

**CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD  
COLORADO RIVER BASIN REGION**

ORDER NO. 95-095  
NPDES NO. CA0104906

**NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT  
AND  
WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS  
FOR  
UNITED STATES NAVY, OWNER  
BROWN AND ROOT SERVICES CORPORATION, OPERATOR  
U.S. NAVAL AIR FACILITY, WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT  
West of El Centro - Imperial County**

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Colorado River Basin Region, finds that:

1. The United States Naval Air Facility, Public Works Office, Building 504, El Centro, CA 92243-5001 (hereinafter referred to as the discharger), submitted a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Application and a Report of Waste Discharge for the discharge from the base wastewater treatment facility. The application, dated May 17, 1995, is intended for the renewal of their existing NPDES permit.
2. Currently, under contract, Brown and Root Services Corp. provide the operations personnel at the facility. Brown and Root Services Corp. staff operate, maintain and monitor (including compliance monitoring) the facility.
3. The discharger is currently discharging an annual average daily flow of 200,000 gallons-per-day of non-chlorinated treated effluent from a wastewater treatment plant. The plant has a design capacity of 300,000 gallons-per-day and consists primarily of an oxidation ditch, a secondary clarifier, and sludge drying beds. The plant's effluent is discharged into New River, about 30 miles upstream from the Salton Sea in the SE 1/4 of Section 24, T15S, R12E, SBB&M.
4. The U.S. Navy is proposing to upgrade the facility by adding an emergency storage pond for operation and maintenance procedures and emergency situations. The pond will be lined using a chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber liner (45 mil.) and will have an approximate detention time of 20 days.
5. In December 1994, the Navy completed an Industrial Wastewater Pretreatment Survey. The survey, states that approximately 98 percent of the facility's influent flow is from domestic sources.

SEWAGE TREATMENT  
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6. The Report of Waste Discharge describes the effluent characteristics as follows:
- BOD<sup>1</sup>-Annual Monthly Average: 16.9 mg/L<sup>2</sup>  
 Oil and Grease-Annual Monthly Average: 4.72 mg/L  
 Total Suspended Solids-Annual Monthly Average: 11.8 mg/L  
 Settleable Solids-Annual Monthly Average: <0.05 ml/L<sup>3</sup>  
 Silver Annual Monthly Average: 0.005 mg/L  
 Hydrogen Ion (pH)-Annual Monthly Average: 7.37  
 Total Dissolved Solids-Annual Monthly Average: 1,934 mg/L
7. The Water Quality Control Plan for the Colorado River Basin Region of California (Basin Plan) was adopted on November 17, 1993 and designates the beneficial uses of ground and surface waters in this Region.
8. The beneficial uses of waters in the New River are:
- Fresh Water Replenishment of the Salton Sea (FRSH)
  - Water Contact Recreation (REC I)
  - Non Contact Water Recreation (REC II)
  - Warm Water Habitat (WARM)
  - Wildlife Habitat (WILD)
  - Preservation of Rare, Endangered or Threatened Species (RARE)
9. Federal regulations for storm water discharges were promulgated by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency on November 16, 1990 (40 CFR Parts 122, 123, and 124). The regulations require specific categories of facilities which discharge storm water associated with industrial activity to obtain NPDES permits and to implement Best Conventional Pollutant Technology (BCT) to reduce or eliminate industrial storm water pollution.
10. The State Water Resources Control Board adopted Order No. 91-13-DWQ (General Permit No. CAS000001), as amended by Water Quality Order No. 92-12-DWQ, specifying waste discharge requirements for discharges of storm water associated with industrial activities, excluding construction activities, and requiring submittal of a Notice of Intent by industries to be covered under the Permit.
11. Effluent and receiving water limitations in this Permit are based on the Federal Clean Water Act, Basin Plan, State Water Resources Control Board's plans and policies, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance, best professional judgement, and best available technology economically achievable.
12. Effluent limitations and toxic and pretreatment effluent standards, established pursuant to Section 301, 302, 304, and 307 of the Federal Clean Water Act (CWA) and amendments thereto are applicable to the discharge.

