

Elk River Restoration Summit

February 8 and 9, 2012
Eureka, CA

Adona White, PE
Basin Planning
North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board



**Track Elk River TMDL development,
and download documents for review
and comment:**

**[http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast/
programs/tmdl/elk](http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast/programs/tmdl/elk)**

**Sign-up for announcements
pertaining to Elk TMDL:**

**[http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/resources/
email_subscriptions/reg1_subscribe.shtml](http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/resources/email_subscriptions/reg1_subscribe.shtml)**



Elk River Watershed

58.3 square miles

- North Fork Elk River (22.5mi²)
- South Fork Elk River (19.5 mi²)
- Lower Elk River (10.4 mi²)
- Martin Slough (5.9 mi²)

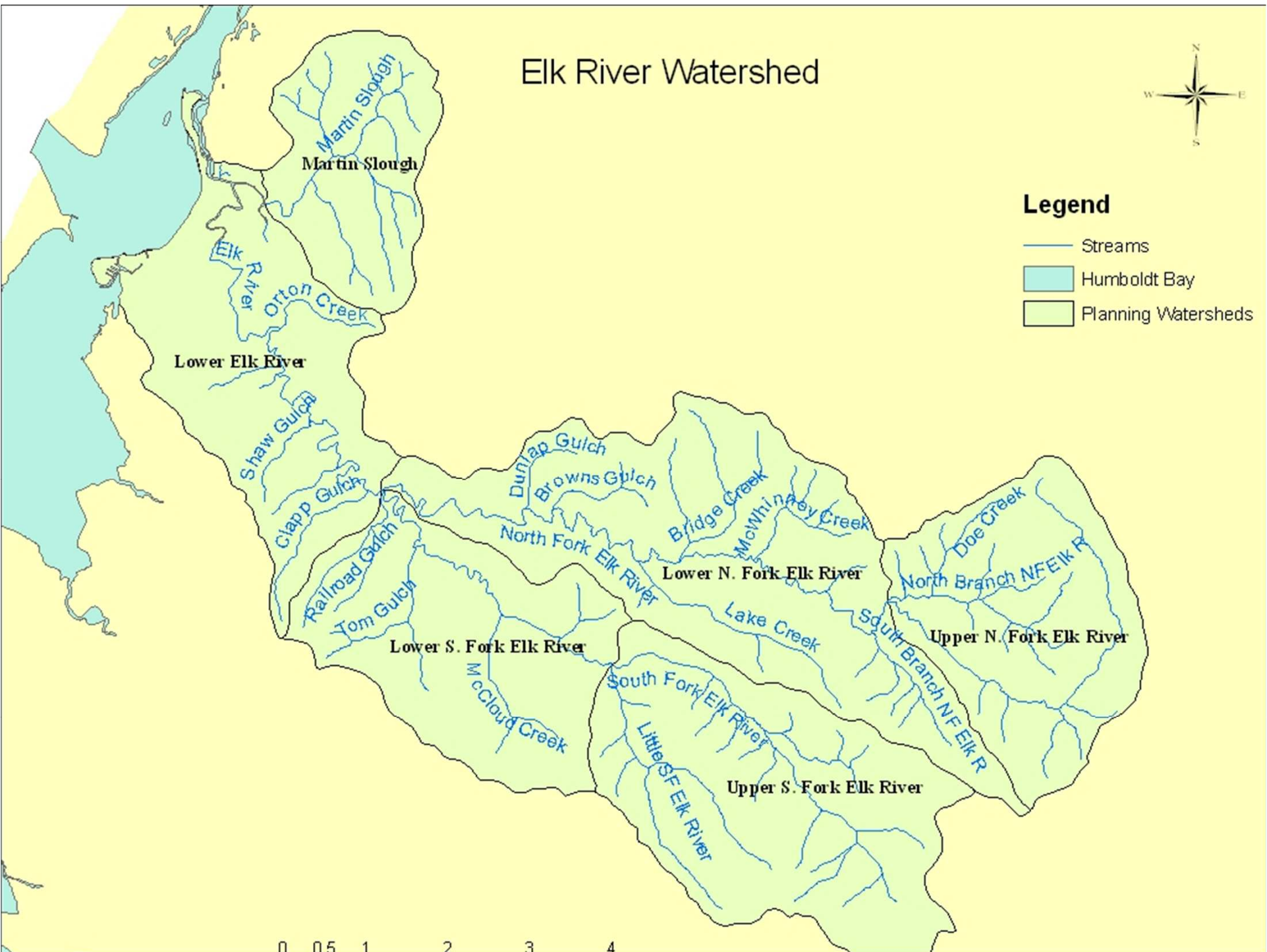


Elk River Watershed

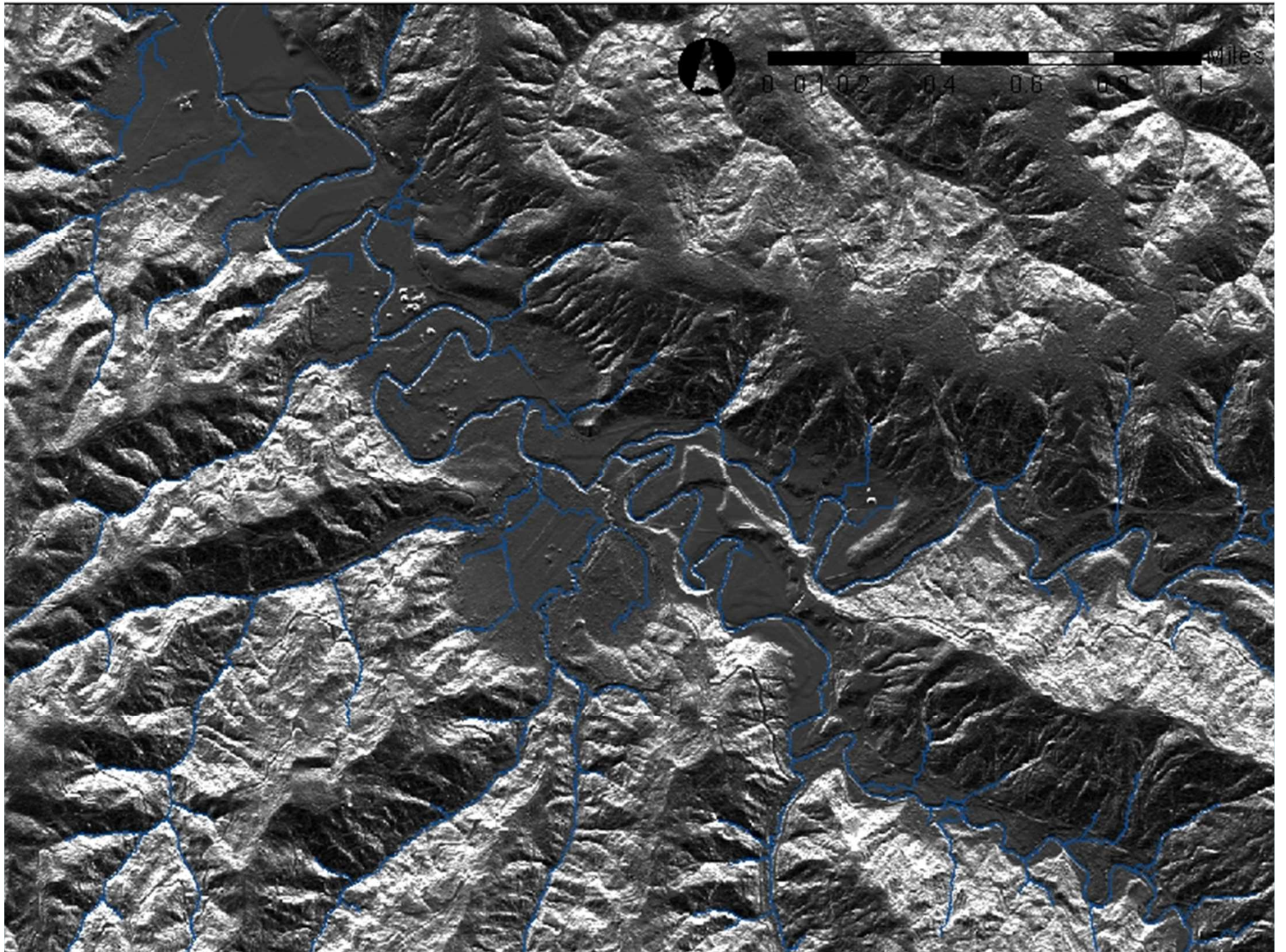


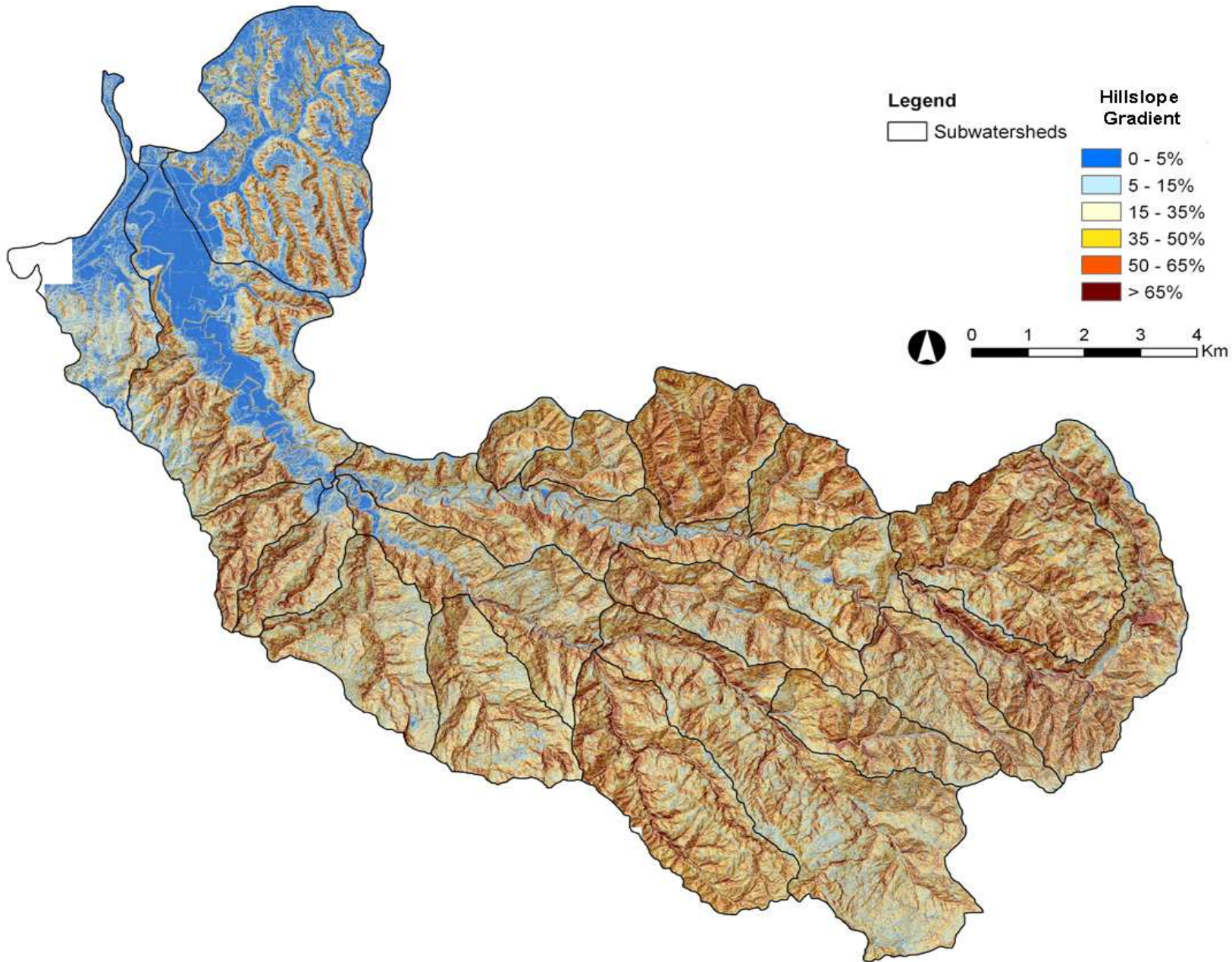
Legend

- Streams
- Humboldt Bay
