ORDER NO. 89-023 NPDES NO. CA 0104965

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS
FOR
HEBER GEOTHERMAL COMPANY
HEBER GEOTHERMAL PLANT
COOLING TOWER BLOWDOWN
South of Heber - Imperial County

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Colorado River Basin Region, finds that:

- Heber Geothermal Company (hereinafter referred to as the discharger), P. O. Box 1538, Heber, CA 92249, submitted an NPDES Application for Permit to Discharge, dated January 9, 1989.
- 2. The discharger proposes to discharge a daily maximum of 4,280,000 gallons-per-day (gpd) of cooling tower blowdown wastewater into Strout Drain in the $S\frac{1}{2}$ of Section 34, T16S, R14E, SBB&M. The wastewater would flow from Strout Drain into the Alamo River and then into Salton Sea.
- 3. This discharge has been subject to waste discharge requirements adopted in Board Order No. 84-007 (NPDES CA 0104965) which allowed for discharge to Strout Drain.
- 4. The discharger utilizes Imperial Irrigation District canal water in the cooling tower. Incoming water is treated with the following chemicals:

<u>Chemical</u>

Sulfuric Acid Chlorine Nalco 2519 Nalco 1355 Nalco 1370 Nalco 1337

Purpose of Treatment

pH control anti-fouling anti-foam stabilizer corrosion inhibitor dispersant microbiocide

- 5. The Water Quality Control Plan for the Colorado River Basin Region of California was adopted by the Regional Board on November 14, 1984.
- 6. The beneficial uses of water in Strout Drain are:
 - a. Fresh water replenishment for Salton Sea
 - b. Freshwater habitat for fish and wildlife
 - c. Recreation non-water contact

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- 7. The Imperial County Planning Department adopted on December 12, 1979, Environmental Impact Report No. 213-79 for this project. This report indicates that this project would not have a significant adverse effect on water quality. The issuance of waste discharge requirements for this discharge is exempt from the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 21000) of Division 13 of the Public Resources Code in accordance with Water Code Section 13389.
- 8. The Board has notified the discharger and interested agencies and persons of its intent to update waste discharge requirements for the discharge.
- 9. This Order shall serve as a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit pursuant to Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act, or amendments thereto, and shall take effect at the end of ten days from the date of the hearing, provided the Regional Administrator has no objections.
- 10. The Board in a public meeting heard and considered all comments pertaining to the existing discharge.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the discharger, in order to meet the provisions contained in Division 7 of the California Water Code and regulations adopted thereunder, and the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act and regulations and guidelines adopted thereunder, shall comply with the following:

A. Effluent Limitations

1. Wastewater discharged to Strout Drain shall not contain constituents in excess of the following limits:

			30 Day Average	Maximum Daily
Constituent		Unit	Concentration	Concentration
a.	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/1	4,000	4,500
b.	Suspended Solids	mg/l	50	100
c.	Settleable Matter	ml/1	0.3	1.0
d.	Total Chlorine Residual	mg/1	-	0.2
е.	Free Available Chlorine	mg/1	0.1	0.2
f.	Zinc	mg/l	-	1.0

- 2. The effluent values for pH shall remain within the limits of 6.5 to 9.0.
- 3. There shall be no discharge in detectable amounts of any of EPA's designated 126 priority pollutants [40 CFR Part 423.15 (j)(1)], except as set forth for Zinc in Effluent Limitation A.1.f. (above).

B. Receiving Water Limitations

- Wastewater discharged to Strout Drain shall not:
 - a. Contain any substances in concentrations toxic to human, animal, plant or aquatic life.
 - Depress the dissolved oxygen content of water in Strout Drain below 5.0 mg/l.
 - c. Cause the value for pH of Strout Drain water to be outside the limits of 6.0 to 9.0.
- 2. Discharged wastewater shall not cause the temperature of the Strout Drain to be increased by more than 5°F.
- 3. This discharge shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard for receiving waters adopted by the Regional Board or the State Water Resources Control Board as required by the Clean Water Act and regulations adopted thereunder.