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<sup>1</sup> Biochemical Oxygen Demand

<sup>2</sup> Milligrams per Liter

<sup>3</sup> Milliliter per Liter

13. The Regional Board has considered anti-degradation provisions pursuant to 40 CFR 131.12 and State Water Resources Control Board Resolution No. 68-16, and finds the permitted discharge is consistent with those provisions.
14. The action to adopt an NPDES Permit is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA: Public Resources Code Section 21100, et. seq.), pursuant to Section 13389 of the California Water Code.
15. The Board has notified the discharger and all known interested agencies and persons of its intent to update waste discharge requirements for the said discharge and has provided them with an opportunity for a public meeting and an opportunity to submit comments.
16. This discharge has been subject to an NPDES Permit and to waste discharge requirements, Board Order No. 90-052 (NPDES No. CA0104906), adopted September 19, 1990, which allows discharge to the New River.
17. The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Regional Board have classified this discharge as a Minor discharge.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that Board Order No. 90-052 is terminated, and in order to meet the provisions contained in Division 7 of the California Water Code and regulations adopted thereunder, and the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act, and regulations and guidelines adopted thereunder, the discharger shall comply with the following:

**A. Effluent Limitations**

1. Effluent discharged to the New River shall not contain constituents in excess of the following limits:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>30-Day Arithmetic Mean Discharge Rate<sup>4</sup></u>	<u>7-Day Arithmetic Mean Discharge Rate<sup>5</sup></u>
20°C BOD <sub>5</sub>	mg/L <sup>6</sup>	30	45
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	30	45
Settleable Matter	ml/L <sup>7</sup>	0.3	0.5
Chlorine Residual	mg/L	0.01	0.02

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<sup>4</sup> 30-Day Mean - The arithmetic mean of pollutant parameter values of samples collected in a period of 30 consecutive days.

<sup>5</sup> 7-Day Mean - The arithmetic mean of pollutant parameter values of samples collected in a period of 7 consecutive days.

<sup>6</sup> mg/L - milligrams per Liter

<sup>7</sup> ml/L - milliliters per Liter

2. The 30-day average percent removal of pollutant parameter BOD<sub>5</sub> and suspended solids shall not be less than 85 percent.
3. The hydrogen ion (pH) of the effluent shall be maintained within the limits of 6.0 to 9.0.
4. Two and one half (2.5) years after the adoption of these waste discharge requirements, on July 1, 1998, wastewater discharged from the facility shall not have a fecal coliform concentration in excess of a log mean most probable number (MPN) of 200 per 100 milliliters (based on a minimum of not less than five samples for any 30-day period) nor shall any sample during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100 milliliters.
5. There shall be no acute toxicity in the treatment plant effluent being discharged to the New River. Acute toxicity is defined as less than ninety percent survival, fifty percent of the time, and less than seventy percent survival, ten percent of the time, of standard test organisms in undiluted effluent in a 96-hour static or continuous-flow test.

#### B. Receiving Waters Limitations

1. Effluent discharged to the New River shall not:
  - a. Depress the dissolved oxygen content of the receiving water below 5.0 mg/L. During any period when the receiving water's dissolved oxygen content is already below 5.0 mg/L, the discharge shall not cause any further depression.
  - b. Cause the presence of oil, grease, scum, or sludge.
  - c. Result in the deposition of objectionable solids.
  - d. Cause the normal ambient temperature to be altered or increased by more than 5°F.
2. This discharge shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard for receiving waters adopted by the Regional Board or the State Water Resources Control Board as required by the Federal Clean Water Act and regulations adopted thereunder. If more stringent applicable water quality standards are promulgated or approved pursuant to Section 303 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act or amendments thereto, the Regional Board will revise and modify this Permit in accordance with such more stringent standards.