- Planning Watersheds

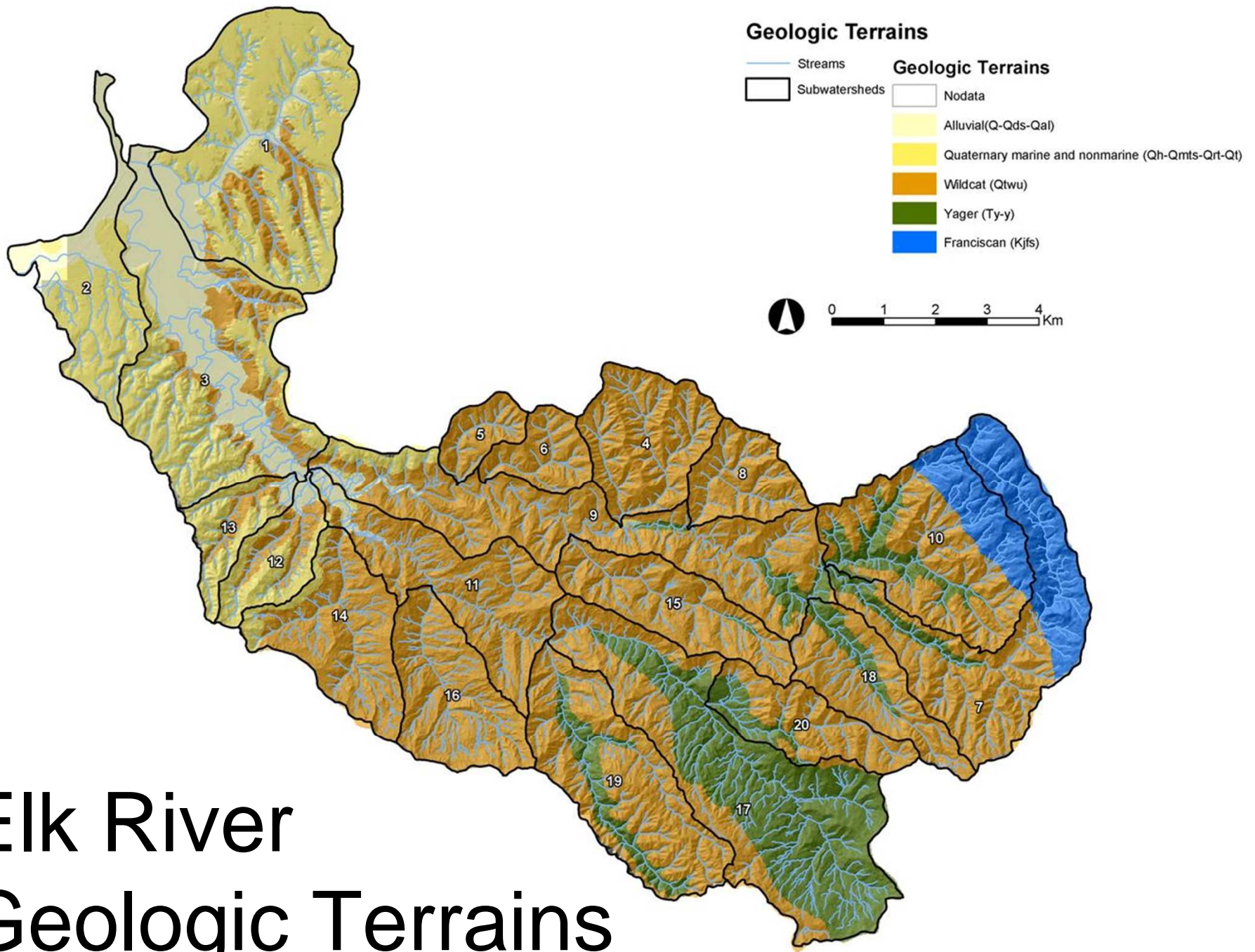


0 0.5 1 2 3 4





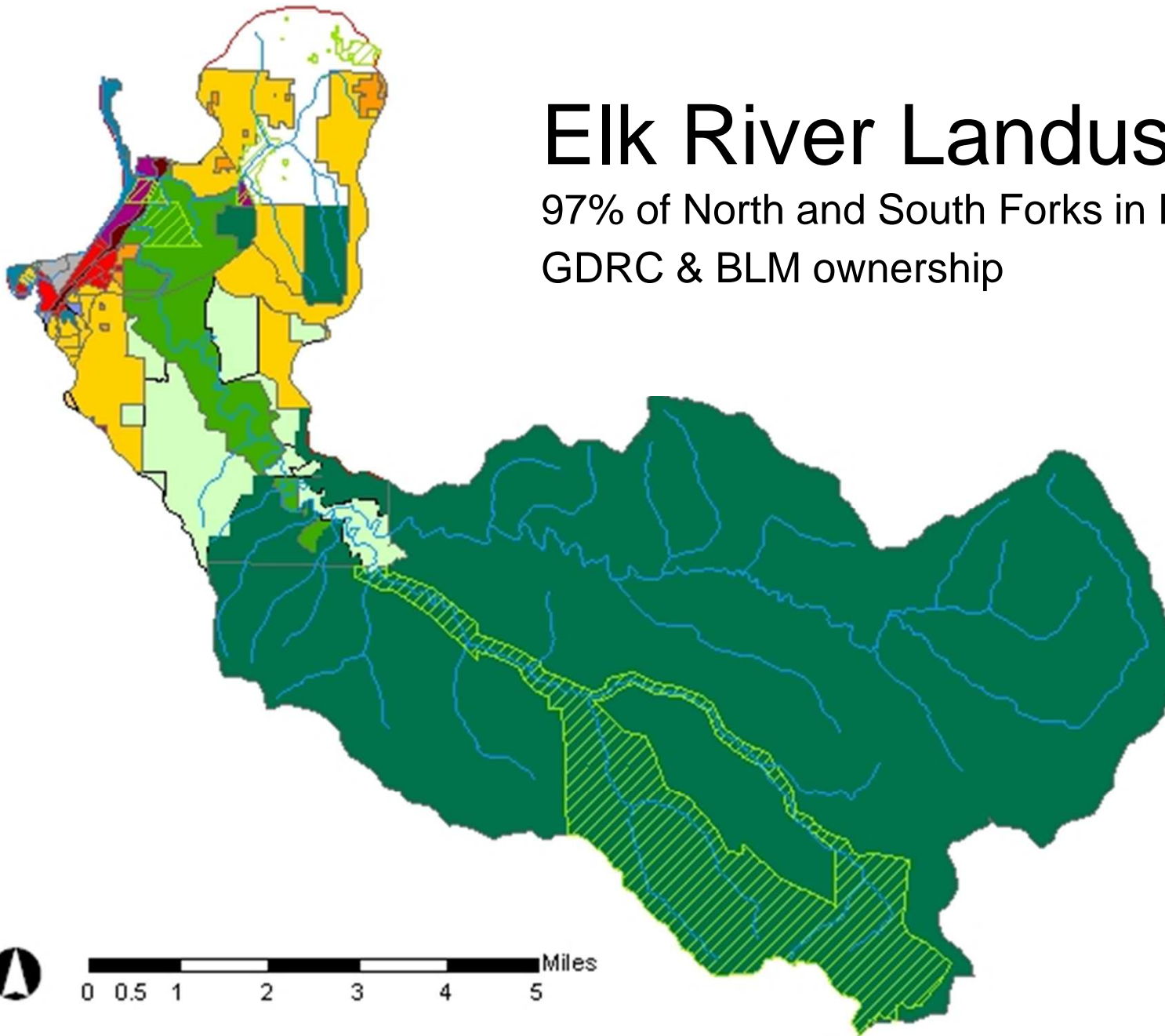
Elk River Hillslope Gradient



Elk River Geologic Terrains

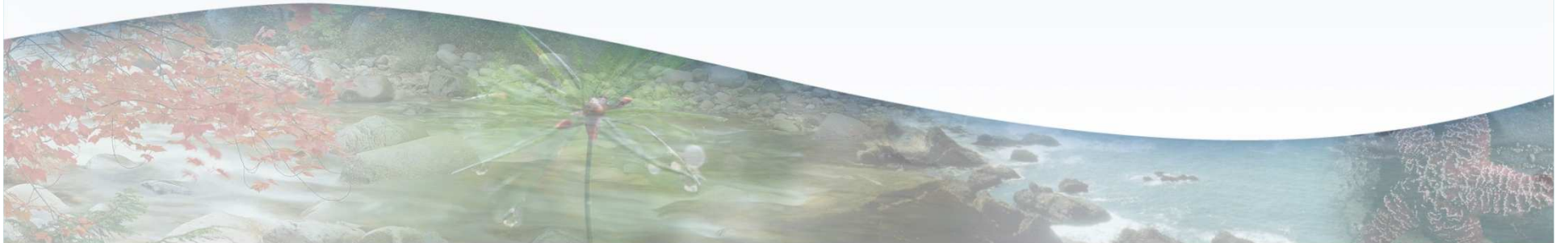
Elk River Landuse

97% of North and South Forks in HRC,
GDRC & BLM ownership



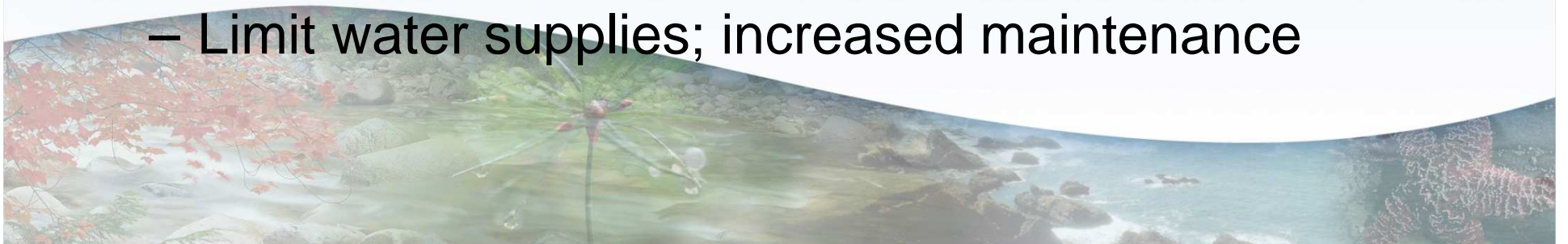


Fly through



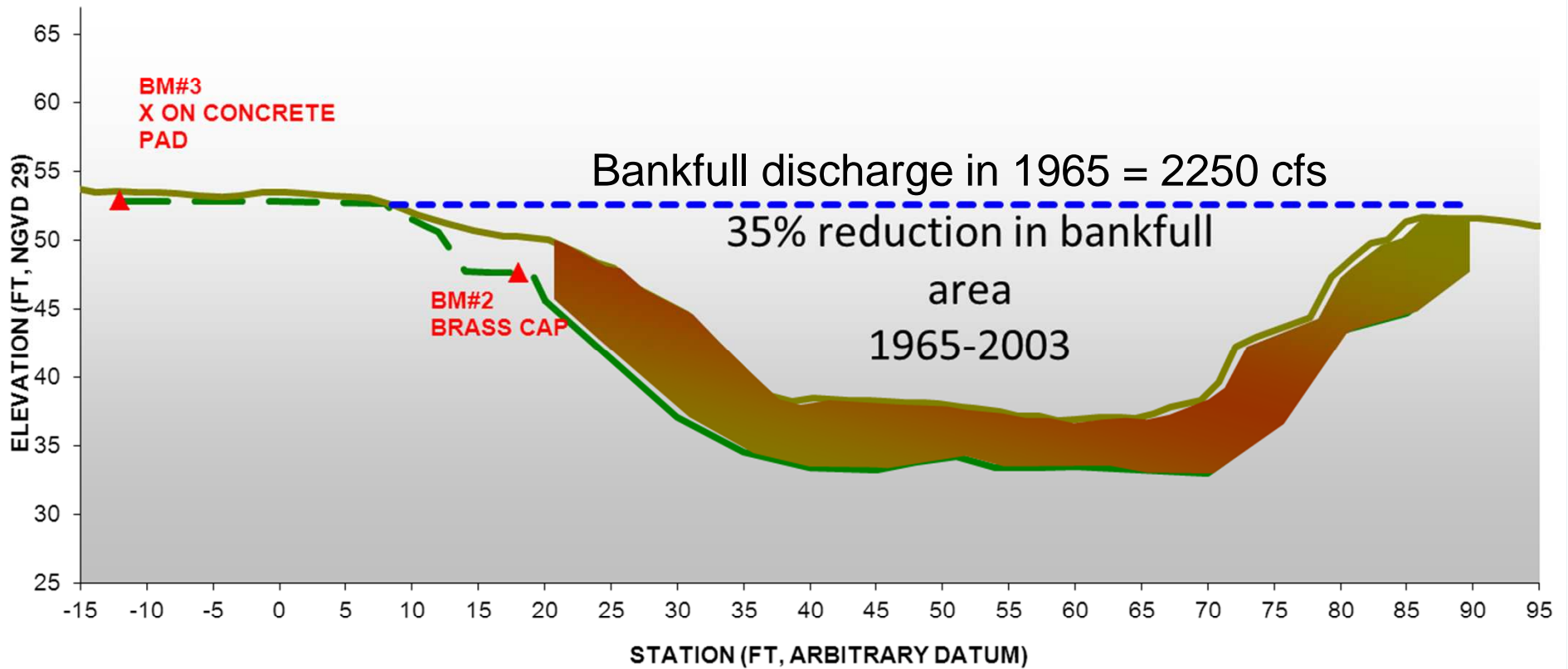
Beneficial Use Impairment & Exceedence of Water Quality Objectives

- Sediment deposition
 - Reduced channel capacity; altered morphology
 - Nuisance flooding conditions
 - Pool filling; spawning habitat
- Elevated suspended sediment concentrations and turbidity levels
 - Limit fish feeding and survivability
 - Limit water supplies; increased maintenance





Comparison with historic conditions:
USGS gaged Upper Mainstem (1958-1967)
PL reoccupied site beginning in 1998



Nuisance Flooding Conditions



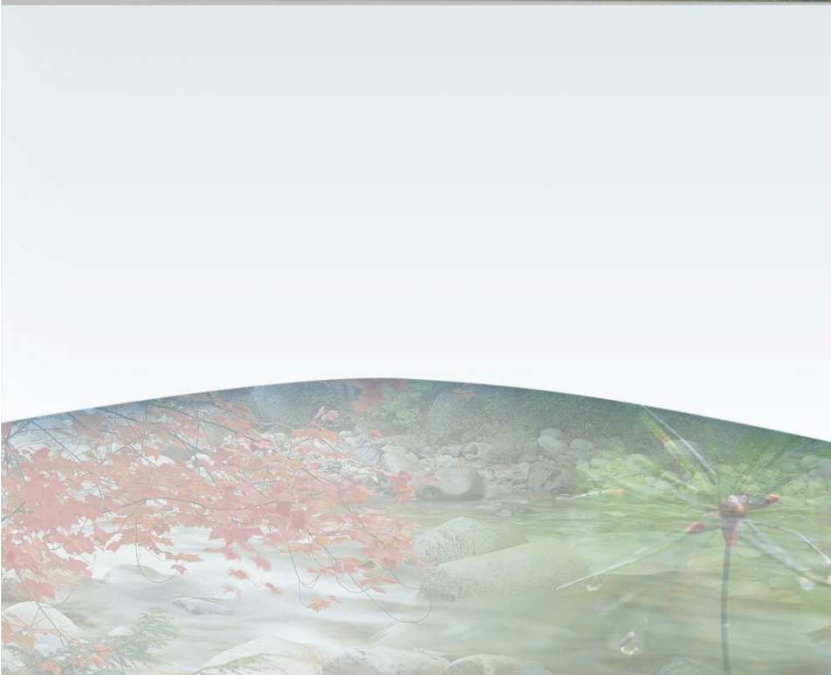
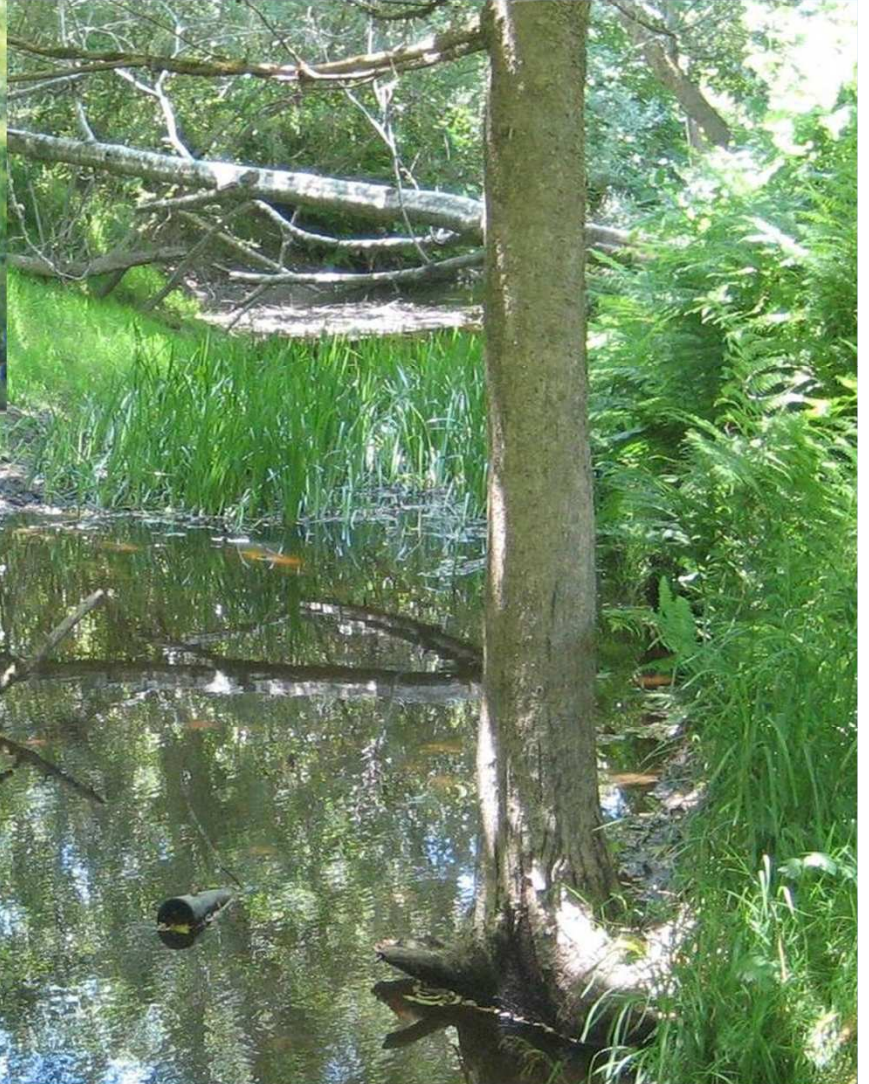
(California Water Code
section 13050.)



