Ophichthus zophochir</i>	yellow snake eel	1	0.030
	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman	2	0.003
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	13	0.020
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	4	0.005
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.044
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	1	0.001
			29	0.297
6				
	None	NO FISH		

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSFI52
Start Date: December 27, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	1	0.001
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker	1	0.001
	<i>Gobiesox rhesodon</i>	California clingfish	1	0.001
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.003
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.002
	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray	1	0.043
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema	1	0.002
			11	0.053
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	1	0.005
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	3	0.003
			4	0.008
3	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	1	0.001
			1	0.001
4	None			
5	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish	1	0.015
	<i>Hypsoblennius gilberti</i>	rockpool blenny	1	0.007
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	1	0.001
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.011
			4	0.034
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSHT1
Start Date: March 7, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
1				
	<i>Syngnathus</i> sp	pipefish, unid.	2	0.002
			2	0.002

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSHT2
Start Date: May 10, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
2				
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish	1	0.001
			1	0.001

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSHT3
Start Date: August 21, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
5				
	<i>Anchoa compressa</i>	deepbody anchovy	1	0.002
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	3	0.024
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	4	0.010
	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish	1	0.020
	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray	1	0.248
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	6	0.007
			16	0.311

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSHT4
Start Date: August 22, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
2				
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy	6	0.008
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish	3	0.003
			9	0.011

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Fish

Survey: HnGSHT5
Start Date: November 14, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
2	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt	5	0.020
			5	0.020

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFII
Start Date: January 4, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	3				
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.006
				1	0.006
	5				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.027
	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002	
			2	0.029	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	4	0.003
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.034
		Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	1	0.005
				6	0.042
	2	None			
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.213
		Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	1	0.011
				6	0.225
	4				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.064
		Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	1	0.006
		<i>Chrysaora colorata</i>	purple-striped jellyfish	1	0.004
	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.260	
			5	0.334	
5					
	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	5	0.002	
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.068	
	Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	1	0.003	
	Nudibranchia	Nudibranch, unid.	1	0.001	
			10	0.074	
6	None				

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI2

Start Date: January 11, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	5				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.029
		<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.008
				3	0.037
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
		<i>Protothaca staminea</i>	Pacific littleneck	2	0.008
				5	0.010
	2		None		
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.072
				6	0.073
	4				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	31	0.012
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.128
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	1	0.010
		<i>Aeolidia papillosa</i>	shag-rug aeolis	1	0.001
		<i>Dendronotus iris</i>	giant-frond-aeolis	1	0.009
				38	0.160
	6		None		

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI3
Start Date: January 18, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Non-Shellfish				
1	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	28	0.001
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	5	0.312
	<i>Protothaca staminea</i>	Pacific littleneck	6	0.020
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	3	0.006
	<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	2	0.001
	Gastropoda	gastropod, unid.	1	0.004
			45	0.344
2	None			
3	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.058
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.002
			4	0.060
4	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.075
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.001
			4	0.077
5	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	6	0.004
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.065
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	5	0.004
	<i>Ceratostoma nuttalli</i>	Nuttall's thornmouth	1	0.001
			16	0.074
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI4

Start Date: January 25, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Non-Shellfish				
1	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	7	0.001
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	8	0.213
	<i>Protothaca staminea</i>	Pacific littleneck	2	0.003
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	4	0.029
	<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	1	0.001
	<i>Ceratostoma nuttalli</i>	Nuttall's thornmouth	1	0.003
	<i>Dendronotus subramosus</i>	stubby dendronotus	1	0.001
			24	0.251
2	None			
3	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.047
	Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	2	0.011
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.008
	<i>Polyorchis haplus</i>	polyorchid jellyfish, unnamed	1	0.002
			7	0.069
4	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.128
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.005
	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
			6	0.135
5	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	7	0.095
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	8	0.057
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
			17	0.154
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI5

Start Date: February 1, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1			
	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
			1	0.001
	5			
	<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.003
			1	0.003
Non-Shellfish	1			
	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.002
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	21	0.544
	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.009
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.001
	Gastropoda	gastropod, unid.	2	0.001
	<i>Crepidula onyx</i>	onyx slippersnail	2	0.001
			28	0.558
	2	None		
	3			
<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001	
<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	8	0.213	
<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.005	
		10	0.219	
4				
<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001	
<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.102	
		5	0.103	
5				
<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	13	0.010	
<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.007	
		14	0.017	
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI6

Start Date: February 8, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	5				
		<i>Hemigrapsus</i> sp	shore crab, unid.	3	0.004
				3	0.004
Non-Shellfish 1					
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	6	0.147
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.002
		<i>Kelletia kelletii</i>	Kellet's whelk	1	0.002
				10	0.152
	2	None			
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.017
		<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
				3	0.019
	4				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.029
				1	0.029
	5				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	5	0.002
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	5	0.032
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.003
		<i>Acanthodoris rhodoceras</i>	black-tipped spiny doris	1	0.001
				12	0.038
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI7

Start Date: February 15, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	11	0.001	
				11	0.001	
	5	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001	
				1	0.001	
	6	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.017	
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.005	
				5	0.022	
	Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
			<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.035
			<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	1	0.001
<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>			threeline aeolis	4	0.001	
				10	0.038	
2		None				
3		None				
4		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001	
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001	
				2	0.002	
5		<i>Chrysaora colorata</i>	purple-striped jellyfish	1	0.001	
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001	
				2	0.002	
6		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	5	0.003	
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.003	
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	2	0.042	
	<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001		
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.008		
	<i>Haminoea virescens</i>	green glassy bubble	1	0.001		
			11	0.058		

