



/

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

TERRA SPRINGS LLC
3787 Spring Mountain Road
St. Helena, CA 94574

CONVERSION FROM TIMBER TO VINEYARD

November 2001
Revised November 22, 2002
Revised December 18, 2002
Revised January 28, 2003

Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.
176 Main St., Suite B
St. Helena, CA 94574

NARRATIVE

This project consists of the development of approximately 21.1 acres of new vineyard with APN 022-140-033 a parcel of ± 73 acres located at 3787 Spring Mountain Road. The existing ground slope within the project area range from 7 to 25%. Vineyard rows shall be planted 6' apart and will run generally perpendicular to the contours with the exception of Block L which will be planted cross slope with rows 8' apart. Blocks A, B, C, D, H & L will be hand farmed without the use of motorized vehicles. A drip irrigation system will be installed throughout the vineyard and water will be from an existing well. It is expected that the vineyard will use ±10 AF per annum. Minimal grading will be required to construct the sediment basin and grassy waterways.

No Blueline or County definition streams occur within the project area. There are drainage swales through Blocks F, I and A which will be planted as grassy waterways. The east end of Blocks F and G are adjacent to Class III streams. A 50 foot setback will be provided. In addition to the setback, the first 50 feet of the vineyard will be maintained as a "no strip spray" area. The permanent no-till cover crop shall be mowed and spot sprayed only. Optimally, a ground cover of 80-85% or greater will be obtained each winter. The first year after clearing, the waterways shall be seeded and irrigated by September 1st.

Vegetation Removal is in accordance with the Timber Harvest Plan/Conversion. All organic material to be burned shall be stacked at strategic locations within the cleared areas. Burning of the organic material only shall take place after obtaining approval from all the governing agencies.

Soils within the block boundaries have been classified in the USDA Soil Conservation Service's, Napa County Soil Survey, including the hazard of erosion as follows:

SCS#	Soil Type	% Slope	Hazard of Erosion
107	Boomer loam	2 to 15%	Slight
139	Forward gravelly loam	9 to 30%	Slight to moderate
140	Forward gravelly loam	30 to 75%	High to very high

Although soil mapping includes SCS# 140, no slopes within the project areas exceed 30%. Soils on the project site are stable. There is a large scarp to the west of the project. No active landslides occur within 500' of the project boundaries.

Temporary Erosion Control Measures consist of the installation of silt fencing, straw bale dikes and the application of straw mulch. The installation of all silt fencing and straw bale dikes shall be completed in accordance with the

appropriate Detail and at all locations as shown on the Plan Sheet. A straw mulch cover shall be applied over all open and/or disturbed and seeded areas at the rate specified in the seeding requirements. If the brush is not burned and is to be stockpiled for burning the following spring, it shall be windrowed along contours at strategic points in the fields to be used as a filter.

Permanent Erosion Control Measures consist of the following:

- 1) Construction of rock checks and placement of Rock Slope Protection in accordance with Detail 4, Sheet 2 and Special Note, Sheet 2 at the locations shown on the Plan.
- 2) Grading of diversion ditches shall conform with Detail 3, Sheet 2 at the locations shown on the Plan.
- 3) Construction of a sediment basin at the location shown on the Plan and in accordance with Detail 5, Sheet 2. The outlet pipe of the sediment basin shall be graded to daylight onto a rock apron that shall extend a minimum 8 feet downgradient to a rock check with RSP placed a minimum 15 feet downgradient from the rock check. All rock shall extend the full width of the channel and to the top of bank on both sides.
- 4) Grassy waterways shall be planted and maintained where shown on the Plan in accordance with Detail 6, Sheet 3.
- 5) A 12" pipe and 24" bubbler shall be installed at the bottom of Block A as shown on the Plan, and shall be constructed in accordance with Detail 7, Sheet 2.
- 6) A permanent no-till cover crop shall be planted within the entire vineyard area. The cover crop shall be mowed and may be strip sprayed to a maximum width of 12", centered on the vine row except that Block C shall be spot sprayed only. No disking, ripping or other tillage shall take place within these areas after the vineyard has been planted. Optimally, a ground cover of 70% or greater will be obtained each winter.

Cost: The total of all erosion control measures is estimated to be \$30,000.00 including materials, labor, engineering and agency fees.

PROJECT NOTES

APN: 022-140-033

Owner: Terra Springs LLC

Contact: Phil Baxter
PO Box 426
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 963-0121

Site Address: 3787 Spring Mountain Road

Implementation Schedule: The work shall be scheduled as follows:

Thru October 15, 200~~3~~⁴ *SRB*

PREPLANT SEASON OPERATIONS

Tree, brush and rock removal; burn brush and other vegetative materials; ripping and disking; staking; installation of irrigation system; other cultural practices. Installation of permanent and temporary erosion control measures.

Rainy Season 2003-200~~3~~⁴ *SRB*

Maintain all erosion control measures

April 1 thru October 15, 200~~3~~⁴ *SRB*

PLANTING SEASON OPERATIONS

Complete unfinished preplant operations, plant vineyard, begin cultural practices, maintain erosion control practices.

Rainy Season 2004- Forward

Maintain all erosion control measures

Seeding Requirements: All exposed or disturbed soils, including terraces and avenues shall be seeded. Seed and fertilizer shall be applied hydraulically or broadcast at the rates specified below:

Item		Pounds/Acre
Seed	"Blando" brome	15
	Zorro Fescue	6
	Crimson Clover	3
	Rose Clover	6
Fertilizer	Ammonium phosphate sulfate (16-20-0)	200-240

On all vineyard avenues "Fawn" tall fescue shall be added to the seed mix @ 5 lbs/ac.

An alternate seed mix and/or fertilizer may be used with Engineer's approval.

Straw Mulch shall be spread over all disturbed and seeded areas. The mulch shall be spread mechanically or by hand at the rate of 2 tons/acre.

Diversion Ditches shall be constructed at the locations shown on the Plan and in accordance with Details, Sheet 2. Ditch flowline shall be sloped to drain at 2 to 4%.

Rock Checks shall be constructed of locally gathered fieldstone at the locations shown on the Plan and in accordance with Details, Sheet 2. Rock checks shall remain in place as permanent structures.

Rock Slope Protection (R.S.P.) shall be locally gathered fieldstone, or class light as defined in Caltrans Standard Specifications, Sec 72-2.02. A non-woven filter fabric (Mirafi 140N, or equal) shall be placed between all R.S.P. and earthen material.

Sediment Retention Basins shall be constructed in accordance with Details, Sheet 2 at the locations shown on the Plan.

Silt Fence shall be installed along contours at locations shown on the Plan in accordance with Details, Sheet 2. Silt fencing shall be maintained through the winter after planting, after which it may be removed.

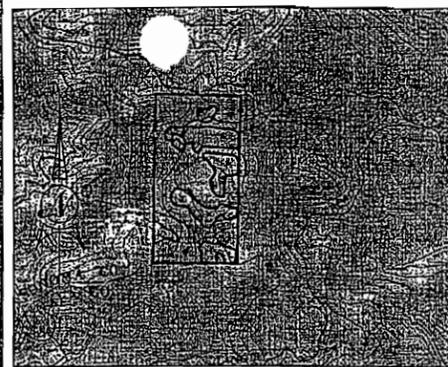
Straw Bale Dikes shall be installed where shown on the Plan in accordance with Details, Sheet 2. Straw bale dikes shall be maintained through the winter after planting, after which they may be removed.

Grassy Waterways shall be planted and maintained where shown on the plan. The grassy waterways shall be planted as a non-till cover crop with minimum 80% ground cover. At grade rock weirs shall be constructed every \pm 150 feet. The first year after clearing, the waterways shall be seeded and irrigated by September 1st. Once the vineyard and cover crop is established, late summer irrigation patterns should be adequate for re-germination. Additional seeding, fertilization and irrigation shall be provided as necessary to establish a heavy cover prior to October 15th.

Maintenance: A permanent cover crop shall be planted prior to October 15, 2002. ^{SB} This cover crop may be mowed each spring after the seed has fully matured (hard dough stage) to ensure annual grass species regeneration for the following year. Minimum mowing height of 4" shall be maintained for establishing annual and perennial grasses. No ripping or other tillage shall take place within these areas after the vineyard is planted. The vineyard may be strip sprayed or spot sprayed as described in the Narrative under **Permanent Erosion Control Measures**. Optimally, a ground cover of 70% or greater will be obtained with the owner being responsible for reseeding and maintenance in order to reach the desired degree of cover.

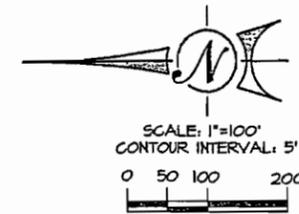
All erosion control measures and facilities shall be inspected after each storm event, and repairs shall be promptly performed.

Construction contractor agrees that in accordance with generally accepted construction practices, construction contractor will be required to assume sole and complete responsibility for job site conditions during the course of construction of the project, including safety of all persons and property; that this requirement shall be made to apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours, and construction contractor further agrees to defend, indemnify and hold design professional harmless from any and all liability, real or alleged, in connection with the performance of work on this project, excepting liability arising from the sole negligence of design professional

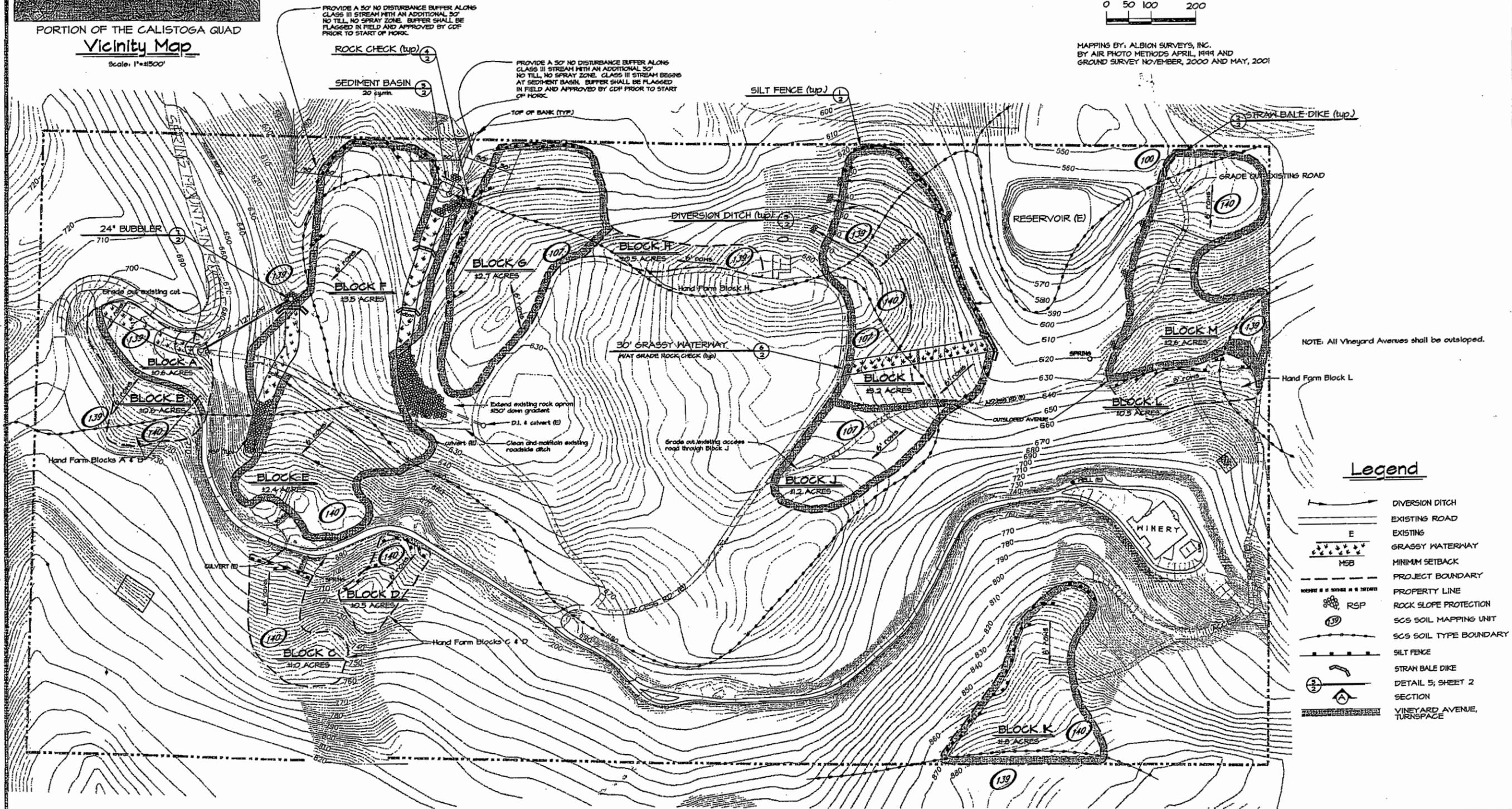


PORTION OF THE CALISTOGA QUAD
Vicinity Map
Scale: 1"=1500'

OWNER: A SPRINGS LLC
CONTACT: PHIL BAXTER (707) 963 0121
PO BOX 426
ST. HELENA, CA. 94574
NAPA CO APN: 022-140-033
SITE ADDRESS: 3781 SPRING MOUNTAIN ROAD
ST. HELENA, CA.



MAPPING BY: ALBION SURVEYS, INC.
BY AIR PHOTO METHODS APRIL, 1994 AND
GROUND SURVEY NOVEMBER, 2000 AND MAY, 2001



REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE
1	ADD 50' BUFFERS BLK F+G, REV TITLE BLOCK	DLN	11-22-02

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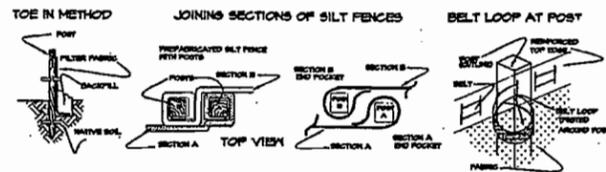
Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.
176 Main St., Suite B
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 963 4927



DATE: 11-15-01 SCALE: AS SHOWN
DRAWN: JLC CHECKED: DLN
APPROVED: [Signature]
DREW L. ASPENHORN, PE R.C.E. 31418

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

TERRA SPRINGS VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT

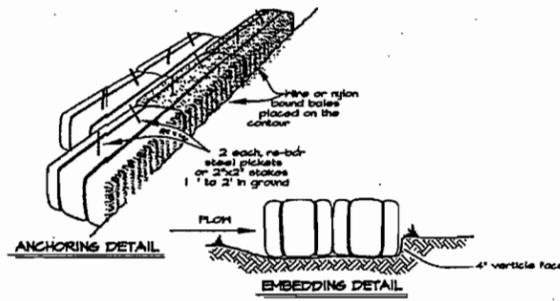


TOE IN METHOD
 Example: a 2" x 4" trench along perpendicular of site.
 Drive post into ground, and lay the fabric fabric bag in bottom of trench. Secure trench, and lay ground as shown in diagram above.
 Pusher posts to install as shown above, making certain that fabric bag around each post the full way.

JOINING SECTIONS OF SILT FENCES
 Drive post into ground, and lay the fabric fabric bag in bottom of trench. Secure trench, and lay ground as shown in diagram above.
 Pusher posts to install as shown above, making certain that fabric bag around each post the full way.

BELT LOOP AT POST
 Drive post into ground, and lay the fabric fabric bag in bottom of trench. Secure trench, and lay ground as shown in diagram above.
 Pusher posts to install as shown above, making certain that fabric bag around each post the full way.

1
2 **SILT FENCE DETAIL**
N.T.S.

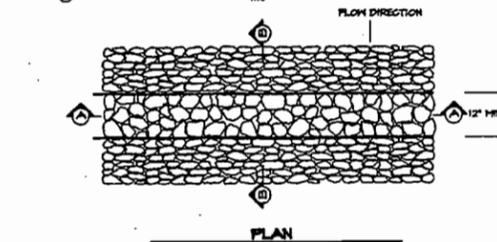
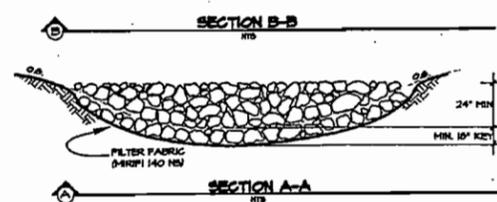
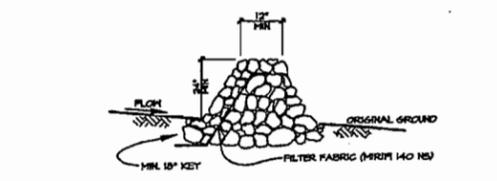


2
2 **STRAIN BALE DIKE**
N.T.S.

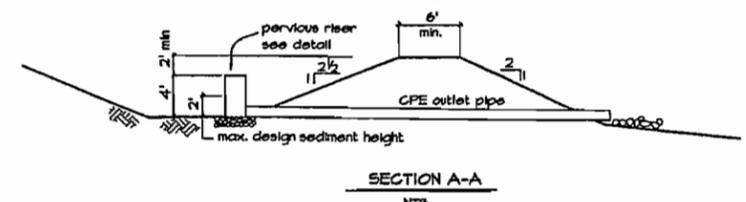
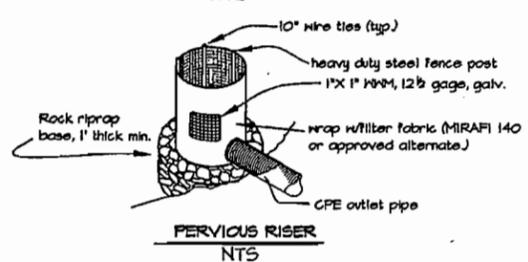
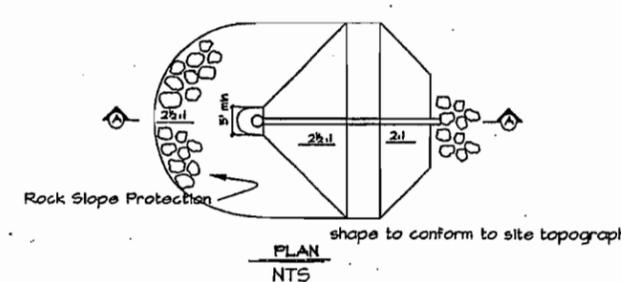


NOTES
 1. FLOWLINE SLOPE SHALL BE 2% - 4%
 2. DIVERSION DITCHES SHALL BE SEED, MULCHED & COVERED W/WHITE NETTING WHICH SHALL BE SECURELY ANCHORED IN PLACE.

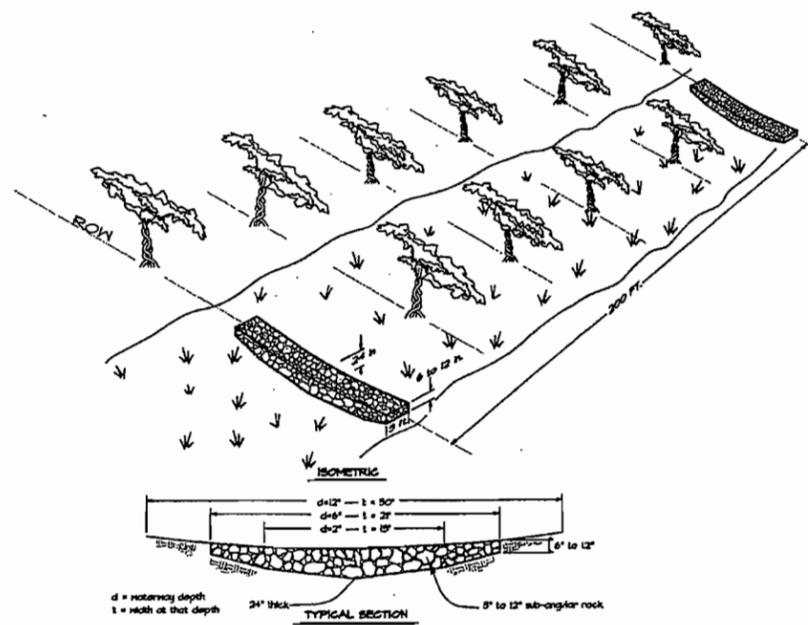
3
2 **DIVERSION DITCH**
N.T.S.



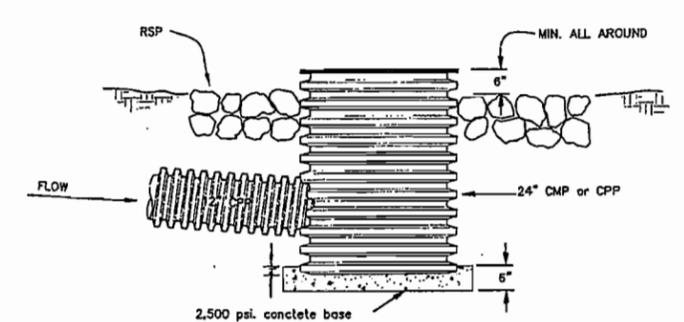
4
2 **ROCK CHECK DETAIL**
N.T.S.



5
2 **SEDIMENT BASIN**
N.T.S.



6
2 **GRASSY WATERWAY WITH AT-GRADE ROCK CHECK**
N.T.S.



7
2 **24 inch BUBBLER**
N.T.S.

SPECIAL NOTES

Rock Slope Protection (RSP) shall be locally gathered field stone (25 lb), or close light, as defined in California Standard Specifications, Sec. 72-2.02. A non woven filter fabric (MIRAFI 140 N, or equal) shall be placed between all RSP and earthen material.

REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE

This document and the ideas and designs incorporated herein, as an instrument of professional service, are the property of Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc., and are not to be used, in whole or part, for any other project without written authorization from Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.

Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.
 176 Main St., Suite B
 St. Helena, CA 94574
 (707) 963 4927



DATE 11-15-01 SCALE AS SHOWN
 Pipe/Baxter DRAWN JLC CHECKED DLM
 APPROVED
 DREN L. ASPERDEN, PE R.C.E. 51418

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
DETAILS

TERRA SPRINGS
VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT

NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD ENGINEERING, INC.
176 MAIN STREET, SUITE B
ST. HELENA, NAPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA 94574
(707) 963-4927 FAX (707) 963-1297

DREW L. ASPEGREN, P.E.
CIVIL ENGINEER

May 8, 2002

Mr. Scott Butler
1420 T Knobhill Road
Ukiah, CA 95482

Re: Terra Springs ECP

Dear Mr. Butler:

This letter is in response to the comments made by Dave Steiner of Napa County Resource Conservation District. A copy of his March 11, 2002 letter is attached.

Block A We agree that the swale in this block should be protected, and have added a grassy waterway with a Drop Inlet and piping at the bottom to direct flows to the drainage running along the north side of Block F. The outlet of the 12" CPP will be a 24" bubbler (see detail sheet). The access road between Blocks A and E will be maintained as a vineyard avenue as specified in the project notes.

Block B & C We recommend hand farming these blocks as well as the other small Blocks A, D, H & L.

Block D It is our understanding that the road cut will remain vegetated and no treatment of the bank will be necessary. There is a gentle slope in the south corner of this block which provides access.

Block E & F We believe that the 35' setback from the spring is adequate. If excessive groundwater is encountered during vineyard development it can be dealt with at that time. It is important not to turn around in the grassy waterways, and we have shown the turn spaces outside of the waterways. We have extended the rock in both of these waterways to provide extra protection, and added straw bale dikes as suggested. The first year after clearing the waterways should be seeded and irrigated mid to late summer. Once the vineyard and cover crop is established, late summer irrigation patterns should be adequate for re-germination. Additional seeding, fertilization and irrigation should be provided as necessary to establish a heavy cover prior to the rainy season. We will modify the narrative accordingly.

Block G We have extended the rock slope protection down to the sediment basin.

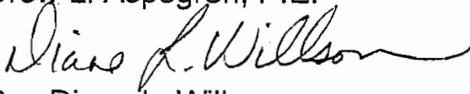
Block I, J & L We have staggered the rock checks to minimize concentrated flows. All vineyard avenues and turn spaces will be outsloped.

Block K This block was ground surveyed in November, 2000. Contours are accurate and there are no slopes over 30%.

General We recommend farming with ATV's to avoid cutting turn around benches. The avenues with steeper slopes have diversion ditches cut across them which will be constructed as water bars.

Once we have received your comments and Phil Baxter's comments we will finalize this revision and revise the narrative accordingly. Call if there are questions.

Sincerely,
NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD ENGINEERING, INC.
Drew L. Aspegren, P.E.


By: Diane L. Willson

DLW:jw

cc: Bill Pease
Phil Baxter



RECEIVED

MAR 15 2002

NVVE

Napa County Resource Conservation District
1303 Jefferson Street, Suite 500B
Napa, CA 94559

Interoffice Memorandum

Date: March 11, 2002
To: Brian Bordona, Napa County CDPD
From: Dave Steiner, Soil Conservationist
Re: Timberland Conversion to Vineyard, Terra Springs
cc: Phil Baxter, Terra Valentine
Patrick Lowe, CDPD
Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering

At your request I have conducted a review of the referenced project, to determine the adequacy of the proposed, temporary and permanent vineyard erosion control measures. My understanding is that the California Department of Forestry (the proposal's lead agency) has requested your agency's comments, and that you need RCD's technical input in order to best respond to CDF's request. Accordingly, I have analyzed the vineyard erosion control plan as if it were being processed under the Conservation Regulations. The following comments, developed following my office analysis and a site visit with Patrick Lowe and the applicant's representative Phil Baxter, are comparable to comments I would normally direct to the applicant's plan preparer.

- **Block A.** In the center of this proposed block there is an old road cut that is concentrating flows, creating two gullies. After repair of the cut and gullies, the plan should provide for protection (piping or armor) of the swale from concentrated flows. If the existing access road between Blocks A and E is to be used, surfacing and/or maintenance specifications should be provided.
- **Block B.** The "panhandle" of this proposed block is not wide enough to accommodate the specified row direction, unless hand farming is specified.
- **Block C.** The bottom of this proposed block will require a turnaround bench, unless hand farming is specified.

- **Block D.** It appears from the marked block boundaries (blue flags) that the trees will be cleared from the road bank at the bottom of the block. This steep bank should be cut back to a stable gradient and revegetated.
- **Blocks E and F.** Areas affected by the spring drainage at the top of the block should either be drained, or marked in the field and avoided. The upper end (+/-125 feet) of the grassy waterway along the north side of the block is too steep for a grassed waterway, especially since it will be constantly disturbed by tractor turnaround traffic. Flows here should be piped or the swale armored. Similarly, the steeper, upper portions (+/- 200 feet) of the grassy waterway along the south side of Block F should be armored, or its flows piped. In addition, strawbale dikes should be installed across the unarmored (lower) portions of this waterway at approximately 75-100 foot intervals, as a temporary sediment retention measure.

RCD recommends that top priority be given to early seeding and irrigation of the non-armored portions of all grassy waterways (**Blocks E, F, G, and I**). These structures must be covered with heavy sod by the onset of winter rains, or deep incision and heavy sedimentation will almost certainly result. Germination by the October 15 deadline will not be adequate to protect these waterways. Irrigation should begin in mid-summer at the latest, as the relatively high elevation, cooler climate and short photoperiod of these sites will severely limit cover crop growth during the fall and winter months. The plan implementation schedule should be modified to accommodate these constraints.

- **Block G.** The rock apron ("rock check") at the outfall of the diversion near the east end of this block should be extended downhill, into the sediment basin.
- **Block I.** The diversion outfalls along the northeast boundary of this block should be staggered along their respective contours north of the block, so that their flows do not reconcentrate and create a gully. There will need to be a turnaround bench along the south and east boundaries of the block. Typical cross-sections should specify inslope or outslope, as appropriate.
- **Block J.** Is the access road along the east side of the block to be outsloped to retain sheet flows, or insloped to divert flows to the perimeter ditch along the existing vineyard? If insloped, appropriate cross-sections and outfall details need to be specified.
- **Block K.** Heavy understory canopy reduces sight distance and makes slope determinations difficult in this proposed block; however the topo appears to underestimate ground slopes near the block's northern boundary. This block boundary (in particular) should be marked in the field prior to earth-disturbing activity, to assure that cleared areas do not exceed 30% slope. The lower boundaries of this block will need turnaround benches.
- **Block L.** The access road along the lower (eastern) boundary of this block needs to be specified as insloped or outsloped, and any diverted, concentrated flows accounted for in protected outlets.
- **Block M.** This block needs tractor turnaround benches.
- **General.** Waterbars should be specified, with appropriate details, for all vineyard avenues with slopes greater than 10%.

Please let me know if you have any questions or if I may otherwise be of assistance.



Napa County Resource Conservation District
1303 Jefferson Street, Suite 500B
Napa, CA 94559

Interoffice Memorandum

Date: March 11, 2003
To: Napa County CDPD
From: Dave Steiner, Soil Conservationist
Re: Erosion Control Plan for Terra Springs, new vineyard development, file #02558-ECPA, AP #022-140-033
cc: Terra Springs, LLC
Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering
Scott Butler, RPF

RCD recommends approval of the referenced Plan. Please let me know if you have any questions or if I may otherwise be of assistance.

Note: this recommendation does not constitute Plan approval, authority for which rests with the Napa County Conservation, Development and Planning Department.

5/6/03
Scott Butler
467-9484 fax
1 page

RESTRICTIVE COVENANT LIMITING TIMBER HARVEST

This Restrictive Covenant is made by Terra Springs LLC (herein referred as "Owner").

RECITALS

- A Owner is the sole owner in fee simple of real property ("Real Property"), which is legally described as follows:

76 acres within the York Creek Calwater 2.2 planning watershed, Napa County, Mount Diablo Baseline and Meridian, Township 8 North, Range 6 West, Section 28 Calistoga 7.5' U.S. Geological Survey quadrangle. APN 022-014-33 and 022-014-32

- B The Real Property possesses significant ecological values, including species listed under the Endangered Species Act and their habitats, which are of aesthetic, ecological, historical, recreational, educational and scientific value to the Nation and its people. Owner has proposed a timber harvest on the Real Property. To harvest the timber, it is necessary for Owner to obtain an Incidental Take Permit from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to take listed species. As a condition of obtaining the Incidental Take Permit, the real property is to become subject to a Habitat Conservation Plan ("HCP") that minimizes and mitigates the taking of northern spotted owls while conducting otherwise legal timber harvest on the Real Property. The Terra Springs Low Effect HCP, dated (_____), is on file at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Office, Sacramento, California.

C. The HCP and Incidental Take Permit require that the Owner, after completion of 22 acres of timberland conversion, manage in perpetuity 41 acres of Northern Spotted Owl habitat on the Real Property in conformance with the measures described in the HCP.

Now, therefore, Owner, Terra Springs LLC, in consideration of obtaining Incidental Take Permit No. _____, covenants and agrees as follows:

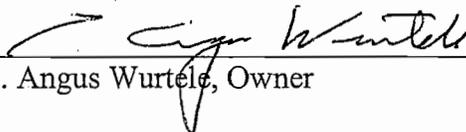
1. The terms of the HCP which are incorporated as terms and conditions of Incidental Take Permit No. _____ are incorporated by this reference into this Restrictive Covenant and shall be binding on all owners of the Real Property, and any portion thereof, and their heirs, successors and assigns. Notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, the incidental take authorized by Incidental Take Permit No. _____ is exclusive to Owner and may not be conducted by any future owner or other third party that to the Owner's interest in the Real Property, or any portion thereof, until and unless Incidental Take Permit No. _____ is transferred to such new Owner or third party in accordance with applicable U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service regulation. This covenant will last in perpetuity or terminate when U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service provides written notice to Owner that the terms of the covenant have been fulfilled.
 2. Except for timber land conversion by Owner in accordance with Incidental Take Permit No. _____, any removal of trees from the areas controlled by section 7 of the HCP, by Owner or by any successor in interest, may not be done without the express written consent of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Office in Sacramento, California.
 3. The above restrictions on land management shall run with the land and shall be binding on the Owner and all future owners of the Real Property, or any portion thereof, their heirs, successors and assigns and Owner shall incorporate this Restrictive Covenant in any deed or other legal instrument by which Owner divests itself of any interest in all or any portion of the Real Property, including, without limitation, a leasehold interest.
 4. In the event the Real Property, or any portion thereof, shall be transferred or conveyed, the transferor, and all future transferors, must give the transferee a minimum of 30 days prior written notice of these restrictions; and further give a minimum of 30 days prior written notice to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Office, Sacramento, California, of the transfer.
-

5. Owner acknowledges that execution of the Restrictive Covenant is a term and condition of Incidental Take Permit No. _____ issued to Owner by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and that therefore the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is an interested third party with a perpetual right of access with reasonable notification to the Real Property and right to enforce the terms and conditions of the Restrictive Covenant.

6. The Restrictive Covenant will not become effective and binding until the approval and commencement of the timber conversion and harvest plan.

DATED this 26 day of June, 2002

Terra Springs LLC

By 
C. Angus Wurtelle, Owner

#2

NARRATIVE

This project comprises the grading and planting of a new vineyard of approximately 10.5 acres within APN 027-004-031. This parcel has approximately 20% total acres and is located at California.

The parcel is owned by H. Brewster Jr. and Martha Atwater of 4900 IDS Towers 80 South Eighth St., Minneapolis, MN. The vineyard shall be planted at a spacing of 6 feet per row, and 3.3 feet per plant within the row.

Soils within the project boundaries (as shown on the on site soil evaluation by Richard Nagoska and Delovalle Laboratory) have been classified as Soil 162, Maymen Los Gatos (50-75% slope) and Soil 164 Millsholm Loam (15-30%).

Temporary erosion control measures for this project comprise the installation of silt fencing, construction of straw bale dikes, and application of a straw mulch cover. The installation of the silt fencing; construction of the straw bale dikes shall be completed in accordance with the appropriate details shown on Sheet 3, and at the locations shown on the Plan Sheet 2 for each item. A straw mulch cover shall be applied over all seeded areas at the rates specified.

Permanent erosion control measures for this project comprise the rock-lined diversion ditches and a permanent no till cover crop. The diversion ditches shall be sloped to drain to drop inlets, which shall be connected by a subsurface drain which shall outlet at the drainage courses shown on the Plan. The outlet of the drain pipe shall terminate in a rock dissipator before runoff returns to any natural drainage course. Drop inlets, subsurface drain pipes, and dissipator shall be installed in accordance with Detail, Sheet 3.

A permanent no till cover crop shall be established within the entire vineyard area. No ripping, disking or other tillage shall take place within these areas after the vineyard is planted. The vine rows may be sprayed to a total band width of 18 inches. Bare areas will be reseeded each fall until a ground cover of 70% or greater will be attained each winter.

PROJECT NOTES

OWNER: H. Brewster Jr. and Martha Atwater
 SITE ADDRESS:
 AP NUMBER: 027-004-031
 IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE: The work for all areas within the limit of work line ds shown on plan shall proceed as follows:

June 13, 1999 (or immediately upon approval):
 commence clearing, grading, soil preparation,
 and erosion control
 measures.

Oct. 15, 1999:
 completion—all erosion control measures

Oct. 15, 1999 through Rainy season 2000-2001:
 maintain temporary erosion control measures.
 irrigation system installed, staking installed

April 1, 2000:
 planting of vineyard

Thereafter:
 maintain permanent erosion control measures.

SEEDING REQUIREMENTS:
 All exposed or disturbed soils, including avenues, shall be seeded.
 Seed and fertilizer shall be applied hydraulically or broadcast by hand
 at the rates specified below:

Material	
Seed "Blondo" brome	40%
Zorro Annual Fescue	8%
Land Vetch	12%
Rose Clover	15%
Crimson Clover	15%
Sub Clover	10%
TOTAL	100%

Fertilizer Ammonium phosphate sulfate (16-20-0)
 Note: an alternate seed mix may be used if approved
 if approved by Napa County RCD

STRAW MULCH:
 shall be spread over all disturbed and seeded areas. The
 mulch shall be spread mechanically or broadcast by hand at the
 rate of 3000 lbs/acre.

SILT FENCE:
 shall be installed at locations shown on the Plan in accordance
 with Detail Sheet 3. Silt fencing shall be maintained through the
 winter after planting, after which it may be removed.

STRAW BALE DIKES:
 shall be installed where shown on the Plan in accordance with
 Detail Sheet 3. Straw bale dikes shall be installed by October 15,
 1998 and shall be maintained and remain in place through two
 winters after planting, after which they may be removed.

ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION (RSP)
 shall be class light as defined in Caltrans Standard
 Specifications, Sec. 72-2.02, and installed at locations for rock lined
 ditches shown on the Plan. A non-woven filter fabric (Mirafi 140N,
 or equal) shall be placed between all RSP and earthen material.

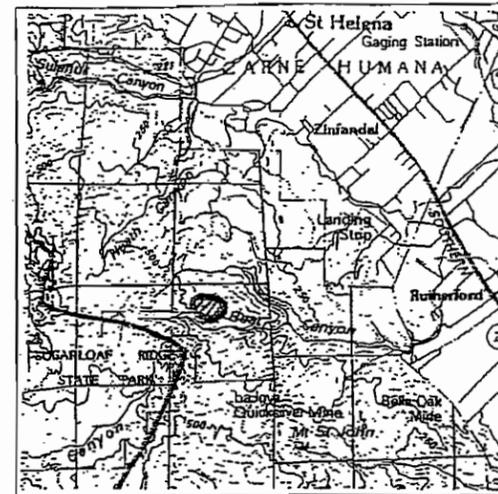
DIVERSION DITCHES:
 shall be constructed in accordance with Detail Sheet 3 at the
 locations shown on the Plan. The ditches shall be sloped to drain
 as indicated toward the drop inlets at 5-8%.