#### C. Prohibitions

1. Discharge of treated wastewater at a location or in a manner different from that described in Finding No. 3 & 4, above, is prohibited.
2. The discharger shall not accept waste in excess of the design treatment or disposal capacity of the system.
3. The bypass or overflow of untreated wastewater or wastes to the New River is prohibited, except as allowed by Standard Provisions No. 13, as contained in the Standard Provisions for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit (Hereinafter Standard Provisions), dated October, 1990.

#### D. Specifications

1. The treatment or disposal of wastes at this facility shall not cause pollution or nuisance as defined in Sections 13050(l) and 13050(m) of Division 7 of the California Water Code.
2. A minimum freeboard of two (2) feet shall be maintained at all times in the wastewater storage pond described in Findings No. 4.
3. Ponds shall be managed to prevent breeding of mosquitoes, In particular:
  - a. An erosion control program should assure that small coves and irregularities are not created around the perimeter of the water surface.
  - b. Weeds shall be minimized through control of water depth, harvesting, or herbicides.
  - c. Dead algae, vegetation, and debris shall not accumulate on the water surface.
4. Public contact with undisinfected wastewater shall be precluded through such means as fences, signs, and other acceptable alternatives.
5. Bioassays shall be performed to evaluate the toxicity of the discharged wastewater as described in Monitoring and Reporting Program No. 95-095, and in accordance with the following procedures:
  - a. Bioassays shall be conducted on a sensitive fish species and an invertebrate species as approved by the Regional Board's Executive Officer. The bioassays shall be conducted in accordance with the protocol given in EPA/600/4-89/001 - Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluent and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms.
  - b. The bioassay test specified in the monitoring and reporting program 5.a. shall be performed as specified.
  - c. When the program described in specifications 5 a. and 5 b. has been completed, this Permit could be reopened. At that time, effluent variability will be calculated and a numerical effluent limit established for toxicity. Compliance monitoring shall then be based on the organism which showed greater sensitivity during the effluent characterization program. Selection of the more sensitive species shall be approved by the Regional Board's Executive Officer.
6. If the discharge consistently exceeds the applicable chronic or acute toxicity limitation, a toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) is required. The TRE shall include all reasonable steps to identify the source(s) of toxicity. Once the source(s) of toxicity is identified, the discharger shall take all reasonable steps necessary to reduce toxicity to the required level.
7. Storm water discharges from the facility shall not cause or threaten to cause pollution, contamination, or nuisance.
8. Storm water discharges from the facility shall not contain hazardous substances equal to or in excess of a reportable quantity listed in 40 CFR Part 117 and/or 40 CFR Part 302.