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI8

Start Date: February 22, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	6			
	<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.008
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.003
			4	0.011
Non-Shellfish 1				
	<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
	<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.010
			4	0.012
2	None			
3	None			
4	None			
5				
	<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.003
	<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	1	0.017
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.014
			6	0.034
6				
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.031
	<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	4	0.044
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	3	0.023
			8	0.098

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI9
Start Date: March 1, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.043
				1	0.043
	4				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	2	0.002
				2	0.002
	5				
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.004
				1	0.004
	6				
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.008
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.020
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.004
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	3	0.005
				9	0.037
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	8	0.254
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.012
				10	0.267
	2	None			
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	10	0.086
				11	0.087
	4				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	1	0.004
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.021
				3	0.026
	5				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.073
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	3	0.074
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	4	0.025
				9	0.172

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Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI9 (Continued)

Start Date: March 1, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Non-Shellfish				
	<i>Hermissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	4	0.002
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.150
	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	12	0.225
	<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	5	0.053
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	5	0.024
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
	<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.521
			32	0.976

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI10
Start Date: March 8, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002	
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.316	
			2	0.318	
	5				
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001	
			1	0.001	
6					
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.003	
			3	0.003	
Non-Shellfish	1				
	<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hemissenda	5	0.001	
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.008	
	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001	
	<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	3	0.001	
	<i>Dendronotus frondosus</i>	leafy dendronotid	1	0.001	
			11	0.012	
	2	None			
	3				
		<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	4	None			
	5				
		<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hemissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.059
			3	0.060	
6					
	<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hemissenda	1	0.001	
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	6	0.179	
	<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	9	0.108	
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.014	
	<i>Dirona picta</i>	spotted dirona	1	0.001	
		18	0.303		

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI11
Start Date: March 15, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1			
	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002
	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.002
			3	0.005
	6			
	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.015
	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002
	<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	California market squid	3	0.063
		5	0.080	
Non-Shellfish	1			
	<i>Hermissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	4	0.001
			4	0.001
	2			
	<i>Hermissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.001
			2	0.002
	3	None		
	4	None		
	5	None		
	6			
	<i>Hermissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	4	0.003
Nudibranchia	nudibranch, unid.	1	0.001	
<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.005	
		6	0.009	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI12
Start Date: March 22, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	2	0.003
				2	0.003
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	7	0.116
				7	0.116
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.001
		<i>Molpadia intermedia</i>	unnamed sea cucumber	1	0.024
				2	0.025
	2				
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.024
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.010
				3	0.034
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.012
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	3	0.070
				4	0.082
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.012
		Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.	1	0.006
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	3	0.150
		<i>Dendronotus iris</i>	giant-frond-aeolis	1	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	15	0.038
				21	0.207

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI13
Start Date: March 29, 2006

		Survey Totals			
				Biomass	
Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Abundance	(kg)	
Shellfish	1	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	8	0.012
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.163
				9	0.175
	2	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.003
				3	0.005
	3	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.001
				2	0.001
	6	<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.032
				1	0.032
Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	32	0.928
				32	0.928
	2	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	14	0.312
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	2	0.001
				20	0.315
	3	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.003
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.008
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	3	0.050
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Philine auriformis</i>	New Zealand snail	1	0.002
				10	0.065
	6	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.002
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.013
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	14	0.732
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	1	0.006
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.012
				21	0.765

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI14
Start Date: April 5, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.003
				2	0.004
	2				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002
				1	0.002
	5				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.002
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.004
				3	0.007
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	5	0.091
		<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	California market squid	6	0.104
				11	0.195
Non-Shellfish 1					
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.127
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	8	0.017
				11	0.144
	2				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.003
				2	0.003
	3				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.002
		<i>Argopecten ventricosus</i>	Pacific calico scallop	1	0.001
				3	0.003
	4				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	6	0.008
				6	0.008
	5				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.035
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	33	0.098
				34	0.133
	6				
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	4	0.111
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	37	0.143
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	37	0.100
				78	0.354

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI15
Start Date: April 12, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	5				
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.005
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.017
				2	0.022
	6				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	4	0.005
	<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	California market squid	1	0.022	
			5	0.027	
Non-Shellfish	1	None			
	2				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.058
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	16	0.047
				17	0.105
	3	None			
	4				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.008
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.010
				3	0.018
	5				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	16	0.044
				18	0.046
	6				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	10	0.006
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.046
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	76	0.304	
			87	0.356	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI16
Start Date: April 19, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	3	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.008
				1	0.008
	5	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.005
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.005
				2	0.010
	6	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.006
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	1	0.002
		<i>Hemigrapsus nudus</i>	purple shore crab	1	0.002
				3	0.010
Non-Shellfish	1	None			
	2	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	4	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.023
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	5	0.006
		<i>Flabellina iodinea</i>	Spanish shawl	1	0.001
				11	0.031
	3	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.002
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.017
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	3	0.005
				7	0.024
	4	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.034
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	16	0.039
				18	0.073
	5	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.016
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.016
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	66	0.151
				68	0.183
	6	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.011
		<i>Nudibranchia</i>	nudibranch unid	1	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	87	0.310
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				91	0.324

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI17
Start Date: April 26, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.015
				1	0.015
	5	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus nudus</i>	purple shore crab	1	0.003
				2	0.004
	6	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.005
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	4	0.076
		<i>Hemigrapsus nudus</i>	purple shore crab	1	0.001
				6	0.082
Non-Shellfish	1	None			
	2	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.023
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.001
		<i>Dendronotus subramosus</i>	stubby dendronotus	2	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	4	0.001
				9	0.026
	3	None			
	4	None			
	5	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	22	1.839
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	68	0.313
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina iodinea</i>	Spanish shawl	21	0.063
				112	2.216
	6	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	6	0.003
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.031
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	57	0.199
		<i>Dendronotus subramosus</i>	stubby dendronotus	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	1	0.001
				67	0.235

