

Media Release

California Regional Water Quality Control Board North Coast Region 5550 Skylane Boulevard, Suite A Santa Rosa, CA 95403 http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast

State and U.S. EPA warn to avoid contact with blue-green algae in Iron Gate and Copco Reservoirs. Caution urged when consuming fish.

News Release: June 28, 2013 Contact: Clayton Creager: (707) 576-2666

Sacramento – Due to its potential health risks, federal, state, and tribal agencies are urging swimmers, boaters and recreational users to avoid contact with blue-green algae (cyanobacteria) now blooming in both Copco and Iron Gate Reservoirs on the Klamath River in Northern California. Signs were posted at Copco Reservoir on June 18th and now at Iron Gate Reservoir on June 27th with health advisories warning against human and animal contact with the water.

Toxin levels in both Copco and Iron Gate Reservoirs exceeded the public health advisory threshold during recent public health monitoring. California agencies including the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), CA Department of Public Health, as well as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the Yurok and Karuk Tribes urge residents and recreational water users of Copco and Iron Gate Reservoirs to use caution and avoid getting in the water near these blooms, especially during the upcoming summer months. Public health monitoring for the Klamath River from Link River Dam in Oregon to the estuary in California (including Copco and Iron Gate Reservoirs) is conducted collaboratively by the United States Bureau of Reclamation, PacifiCorp, the Karuk Tribe, the Yurok Tribe, and the CA North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board and United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"As blue-green algae (cyanobacteria) can pose health risks, especially to children and pets, we urge people to be careful where they swim when visiting Copco and Iron Gate Reservoirs," said Matt St. John, Executive Officer of the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board. "We recommend that people and their pets avoid contact with the blooms, and particularly avoid swallowing or inhaling of water spray in an algal bloom area." Water users are encouraged to check most recent sampling results on the Klamath Blue-Green Algae Tracker (see link below).

The algal blooms look bright green in the water, and blue-green, white or brown foam, scum or mats can float on the water and accumulate along the shore. Recreational exposure to toxic blue-green algae can cause eye irritation, allergic skin rash, mouth ulcer, vomiting, diarrhea,



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and cold and flu-like symptoms. Liver failure, nerve damage and death have occurred in rare situations where large amounts of contaminated water were directly ingested.

"This is a situation that anyone who comes into contact with water in the reservoirs should be aware of. Vacationers and the public should adjust their activities accordingly", said St. John.

The Statewide Guidance on Harmful Algal Blooms recommends the following:

- Take care that pets and livestock do not drink the water or swim through algae, scums
 or mats, nor lick their fur after going in the water. Rinse pets in clean drinking water to
 remove algae from fur.
- Avoid wading and swimming in water containing visible blooms or water containing algae, scums or mats.
- Even if no algae, scums or mats are visible, you should still carefully watch young children and warn them not to swallow the water.
- Do not drink, cook or wash dishes with untreated surface water under any circumstances; common water purification techniques (e.g., camping filters, tablets) may not remove toxins.
- People should limit or avoid eating fish. If fish are consumed, remove guts and liver, and rinse filets in clean drinking water.
- Get medical treatment immediately if you think that you, your pet, or livestock might have been poisoned by blue-green algae toxins. Be sure to alert the medical professional to the possible contact with blue-green algae.

With proper precautions to avoid water contact, people can still visit Copco and Iron Gate Reservoirs and enjoy camping, hiking, biking, canoeing, picnicking, or other recreational activities, excluding direct contact with the algal bloom.

For more information, please visit:

California Department of Public Health:

http://www.cdph.ca.gov/healthinfo/environhealth/water/Pages/Bluegreenalgae.aspx

State Water Resources Control Board

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/bluegreen_algae/

CA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment:

http://oehha.ca.gov/ecotox/microcystins.html

Klamath Blue-Green Algae Tracker

http://www.kbmp.net/blue-green-algae-tracker

Siskiyou County Public Health Department:

http://www.co.siskiyou.ca.us/PHS/phs.aspx

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