DROP INLETS/SUBSURFACE PIPING:
 shall be installed in accordance with Detail Sheet 3, at the
 locations shown on the Plan.

MAINTENANCE:
 A permanent cover crop shall be seeded prior to October 15,
 1998. This cover crop shall be strip sprayed (a maximum total
 band width of 18") as needed and mowed after the rainy season
 each year. No ripping or other tillage shall take place within these
 areas after the vineyard has been planted. A ground cover of 70%
 or greater shall be attained and maintained by the owner by
 reseeding annually or as necessary and applying of fertilizer after
 the first mowing.

All erosion control measures shall be inspected after each storm
 event, and repairs and sediment cleanout shall be promptly
 performed.

The total cost of all erosion control measures is estimated to be
 \$25,000.00 including materials, labor, engineering and agency fees.



VICINITY MAP

NTS

LEGEND

- LIMIT OF WORK
- VINE ROW ALIGNMENT
- VINEYARD AVENUE
- EXISTING NATURAL DRAINAGE COURSE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PROPOSED CONTOUR
- DIVERSION DITCH:
- ROCK LINED
- SEEDED COVER
- DROP INLET
- SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE PIPE
- CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE
- LENGTH-DIAMETER-MATERIAL OF PIPE
- ENERGY DISSIPATOR
- SILT FENCE
- STRAW BALE DIKE

SHEET INDEX

1. INDEX SHEET
2. PLAN SHEET
3. DETAIL SHEET
4. SLOPE ANALYSIS SHEET

Richard Berridge
 Landscape Architect, Inc.
 Planning Landscape Architecture
 245 Vallejo Street
 San Francisco, CA 94111
 (415) 433-2357

1030 Main Street, Suite 204
 St. Helena, CA 94574
 (707) 983-1100

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM
 ATWATER ESTATE
 Oakville, California

Owner:
 H. E. Jr. & Martha Atwater
 4900 IDS Towers, 80 5.8th St
 Minneapolis, MN 55402

Site Address:

Assessor's Parcel
 # 027-004-031

Source:
 Michael W. Brooks
 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY
 Job No. 98052

STAMP:

Date: 6-11-99

Scale: NTS

Job:

Drawn By:

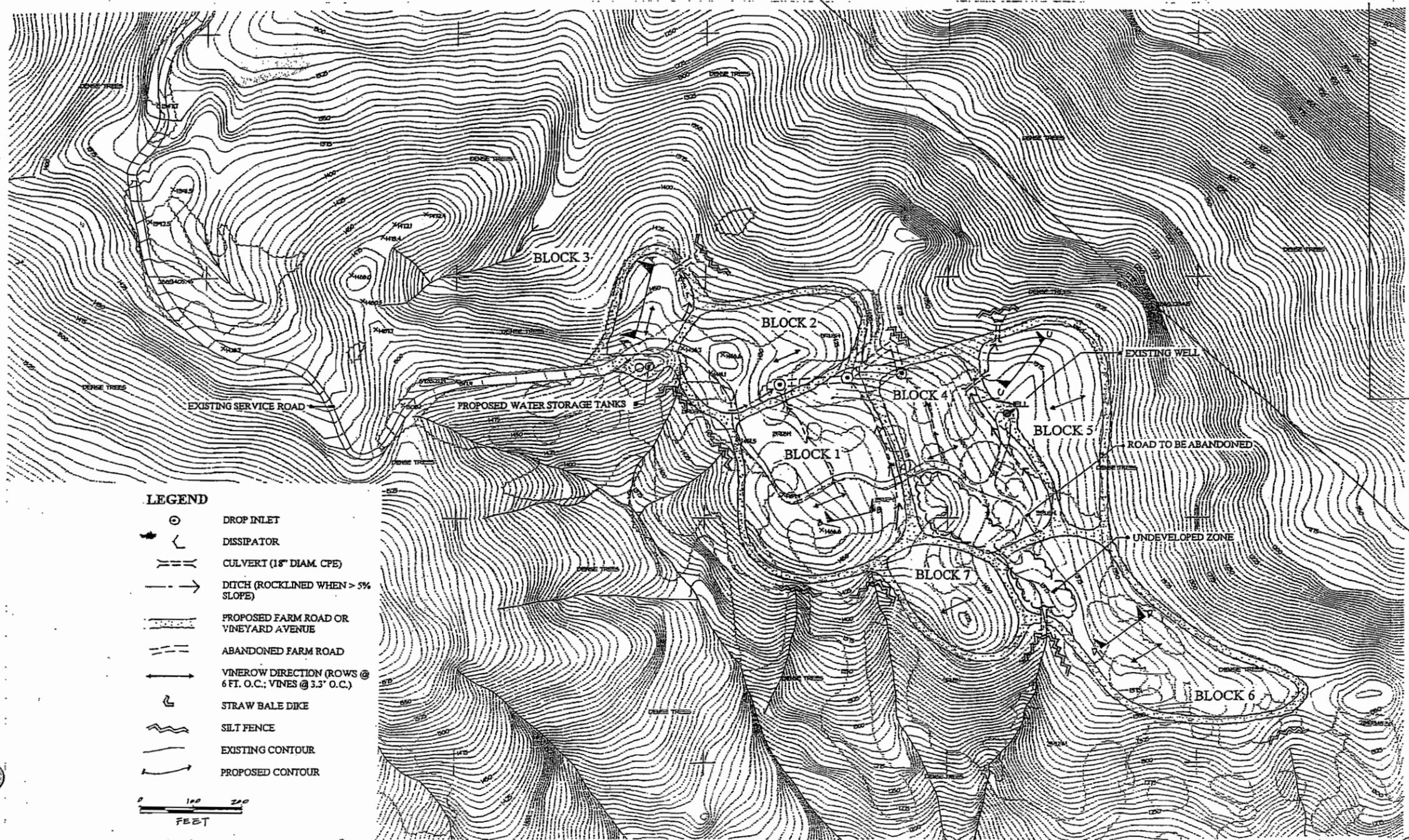
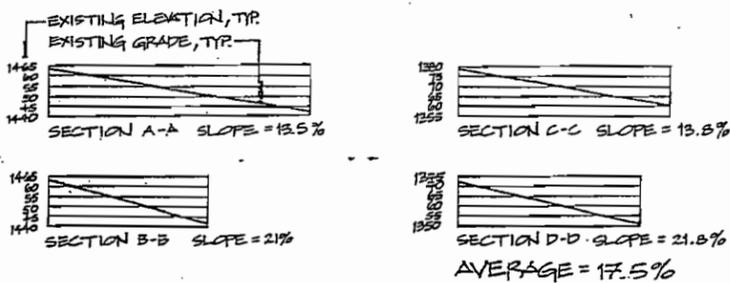
No.	Revision	Date
1	PER RCD	3/4/02

Sheet No.

INDEX SHEET

Sheet One
 of 4 Sheets

SECTIONS - SCALE: 1"=50'



LEGEND

- DROP INLET
- DISSIPATOR
- CULVERT (18" DIAM. CPE)
- DITCH (ROCKLINED WHEN > 5% SLOPE)
- PROPOSED FARM ROAD OR VINEYARD AVENUE
- ABANDONED FARM ROAD
- VINEYARD DIRECTION (ROWS @ 6 FT. O.C.; VINES @ 3.3' O.C.)
- STRAW BALE DIKE
- SILT FENCE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PROPOSED CONTOUR



Richard Berridge
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Planning Landscape Architecture
245 Valley Street
San Francisco, CA 94111
(415) 433-2357
1030 Main Street, Suite 204
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 965-1105

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT PLAN
AT WATER ESTATE

Owner:

Site Address:

Source:

STAMP:

Date: 6-11-99

Scale: 1"=100'

Job:

Drawn By:

No.	Revision	Date
1	PER. RCD	3/4/02

Sheet No.
PLAN SHEET

Sheet Two
of 4 Sheets



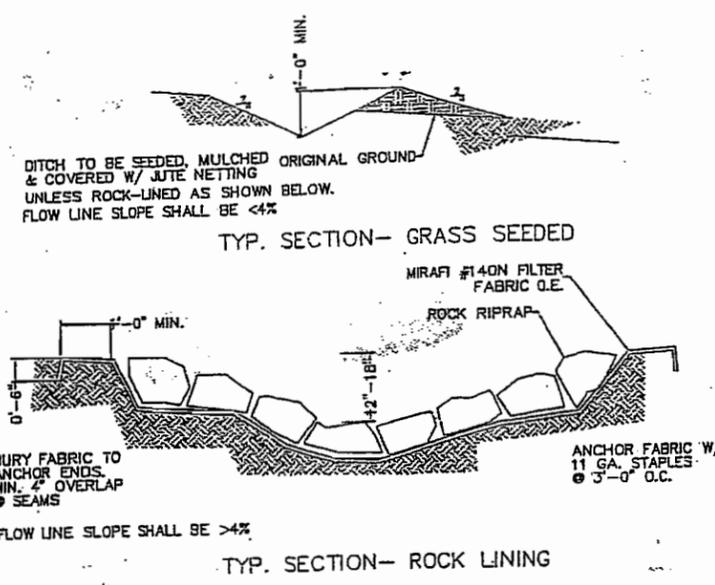
Erosion Control Permit 98-580, Site Plan

Figure 3, Source: Richard Berridge Landscape Architect, 3/4/2002

Richard Berridge
Landscape Architect, Inc.
Planning, Landscape Architecture
245 Vallejo Street
San Francisco, CA 94111
(415) 435-2337
1039 Main Street, Suite 204
St. Helena, CA 94754
(707) 963-1105

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT PLAN
AT WATER ESTATE

Date: 6-4-99	
Scale: VAR	
Drawn By:	
No.	Revision Date
1.	PER RCD 3/4/02
Sheet No. 3 of 4	
DETAIL SHEET	
Sheet Three of 4	



NOTE: FLOWLINE SLOPE SHALL BE 2-8%

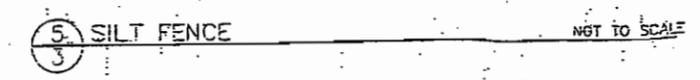
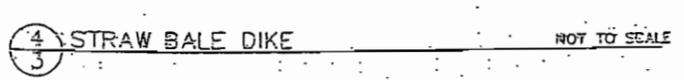
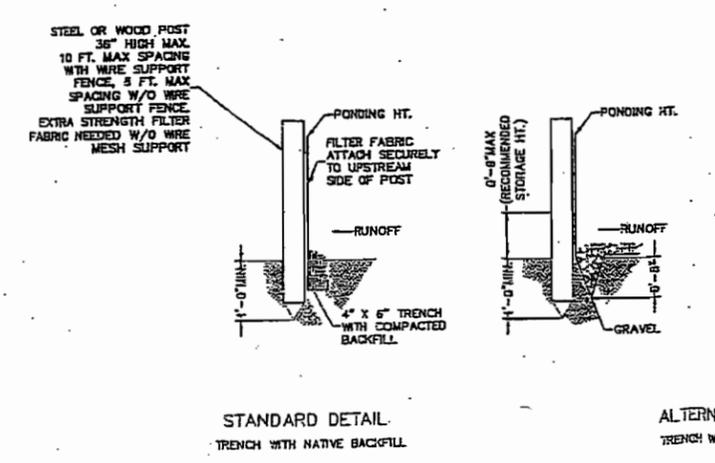
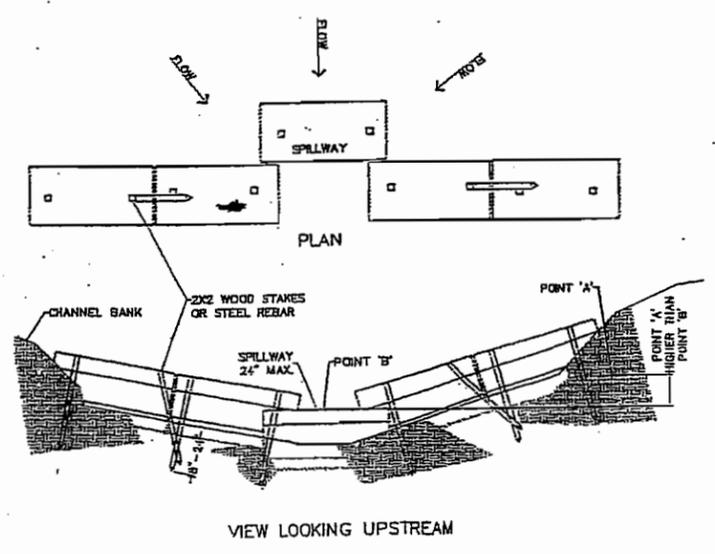
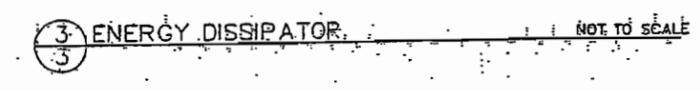
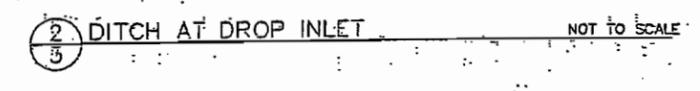
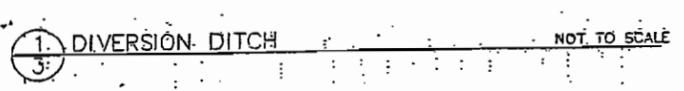
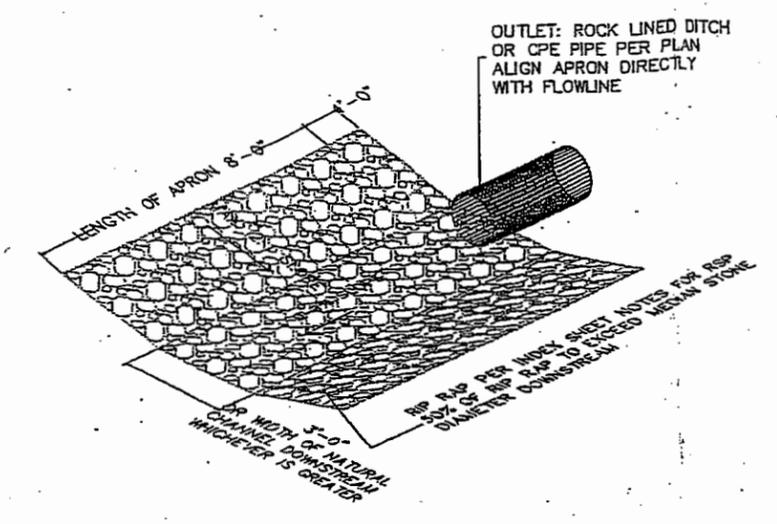
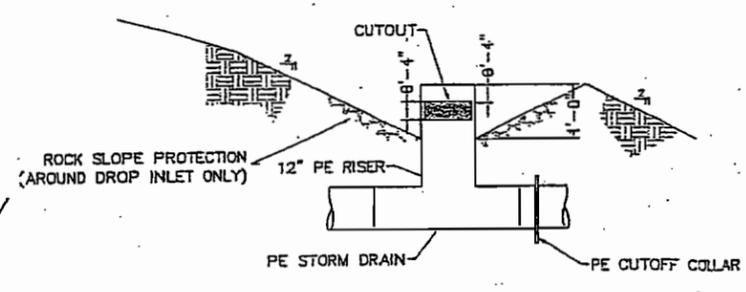


Figure 4, Source: Richard Berridge Landscape Architect 3/4/2002



SLOPE LEGEND

COLOR	BESIN RANGE	END RANGE	COLOR	BESIN RANGE	END RANGE
[Symbol]	00%	15%	[Symbol]	30%	50%
[Symbol]	15%	50%	[Symbol]	ABOVE 50%	



SCALE, 1" = 100'

100 200 300

- LEGEND**
- UTILITY POLE WANCHGE
 - PAVED ROAD
 - UNPAVED ROAD
 - FENCE
 - DRAINAGE
 - TREE DRIFLINE
 - BUILDING
 - CONTOURS
 - X 1045.5 ELEVATION
 - TRAIL
 - CLVERT

NOTE: IN AREAS UNDER TREES WHERE BOUND IS NOT VISIBLE CONTOURS ARE APPROXIMATE AND CONFORM TO NATIONAL MAP STANDARDS, ONE HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE COVER.

**EROSION CONTROL PLAN
VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT PLAN
AT WATER ESTATE**

FILE NO. 98-580-1105
REV. 1 PER PCB 3/4/02

SCALE: 1" = 100'
CONTOUR INTERVAL: 5'
PHOTO DATE: 08-21-00
JOB NO.: 10072

MICHAEL W. BROOKS & ASSOCIATES, INC.
Professional Land Surveyors
Suite 203 Willys 1875 Yucca, San Diego, CA 92108 (619) 444-8743

DELTA GEOMATICS CORPORATION
350 E STREET, SUITE 102
SANTA ANA, CA 92701
DIGITAL MAPPING AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY ORTHOPHOTO
CONTINUOUS DATA SERVICES

Figure 5, Source: Richard Berridge Landscape Architect 3/4/2002

Erosion Control Permit 98-580, Slope Analysis

#3

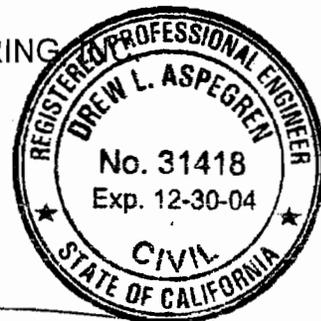
EROSION CONTROL PLAN
CORT/GOLDMAN VINEYARD

CONVERSION FROM NATIVE VEGETATION
TO WINE GRAPE VINEYARD

2435 THIRD AVE
NAPA, CA

JANUARY 4, 2002

NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD ENGINEERING
176 Main St., Suite B
St. Helena, CA 94574



Suspended 7/24/02 

*CDPD
COPY*

Cort/Goldman Vineyard
Narrative

This project consists of the development of approximately 2.2 acres of new vineyard within APN 52-130-52, a parcel of \pm 14 acres located at 2435 Third Avenue in Napa. The parcel consists of one residence, \pm 4.3 acres of existing vineyard, grasses, brush and tree canopy. No future projects are anticipated. There is existing paved access to the project site off of Third Avenue. The existing ground slopes within the project boundary range from 8% to 36% with an average slope of 23%. The area with slopes over 30% is 0.53 acres. Vineyard rows will be planted 7 feet apart and will run generally perpendicular to the contours. A drip irrigation system will be installed throughout the vineyard. Water for irrigation will be from an existing well and annual water use for all purposes will not exceed 0.3 acre feet per acre. It is expected that the developed vineyard (including existing vineyard) will use \pm 3 AFA and residential use is \pm 0.5 AFA.

No Blueline or County definition streams occur within or adjacent to the project boundary. The project area drains toward an unnamed stream tributary to Sarco Creek which is \pm 0.6 miles downstream from the project site. Hydrologic calculations demonstrate that the proposed vineyard with a 70% or greater cover crop does not increase runoff over the existing condition.

According to Napa County Sensitivity Maps, no cultural sites or endangered species occur within the project boundaries.

Vegetation Removal consists of native grasses and plants, and a few scrub oaks. All organic material to be burned shall be stacked at strategic locations within the cleared areas. Burning of the organic material only shall take place after obtaining approval from all the governing agencies.

Soils within the block boundaries have been classified in the USDA Soil Conservation Service's, Napa County Soil Survey, including the hazard of erosion as follows:

SCS#	Soil Type	% Slope	Hazard of Erosion
139	Forward gravelly loam	9 to 30%	slight to moderate
152	Hambright Rock Outcrop	30 to 75%	high
178	Sobrante loam	5 to 30%	slight to moderate

The soils on the project site are stable. County Sensitivity Maps do not show any landslides within 500 feet of the project.

Temporary Erosion Control Measures consist of the installation of silt fencing and the application of straw mulch. The installation of all silt fencing shall be

completed in accordance with the appropriate Detail and at all locations as shown on the Plan Sheet. A straw mulch cover shall be applied over all open and/or disturbed and seeded areas at the rate specified in the seeding requirements. If the brush is not burned and is to be stockpiled for burning the following spring, it shall be windrowed along contours at strategic points in the field to be used as a filter. The locations shall be proposed by the owner, and reviewed and approved by NCRCD.

Permanent Erosion Control Measures consist of the following:

- 1) Construction of rock checks in accordance with Detail 2 at the locations shown on the Plan.
- 2) A grassy drainageway shall be planted and maintained where shown on the Plan in accordance with Detail 3.
- 3) A permanent no-till cover crop shall be planted within the entire vineyard area. The cover crop shall be mowed and may be strip sprayed to a maximum width of 12", centered on the vine row. No discing, ripping or other tillage shall take place within these areas after the vineyard has been planted. Optimally, a ground cover of 70% or greater will be obtained each winter.

Costs: The total cost of all erosion control measures is estimated to be \$10,000 including materials, labor, engineering and agency fees.

The project site has been visited by the plan preparer several times since May 1999 to inspect the property for specific erosion problems, determine mitigation, and to check final design and take photographs.

Cort/Goldman Vineyard
Project Notes

APN: 52-130-52

Owner: David Lee Goldman & Lisa Ann Cort
c/o Michael Wolf Vineyard Services

Contact Person:

Michael Wolf
Michael Wolf Vineyard Services
1083 Galleron Road
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 963-3891

Drew L. Aspegren
Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering
176 Main St., Suite B
St. Helena, CA 9454
(707) 963-4927

Mapping By: Michael Brooks & Associates
Dated: July 1999, Revised June 2001

Implementation Schedule: The work shall be scheduled as follows:

April 1 thru October 15, 2002 Brush and rock removal; burn vegetative materials; ripping and disking; staking; installation of irrigation system; plant vineyard and begin other cultural practices. Installation of permanent and temporary erosion control measures.

Rainy Season 2002 – Forward Maintain all erosion control measures.

Seeding Requirements: All exposed or disturbed soils, including terraces and avenues shall be seeded. Seed and fertilizer shall be applied hydraulically or broadcast at the rates specified below:

Item		Pounds/Acre
Seed	"Blando" brome	15
	Zorro Fescue	6
	Crimson Clover	3
	Rose Clover	6
Fertilizer	Ammonium phosphate sulfate (16-20-0)	200-240

On all vineyard avenues "Fawn" tall fescue shall be added to the seed mix @ 5 lbs/ac.

An alternate seed mix and/or fertilizer may be used after review and approval by Napa County RCD.

Straw Mulch shall be spread over all disturbed and seeded areas. The mulch shall be spread mechanically or by hand at the rate of 2 tons/acre.

Rock Checks shall be constructed of locally gathered fieldstone at the locations shown on the Plan and in accordance with the Details. Rock checks shall remain in place as permanent structures.

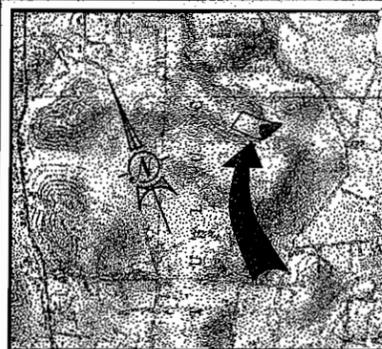
Silt Fence shall be installed along contours at locations shown on the Plan in accordance with the Detail. Silt fencing shall be maintained through the winter after planting, after which it may be removed.

Grassy Drainageway shall be planted and maintained where shown on the plan. The grassy drainageway shall be planted as a non-till cover crop with minimum 80% ground cover.

Maintenance: A permanent cover crop shall be planted prior to October 15, 2002. This cover crop may be mowed each spring after the seed has fully matured (hard dough stage) to ensure annual grass species regeneration for the following year. Minimum mowing height of 4" shall be maintained for establishing annual and perennial grasses. No ripping or other tillage shall take place within these areas after the vineyard is planted. The vineyard may be strip sprayed as described in the Narrative under **Permanent Erosion Control Measures**. Optimally, a ground cover of 70% or greater will be obtained with the owner being responsible for reseeding and maintenance in order to reach the desired degree of cover.

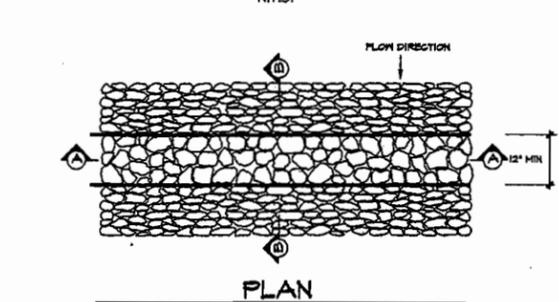
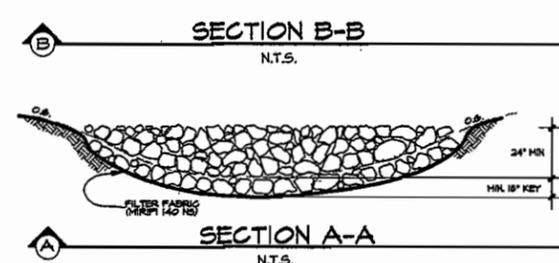
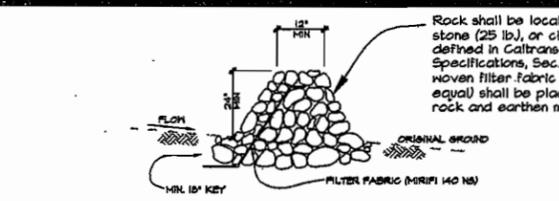
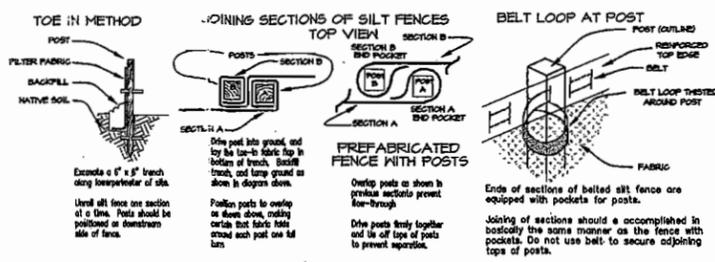
All erosion control measures and facilities shall be inspected after each storm event, and repairs shall be promptly performed.

Construction contractor agrees that in accordance with generally accepted construction practices, construction contractor will be required to assume sole and complete responsibility for job site conditions during the course of construction of the project, including safety of all persons and property; that this requirement shall be made to apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours, and construction contractor further agrees to defend, indemnify and hold design professional harmless from any and all liability, real or alleged, in connection with the performance of work on this project, excepting liability arising from the sole negligence of design professional.



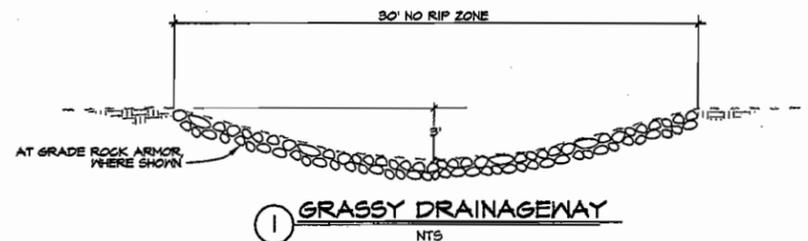
PORTION OF THE MT. GEORGE QUAD
Vicinity Map
Scale: 1"=2000'

APN: 52-180-52
 SITE ADDRESS: 2485 THIRD AVE, NAPA
 OWNER: DAVID LEE & LISA ANN GOLDMAN
 APPLICANT: MICHAEL WOLF VINEYARD SERVICES
 1023 GALLERON RD.
 ST. HELENA, CA. 94574
 CONTACT: MICHAEL WOLF (707) 963-3841
 DREW ASPGREN (707) 963-4427
 MAPPING: MICHAEL BROOKS AND ASSOCIATES
 JULY 1999 REVISED JUNE 2001

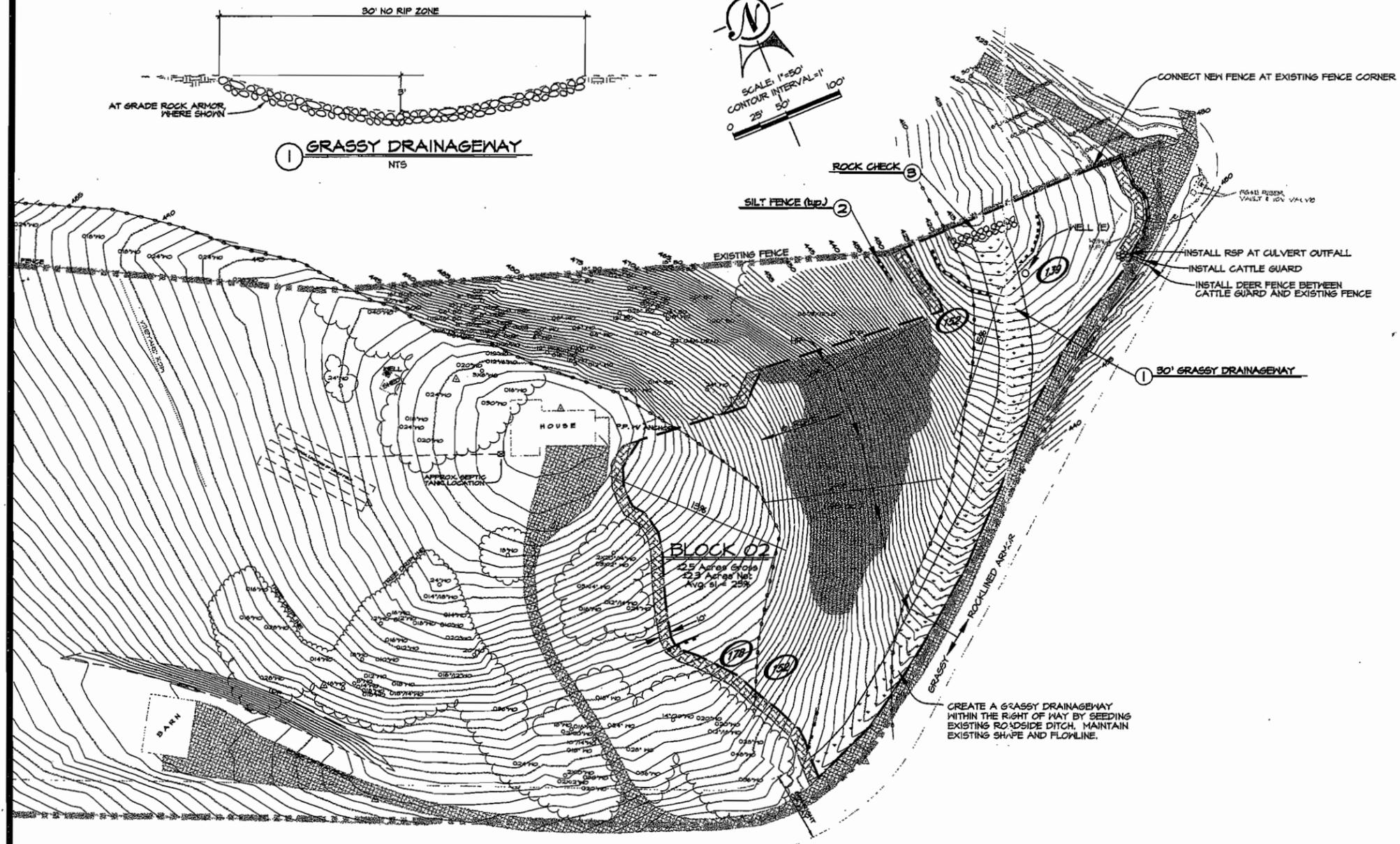


② SILT FENCE
N.T.S.

③ ROCK CHECK
N.T.S.



① GRASSY DRAINAGEWAY
N.T.S.



PLAN

Legend

②	AREA AND ACREAGE OF SLOPES OVER 30%
②	DETAIL 2
(E)	EXISTING
→	FLOWLINE OF DITCHES
→	GRASSY DRAINAGEWAY
HP	HIGH POINT
NTS	NOT TO SCALE
OG	ORIGINAL GROUND
→	PROJECT BOUNDARY
RSP	ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION
→	ROW SPACING AND DIRECTION
139	SCS SOIL MAPPING UNIT
→	SCS SOIL TYPE BOUNDARY
A	SECTION A
→	SILT FENCE
SCS	SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
→	EXISTING PAVED ROAD
→	VINEYARD AVENUE/TURNSPACE
O	TREE
BO	BLUE OAK
LO	LIVE OAK
WO	WHITE OAK

REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE
2	REV. PROJECT BOUNDARY, ADD AVE/TURNSPACE AND DEER FENCING	DLA	7-2-02
1	REV. PER 6-14-02 RCD RECOMMENDATIONS	DLA	6-18-02

This document and the ideas and designs incorporated herein, as an instrument of professional service, are the property of Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc., and are not to be used, in whole or part, for any other project without written authorization from Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.

Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering
 176 Main St., Suite B
 St. Helena, CA 94574
 (707) 963 4927

DATE: Jan. 4, 2002
 SCALE: AS SHOWN
 DRAWN: JLC
 CHECKED: DLW
 DREW L. ASPGREN, PE R.C.E. 5148

PLAN, NOTES, DETAILS

CORT/GOLDMAN VINEYARD
 EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SHEET
1
 OF 1

4

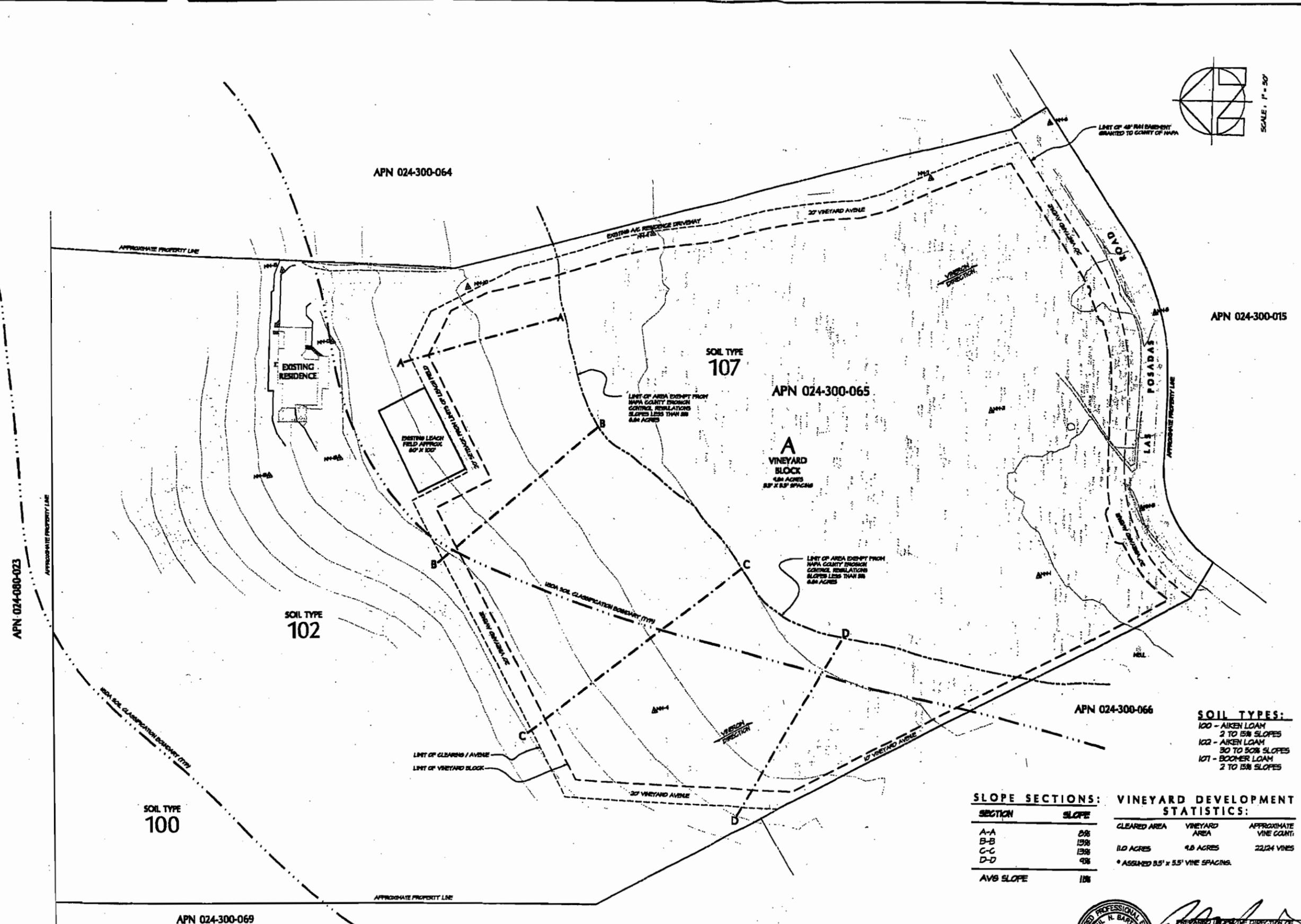


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BARTELT
 CIVIL ENGINEERING
 1339 Pearl Street, Suite 205, Napa, CA 94558
 (707) 258-1301 • fax (707) 258-2976

**ROCKY RIDGE VINEYARDS
 OVERALL SITE PLAN**
 CALIFORNIA
 ANGWIN

DATE: JULY 2003
 FILE NO: 0202P-01
 JOB NO. 2003-01-01
 SHEET NO. **2**
 OF 4



SOIL TYPES:
 100 - AIKEN LOAM
 2 TO 5% SLOPES
 102 - AIKEN LOAM
 30 TO 50% SLOPES
 107 - BOOMER LOAM
 2 TO 5% SLOPES

SLOPE SECTIONS:

SECTION	SLOPE
A-A	2%
B-B	13%
C-C	13%
D-D	4%
AVG SLOPE	11%

VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT STATISTICS:

CLEARED AREA	VINEYARD AREA	APPROXIMATE VINE COUNT
11.0 ACRES	4.8 ACRES	22,124 VINES

* ASSIGNED 5.5' X 5.5' VINE SPACINGS.