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI18
Start Date: May 3, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2				
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.003
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.013
				2	0.016
	6				
		<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp	2	0.002
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				4	0.004
Non-Shellfish	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.003
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	2	0.001
		<i>Dendronotus frondosus</i>	leafy dendronotid	2	0.001
				7	0.006
	3	None			
	4				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	3	0.003
				3	0.003
	5				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	5	0.020
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	2	0.001
				8	0.022
	6				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.002
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	1	0.012
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	9	0.039
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina iodinea</i>	Spanish shawl	3	0.004
				16	0.058

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI19
Start Date: May 10, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				3	0.002
	2				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.001
				3	0.002
	5				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.019
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.002
				3	0.021
Non-Shellfish	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	3	0.001
				5	0.003
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	1	0.001
		<i>Dendronotus frondosus</i>	leafy dendronotid	1	0.001
				3	0.003
	4				
		Gastropoda	gastropod, unid.	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	5				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.063
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	1	0.016
		<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	4	0.030
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	3	0.001
				15	0.114

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Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI19 (Continued)

Start Date: May 10, 2006

UnitTaxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
		Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Non-Shellfish6			
<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	6	0.002
<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	9	0.047
<i>Flabellina iodinea</i>	Spanish shawl	1	0.001
		16	0.050

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI20
Start Date: May 17, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	7	0.009
				9	0.010
	4				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.002
				2	0.002
6					
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	2	0.007
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.019
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.003
			5	0.030	
Non-Shellfish 1					
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	32	0.005
				32	0.005
	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	11	0.001
		<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	1	0.001
				14	0.004
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	3	0.001
				5	0.002
	4				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
				2	0.002
5					
	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	8	0.002	
	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.221	
	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	3	0.002	
	<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis	1	0.001	
	<i>Dendronotus frondosus</i>	leafy dendronotid	1	0.001	
			14	0.227	

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Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI20 (Continued)

Start Date: May 17, 2006

UnitTaxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
		Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Non-Shellfish6			
<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	9	0.004
<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
<i>Dendronotus frondosus</i>	leafy dendronotid	2	0.001
<i>Aplysia</i> sp	seahare, unid.	1	0.001
		13	0.007

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data -
Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI21
Start Date: May 24, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	3				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.018
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.002
				3	0.020
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.029
		<i>Hemigrapsus nudus</i>	purple shore crab	1	0.001
				3	0.030
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.026
		<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	25	0.012
				26	0.038
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.026
				2	0.027
	4				
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.056
				1	0.056
	5				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.002
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.055
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.062
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
				5	0.120
	6				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	10	0.003
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	2	0.104
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	2	0.027
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	10	0.010
				25	0.145

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI22
Start Date: May 31, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.004
		<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	California market squid	1	0.004
		<i>Cancer anthonyi</i>	yellow crab	1	0.002
				4	0.010
	3				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	4				
		<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	6				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
				4	0.002
	3				
		None			
	4				
		None			
	5				
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.888
				2	0.889
	6				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	10	0.004
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.070
				11	0.074

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI23
Start Date: June 7, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	8	0.001
				9	0.002
	2				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	3				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	4				
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001	
	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	3	0.002	
			4	0.003	
6					
	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.021	
	<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.039	
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.002	
	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	9	0.018	
			16	0.080	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
		<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
		<i>Triopha maculata</i>	spotted triopha	1	0.001
				6	0.005
	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	5	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	2	0.001
				7	0.002
	3	None			

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Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI23 (Continued)

Start Date: June 7, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Non-Shellfish				
4	<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	2	0.027
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.004
			4	0.031
5	None			
6				
	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	17	0.010
	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	2	0.001
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
			20	0.012

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI24
Start Date: June 14, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	5	0.003
				6	0.004
	2				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.011
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	13	0.010
				16	0.022
	3				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.002
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				4	0.003
	4				
		<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.023
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.002
				4	0.026
	6				
		<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.004
		<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.013
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	12	0.006
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	3	0.002
				18	0.026
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
				2	0.001
	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	4	0.001
				7	0.002
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.006
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.100
				3	0.107

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Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI24 (Continued)

Start Date: June 14, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
4				
	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.002
	<i>Triopha maculata</i>	spotted triopha	1	0.001
			4	0.003
5				
	None			
6				
	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	21	0.009
	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.156
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.003
	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorida	2	0.007
			26	0.175

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI25
Start Date: June 21, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	10	0.008
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	19	0.013
				31	0.022
	3				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	4				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
6					
	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001	
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	11	0.004	
	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	4	0.005	
	<i>Hemigrapsus nudus</i>	purple shore crab	4	0.001	
			20	0.011	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	7	0.001
		<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
				9	0.003
	2	None			
	3				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	4				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
				2	0.001
	5	None			
	6				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	11	0.007
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.001
	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	10	0.075	
			24	0.084	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI26
Start Date: June 28, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.001
		<i>Heptacarpus paludicola</i>	California coastal shrimp	1	0.001
				3	0.002
	3	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
Non-Shellfish	1	None			
	3	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	4	0.015
				4	0.015
	4	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	None			
6	None				