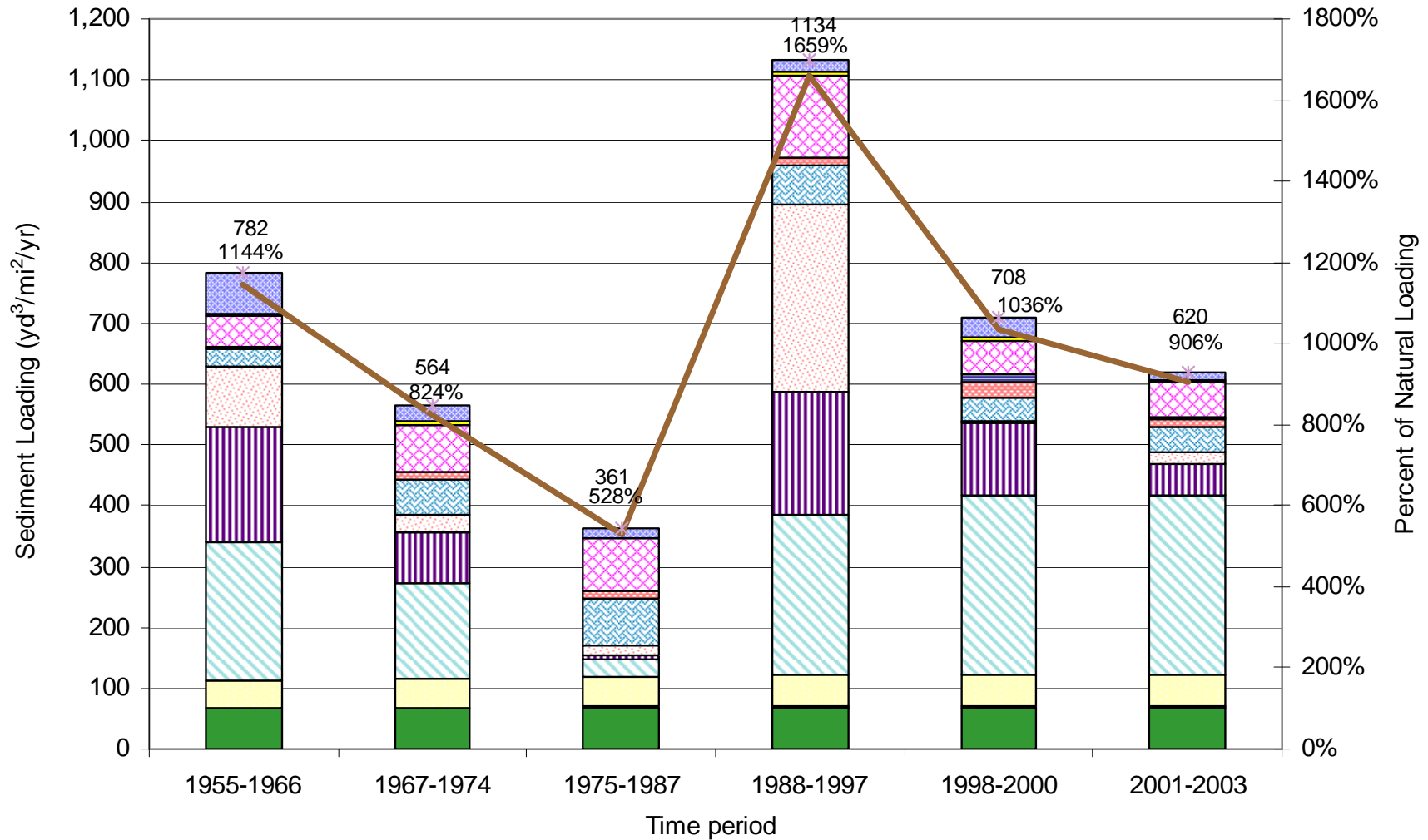
Sediment loads and ongoing deposition



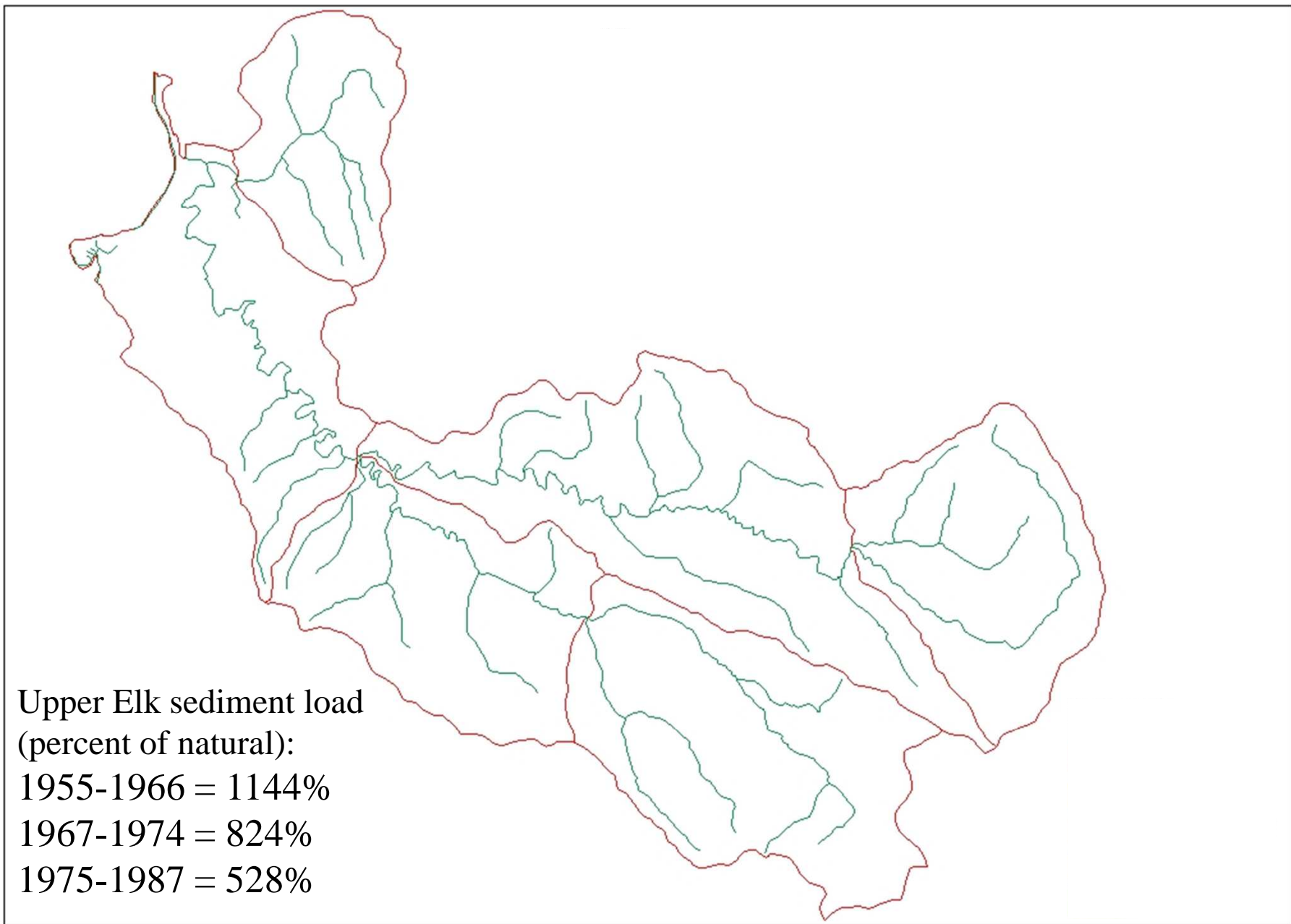
Cumulative Effects

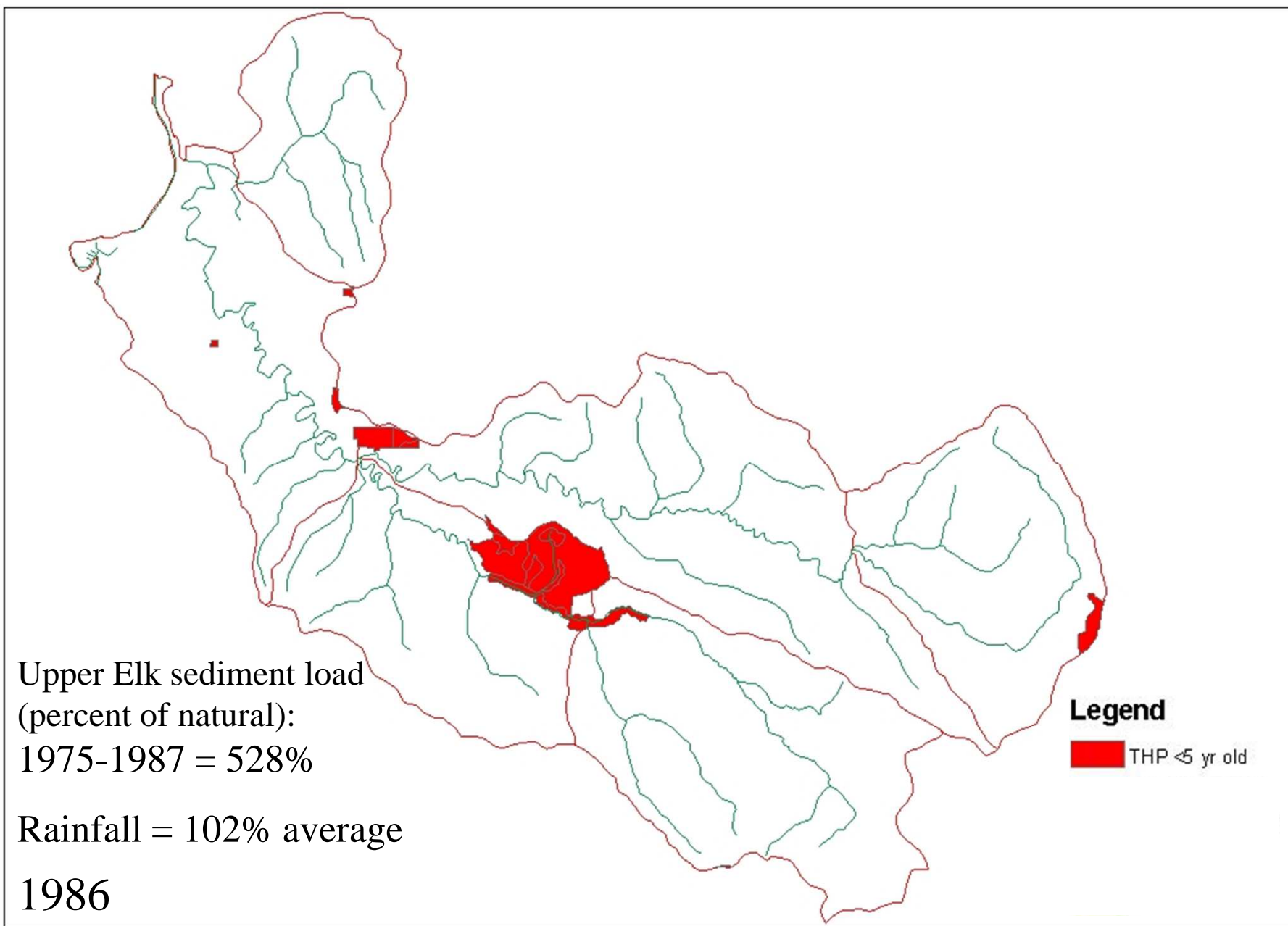


Draft Management Sources Summary



- Natural Loading
- Streamside Landslides
- Management-related discharge sites
- Road Surface Erosion
- Soil Creep
- Open Slope Shallow Landslides
- Harvest Surface Erosion
- Bank Erosion
- Road-related Landslides
- Skid Trails
- Post-Treatment Discharge Sites
- Low Order Channel Incision
- % of Natural Loading
- * Total Loading





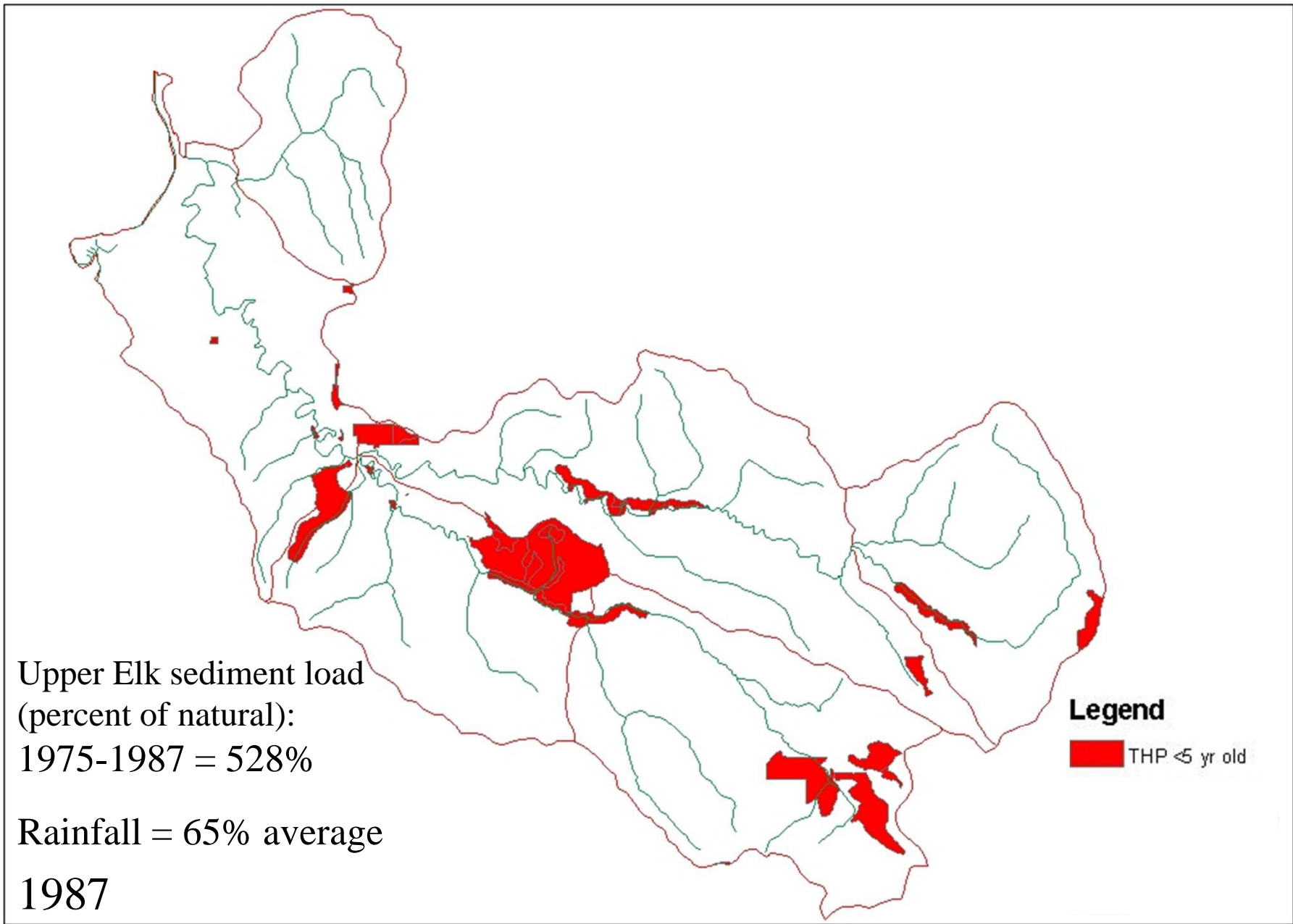
Upper Elk sediment load
(percent of natural):
1975-1987 = 528%