OVERALL SITE PLAN
 SCALE: 1" = 50'



PAUL N. BARTELT
 R.G.E. 45102 EXP. 8/30/02

APN 024-080-023

APN 024-300-064

APN 024-300-065

APN 024-300-015

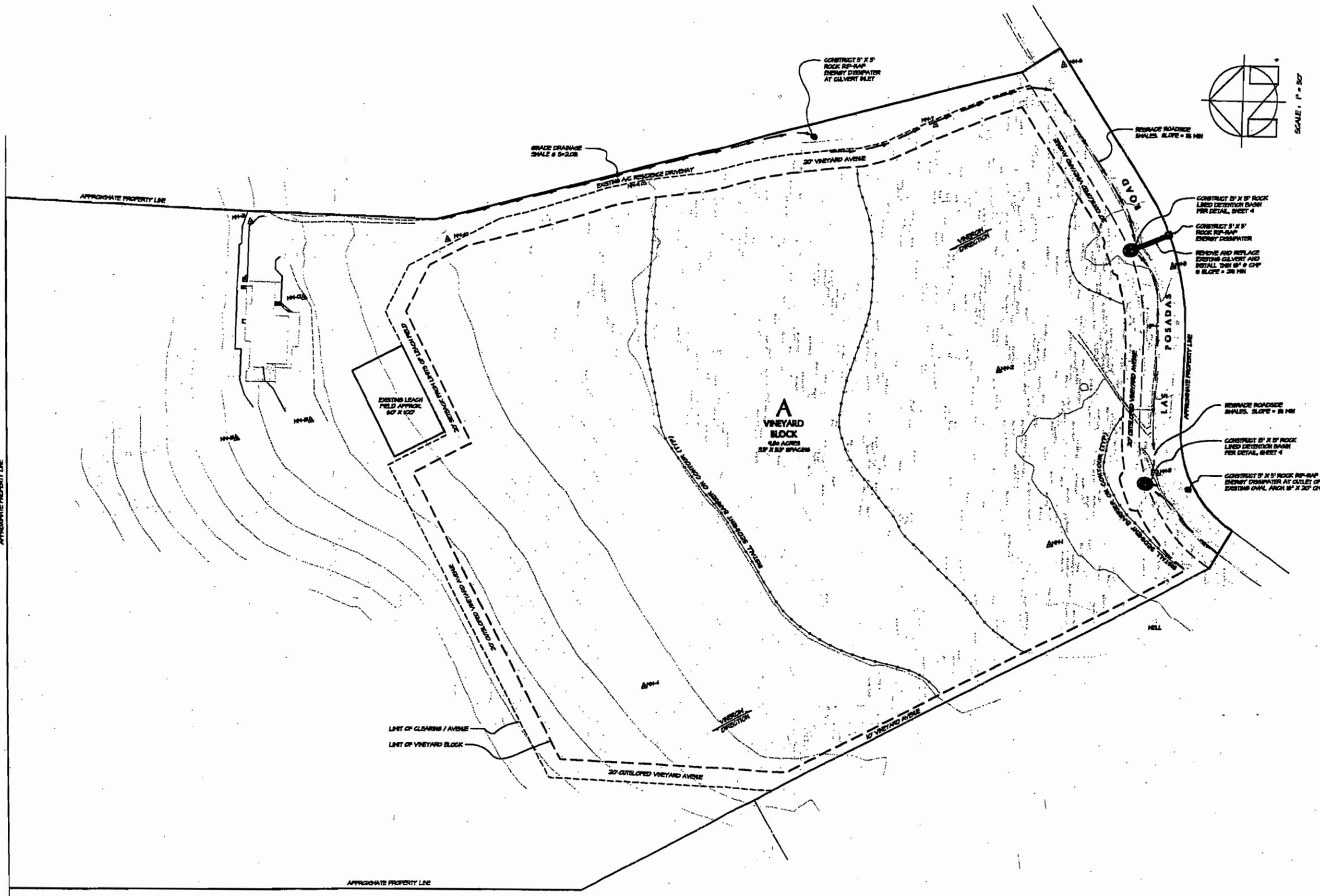
APN 024-300-066

SOIL TYPE 100

SOIL TYPE 102

SOIL TYPE 107

APN 024-300-069



CONTRACT NO. 2001-01-001
 DATE: JULY 2001
 FILE NO. 007822-D1
 JOB NO. 100-01-01
 SHEET NO. 3
 OF 4

BARTELT
 CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 civil engineering, land planning
 1139 pearl street #205, napa, ca 94559
 (707) 258-1301 • fax (707) 258-2326

ROCKY RIDGE VINEYARDS
EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 CALIFORNIA
 ANGWIN

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
Paul N. Bartelt
 PAUL N. BARTELT R.G.E. 45102 EXP. 9/30/02

DATE: JULY 2001
 FILE NO. 007822-D1
 JOB NO. 100-01-01
 SHEET NO. 3
 OF 4

#5

PIÑA VINEYARD MANAGEMENT

LEWIS RANCH

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SPECIFICATIONS

JULY, 2001



PREPARED BY:

**PPI ENGINEERING
860-G NAPA VALLEY CORPORATE WAY
NAPA, CALIFORNIA 94558
(707) 253-1806**

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PIÑA VINEYARD MANAGEMENT
LEWIS RANCH

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
NARRATIVE

1. **The nature and purpose of the land disturbing activity and the amount of grading involved.**
 - a) The Owners plan to develop approximately 3.3 acres (\pm 5.7 gross acres) of vineyard at their property located on Chiles Valley Road. The vineyard to be developed is located on APNs 025-240-021, 025-280-050 and 025-280-051, which consists of 137.25 total acres per the Napa County Assessors Office. Ground slopes within the project boundary range between 12 to 35 percent. There are approximately 0.02 acres within the proposed project area that exceed a 30 percent slope based on the topographic map.
 - b) Activities to be accomplished include removal of existing vegetation, cultivating the soil to prepare for planting, trenching for irrigation pipelines, installation of trellis system, laying out the vine rows and installing erosion control measures.

2. **General description of existing site conditions, including topography, vegetation and soils.**
 - a) The proposed site is located in the Lake Hennessey watershed.
 - b) The vineyard area to be developed lies on moderately sloping ground, ranging from 12 to 35 percent. Elevations range from approximately 980 feet to 1345 feet above mean sea level.
 - c) Existing vegetation consists of annual grasses with mixed trees and shrubs. There are no Biologic concerns present per the Napa County Sensitivity Maps. See Appendix E for Tree Identification. See Appendix F for Vegetation Retention Calculations.
 - d) Soils as described in the USDA - SCS Napa County Soil Survey are listed in Item #5 below.
 - e) A site visit of the property was performed by John Vicencio, Davie Piña, and Gary Yates on Tuesday, November 20, 2000. The purpose of the visit was to evaluate potential vineyard development areas and to determine the scope of the proposed project.

A second site visit was done by John Vicencio and Jim Bushey on Wednesday, February 7, 2001. The purpose of the visit was to verify topographic mapping, perform field review of proposed vineyard areas, and photo document existing site conditions.

A photographic location map with accompanying photographs of existing site conditions is in Appendix A of this report.

- 3. Natural and man-made features onsite including streams, lakes, reservoirs, roads, drainage, and other areas that may be affected by the proposed activity.**
 - a) A portion of the existing driveway will be utilized for vineyard development. A proposed driveway realignment has been designed and will be submitted simultaneously with this erosion control plan. The nearest stream is an unnamed blue lined stream approximately 150 feet southeast of Block 1. No natural or man-made features are expected to be affected by development.

- 4. Location and source of water for irrigation or other uses.**
 - a) There are two existing wells on the property. The approximate locations are shown on the site plan.

- 5. Soil types/soil series identified in the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Napa County Soil Survey.**
 - a) The USDA - SCS Napa County Soil Survey maps the soil within the project boundary as Lodo-Maymen-Felton, 30 to 70 percent slopes; and Sobrante Loam, 30 to 50 percent slopes.

- 6. Critical areas, if any, within the development site that have serious erosion potential or problems.**
 - a) The site has no areas with serious erosion potential or problems. See Geologic Studies in Appendix B.

- 7. Erosion calculations**
 - a) Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) spreadsheets for this project are in Appendix C of this report.

8. **Proposed erosion control methods including:**

3.3 ac
x 4 tons/ac/yr
= 13 tons/ac
~ 13 yrs

a) **All drainage systems and facilities, walls, cribbing or other erosion protection devices to be constructed with, or as a part of the proposed work.**

1. To control surface water runoff in the vineyard blocks, surface drainage pipelines, drop inlets, vineyard diversions, diversion ditches, and rock level spreaders will be installed as shown on the plan map and described in the specifications. Unless otherwise specified, gravity outlets will be installed at the outlet of each pipeline.
2. Waterbars will be installed as shown in the Detail labeled "Waterbars for Vehicular Traffic". They shall be located on roads in the vineyard where necessary to divert concentrated flow off of vineyard avenues into vegetated areas. Waterbars shall be installed each fall by the Owner. Waterbars shall be located 100 feet apart maximum on slopes exceeding 15 percent.
3. Straw bale sediment traps will be installed at the locations shown on the Plan. They shall be constructed as shown on the Detail labeled "Straw Bale Dike Installation" and as described in the specifications.
4. The final pass with tillage equipment shall be performed across slopes to prevent channeling water downhill the first winter after development.
5. Additional temporary erosion control measures shall be installed as needed.

b) **Proposed vegetative erosion control measures including location, type and quantity of seed, mulch, fertilizer and irrigation, timing and methods of planting, mulching and maintenance of plant material and slopes until a specified percentage of plant coverage is uniformly established.**

1. The entire vineyard and any other disturbed areas shall be seeded as described below. Straw mulch shall be applied to all disturbed areas at a rate of 3000 lbs/acre prior to September 1 of the year of construction. Fertilizer shall be applied as necessary by vineyard management personnel.
2. A no-till cover crop strategy will be utilized within the vineyard. The permanent cover crop will be generated by seeding the first year with Dwarf Barley at 50 pounds per acre, Zorro Fescue at 12 pounds per acre, Blando Brome at 8 pounds per acre, and Rose Clover at 6 pounds per acre. The entire vineyard and any other disturbed areas shall be seeded prior to September 1 of the year of construction.
3. The permanent cover crop will be managed each year such that any areas which have less than 70 percent vegetative cover will be reseeded with the Brome, Fescue, Clover mix only and mulched until adequate coverage is achieved.

- 4. Vineyard avenues shall be seeded, mulched and maintained as described in b)#1 above. Avenues having less than 70 percent cover prior to the rainy season shall be straw mulched each year.
 - 5. Any additional disturbed areas will be seeded, mulched, and maintained as described in b)#1 above.
9. **Stormwater stabilization measures, if the development of the site will result in increased peak rates of runoff that may cause flooding or channel degradation downstream.**
- a) Where possible, concentration of stormwater will be avoided. When necessary, the proposed outlets will be installed with energy dissipators and/or level spreaders and will drain to naturally vegetated areas reducing potential impacts to areas downstream. Because of the small areas of proposed vineyard development and their locations relative to each other on the property and within the watershed, no significant impacts are expected as a result of increased rates of runoff from the project site.

10. **An implementation schedule showing the following:**

a) **The proposed clearing, grading, and/or construction schedule.**

DATE	DESCRIPTION
7/20/01	Submit Erosion Control Plan to Napa County.
4/15/02	Receive Approved Erosion Control Plan from Napa County.
5/15/02	Commence clearing and tillage operations.
8/15/02	All sediment retention structures installed.
9/1/02	All structural measures completed, seed and mulch all disturbed areas.

b) **The proposed schedule for winterizing the site (generally by October 15 of each year the permit is in effect.)**

- 1. The complete site shall be winterized and all necessary erosion control measures described in the Erosion Control Plan shall be installed by September 1.

- c) **The proposed schedule of installation of all interim erosion and sediment control measures, including the stage of completion of such devices at the end of the grading season (generally October 15) of each year the permit will be in effect.**

See Item 10a).

- d) **The schedule for installation of permanent erosion and sediment control devices here required.**

See Item 10a).

11. The estimated cost of implementation of the erosion and sediment control measures.

- a) Typical costs for installing erosion control measures as described in this plan range from \$15,000 to \$30,000 per acre.

PIÑA VINEYARD MANAGEMENT

LEWIS RANCH

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

STANDARD PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 - SCOPE OF WORK

These specifications cover the construction of the erosion control system for approximately 3.3 acres of vineyard to be developed by Piña Vineyard Management.

Drawings numbered 10014701E, 10014701D, and these Specifications describe in detail the construction of the complete erosion control system. Requests for further information or clarification of the work to be done can be made to John Vicencio at the Napa office of PPI Engineering, phone (707) 253-1806.

All costs for the complete construction of the erosion control system must be included in the bid items, since no other payment will be made outside of the bid items. This includes all costs for moving onto and off of the job site, all equipment, tools, materials, labor, fuel, taxes, and incidentals for furnishing and installing the drainage system.

Piña Vineyard Management does not guarantee that the project being bid will be awarded, and reserves the right to change the quantities of actual work performed as needed with payment made according to the new quantities at the unit price bid.

SECTION 2 - AUTHORITY OF OWNER AND ENGINEER

The property is owned by Anita L. and James E., Sr. Lewis/Greeg Mountain Ranch, LLC. They shall have the final say in the event of a dispute with the Contractor.

The Owner may appoint PPI Engineering (PPI) as the Engineer to perform periodic review of the work. If so appointed, PPI Engineering shall report any unsatisfactory work to the Owner. The Contractor shall be responsible for any engineering fees or repair costs associated with bringing the unsatisfactory work into compliance with the Plans and Specifications.

SECTION 3 - CHANGES IN WORK

Materials and the manner of performance of the work performed in this contract shall be according to the Plans and Specifications. Modifications to the Plans or Specifications shall be agreed upon in writing by the Contractor, Owner, and Engineer before the work in question is performed. Materials and construction methods shall be as specified on the Plans and Specifications. The burden of proof that a given material or method constitutes an equivalent to the one specified will rest with the Contractor.

SECTION 4 - UTILITIES

At least 2 working days before beginning any excavation on the project, the Contractor shall call the Underground Service Alert at 1-800-642-2444 and request field location of the existing utilities.

SECTION 5 - PROSECUTION OF THE WORK

Unless otherwise provided, the project shall commence upon issuance of a Notice to Proceed. The work shall start within ten days thereafter and be diligently prosecuted to completion within 30 days after the Notice to Proceed. If adverse weather conditions require it, the completion date may be extended by the Owner.

SECTION 6 - RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CONTRACTOR

The Contractor shall be responsible for following all safety laws which may be applicable. Of particular concern are the trench safety regulations issued by CAL-OSHA. The Contractor alone shall be responsible for the safety of his equipment and methods and for any damage or injury which may result from their failure, improper construction, maintenance, or operation.

The Contractor shall also be responsible for ensuring that all permits which are necessary for construction have been obtained and that copies of these permits are maintained onsite at all times.

The Contractor shall keep the work site clean and free of rubbish or debris throughout the project. No rubbish or debris shall be placed in any trench or other excavation. Materials and equipment shall be removed from the site as soon as they are no longer necessary. Upon completion of the work, before final review, the entire work site shall be cleared of equipment, unused materials and rubbish. All costs for cleanup shall be absorbed in the Contractor's Bid.

The Contractor shall, at his own expense, furnish all necessary light, power, pumps, and water necessary for the work.

SECTION 7 - MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Payment shall be made at the unit prices bid according to the actual quantities installed. Measurement of the final quantities shall be the responsibility of the Owner's Engineer.

A final review will be made of the project by the Engineer when it is complete. Any unfinished or unacceptable work noted will be brought to the Contractor's attention verbally and in writing. Final payment will be made upon satisfactory completion of all items noted as needing attention in the final review.

SECTION 8 - GUARANTEE

Suppliers of materials to the job shall provide a guarantee in writing covering those materials for a minimum period of 1 year following their delivery against defects or failure.

Materials delivered to the job site which are deemed unacceptable by the Engineer shall be removed immediately from the job site at no cost to the Owner.

In addition to the guarantees from suppliers, the Contractor shall guarantee the work he performs for a period of two years. Any repairs needed to the system within two years of completion because of faulty workmanship or materials shall be promptly repaired at no expense to the Owner. Any costs incurred by the Owner and/or Engineer within two years of completion because of rubbish or debris placed in a trench or other excavation shall be paid by the Contractor.

Unless otherwise provided in writing, payment by the Owner to the Contractor for installation of this system shall constitute acceptance of all provisions in this document by the Contractor.

PIÑA VINEYARD MANAGEMENT

LEWIS RANCH

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 - SURFACE DRAINAGE PIPELINES

1.1 GENERAL:

Surface drainage pipelines shall be installed to collect surface runoff at low points throughout the project area and transport it to a protected outlet.

1.2 MATERIALS:

Surface drainage pipelines shall be constructed of solid corrugated polyethylene pipe (CPP) as shown on the Plans. Corrugated plastic pipe for use as surface drainage pipelines shall meet the standards of ASTM F667 for nominal sizes of 8 to 24 inches, and SCS 606 Specifications. Bent or damaged pipe shall not be used in the drainage system and shall be removed from the job site.

Pipe connections shall be made with fittings manufactured by the same manufacturer who made the pipe. All connections shall be securely fastened and the resulting connection shall not have gaps greater than 1/8 inch wide.

1.3 INSTALLATION:

The Contractor may use a trencher, or drainage plow with vertical soil displacement or backhoe/excavator for the excavation and placement of the surface drainage pipe as dictated by soil conditions. The operator shall be skillful in laying the tubing. Grade control may be established by visual control with grade stakes set no more than 100 feet apart or by laser control with grade stakes set no more than 200 feet apart.

Construction staking shall be provided by the Owner's Engineer. The slope, alignment, and depth of placement of the tubing shall be as shown on the Plans and as staked in the field. A minimum cover of 4.0 feet must be provided, unless otherwise staked in the field by Engineer.

A gradual variation of no more than 0.1 foot from grade will be allowed where slopes are 2% or less. Where slopes are greater than 2%, a gradual variation of no more than 0.2 foot from grade will be allowed.

No reverse grade will be allowed. A gradual variation of no more than 1 foot from design alignment is allowed.

Stretching of the tubing should be avoided during installation. No more than 10% stretch will be allowed.

1.4 BEDDING AND BACKFILL:

Surface drainage piping may be backfilled with select native material. Pipelines shall be hand shaded. Backfill material within 6 inches of the pipeline shall be free of rocks and dirt clods larger than 2 inches in size and shall be hand-tamped as necessary to ensure no voids are present. The trench bottom shall be continuous, firm, relatively smooth, and free of rocks or other objects larger than 1 inch.

Rocks or clods shall not be allowed to fall upon or otherwise strike the pipe during any phase of construction.

Cobbles and rocks may be present on the project site. The Contractor shall take necessary actions to work around the cobbles and rocks at his own expense.

Final backfill shall be placed and spread in approximately uniform layers to fill the trench completely. Rolling equipment or heavy tampers shall not be used to consolidate backfill.

Where pipe is installed under all-weather roads, backfill shall be Class II Aggregate Base compacted to 90% per ASTM D-1557. Road surface shall be regraded as necessary to match original conditions.

SECTION 2 - STANDARD DROP INLETS

2.1 GENERAL:

Drop inlets shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor in the locations shown on the plans and as staked in the field by the Engineer, according to the drop inlet detail. The dimensions of the riser and connector pipeline shall be as shown on Detail 1, Sheet 2. A grate shall be installed over the top of each drop inlet.

2.2 MATERIALS:

Drop inlet risers shall be galvanized, 14 gauge corrugated metal pipe (CMP) of the diameter shown on the Plans and/or Details.

Grates shall be fabricated of welded 1/2" diameter steel rebar 4" on center both ways.

Concrete for the bottom of the inlet shall be Portland Cement concrete, 2000 psi minimum compressive strength.

2.3 INSTALLATION:

Standard Drop inlets shall be constructed as shown on the detail sheet and as staked in the field by the Engineer. Connector pipes shall be mortared in place to form a watertight seal. Grates shall be bolted or locked to drop inlet riser. Backfill around the inlet shall be compacted sufficiently by hand or water-jetted such that excessive settlement does not occur. The area surrounding and downhill from the inlet shall be graded such that water is directed to the inlet.

SECTION 3 – CUTOFF COLLARS

3.1 GENERAL:

Cutoff collars shall be installed on all solid pipelines with slopes greater than 5%. Spacing between collars shall be as specified in the table below or as staked in the field by the Engineer.

Ground Slope (%)	Spacing (Feet)
0-5	None Required
6-15	200
16 and greater	100

3.2 MATERIALS:

Cutoff collars shall be constructed of Portland Cement Concrete, 2000-psi minimum compressive strength, in the configuration shown in Detail 5, Sheet 2. A watertight seal shall be formed between the cutoff wall and the pipeline.

Gravel envelope material may be volcanic rock. It shall be free of organic matter, clay, or other material that could decrease its hydraulic conductivity with time. One hundred percent of the material must pass the 1-1/2" clear square openings. Ninety to one hundred percent must pass through the 3/4" clear square openings. At least 50% must pass through the 3/8" clear square openings. No more than 15% may pass the #20 U.S. Standard Sieve. At least 8% must pass the #60 U.S. Standard Sieve. No more than 3% may pass the #200 U.S. Standard Sieve.

Gravel envelope material may also be a blend of clean hard sand and gravel. It shall be free of organic matter, clay, or other material that would decrease its hydraulic conductivity with time. The material shall be well graded. The coefficient of uniformity (D_{60}/D_{10}) must be greater than 4, and the coefficient of curvature ($(D_{30}^2)/(D_{10} \times D_{60})$) must be between 1 and 3. One hundred percent must pass the 1/2" clear square openings. No more than 5% may pass the #100 U.S. Standard Sieve. An example of this material would be 80% 3/8 crushed rock and 20% washed concrete sand.

3.3 INSTALLATION:

Cutoff collars shall extend a minimum of 1.0 foot into native, undisturbed material on the sides and bottom of the trench and extend 1.5 feet above the top of the pipe. Cutoff collars shall be a minimum of 8 inches thick. The wall of the collar shall be poured against undisturbed soil. Backfill shall be placed around wall and hand compacted to ensure no voids are present.

The Contractor shall perforate the pipe with 1/8-inch diameter holes a minimum of 3 feet upstream of the cutoff collar to allow water to infiltrate back into the drainline. This perforated section shall be backfilled with approved envelope material as specified in Section 3.2 above. Gravel envelope shall be a minimum of 3 inches thick on all sides of the pipe.

Contractor shall take precautions to ensure that concrete does not flow through perforations in amounts that would cause any reduction in flow capacity of pipe.

SECTION 4 – VINEYARD DIVERSIONS

4.1 GENERAL:

Vineyard diversions shall be constructed at the locations shown on the Plans and as staked in the field by the Engineer. Vineyard diversions shall be constructed within the vineyard area to minimize erosion by collecting and diverting surface runoff to a protected outlet. Vineyard diversions shall be constructed as permanent structures and shall be maintained to last the lifetime of the vineyard.

4.2 CONSTRUCTION:

Vineyard diversions shall be constructed as shown in Detail 8, Sheet 2. Flowline slope of vineyard diversions shall be between 3% and 5% wherever possible. Vinerow direction shall be selected to maximize the number of diversions within this range. Where slopes exceed 5%, flowline shall be protected with rock, turf reinforcement, or other suitable method by the Vineyard Manager.

Vineyard diversions shall be cut into native soil. Fill placed on downstream side of ditch to form section shall be moisture conditioned and compacted in order to achieve 90% relative compaction per ASTM D1557.

SECTION 5 – ROCK LEVEL SPREADERS

5.1 GENERAL:

Rock level spreaders shall be installed at the locations shown on the Plans as staked in the Field by the Engineer. Rock level spreaders shall be constructed to uniformly spread water onto the ground surface.

5.2 MATERIALS:

Rock used in the construction of rock level spreaders shall be Cal Trans Class "Facing" as per Cal Trans Standard Specifications Section 72-2. Field Rock generated onsite may be used if it substantially conforms to this specification.

5.3 INSTALLATION:

Rock level spreaders shall be constructed as shown on Detail 4, Sheet 2 of the Plans. The rock shall be placed on undisturbed natural sod. The centerline of the rock level spreader shall be perpendicular to the contour. The downstream edge of the Rock level spreader shall be constructed on contour to ensure the water is evenly distributed.

SECTION 6 - GRAVITY OUTLETS

6.1 GENERAL:

Gravity outlets will be required on pipelines that discharge into excavated channels, swales, or other naturally occurring channels. Gravity outlets shall be furnished according to the sizes indicated on the plan map and as staked in the field by the Engineer.

6.2 MATERIALS:

Gravity outlets shall be constructed of Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe as described in these specifications. The outlet shall be of the same diameter as the pipeline. Rip rap shall conform to Cal Trans Standard Specification 72-5.02, Class Cobble. Rodent guards shall be manufactured by Agri Drain Corporation of Adair, Iowa or approved alternate.

6.3 INSTALLATION:

Installation of gravity outlets shall be performed such that disturbance to the channel is minimized. Rip rap shall be placed around the outlet and downslope sufficient to prevent concentrated water from eroding the natural grade. Rip rap shall be placed such that it does not encroach into the natural channel cross section. Extent of rip rap shall be the minimum necessary to protect natural conditions.

Disturbed areas surrounding the gravity outlet shall be seeded with approved seed mix, straw mulched, and irrigated as needed to establish vegetation.

The Contractor shall ensure that copies of all permits issued by regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over the project are onsite at all times. The Contractor shall comply with all provisions of such permits.

SECTION 7 - DIVERSION DITCHES

7.1 GENERAL:

Grading shall be performed above the vineyard areas at the locations shown on the Plan to form diversion ditches as shown on the Plans and Detail 9, Sheet 2 to direct water into a drop inlet.

7.2 MATERIALS & INSTALLATION:

Diversion ditches shall be cut into native material to the extent possible. Fill material shall be moisture conditioned and compacted to 90% relative compaction per ASTM D1557. Side slopes of the ditches shall be 2:1 (Horizontal:Vertical) as shown on Detail 9, Sheet 2. The ditches shall be 24 inches deep, minimum. Flowline slopes shall be between 3 and 5% and grass lined. Ditches shall be seeded and irrigated prior to September 1st of the year of construction. Irrigation will continue as necessary to establish and maintain adequate vegetative cover. Where flowline slopes exceed 5%, the ditch shall be lined with 6 to 8 inch diameter angular rock. A non-woven filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or equal) shall be placed between the ground surface and the rock. The rock shall be keyed into the sides of the ditch such that they do not obstruct or reduce the cross section of the channel.

SECTION 8 - WATERBARS

8.1 GENERAL:

Waterbars as shown in Detail 2, Sheet 2 shall be installed each fall by the Owner. Waterbars shall be constructed such that water is directed off of vineyard avenues into drop inlets or vegetated vineyard areas. Waterbars shall be installed annually as shown on the site plan and 100 feet apart maximum on slopes exceeding 15%.

SECTION 9 - TEMPORARY MEASURES

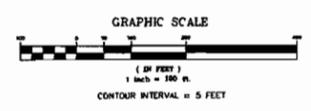
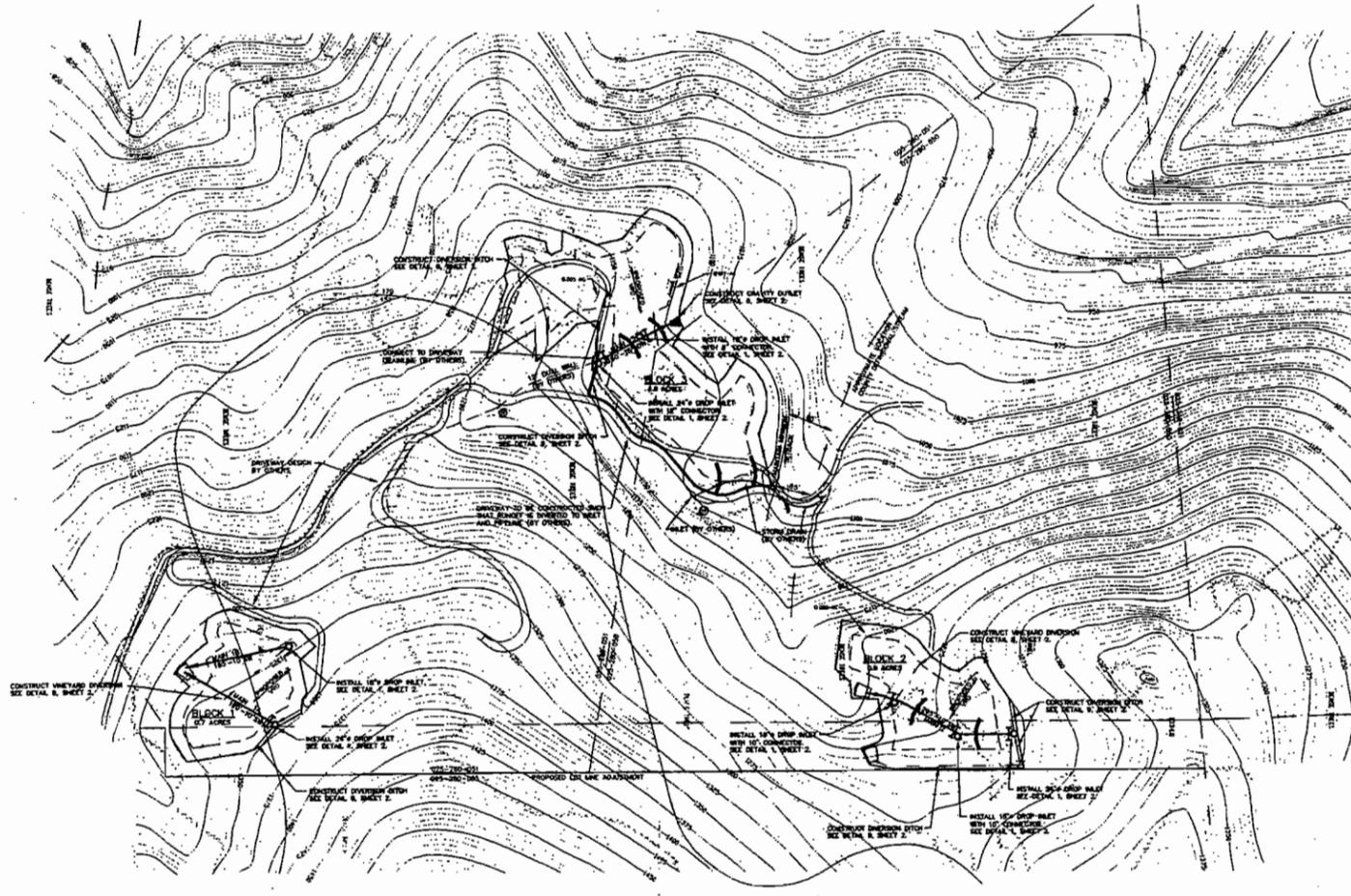
9.1 GENERAL:

Temporary erosion control measures shall be constructed by the Owner. These measures can include water bars, straw bale dikes, and other practices as needed. The measures shall be constructed in conformance with the detail drawings and maintained in a functional condition throughout the rainy season.

SECTION 10 - MAINTENANCE

10.1 GENERAL:

The erosion control measures described in these specification and shown on the plans and details require regular maintenance in order to function as intended. Vineyard management personnel



VICINITY MAP
USGS CHILES VALLEY QUADRANGLE
TOWNSHIP 8 N. RANGE 4 W.
SCALE: 1" = 5200'

- NOTES:**
- OWNERS: AREA L. AND JAMES E. LEWIS, SR.
813 BONDWELL CIRCLE
31 REDLAND, CA 92374
OREGON MOUNTAIN RANCH, LLC
 - SITE ADDRESS: NO. 2155
APRIL
023-280-000
023-280-001
 - REQUESTS FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CLARIFICATION OF NOTES TO BE DONE, OR INSPECTION INFORMATION CAN BE MADE TO DAVID PUGH AT PUGA VEGETATION MANAGEMENT, PHONE (707) 844-2222.
 - ACCESS TO PROJECT IS FROM CHILES VALLEY ROAD. THE DRIVEWAY IS GATED AND LOCKED. ADMITTANCE IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.
 - THE UNLIMITED BLUE LINE STREAM NEAR THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF THE PROJECT FLUES SOUTHWARD TO CHILES CREEK.
 - SEE APPENDIX A FOR PHOTO DOCUMENTATION OF PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS.
 - THE SITE HAS NO AREAS WITH SERIOUS EROSION POTENTIAL OR PROBLEMS. SEE APPENDIX B FOR GEOLOGIC STUDIES.
 - MAPA COUNTY SOIL MAP, SHEET 1001, MARKS THE PROJECT AREA AS SOBRANTE LOAM, 30-70% SLOPES ASSOCIATION.
 - THE VINEYARD AREA TO BE DEVELOPED LIES ON MODERATELY SLOPING GROUND RANGING FROM 17 TO 30 PERCENT. THE AVERAGE SLOPE IS 18. SEE APPENDIX B FOR AVERAGE SLOPE CALCULATIONS AND CROSS SECTIONS.
 - EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF ANNUAL GRASSES WITH MIXED TREES AND SHRUBS. SEE APPENDICES E & F FOR THE IDENTIFICATION AND VEGETATION RETENTION CALCULATION, RESPECTIVELY.
 - VINEYARD SPACING AND IRRIGATION METHODS ARE UNKNOWN AT THIS TIME.
 - PERMANENT COVER CROP (LSD-301)
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND ALL AVENUES SHALL BE SEEDED WITH A PERMANENT, 100-300 LB/A COVER CROP PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 1 OF THE YEAR OF CONSTRUCTION. THIS COVER CROP WILL BE SEEDING BY SEEDING WITH DENSE BURETT AT RATE OF 50 LB/A/ACRE AND THE FOLLOWING MIX:
- | VARIETY | LB/A/ACRE |
|------------|-----------|
| BURRHEAD | 12 |
| SONO TESC | 12 |
| ROSE GRASS | 12 |
- THE PERMANENT COVER CROP WILL BE MANAGED EACH YEAR SUCH THAT ANY AREAS WHICH HAVE LESS THAN 70% VEGETATION COVER WILL BE RESEEDED WITH THE ABOVE MIX AND MIXED LIMITS. ADEQUATE COVERAGE IS ACHIEVED. THE PERMANENT COVER CROP SHALL BE MOWED ONLY AND SHALL NOT BE DISCED.
- STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL DISTURBED AREAS. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 3000 LB/A/ACRE BY SEPTEMBER 1 OF THE YEAR OF CONSTRUCTION.
 - UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL AVENUES SHALL CONFORM TO THE NATIONAL SPECIFICATION AND SHALL BE STRAW MULCHED EACH YEAR PRIOR TO THE EARLY SEASON.
 - AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL UNDERGROUND SERVICES ALERT (U.S.A.) AT 1-800-487-2344 IN ORDER TO LOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES.
 - PROPERTY LINES AS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE. OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SURVEYING PROPERTY LINES AS NECESSARY PRIOR TO ANY SITE DISTURBANCE.
 - THE OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL NECESSARY PERMITS. IT IS THE OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO INSTALL ALL STRUCTURAL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THE SITE MAP AND TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY PERMITS. ANY DEVIATION FROM THESE PLANS MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY MAPA COUNTY CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT. IT IS THE OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO INITIATE THE ADOPTION PROCESS.

LEGEND

---	APPROXIMATE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
---	PROPOSED VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT AREA
---	PROPOSED BLOCK BOUNDARY AREA
---	U.S.G.S. BLUE LINE STREAM
---	PROPOSED SURFACE DRAINAGE LINE
---	PROPOSED CUTTY COLLAR (SEE DETAIL 5, SHEET 2)
---	PROPOSED STRAW BALE DIKE (SEE DETAIL 3, SHEET 2)
---	PROPOSED ROCK LEVEL SPREADER (SEE DETAIL 4, SHEET 2)
---	AREA WHERE GROUND SLOPE IS 30 PERCENT OR GREATER
---	EXISTING WELL (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)
---	DUAL WALL CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE
---	SINGLE WALL CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE
---	PROPOSED VINEYARD DIRECTION
---	EXISTING ROAD
---	SOIL TYPE BOUNDARY

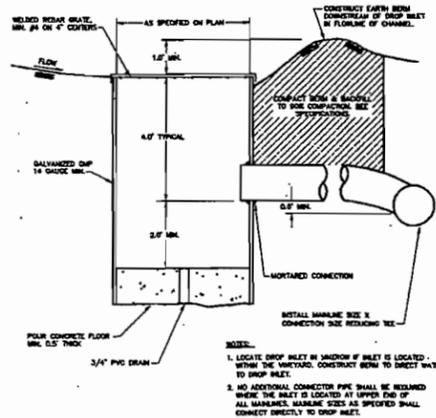
USDA SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS

157	LSDO-MAYWEN-FELTON ASSOCIATION, 30-70% SLOPES
159	SOBRANTE LOAM, 30-50% SLOPES



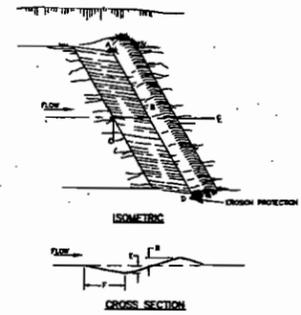
PIÑA VINEYARD MANAGEMENT LEWIS RANCH	
EROSION CONTROL PLAN SITE MAP	
DESIGN ENGINEER:	J. BUSHY, J. VICENCIO
SCALE:	AS SHOWN
DATE:	7-18-01
SHEET:	2

PPI
PROFESSIONAL PHOTOGRAPHY
1001 1/2 ST. 100
SANTA ANA, CA 92701
TEL: 714-941-1001
FAX: 714-941-1002



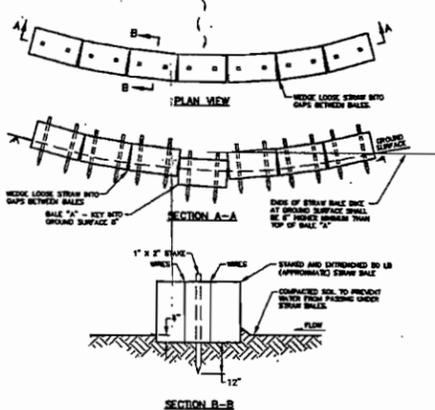
1 STANDARD DROP INLET
N.T.S.