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI27
Start Date: July 3, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001	
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	4	0.003	
				5	0.004	
	2	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	3	0.003	
				3	0.003	
	4	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.003	
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001	
				2	0.004	
	Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.281
			<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.004
				2	0.285	
2		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001	
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001	
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	2	0.878	
		<i>Haminoea</i> sp	glassy bubble, unid.	1	0.001	
				5	0.881	
3		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001	
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001	
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.002	
				3	0.004	
4			None			
5			None			
6			None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI28
Start Date: July 12, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.004
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	39	0.020
				43	0.024
	2				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.001
				3	0.002
	4				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	6				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	5	0.009
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	3	0.564
				8	0.573
Non-Shellfish	2				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.093
		<i>Haminoea</i> sp	glassy bubble, unid.	1	0.001
				4	0.096
	3	None			
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	2	0.001
				2	0.001

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI29
Start Date: July 19, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.002
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	6	0.004
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	26	0.014
				34	0.020
	2	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.001
				4	0.002
	4	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.005
				5	0.006
	6	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	8	0.007
				8	0.007
Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.008
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	2	0.002
				4	0.010
	2	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	2	0.026
				2	0.026
	3	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.039
				1	0.039
	4	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.023
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.787
				2	0.810
	6	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble	1	0.028
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.002
				5	0.032

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI30
Start Date: July 26, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.002
				4	0.002
	3	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.002
				3	0.002
	4	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
			2	0.002	
	5	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	5	0.005
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	18	0.018
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	2	0.259
			25	0.282	
	6	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.004
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.015
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.002
<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>		tuberculate pear crab	3	0.003	
<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>		California two-spot octopus	1	0.086	
		7	0.110		
Non-Shellfish	2	<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	2	0.856
		<i>Haminoea</i> sp	glassy bubble, unid.	2	0.002
			4	0.858	
	3	None			
	4	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	5	0.005
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.711
			6	0.716	
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI31
Start Date: August 2, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.002
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				4	0.003
	3				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.002
				2	0.002
	5				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	7	0.004
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				9	0.006
	6				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.003
				3	0.003
Non-Shellfish	2				
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.972
				2	0.973
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.021
				1	0.021
	4	None			
	5				
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	4	1.966
				4	1.966
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI32
Start Date: August 9, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	8	0.006
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	8	0.006
				16	0.012
	2				
		<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.018
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	5	0.005
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.003
				9	0.027
	3				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.003
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				3	0.004
	4				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	5	0.006
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
		<i>Octopus sp</i>	octopus, unid.	1	0.001
				7	0.008
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.034
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	2	0.002
				4	0.036
	2				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.012
				1	0.012
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.052
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	3	0.291
				4	0.343
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data -
Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI33
Start Date: August 15, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.001	
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	6	0.003	
				8	0.004	
	2	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001	
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.001	
		<i>Octopus</i> sp	octopus, unid.	2	0.001	
				6	0.003	
	Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
			<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	4	1.150
				5	1.151	
3		None				
4		<i>Haminoea virescens</i>	green glassy bubble	1	0.001	
				1	0.001	
5	None					
6	None					

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI34
Start Date: August 23, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	5	0.005
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	15	0.010
				20	0.015
	2				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	3				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.002
				2	0.002
	5				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.002
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	6	0.007
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	10	0.001
				17	0.010
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	5	0.010
				5	0.010
	2				
		<i>Berthella californica</i>	California sidegill slug	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	3				
		None			
	4				
		<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5				
		None			
	6				
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.423
				1	0.423

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI35
Start Date: August 30, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.002
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	2	0.002
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	2	0.030
				6	0.034
	2				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	3				
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.223
			1	0.223	
5					
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.404	
			1	0.404	
6					
	<i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	giant ghost shrimp	1	0.002	
			1	0.002	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.002
				2	0.002
	2				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.002
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.011
				3	0.014
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	4	None			
	5	None			
6					
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.001	
			1	0.001	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI36
Start Date: September 6, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	10	0.010
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	30	0.020
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	10	0.050
				50	0.080
	2				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.002
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	6	0.004
				8	0.006
	3				
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001	
			1	0.001	
6					
	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.002	
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.004	
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.319	
	<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab	1	0.002	
			5	0.327	
Non-Shellfish	3	None			
	4	None			
	5				
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.464
				1	0.464
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI37

Start Date: September 13, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	8	0.008
				8	0.008
	2	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	3	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.002
				1	0.002
	6	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
			2	0.002	
Non-Shellfish	3	<i>Haminoea virescens</i>	green glassy bubble	1	0.003
				1	0.003
	4	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.006
				1	0.006
	5	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.012
		<i>Haminoea virescens</i>	green glassy bubble	1	0.004
				2	0.016
	6	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.001
		<i>Phyllaplysia taylori</i>	zebra leafslug	1	0.001
			3	0.003	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI38

Start Date: September 20, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	5	0.005
				5	0.005
	5	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.002
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.002
				3	0.004
	6	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	3	0.012
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.657
				4	0.669
Non-Shellfish	2	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.001
				3	0.001
	3	None			
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.009
				1	0.009

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI39

Start Date: September 27, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	5	0.005
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	10	0.005
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	5	0.015
				20	0.025
	2				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.002
				2	0.002
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	5	0.022
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.183	
			6	0.205	
Non-Shellfish	2				
		<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	14	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.001
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.097
				16	0.099
	3				
		<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	4	None			
	5				
		<i>Hemissenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.002
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.066
		<i>Leptopecten sp</i>	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
		<i>Haminoea virescens</i>	green glassy bubble	2	0.005
			6	0.075	
6	None				