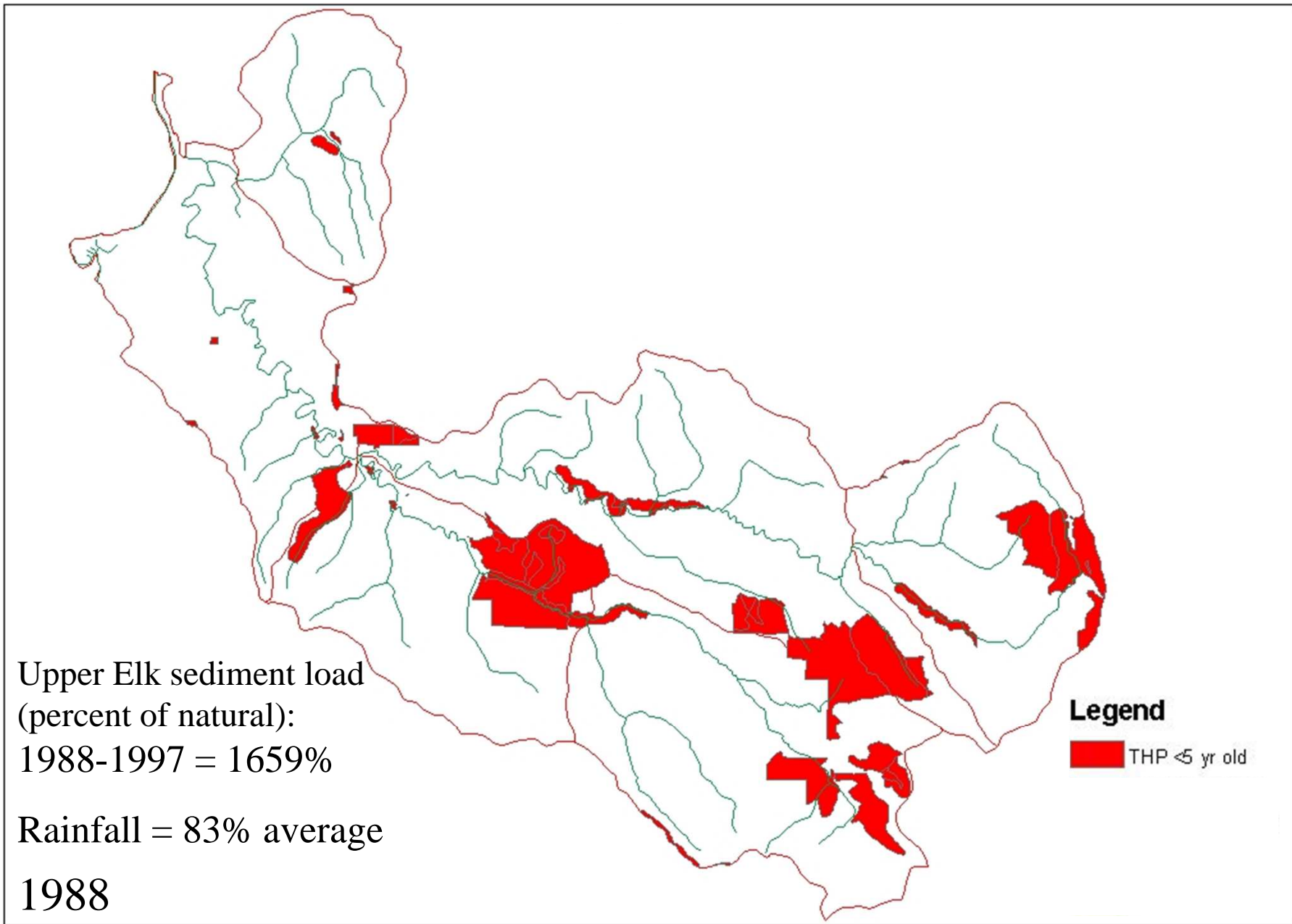
Rainfall = 102% average

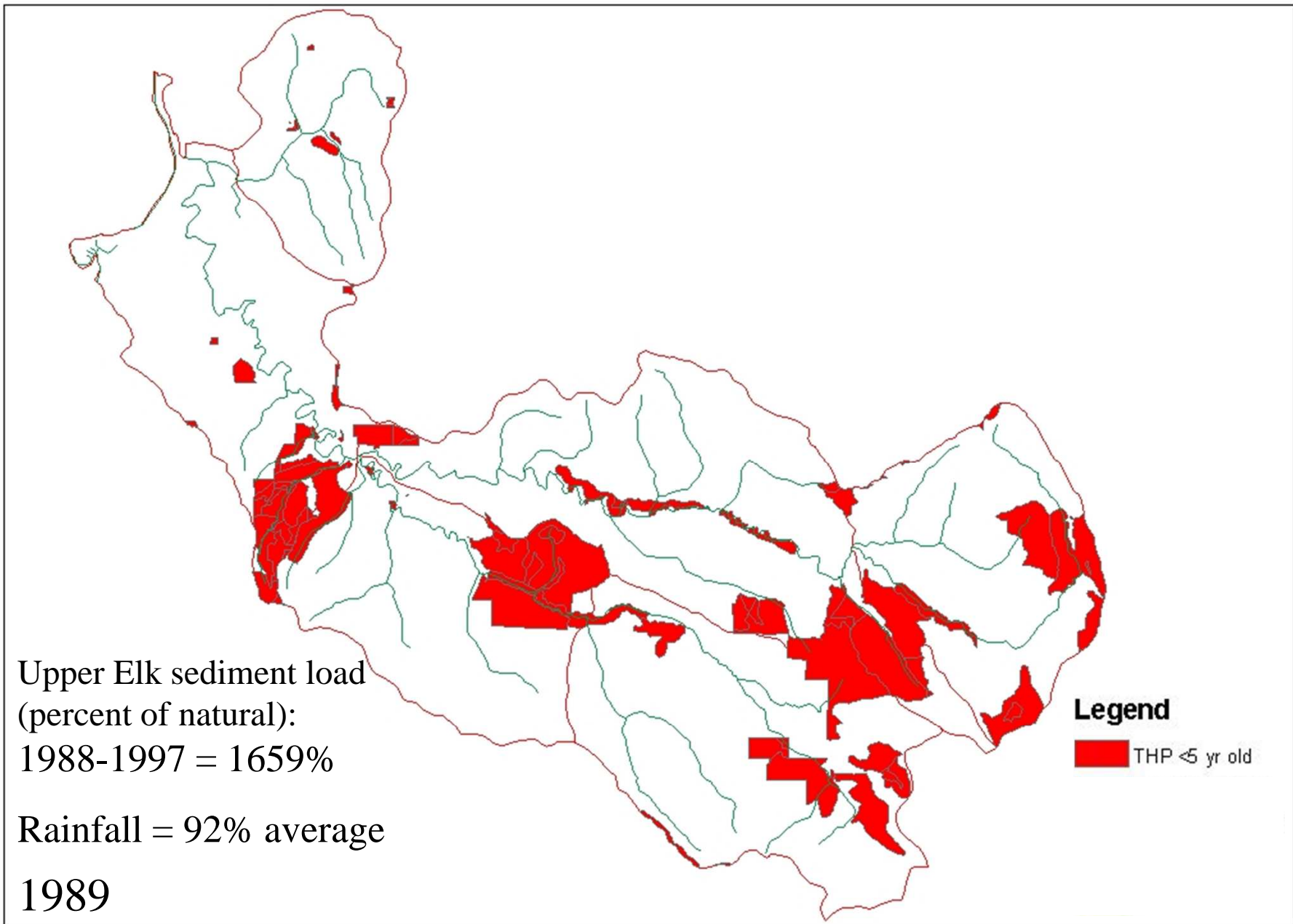
1986

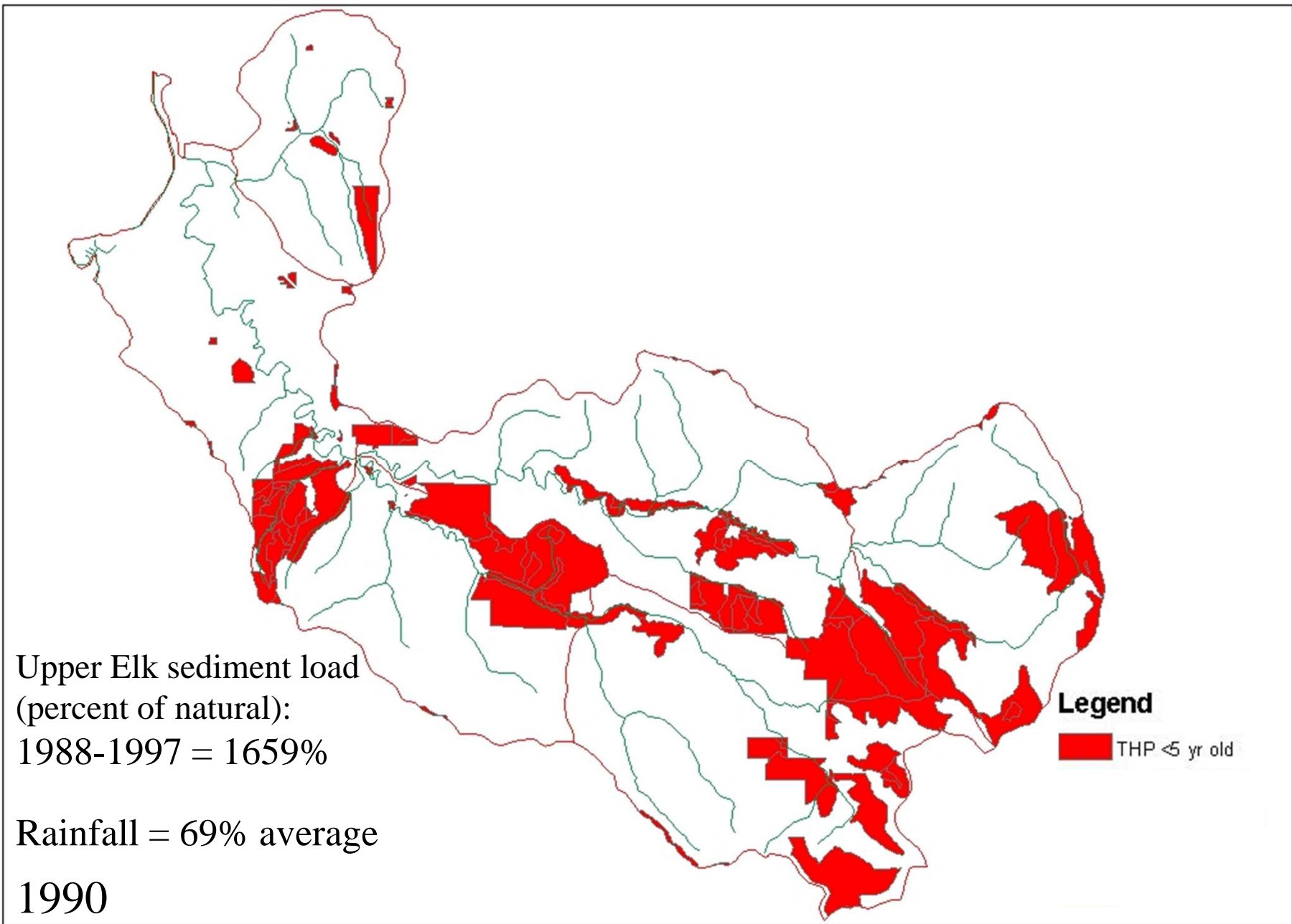
Legend

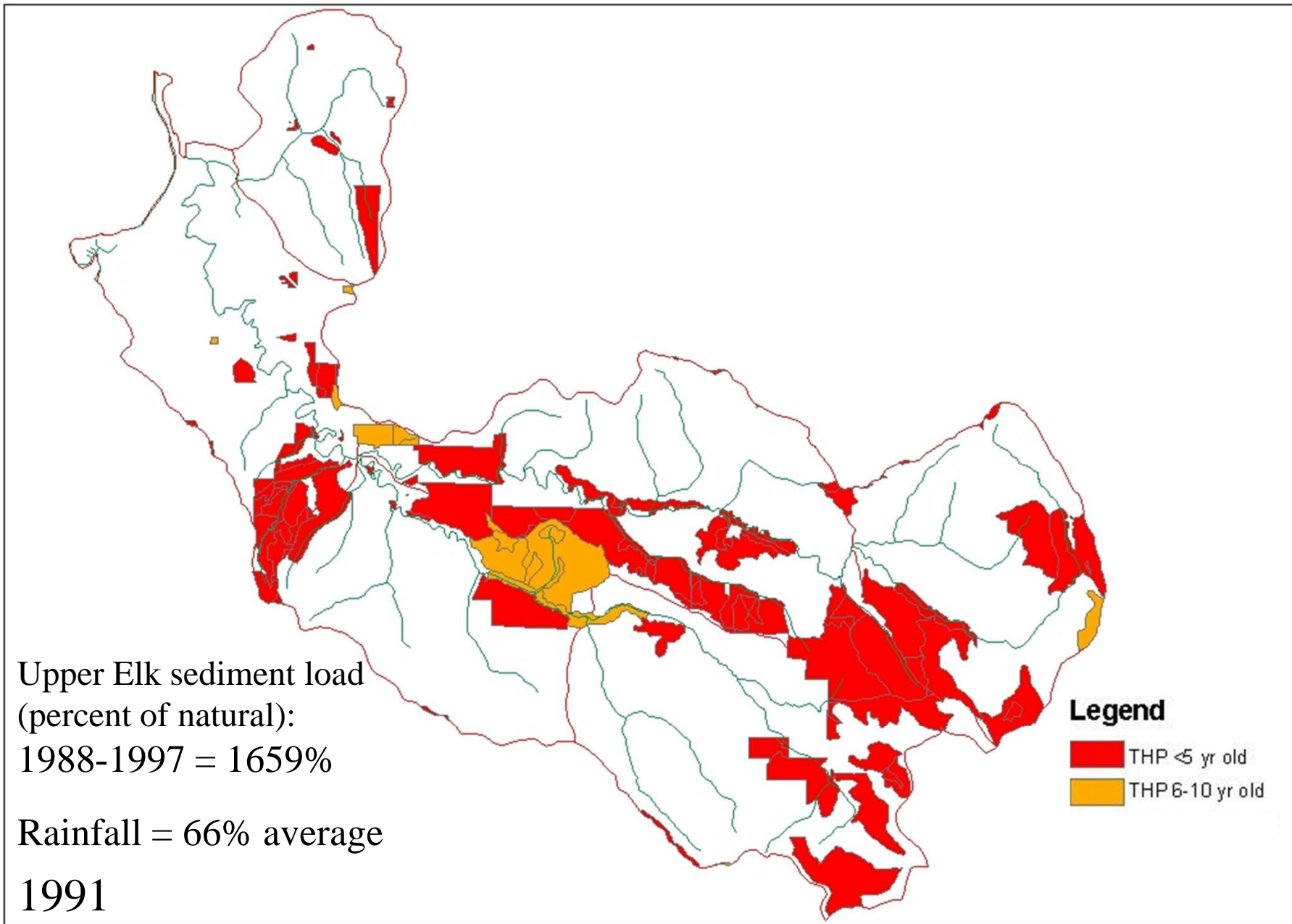
 THP <5 yr old

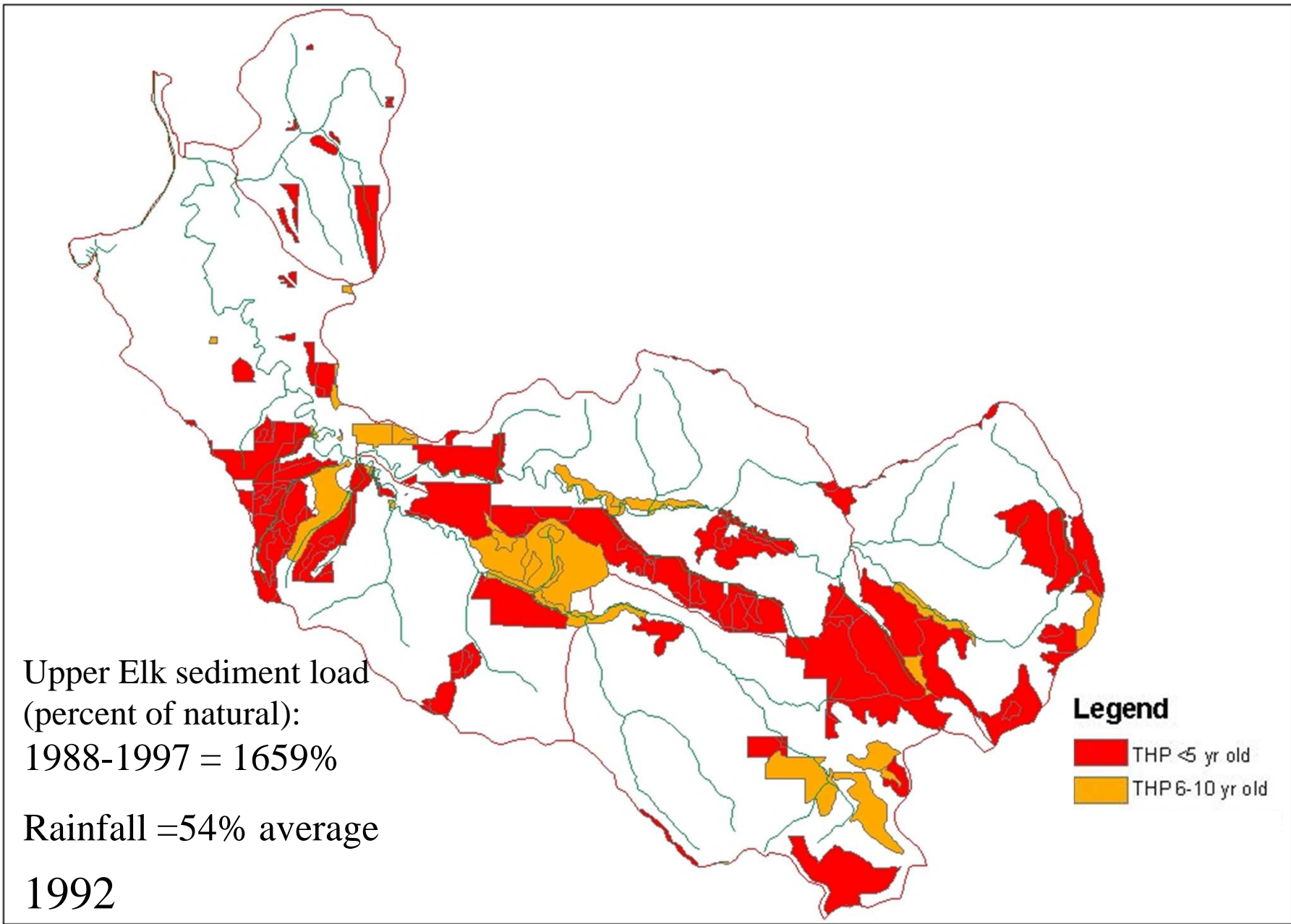




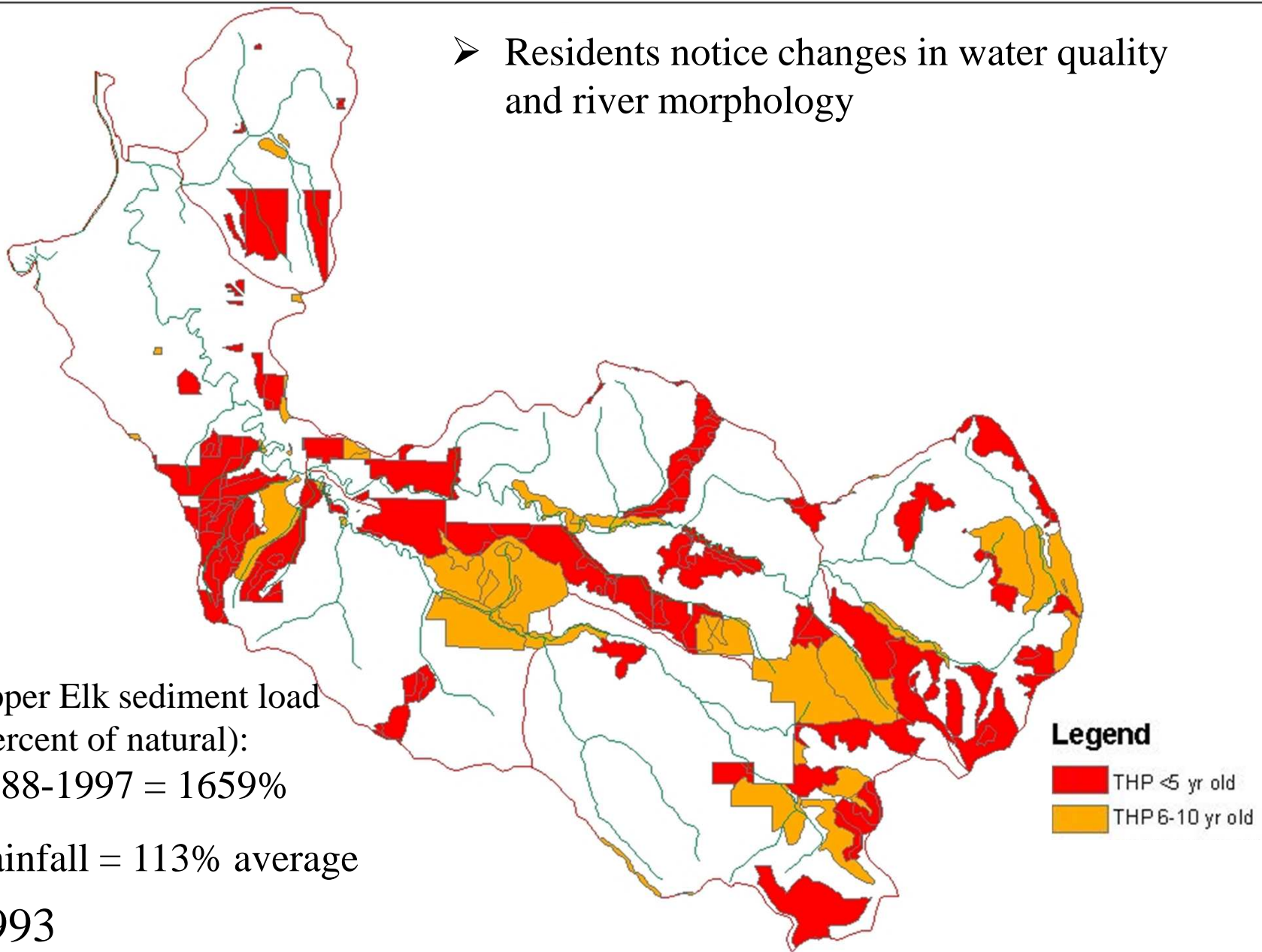








➤ Residents notice changes in water quality and river morphology

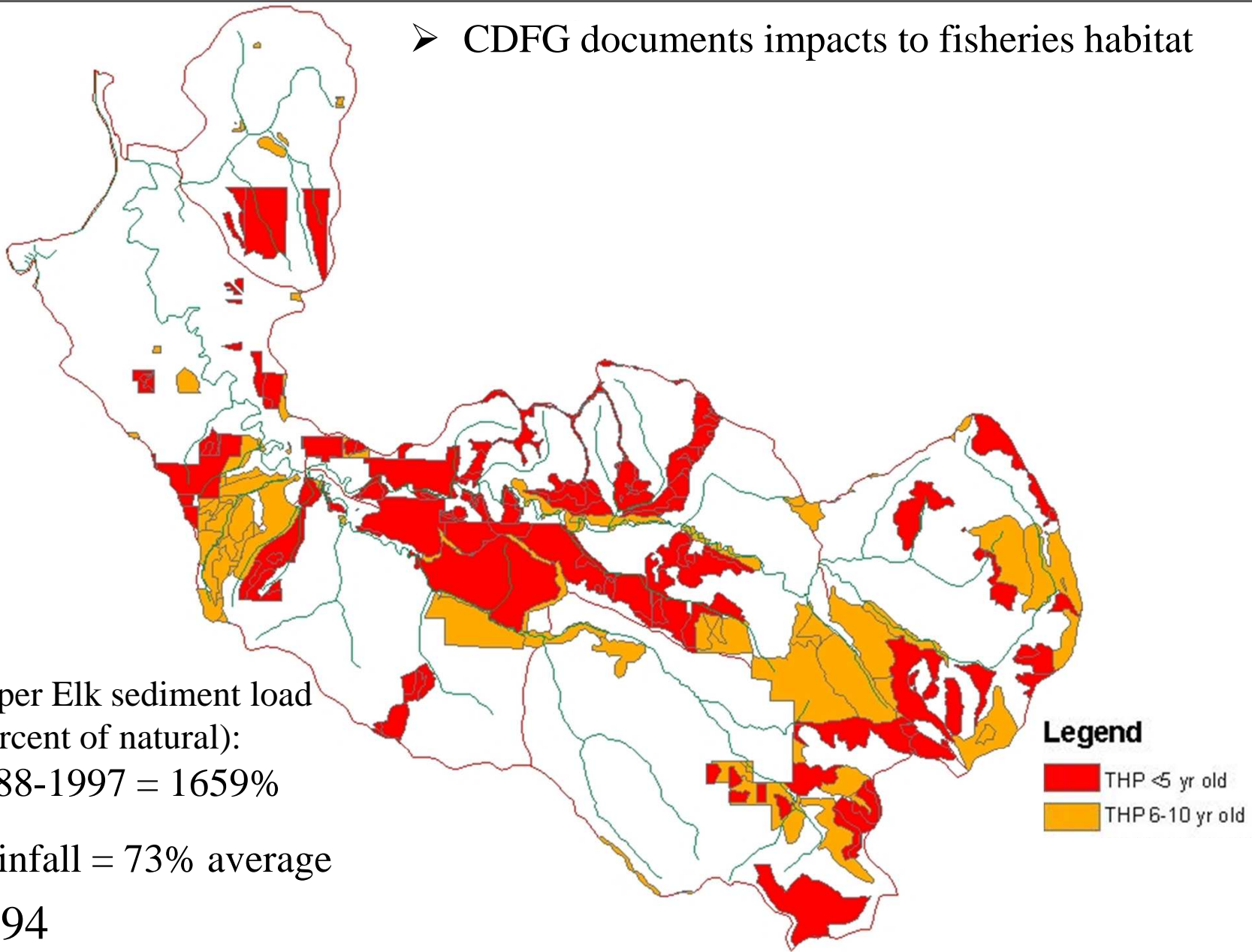


Upper Elk sediment load