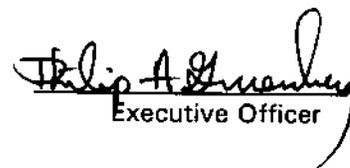
## E. Provisions

1. The discharger shall comply with "Monitoring and Reporting Program No. 95-095", and future revision thereto, as specified by the Regional Board's Executive Officer.
2. The discharger shall comply with "Standard Provisions for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit", dated October 1990.
3. The discharger is the responsible party for the waste discharge requirements and the monitoring and reporting program for the facility. The discharger shall comply with all conditions of these waste discharge requirements. Violations may result in enforcement actions, including Regional Board Orders or court orders, requiring corrective action or imposing civil monetary liability, or in modification or revocation of these waste discharge requirements by the Regional Board.
4. The discharger shall inform this office by telephone of all bypasses to the emergency ponds, due to system malfunction within one business day of the occurrence. Within 5 days of the occurrence, the discharger shall send a report to this office which shall include the starting date and time of the occurrence, the actual or estimated ending date and time, an estimate of the total discharge and the corrective measures taken (or which will be taken) by the discharger. The discharger shall maintain a log of this information. The said log shall be kept at the facility and shall be available during facility inspection. The discharger shall also report all failures which occur in the wastewater collection system in a similar procedure as the one stated above.
5. The discharger shall allow the Regional Board's Executive Officer, or his/her authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
  - a. Enter upon the discharger's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, including reclaimed water treatment or discharge facilities, sludge use and disposal activities, or facilities where records must be kept under the conditions of this Board Order.
  - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the same conditions of this Order. Inspect and sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this Board Order, including reclaimed water treatment, discharge, sludge use or disposal sites.
6. The discharger shall allow the Regional Board's Executive Officer, or his/her authorized representative, to sample or monitor influent, effluent, and sludge for the purposes of determining compliance with this Board Order and other applicable requirements regarding sludge use and disposal.
7. The discharger shall retain records of all monitoring information including all calibration and maintenance records, copies of all reports required by this Board Order, and records of all data used to complete the application for this Board Order. Records shall be maintained for a minimum of three years from the date of the sample, measurement, or report. This period may be extended during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding this discharge or when requested by the Regional Board's Executive Officer.
8. The discharger shall exclude from the wastewater treatment plant any liquid or solid waste which could adversely affect the plant operation or effluent quality. The excluded liquid or solid waste shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations.

9. This Permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the discharger for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any Permit condition. Causes for modification include the promulgation of new regulations, modification of land application plans, or modification in sludge use or disposal practices or adoption of new regulations by the State Board or the Regional Board, including revisions to the Basin Plan.
10. The discharger shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances), which are installed or used by the discharger to achieve compliance with conditions of this Board Order.
11. The discharger wastewater treatment plant shall be supervised and operated by persons possessing certification of appropriate grade pursuant to Division 4, Chapter 14, Title 23 of the California Code of Regulations.
12. Facilities shall be available to keep the plant in operation in the event of commercial power failure.
13. The discharger shall ensure that all site operating personnel are familiar with the content of this Board Order, and shall maintain a copy of this Board Order at the site.
14. Adequate measures shall be taken to assure that flood or surface drainage waters do not erode or otherwise render portions of the discharge facilities inoperable.
15. All storm water discharges from this facility must comply with the lawful requirements of municipalities, counties, drainage districts, and other local agencies, regarding discharges of storm water to storm water drain systems or other courses under their jurisdiction.
16. Prior to any modifications in this facility which would result in material change in the quality or quantity of wastewater treated or discharged, or any material change in the location of discharge, the discharger shall report all pertinent information in writing to the Regional Board and obtain revised requirements before any modifications are implemented.
17. Prior to any change in ownership or management of this operation, the discharger shall transmit a copy of this Board Order to the succeeding owner/operator, and forward a copy of the transmittal letter to the Regional Board.
18. The discharger shall provide a report to the Regional Board when it determines that the plant is operating at 80 percent of the design capacity specified in Finding No 3., above. The report should indicate what steps, if any, the discharger intends to take to provide for the expected wastewater treatment capacity necessary when the plant reaches design capacity.
19. The discharger shall provide adequate notice to the Regional Board's Executive Officer of the following:
  - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into any of the treatment facilities described in the Findings of this Permit from an indirect discharge which would be subject to Section 301 or 306 of the Federal Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging the pollutants.
  - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into any of the treatment facilities described in the Findings of this Permit by an existing or new source.

- c. Any planned physical alterations or additions to the facilities described in this Permit, or changes planned in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practice, where such alterations, additions, or changes may justify the application of Permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing Permit, including notification of additional disposal sites not reported during the Permit application process, or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
  - d. Adequate notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent introduced, and any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of the permittee's effluent and/or sludge.
  - e. The discharger shall report all instances of noncompliance. Reports of noncompliance shall be submitted with the permittee's next scheduled self-monitoring report or earlier if requested by the Regional Board's Executive Officer or if required by an applicable standard for sludge use and disposal.
- 20. This Permit may be reopened to address any new amendments to applicable Water Quality Control Plans that would affect the requirements for the discharge.
  - 21. This Permit expires five years from date of adoption, and the discharger shall file a complete Report of Waste Discharge in accordance with Title 23, California Code of Regulations, at least 180 days in advance of such date as an application for issuance of a new Permit.
  - 22. This Permit shall serve as a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit pursuant to Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act, as amended, and shall become effective at the end of ten (10) days from the date of the hearing at which this Permit was adopted by the Regional Board, provided the Regional Administrator, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, has no objections.
  - 23. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates a permit condition implementing Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Federal Clean Water Act is subject to a civil or criminal penalty.
  - 24. This Board Order does not authorize violation of any federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