C. Provisions

- Neither the treatment nor the discharge of wastewater shall create pollution or nuisance as defined in Division 7 of the California Water Code.
- The discharger shall comply with "Monitoring and Reporting Program No. 89-023", and future revisions thereto, as specified by the Executive Officer.
- 3. Any proposed change in cooling tower water control chemicals shall be reported to the Regional Board, and the discharger shall obtain approval from the Regional Board's Executive Officer prior to commencement of this change.
- 4. Adequate protective works shall be provided to assure that a flood which would be expected to occur on a frequency of once in a 100-year period would not erode or otherwise render portions of the treatment and discharge facilities inoperable.
- 5. Bioassays shall be performed to evaluate the toxicity of the discharged wastewater according to the following procedures:

- a. The discharger shall conduct bioassays on the fish <u>Pimephales promelas</u> (fathead minnow). Fish bioassays shall be performed according to the protocol given in EPA/600/4-85/014, <u>Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms</u>, or in other EPA protocol approved by the Regional Board Executive Officer.
- b. The bioassay tests specified above in 5.a shall be performed prior to discharge to Strout Drain and thereafter the tests shall be conducted quarterly for one year. After the first year, testing shall be conducted yearly.
- 6. Discharge to Strout Drain shall be allowed only after the results of the bioassays, described in Provision 5 above, have been submitted to the Regional Board and its Executive Officer determines that the results meet the following minimum requirements:
 - a. Survivability of <u>Pimephales promelas</u> in 100% effluent shall equal or exceed 90% of the survivability of <u>Pimephales promelas</u> in a laboratory control sample containing 0% effluent.
- 7. Prior to any change of ownership of this operation, the discharger shall transmit a copy of this Order to the succeeding owner/operator, and forward a copy of the transmittal letter to the Regional Board.
- 8. This Order expires March 22, 1994, and the discharger shall file a complete Report of Waste Discharge in accordance with Title 23, California Code of Regulations, not later than 180 days in advance of such date as an application for issuance of new waste discharge requirements.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Board Order No. 84-007 be superseded by this Order.

I, Phil Gruenberg, Executive Officer, do hereby certify the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Colorado River Basin Region, on March 22, 1989.

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. 89-023
FOR
HEBER GEOTHERMAL COMPANY
HEBER GEOTHERMAL PLANT
COOLING TOWER BLOWDOWN
South of Heber - Imperial County

Location of Discharge:

Strout Drain in St of Section 34, T16S, R14E, SBB&M.

EFFLUENT MONITORING

Wastewater discharged into Strout Drain shall be monitored for the following constituents. All samples shall be taken between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. A sampling station shall be located where representative samples of the effluent can be obtained.

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	Type of <u>Sample</u>	Sampling <u>Frequency</u>
Flow discharged to drain	GPD	-	Daily
pH	pH units	Grab	Weekly
Free available Chlorine	mg/l	Grab	Daily
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	Grab	Weekly
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	Grab	Weekly
Settleable matter	ml/l	Grab	Weekly
Zinc Total Chlorine Residual Bioassay	mg/1 mg/1 -	Grab Grab -	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly, for the first year and annually thereafter

¹Monday through Friday, holiday excepted.

RECEIVING WATER MONITORING

1. Water in Strout Drain shall be monitored for the following constituents. All samples shall be taken between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. The sampling station shall be maintained where representative samples of mixed water can be obtained. Said sampling station shall be located midstream in Strout Drain at a point where the discharge and receiving waters have thoroughly mixed, but not to exceed 50 feet downstream from the point of discharge.

Constituent	<u>Unit</u>	Type of <u>Sample</u>	Sampling <u>Frequency</u>
pH	pH units	Grab	Weekly
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	Grab	Weekly

2. Water in Strout Drain shall be monitored for temperature at approved sampling stations. Sampling shall be conducted weekly at stations above and below the Strout Drain discharge point.

REPORTING

- 1. The discharger shall inform the Regional Board concerning the location of all sampling stations for the above monitoring.
- Daily, weekly, monthly reports shall be submitted to the Regional Board by the 15th day of the following month. Quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15 of each year.