(percent of natural):
1988-1997 = 1659%

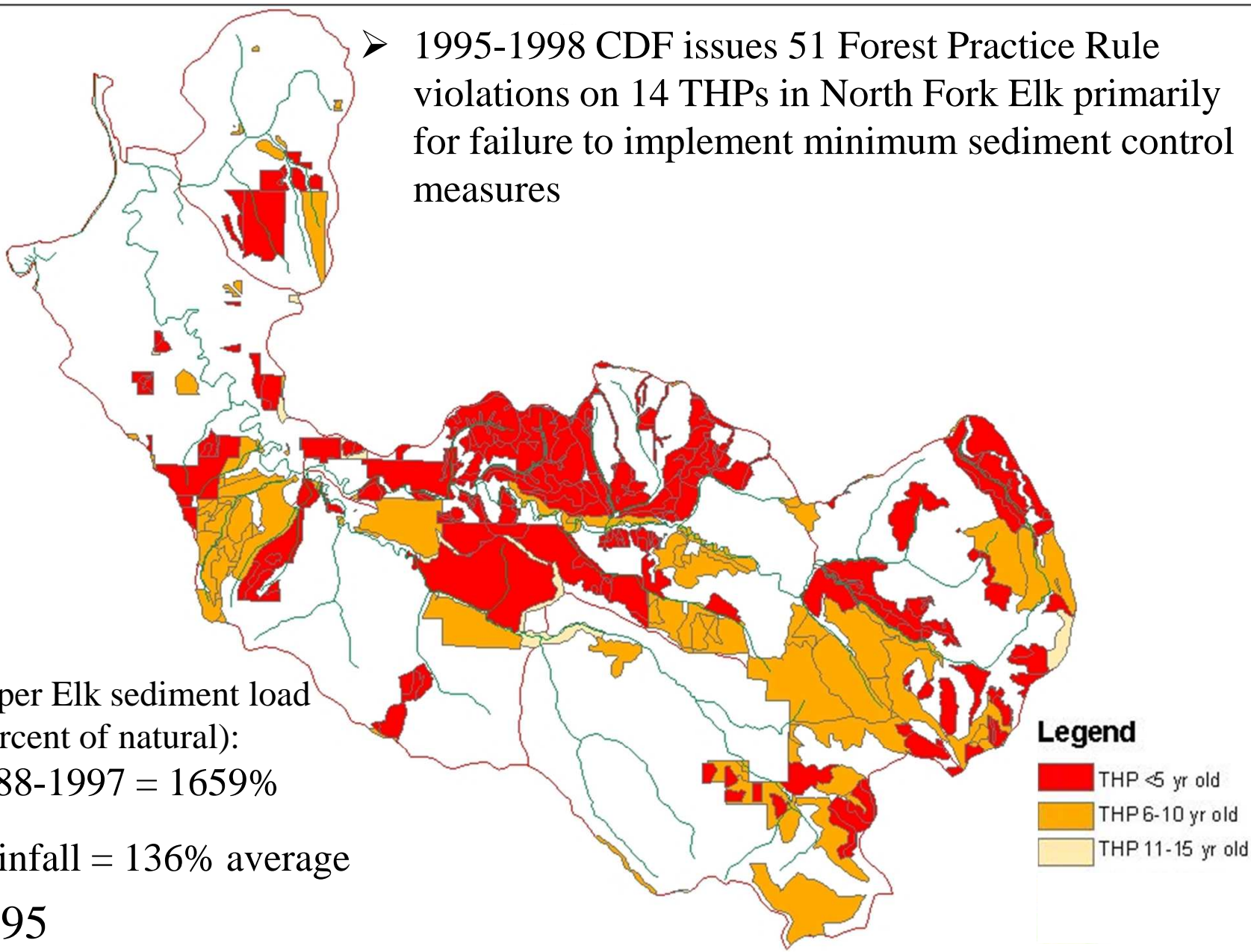
Rainfall = 113% average
1993

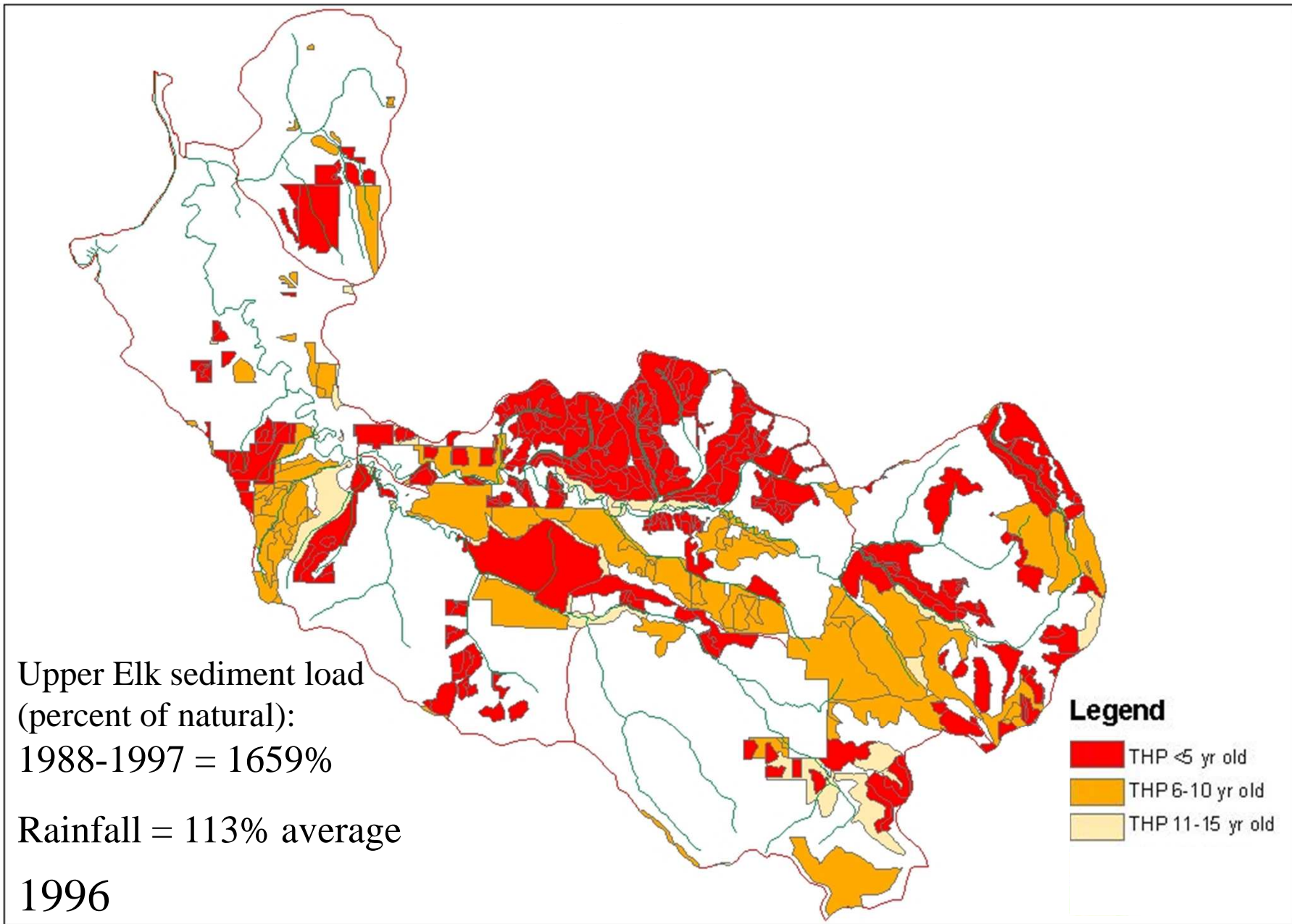
Legend
■ THP < 5 yr old
■ THP 6-10 yr old

➤ CDFG documents impacts to fisheries habitat

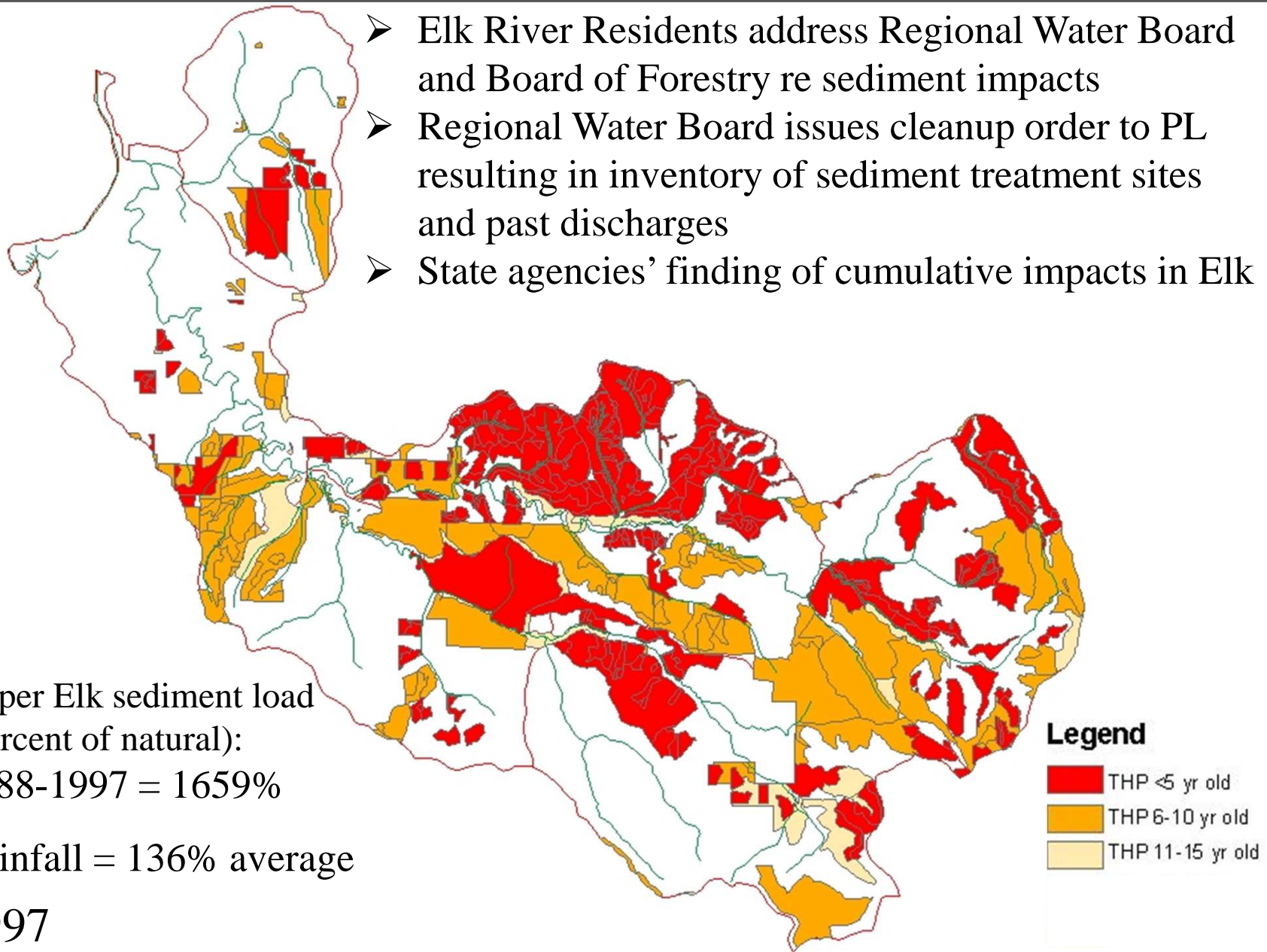


➤ 1995-1998 CDF issues 51 Forest Practice Rule violations on 14 THPs in North Fork Elk primarily for failure to implement minimum sediment control measures