NOTES:
1. LOCATE DROP INLET IN VADION IF INLET IS LOCATED WITHIN THE VADION. CONSTRUCT BERM TO DIRECT WATER TO DROP INLET.
2. NO ADDITIONAL CONNECTOR PIPE SHALL BE REQUIRED WHERE THE INLET IS LOCATED AT UPPER END OF ALL VADIONS. MANHOLE SIZES AS SPECIFIED SHALL CONNECT DIRECTLY TO DROP INLET.

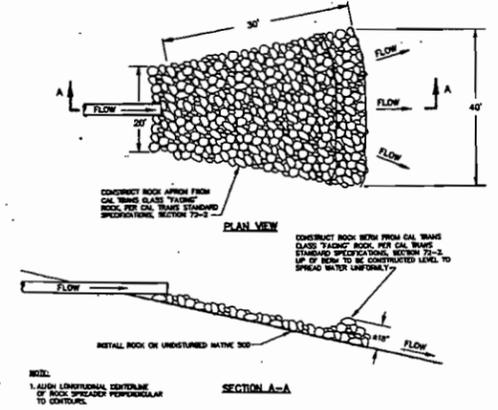


2 WATERBAR FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC
N.T.S.

NOTES:
1. WATERBAR CONSTRUCTION FOR UTILITY OR NO TRAFFIC SPECIFICATIONS ARE AVERAGE AND MAY BE ADJUSTED TO CONDITIONS.
2. A. TIE-IN TO BANK.
3. B. CROSS DRAIN BERM HEIGHT 4 TO 6 INCHES ABOVE THE ROAD.
4. C. ANGLE DRAIN 30 TO 45 DEGREES DOWNWARD WITH ROAD CENTERLINE.
5. D. DRAIN OUTLET CUT 8 TO 18 INCHES INTO ROADBED.
6. E. DEPTH 4 TO 6 INCHES.
7. F. 3 TO 4 FEET.

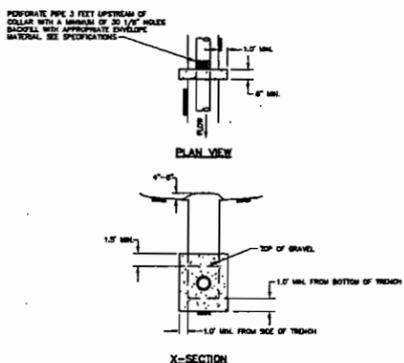


3 STRAW BALE DIKE INSTALLATION
N.T.S.

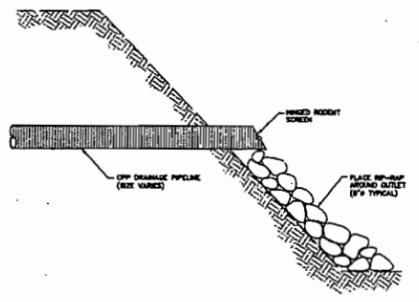


4 ROCK LEVEL SPREADER
N.T.S.

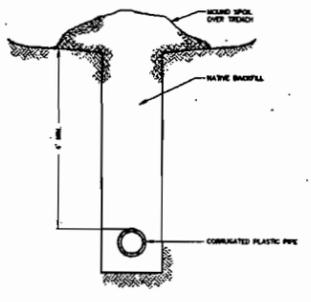
NOTES:
1. ALLOW LONGITUDINAL SLOPE OF ROCK SPREADER PERPENDICULAR TO CENTERLINE.



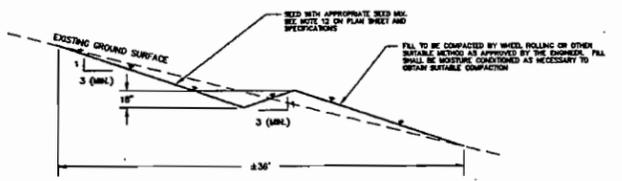
5 CUTOFF COLLAR
N.T.S.



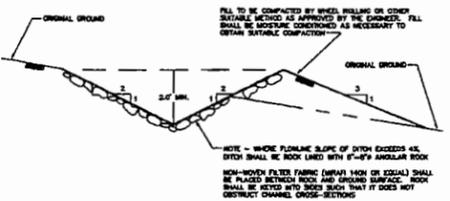
6 GRAVITY OUTLET
N.T.S.



7 SURFACE DRAINAGE PIPELINE
N.T.S.



8 VINEYARD DIVERSION TYPICAL X-SECTION
N.T.S.



9 DIVERSION DITCH TYPICAL X-SECTION
N.T.S.

FILL TO BE COMPACTED BY WHEEL ROLLING OR OTHER SUITABLE METHOD AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. FILL SHALL BE MOISTURE CONDITIONED AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN SATURABLE COMPACTION.
NOTE - WHERE FILLING SLOPE OF DITCH EXCEEDS 4:1, DITCH SHALL BE ROCK LINED WITH 6\"/>



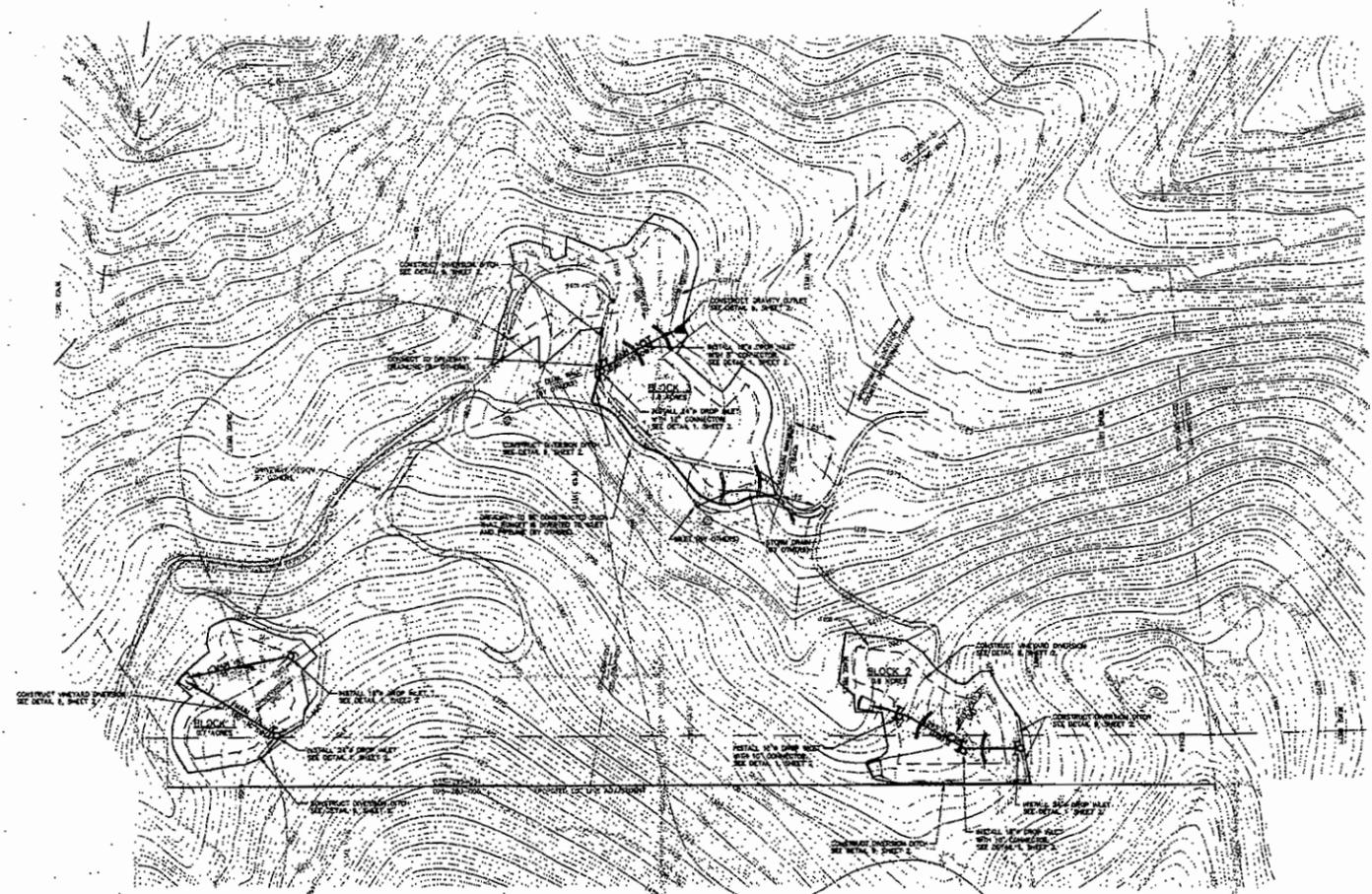
DETAILS
STANDARD DROP INLET
WATERBAR FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC
STRAW BALE DIKE INSTALLATION
ROCK LEVEL SPREADER
CUTOFF COLLAR
GRAVITY OUTLET
SURFACE DRAINAGE PIPELINE
VINEYARD DIVERSION TYPICAL X-SECTION
DIVERSION DITCH TYPICAL X-SECTION

PIÑA VINEYARD MANAGEMENT
LEWIS RANCH
EROSION CONTROL PLAN
DETAILS

DESIGN ENGINEER:
J. BUSHEY & J. MOENCIO

SCALE: AS SHOWN
DATE: 7/18/01
SHEET: 2 OF 2

PPI
PROFESSIONAL PROJECT INCORPORATED
10014701
10014701D



VICINITY MAP
 VINOZ CHILES VALLEY CDP/STAGE
 TOWNSHIP 6 N, RANGE 4 W
 SCALE: 1" = 2000'

- NOTES:**
- OWNER: MRS. L. AND JAMES E. LEWIS, SR.
 833 SOUTHWEST CORNER
 OF PINEAUX RD. SHEET
 OREGON MOUNTAIN RANCH, L.C.
 - DATE ACQUIRED: NO. 5/10/00
 100-180-000
 000-180-000
 000-180-000
 - REQUESTS FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CLARIFICATION OF WORK TO BE DONE, OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CAN BE MADE TO GIVE RISE AT PEA UNIVERSITY MANAGEMENT, PHONE (503) 744-1222.
 - ACCESS TO PROJECT IS FROM CUMBER/POPE VALLEY ROAD. THE DRIVEWAY IS DIRTED AND LOCKED. ADAPTANCE IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.
 - THE UNPAVED BLUE LINE STREAM NEAR THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF THE PROJECT FLOWS SOUTHWEST TO STILES CREEK.
 - SEE APPENDIX A FOR PHOTO DOCUMENTATION OF PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS.
 - THE SITE HAS NO AREAS WITH REMOTE TROPHIC POTENTIAL OR PROBLEMS SEE APPENDIX B FOR GEOLGIC STUDIES.
 - LANDS COVERED BY SOIL SURVEY WITHIN THE PROJECT AREA ARE LEOO-HAYDEN-FELTON ASSOCIATION, 30-70% SLOPES; SERRANTE LOAM, 30-50% SLOPES.
 - THE PROJECT AREA TO BE DEVELOPED LIES ON ADDITIONALLY SLOPING GROUND RANGING FROM 1% TO 20% SLOPE. THE AVERAGE SLOPE IS 10%. SEE APPENDIX D FOR AVERAGE SLOPE CALCULATIONS AND CROSS SECTIONS.
 - EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF ANNUAL GRASSES WITH MATED TREES AND SHRUBS. SEE APPENDICES E AND F FOR TREE IDENTIFICATION AND VEGETATION RETENTION CALCULATIONS, RESPECTIVELY.
 - WINDROW SPACING AND FREQUENT METHODS ARE UNKNOWN AT THIS TIME.
 - PERMANENT COVER CROP (SOD-BILLS)
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND ALL ACTIVITIES SHALL BE RESTORED WITHIN 180 DAYS OF COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT. PERMANENT, NON-TILL COVER CROPS SHALL BE ESTABLISHED WITHIN 180 DAYS OF COMPLETION. THIS COVER CROP WILL BE GENERATED BY SEEDING WITH SEEDS SUITABLE TO SOIL TYPE AND THE FOLLOWING WILL BE USED:
- | SEEDS | RATE (LBS/ACRE) |
|--------------|-----------------|
| BLAZED BROOD | 1 |
| ZOOBY PEEGEE | 1 |
| ROSE OLIVE | 1 |
- THE PERMANENT COVER CROP SHALL BE MANAGED EACH YEAR SUCH THAT ANY AREAS WHICH HAVE LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT COVER WILL BE RESEEDED WITH THE ABOVE USE AND MAINTAINED UNTIL ADEQUATE COVERAGE IS ACHIEVED.
- THE PERMANENT COVER CROP SHALL BE MOVED ON 7 AND SHALL NOT BE OVERSEEN.
- 13 STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL DISTURBED AREAS. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 2000 LBS/ACRE BY FOOT NUMBER 1 OF THE YEAR OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 14 ANNUAL COVER CROPS SHALL BE ESTABLISHED TO THE NATURAL GRAZE AND SHALL BE STRAW BURNED EACH YEAR PRIOR TO THE NEXT SEASON.
- 15 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EIGHTEEN, THE OPERATOR SHALL CALL UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (USA) AT 1-800-442-2444 AT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 16 PROPERTY LINES AS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE. OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SURVEYING PROPERTY LINES AS NECESSARY PRIOR TO ANY SITE DEVELOPMENT.
- 17 THE OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL NECESSARY PERMITS FROM THE STATE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT. THE OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL NECESSARY PERMITS FROM THE STATE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT. THE OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL NECESSARY PERMITS FROM THE STATE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

LEGEND

- APPROXIMATE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PROPOSED VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT AREA
- PROPOSED BLOCK BOUNDARY AREA
- U.S.G.S. BLUE LINE STREAM
- PROPOSED SURFACE DRAINAGE LINE
- PROPOSED CUTOFF COLLAR (SEE DETAIL 5, SHEET 2)
- PROPOSED STRAW BALE DIKE (SEE DETAIL 5, SHEET 2)
- PROPOSED ROOF LEVEL SPREADER (SEE DETAIL 4, SHEET 2)
- AREA UNDER GROUND SLOPE IS 30 PERCENT OR GREATER
- EVAPORATION WELL (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)
- DUAL WALL CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE
- SINGLE WALL CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE
- PROPOSED WINDROW DIRECTION
- EXISTING ROAD
- SOIL TYPE BOUNDARY

USDA SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS

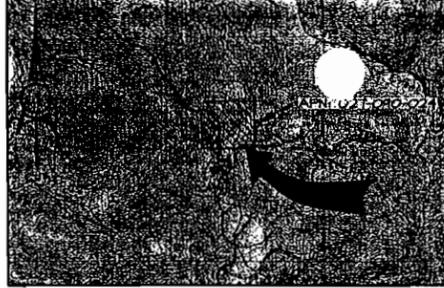
LEOO-HAYDEN-FELTON ASSOCIATION, 30-70% SLOPES
 SERRANTE LOAM, 30-50% SLOPES

**PIÑA VINEYARD-MANAGEMENT
 LEWIS RANCH
 EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 SITE MAP**

PPI
 PROFESSIONAL PROJECT INCORPORATED
 1000 N. WASHINGTON ST. SUITE 100
 PORTLAND, OREGON 97227
 (503) 255-1100

DATE: 10/20/00

#6



PORTION OF RUTHERFORD 7.5 MIN. QUAD

Vicinity Map

1" = 12000'

Narrative

This project consists of the development of approximately 10.8 gross acres of new vineyard, as part of a timber conversion, within APN 027-090-024, a parcel totaling 32.31 acres with access to the proposed vineyard from Wall Road. Existing ground slopes in the project area range from 6% to 40%. The slopes over 30% are within small areas scattered throughout the vineyard blocks and total ± 1.28 acres. The vineyard will be planted on terraces, constructed in accordance with the protocol described under "Special Notes-Terraces" (Sheet 3), and in accordance with the structural plans, Sheets S1 and S2. A comprehensive culverting system shall be installed to collect stormwater at all low points, with discharge at locations shown in the plan. Water discharged from the culvert under Wall Road will be collected in a rock pit and discharged in the natural depression in Block A. Stormwater from Block B will be discharged into the same depression within Block A.

A new drip irrigation system will be installed to irrigate the vineyard and micro-sprayer system will be installed to irrigate the cover crop. An existing spring and a proposed well will serve as the water source. Water use on the new vineyard is expected to be ± 2.3 AF per annum.

Rock Disposal shall be accomplished by construction of rock walls and other erosion control features.

There is one blue-line stream running through the parcel, and setbacks have been provided pursuant to Napa County Conservation Regulations.

Vegetation Removal is in accordance with the Timber Harvest Plan/Conversion. All organic material to be burned shall be stacked at strategic locations within the cleared areas. Burning of the organic material only shall take place after obtaining approval from all the governing agencies.

Soils within the block boundaries have been classified in the USDA Soil Conservation Service's, Napa County Soil Survey, as SCS#140, Forward gravelly loam, 30 to 75% slope, with and erosion hazard of high to very high, and SCS#102, Forward-Kidd complex 30 to 50% slope, with an erosion hazard of moderate. Given the existing slopes, the soils within the project site are more properly classified as SCS#139, Forward gravelly loam, 9 to 30% slope, with an erosion hazard of slight to moderate.

Temporary Erosion Control Measures consist of the installation of silt fence and the application of straw mulch. The installation of all silt fence shall be completed in accordance with the appropriate Detail at all locations as shown on the Plan Sheet. Fiber rolls may be used in lieu of silt fence, and installed in accordance with manufacturers recommendations. A straw mulch cover shall be applied over all open and/or disturbed and seeded areas at the rate specified in the seeding requirements.

Permanent Erosion Control Measures consist of the following:

- 1) Installation of water bars where shown on the plan in accordance with the appropriate detail.
- 2) Construction of rock roads with rock checks and rolling rock dips in accordance with the appropriate detail and special notes, Sheet 2.
- 3) Construction of rock retaining walls in accordance with the structural plans, Sheets S1 and S2.
- 4) Construction of a rock fill with a 12" CPP subdrain in the north end of the drainage running through Block C.
- 5) Level spreaders at storm flow discharge points shall be constructed where shown on the plan, in accordance with detail 6, Sheet 3.
- 6) A winter cover crop shall be planted annually within the entire vineyard area, including perimeter and interior avenues, each year after harvest. The vineyard shall be seeded, mulched, fertilized and pre-irrigated prior to each rainy season. Irrigation shall be continuous through germination until onset of winter rains. This annual cover crop may be strip sprayed using springtime applications of "contact" sprays. NO PREEMERGENT SPRAYS SHALL BE USED. The benches may be disked annually. Prior to disking, the condition of the cover crop shall be evaluated, and all weak spots shall be noted for future retreatment as necessary. Treatments may include soil amendments and evaluation of seed mix and/or fertilizer may be necessary. This method is equivalent to a 60% ground cover.

ABBOTT VINEYARDS EROSION CONTROL PLAN

Project Notes

APN: 027-090-024

Owner: John M. Abbott

Contact Person:

John Abbott
981 Champion Lane
Dear Park, CA 94578
(707) 963-6147

Scott Butler
13333 Low Gap Road
Udiah, CA 94582
(707) 468-6468

Implementation Schedule: The vineyard planting will be completed over several years, beginning with the timber harvest and land stabilization in 2008. As work progresses, some areas of the vineyard may be in different stages of development from other areas. The development schedule is as follows:

- | | |
|---------|--|
| Year 1 | Logging, clearing, rock and root removal, stack vegetation, etc. Winterization, consisting of seeding and mulching, shall be completed by October 1st. Irrigation shall begin no later than October 1st and shall continue until the onset of winter rains adequate to sustain cover crop growth. |
| Year 2 | Vineyard layout, staking, and construction of rocky walls and benched terraces. After construction, the benches shall be shaped, filled and winterized. Seeding and mulching shall be completed on all finished terraces by September 1st. Irrigation shall begin no later than September 1st, and shall continue until the onset of winter rains. Construction of terraces may continue until October 1st, but no more than 300' may be constructed without seeding and mulching. Terraces, finished after September 1st shall be put into the irrigation scheduling immediately after completion. Construction of rocky walls and terraces shall terminate on October 1st, and the entire site shall be winterized by October 15th, and irrigation shall continue until the onset of winter rains adequate to sustain cover crop growth. |
| Year 3 | Installation of the drip system and planting of grapevines. The terrace benches and ramps may be filled to create a planting bed, and to re-shape the terraces to correct land movement which occurred during the winter. After planting, the benches and ramps may be filled to create a seed bed for the winter crop. The benches and ramps shall be seeded and mulched by September 1st. Irrigation of the cover crop shall begin no later than September 15th, and shall continue until the onset of winter rains adequate to sustain cover crop growth. |
| Year 4 | The cover crop shall be evaluated, and it may be mowed. Weak areas, and any areas damaged by farming practices or other vineyard activities, shall be treated as required, and irrigation of the cover crop shall begin no later than September 15th, and shall continue until the onset of winter rains. |
| Year 5 | Normal cultural practices shall begin, including tilling of all terrace benches and ramps. Vineyard avenues and turnpikes shall not be tilled, but they may be mowed. The annual winter cover crop shall be seeded and mulched by September 15th. Cover crop irrigation shall begin no later than September 15th in non-producing vineyard, and immediately after harvest in producing vineyard. The 18" (min.) along the inside of all ramps shall also be irrigated, beginning no later than September 15th. In either case, irrigation shall continue until the onset of winter rains adequate to sustain cover crop growth. |
| Year 6+ | Continue normal cultural practices. Each year, the winter cover crop shall be evaluated. Weak and damaged areas shall be treated as required. The annual winter cover crop shall be seeded and mulched by September 15th. Cover crop irrigation shall begin no later than September 15th in non-producing vineyard, and immediately after harvest in producing vineyard. The 18" (min.) along the inside of all ramps shall also be irrigated, beginning no later than September 15th. In either case, irrigation shall continue until the onset of winter rains adequate to sustain cover crop growth. |

Seeding Requirements: All exposed or disturbed soils shall be seeded. Seed and fertilizer shall be applied hydraulically or broadcast at the rates specified below:

Napa Valley Ag Supply "Napa Valley Erosion" mix @ 100 lbs/ac	Annual Rye Barley Crimson Clover	45% 45% 10%
--	--	-------------------

Fertilizer Ammonium phosphate sulfate (16-20-0) 200-240 lbs/ac

An alternate seed mix and/or fertilizer may be used after review and approval by the Napa County RCD.

Straw Mulch shall be spread annually over all disturbed and seeded areas. The mulch shall be spread mechanically or by hand at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Straw mulch shall be crimped in place after spreading. Straw spread after reseeded or repair shall also be crimped.

Silt Fence shall be installed along contours at locations shown on the Plan in accordance with the appropriate Detail. Silt fence shall be maintained through the winter after planting after which it may be removed. As an alternate, fiber rolls may be used in place of silt fence.

Rock Roads, Rolling Rock Dips, and Rock Checks shall be constructed of locally gathered fieldstone at the locations shown on the Plan in accordance with the appropriate detail. Rock structures shall remain in place as permanent structures.

A Rock Fill shall be constructed in the north end of the drainage running through Block C. The rock fill shall be constructed of locally gathered fieldstone and shall be covered with a 2" soil cap. A 12" CPP shall be installed through the fill with a drop inlet and a rock check at the outlet.

Water Bars shall be constructed where shown on the Plan in accordance with the appropriate Detail. Water bars shall remain as permanent structures and shall be reshaped as necessary prior to each rainy season.

Maintenance: An annual winter cover crop shall be established as presented in "Annual Winterization", below. This annual cover crop may be strip sprayed using springtime applications of "contact" sprays. NO PREEMERGENT SPRAYS SHALL BE USED. The owner shall be responsible for reseeding and maintenance in order to reach the desired degree of cover each year. The vineyard benches only may be disked annually.

Annual Winterization: After harvest and prior to first rains each year, the following winterization shall be completed:

- 1) Cover crop evaluation notes made prior to disking shall be reviewed. All weak spots shall be treated as necessary, seeded, fertilized and mulched. Treatments may include soil amendments, and evaluation of seed mix and/or fertilizer may be necessary. After appropriate soil treatments, the entire vineyard, including avenues/turnpikes shall be seeded, mulched and fertilized, and pre-irrigation shall commence. Irrigation shall continue through germination until the onset of winter rains.
- 2) Water bars shall be reshaped and reinforced as necessary.
- 3) Avenues around and between blocks shall be seeded, fertilized and mulched, and shall remain undisturbed through the rainy season.
- 4) Straw Bale dikes, or silt fencing shall be placed downgradient from each rolling rock dip.
- 5) All erosion control measures and facilities shall be inspected after each storm event, and repairs shall be promptly performed.

Costs: The total cost of all erosion control measures is estimated to be \$600,000 including material, labor, engineering and agency fees.

The project site was last visited by the plan preparer March 2005, during October and December 2003, and April and May 2004, to inspect the site for specific erosion problems and to determine appropriate mitigation.

SHEET INDEX

1. TITLE SHEET
2. PLAN
3. DETAILS
- S1. STRUCTURAL DWG.-ROCK WALL
- S2. STRUCTURAL DWG.-ROCK WALL

Legend

- AREAS AND ACREAGES OVER 30 PERCENT
- BLOCK BOUNDARY
- CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, SMOOTH WALL
- DROP INLET
- DETAIL 9, SHEET 9
- FLOWLINE OF DIVERSION DITCHES
- HIGH POINT
- LENGTH/SIZE/KIND OF PIPE
- MINIMUM SETBACK
- PROPERTY LINE
- ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION
- SILT FENCE
- SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
- SCS SOIL MAPPING UNIT
- SCS SOIL TYPE BOUNDARY
- SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE PIPE OR CULVERT
- WATERBAR
- VINEYARD BOUNDARY
- AVENUE/TURNSPACE LIMITS OF WORK

Napa County
Resource Conservation District
Finds
Plan # 027-090-024-ECR
Technically Adequate for Erosion and
Sediment Control

Mitchell K. [Signature]

Date 2/16/08

ABBOTT VINEYARDS EROSION CONTROL PLAN

Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.
176 Main St., Suite B
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 963 4927



DREN L. ASPEGREN, PE
R.C.E. 9448

January 12, 2004
DATE

- REV. 5 REVISE ACREAGES, LEGEND (SHEET 1), SHEET 2 2-16-06 DLA
- REV. 4 SET LIMITS FOR SEDIMENT POND IN BLOCK A, SHEET 2 2-14-06 DLA
- REV. 3 REVISE IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE 2-7-06 DLA
- REV. 2 REVISE DRAINAGE STRUCTURE DISCHARGE POINTS, ADD SPREADERS, SHEET 2 10-31-05 DLA
- REV. 1 ADD SPECIAL NOTES-TERRACES, MODIFY NARRATIVE 4-14-05 DLM
ADD STRUCTURAL PLANS, SHEETS S1 AND S2.

THIS DOCUMENT, AND THE IDEAS AND DESIGNS INCORPORATED HEREIN, AS AN INSTRUMENT OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICE, ARE THE PROPERTY OF NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD ENGINEERING, INC., AND ARE NOT TO BE USED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, FOR ANY OTHER PROJECT WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD ENGINEERING, INC.

RECEIVED OCT 3 7 2006
Napa 4 - Abbott
TNC

Kenneth R. Hughes

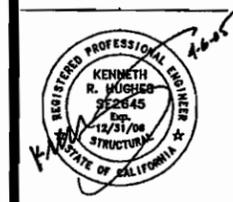
Structural Engineer

3620 Mt. Diablo Blvd., #203
Lafayette, California 94549
Tel: 925 / 284-2808
Fax: 925 / 284-7492

a project for:
NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD
ENGINEERING
ST. HELENA, CA

TERRACED VINEYARD
WALL ROAD, NAPA, CA

Date: 4-6-2008
Project: 2008.006
Drawn by: LMC
Checked by: KRH
Reviewed:



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S2/5

NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTING ROCKERY RETAINING WALLS

A continuous keyway shall be excavated under each wall as indicated in the drawings. The depth and width will vary depending on the height of the rockery wall at that location. The competency of the keyway shall be evaluated by the Geotechnical Engineer prior to the placement of granular base material and rocks. This evaluation by the Geotechnical Engineer is mandatory.

Once the keyway excavation has been reviewed by the Geotechnical Engineer, a layer of coarse angular crushed rock, (1 to 2 inches in size and free of fines), shall be placed in the bottom of the keyway as shown in the drawings. This crushed rock shall be firmly tamped into place. The purpose of this is to create a setting bed for the rockery wall. It will increase the frictional resistance and spread the bearing load between the base of the wall and the supporting soil.

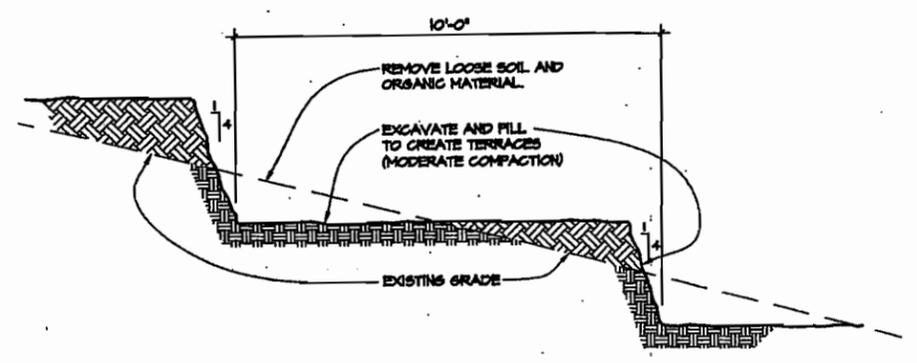
All rocks shall be sound and weather-resistant. The contractor shall have sufficient rocks stockpiles so that he can select rocks of appropriate size and shape. Rocks shall be generally rectangular and angular in shape - not rounded, and with the longest dimension no more than 3 times the shortest dimension. The majority of the rocks shall be 50 to 200 pounds each, (12 to 18 inch in size). Smaller ones in the range of 20 to 50 pounds shall be used as required for void infilling and interlock. Rocks down to 10 pounds may be used for "chinking". Do not use rocks smaller than 10 pounds, (4 to 6 inch in size).

The first course of rock shall be placed, or "slammed" firmly into the crushed rock setting bed such that there is uniform bearing under the rock. Wherever possible, the top surface of the rock should slope backwards away from the face of the rockery wall in order to increase the stability of the next layer of rock to be placed. Subsequent layers of rock shall be selected to fit and shall bear on at least two rocks below it. Also, orient rocks such that the longest dimension is perpendicular to the face of the wall. Place rocks so that they interlock - avoid continuous joint planes. Where voids of greater than 6 inches exist, they shall be "chinked" with smaller rocks. Some voids are to be expected and will enhance drainage.

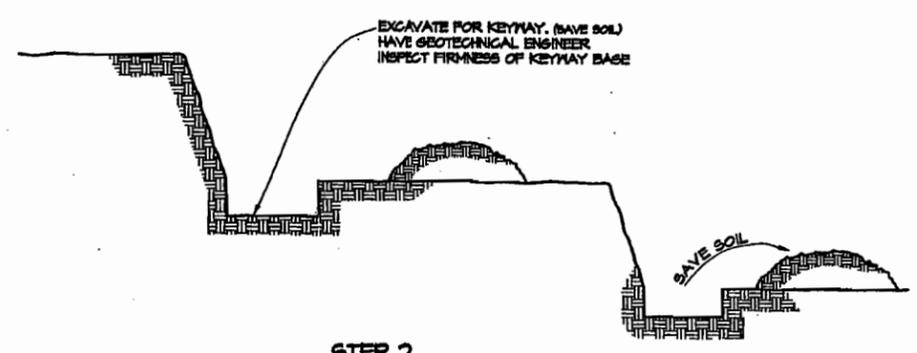
The face of the rockery wall shall be inclined back at 1H:4V and the back face of the wall shall be roughly vertical, all as shown in the drawings.

Place filter fabric on the back face of the wall before placing final backfill behind wall.

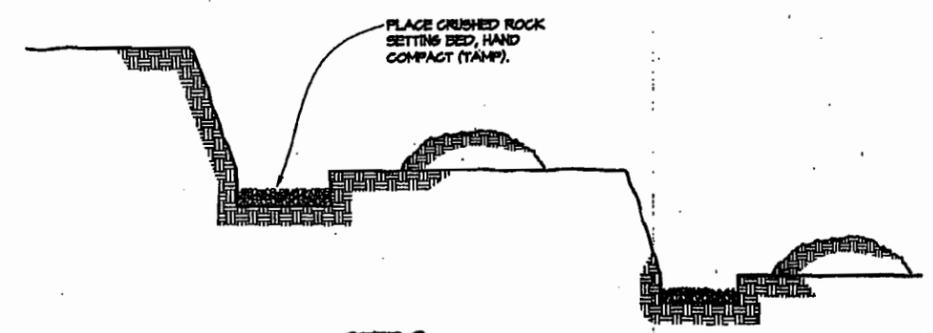
The backfill behind the wall shall be natural site soils, placed in 12" maximum lifts, and compacted to about 90% to 95% relative compaction. Compaction shall be done by hand or small equipment so as to not damage the wall.