Submit monitoring reports to:

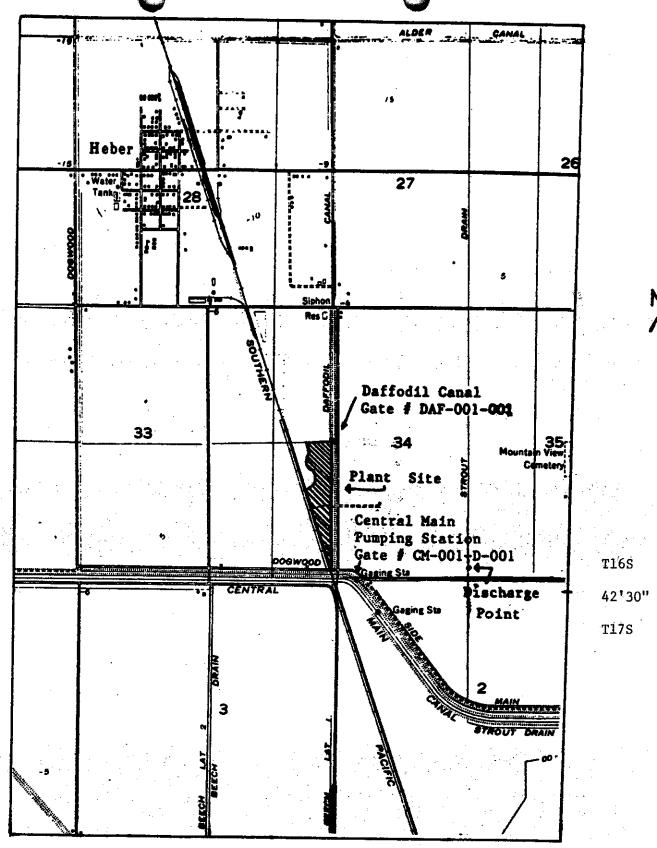
California Regional Water Quality Control Board Colorado River Basin Region 73-271 Highway 111, Suite 21 Palm Desert, CA 92260

ORDERED BY:

Executive Offlicer

March 22, 1989

Date



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HEBER GEOTHERMAL COMPANY HEBER GEOTHERMAL PLANT COOLING TOWER BLOWDOWN

South of Heber - Imperial County
Discharge Location: Strout Drain in S½, Section 34, T16S, R14E, SBB&M,
USGS Heber 7.5 min. Topographic Map

STANDARD PROVISIONS FOR NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PERMIT December 23, 1985

- 1. The permittee must comply with all of the terms, requirements and conditions of this permit. Any violation of this permit constitutes violation of the Clean Water Act, its regulations and the California Water Code, and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, permit revocation and reissuance, denial of application for permit reissuance; or a combination thereof. (40 CFR 122.41 (a))*
- 2. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307 (a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if this permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement. (40 CFR 112.41 (a) (1))
- 3. The Clean Water Act (CWA) provides that any person who violates a permit condition implementing Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, or 308 of the CWA is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates permit conditions implementing these sections of the CWA is subject to a fine of not less that \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. (40 CFR 122.41 (a)(2))

The California Water Code provides that any person who violates a waste discharge requirement (same as permit condition), or a provision of the California Water Code is subject to civil penalties of up to \$5,000 per day, \$10,000 per day, or \$25,000 per day of violation, or when the violation involves the discharge of pollutants, is subject to civil penalties of up to \$10 per gallon per day or \$20 per gallon per day of violation; or some combination thereof, depending on the violation, or upon the combination of violations.*

Violation of any of the provisions of the NPDES program or of any of the provisions of this permit may subject the violator to any of the penalties described herein, or any combination thereof, at the discretion of the prosecuting authority; except that only one kind of penalty may be applied for each kind of violation.*

4. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiraton date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. (40 CFR 122.41 (b))

^{*}These paragraphs are added or modified pursuant to the California Water Code.

