

ITEM: 17

SUBJECT: Uncontested Waste Discharge Requirements

REPORT: Following are the proposed waste discharge requirements that prohibit discharge to surface waters. All agencies and the dischargers concur or have offered no comments. Items indicated as updates on the summary agenda make the requirements consistent with current plans and policies of the Board.

	a.	<p>SYSCO FOOD SERVICES OF SACRAMENTO, INC., WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY SUTTER COUNTY</p> <p>Sysco Food Services of Sacramento, Inc. owns and operates a wastewater treatment facility at 7062 Pacific Avenue, Pleasant Grove that treats domestic wastewater and truck wash wastewater that originates at the Sysco facility in Sutter County. The total anticipated wastewater flow rate is approximately 10,000 gallons per day. The area is not served by a regional wastewater collection and treatment system. The facility is a 47-acre non-processing food distribution center that receives, stores, and redistributes packaged food products. Truck wash wastewater is pretreated before being discharged to the facility wastewater treatment system. The combined wastewater flow will be discharged to a 15,000 gallon septic tank, a recirculating gravel filter, a free water surface constructed wetland, and percolation/evaporation ponds. An average annual electrical conductivity effluent limit is included in this order to protect shallow groundwater quality. Septage will be periodically pumped and disposed of off-site. Surface water is discharged to the Sacramento River. (TRO)</p>
	b.	<p>PESTONI BROTHERS LLC AND SOUTH LAKE REFUSE & RECYCLING, SOUTH LAKE REFUSE RESOURCE RECOVERY AND COMPOST FACILITY ON QUACKENBUSH MOUNTAIN, Lake County</p> <p>Pestoni Brothers LLC owns, and South Lake Refuse & Recycling (jointly hereafter Discharger) operates the South Lake Refuse Resource Recovery and Compost Facility on Quackenbush Mountain in Lake County. The Discharger is proposing a revision of their waste discharge requirements (WDRs) to allow composting of up to ten percent food waste mixed with green waste as co-collected organic materials from residential, commercial, and agricultural sources using existing windrow composting methods. The Discharger also proposes to compost food waste from commercial sources and agricultural waste (primarily grape pomace) mixed with green waste using either Covered Aerated Static Pile Method (CASP Method) or the Enclosed Vessel Aerated Static Pile Method (EVASP Method). Additionally, in a 24 April 2009 letter, the Discharger proposed to use the Containerized Aerated Static Pile System Covered with Compost Method (CASPPC</p>

	<p>Method) for food waste. The major change is that the facility did not formerly accept food waste for composting. The Discharger also proposes an expansion of the existing construction and demolition debris processing area to five acres that would include a 30,000 square foot building. Composting is conducted on compacted soil pads with hydraulic conductivity of approximately 1×10^{-5} centimeters per second, and the facility's runoff retention basin is lined with a single geomembrane liner to protect groundwater. (WLB)</p>
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RECOMMENDATION: Adopt the proposed waste discharge requirements.

Mgmt. Review _____

Legal Review _____

12 June 2009

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board meeting

11020 Sun Center Dr. #200

Rancho Cordova, CA 95670