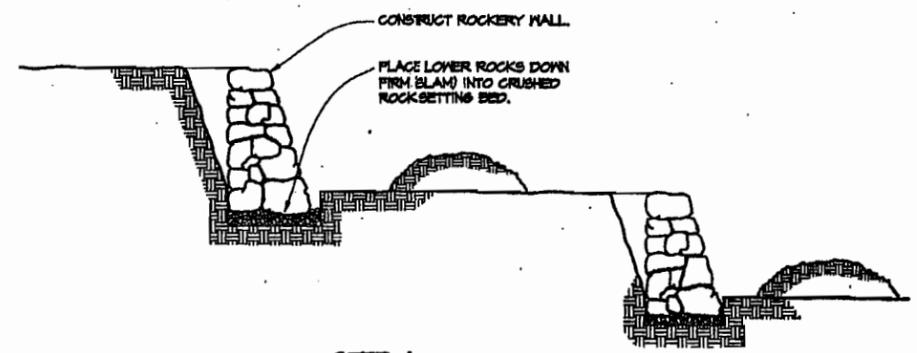
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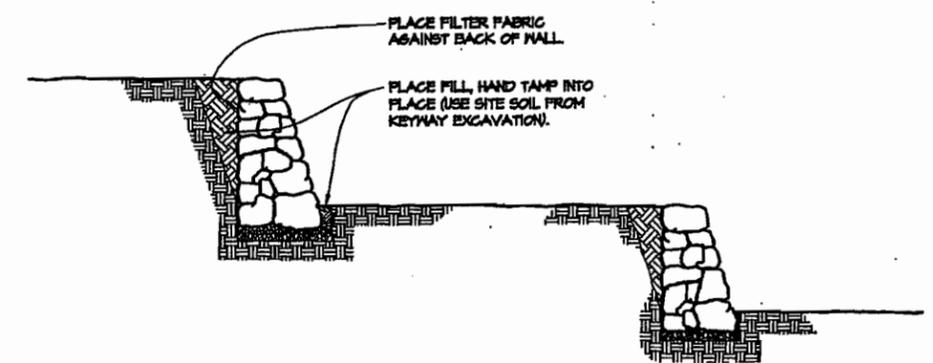
STEP 2



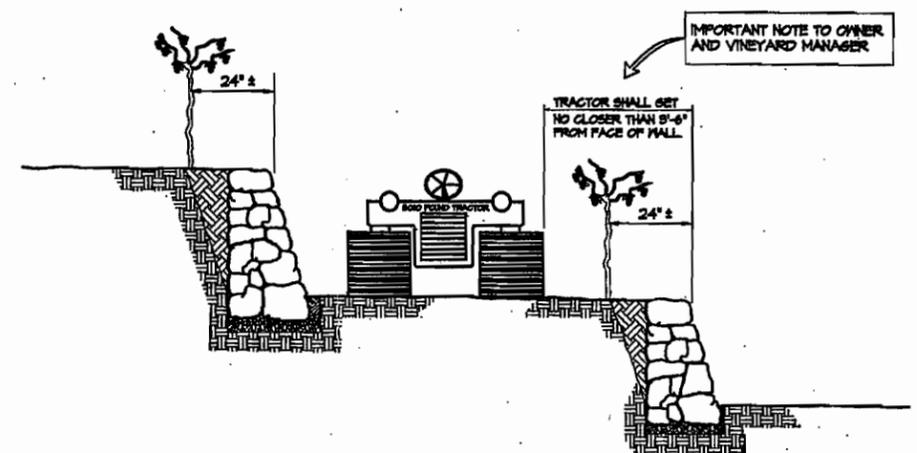
STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



COMPLETED WALL

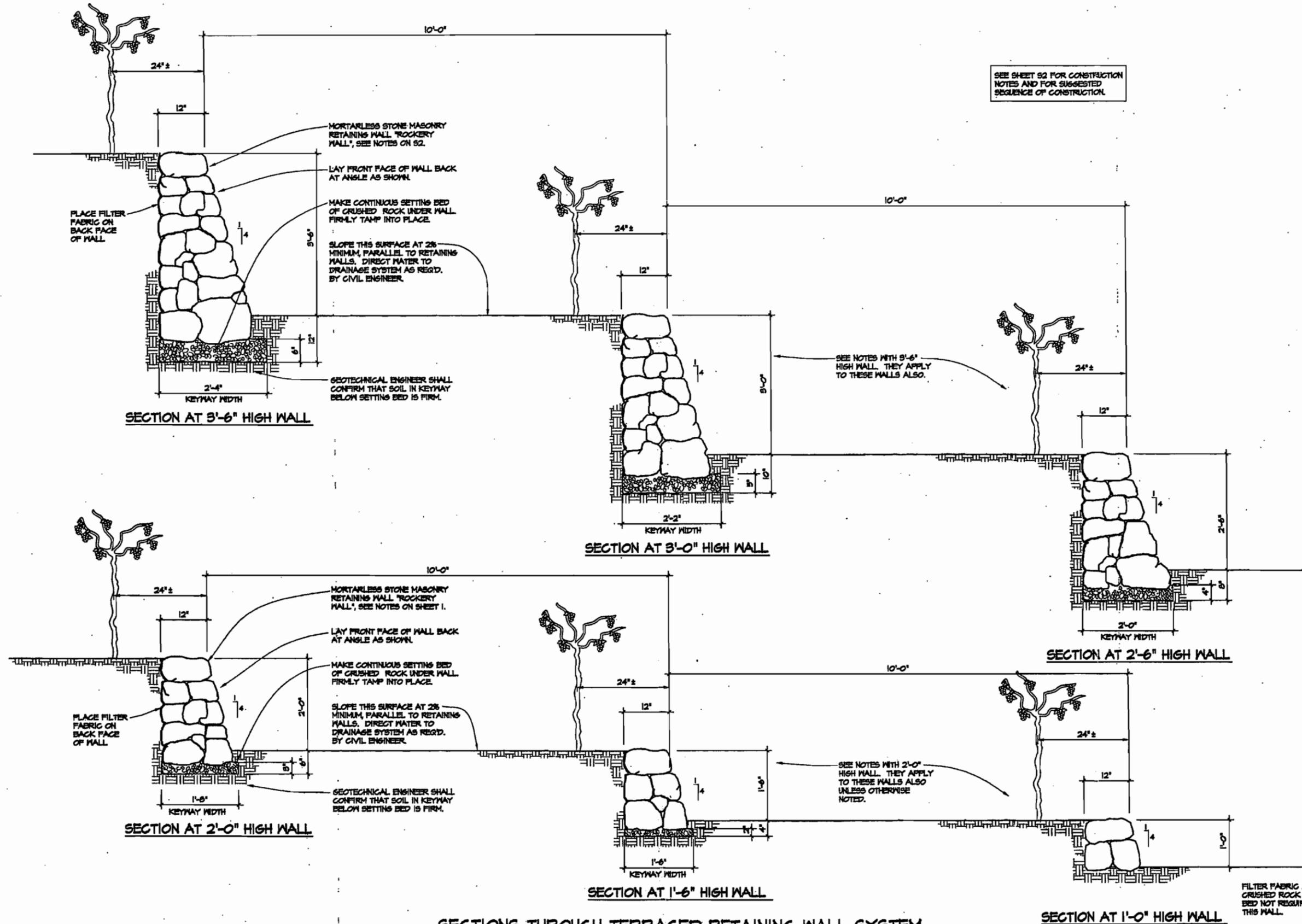
Kenneth R. Hughes

Structural Engineer

3620 Mt. Diablo Blvd., #203
Lafayette, California 94549
Tel: 925 / 284-2808
Fax: 925 / 284-7492

a project for:
NAPA VALLEY VINEYARD
ENGINEERING
ST. HELENA, CA

**TERRACED VINEYARD
WALL ROAD, NAPA, CA**



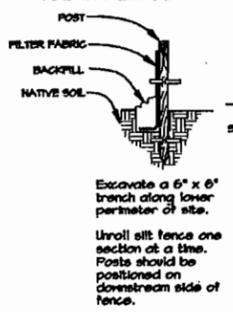
SECTIONS THROUGH TERRACED RETAINING WALL SYSTEM

Date	4-6-2008
Project	2008.006
Drawn by	LMC
Checked by	KRH
Revisions	

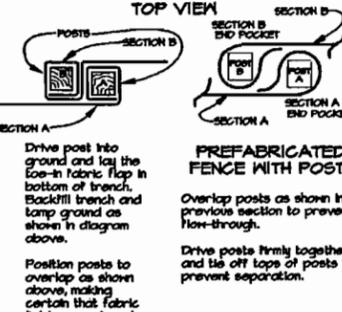


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TOE IN METHOD

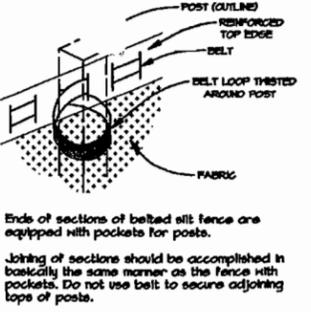


JOINING SECTIONS OF SILT FENCES



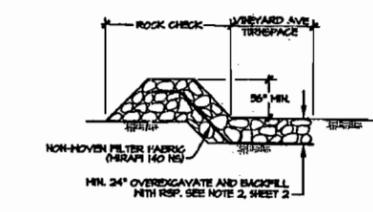
1 SILT FENCE
N.T.S.

BELT LOOP AT POST

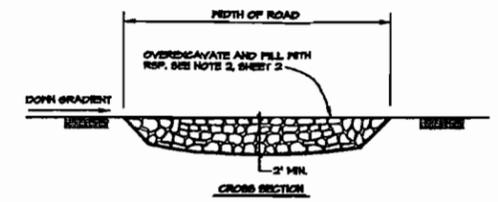
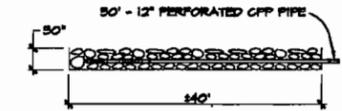


Use rope or wire as in previous type of fences. To simply secure post to belted fabric at a given point along length of fabric, pull belt out from reinforced top, twist to form a loop, and slip post up through loop before driving post into place.

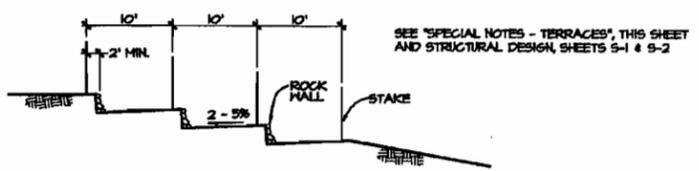
2 ROCK ROAD W/ROCK CHECK
N.T.S.



3 ROCK PIT
1\"/>



4 ROCK STABILIZATION
N.T.S.



5 TYPICAL BENCH CROSS SECTION
1\"/>

Special Notes - Terraces

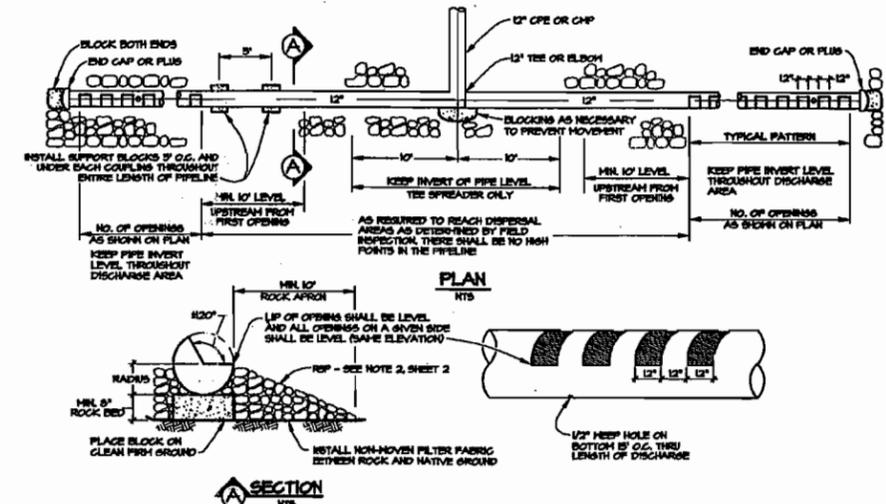
Each vineyard block will be completely staked (10'x5') before construction begins, and staking shall be done from the top down. The purpose of the staking and subsequent construction is to build terraced benches which are 10' - 20' wide and are on a completed slope of 2% - 5%. The benches shall be supported by near-vertical retaining walls, which will maximize the use of the land. Beginning at a high point along the nose of a ridge near the center of a block, staking shall be done as follows:

1. At base the vine row (first terrace) shall be established by placing stakes 5' apart on a -2% grade in both directions down gradient from the nose of the ridge.
2. 10' down gradient from the beginning point will be the start of the second vine row. The second vine row shall be staked 5' on centers, holding a minimum 10' from the stakes established for the first vine row, while maintaining a vine row grade between 2% and 5%. At a point where the grade falls out of the 2%-5% range, or the vine row spacing is less than 10', the row will be terminated.
3. The third and succeeding vine rows shall be staked in the same fashion until the entire block is staked. Additional internal rows may be staked in the same fashion if internal row spacings exceed 20', using the same criteria described above. In the end, there may be gaps in some vine rows, short 'internal' rows and short 'point' rows on the ends.

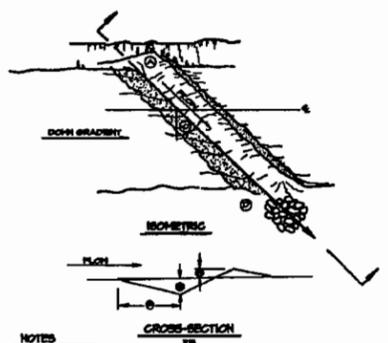
Terraces shall be constructed from the bottom up as follows:

- a. A 2% - 5% backlapped bench shall be cut, following the lowest vine row. The bench shall be 30' wide measured from one foot (1') outside the lower vine row to the one foot (1') outside the adjacent upgradient vine row. This will result in a near vertical cut below the second vine row.
- b. At all points where the vertical cut exceed 0.5', a retaining wall shall be constructed to support the next bench upgradient. The height of the retaining wall, measured from the base of the cut to the top of the wall, shall be 1.5 times the height of the vertical cut, but in no case shall it be less than one foot (1') tall, measured as described above.
- c. The next inlapped bench shall be cut, with cut material backfilled against the retaining wall. Material excavated to construct the footings of the retaining wall will also be used as backfill to create the terrace benches.
- d. Succeeding inlapped benches shall be constructed as described above, working up-gradient to the top. The terraces will be constructed one at a time, with no new terrace being started until the one being constructed is complete. In no case shall terrace cuts be allowed to remain untreated after the onset of the rainy season.
- e. The benches shall be warped at the ends to provide approaches and access to vineyard avenues/binspaces. In those places where access is required between benches, ramps shall be constructed. The ramps connecting the point row terraces will be constructed at 10% maximum slope, and they shall be inlapped. This means that a 3' rise between terraces will need a minimum 30' ramp length. To limit concentrated runoff in these steeper areas, drop inlets (DI) will be installed in the footings at the back of the upper terrace and water bars will direct flow to the DIs at those points. At the bottom of the ramp another water bar will direct sheet flow to the footings at the back of the lower terrace.
- f. Drop inlets (DI) shall be installed at all low points and at ranges (see 'e' above) inside the vineyard, and at each low end of the vineyard avenues. Stormwater shall be directed to the DIs and piped to discharge as shown in the plan. Installation of the drainage system and construction of retaining wall will need to be coordinated during construction.

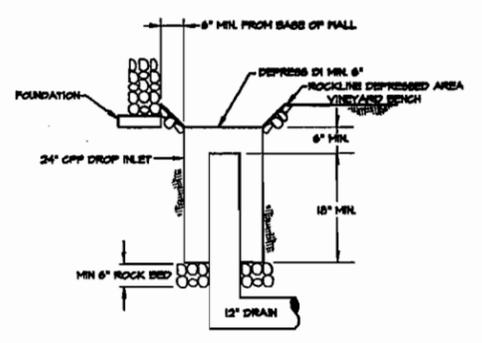
(UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL ANY MATERIAL BE SIDECAST INTO NAPA COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY)



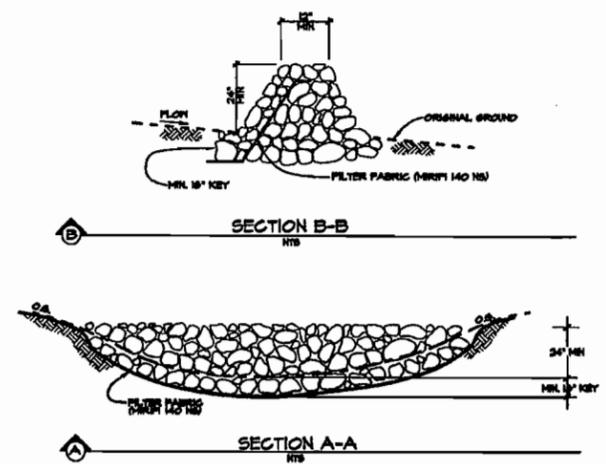
6 WATER SPREADER
N.T.S.



7 WATERBAR (TYP)
N.T.S.



8 TYPICAL DROP INLET
N.T.S.



9 ROCK CHECK DETAIL
N.T.S.

REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE
3	REV/SPEC NOTES - TERRACES, DETAILS 5, 6 & 8	DLA	2-7-06
2	REV. DETAILS 3, 4, 5, 6 & 8	DLA	10-31-05
1	REV PER RCD REVIEW	DLN	4-14-05

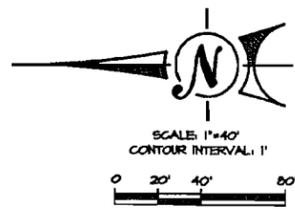
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Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.
176 Main St., Suite B
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 963 4927

DATE	1-12-04	SCALE	AS SHOWN
DRAWN	AbtoHSC/PLD	CHECKED	DLA
APPROVED			
DRYEN L. ASPERGREN, PE		R.C.E. 5140	

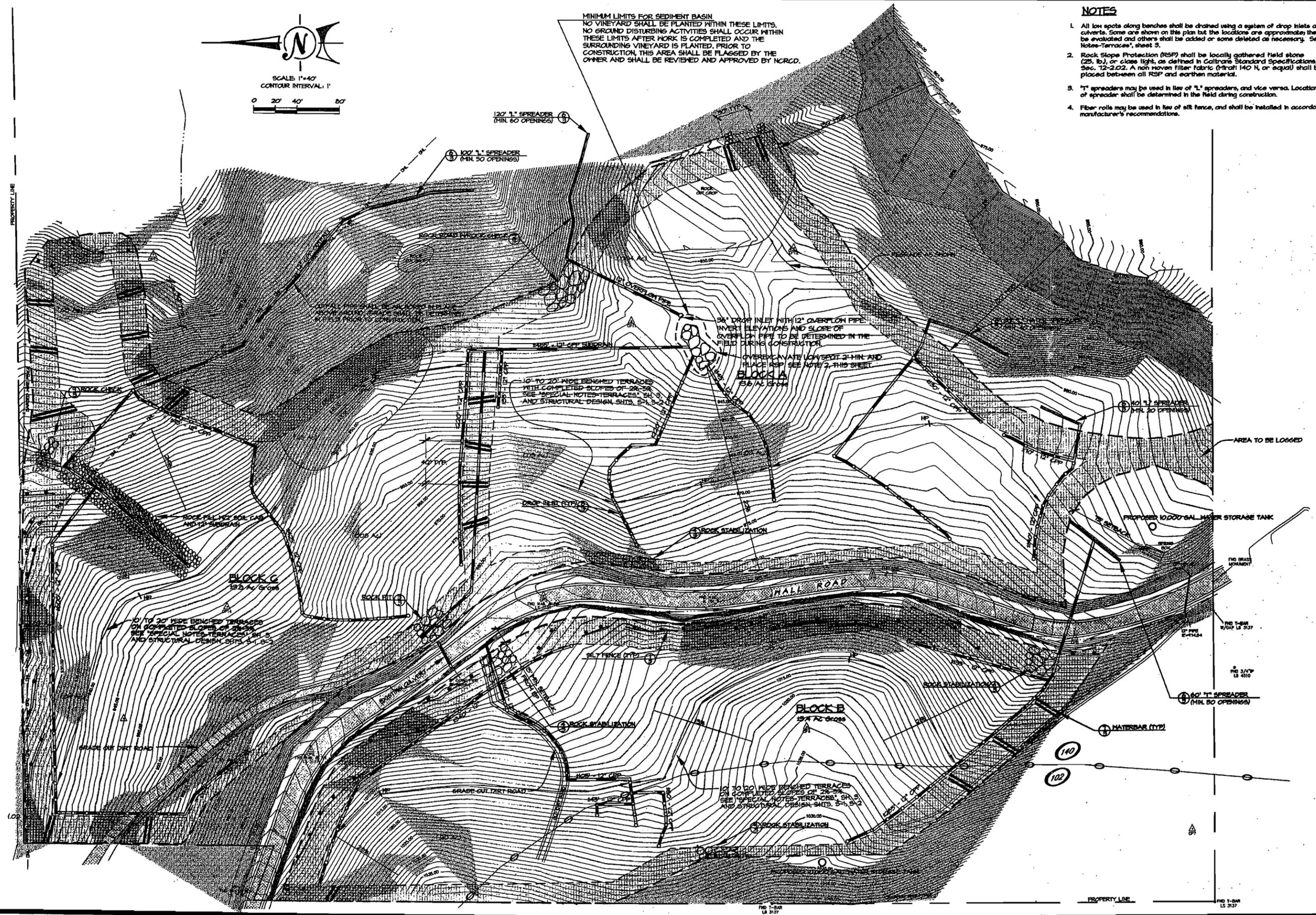
ABBOTT VINEYARDS
VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
DETAILS



MINIMUM LIMITS FOR SEDIMENT BASIN
 NO VINEYARD SHALL BE PLANTED WITHIN THESE LIMITS.
 NO GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES SHALL OCCUR WITHIN
 THESE LIMITS AFTER WORK IS COMPLETED AND THE
 SURROUNDING VINEYARD IS PLANTED. PRIOR TO
 CONSTRUCTION, THIS AREA SHALL BE FLAGGED BY THE
 OWNER AND SHALL BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY NCRGD.

- NOTES**
1. All low spots along benches shall be drained using a system of drop inlets and pipe culverts. Some are shown on this plan but the locations are approximate; the site shall be evaluated and others shall be added or some deleted as necessary. See "Special Notes-Terraces", sheet 3.
 2. Rock Slope Protection (RSP) shall be locally gathered field stone (25 lb.) or class light, as defined in Caltrans Standard Specifications, Sec. 12-2.02. A non woven filter fabric (1/4" to 1/2" or equal) shall be placed between all RSP and earthen material.
 3. T¹ spreaders may be used in lieu of T² spreaders, and vice versa. Location and type of spreader shall be determined in the field during construction.
 4. Fiber rolls may be used in lieu of silt fence, and shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.



REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE
5	REMOVE 70 ACRES STEEP SLOPE EAST SIDE BLOCK C	DLA	2-16-06
4	SET LIMITS FOR SEDIMENT POND IN BLOCK C	DLA	2-14-06
2	REV. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE DISCHARGE POINTS, ADD SPREADERS	DLA	10-31-05
1	ADD TERRACES, MINOR MODIFICATIONS	DLM	4-19-05

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Napa Valley Vineyard Engineering, Inc.
 176 Main St., Suite B
 St. Helena, CA 94574
 (707) 963 4927

DATE: 1-13-04 SCALE: AS SHOWN
 DRAWN: TPO CHECKED: DLA
 APPROVED: [Signature]
 DREW: L. ASPERDEN, PE R.C.E. 51410

ABBOTT VINEYARDS
 VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT

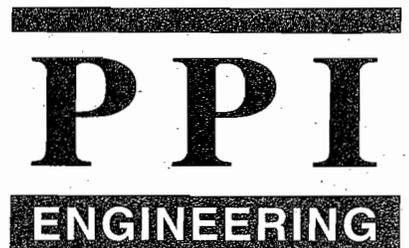
EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 BLOCKS A, B, C

#7

APPENDIX B

EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN APPLICATION

**STAGECOACH VINEYARDS
VINEYARD INFILL DEVELOPMENT
EROSION CONTROL PLAN
REVISED 6-16-06**



**STAGECOACH VINEYARDS
VINEYARD INFILL DEVELOPMENT**

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

AND

SPECIFICATIONS

REVISED 6-16-06

JUNE, 2006

PREPARED BY:

**PPI ENGINEERING
1802 SOSCOL AVENUE
NAPA, CALIFORNIA 94559
(707) 253-1806**

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STAGECOACH VINEYARDS

VINEYARD INFILL DEVELOPMENT EROSION CONTROL PLAN

NARRATIVE

This Erosion Control Plan (ECP) addresses Stagecoach Vineyards' plans for expansion of the existing vineyard on their property located on Soda Canyon Road in Napa County. Additionally, the as-built configuration of the existing vineyards is presented on the same sheet for the purpose of finalizing existing ECPs. The project will result in the planting of ±90 additional acres of vineyard on 107 gross acres.

ECP History:

#95024-ECPA prepared by PPI Engineering for 51.5 acres of new vineyard approved on August 16, 1995.

#95374-ECPA prepared by PPI Engineering for 374 acres of new vineyard approved on March 21, 1996. (modification by Chaudhary and Associates approved June 10, 1997)

#96586-ECPA prepared by Chaudhary & Associates for 116 acres of new vineyard approved on June 10, 1997

Between the ECPs and the modifications (both formal & field), the Owners were approved to install a total of 541.5 acres of vineyard. This acreage was calculated to be within the clearing limits (vegetation retention requirements for municipal watersheds) mandated by the Conservation Regulations. At the time the designs were completed, regulations required that clearing limits be observed on a parcel-by-parcel basis. Due to the dense brush cover and difficulty in locating the interior parcel lines, configuration of some vineyard blocks after construction deviated from the designed configuration. This was anticipated during the development of the plans and notes were placed on each plan indicating the possibility that field conditions may require minor modifications to the proposed plans.

Although anticipated, the field modifications resulted in some parcels being out of compliance with the vegetation retention requirements in effect at the time of completion. However, the total number of acres developed, as calculated from aerial photographs in December 2005, is 541.2 acres. This is effectively identical to the total approved in the original Plans. In light of the recent amendment to the Conservation Regulations allowing contiguous parcels to be treated as one project under certain conditions, the Owners request that their previously-approved ECPs be deemed in compliance with applicable regulations and that RCD be allowed to "final" these plans.

In addition to bringing the Owner into compliance with Napa County regulations on the existing vineyard development, this ECP addresses additional vineyard development on the property. The owner recently purchased an adjacent parcel (APN 032-030-016) with the intent of developing additional vineyard. However, in planning the new vineyard the strategy was changed from focusing on developing vineyard in the new parcel to primarily designing infill development in the existing vineyard in order to leave a larger and more contiguous habitat area in the undeveloped parcel. This proposed project has been analyzed by a professional biological consulting firm (AES) and a report is included with this application. The analysis concludes that with some minor mitigation, the project will not result in any adverse impact to biological resources. The report also concludes that retaining a larger cohesive habitat area on the property as a whole rather than separate, isolated areas on each parcel is biologically superior.

Avoiding any concentration of stormwater runoff was foremost in the design of the infill vineyard areas proposed in this ECP. Because of this emphasis, no pipes or open channels are required for runoff control on the proposed areas. In addition, no trees will be removed as a result of the new vineyard.

The project area lies within the Rector Reservoir Watershed. The total of the existing and proposed vineyard retains 40% of the brush and 100% of the tree canopy as existed on the property in 1993. All blue-line streams and other waters of the U.S. are avoided, with buffers between the waters and the vineyard development.

1. The nature and purpose of the land disturbing activity and the amount of grading involved.

- a) The Owner plans to plant approximately 90 acres of new vineyard (107 gross acres) on his property located on Soda Canyon Road in Napa. The vineyard area to be developed is located on APNs: 032-030-010, 032-030-059, 032-030-060, 032-030-061, 032-030-062, and 032-540-001 which consists of approximately 1,130 acres per the Napa County Assessor's Office.
- b) Activities to be accomplished include removal of existing vegetation, cultivating the soil to prepare for planting, trenching for irrigation pipelines, installation of trellis system, laying out the vine rows, and installing temporary erosion control measures.
- c) Fencing will also be constructed around some of the proposed vineyard areas. The existing and proposed fence locations are shown on Figure EC-1 at the end of this section.

- d) Rock will be excavated and uncovered during development of the proposed vineyard areas. Areas are designated for rock storage for this project and are shown on the Site Plan. Rock will either be stored at the designated locations or crushed onsite.

2. General description of existing site conditions, including topography, vegetation and soils.

- a) The property is located in the Rector Reservoir municipal watershed. According to the USGS Yountville quadrangle map there are a series of unnamed Blue Line Streams running through the property.
- b) The vineyard areas to be developed lie on moderately sloping ground, which ranges from 10 to 25 percent slope. Elevations range from approximately 1150 to 1775 feet above mean sea level.
- c) See Appendix B for Vegetation Retention Calculations.
- d) Soils as described in the USDA - SCS Napa County Soil Survey are listed in Item #5 below.
- e) A site visit of the property was performed by Jim Bushey, John Vicencio, and Rachel LeRoy of PPI Engineering on Wednesday, August 11, 2004. The purpose of the visit was to evaluate potential vineyard development areas and to determine the scope of the proposed project.

Multiple site visits were performed by Jim Bushey and/or John Vicencio from August to November of 2005. The purpose of the visits was to perform a preliminary field review, photo-document existing site conditions, and verify topographic information. Photographic location points are shown on the Site Plan. Accompanying photographs of the existing site conditions are in Appendix A of this report.

A site visit was performed by Jim Bushey and Dave Steiner of the Resource Conservation District on Tuesday, December 6, 2005. The purpose of the visit was to work with the District on the design of the development areas prior to finalizing the Plan.

3. Natural and man-made features onsite including streams, lakes, reservoirs, roads, drainage, and other areas that may be affected by the proposed activity.

- a) There are four USGS blue line streams on the property. These streams are shown on the Site Plan and will not be affected by this project.
- b) No natural or man-made features are expected to be adversely affected by this project.

4. Location and source of water for irrigation or other uses.

- a) There are 4 existing wells on the property. The approximate locations are shown on the Site Plan. The projected water usage for the proposed vineyard is based on a 6 foot x 5 foot vine spacing and is approximately 0.7 acre-feet per acre per year.

5. Soil types/soil series identified in the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Napa County Soil Survey.

- a) The USDA - SCS Napa County Soil Survey maps the soil within the project boundary as Guenoc-Rock outcrop complex, 5 -30% slopes; Hambright-Rock outcrop complex, 30-75% slopes; Rock outcrop-Hambright complex, 50-75% slopes.

6. Critical areas, if any, within the development site that have serious erosion potential or problems.

- a) There are existing facilities that require maintenance. The locations of these areas are shown on the Site Plan and the repairs are described in Section 10: Maintenance of the 'Special Provisions' in these Specifications.
- b) The area located along the southeast portion of Block GM6 shows evidence of erosion from surface runoff. The existing slope will be protected with rock to act as an energy dissipator and the existing avenue will be shaped to allow surface runoff to disperse through the existing vineyard.

7. **Erosion calculations**

- a) Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) spreadsheets for this project are in Appendix C of this report.

8. **Proposed erosion control methods including:**

- a) **All drainage systems and facilities, walls, cribbing or other erosion protection devices to be constructed with, or as a part of the proposed work.**

1. An outsloped vineyard avenue between Blocks 15 and 16 and two infield level spreaders in Block 16 will be constructed. These erosion control measures will be constructed on the contour and outsloped to act as level spreaders to evenly spread surface flows on the ground through the vineyard area.
2. A gully repair will be performed in Block 22. The repair will be constructed on the contour and outsloped to act as a level spreader to evenly spread surface flows on the ground through the vineyard area.
3. A rock energy dissipator/slope protection will be constructed along the southern portion of Block GM6.
4. Waterbars will be constructed as shown in the Detail labeled "Waterbars for Vehicular Traffic" each fall by the Owner. Waterbars shall be constructed where needed such that surface runoff is directed off of vineyard avenues into vegetated areas. Waterbars shall be located a maximum of 100 feet apart on slopes exceeding 15 percent.
5. Straw Wattles will be installed as shown in the Detail labeled "Straw Wattle Installation." Wattles shall be installed by September 1 of the year of construction to help prevent sediment from leaving the development areas. In subsequent years wattles shall only be required if upslope areas have been disturbed to re-establish cover crop.
6. The final pass with tillage equipment shall be performed across slopes to prevent channeling water downhill the first winter after development.
7. Additional temporary erosion control measures shall be installed as needed.
8. An additional storm drain will be added to the drainage system in existing vineyard block P3.

b) Proposed vegetative erosion control measures including location, type and quantity of seed, mulch, fertilizer and irrigation, timing and methods of planting, mulching and maintenance of plant material and slopes until a specified percentage of plant coverage is uniformly established.

1. All disturbed areas shall be seeded as described below. Straw mulch shall be applied to all disturbed areas at a rate of 3,000 lbs/acre prior to September 1 of the year of construction. Fertilizer shall be applied as necessary by vineyard management personnel.
2. A no-till cover crop strategy shall be utilized within the vineyard. Disturbed areas will be seeded with the following seed mix: Idaho Fescue at 10 pounds per acre, Molate Fescue at 5 pounds per acre, Zorro Fescue at 5 pounds per acre, and Crimson Clover at 5 pounds per acre prior to September 1 of the year of construction
3. The permanent cover crop will be managed each year such that any areas that have less than 70 percent vegetative cover will be re-seeded and mulched until adequate coverage is achieved.

The cover crop for Blocks 14A, 15, 16, and E3 will be managed each year such that any areas that have less than 75 percent vegetative cover will be re-seeded and mulched until adequate coverage is achieved.

4. Contact herbicides only will be strip sprayed in the vinerows each year for weed management. Contact herbicides shall be applied in late spring to ensure adequate vegetative cover in the spray strips for the remainder of the rainy season. Maximum width of spray strip shall be 18 inches.
5. Per the Napa County Protocol for Re-Planting/Renewal of Approved Non-Tilled Vineyard Cover Crops: When it becomes necessary, either by routine or emergency, to re-establish or renew vineyard cover crop the following measures should be followed:
 - Seek professional consultation, including soil nutrient analysis, to determine the reasons for the original cover crop's failure. Adjust soil fertility, irrigation and seed selection accordingly.
 - When tillage is necessary, alternate rows should be tilled, seeded, and straw-mulched to effectively accomplish the re-establishment/renewal process over a two-year period.
 - Tillage and re-seeding should be conducted in the following manner:
 - In year 1, till to prepare seed bed and sow desired cover crop in every other row ("the evens"), leaving the alternate rows ("the odds") untilled and mowed only.

- Mulch all tilled rows having an up and down hill (perpendicular to contour) row direction with 4,000 lbs./acre of loose straw, or approved equivalent, after seeding.
- Tilled rows with cross-slope (parallel to contour) row direction and slope gradients less than 15% may not require straw mulch.
- In year 2, till to prepare seed bed and sow desired cover crop in “odd” rows.
- In year 2, leave “even” rows untilled and mowed only.
- Mulch rows till in year 2 as specified above.
- Put all re-establishment measures in place by September 1
- In year 3, return all rows to non-tilled culture.

9. Stormwater stabilization measures, if the development of the site will result in increased peak rates of runoff that may cause flooding or channel degradation downstream.

The land use in the infill development areas will change from narrowleaf chaparral to vineyard with a non-tilled cover crop. Hydrologic analysis of this conversion shows that runoff rates off the development areas will remain essentially the same.

The proposed vineyard development areas have been designed to avoid any drainages or swales that would concentrate surface runoff, thereby eliminating the need for any pipelines, sediment basins, or detention ponds.

10. An implementation schedule showing the following:

a) The proposed clearing, grading, and/or construction schedule.

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
06/15/06	Commence clearing and tillage operations.
08/15/06	Erosion Control measures installed.
09/01/06	Seed and mulch all disturbed areas.
04/15/07	Commence clearing and tillage operations
08/15/07	Erosion Control measures installed
09/01/07	Seed and mulch all disturbed areas.

- b) The proposed schedule for winterizing the site (generally by October 15 of each year the permit is in effect.)**

The complete site shall be winterized and all necessary erosion control measures described in the Erosion Control Plan shall be installed by September 1 of the year of construction.

- c) The proposed schedule of installation of all interim erosion and sediment control measures, including the stage of completion of such devices at the end of the grading season (generally October 15) of each year the permit will be in effect.**

See Item 10a).

- d) The schedule for installation of permanent erosion and sediment control devices where required.**

See Item 10a).

- 11. The estimated cost of implementation of the erosion and sediment control measures.**

The estimated cost for installing erosion control measures as described in this plan is \$1100 per acre.



NOT TO SCALE

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)
- PROPOSED FENCE (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)
- - - PROPOSED VINEYARD BLOCK BOUNDARY

FIGURE EC-1 Existing and proposed fence locations

STAGECOACH VINEYARDS
VINEYARD INFILL DEVELOPMENT
EROSION CONTROL PLAN

STANDARD PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 - SCOPE OF WORK

These specifications cover the construction of the Erosion Control system for approximately 90 acres of vineyard to be developed by Stagecoach Vineyard/Oakville Heights.

The drawings numbered 10311621F, sheets 1 through 3, and these Specifications describe in detail the construction of the complete erosion control system. Requests for further information or clarification of the work to be done can be made to Jim Bushey at PPI Engineering phone (707) 253-1806.

All costs for the complete construction of the erosion control system must be included in the bid items, since no other payment will be made outside of the bid items. This includes all costs for moving onto and off the job site, all equipment, tools, materials, labor, fuel, taxes, and incidentals for furnishing and installing the erosion control system.

Surveying adequate for construction will be provided by the Owner, at the Owner's expense. The Contractor will be responsible for preserving construction survey stakes and markers for the duration of their intended use. Any restaking costs or additional survey work requested by the Contractor shall be deducted from the final payment to the Contractor. The Owner does not guarantee that the project being bid will be awarded. The Owner also reserves the right to change the quantities of actual work performed as needed with payment made according to the new quantities at the unit price bid.

SECTION 2 - AUTHORITY OF OWNER AND ENGINEER

The property is owned by Stagecoach Vineyards LTD PTN, Stagecoach Vineyards Limited, and Oakville Heights, LLC. They shall have the final say in the event of a dispute with the Contractor.

The Owners shall appoint PPI Engineering (PPI) as the Engineer to perform periodic review of the work. PPI Engineering shall report any unsatisfactory work to the Owner. The Contractor shall be responsible for any engineering fees or repair costs associated with bringing the unsatisfactory work into compliance with the Plans and Specifications.

SECTION 3 - CHANGES IN WORK

Materials and the manner of performance of the work performed in this contract shall be according to the Plans and Specifications. Modifications to the Plans or Specifications shall be agreed upon in writing by the Contractor, Owner, and Engineer before the work in question is performed. Materials and construction methods shall be as specified on the Plans and Specifications. The burden of proof that a given material or method constitutes an equivalent to the one specified will rest with the Contractor.

SECTION 4 - UTILITIES

At least two working days prior to beginning any excavation on the project, the Contractor shall contact Underground Service Alert (USA) at 1-800-642-2444 and request field location of all existing utilities.

The Contractor shall be careful to avoid damaging existing facilities and shall notify the Owner immediately if any damage does occur. The cost of repairing any damage shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

SECTION 5 - PROSECUTION OF THE WORK

Unless otherwise provided, the contract time shall commence upon issuance of a Notice to Proceed by the Owner. The work shall start within ten days thereafter and be diligently prosecuted to completion within the time specified in the Contractor's bid. If weather conditions prevent completion of the project within the specified amount of time, the Owner may extend the completion date of the project.

SECTION 6 - RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CONTRACTOR

The Contractor agrees that in accordance with generally accepted construction practices, Contractor will be required to assume sole and complete responsibility for job site conditions during the course of construction of the project, including the safety of all persons and property. This requirement shall be made to apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours. Contractor further agrees to defend, indemnify and hold design professional harmless from any and all liability, real or alleged, in connection with the performance of the work on this project, excepting liability arising from the sole negligence of design professional.

The Contractor shall be responsible for controlling dust and mud generated from construction activities. The Contractor shall not allow dust or mud to obstruct vehicular traffic on County roads or State Highways. The Contractor shall be responsible for cleaning all vehicles prior to leaving the site as required by the California Highway Patrol. The Contractor, at his own expense, shall provide adequate dust control and prevention of mud tracking on roads, and take other preventative measures as directed by the Owner.