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data -
Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI40
Start Date: October 4, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	10	0.010
				10	0.010
	5	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
Non-Shellfish	2	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	3	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	16	0.052
				19	0.053
	3	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.086
		<i>Kelletia kelletii</i>	Kellet's whelk	1	0.004
				2	0.090
	4	None	None		
	5	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.031
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	2	0.508
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.002
			7	0.541	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI41
Start Date: October 11, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	3	0.001
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	2	0.014
				6	0.016
	3				
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.007
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.002	
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.642	
			6	0.651	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	9	0.025
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.046
				10	0.071
	2				
		<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	2	0.013
		<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera	1	0.001
				4	0.015
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.009
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				3	0.010
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.022
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	3	0.040
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001	
			6	0.063	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data -
Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI42
Start Date: October 18, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	3	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	6	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.005
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.002
			3	0.007	
Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.002
				1	0.002
	2	None			
	3	None			
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.019
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.257
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.005
		<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.064
			5	0.345	

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI43

Start Date: October 25, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1			
	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	2	0.227
	<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab	1	0.002
			5	0.230
	6			
	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	4	0.050
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.003
			7	0.053
Non-Shellfish	1			
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.024
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.001
	<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare	1	0.116
			5	0.141
	2			
	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.266
			1	0.266
	3			
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.024
		1	0.024	
4	None			
5	None			
6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI44

Start Date: November 1, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	2				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	3	0.034
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	7	0.006
		<i>Lysmata californica</i>	red rock shrimp	1	0.001
			11	0.041	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	3	0.004
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
		<i>Strongylocentrotus purpuratus</i>	purple sea urchin	1	0.021
				5	0.026
	2				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.018
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	5	0.616
				6	0.634
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.004
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.023
				2	0.027
	4				
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.013
			1	0.013	
5	None				
6	None				

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI45

Start Date: November 8, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.025
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	3	0.002
				5	0.027
	3				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	3	0.030
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	4	0.002
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.323
				9	0.356
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.016
				4	0.016
	2				
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	3				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.003
				2	0.003
	4				
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	None			
	6				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.005
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.017
				2	0.022

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI46

Start Date: November 15, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.002
				3	0.004
	2				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001
				2	0.001
	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	3	0.045
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.001	
			5	0.046	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.014
		<i>Pisaster</i> sp	sea star, unid.	1	0.002
				2	0.016
	2				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.003
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.002
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.001
				4	0.006
	3	None			
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI47

Start Date: November 20, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.004
				1	0.004
	6	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	7	0.103
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	9	0.007
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.730
		<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab	2	0.026
				19	0.866
Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.026
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				3	0.027
	2	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.001
				3	0.002
	3	None			
	4	None			
	5	None			
	6	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	3	0.003
				3	0.003

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI48

Start Date: November 29, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	6				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	3	0.029
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	6	0.004
				9	0.033
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	2				
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	3				
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.022
				1	0.022
	4				
		None			
	5				
		None			
	6				
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid	1	0.027
				1	0.027

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI49

Start Date: December 6, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
				1	0.001
	5	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.051
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	2	0.001
				6	0.053
Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.001
		<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	3	0.003
		<i>Dendrodoris fulva</i>	yellow prorostome	1	0.001
				6	0.005
	2	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda	1	0.001
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.012
				2	0.013
	3	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.049
				2	0.049
	4	None			
	5	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.025
		<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly	1	0.267
				3	0.292
	6	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI50
Start Date: December 13, 2006

			Survey Totals		
Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.047
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.281
				3	0.328
	2				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	3	0.001
				3	0.001
	3				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.014
				1	0.014
Non-Shellfish	5				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.064
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.289
				3	0.353
	1				
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorida	1	0.010
				1	0.010
	2				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.026
		<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorida	1	0.016
			3	0.042	
3	None				
4					
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.031	
			1	0.031	
5					
	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.009	
	<i>Leptopecten</i> sp	scallop, unid.	2	0.002	
			3	0.011	
6	None				

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI51

Start Date: December 20, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals		
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)	
Shellfish	1				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	18	0.003
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	2	0.624
		<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab	1	0.001
		<i>Neotrypaea californiensis</i>	bay ghost shrimp	1	0.001
				23	0.630
	2				
		<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.008
				1	0.008
	3				
		<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	1	0.323
				1	0.323
	4				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
			1	0.001	
5					
	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	3	0.067	
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001	
			4	0.068	
Non-Shellfish	1				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2	0.006
				2	0.006
	3				
		None			
	4				
		None			
	5				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	4	0.064
		<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish	1	0.019
			5	0.083	
6					
	None				

Haynes Generating Station - Normal Operation Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSFI52
Start Date: December 27, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	2	0.042
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
				3	0.043
	2	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab	1	0.012
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	2	0.001
				3	0.013
	5	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab	1	0.003
				2	0.004
	Non-Shellfish	1	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	2
<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>			red jellyfish	1	0.007
<i>Aplysia californica</i>			California seahare	1	0.950
				4	0.965
2		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.021
		<i>Leptopecten sp</i>	scallop, unid.	1	0.001
			2	0.022	
3			None		
4			None		
5		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.026
				1	0.026
6			None		

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSHT1

Start Date: March 7, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Abundance	Survey Totals
				Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	1			
	<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	striped shore crab	1	0.007
			1	0.007

**Haynes Generating Station
IM&E Report**

Appendix E4: Heat Treatment Operations Impingement: Invertebrate

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSHT2
Start Date: May 10, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2	None			

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSHT3
 Start Date: August 21, 2006

	Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
				Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	5				
		<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp	1	0.001
		<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i>	yellow shore crab	1	0.001
				2	0.002
Non-Shellfish	5				
		<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja	1	0.004
				1	0.004

**Haynes Generating Station
IM&E Report**

Appendix E4: Heat Treatment Operations Impingement: Invertebrate

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data
- Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSHT4
Start Date: August 22, 2006

			Common	Survey Totals	
	Unit	Taxon	Name	Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2				
		None			

Haynes Generating Station - Heat Treatment Impingement Data - Invertebrate

Survey: HnGSHT5

Start Date: November 14, 2006

Unit	Taxon	Common Name	Survey Totals	
			Abundance	Biomass (kg)
Shellfish	2			
	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i>	California two-spot octopus	2	0.075
			2	0.075

Haynes Generating Station

Appendix F

Master Species Lists

F1. Entrainment Master Species List

F2. Impingement Master Species List – Invertebrates

F3. Impingement Master Species List - Fishes

Appendix F1

Master Species List of organisms identified in the entrainment samples.

