## Errata made at the Nov. 10 Board Meeting

## Permit Errata:

**Page #28, Section F.1.c.(6)** – Infiltration and Groundwater Protection To protect groundwater quality, each Copermittee must apply restrictions to the use of treatment control BMPs that are designed to primarily function as large, centralized infiltration devices (such as large infiltration trenches and infiltration basins). Such restrictions must be designed so that the use of such infiltration treatment control BMPs does not cause or contribute to an exceedance of groundwater quality objectives<u>and</u> <u>must be fully protective of downstream water rights</u>. At a minimum, each treatment control BMP designed to primarily function as a centralized infiltration device must meet the restrictions below, unless the Development Project demonstrates to the Copermittee that a restriction is not necessary to protect groundwater quality. The Copermittees may collectively or individually develop alternative restrictions on the use of treatment control BMPs which are designed to primarily function as centralized infiltration devices. Alternative restrictions developed by the Copermittees can partially or wholly replace the restrictions listed below. The restrictions do not apply to small infiltration systems dispersed throughout a development project.

Page # 33, Section F.1.d.(4)(b)(i), Footnote 12 – Priority Development Projects proposing to dredge or fill materials in waters of the U.S. <u>must obtain a CWA Section</u> 401 Water Quality Certification.and/or <u>Priority Development Projects proposing to</u> <u>dredge or fill to discharge waste in</u> waters of the State must obtain a <u>CWA §401 Water</u> Quality Certification and/or Waste Discharge Requirements.

## Page #84, New Section

**P.** The Executive Officer shall meet with Camp Pendleton and other stakeholders at six (6) month intervals to identify and investigate water quality impacts, flow impacts, and impacts to water rights that may derive from the implementation of Low Impact Development BMPs required by Order R9-2010-0016, as they are developed by the stormwater Copermittees. Any key issues or amendments to the Order that derive from those analyses and discussions will be promptly brought to the San Diego Water Board for their consideration.

## Fact Sheet Errata:

**Page # 135, Section F.1.d.(4)** - The Order provides the Copermittees with flexibility in implementing the LID site design BMP requirements by providing a LID BMP waiver program. For Priority Development Projects where infiltration LID BMPs are not technically feasible for retaining all or part of the design capture volume on site without runoff, a waiver may be granted for the remaining portion of the design capture volume to be treated with other LID BMPs. The Riverside County Copermittees plan on allowing the implementation of the LID BMPs contained in the Riverside County LID Design Manual if infiltration retention LID BMPs are found to be technically infeasible to retain all of the design capture volume. Other LID BMP design and guidance manuals that are acceptable to the Copermittees and/or San Diego Water Board may also be considered.

If <u>infiltration-retention</u> LID BMPs and/or other LID BMPs are technically infeasible to retain and/or treat all or part of the design capture volume for a Priority Development Project, a waiver may be granted for the remaining portion of the design capture volume.

The waiver would allow the remaining portion of the design capture volume to be treated with conventional treatment control BMPs and some form of mitigation.