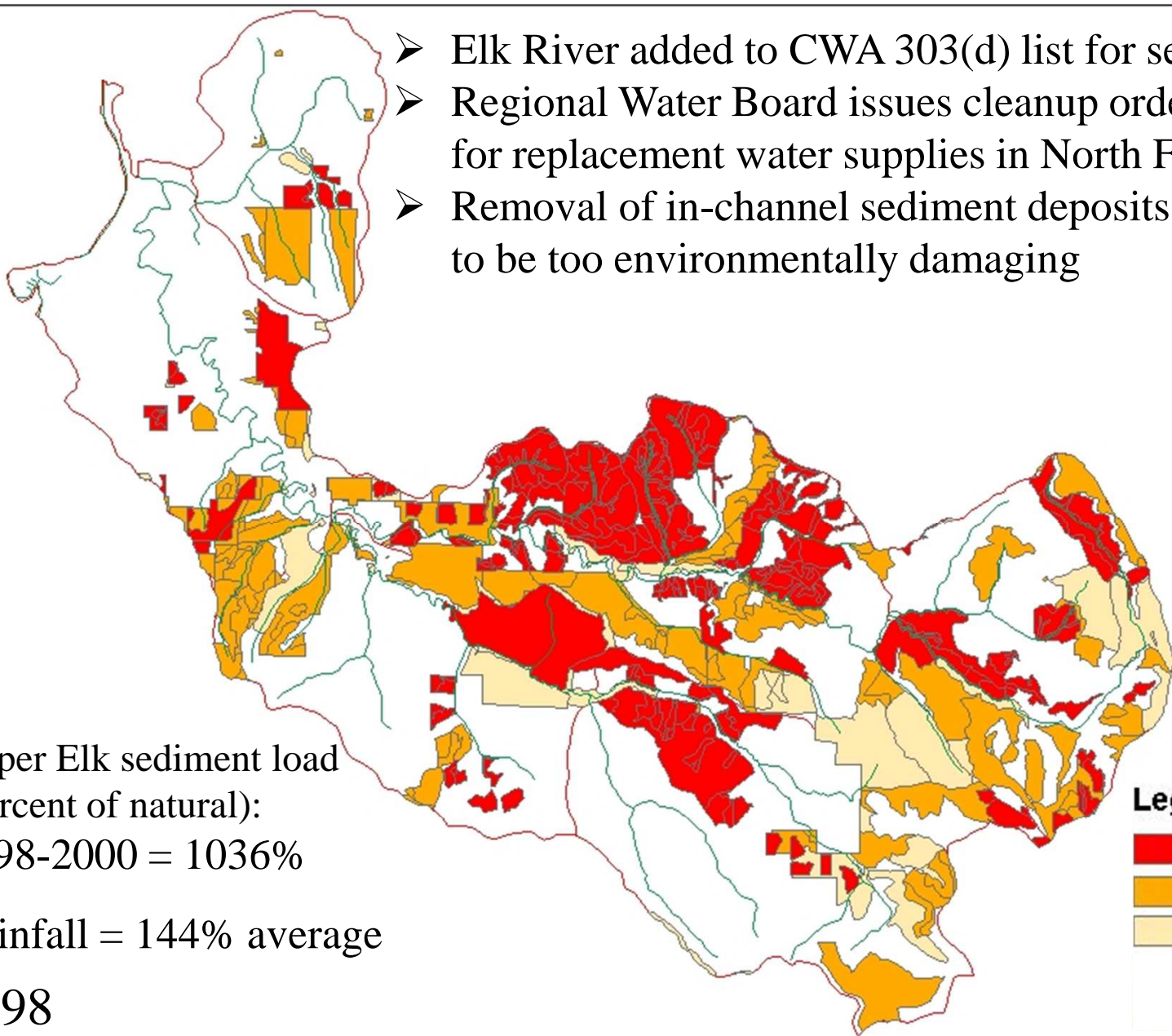




- Elk River Residents address Regional Water Board and Board of Forestry re sediment impacts
- Regional Water Board issues cleanup order to PL resulting in inventory of sediment treatment sites and past discharges
- State agencies' finding of cumulative impacts in Elk



- Elk River added to CWA 303(d) list for sediment
- Regional Water Board issues cleanup order to PL for replacement water supplies in North Fork Elk
- Removal of in-channel sediment deposits deemed to be too environmentally damaging



Upper Elk sediment load
(percent of natural):
1998-2000 = 1036%

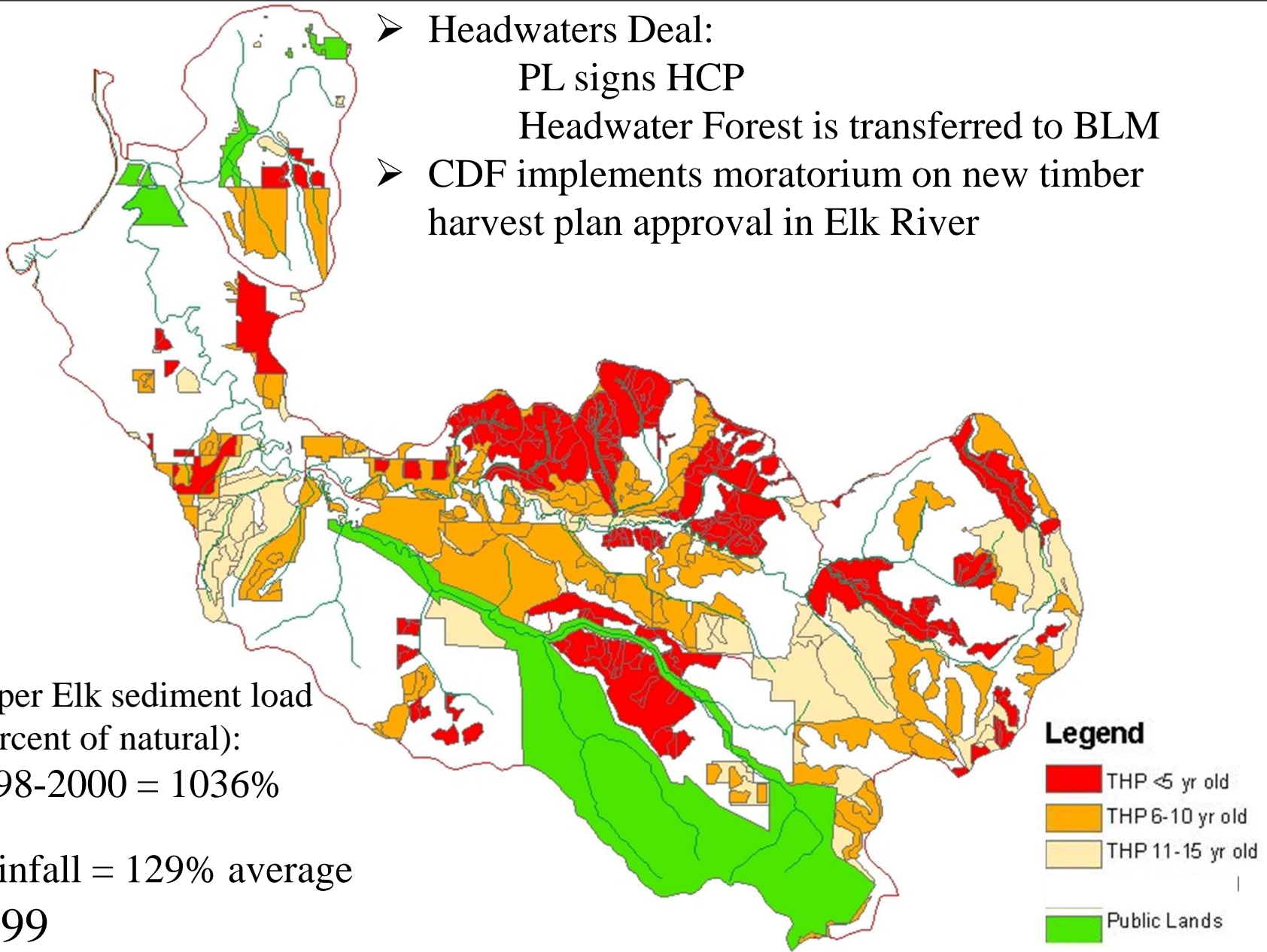
Rainfall = 144% average

1998

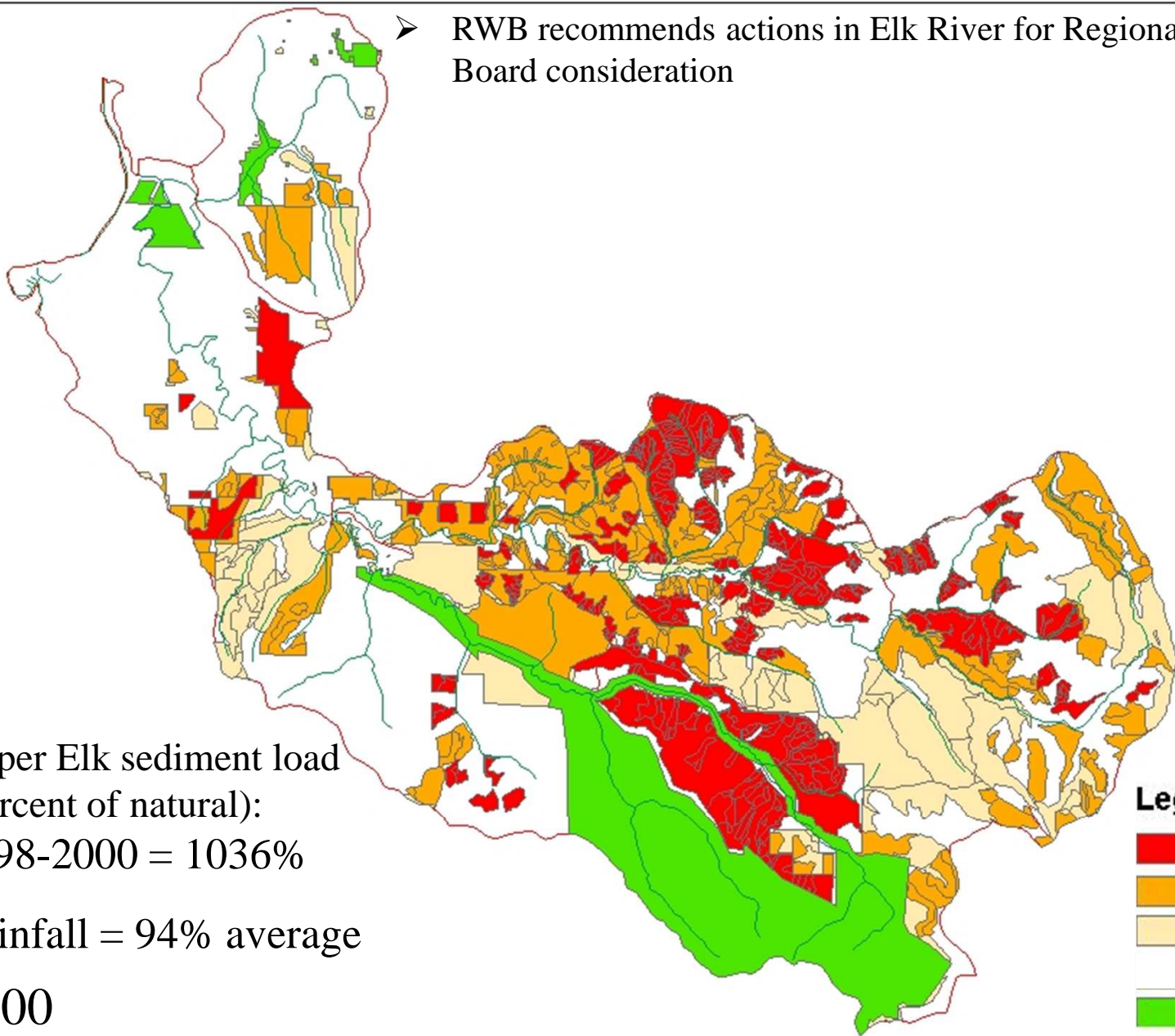
Legend

- TSS < 5 yr old
- TSS 6-10 yr old
- TSS 11-15 yr old

- Headwaters Deal:
PL signs HCP
Headwater Forest is transferred to BLM
- CDF implements moratorium on new timber harvest plan approval in Elk River



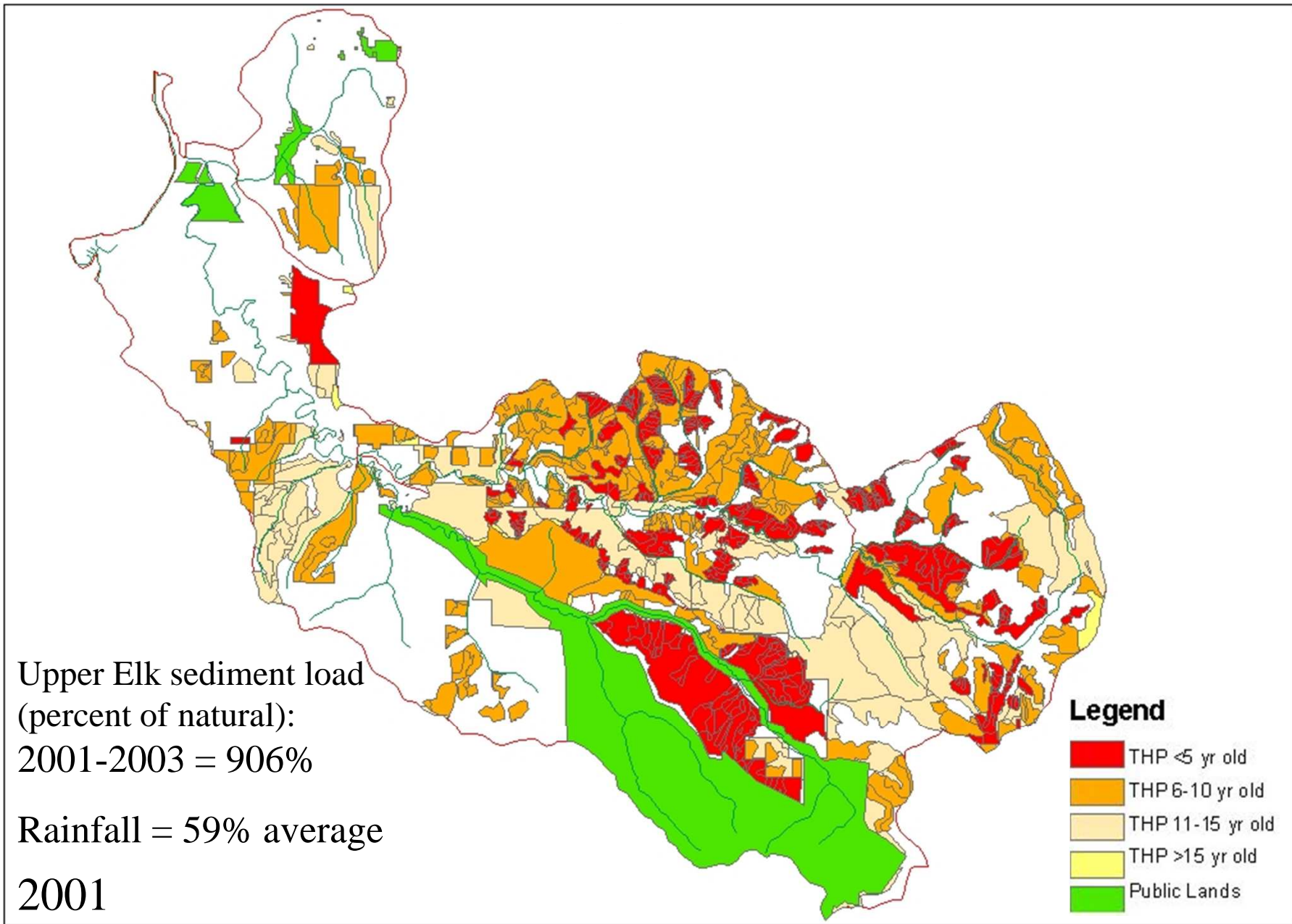
➤ RWB recommends actions in Elk River for Regional Water Board consideration



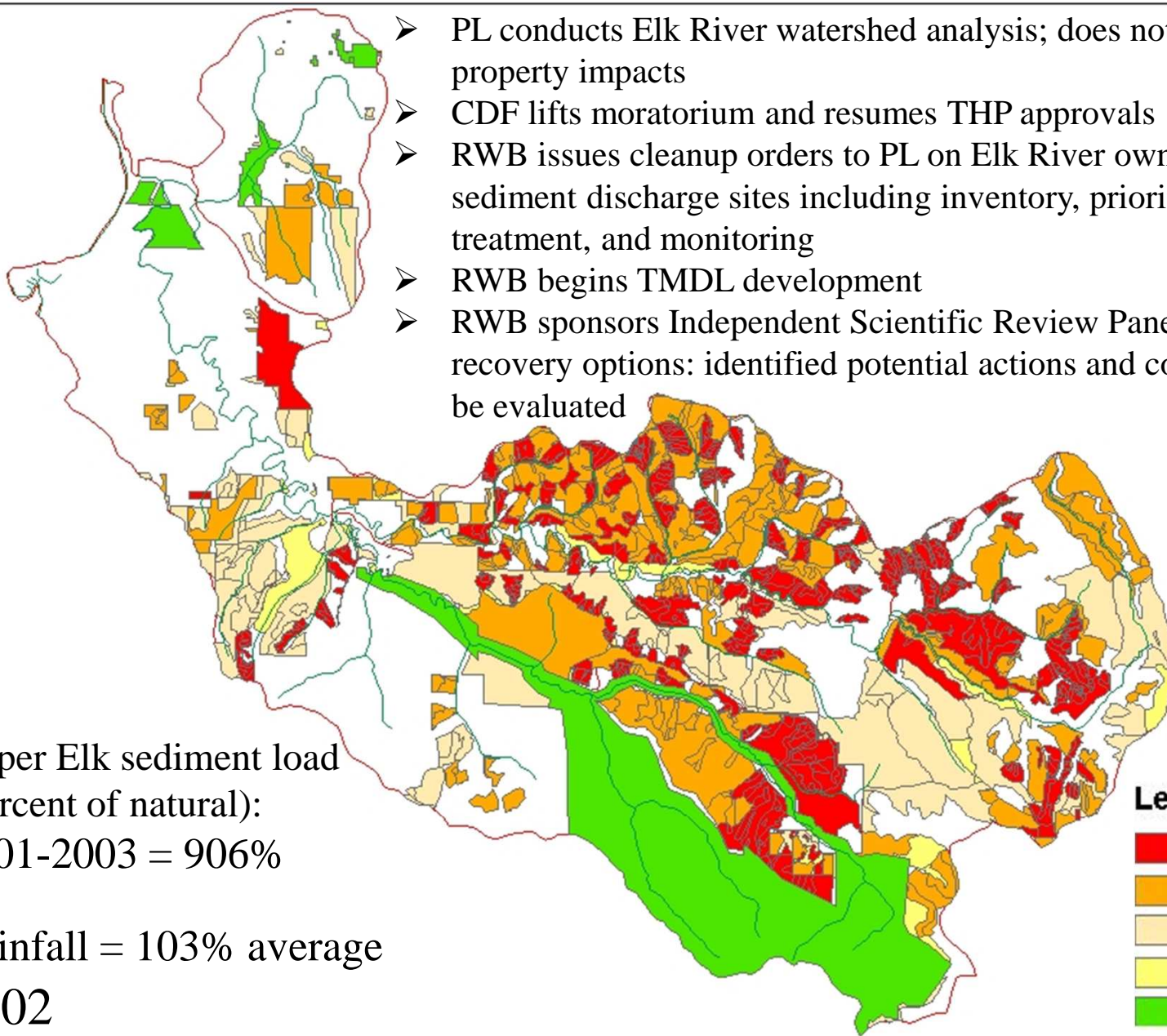
Upper Elk sediment load
(percent of natural):
1998-2000 = 1036%
Rainfall = 94% average
2000