Taxa Name	Taxon	Common Name
Cephalopoda	<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	market squid
Decapoda	unidentified crab (megalops)	unid. crab megalops
Palinuridae	<i>Panulirus interruptus</i>	California spiny lobster
	<i>Panulirus interruptus</i> (phyllosome)	California spiny lobster (larval)
Paguridae	Paguridae unid. (megalops)	hermit crab megalops
Porcellanidae	<i>Pachycheles rudis</i> (megalops)	thickclaw porcelain crab megalops
	<i>Pachycheles</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crabs megalops
	<i>Petrolisthes</i> spp. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops
	Porcellanidae unid. (megalops)	porcelain crab megalops
Hippoidea	Hippoidea (megalops)	mole crab megalops
Diogenidae	Diogenidae (megalops)	left-handed hermit crabs megalops
Brachyura	Brachyura unid. (megalops)	unidentified crab megalops
Majidae	<i>Loxorhynchus</i> spp.	spider crabs
	<i>Pugettia</i> spp. (megalops)	kelp crabs megalops
Cancridae	<i>Cancer antennarius</i> (megalops)	brown rock crab megalops
	<i>Cancer anthonyi</i> (megalops)	yellow crab megalops
	<i>Cancer gracilis</i> (megalops)	slender crab megalops
	<i>Cancer</i> spp. (megalops)	cancer crabs megalops
Xanthidae	<i>Lophopanopeus</i> spp. (megalops)	black-clawed crab megalops
Pinnotheridae	<i>Pinnixa</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crabs megalops
	<i>Pinnotheres</i> spp. (megalops)	pea crab megalops
Grapsidae	Grapsidae unid. (megalops)	shore crab megalops
	<i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i> (megalops)	yellow shore crab megalops
	<i>Hemigrapsus</i> spp. (megalops)	shore crab megalops
	<i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i> (megalops)	striped shore crab megalops
Actinopterygii	fish eggs unid.	unidentified fish eggs
	larvae, unidentified yolksac	unidentified yolksac larvae
	larval fish - damaged	unidentified larval fishes
	larval fish fragment	unidentified larval fishes
	larval/post-larval fish unid.	larval fishes
	unidentified fish, damaged	unidentified damaged fish
Acanthopterygii	Sciaenidae / Paralichthyidae / Labridae (eggs)	fish eggs
Clupeiformes	Clupeiformes unid.	herrings and anchovies
Clupeidae	<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine
Engraulidae	Engraulidae unid.	anchovies
	Engraulidae unid. (eggs)	anchovy eggs

(table continued)

Appendix F1 (continued). Master Species List of organisms identified in the entrainment samples.

Taxa Name	Taxon	Common Name
Engraulidae	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy
Bathylagidae	<i>Bathylagus ochotensis</i>	popeye blacksmelt
Myctophidae	Myctophidae unid.	lanternfishes
	<i>Stenobranchius leucopsarus</i>	northern lampfish
	<i>Triphoturus mexicanus</i>	Mexican lampfish
Gobiesocidae	Gobiesocidae unid.	clingfishes
	<i>Gobiesox</i> spp.	clingfishes
Merlucciidae	<i>Merluccius productus</i>	Pacific hake
Ophidiidae	Ophidiidae unid.	cusks-eels
	<i>Ophidion scrippsae</i>	basketweave cusk-eel
Atherinopsidae	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt
	<i>Atherinops affinis</i> (eggs)	topsmelt eggs
	Atherinopsidae unid.	silversides
	Atherinopsidae unid. (eggs)	silverside eggs
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion
Syngnathidae	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish
	<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefishes
Scorpaenidae	Scorpaenidae unid.	scorpionfishes
	<i>Sebastes</i> spp.	rockfishes
Hexagrammidae	Hexagrammidae unid.	greenlings
	<i>Oxylebius pictus</i>	painted greenling
	<i>Zaniolepis frenata</i>	shortspine combfish
Cottidae	<i>Artedius lateralis</i>	smoothhead sculpin
	<i>Clinocottus analis</i>	wooly sculpin
	<i>Clinocottus</i> spp.	sculpins
	Cottidae unid.	sculpins
	<i>Icelinus quadriseriatus</i>	yellowchin sculpin
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin
	<i>Ruscarius creaseri</i>	roughcheek sculpin
	<i>Scorpaenichthys marmoratus</i>	cabezon
Serranidae	<i>Paralabrax</i> spp.	sand bass
Haemulidae	Haemulidae unid.	grunts
	<i>Xenistiurus californiensis</i>	salema
Sciaenidae	<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i> (eggs)	white croaker eggs
	<i>Menticirrhus undulatus</i>	California corbina
	<i>Roncador stearnsii</i>	spotfin croaker
	Sciaenidae unid.	croakers
	Sciaenidae unid. (eggs)	croaker eggs
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish

(table continued)

Appendix F1 (continued). Master Species List of organisms identified in the entrainment samples.