- 5. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit (40 CFR 122.41 (c))
- 6. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment. (40 CFR 122.41 (d))
- 7. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities, or similar systems that are installed by a permittee, only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. (40 CFR 122.41 (e))
- 8. This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. (40 CFR 122.41 (f))
- 9. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (40 CFR 122.41 (g))
- 10. The permittee shall furnish, within a resonable time, any information the Regional Board or EPA may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Regional Board, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. (40 CFR 122.41 (h))
- 11. The Regional Board, EPA, and other authorized representatives shall be allowed:
 - a. Entry upon premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - b. Access to copy any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - To inspect any facility, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
 and
 - d. To photograph, sample, and monitor for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit, or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act. (40 CFR 122.41 (i))

12. Monitoring and records

- a. Samples and measurments taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- b. The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application

for this permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Regional Board or EPA at any time.

- c. Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - (i) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (ii) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - (iii) The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - (iv) The individual(s) who perform the analyses;
 - (v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - (vi) The results of such analyses.
- d. Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures under 40 CFR Part 136, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.
- e. The Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both. (40 CFR 122.41 (j))
- 13. All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Regional Board shall be signed and certified in accordance with 40 CFR 122.22 (40 CFR 122.41 (k) (l))
- 14. The CWA provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months per violation, or by both (40 CFR 122.41 (k)(2))

15. Reporting requirements

- a. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Regional Board as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility.
- b. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Regional Board of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- c. This permit is not transferable to any person except after notice to the Regional Board. The Regional Board may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act.
- d. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified elsewhere in this permit.

- (i) Monitoring results must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).
- (ii) If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or as specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR.
- (iii) Calculations for all limitations that require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in this permit.
- e. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit, shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.
- f. Twenty-four hour reporting.
 - (i) The permittee shall report any noncomplaince that may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within five days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times and, if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
 - (ii) The following shall be included as information that must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph:
 - (a) Any unanticipated bypass that exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - (b) Any upset that exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - (c) Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in this permit to be reported within 24 hours.
 - (iii) The Regional Board may waive the above-required written report on a case-by-case basis.
- g. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not otherwise reported under the above paragraphs at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain all information listed in paragraph 15(f) above. (40 CFR 122.41 (1))
- 16. Bypass (the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility) is prohibited. The Regional Board may take enforcement action against the discharger for bypass unless:
 - a. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage. (Severe property damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities that causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources that can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production).
 - b. There were no feasible alternatives to bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated waste, or maintainence during

normal periods of equipment down time. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgement to prevent a bypass that could occur during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and

c. The permittee submitted a notice at least ten days in advance of the need for a bypass to the appropriate Regional Board.

The permittee may allow a bypass to occur that does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. In such a case, the above bypass conditions are not applicable.

The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in paragraph 15 (f) above. (40 CFR 122.41 (m))

- 17. "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper action. A permittee that wishes to establish the affirmative defense of an upset in an action brought for noncompliance shall demonstrate, through properly signed, com temporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - b. The permitted facility was being properly operated at the time of the upset;
 - c. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in paragraph 15 (f) above; and
 - d. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under paragraph 5.

No determination made before an action for noncompliance, such as during administrative review of claims that noncompliance, was caused by an upset, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.

In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurence of an upset has the burden of proof. (40 CFR 122.41 (n))

- 18. All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Regional Board as soon as they know or have reason to believe:
 - a. That any activity has occurred or will occur that would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant that is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (i) One hundred microgram per liter (100 ug/l);
 - (ii) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 ug/l) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/l) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and 2-methl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/l) for antimony:
 - (iii) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or

- (iv) The level established by the Regional Board in accordance with (40 CFR 122.44 (f))
- b. That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product of byproduct any toxic pollutant that was not reported in the permit application. (40 CFR 122.42 (a))
- 19. All POTW's must provide adequate notice to the Regional Board of:
 - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger that would be subject to Sections 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act, if it were directly discharging those pollutants.
 - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.

Adequate notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW as well as any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW. (40 CFR 122.42 (b))

END

FACT SHEET APPLICATION FOR WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS TO DISCHARGE TO STATE WATERS

PUBLIC NOTICE NO. 7-89-2 APPLICATION NPDES NO. CA0104965 ORDER NO. 89-023

Heber Geothermal Company (hereinafter referred to as the discharger), 895 Pitzer Road, Heber, CA 92249, submitted a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Application to renew current waste discharge requirements for a discharge of wastewater into State waters.