The Contractor shall be responsible for following all safety laws that may be applicable. Of particular concern are the trench safety regulations issued by CAL-OSHA. The Contractor alone shall be responsible for the safety of his equipment and methods and for any damage or injury which may result from their failure, improper construction, maintenance, or operation.

The Contractor shall be responsible for installing necessary sediment retention measures to keep sediment from leaving the site if construction activities continue beyond September 1.

The Contractor shall keep the work site clean and free of rubbish and debris throughout the project. Materials and equipment shall be removed from the site as soon as they are no longer necessary or the project is completed.

The Contractor shall also be responsible for ensuring that all permits which are necessary for construction have been obtained and that copies of these permits are maintained onsite at all times.

The Contractor shall, at his own expense, furnish all necessary light, power, pumps, and water necessary for the work.

SECTION 7 - MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Payment shall be made at the unit prices bid according to the actual quantities installed. Measurement of the final quantities shall be the responsibility of the Owner's Engineer.

The Engineer shall periodically observe the project during construction and upon completion of the project any unfinished or unacceptable work observed will be brought to the Contractor's attention verbally and in writing. Final payment will be made upon satisfactory completion of all work items required by these Plans and Specifications.

SECTION 8 - GUARANTEE

In addition to the guarantees from suppliers, the Contractor shall guarantee the work he performs for a period of two years. Any repairs needed to the system within two years of completion due to faulty workmanship or materials shall be promptly repaired at no expense to the Owner. Any costs incurred by the Owner and/or Engineer within two years of completion due to rubbish or debris placed in a trench or other excavation shall be paid by the Contractor.

Unless otherwise provided in writing, payment by the Owner to the Contractor for installation of this system shall constitute acceptance of all provisions in this document by the Contractor.

STAGECOACH VINEYARDS
VINEYARD INFILL DEVELOPMENT
EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 – OUTSLOPED VINEYARD AVENUE

1.1 GENERAL:

An outsloped vineyard avenue shall be constructed between Blocks 15 and 16. The avenue will be constructed on the contour to prevent surface flows through the vineyard areas from becoming concentrated.

1.2 CONSTRUCTION:

The outsloped avenue shall be constructed using a bulldozer with a six-way blade and slope board. The avenue will be constructed on the contour. The outsloped avenue shall be constructed as shown in Detail 1, Sheet 2. Vegetation shall be removed or thoroughly incorporated prior to construction of the outsloped avenue. Soil for fill material shall be moisture conditioned as necessary and compacted. Cut and fill slopes shall be seeded in the same manner as the vineyard.

SECTION 2 – GULLY REPAIR

2.1 GENERAL:

A gully repair will be constructed along the lower portion of Block 22. Rock and spoils from the vineyard development will be used to create an outsloped bench to be used as a turnaround area for farm equipment and to function as a level spreader.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION:

The gully repair shall be constructed using a bulldozer and an excavator. The avenue will be constructed on the contour. The outsloped avenue shall be constructed as shown in Detail 2, Sheet 2. Vegetation shall be removed or thoroughly incorporated prior to construction of the gully repair. Soil for fill material shall be moisture conditioned as necessary and compacted. Cut and fill slopes shall be seeded in the same manner as the vineyard.

SECTION 3 – ROCK ENERGY DISSIPATOR/SLOPE PROTECTION

3.1 GENERAL:

There is evidence of concentrated surface runoff around the existing avenue on the southeast portion of Block GM6. Rock will be placed on the existing slope and avenue to protect them against surface flows and allow the runoff to disperse and flow through the existing vineyard.

3.2 MATERIALS:

Rip rap shall be placed on the slope and shall conform to Cal Trans Standard Specification 72-5.02, Class Cobble. Rock on the avenue will consist of ¾-inch minus rock to form an apron.

3.3 CONSTRUCTION:

The Rock Energy Dissipator/ Slope Protection shall be constructed as shown in Detail 3, Sheet 2. The existing rock wall shall be removed from the area. Vegetation shall be removed or thoroughly incorporated prior to construction. The ¾ inch minus shall be spread over the slope and the avenue a minimum of 2 inches deep. Rip rap shall be placed over the ¾ inch minus rock on the slope only. A rolling dip shall be created in the avenue at the lower portion of the rock apron to divert surface flows into the existing vineyard area.

SECTION 4 – ROCK REPOSITORY/OUTSLOPED TURNAROUND

4.1 GENERAL:

During the development of Block E3, the southern portion of Block E3 will be used as a rock storage area. The rock shall be utilized to create a rock bench that will be used as a turnaround area for equipment.

4.2 CONSTRUCTION:

The area shall be cleared of vegetation at the same time as Block E3. Rock uncovered and excavated in the Block E3 will be moved to the southern edge of the development area. The rock will be placed along the lower edge of the vineyard block to create an outsloped bench as shown in Detail 4, Sheet 2. At least one bench shall be cut across the slope to provide a stable platform for placing the rock.

SECTION 5 – OUTSLOPED INFIELD LEVEL SPREADERS

5.1 GENERAL:

Two outsloped infield level spreaders shall be constructed in Block 16. The level spreaders will be constructed on the contour to prevent surface flows through the vineyard areas from becoming concentrated.

5.2 CONSTRUCTION:

The outsloped infield level spreaders shall be constructed using a bulldozer with a six-way blade and slope board. The level spreaders will be constructed on the contour. The level spreaders shall be constructed as shown in Detail 1, Sheet 3. Vegetation shall be removed or thoroughly incorporated prior to construction of the level spreaders. Soil for fill material shall be moisture conditioned as necessary and compacted. Cut and fill slopes shall be seeded in the same manner as the vineyard.

SECTION 6 – SEDIMENT RETENTION ROCK WALL

6.1 GENERAL:

A rock wall shall be constructed along the southern portion of Block 10 as shown on the Site Plan and as staked in the field by the Engineer. The wall shall serve to dissipate the energy of surface flows exiting from the adjacent vineyard and shall serve as a sediment trap. The rock wall shall be installed such that concentrated flows are dissipated to the extent possible.

6.2 MATERIALS & CONSTRUCTION:

Native rock from the project site may be used to construct the wall. The range of rock diameters that can be used to construct the wall shall be 8 to 10 inches. Gaps between these rocks shall then be filled with smaller rocks as necessary to eliminate voids. The wall shall be keyed into native soil a minimum of 12 inches. The wall shall be constructed such that water is allowed to pass through the wall between the rocks

SECTION 7 - PERFORATED SURFACE DRAIN

7.1 GENERAL:

A surface drainage pipeline shall be installed to collect surface runoff at the upper portion of existing vineyard block P3 and tie into the existing 12 inch mainline as shown on the Site Plan.

7.2 MATERIALS:

Corrugated polyethylene pipe for use as drain tubing shall meet the standards of SCS 606 Specifications. In addition, all tubing eight inches and larger shall meet the standards of ASTM F667. All perforations in the tubing shall be free of tag ends.

Bent or damaged tubing shall not be used in the drainage system and shall be removed from the job site.

Pipe connections shall be made with fittings manufactured by the same manufacturer who made the pipe. All connections shall be securely fastened and the resulting connection shall not have gaps greater than 1/4 inch wide.

7.3 GRAVEL ENVELOPE:

Two materials are permissible for use as an envelope material.

Gravel envelope material may be volcanic rock. It shall be free of organic matter, clay, or other material which could decrease its hydraulic conductivity with time. One hundred percent of the material must pass the 1-1/2" clear square openings. Ninety to one hundred percent must pass through the 3/4" clear square openings. At least 50% must pass through the 3/8" clear square openings. No more than 15% may pass the #20 U.S. Standard Sieve. At least 8% must pass the #60 U.S. Standard Sieve. No more than 3% may pass the #200 U.S. Standard Sieve.

Gravel envelope material may also be a blend of clean hard sand and gravel. It shall be free of organic matter, clay, or other material that would decrease its hydraulic conductivity with time. The material shall be well graded. The coefficient of uniformity (D60/D10) must be greater than 4, and the coefficient of curvature $((D30^2)/(D10 \times D60))$ must be between 1 and 3. One hundred percent must pass the 1/2" clear square openings. No more than 5% may pass the #100 U.S. Standard Sieve. An example of this material would be 80% 3/8 crushed rock and 20% washed concrete sand.

It will be the responsibility of the Contractor to remove and dispose of all envelope material not used on the project.

A sample of the proposed gravel envelope material shall be provided to the Engineer for approval. Any material moved onto the job site which is deemed unacceptable by the Engineer shall be promptly removed from the site at no cost to the owner.

7.4 TRENCHING AND TUBING PLACEMENT:

The Contractor may use a backhoe/excavator for the placement of the tubing as dictated by soil conditions. The operator shall be skillful in laying the tubing. Grade control may be established by visual control with grade stakes set no more than 100 feet apart, or by laser control with grade stakes set no more than 200 feet apart.

Construction staking shall be provided by the Owner's Engineer. The slope, alignment, and depth of placement of the tubing shall be as shown on the Plans and as staked in the field.

A gradual variation of no more than 0.1 foot from grade will be allowed where slopes are 2% or less. Where slopes are greater than 2%, a gradual variation of no more than 0.2 foot from grade will be allowed. No reverse grade will be allowed. A gradual variation of no more than 1 foot from design alignment is allowed.

For perforated drains, the envelope must be at least 3 inches thick on all sides of the pipe. The loader operator shall avoid scooping up soil or other debris with the envelope material while loading the hopper on the trencher or plow and while placing the envelope material in trenches excavated by backhoe.

Rocks or clods shall not be allowed to fall upon or otherwise strike the tubing during any phase of construction.

Stretching of the tubing should be avoided during installation. No more than 10% stretch will be allowed.

SECTION 8 - DROP INLET WITH DIVERSION

8.1 GENERAL:

A drop inlet shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor in the location shown on the plans and as staked in the field by the Engineer, according to Detail 4, Sheet 3. A grate shall be installed over the top of each drop inlet. A diversion shall be constructed along the fence line to divert offsite surface runoff to the inlet.

8.2 MATERIALS:

The drop inlet riser shall be galvanized, 14 gauge corrugated metal pipe (CMP) of the diameter shown on the Site Plan.

An Agri-Drain "Bar Guard" grate or equal shall be installed on the inlet riser

Concrete for the bottom of the inlet shall be Portland Cement concrete, 2000-psi minimum compressive strength.

8.3 INSTALLATION:

The drop inlet shall be constructed as shown in Detail 4, Sheet 3 and as staked in the field by the Engineer. All pipe connections shall be mortared in place to form a watertight seal. Backfill around the inlet shall be compacted sufficiently by hand or water-jetted such that excessive settlement does not occur.

The diversion shall be constructed to the extents as staked in the field by the Engineer. - Vegetation shall be removed and the area shall be scarified around the inlet and the diversion. Fill material shall be moisture conditioned as necessary and compacted to 90% relative compaction per ASTM D1557. The side slopes of the diversion shall be 2:1 (Horizontal:Vertical) as shown on Detail 4, Sheet 3. The diversion shall be a minimum of 1 foot in height.

SECTION 9 - TEMPORARY MEASURES

9.1 GENERAL:

Temporary erosion control measures shall be constructed by the Owner. These measures can

include straw wattles and other practices as needed. The measures shall be constructed in conformance with the detail drawings and maintained in a functional condition throughout the rainy season.

SECTION 10 - MAINTENANCE

10.1 GENERAL:

The erosion control measures described in these specifications and shown on the plans and details require regular maintenance in order to function as intended. Vineyard management personnel shall assure that the erosion control measures are monitored throughout the rainy season each year and necessary repairs and/or maintenance are performed immediately. Maintenance operations shall include, but not be limited to the following activities.

10.2 STRAW WATTLES:

Straw wattles shall be installed where indicated on Sheet 1 and as directed in the field by the engineer. Installation shall take place prior to September 1 of the year of construction.

10.3 DIVERSION DITCH:

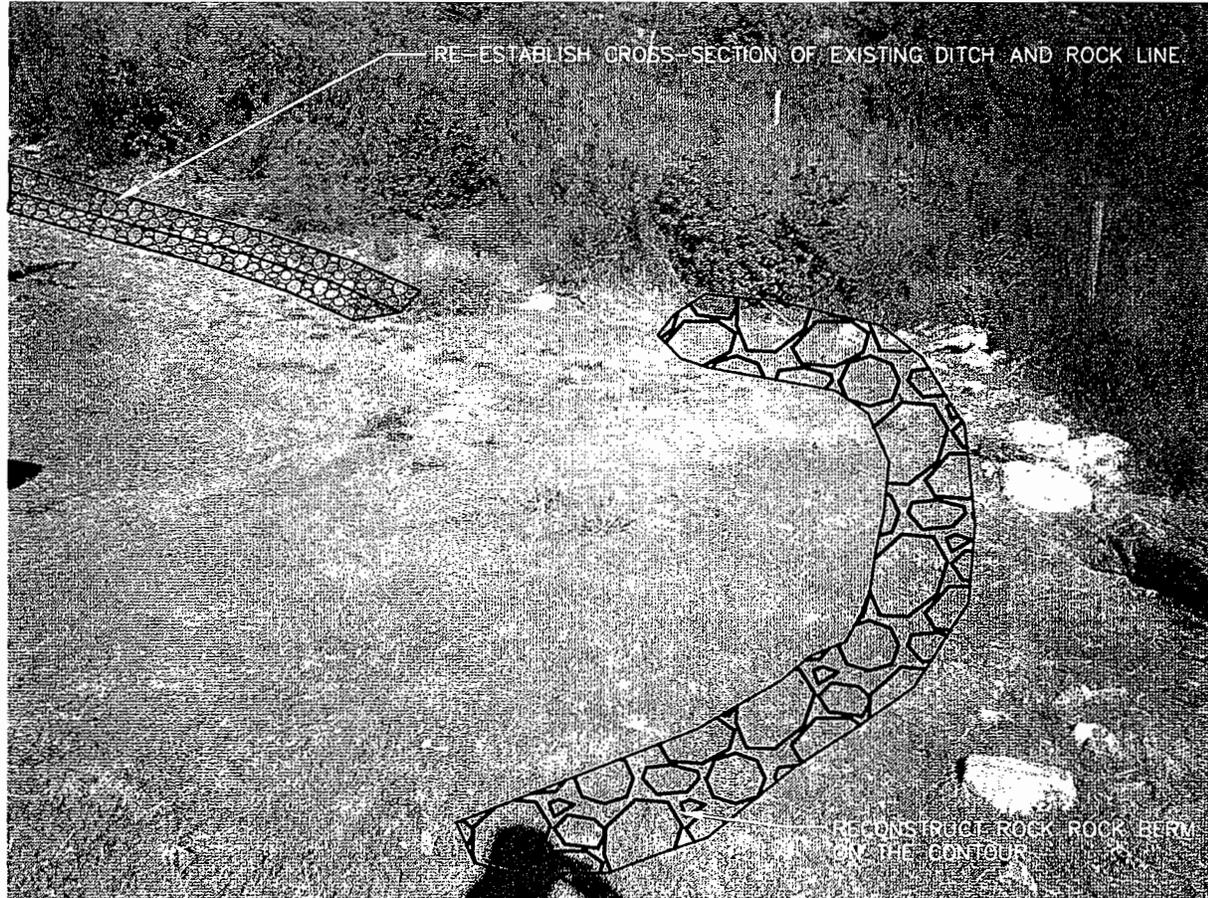
An existing diversion ditch runs along the lower portion of Block E3 as shown on page SP-7. The cross-section of the ditch needs to be re-established to adequately divert surface runoff to a controlled outlet. The ditch shall be monitored periodically to assure the ditch is free of debris.

10.4 ROCK BERM:

The existing ditch below Block E3 outlets onto a flat grass covered rock area. The rock berm in this area shall be reconstructed as shown on page SP-7 to dissipate energy and to spread water evenly over the ground surface. The berm shall be inspected periodically to assure that its cross-section is maintained.

10.5 VINEYARD AVENUES:

Upon plan approval, a maintenance program will be implemented for graveling avenues that may be eroding and/or delivering sediment into the stream channel network. Locations, specifications, and timelines for this work will be developed in conjunction with project specialists and Napa County Resource Conservation District personnel prior to start of construction.



APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

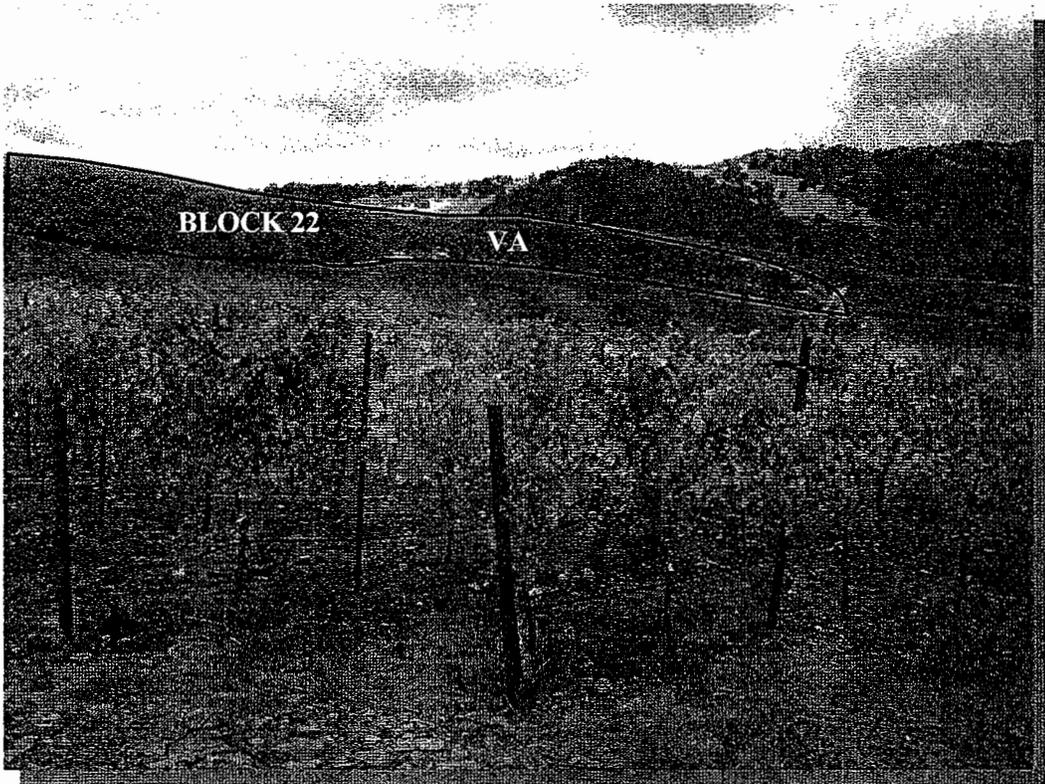


Photo 1

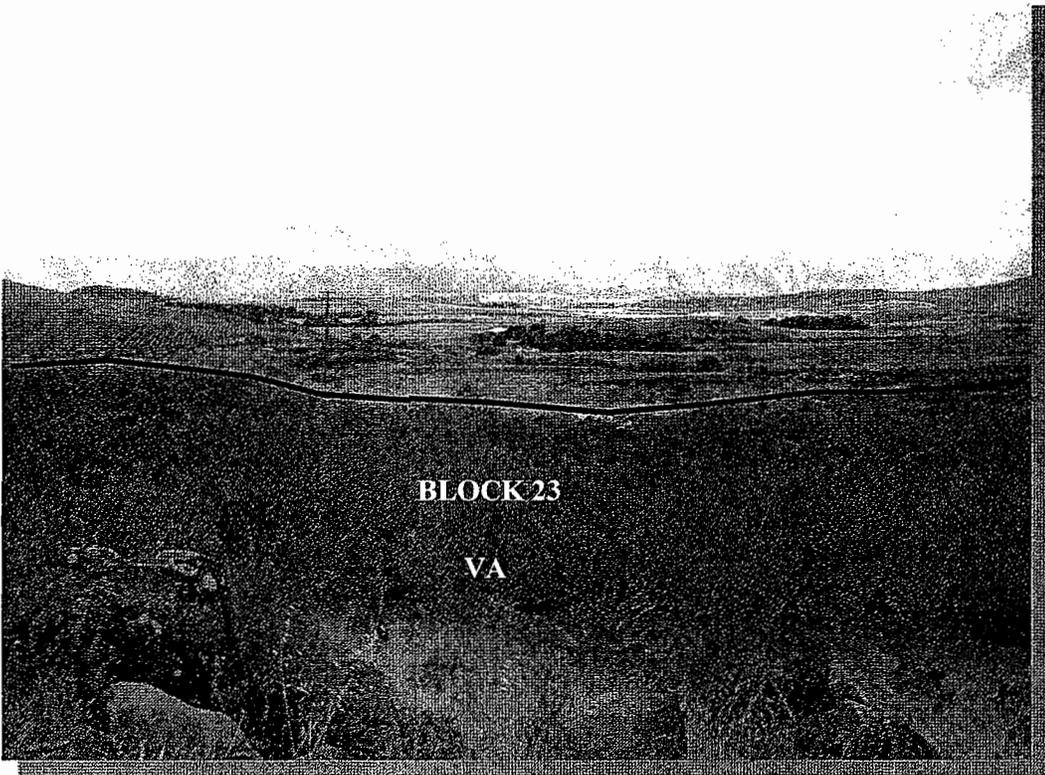


Photo 2

VA – Vineyard Development Area

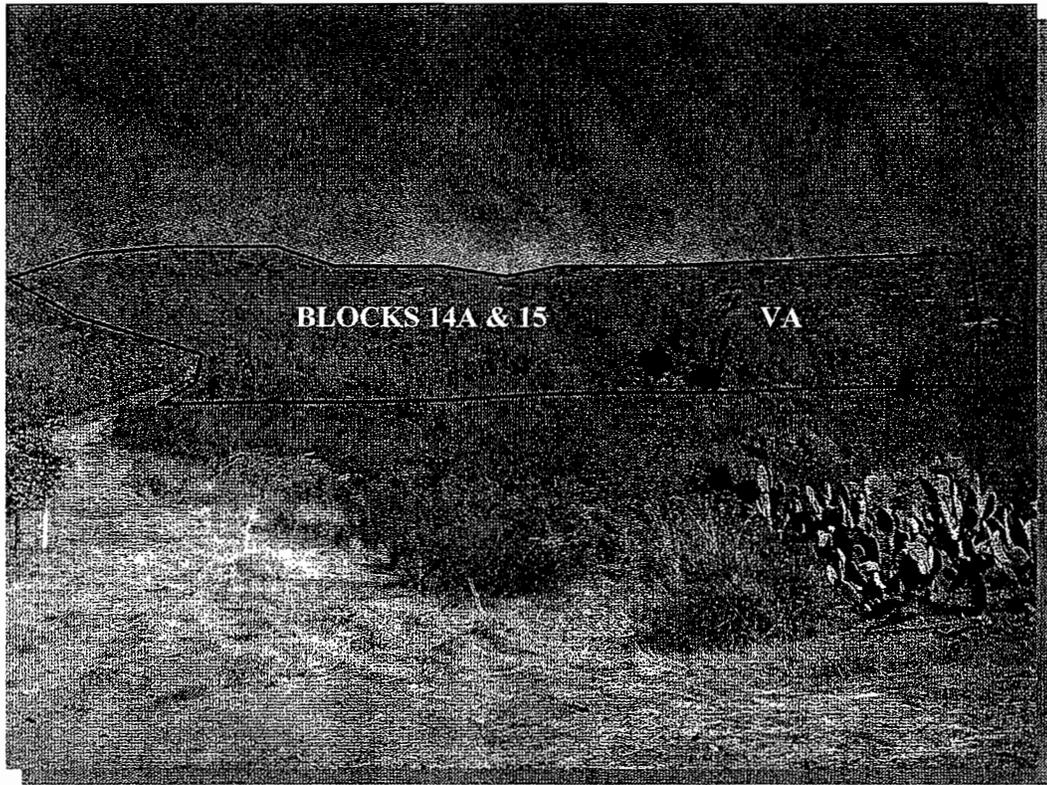


Photo 3

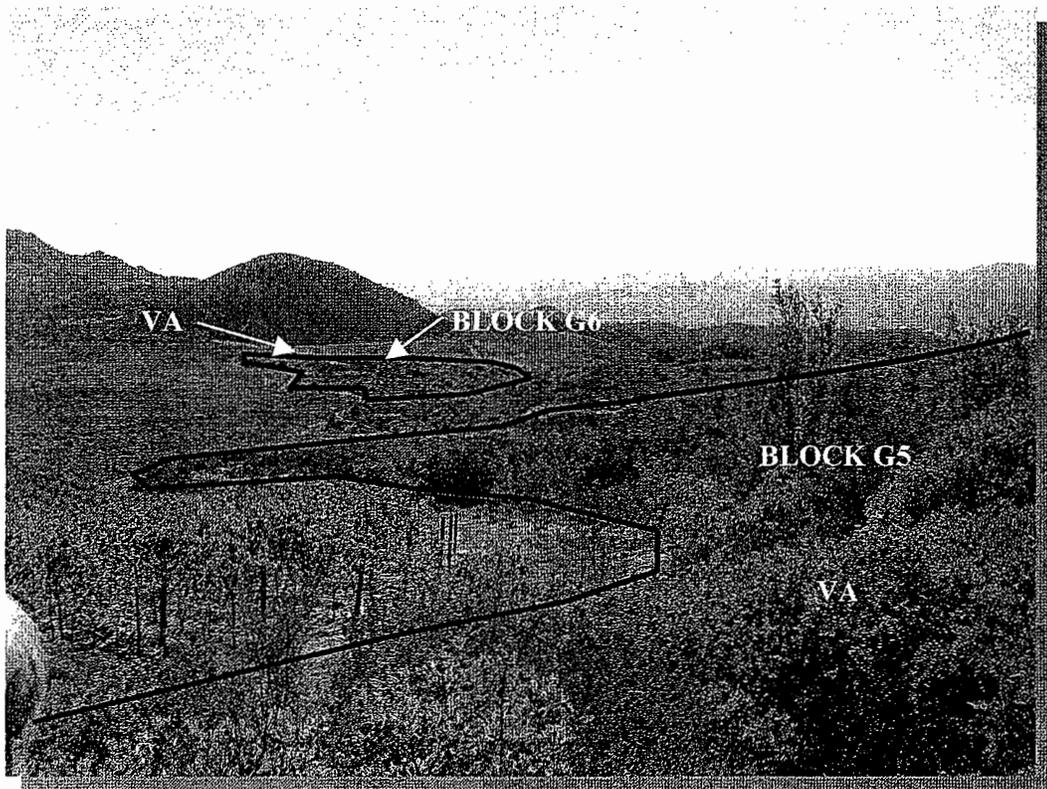


Photo 4

VA – Vineyard Development Area

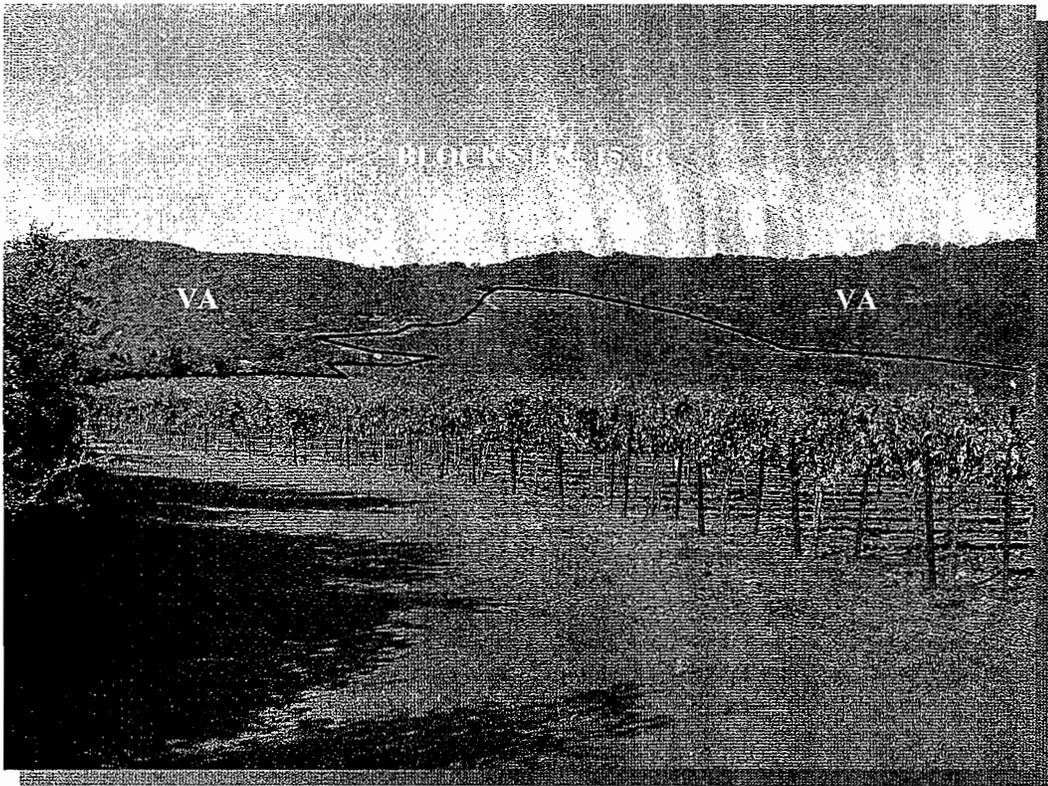


Photo 5

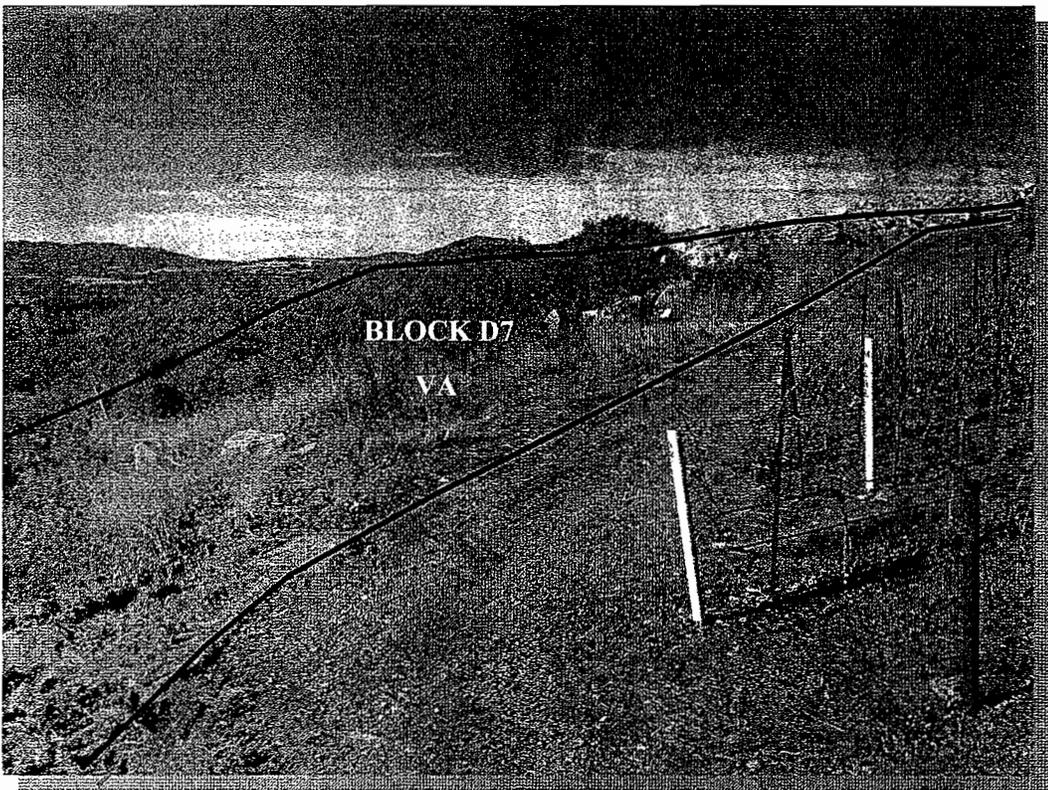


Photo 6

VA – Vineyard Development Area

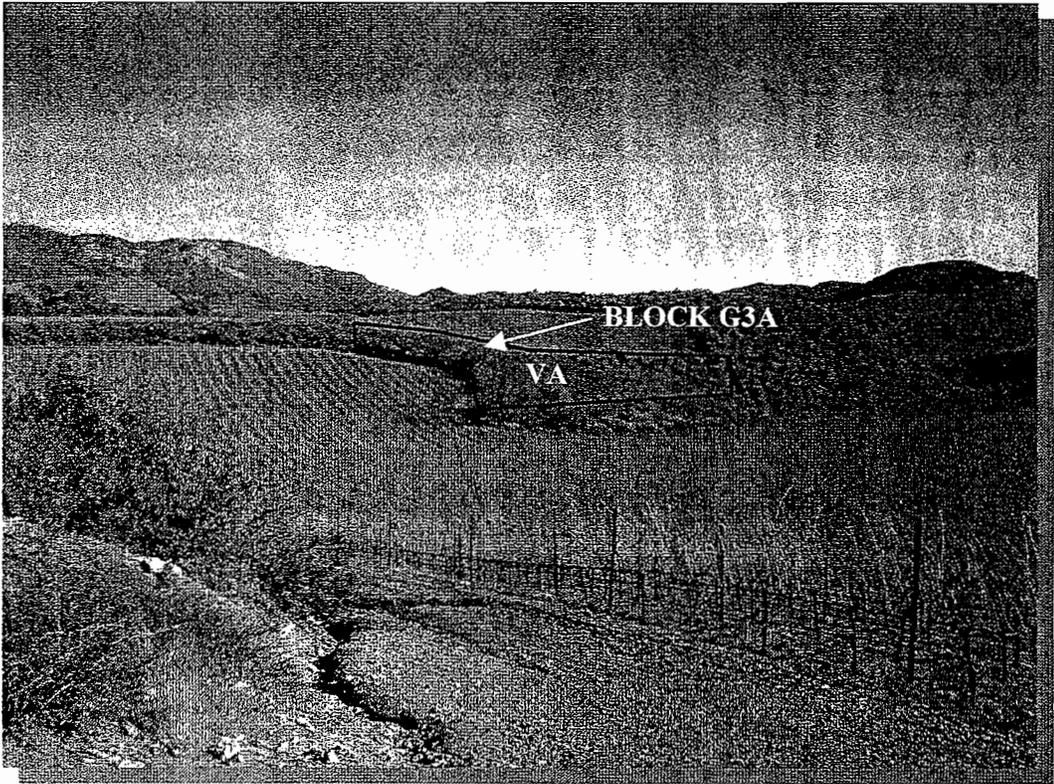


Photo 7

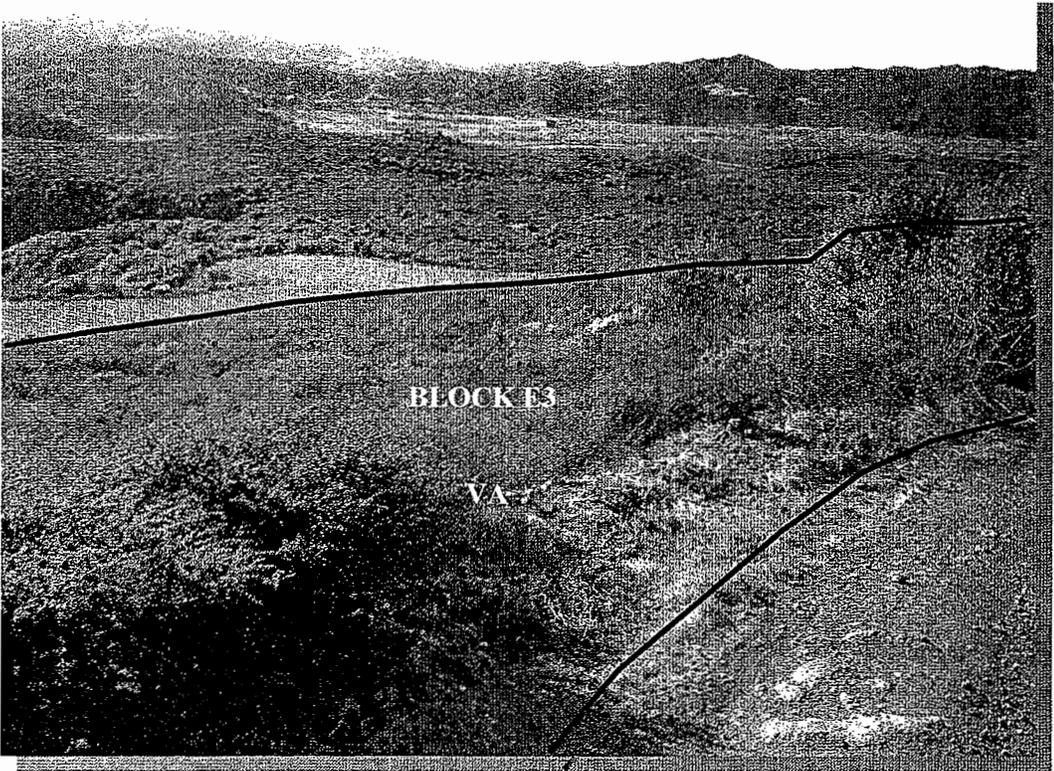


Photo 8

VA – Vineyard Development Area

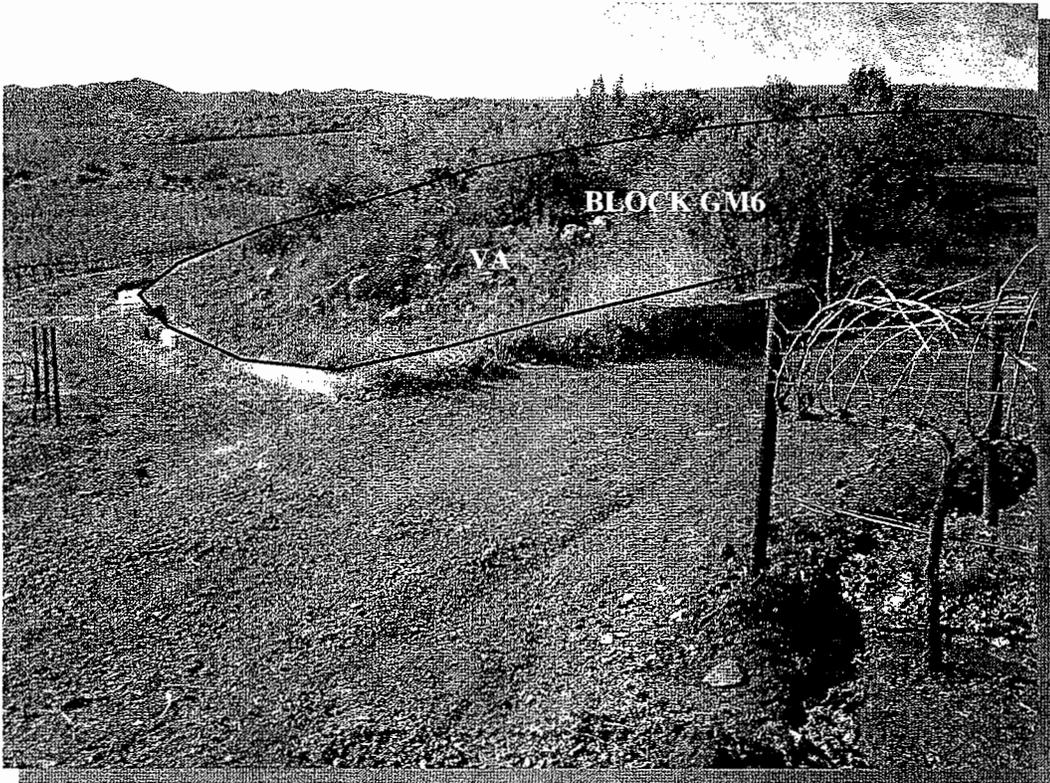


Photo 9

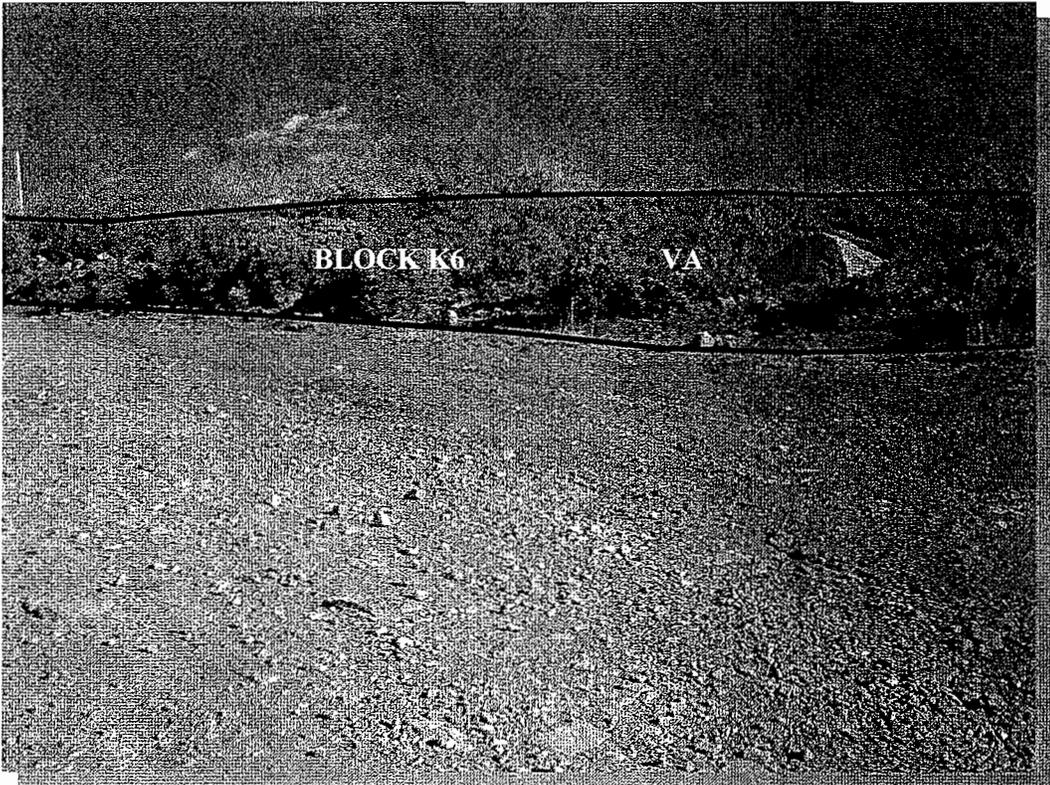


Photo 10

VA – Vineyard Development Area

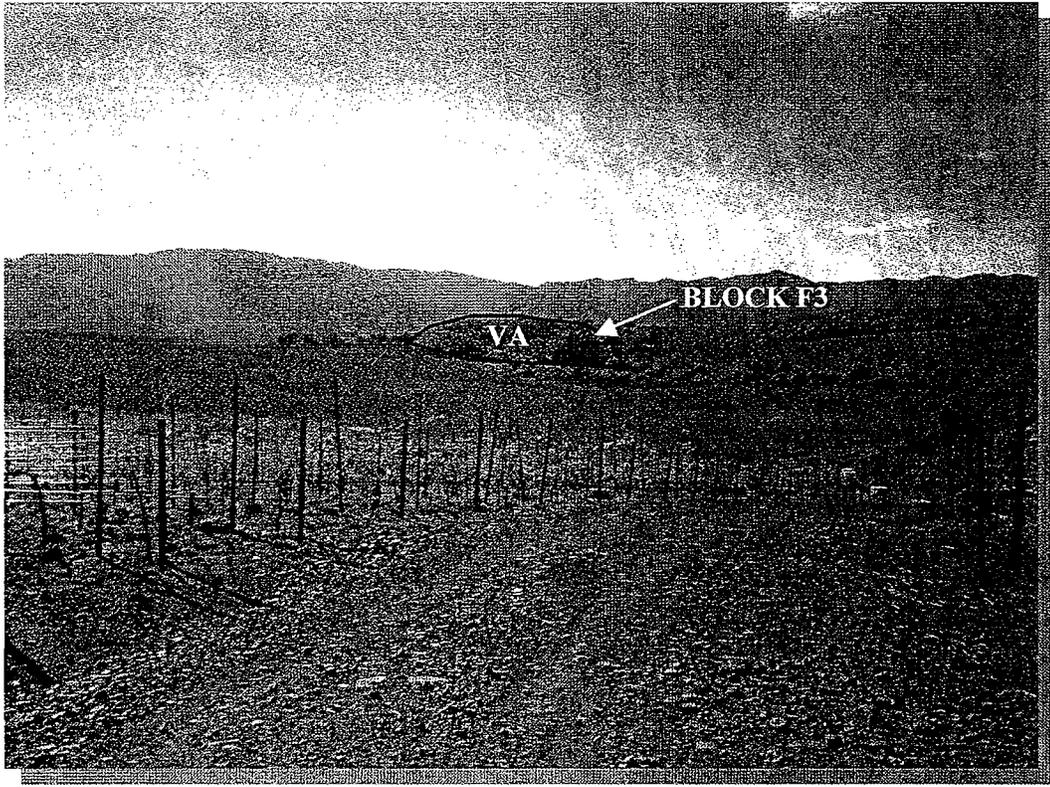


Photo 11

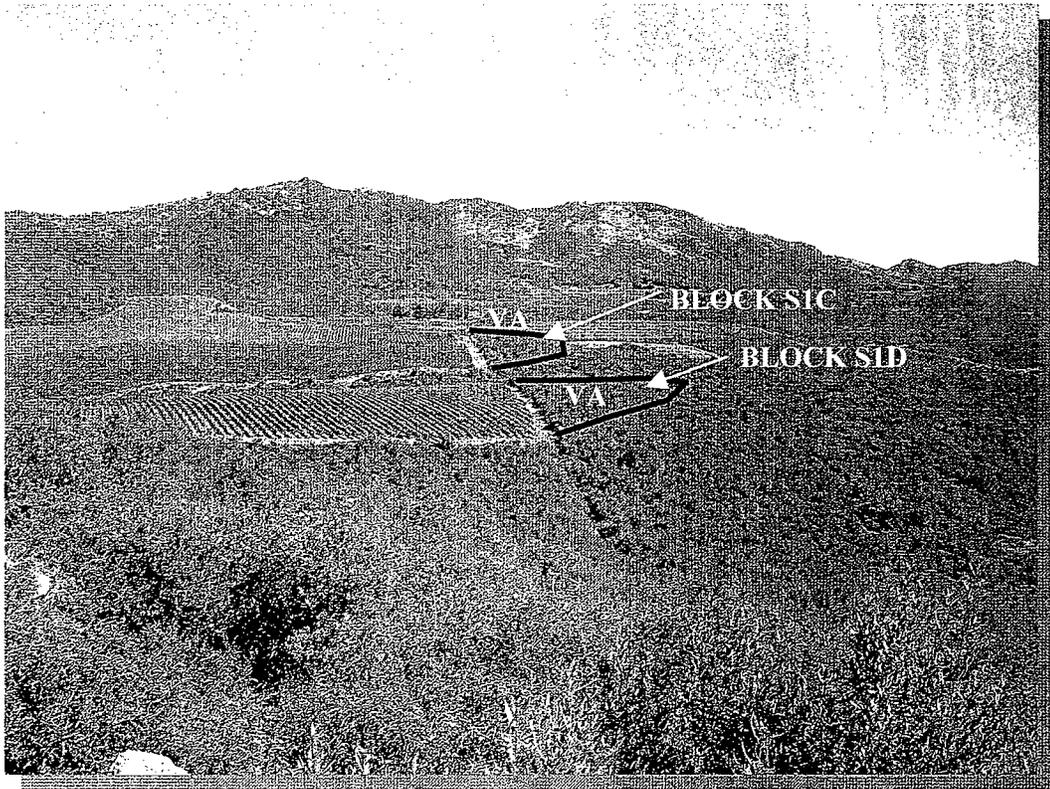


Photo 12

VA – Vineyard Development Area

Supplemental Environmental Information

1. Stagecoach Vineyards and Oakville Heights by Jan Russell Krupp their General Partner.
3265 Soda Canyon Road 707-259-1198
2. 3595 Soda Canyon Road
3. 032-030-010-,059, 060, 061, 062 & 032-0-540—001.
4. Erosion Control Plan for new vineyard acres
5. No other related permits required
6. Agricultural Watershed
7. Vineyard , No other projects planned on these parcels.
8. Parcel sizes: 174.87, 118.96, 193.01, 320.04, 128.02, 195.48
9. Project Size 107 acres
10. Beginning in April 2006 and concluding in August 2007
11. Preparing to plant the entire project in 2006. Planting approximately 40% in 06 and 60% in 07.
12. No grading permits, use permits, variances or zoning changes will be required.
13. No other related permits or involvement by other agencies are anticipated

Environmental Setting

22. The project site is defined by chaparral type vegetation, gently sloping to almost flat pieces. The soil is Guenoc and Hambrecht and in its current state is moderately erosive. Coyotes, bobcats, raptors, quail, raccoons, snakes, and lizards cross between the site and nearby vineyards easily. There are no wetlands on the site although several small streams flow between December and April. Areas adjacent to these seasonal streams are not distinctively riparian, but rather are more similar to the surrounding brush. Two forest fires have swept the site in the 60's and 80's. Currently there is a manager's home, a shop, and three generator sheds on these parcels that have been developed along with existing vineyards. The existing adjacent vineyards with their luxurious cover crop are not as erosive as the soil covered by native vegetation.

23. The surrounding properties contain small and medium size vineyards as well as undisturbed brush. There is one house within a quarter mile of one of the parcels covered by this plan. This house is surrounded by vineyard. Birds animals and reptiles are similar but not identical in the surrounding areas. There are a few deer outside of the current deer fence.

Attachment A

SUPPLEMENTAL PROJECT INFORMATION

File #: P06-0042 Owner: STAGECOACH VINEYARD/OAKVILLE HEIGHTS Parcel #: 032-030-010, 059, 060, 061, 062, 032-540-001

Vineyard Development Area Specifics

- | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|
| 1. Size of Area Disturbed: | <u>107</u> | acres |
| 2. Size of Vineyard: | <u>107</u> | acres |
| 3. Acres of Vines: | <u>90</u> | acres |
| 4. Slopes of Area Disturbed: | <u>10% to 25%</u> | |
| 5. Amount of Total Acreage Equal to or Above 30% Slope: | <u>1.5</u> | acres |
| 6. Total Number of Trees Removed | <u>0</u> | trees |
| a) natives | <u> </u> | trees |
| b) non-natives | <u> </u> | trees |

Vineyard Development Schedule

1. **Pre-Planting Stage:**
(i.e. land clearing, ripping, installation of drainage system., vineyard staking, installation of irrigation system., installation and maintenance of permanent and temporary erosion control measures, planting of cover crop, straw mulching)
 Start Date: 4/15/2006 End Date: 8/30/2007 Duration: 17 months
 Temporary Cover Crop Planted yes No

2. **Planting Stage:**
(i.e. planting of vines, seeding permanent cover crop, apply straw mulch, maintenance of erosion control measures)
 Start Date: 5/15/2006 End Date: 8/30/2007 Duration: 16 months

3. **Operational Stage:**
(maintenance and adjustment as needed of permanent erosion control practices, implementation of annual vineyard and erosion control measures, commencement of annual harvests)
 Start Date: 8/1/2006

Vineyard Operations Information

1. **Farming Equipment:**

<u> </u> Track-laying	Percent of Use <u> </u> %	
<u> X </u> Rubber-tired	Percent of Use <u>50%</u>	
<u> X </u> ATV	Percent of Use <u>10%</u>	
<u> X </u> Hand/Manual	Percent of Use <u>40%</u>	
<u> </u> Other (describe) <u> </u>	Percent of Use	

2. **Annual Pruning:**
 Time of Year: January-march Number of days: 90 Number of Workers: 14

3. **Annual Sulfuring:**
 Time of Year: May- June Estimated applications/year: 5

4. **Weed Control:**

	<u>Under Vines</u>	<u>Between Rows</u>
Type of control		<u>Mowing</u>
Method of application	<u>strip spray</u>	
Months:	<u>Jan-march</u>	<u>April- June</u>
Applications/year:	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>
Number of Workers:	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

5. **Harvest (Crush):**
 Length 20 days Number of Workers: 13

6. **Frost Protection Method(s)**

<u>Hours of Operation</u>	<u>Frequency (times/year)</u>
---------------------------	-------------------------------

Return-stack heaters
 Sprinklers
 Misters
 Wind Machines 1 2 AM to 7 AM 6
 Late Pruning as needed
 Other

7. Rodent Protection Method(s):

rodenticides
 fencing
 raptors

8. Bird Protection Method(s):

<u>Time of Year</u> (months)	<u>Time of Day</u>	<u>Duration of Use</u> (days per year)
	All Year	

Raptor Perches

9. Proposed Nighttime Activities:

	<u>Time of Night</u>	<u>Duration of Use</u> (days per year)
night sulfur	9 PM to 7 AM	14

10. Irrigation Methods

Drip System

Other

11. Other Proposed Activities:

Traffic Characteristics Information

- Estimated size of grape trucks/truck & trailers to be used: ten tons
- Estimated truck trips per day:
- Estimated number of farmworkers/vehicle: 6 for crush 6 for pruning
- Lunch provided on-site for farmworkers: Bring own lunch
- Soda Canyon road is primary access
- Proposed secondary access, if any: _____

Itemized Fertilizer and Pesticide Information

	<u>Application Method</u> (broadcast, spray, drip system, etc)	<u>Application Amount</u> (per acre)	<u>Number of Applications per Year</u>	<u>Annual Amount Used</u> (per acre)	<u>Total Annual Amount Used Overall</u>
1. Fertilizers					
Ca Nitrate	drip	10 gallons	one	10	_____
Ammonium Phosphate	drip	5 gallons	two	10	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. Mildewcides					
sulfur	spray	6lbs	5	30	_____
elite	spray	4oz	one	4oz	_____
flint	spray	4oz	one	4oz	_____
3. Herbicides					

Roundup	spray	3qts	one	3	_____
Goal	spray	3 qts	one	3	_____
surflan	spray	2qts	one	2	_____

4. Rodenticides

Aluminum Phosphide	Hand	5 tablets	one	5	_____
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5. Other Chemicals

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

6. Proposed Storage, Mixing/Handling and Safety Measures:

Type of onsite chemical storage facility in use or proposed: Locked Metal container.

Location of current or potential area(s) used for the mixing agricultural chemicals and the description of the facilities present thereat: Concrete pad with safety for eyes and water on current vineyard

Location of current or proposed area designated for the cleaning and washing of chemical application equipment: Adjacent to the mixing Area

Water Source and Usage Information
** Use Attachment D to calculate information requested**

1. Current and/or Proposed Water Supply Source(s):

Agricultural Water Source(s) :

___ Well

Percent of Total
Agricultural Use:
100%

Residential and Non-Agricultural Water Source(s) :

Well

0

Percent of Total
Resid & Non-Ag
1%
_____%

2. Current and Future/Proposed Water Usage (acre-foot per year = AF/yr) :

	<u>Current Usage :</u>	<u>Future Usage :</u>
Vineyard & other Agricultural Uses:	226.5	287.25
Residential/Domestic Uses:	0.5	0.5
Other Uses:	0.3	0.3
Total Usage:	227.3	288.05

3. Allowable Groundwater Allotment:

565.19

Rock/Spoils/Debris Disposal Information

1. Use/Disposal of Rock Generated (brought to the surface during the vineyard preparation ripping and raking process):

Proposed Use/Disposal Method :

- ___ Road Base (crushed to aggregate size)
- ___ "Rock Mulch" (crushed to fist size and returned to fields)

<u>Percent of Total</u>	<u>Location</u>
30%	on site
_____%	___ on-site ___ off-site

<input type="checkbox"/> Decorative Rock	_____ %	_____ on-site	_____ off-site
<input type="checkbox"/> Fill (buried)	_____ %	_____ on-site	_____ off-site
<input type="checkbox"/> Stacked In Pile	70%	on site	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other	_____ %	_____ on-site	_____ off-site

2. Estimated Amount of Cut & Fill: _____ cubic yards (total)
 _____ cubic yards (cut) _____ cubic yards(fill)

3. If rock/spoils material is to be disposed of off-site, where, what for and how much:

<u>Location of Disposal Site</u>	<u>Use of Material</u>	<u>Quantity</u>
_____	_____	_____ cubic yards
_____	_____	_____ cubic yards
_____	_____	_____ cubic yards

4. Debris Disposal (Location & Method):

Burning _____ Off-site _____

Related Permits

1. Please indicate any other related or required permits associated with the proposed conversion plan:

County:

Grading: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Groundwater/Well Permit: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Building: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Use Permit: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Structural ECP: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Variance: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Sewage Disposal: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Other Not Listed: _____

State Dept of Forestry:

Timber Harvest Plan: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Timber Conversion Permit: Yes _____ No _____ acres
Timber Conversion Exemption: Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	_____ acres

State Dept of Fish & Game:

Streambed Alteration Permit: Yes _____ No X

State Division of Water Rights:

Appropriate Water Rights Permit: Yes _____ No X

State Environmental Protection Agency:

Chemical Application Permit(s): Yes X No _____

Other State & Federal Permits (please list):

2. Consultation with, or letter of agreement from:

<u>Regional Water Quality Control Brd:</u>	Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
<u>National Marine Fisheries Service/NOAA:</u>	Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
<u>Army Corps of Engineers:</u>	Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
<u>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service:</u>	Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

Attachment D

PHASE I WATER AVAILABILITY ANALYSIS

File #: PO16-0042 Owner: Stagecoach/Oakville Heights Parcel
Parcel #s: 032-030-010, 059, 060, 061, 062, 032-540-001

This form is intended to help those who must prepare a Phase I Water Availability Analysis. **The Department will not accept an analysis that is not on this form.**

BACKGROUND: A Phase I Water Availability Analysis is done in order to determine what changes in water use will occur on a property as a result of the a conversion. Staff uses this information to determine whether the project may have a detrimental effect on groundwater levels. If it may, additional information will be required. You will be advised if additional information is needed.

PERSONS QUALIFIED TO PREPARE: Any person that can provide the needed information

PROCEDURE:

STEP 1: Prepare and attach to this form an 8-1/2"x11" site plan of your parcel(s) with the locations of all structures, gardens, vineyards, etc in which well water will be used shown

STEP 2: Determine the allowable groundwater use allotment for your parcel(s).

Total size of parcel(s)	<u>1130.38</u>	acre(s)
Multiply by parcel location factor	x <u>0.5</u>	acre-foot per acre per year (see back)
Allowable groundwater allotment	= <u>565.19</u>	acre-foot per year

STEP 3: Determine the estimated water use for all vineyards on your parcel(s) currently and after the planned conversion; actual water usage figures may be substituted for the current usage estimate (please indicate if this is done). Estimate future use for both the vineyard establishment period and thereafter

Current Usage:

Number of <u>planted</u> acres	<u>492</u>	acres
Multiply by number of vines/acre	x <u>1000</u>	vines per acre
Multiply by gallons/vine/year	x <u>150</u>	gallons of water per vine per year
Divide by 325,821 gallons/af irrigation	= <u>226.5</u>	af of water per yr used for vineyard

Future Usage:

Number of <u>planted</u> acres	<u>91</u>	acres
Multiply by number of vines/acre	x <u>1450</u>	vines per acre
Multiply by gallons/vine/year (long-term)	x <u>150</u>	gallons of water per vine per year (long-term)
	<u>200</u>	gallons of water per vine per year (establish)
Divide by 325,821 gallons/af	= <u>60.75</u>	af of water per yr used (vineyard long-term)
	<u>81</u>	af of water per yr used (vineyard establish)

STEP 4: Using the guidelines on the next page, actual water usage figures, and/or detailed water use projections, tabulate the existing and projected future water usage on the parcel(s) in acre-foot per year (af/yr) {1 af = 325,821 gallons}.

Existing Usage:

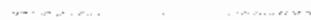
Residential	<u>0.5</u>	af/yr
Farm Labor Dwelling	<u> </u>	af/yr
Winery	<u> </u>	af/yr
Commercial	<u>0.3</u>	af/yr
Vineyard (long-term)	<u>60.75</u>	af/yr

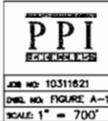
Future Usage:

Residential	<u>0.5</u>	af/yr
Farm Labor Dwelling	<u> </u>	af/yr
Winery	<u> </u>	af/yr
Commercial	<u> </u>	af/yr
Vineyard (long-term)	<u>226.5</u>	af/yr



LEGEND

-  PROPOSED VINEYARD AREA
-  BLUE LINE STREAM
-  PHOTO LOCATION NUMBER



STAGECOACH VINEYARDS			
EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
PHOTO LOCATION MAP			
JOB NO. 10311621	DESIGN ENGINEER	DATE 1-7-06	SHEET 1
DRAW. NO. FIGURE A-1			OF 1
SCALE: 1" = 700'			

GENERAL NOTE

- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR BEING FAMILIAR WITH THE PROVISIONS AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN PROJECT SPECIFICATION. CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A COPY AVAILABLE AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL REQUEST INSPECTIONS A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS IN ADVANCE BY CALLING (707) 257-9520, 8:00 A.M. TO 9:00 A.M., MONDAY - FRIDAY.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL PUBLIC OR PRIVATE UTILITY COMPANIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ADJACENT TO EXISTING UTILITY LINES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (U.S.A.) AT (800) 642-2444.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE VERIFICATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES IN THE FIELD. LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES AND UNDERGROUND FACILITIES SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN SUFFICIENT BARRICADES TO PROVIDE FOR SAFETY OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC.
- ALL MATERIAL SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFORM TO EXISTING STREETS, SURROUNDING LANDSCAPE AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS WITH A SMOOTH TRANSITION IN PAVING, CURBS, GUTTERS, SIDEWALKS, GRADING, ETC., AND TO AVOID ANY ABRUPT OR APPARENT CHANGES IN GRADE OR CROSS-SLOPES, LOW SPOTS OR HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL NECESSARY UTILITY RELOCATIONS, IF REQUIRED, WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANIES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT ALL GRADING OPERATIONS IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PRECLUDE WIND BLOWN DIRT AND DUST AND RELATED DAMAGE TO NEIGHBORING PROPERTIES. SUFFICIENT WATERING TO CONTROL DUST IS REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES. CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSUME LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS RELATED TO WIND BLOWN MATERIAL IF THE DUST CONTROL IS INADEQUATE AS DETERMINED BY THE PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR OR HIS DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONSTRUCTION WORK SHALL BE TERMINATED UNTIL CORRECTIVE MEASURES ARE TAKEN. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROPER EROSION CONTROL.
- ONE WEEK PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ANY NEW WATER, STORM DRAIN AND SEWER LINES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXPOSE EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES AT POINTS WHERE CROSSINGS OF THE EXISTING AND NEW UTILITY LINES OCCUR, FOR THE ENGINEER TO REVIEW AND RESOLVE ANY GRADE CONFLICTS.
- IN ORDER TO COMPLETE THIS PROJECT, ELECTRIC AND GAS LINES AND SERVICES, ETC. MAY BE INSTALLED BY OTHERS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE INSTALLATION OF THESE FACILITIES WITH P.G.&E., AND COOPERATE FULLY IN THE EXECUTION OF THIS WORK CONCURRENTLY WITH THE PROGRESS OF THE REST OF THE WORK.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS OF REPAIRING ANY INJURIES OR DAMAGE TO EXISTING UTILITIES CAUSED BY HIM.
- PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SECURE CONSTRUCTION PERMITS AS NECESSARY AND PAY ALL FEES INCLUDING INSPECTION FEES THEREFOR.
- CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FROM SUCH LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR THE ENGINEER.
- DUE TO THE HEAVY BRUSH COVER ON THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, VERIFICATION OF EVERY TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE PRIOR TO CLEARING IS NOT POSSIBLE. THEREFORE, CERTAIN MODIFICATIONS TO THIS PLAN MAY BE REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO ACCOMMODATE CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED DURING CLEARING OPERATIONS. ALL MODIFICATIONS TO THIS PLAN SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE NAPA COUNTY ROAD, AND IF REQUIRED, THE NAPA COUNTY CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL HANDLE AND DISPOSE OF ALL TOXIC, CONTAMINATED AND ASBESTOS MATERIALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRESCRIBED LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- ABANDON ANY EXISTING WELL AND/OR SEPTIC TANK PER HEALTH DEPARTMENT STANDARDS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF BURIED PIPE FROM CONSTRUCTION LOADS.
- A DEPARTMENT OF FISH & GAME STREAM ALTERATION PERMIT SHALL BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK IN THE EXISTING "BLUELINE" STREAM SHOWN.

TREE PRESERVATION NOTES

- PLACE BARRICADES AROUND TREES THAT PROTECT THE AREA BENEATH THE FOLIAGE. CROWN DRIFLINE AGAINST ENCROACHMENT.
- PLACE A THICK LAYER OF MULCH BENEATH THE TREES AFTER NECESSARY GRADING AROUND THEM TO REDUCE THE EFFECTS OF COMPACTION AND HOLD MOISTURE IN THE SOIL.
- AVOID TRENCHING BENEATH DRIFLINES.
- AVOID EXCESSIVE CUTTING OR FILLING. SHOULD IT BE NECESSARY, COMPENSATE WITH PROSCRIBED REMEDIAL MEASURES AND PRUNING.
- FERTILIZE TREES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED TO COMPENSATE FOR IMPACT OF CONSTRUCTION AND TO PROMOTE REGROWTH.
- SOIL VENT WITH AUGER HOLES WHERE FILLING HAS OCCURRED.
- MONITOR FOR HEALTH CHANGES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED.

HYDROSEEDING

GROUND COVER TREATMENT SHALL CONSIST OF HYDROSEEDING OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS. THE HYDROSEED MIX SHALL BE AS DESCRIBED BELOW:

A. SEED:
SEED MIX SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 28 LBS./ACRE AND SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING:

CRIMSON CLOVER	8 LBS./ACRE
ZORRO FESCUE	12 LBS./ACRE
BAHO FESCUE	8 LBS./ACRE

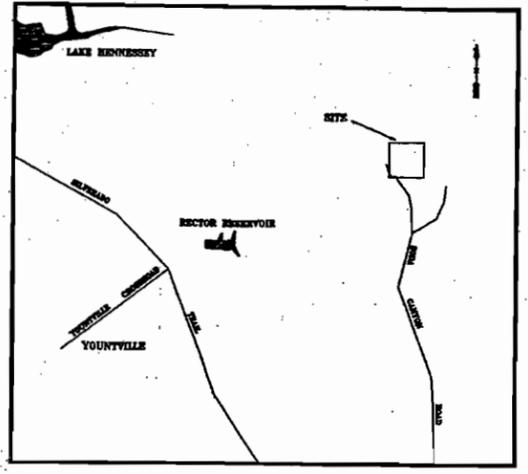
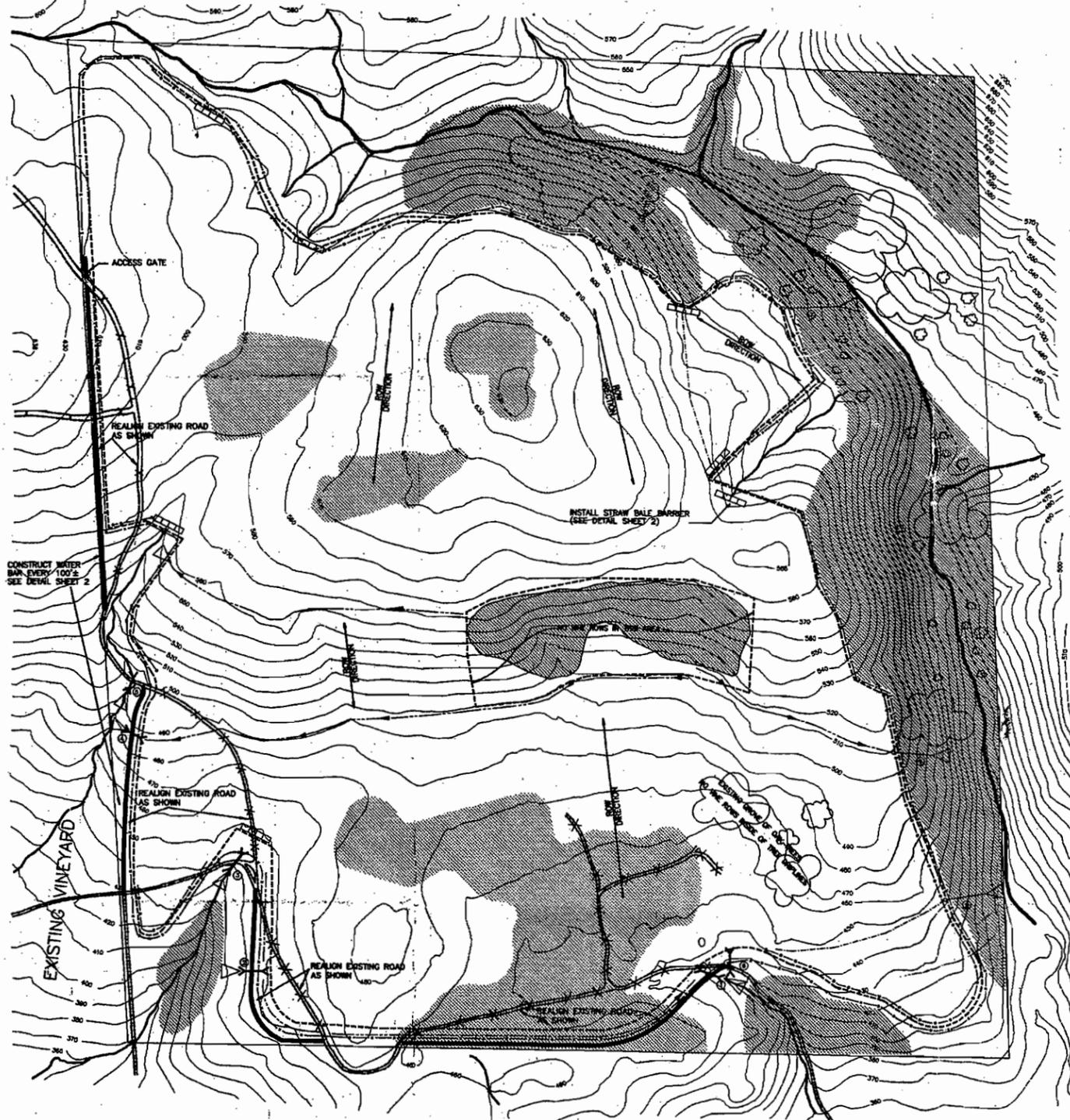
B. MULCH:
MULCH MATERIAL SHALL BE CLEAN, NATURAL WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER OR STRAW APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 3,000 LBS./ACRE. "NATURAL WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER SHALL BE PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL CONTAIN NO GROWTH OR GERMINATION INHIBITING FACTORS AND SHALL BE DIED GREEN TO FACILITATE METERING OF MATERIALS. IT SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT AFTER EACH ADDITION AND AGITATION IN SLURRY TANKS WITH FERTILIZER, SEED, WATER, AND OTHER APPROVED ADDITIVES, THE FIBERS IN THE MATERIAL WILL BECOME UNIFORMLY SUSPENDED TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. WHEN HYDRAULICALLY SPRAYED ON THE GROUND, SHALL COVER UNIFORMLY AND AFTER APPLICATION WILL ALLOW THE ABSORPTION OF MOISTURE AND RAINFALL TO PERCOLATE TO THE UNDERLYING SOIL.

C. FERTILIZER:
FERTILIZER SHALL BE EQUAL TO "BLUE CHIP 16-20-0" APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 200 LBS./ACRE.

D. WETTING AGENT:
WETTING AGENT SHALL BE 95% ALKYL POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHER AS "COMMERCIAL WATER IN" OR EQUAL APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 2 QUARTS PER ACRE.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR NOTE: Construction contractor agrees that in accordance with generally accepted construction practices, construction contractor will be required to assume sole and complete responsibility for job site conditions during the course of construction of the project, including safety of all persons and property, that this requirement shall be made to apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours, and construction contractor further agrees to defend, indemnify and hold design professional harmless from any and all liability, real or alleged, in connection with the performance of work on this project, excepting liability arising from the sole negligence of design professional.

UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES & USES: The engineer preparing these plans will not be responsible for, or liable for, unauthorized changes to or use of these plans. All changes to the plans must be in writing and must be approved by the preparer of these plans.