Taxa Name	Taxon	Common Name
Sciaenidae	<i>Umbrina roncador</i>	yellowfin croaker
Kyphosidae	<i>Girella nigricans</i>	opaleye
Pomacentridae	<i>Hypsypops rubicundus</i>	garibaldi
	Pomacentridae unid.	damsel fishes
Sphyraenidae	<i>Sphyraena argentea</i>	Pacific barracuda
Labridae	<i>Halichoeres semicinctus</i>	rock wrasse
	Labridae unid. (eggs)	wrasse eggs
	<i>Oxyjulis californica</i>	senorita
	<i>Semicossyphus pulcher</i>	California sheephead
Blenniidae	Blenniidae (eggs)	blenny eggs
	<i>Hypsoblennius jenkinsi</i>	mussel blenny
	<i>Hypsoblennius</i> spp.	combtooth blennies
Clinidae	Blennioidei unid.	blennies
	<i>Gibbonsia</i> spp.	clinid kelpfishes
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish
	<i>Paraclinus</i> spp.	clinid
Chaenopsidae	Chaenopsidae unid.	tube blennies
	<i>Neoclinus</i> spp.	fringeheads
Labrisomidae	Labrisomidae unid.	labrisomid blennies
Gobiidae	<i>Acanthogobius flavimanus</i>	yellowfin goby
	<i>Clevelandia ios</i>	arrow goby
	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker
	Gobiidae unid.	gobies
	<i>Ilypnus gilberti</i>	cheekspot goby
	<i>Lepidogobius lepidus</i>	bay goby
	<i>Rhinogobiops nicholsii</i>	blackeye goby
	<i>Typhlogobius californiensis</i>	blind goby
Stromateidae	<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>	Pacific butterfish
Pleuronectiformes	Pleuronectiformes unid.	flatfishes
Pleuronectidae	<i>Parophrys vetulus</i>	English sole
	Pleuronectidae unid.	righteye flounders
	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot
	<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp.	turbots
	<i>Pleuronichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	turbot eggs
	<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot
Paralichthyidae	<i>Citharichthys sordidus</i>	Pacific sanddab
	<i>Citharichthys</i> spp.	sanddabs
	<i>Citharichthys</i> spp. (eggs)	sanddab eggs
	<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab
	Paralichthyidae unid.	sand flounders
	Paralichthyidae unid. (eggs)	sand flounder eggs

(table continued)

Appendix F1 (continued). Master Species List of organisms identified in the entrainment samples.

Taxa Name	Taxon	Common Name
Paralichthyidae	<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut
	<i>Paralichthys californicus</i> (eggs)	California halibut eggs
Cynoglossidae	Cynoglossidae unid.	tongue soles
	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish

Appendix F2

Master Species List of Invertebrates Identified in Impingement Samples

Family	Taxon	Common Name
Cnidaria	Cnidaria	sea jelly, unid.
Polyorchidae	<i>Polyorchis haplus</i>	polyorchid jellyfish, unnamed
	<i>Polyorchis penicillatus</i>	red jellyfish
Pelagiidae	<i>Chrysaora colorata</i>	purple-striped jellyfish
Ulmaridae	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>	moon jelly
Gastropoda	Gastropoda	gastropod, unid.
	Nudibranchia	nudibranch, unid.
Calyptraeidae	<i>Crepidula onyx</i>	onyx slippersnail
Muricidae	<i>Ceratostoma nuttalli</i>	Nuttall's thornmouth
Buccinidae	<i>Kelletia kelletii</i>	Kellet's whelk
Aplysiidae	<i>Aplysia californica</i>	California seahare
	<i>Aplysia</i> spp.	seahare, unid.
	<i>Phyllaplysia taylora</i>	zebra leafslug
Bullidae	<i>Bulla gouldiana</i>	California bubble
Haminoeidae	<i>Haminoea</i> spp.	glassy bubble, unid.
	<i>Haminoea virescens</i>	green glassy bubble
Aglajidae	<i>Navanax inermis</i>	California aglaja
Philinidae	<i>Philine auriformis</i>	New Zealand snail
Pleurobranchidae	<i>Berthella californica</i>	California sidegill slug
Discodorididae	<i>Diaulula sandiegensis</i>	ring-spotted dorid
Onchidorididae	<i>Acanthodoris rhodoceras</i>	black-tipped spiny doris
Polyceratidae	<i>Triopha maculata</i>	spotted triopha
Polyceridae	<i>Polycera atra</i>	orange-spike polycera
	<i>Polycera hedgpethi</i>	Hedgpeth's polycera
Dendrodorididae	<i>Dendrodoris fulva</i>	yellow prorostome
Dendronotidae	<i>Dendronotus frondosus</i>	leafy dendronotid
	<i>Dendronotus iris</i>	giant-frond-aeolis
	<i>Dendronotus subramosus</i>	stubby dendronotus
Dironidae	<i>Dirona picta</i>	spotted dirona
Flabellinidae	<i>Flabellina iodinea</i>	Spanish shawl
	<i>Flabellina trilineata</i>	threeline aeolis
Facelinidae	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	hermissenda
Aeolidiidae	<i>Aeolidia papillosa</i>	shag-rug aeolis
Pectinidae	<i>Argopecten ventricosus</i>	Pacific calico scallop
	<i>Leptopecten</i> spp.	scallop, unid.