On the basis of preliminary staff review and application of lawful standards and regulations, the Regional Board proposes to renew waste discharge requirements for the discharge. The tentative proposed determinations are described below.

I. <u>Description of Proposed Discharge</u>

The applicant, Heber Geothermal Company, operates a 47 megawatt (net) geothermal power generating station south of Heber in Imperial County. They propose to discharge a maximum daily flow of 4.28 million gallons-per-day of cooling tower blowdown wastewater into Strout Drain in the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}$, Section 34, T16S, R14E, SBB&M. The wastewater's final destination is the Salton Sea.

The wastewater from the cooling tower is treated with the following chemicals:

<u>Chemical</u>	Purpose of Treatment
Sulfuric Acid Chlorine Nalco 2519 Nalco 1355 Nalco 1370 Nalco 1337	pH control anti-fouling anti-foam stabilizer corrosion inhibitor dispersant microbiocide

II. Rationale for Effluent and Receiving Water Limitations

A. Receiving Waters

The effluent from the geothermal power generating station is discharged directly into Strout Drain. The flow in Strout Drain is composed primarily of irrigation drainage waters. The water eventually flows to the Salton Sea. The primary purpose of drains

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March 9, 1989

in the Imperial Valley is for conveyance of surface and subsurface drainage in support of agricultural production.

B. Beneficial Uses of Water in the Imperial Valley Drains are:

- 1. Freshwater replenishment for Salton Sea.
- 2. Warmwater habitat for fish and wildlife.
- 3. Recreation non-water contact.

C. Proposed Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Schedule

1. Representative samples of wastewater discharged to Strout Drain shall not contain constituents in excess of the following limits:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	30 Day Average <u>Concentration</u>	Maximum Daily <u>Concentration</u>
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	4,000	4,500
Suspended Solids	mg/1	50	100
Settleable Matter	m1/1	0.3	1.0
Total Chlorine Residual	mg/1	-	0.2
Free Available Chlorine	mg/l	0.1	0.2
Zinc	mg/l	-	1.0

D. <u>Basis of Effluent Limitations</u>

- 1. Limitations are in accordance with provisions under Division 7 of the California Water Code and Regulations adopted thereunder, and the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act and regulations and guidelines adopted thereunder.
- The discharge shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standards for receiving waters adopted by the Regional Board or the State Water Resources Control Board as required by the Federal Clean Water Act and regulations adopted thereunder.

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E. Basis of Receiving Water Limitations

1. These limitations are in accordance with the Basin Plan's qualitative and quantitative standards for the Imperial Valley drains.

III. Written Comments

All interested persons and agencies are invited to submit written comments on the proposed discharge and the Executive Officer's proposed determinations. Comments should be submitted not later than March 10, 1989 either in person or by mail to:

Executive Officer
California Regional Water Quality Control Board
Colorado River Basin Region
73-271 Highway 111, Suite 21
Palm Desert, CA 92260

The application number shall appear next to the above address on the envelope and on the first page of any submitted comments. All comments received by the above date will be considered in the formulation of the final determinations.

IV. <u>Information and Copying</u>

Persons wishing further information may write to the above address or call the Regional Board at (619) 346-7491. Copies of the application, proposed waste discharge requirements and other documents (other than those which the Executive Officer maintains as confidential), are available at the Regional Board office for inspection and copying.

V. Register of Interested Persons

Any person interested in a particular application or group of applications may leave his/her name and address and phone number as part of the file for the application. This list of names will be maintained as a means for persons with an interest in an application to contact others with similar interests.

VI. Public Hearing

If submitted comments indicate a significant public interest in the application or if the Executive Officer believes useful information may be produced thereby, the Executive Officer, at his discretion, may hold a public hearing on the application. Any person may request the Executive Officer to hold a public hearing on the application.

Public notice of a hearing will be circulated at least 30 days in advance of the hearing. Further information regarding the conduct and nature of public hearings concerning discharge permits may be obtained by writing or visiting the Regional Board office.

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March 9, 1989