Legend

- THP <5 yr old
- THP 6-10 yr old
- THP 11-15 yr old
- Public Lands



- PL conducts Elk River watershed analysis; does not evaluate off-property impacts
- CDF lifts moratorium and resumes THP approvals
- RWB issues cleanup orders to PL on Elk River ownership for sediment discharge sites including inventory, prioritization, treatment, and monitoring
- RWB begins TMDL development
- RWB sponsors Independent Scientific Review Panel to evaluate recovery options: identified potential actions and cost/benefits to be evaluated



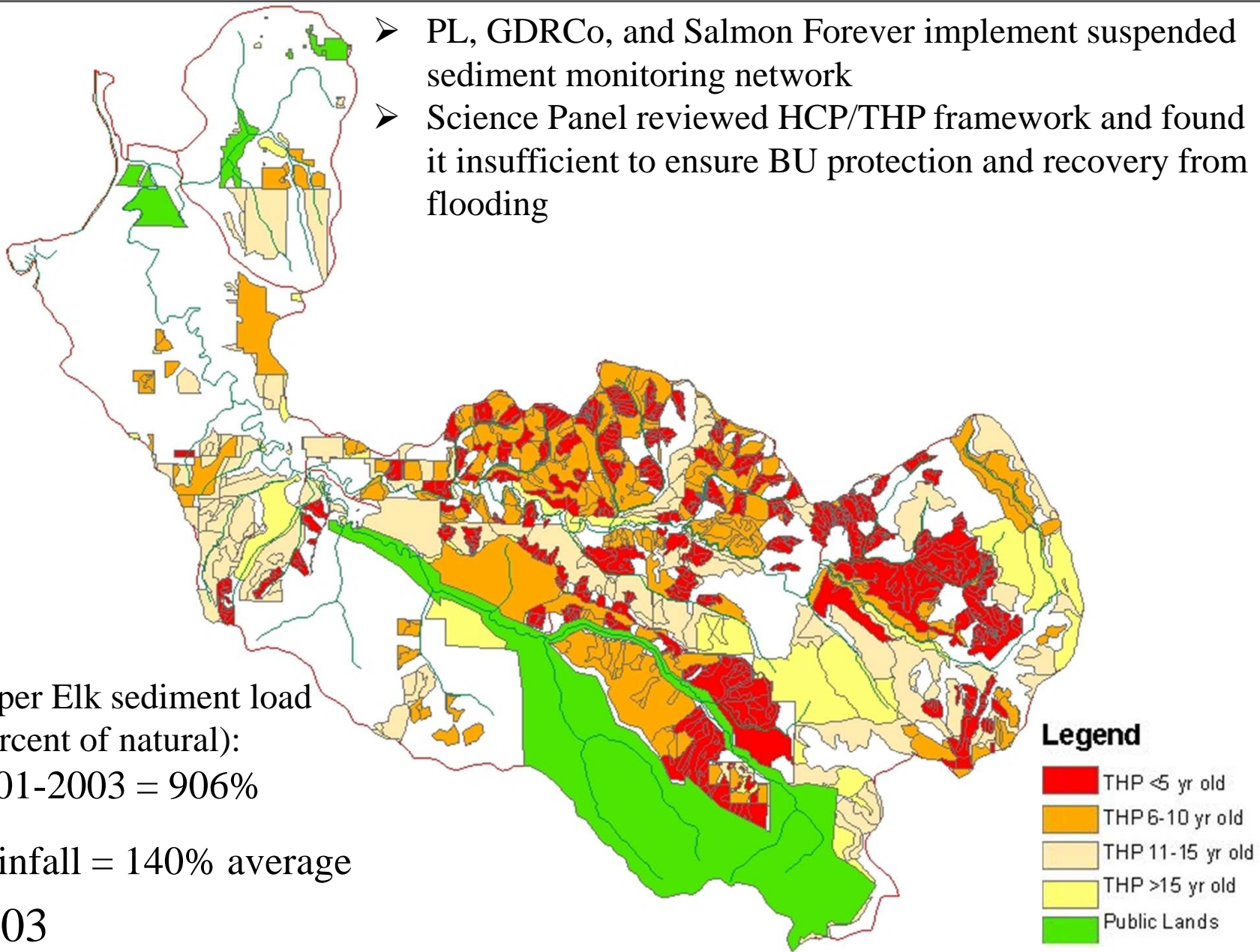
Upper Elk sediment load
(percent of natural):
2001-2003 = 906%

Rainfall = 103% average
2002

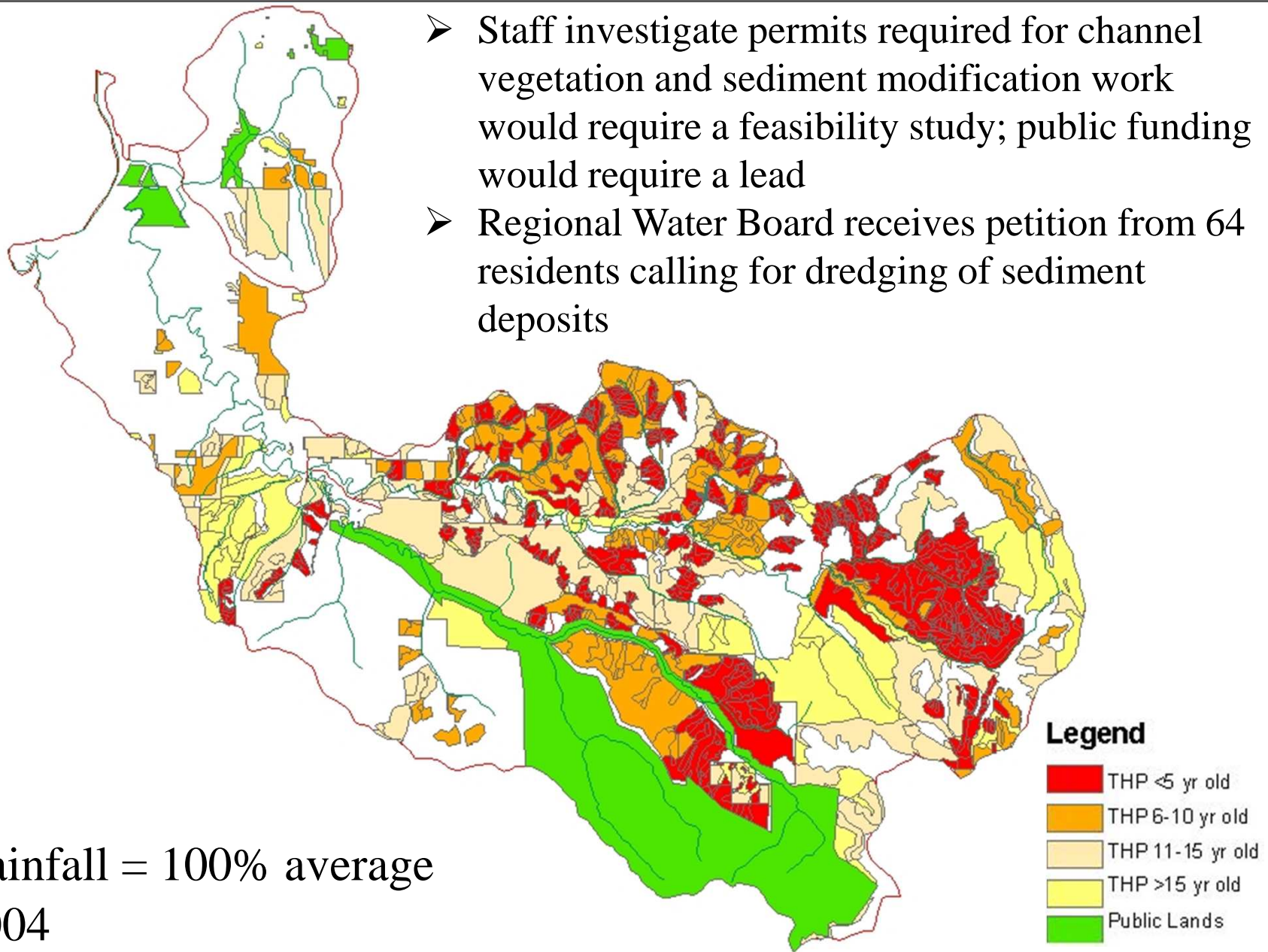
Legend

- THP < 5 yr old
- THP 6-10 yr old
- THP 11-15 yr old
- THP > 15 yr old
- Public Lands

- PL, GDRCo, and Salmon Forever implement suspended sediment monitoring network
- Science Panel reviewed HCP/THP framework and found it insufficient to ensure BU protection and recovery from flooding

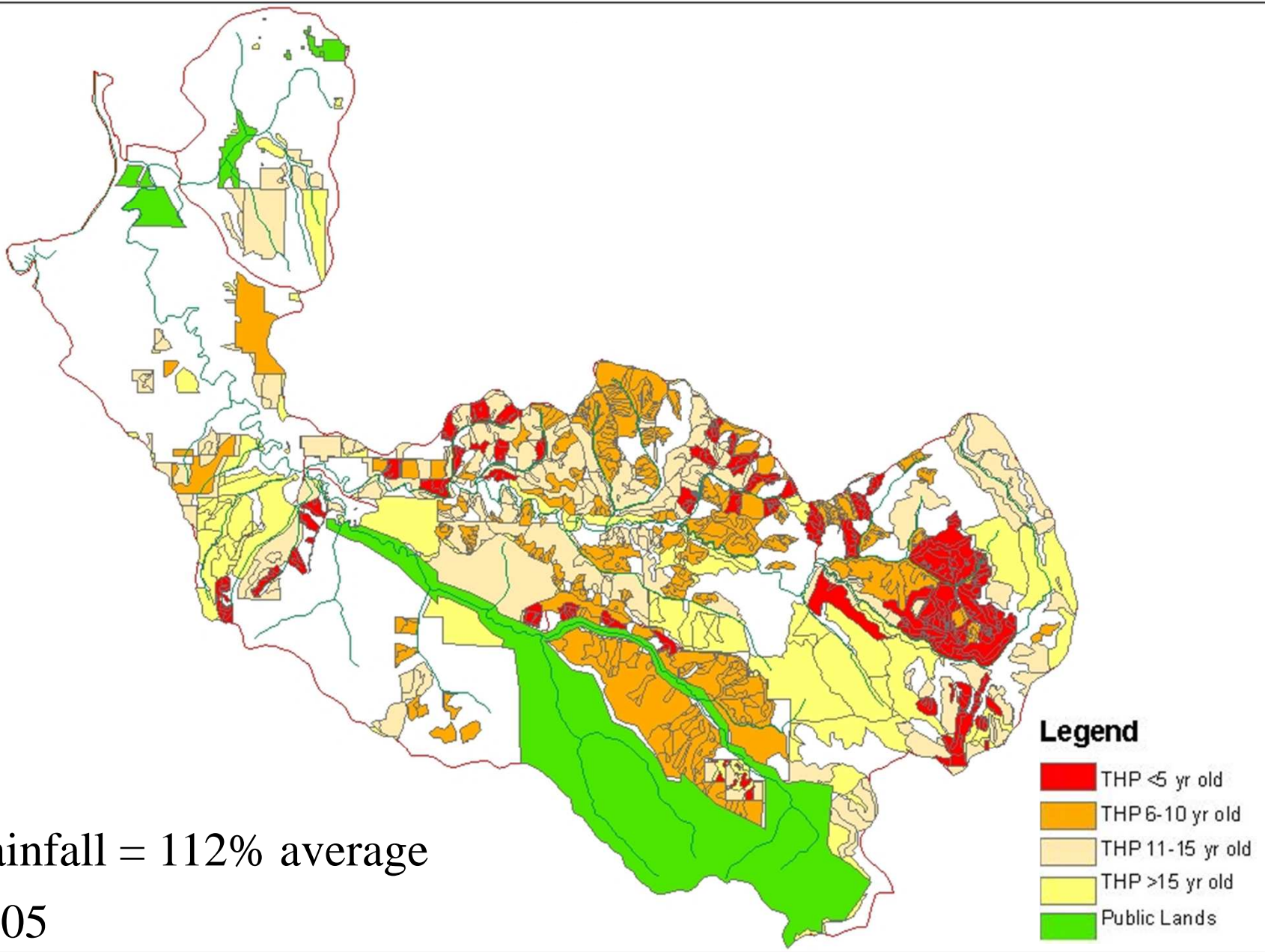


- Staff investigate permits required for channel vegetation and sediment modification work would require a feasibility study; public funding would require a lead
- Regional Water Board receives petition from 64 residents calling for dredging of sediment deposits