I, Philip A. Gruenberg, Executive Officer, do hereby certify the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Colorado River Basin Region, on November 29, 1995.

  
Executive Officer

**CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD  
COLORADO RIVER BASIN REGION**

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. 95-095  
FOR  
UNITED STATES NAVY, OWNER  
BROWN AND ROOT SERVICES CORPORATION, OPERATOR  
U.S. NAVAL AIR FACILITY, WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT  
West of El Centro - Imperial County

Location of Discharge: New River in the SE 1/4 of Section 24, T15S, R12E, SBB&M

**INFLUENT MONITORING**

The wastewater influent to the treatment facilities shall be monitored for the following:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Sampling Frequency</u>
20°C BOD <sub>5</sub>	mg/L <sup>1</sup>	24-Hr. Composite	Monthly
Suspended Solids	mg/L	24-Hr. Composite	Monthly

**EFFLUENT MONITORING**

A sampling station shall be established at the point of discharge from the treatment plant and shall be located where representative samples of effluent can be obtained. Wastewater discharged into New River shall be monitored for the following constituents:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Sampling Frequency</u>
Volume of Discharge to New River	MGD <sup>2</sup>	Average Daily <sup>3</sup>	Daily
20°C BOD <sub>5</sub>	mg/L <sup>4</sup>	24-Hr. Composite	Monthly
Suspended Solids	mg/L	24-Hr. Composite	Monthly

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<sup>1</sup> mg/L - milligrams per Liter

<sup>2</sup> MGD - Million Gallons per Day

<sup>3</sup> Reported monthly with monthly average daily flow calculated.

<sup>4</sup> mg/L - milligrams per Liter

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Sampling Frequency</u>
Settleable Matter	ml/L <sup>5</sup>	Grab at Peak Flow	Monthly
Hydrogen Ion	pH Units	Grab	Monthly
Chlorine Residual	mg/L	Grab	Daily
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly
Volatile Organics	µg/L <sup>6</sup>	Grab	Quarterly

#### RECEIVING WATER MONITORING

Representative samples upstream and downstream from the point of discharge shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the following:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Sampling Frequency</u>
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	Grab	Annually
Hydrogen Ion	pH Units	Grab	Annually
Hardness	mg/L	Grab	Annually

#### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The discharger shall report the following:

<u>Activity</u>	<u>Reporting</u>
To inspect and document any operation/maintenance problems by inspecting each unit process	Annually

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<sup>5</sup> ml/L - milliliters per Liter

<sup>6</sup> µg/L - micrograms per Liter

### SLUDGE MONITORING

The discharger shall report quarterly on the quantity, location and method of disposal of all sludge and similar solid materials being produced at the wastewater treatment plant facility.