(table continued)

Family	Taxon	Common Name
Loliginidae	<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	California market squid
Octopodidae	<i>Octopus bimaculatus/bimaculoides</i> <i>Octopus</i> spp.	California two-spot octopus octopus, unid.
Hippolytidae	<i>Heptacarpus palpator</i> <i>Heptacarpus paludicola</i> <i>Lysmata californica</i>	intertidal coastal shrimp California coastal shrimp red rock shrimp
Crangonidae	<i>Crangon nigromaculata</i>	blackspotted bay shrimp
Callianassidae	<i>Neotrypaea californiensis</i> <i>Neotrypaea gigas</i>	bay ghost shrimp giant ghost shrimp
Majidae	<i>Pyromaia tuberculata</i>	tuberculate pear crab
Epialtidae	<i>Pugettia producta</i>	northern kelp crab
Canceridae	<i>Cancer anthonyi</i>	yellow crab
Portunidae	<i>Portunus xantusii</i>	Xantus swimming crab
Grapsidae	<i>Hemigrapsus nudus</i> <i>Hemigrapsus oregonensis</i> <i>Hemigrapsus</i> spp. <i>Pachygrapsus crassipes</i>	purple shore crab yellow shore crab shore crab, unid. striped shore crab
Asterinidae	<i>Pisaster</i> spp.	sea star, unid.
Strongylocentrotidae	<i>Strongylocentrotus purpuratus</i>	purple sea urchin
Molpadiidae	<i>Molpadia intermedia</i>	unnamed sea cucumber

Appendix F3

Master Species List of fishes identified in the impingement samples.

Family	Taxon	Common Name
(Chondrichthyes)		cartilaginous fishes
Triakidae	<i>Mustelus californicus</i>	gray smoothhound
Torpedinidae	<i>Torpedo californica</i>	Pacific electric ray
Rhinobatidae	<i>Rhinobatos productus</i>	shovelnose guitarfish
Rajidae	<i>Raja inornata</i>	California skate
Urolophidae	<i>Urobatis halleri</i>	round stingray
Myliobatidae	<i>Myliobatis californica</i>	bat ray
(Actinopterygii)		ray-finned fishes
Ophichthidae	<i>Ophichthus zophochir</i>	yellow snake eel
Engraulidae	<i>Anchoa compressa</i>	deepbody anchovy
	<i>Anchoa delicatissima</i>	slough anchovy
	<i>Anchoa</i> spp.	deepbody/slough anchovy, unid.
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i>	northern anchovy
	<i>Engraulis mordax</i> larvae	northern anchovy larvae
Clupeidae	<i>Sardinops sagax</i>	Pacific sardine
Synodontidae	<i>Synodus lucioceps</i>	California lizardfish
Ophididae	<i>Ophidion scrippsae</i>	basketweave cusk-eel
Batrachoididae	<i>Porichthys myriaster</i>	specklefin midshipman
	<i>Porichthys notatus</i>	plainfin midshipman
	<i>Porichthys</i> spp.	midshipman, unid.
Atherinopsidae	<i>Atherinops affinis</i>	topsmelt
	Atherinopsidae	silverside, unid.
	<i>Atherinopsis californiensis</i>	jacksmelt
	<i>Leuresthes tenuis</i>	California grunion
Fundulidae	<i>Fundulus parvipinnis</i>	California killifish
Syngnathidae	<i>Syngnathus californiensis</i>	kelp pipefish
	<i>Syngnathus leptorhynchus</i>	bay pipefish
	<i>Syngnathus</i> spp.	pipefish, unid.
Scorpaenidae	<i>Sebastes miniatus</i>	vermilion rockfish
Cottidae	Cottidae	sculpin, unid.
	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>	Pacific staghorn sculpin
Agonidae	<i>Odontopyxis trispinosa</i>	pygmy poacher
Carangidae	<i>Trachurus symmetricus</i>	jack mackerel
Haemulidae	<i>Anisotremus davidsonii</i>	sargo
	<i>Xenistius californiensis</i>	salema

(table continued)

Family	Taxon	Common Name
Sciaenidae	<i>Cheilotrema saturnum</i>	black croaker
	<i>Genyonemus lineatus</i>	white croaker
	<i>Seriphus politus</i>	queenfish
	<i>Umbrina roncador</i>	yellowfin croaker
Embiotocidae	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>	shiner perch
	<i>Embiotoca jacksoni</i>	black perch
	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>	walleye surfperch
	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>	white seaperch
Labrisomidae	<i>Paraclinus integripinnis</i>	reef finspot
Clinidae	Clinidae	kelp blenny, unid.
	<i>Gibbonsia elegans</i>	spotted kelpfish
	<i>Gibbonsia metzi</i>	striped kelpfish
	<i>Heterostichus rostratus</i>	giant kelpfish
Blennidae	<i>Hypsoblennius gilberti</i>	rockpool blenny
	<i>Hypsoblennius jenkinsi</i>	mussel blenny
Gobiesocidae	Gobiesocidae	clingfish, unid.
	<i>Gobiesox rhessodon</i>	California clingfish
Gobiidae	<i>Gillichthys mirabilis</i>	longjaw mudsucker
	<i>Ilypnus gilberti</i>	cheekspot goby
Sphyraenidae	<i>Sphyraena argentea</i>	Pacific barracuda
Stromateidae	<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>	Pacific pompano
Paralichthyidae	<i>Citharichthys stigmaeus</i>	speckled sanddab
	<i>Paralichthys californicus</i>	California halibut
Pleuronectidae	<i>Pleuronichthys guttulatus</i>	diamond turbot
	<i>Pleuronichthys ritteri</i>	spotted turbot
	<i>Pleuronichthys verticalis</i>	hornyhead turbot
Cynoglossidae	<i>Symphurus atricaudus</i>	California tonguefish