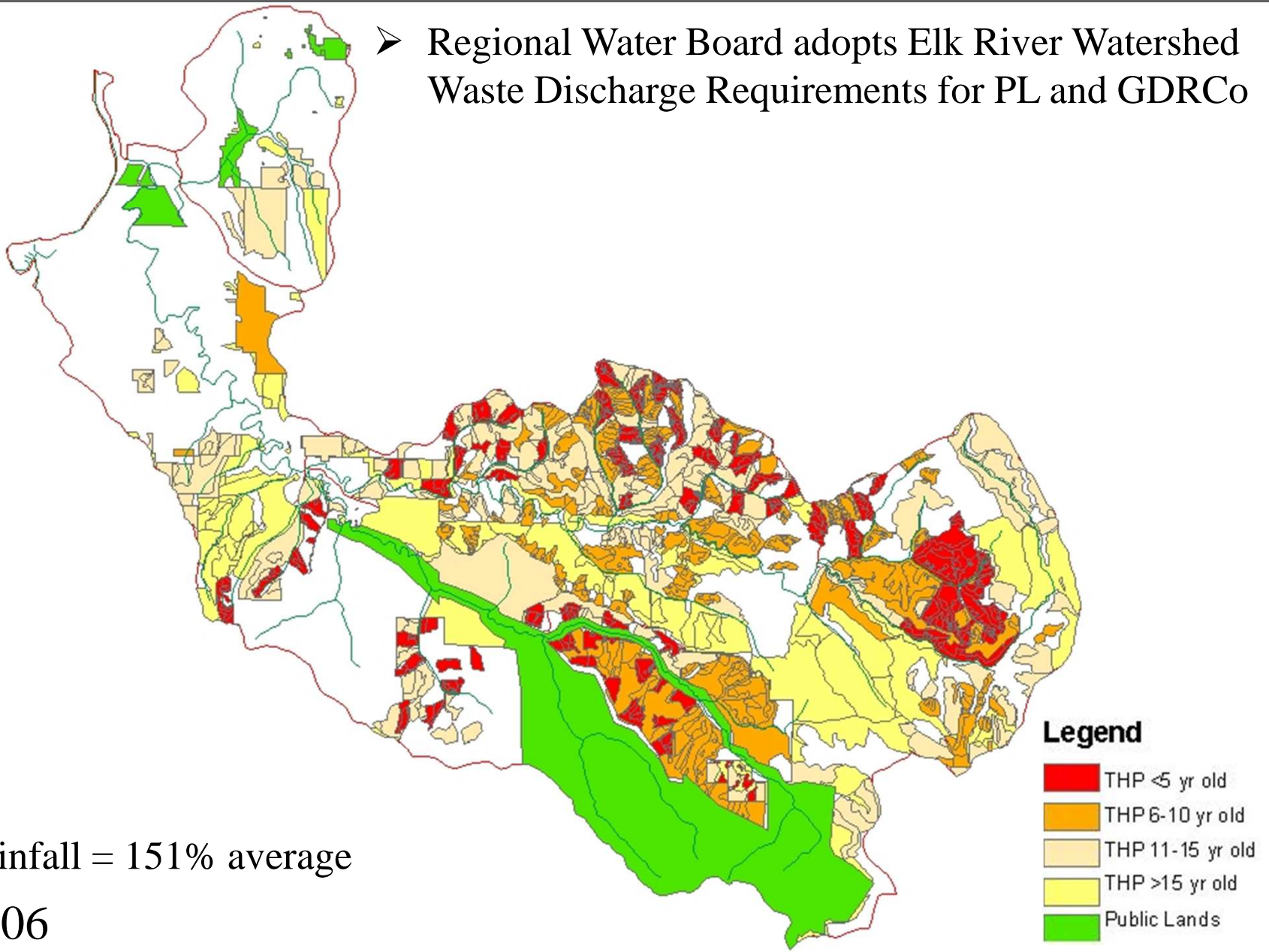


Rainfall = 100% average
2004

Rainfall = 112% average
2005



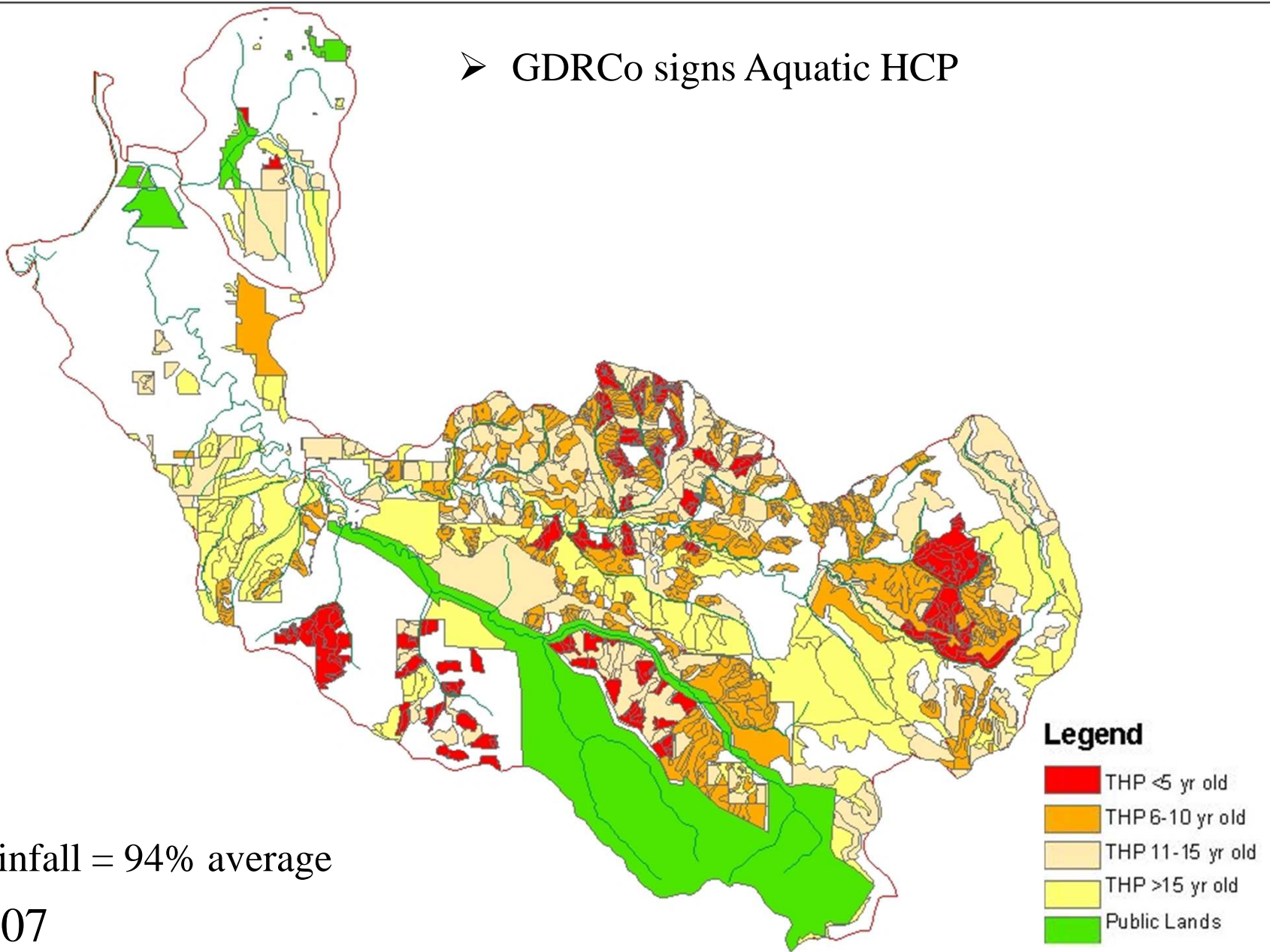
➤ Regional Water Board adopts Elk River Watershed Waste Discharge Requirements for PL and GDRCo



Rainfall = 151% average

2006

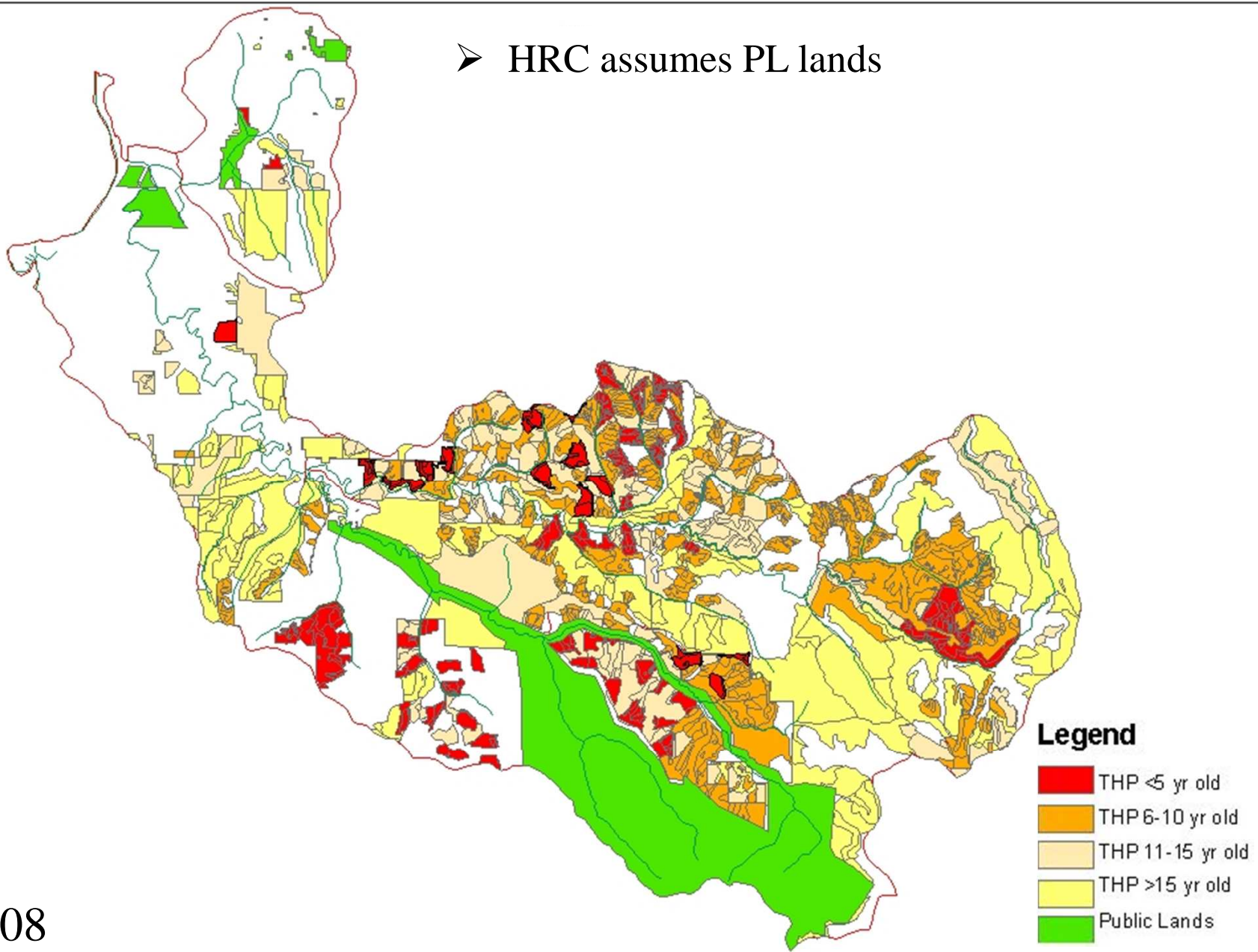
➤ GDRCo signs Aquatic HCP



Rainfall = 94% average

2007

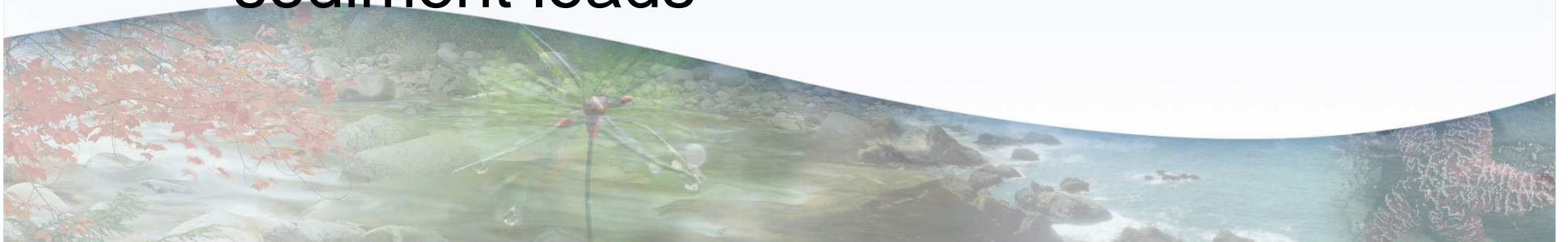
➤ HRC assumes PL lands

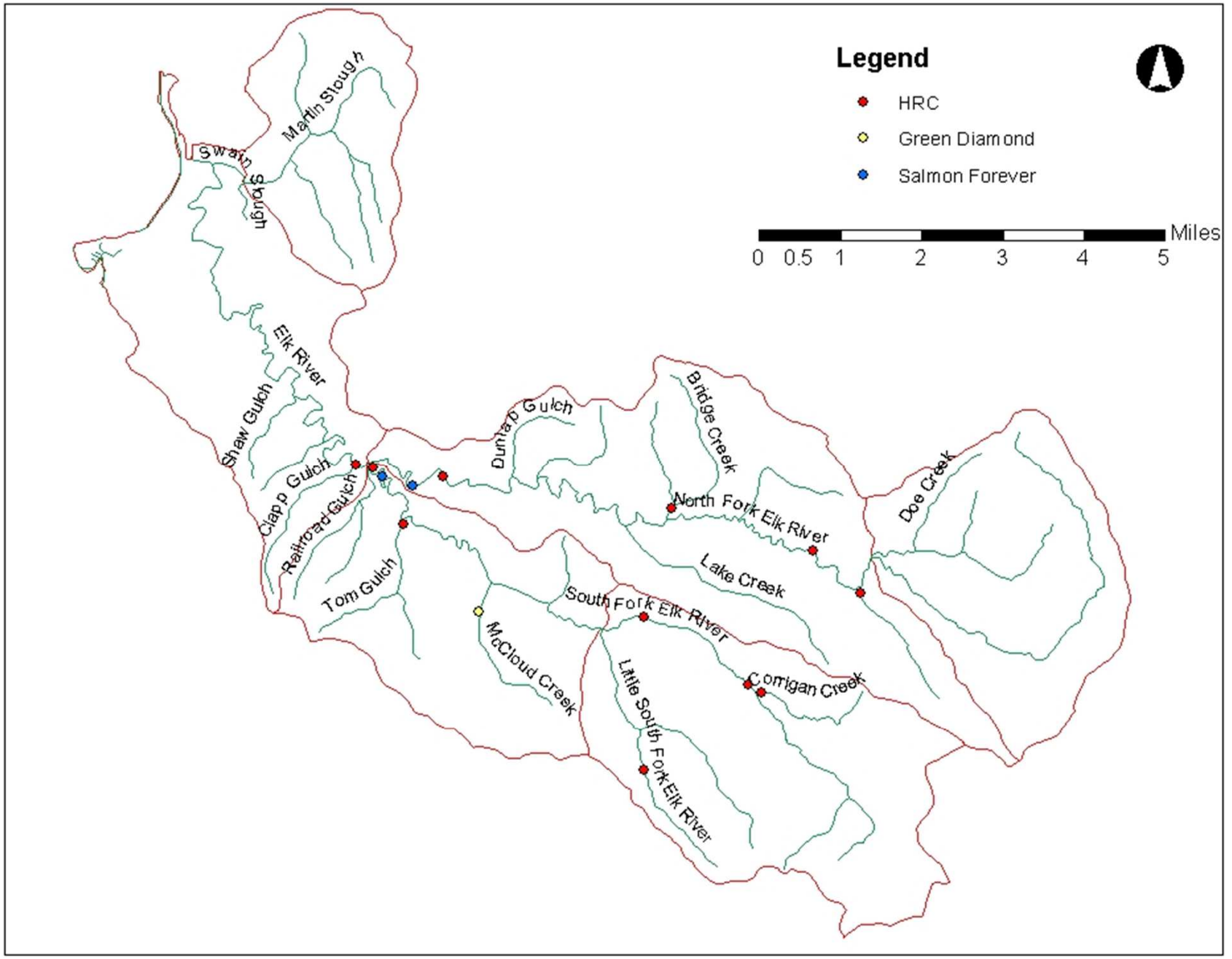


2008

Current Regional Water Board Program in Upper Elk

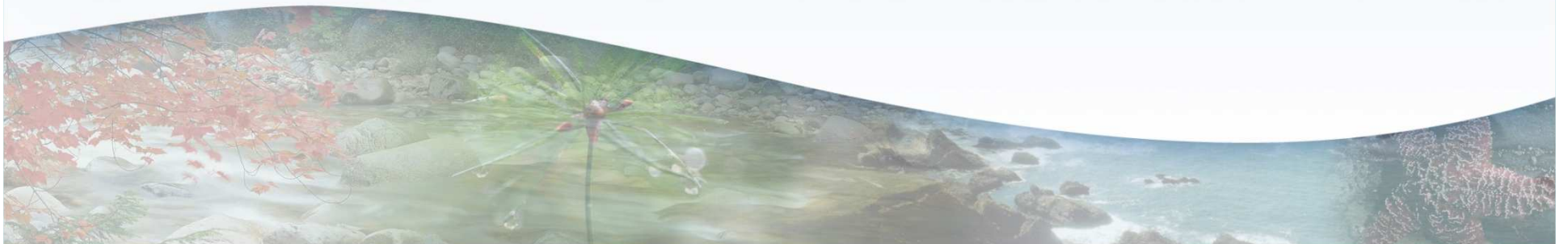
- Inventory, Prioritize, Treat & Monitor existing sediment sources
- Ensure timber harvest plan activities don't create new sources of sediment; limit overall disturbance
- Track landslides and instream sediment loads





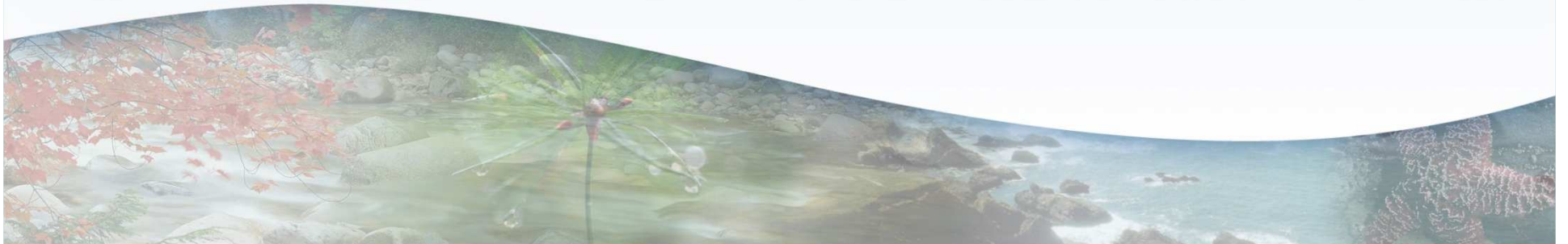
Anticipated Upper Elk TMDL Implementation Program

- Build on current framework to further control management-related sediment loads
- Strategy to alleviate impairment from stored sediment



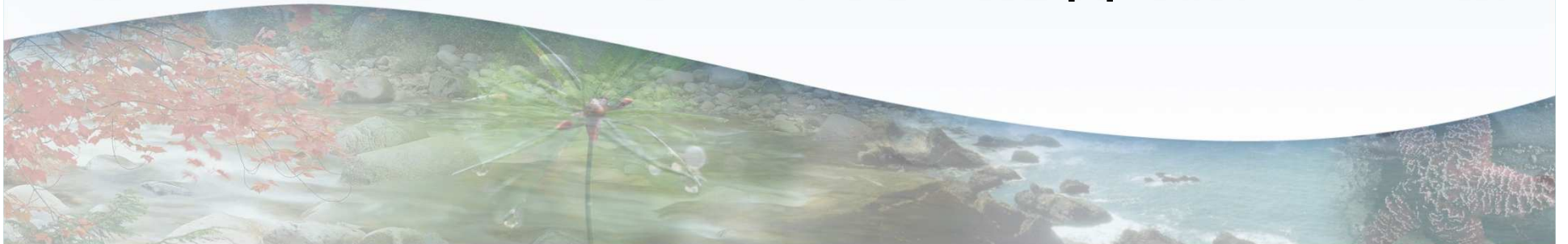
Restoration objective

Develop collaborative, scientifically-based restoration strategy with specific actions designed to hasten recovery of beneficial uses of water and related ecosystem functions in the lower Elk River



Define Channel Restoration Approach

- Stakeholder representation and leadership structure to promote buy-in
- Technical strategy capable of evaluating effects of individual and multiple actions, in combination with reduced sediment loads
- Identified actions would have a high likelihood of success and support



The time is ripe



- New upstream landowner
- Lawsuits are settled
- Sediment control measures well underway
- TMDL pending
- Momentum from grant
- It is the perfect to time to get together, figure it out, and move a restoration strategy forward!