The sludge that is generated at the treatment facility shall be sampled and analyzed for the following:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Sampling Frequency</u>
Arsenic	mg/kg <sup>7</sup>	Grab	Annually
Cadmium	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Chromium	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Copper	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Lead	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Mercury	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Molybdenum	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Nickel	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Selenium	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Zinc	mg/kg	Grab	Annually
Fecal Coliform	MPN	Grab	Annually

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<sup>7</sup> mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram on a dry weight basis

## EFFLUENT CHRONIC TOXICITY TESTING

The discharger shall conduct chronic toxicity testing on the treatment plant effluent as follows:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Type of Samples</u>	<u>Minimum Frequency Test</u>
Chronic Toxicity	tu <sub>c</sub>	Composite	Annually

Both test species given below shall be used to measure chronic toxicity:

<u>Species</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Test Duration (Days)</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Fathead Minnow (Pimephales promelas)	Larval Survival and Growth Rate	7	Horning & Weber, 1989
Water Flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	Survival; Number of Young	7	Horning & Weber, 1989

Toxicity Test Reference: Horning W. B. and C. I. Weber (eds). 1989. Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms. Second Edition. U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio. EPA/600/4-89/001.

Dilution and control waters should be obtained from an unaffected area of the receiving waters. Standard dilution water should be used if the above source exhibit toxicity greater than 1.0 tu<sub>c</sub>. The sensitivity of the test organism to a reference toxicant shall be determined concurrently with each bioassay and reported with the test results.

Chronic toxicity shall be expressed and reported as toxic units (tu<sub>c</sub>) where:

$$TU_c = 100/NOEL$$

and the No Observed Effect Level (NOEL) is expressed as the maximum percent effluent of test water that causes no observed effect on a test organism, as determined in a critical life stage toxicity test (indicated above).

Acute toxicity shall be calculated from the results of the chronic toxicity test described above and shall be reported along with the results of each chronic test. Acute toxicity shall be expressed as percent survival of test organism over a ninety-six hour period.

## GENERAL MONITORING

1. The collection, preservation and holding times of all samples shall be in accordance with U. S. Environmental Protection Agency approved procedures. All analyses shall be conducted by a laboratory certified by the State Department of Health Services to perform the required analyses.
2. Compliance with the discharge limitations shall be determined at the end of the discharge pipe.
3. If the facility is not in operation, or there is no discharge during a required reporting period, the discharger shall forward a letter to the Regional Board indicating that there has been no activity during the required reporting period.

## REPORTING

1. The discharger shall arrange the data in tabular form so that the specified information is readily discernible. The data shall be summarized in such a manner as to clearly illustrate whether the facility is operating in compliance with waste discharge requirements.
2. Records of monitoring information shall include:
  - a. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurement(s);
  - b. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurement(s);
  - c. The date(s) analyses were performed;
  - d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
  - e. The analytical techniques or method used; and
  - f. The results of such analyses.
3. Each report shall contain the following statement:

"I declare under the penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."
4. A duly authorized representative of the discharger may sign the documents if:
  - a. The authorization is made in writing by the person described above;
  - b. The authorization specified an individual or person having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated disposal system; and
  - c. The written authorization is submitted to the Regional Board's Executive Officer.
5. Report immediately (within 24 hours) any failure in the waste disposal system which threatens the environment or human health or sewage spills in excess of 1,000 gallons to the Regional Board and Director of County Environmental Health by telephone with follow-up letter.

6. Daily, and monthly monitoring reports shall be submitted by the 15th day of the following month. Quarterly monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Board by January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15 of each year. Annual monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Board by January 15 of each year.

7. Submit monitoring reports to:

California Regional Water Quality Control Board  
Colorado River Basin Region  
73-720 Fred Waring, Suite 100  
Palm Desert, CA 92260

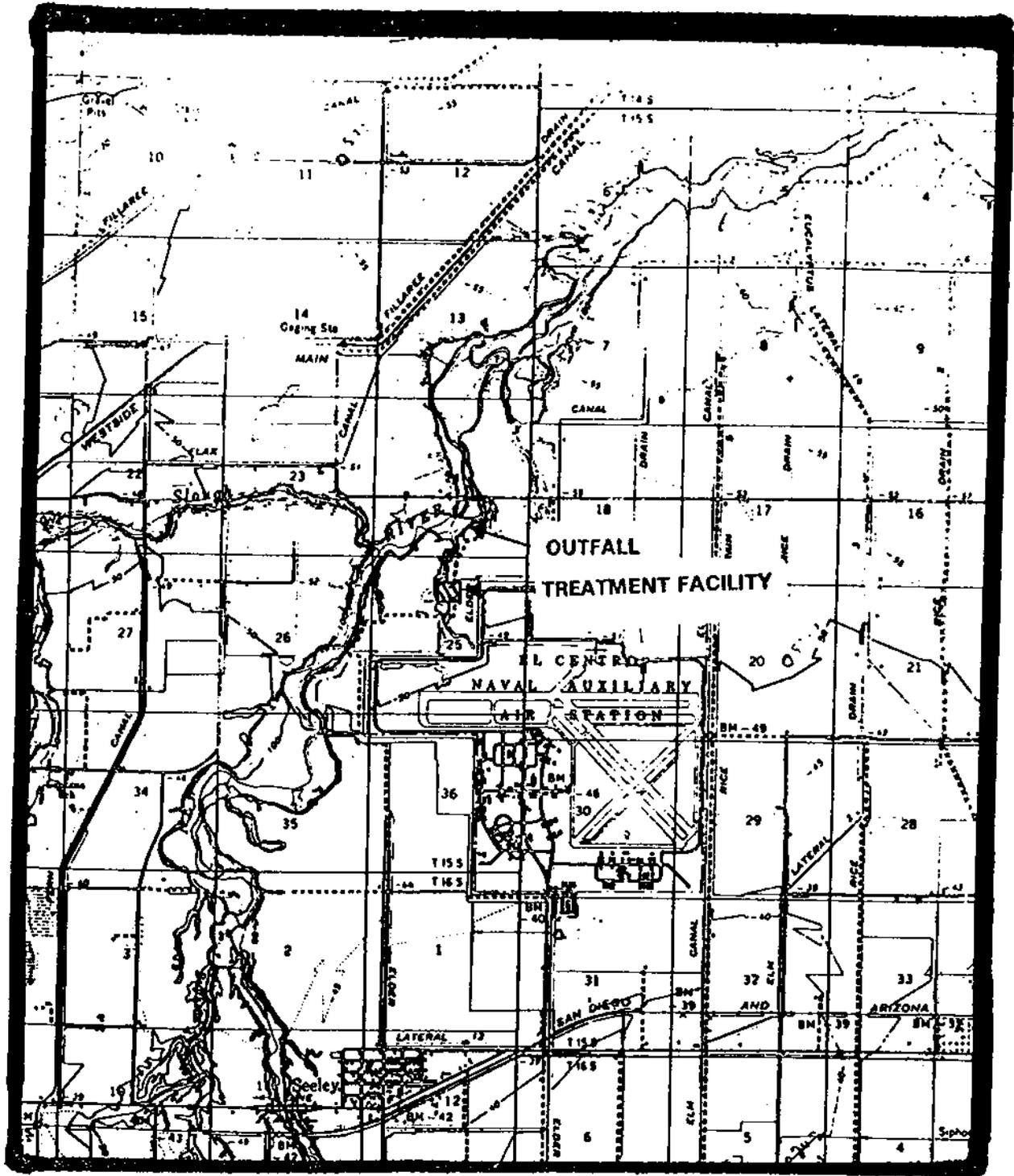
8. A copy of the Monitoring Report shall also be sent to:

Regional Administrator  
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Region 9, Attn: 65/MR, W-3  
75 Hawthorne Street  
San Francisco, CA 94105

Ordered By: Philip A. Greenberg  
Executive Officer

November 29, 1995  
Date

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD - 7



SITE MAP



UNITED STATES NAVY, OWNER  
BROWN AND ROOT SERVICES CORPORATION, OPERATOR  
U.S. NAVAL AIR FACILITY  
WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT  
West of El Centro - Imperial County  
SE 1/4 of Section 24, T15S, R12, SBB&M  
USGS 7.5 min. Topographic Map

SCALE