SITE SKETCH
NO SCALE

SCALE:
1" = 200'

GROUND SLOPE	SETBACK
<1%	35'
1%-5%	45'
5%-15%	55'
15%-30%	65'

- LEGEND**
- 0-5% SLOPES
 - 5-30% SLOPES
 - >30% SLOPES
 - NEW ROADS (OUTSLOPED, 12' WIDE)
 - EXISTING ROADS
 - EXISTING ROAD TO BE RELOCATED
 - FENCE LINE
 - V-DITCH, SLOPE=5% ± SEE DETAIL SHEET 2
 - VINEYARD LIMIT LINE
 - CULVERT, SEE TABLE FOR SIZE
 - ENERGY DISSIPATOR SEE DETAIL SHEET 2
 - SILT FENCE SEE DETAIL SHEET 2
 - STREAM BALE BARRIER SEE DETAIL SHEET 2
 - ENCLOSED VINEYARD AVENUE W/ DROP INLET SEE DETAIL SHEET 2
 - STREAM FLOWLINE
 - "BLUELINE" STREAM PER USGS QUAD MAP

CULVERTS TABLE

- 18" CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE (CPP) ADS N-12 OR EQUAL
- 12" CPP
- 12" CPP
- 18" CPP
- 12" CPP
- 12" CPP
- 12" CPP + DI (See Detail, Sheet 2)
- 12" CPP + DI (See Detail, Sheet 2)
- 12" CPP + DI (See Detail, Sheet 2)

EGP # 96586-ECPA
APPROVED
CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT, AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT
DATE: 6.10.97
BY: J. Barbano
Napa County
Resource Conservation District
Approval: [Signature]
Conditional Approval [Signature]
Plan # 96586-ECPA
by [Signature]

TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN BASED ON MAPPING PREPARED BY AMERICAN AERIAL SURVEYS, DATED SEPTEMBER, 1985

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NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD.	CHECKED

CHAUDHARY & ASSOCIATES, INC.
Engineers • Surveyors • Planners • Inspectors
3272 VILLA LANE
NAPA, CALIFORNIA 94558
Telephone: (707) 256-2729

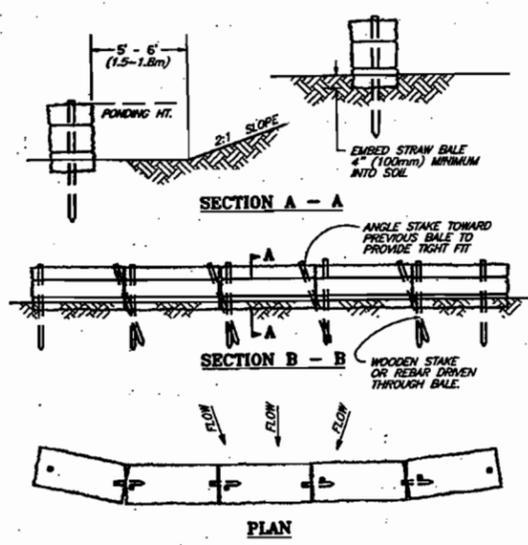
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
No. 54006
Exp. 1/31/97
CIVIL
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

PREPARED FOR:
KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP
3285 SODA CANYON ROAD
NAPA, CA 94558
TEL # (707) 259 1198

SCALE:
1" = 200'

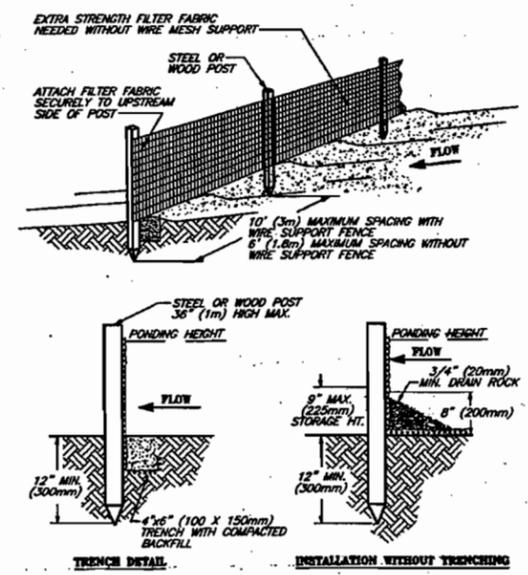
**STAGE COACH VINEYARDS
EROSION CONTROL PLAN**
A.P.N. 032-047-001
540
NAPA CALIFORNIA

DATE: MAY 30, 1997
SHEET 1
OF 2 SHEETS
FILE NO. 06-06-036



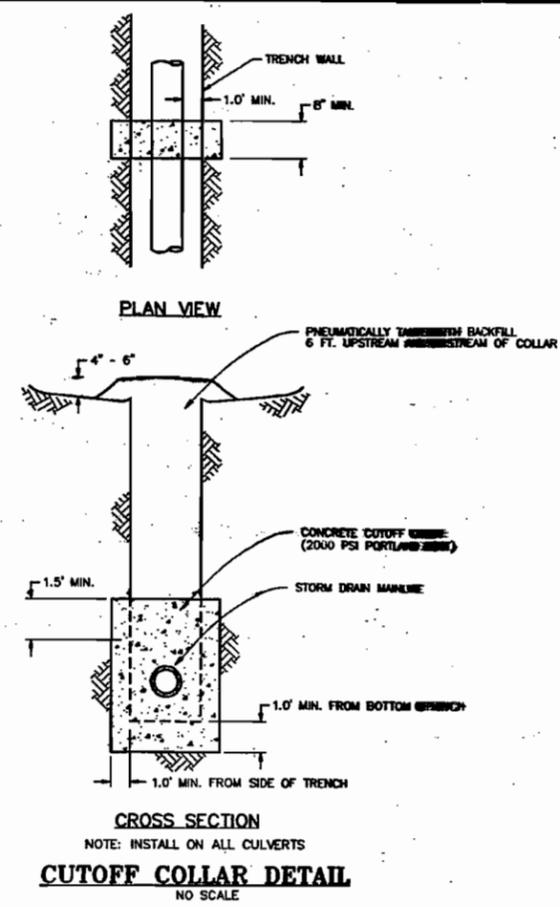
- NOTES:
1. THE STRAW BALES SHALL BE PLACED ON SLOPE CONTOUR.
 2. BALES TO BE PLACED IN A ROW WITH THE ENDS TIGHTLY ABUTTING.
 3. KEY IN BALES TO PREVENT EROSION OR FLOW UNDER BALES.

STRAW BALE BARRIER
NO SCALE

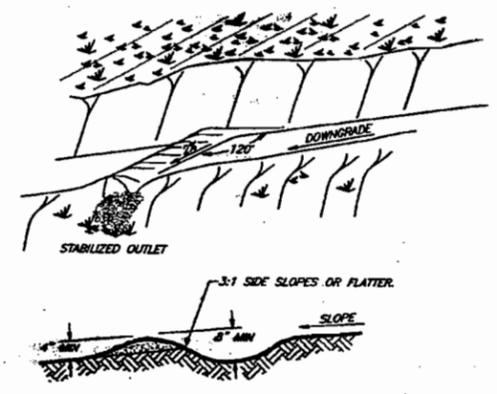


- NOTES:
1. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON SLOPE CONTOURS TO MAXIMIZE PONDING EFFICIENCY.
 2. INSPECT AND REPAIR FENCE AFTER EACH STORM EVENT AND REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN NECESSARY. 9" (225mm) MAXIMUM RECOMMENDED STORAGE HEIGHT.
 3. REMOVED SEDIMENT SHALL BE DEPOSITED TO AN AREA THAT WILL NOT CONTRIBUTE SEDIMENT OFF-SITE AND CAN BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

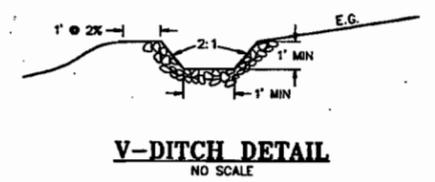
SILT FENCE INSTALLATION
NO SCALE



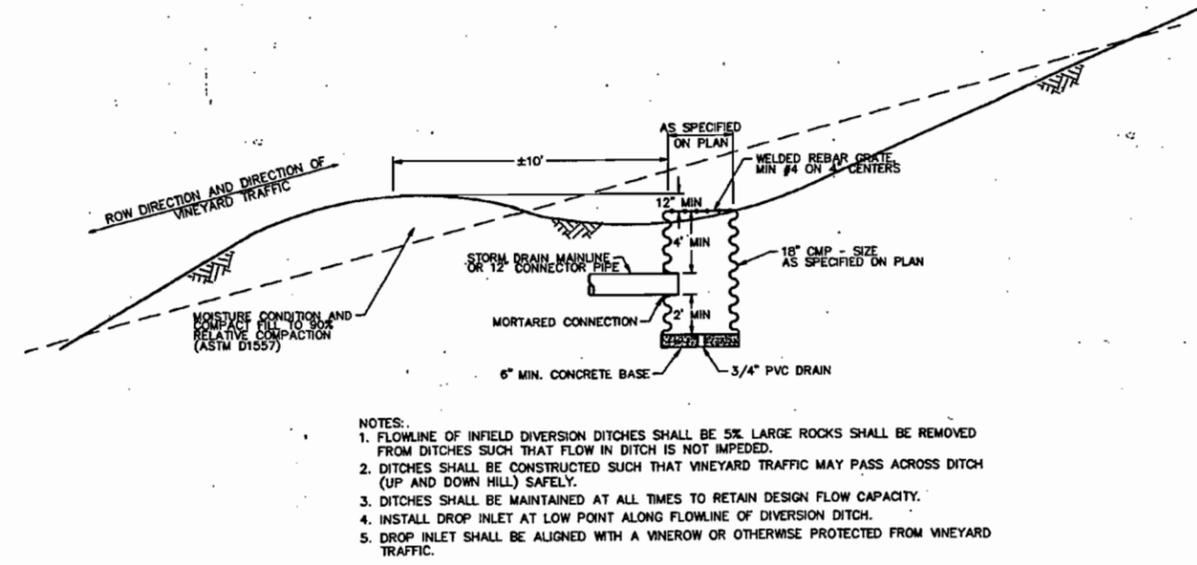
CUTOFF COLLAR DETAIL
NO SCALE



WATERBAR
NO SCALE

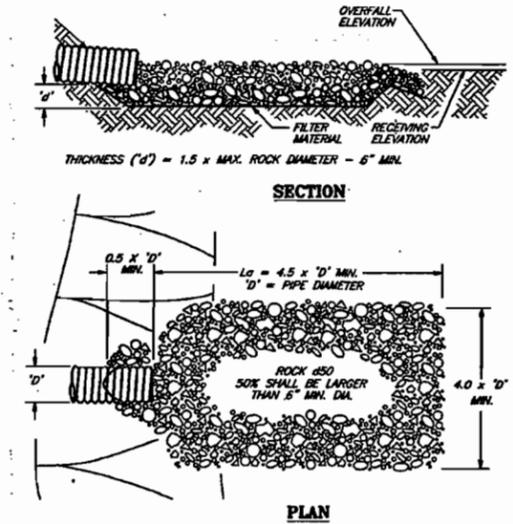


V-DITCH DETAIL
NO SCALE



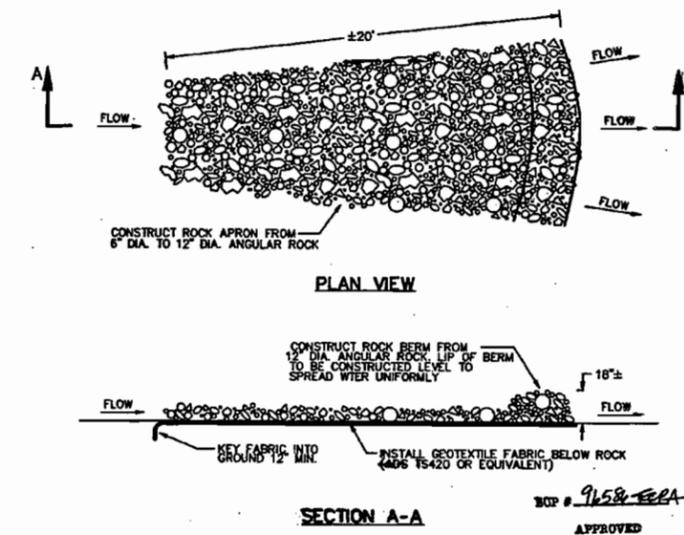
- NOTES:
1. FLOWLINE OF INFIELD DIVERSION DITCHES SHALL BE 5% LARGE ROCKS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM DITCHES SUCH THAT FLOW IN DITCH IS NOT IMPEDED.
 2. DITCHES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED SUCH THAT VINEYARD TRAFFIC MAY PASS ACROSS DITCH (UP AND DOWN HILL) SAFELY.
 3. DITCHES SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES TO RETAIN DESIGN FLOW CAPACITY.
 4. INSTALL DROP INLET AT LOW POINT ALONG FLOWLINE OF DIVERSION DITCH.
 5. DROP INLET SHALL BE ALIGNED WITH A VINEROW OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM VINEYARD TRAFFIC.

INSLOPED VINEYARD AVENUE W/ DROP INLET
NO SCALE



- NOTES:
1. 'L' = LENGTH OF APRON. DISTANCE 'L' SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO DISSIPATE ENERGY.
 2. APRON SHALL BE SET AT A ZERO GRADE AND ALIGNED STRAIGHT.
 3. FILTER MATERIAL SHALL BE FILTER FABRIC OR 6" (150mm) THICK MINIMUM GRADED GRAVEL LAYER.

CULVERT ENERGY DISSIPATOR
NO SCALE



FLOW ENERGY DISSIPATOR
NO SCALE

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR NOTE: Construction contractor agrees that in accordance with generally accepted construction practices, construction contractor will be required to assume sole and complete responsibility for job site conditions during the course of construction of the project, including safety of all persons and property, that this requirement shall be made to apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours, and construction contractor further agrees to defend, indemnify and hold design professional harmless from any and all liability, real or alleged, in connection with the performance of work on this project, excepting liability arising from the sole negligence of design professional.

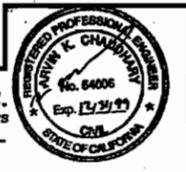
UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES & USES: The engineer preparing these plans will not be responsible for, or liable for, unauthorized changes to or uses of these plans. All changes to the plans must be in writing and must be approved by the preparer of these plans.

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NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APPD.	CHECKED

CHAUDHARY & ASSOCIATES, INC.
Engineers • Surveyors • Planners • Inspectors

8272 VILLA LANE
NAPA, CALIFORNIA 94558
Telephone: (707) 255-2729



PREPARED BY:
KRUPP FARMERSHIP
3265 SODA SPRING ROAD
NAPA, CA 94558
TEL: (707) 255-2729

SCALE:
NO SCALE

STAGE COACH VINEYARDS
DETAILS SHEET
APN 032-040-001
NAPA CALIFORNIA

DATE: MAY 30, 1997
SHEET: 2
OF 2 SHEETS
FILE NO: 96-006-NE

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APPENDIX B

VEGETATION RETENTION CALCULATIONS

**STAGECOACH VINEYARDS
 VINEYARD INFILL DEVELOPMENT
 JOB NUMBER 10311621**

Vegetation Retention Summary

Parcel Numbers: 032-030-010, 032-030-059, 060, 061, 062, 032-540-001

Total Area of Parcel(from AP map):	1130.38 Acres
Total Area of Tree Canopy Cover	21.9 Acres
Total Developed Area	557.28 Acres
Total Area of Reservoirs and Ponds	0 Acres
Total Area of Brush/Shrub/Grass without Canopy Cover ¹	551.2 Acres

Developable Area Remaining	107.8 Acres
Proposed Vineyard Development Area	106.8 Acres
Proposed Tree Canopy Cover to be Removed	0 Acres
Proposed Brush/Shrub/Grass without Canopy Cover to be removed ²	106.8 Acres

Percent Canopy Cover to be retained	100%
Percent Brush/Shrub/Grass without Canopy Cover to be Retained	40%

¹(Total Area) - (Total Area of Canopy Cover)-(Total Developed Area)-(Total Area of Reservoirs and Ponds)

²(Proposed Vineyard Development Area)-(Proposed Canopy Cover to be Removed)

**Stagecoach Vineyards
Vineyard Infill Development
Job # 10311621**

Vegetation Calculations Using 1993 Parcels

APN: 032-030-010

<u>Land Use</u>	<u>Approximate Area (Ac.)</u>
Total area	175
Existing Vineyard Area	103
Existing Tree Canopy	0
Existing Developed Area	2
Proposed Vineyard	12
Remaining brush	58
Brush remaining for development	-12

APN: 032-030-012

<u>Land Use</u>	<u>Approximate Area (Ac.)</u>
Total area	124
Existing Vineyard Area	33
Existing Tree Canopy	0
Existing Developed Area	1
Proposed Vineyard	8
Remaining brush	82
Brush remaining for development	33

**Stagecoach Vineyards
 Vineyard Infill Development
 Job # 10311621**

Vegetation Calculations Using 1993 Parcels

APN: 032-030-013

<u>Land Use</u>	<u>Approximate Area (Ac.)</u>
Total area	454
Existing Vineyard Area	297
Existing Tree Canopy	2
Existing Developed Area	8
Proposed Vineyard	45
Remaining brush	102
Brush remaining for development	-79

APN: 032-030-016

<u>Land Use</u>	<u>Approximate Area (Ac.)</u>
Total area	181
Existing Vineyard Area	0
Existing Tree Canopy	5
Existing Developed Area	0
Proposed Vineyard	24
Remaining brush	153
Brush remaining for development	82

**Stagecoach Vineyards
Vineyard Infill Development
Job # 10311621**

Vegetation Calculations Using 1993 Parcels

APN: 032-540-001

Land Use	Approximate Area (Ac.)
Total area	195
Existing Vineyard Area	109
Existing Tree Canopy	15
Existing Developed Area	4
Proposed Vineyard	17
Remaining brush	50
Brush remaining for development	-22

APPENDIX C

USLE CALCULATIONS

PPI Engineering
Napa County
Maximum Length of Slope

for a soil loss tolerance of 4 tons per acre.

NAME: Stagecoach Vineyards

DATE: 1/20/2006

Cover Type: PERMANENT COVER CROP

Soil Unit No. (100-182)---

143

-K= 0.32

Soil Name

GUENOC-ROCK OUTCROP

-R= 90

-T= 2

Percent Cover	60%			70%		
	C= 0.070 P= 1.0	C= 0.070 P= 0.60	C= 0.070 P= 0.50	C= 0.046 P= 1.0	C= 0.046 P= 0.60	C= 0.046 P= 0.50
2	207,340	1,138,092	2,089,848-	840,393	4,612,937	8,470,611
4	5,491	19,691	31,061	15,685	56,249	88,730
6	873	2,425	3,491	2,021	5,615	8,085
8	402	1,116	1,608	931	2,585	3,723
10	214	596	858	497	1,379	1,986
12	130	360	519	301	835	1,202
14	85	236	340	197	547	788
16	59	164	237	137	381	548
18	43	120	172	100	277	399
20	33	90	130	75	209	302
22	25	70	101	59	163	234
24	20	56	81	47	130	187
26	16	46	66	38	106	152
28	14	38	54	31	87	126
30	11	32	46	26	74	106
32	10	27	39	23	63	90
34	8	23	34	19	54	78
36	7	20	29	17	47	68
38	6	18	26	15	42	60
40	6	16	23	13	37	53
42	5	14	21	12	33	48
44	5	13	19	11	30	43
46	4	12	17	10	27	39
48	4	11	15	9	25	36
50	4	10	14	8	23	33

NOTES:

C=Cover and Management Factor

P=Practice Factor

PPI Engineering
 Napa County
 Maximum Length of Slope
 for a soil loss tolerance of 3 tons per acre.

NAME: Stagecoach Vineyards

DATE: 1/20/2006

Cover Type: PERMANENT COVER CROP

Soil Unit No. (100-182)---

152

-K= 0.15

Soil Name HAMBRIGHT-ROCK OUTCROP

-R= 90

-T= 1

Percent Cover	60%			70%		
	C= 0.070 P= 1.0	C= 0.070 P= 0.60	C= 0.070 P= 0.50	C= 0.046 P= 1.0	C= 0.046 P= 0.60	C= 0.046 P= 0.50
2	993,303	5,452,262	10,011,840	4,026,073	22,099,211	40,580,183
4	17,780	63,763	100,582	50,792	182,144	287,322
6	2,235	6,207	8,938	5,174	14,373	20,698
8	1,029	2,858	4,116	2,383	6,619	9,531
10	549	1,525	2,196	1,271	3,531	5,085
12	332	923	1,329	769	2,137	3,077
14	218	605	871	504	1,401	2,018
16	152	421	606	351	975	1,404
18	110	307	441	256	710	1,022
20	83	231	333	193	536	772
22	65	180	259	150	417	600
24	52	143	207	120	332	478
26	42	117	168	97	270	389
28	35	97	139	81	224	322
30	29	81	117	68	188	271
32	25	69	100	58	161	231
34	22	60	86	50	139	200
36	19	52	75	44	121	174
38	17	46	66	38	107	153
40	15	41	59	34	95	136
42	13	37	53	31	85	122
44	12	33	48	28	77	110
46	11	30	43	25	70	100
48	10	27	40	23	64	92
50	9	25	36	21	58	84

NOTES:

C=Cover and Management Factor

P=Practice Factor

PPI Engineering
Napa County
Maximum Length of Slope

for a soil loss tolerance of 3 tons per acre.

NAME: Stagecoach Vineyards

DATE: 1/20/2006

Cover Type: PERMANENT COVER CROP

Soil Unit No. (100-182)---

176

-K= 0.15

Soil Name ROCK OUTCROP-HAMBRIGHT

-R= 90

-T= 1

Percent Cover	60%			70%		
	C= 0.070 P= 1.0	C= 0.070 P= 0.60	C= 0.070 P= 0.50	C= 0.046 P= 1.0	C= 0.046 P= 0.60	C= 0.046 P= 0.50
2	993,303	5,452,262	10,011,840	4,026,073	22,099,211	40,580,183
4	17,780	63,763	100,582	50,792	182,144	287,322
6	2,235	6,207	8,938	5,174	14,373	20,698
8	1,029	2,858	4,116	2,383	6,619	9,531
10	549	1,525	2,196	1,271	3,531	5,085
12	332	923	1,329	769	2,137	3,077
14	218	605	871	504	1,401	2,018
16	152	421	606	351	975	1,404
18	110	307	441	256	710	1,022
20	83	231	333	193	536	772
22	65	180	259	150	417	600
24	52	143	207	120	332	478
26	42	117	168	97	270	389
28	35	97	139	81	224	322
30	29	81	117	68	188	271
32	25	69	100	58	161	231
34	22	60	86	50	139	200
36	19	52	75	44	121	174
38	17	46	66	38	107	153
40	15	41	59	34	95	136
42	13	37	53	31	85	122
44	12	33	48	28	77	110
46	11	30	43	25	70	100
48	10	27	40	23	64	92
50	9	25	36	21	58	84

NOTES:

C=Cover and Management Factor

P=Practice Factor

PPI Engineering
Napa County
Maximum Length of Slope

for a soil loss tolerance of 3 tons per acre.

NAME: Stagecoach Vineyards

DATE: 1/20/2006

Cover Type: PERMANENT COVER CROP

Soil Unit No. (100-182)---

176

-K= 0.15

Soil Name ROCK OUTCROP-HAMBRIGHT

-R= 90

-T= 1

Percent Cover		75%			80%		
		C= 0.034 P= 1.0	C= 0.034 P= 0.60	C= 0.034 P= 0.50	C= 0.022 P= 1.0	C= 0.022 P= 0.60	C= 0.022 P= 0.50
	2	11,027,514	60,530,285	111,150,121	47,061,357	258,320,898	474,347,663
	4	108,141	387,805	611,739	321,094	1,151,473	1,816,381
	6	9,472	26,310	37,886	22,622	62,839	90,488
	8	4,362	12,115	17,446	10,417	28,937	41,669
	10	2,327	6,463	9,307	5,558	15,438	22,230
P	12	1,408	3,912	5,633	3,363	9,342	13,453
E	14	923	2,565	3,694	2,206	6,127	8,822
R	16	643	1,785	2,570	1,535	4,263	6,138
C	18	468	1,300	1,871	1,117	3,104	4,470
	20	353	981	1,413	844	2,343	3,375
E	22	275	763	1,099	656	1,822	2,624
N	24	219	608	875	523	1,452	2,091
T	26	178	495	712	425	1,181	1,701
	28	148	410	590	352	979	1,409
S	30	124	345	496	296	823	1,186
L	32	106	294	423	253	702	1,011
O	34	91	254	365	218	606	873
P	36	80	221	319	190	529	761
E	38	70	195	281	168	466	671
	40	62	173	250	149	414	596
	42	56	155	224	134	371	534
	44	50	140	202	121	335	482
	46	46	127	183	109	304	438
	48	42	116	168	100	278	400
	50	39	107	154	92	255	368

NOTES:

C=Cover and Management Factor

P=Practice Factor



NAPA COUNTY
CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT & PLANNING COMMISSION
 1195 Third Street, Room 210, Napa, California, 94559
 (707) 253-4416

BASIC APPLICATION FOR EROSION CONTROL PLAN REVIEW

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

SUBMITTAL DATE: 02/07/06

FILE #: POV-0042-EZPA APN #: 032-030-010, 059, 060, 061, 062 USGS QUAD: Yountville

[] STRUCTURAL [X] AGRICULTURAL 032-540-001 TOWNSHIP/RANGE: _____

REQUEST: 107 acres of new vineyard - mostly within undeveloped areas between existing vineyard blocks.

107 acres total disturbance; 90 net acres of vines

PROJECT TYPE: Agriculture: New Vineyard Replant: (Process I: _____ Process II: _____) Other: _____

Non-Agriculture: Structure _____ Driveway _____ Road _____ Reservoir _____ Other: _____

PERCENT SLOPE: Cropland: 16% Structure: _____ Pad: _____ Driveway: _____ Road: _____

OTHER PERMITS: Grading Permit _____ Use Permit: _____ Variance: _____ Septic System Permit: _____ Groundwater Permit: _____

REVIEW AGENCIES: CDPD: County Consultant: _____ OR RCD:

FINAL APPROVAL: CDPD: Date: _____

TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT

(Please type or print legibly)

Applicant's Name: Stagecoach Vineyards/ Oakville Heights c/o PPI Engineering Telephone #: (707) 253-1806

Telephone #: (707) 253-1806 Fax: (707) 253-1604 E-Mail: jbushev@ppiengineering.com

Mailing Address: 1802 Soscol Avenue Napa CA 94559
 No Street City State ZIP

Status of Applicant's Interest in Property: Owner

Property Owner's Name: Stagecoach Vineyards Ltd Ptn, Stagecoach Vineyards Limited, Oakville Heights, LLC

Telephone #: (707) 259-1198 Fax: (707) 251-6198 E-Mail: --

Address: 3265 Soda Canyon Road Napa CA 94558
 No Street City State ZIP

Site Address/Location: 3595 Soda Canyon Road (for parcel 032-540-001 only) Napa
 No Street City

Assessor's Parcel #: 032-030-010, 059, 060, 061 & 032-540-001 Existing Parcel Size: 174.87, 118.96, 193.01, 320.04, 128.02, 195.48 acres

Development Area Size: 107 acres

Slope Range: 10 % to 25% Total Acreage \geq 30%: 1.5 acres Estimated Total Amount of Cut & Fill: N/A cubic yards

Land, or Aerial survey Prepared By: Brooks and Associates Date: 1995/2003

(NOTE: Contour map/survey is required for all development areas with an estimated slope of 15% or greater and for all road/driveway projects, Contour map must include all areas within 100' of the cut and fill edges. Percent slope shall be calculated and presented as whole numbers.)

Source(s) of Water: Existing well

Related Permits Filed: Water Rights _____ Groundwater _____ Well _____ Sewage Disposal _____ Use Permit/Variance? _____
 Timber Harvest _____ Stream Alteration _____ Others: _____

I hereby certify that all the information contained in this application, including but not limited to, this application form, the supplemental information sheets, site plan, plot plan, cross sections/elevations, is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I hereby authorize such investigations including access to County Assessor's Records as are deemed necessary by the County Planning Division for evaluation of this application and preparation of reports related thereto, including the right of access to the property involved.

[Signature] for Stagecoach Vineyards + Oakville Heights 1/15/06
 Signature of Applicant Date Signature of Property Owner Date

TO BE COMPLETED BY CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT

\$ 5,000 POV-000504-505 Carly Aubrey 02/07/06
 Fee Receipt Number Received By Date

EROSION CONTROL PLAN SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Cont.)

Streams, Watercourses, & Streambed Alteration Agreements

- 17. All streams and watercourses in vicinity of project area(s) shown and the required setback(s) indicated with the distance and slope? Yes No
- 18. Is there a State Dept of Fish & Game Streambed Alteration (1603) Permit associated with the project or parcel? Yes No
 - (a) Copy of State Dept of Fish & Game Permit attached? Yes OR
 - (b) Date application for necessary permit submitted to this agency: _____
 - (c) Copy of CEQA document prepared attached? Yes No

Environmental Setting

- 19. Is any portion of the project located on or within 500' of a landslide? Yes No
Cite source: Sediment Budget Summary Letter For Stagecoach Vineyards 1-06 by Martin Trso, P.G.
- 20. Is any portion of the project located in the vicinity of rare/endangered species, species of special concern (plant, animal), wetland (type), riparian habitat, critical habitat, etc.? Yes No
If yes, list: Holly Leaf Ceanothus
Cite source/reference(s): Letter for Stagecoach Vineyards Erosion Control Plan Compliance
Specific study prepared: _____ by: Tim Armstrong, Biologist date: 1-06
- 21. Is any portion of the project located on or within 500' of an archeological or historic site? Yes No
Cite source/reference: _____
Site specific report prepared: Cultural Resources Study for Stagecoach Vyds by: AES date: June 2005

Grading Information

- 22. Are any new roads/driveways associated with the project? Yes No
- 23. Are any new vineyard avenues associated with the project? Yes No
- 24. Will the project involve any recontouring of the land? Yes No
- 25. Will there be any excavation or fill deeper than 12 inches? Yes No
- 26. Total cubic yards of cut & fill: N/A
Cubic yards of cut: _____ fill: _____
Spoils location: on-site _____ off-site _____
- 27. Has a grading permit been filed with the Co Public Works Dept? Yes No
- 28. Will the project involve repair of a landslide? Yes No
Location _____ Size _____ Report _____

Timber Harvest/Timber Conversion Permits

- 29. Is there a Timber Harvest or Conversion permit associated with the project/parcel? Yes No
Number of Acres: _____
 - a) Copy of State Dept of Forestry Permit attached? Yes OR
 - b) Date application for necessary permit submitted to this agency: _____
 - c) Copy of associated CEQA document attached? Yes No
 - d) Date other County erosion control plan(s) submitted if different than the application date for this plan: _____
- 30. Is there a Timberland Conversion Exception associated with the project or parcel? Yes No

SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION (ECP)

To be provided by Property Owner: Stagecoach Vineyards/ Oakville Heights

Attach response sheets to this page.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. Name, address, telephone number of property owner.
2. Address of project.
3. APN.
4. Name, Address and telephone number of person to be contacted concerning this project, if different than owner.
5. Indicate type or number of the permit application for the project to which this form pertains.
6. List and describe any other related permits and/or other public approvals required for this project or parcel, including those required by city, regional, state and federal agencies.
7. Existing zoning district.
8. Proposed use of entire site and/or parcel. List and describe any other projects or improvements with site locations anticipated within the next several years (1-3-5 years).

B. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

- 9. Parcel(s) size(s), acres per parcel.
10. Project(s) size(s), acres per project.
11. Attach plans.
12. Proposed scheduling.
13. Anticipated incremental or phased development.
14. If the project involves Napa County grading permit, use permit, variance or rezoning application, state this and indicate clearly why the application is required.

Discuss and check yes the following items which are applicable to your project or its effects (attach additional sheets)

YES NO

- 15. [] [x] Change in existing features of any watercourses, wetlands, tidelands, beaches, hills or alteration of ground contours.
16. [] [x] Change in scenic views or vistas from existing residential areas or public lands or roads.
17. [] [x] Change in the pattern, scale or character of general area of project.
18. [] [x] Change in bay, lake, stream or ground water quality or quantity, or alteration of existing drainage patterns.
19. [x] [] Site on filled land or on slopes of 5% or more.
20. [] [x] Substantial change in demand for Napa County services (police, fire, water, sewage, etc.)
21. [x] [] Relationship to a larger project or series of projects.

C. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

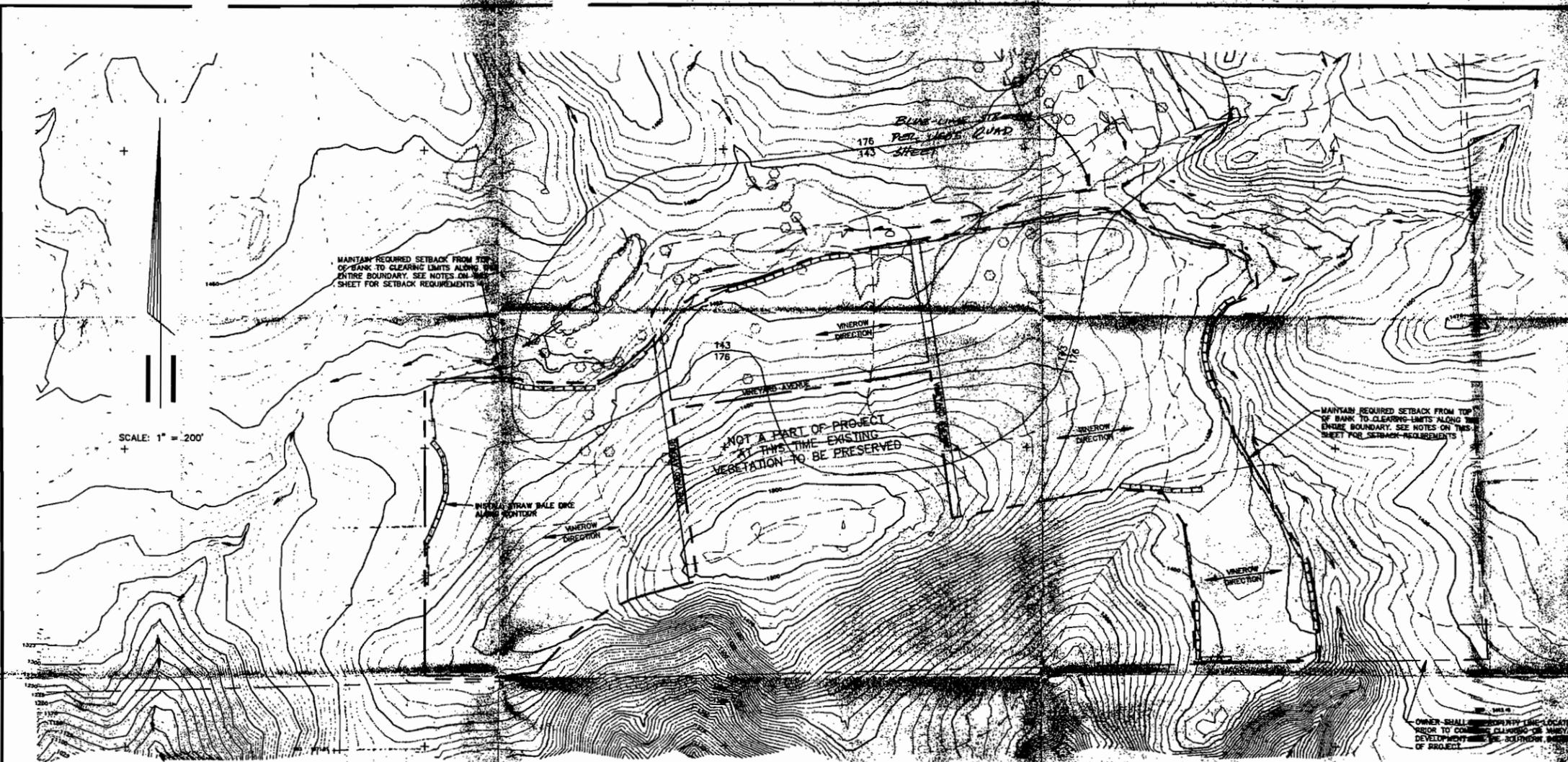
- 22. Describe the project site as it exists before the project, including information on topography, soil stability, plants and animals, wetlands (types), riparian habitat and any cultural, historical or scenic aspects. Describe any/all existing structures on the site, and the use of the structures. Attach photographs of the site, could include current aerial photo.
23. Describe the surrounding properties (approximately 1/4 mile radius from parcel boundary), including information on plants and animals and any cultural, historical or scenic aspects. Indicate the type of land use (agriculture, residential, commercial, etc.), intensity of land use (vineyards, winery, one-family, multi-family, industry, etc.), and scale of development (acres, height, setback, yard, etc.). Attach photographs of the vicinity, could include current aerial photo.

D. CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the statements furnished responding to the above and in the attached sheets present the data and information required for this initial evaluation to the best of my ability, and that the facts, statements, and information presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

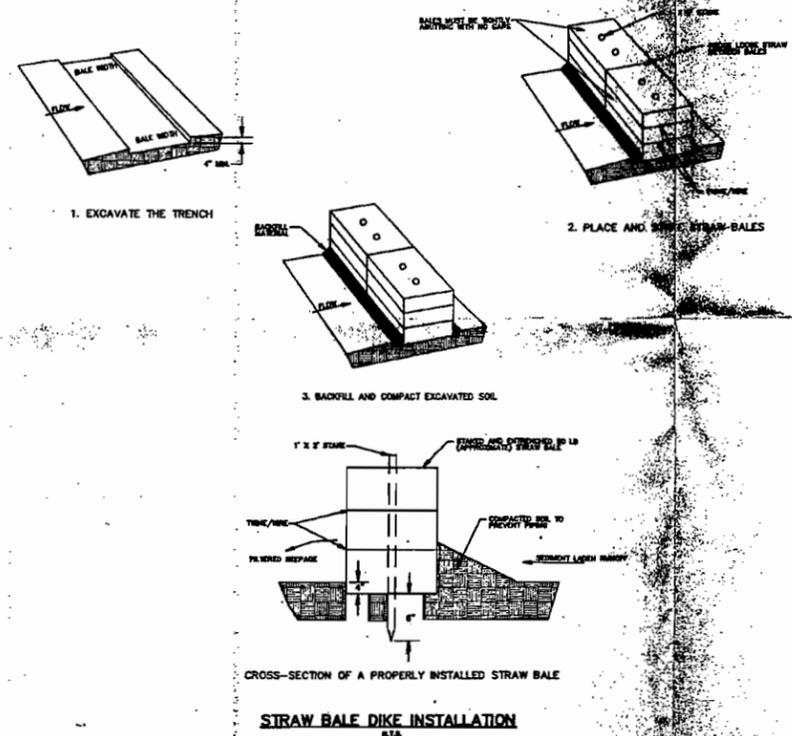
Date 1/15/00

Signature of Property Owner [Handwritten Signature] Stagecoach Vineyards + Oakville Heights



LOCATION MAP
SCALE: 1" = 400'

SCALE: 1" = 200'



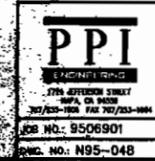
LEGEND

- VINEYARD BOUNDARY LINE / CLEARINGS
- SILT FENCE - SEE DETAIL, THIS SHEET
- STRAW BALE DIKE - SEE DETAIL, THIS SHEET
- VINEYARD DIRECTION
- PROPERTY LINE
- EXISTING ROAD
- DRAINAGE FLOWLINE
- 5' CONTOUR
- 10' CONTOUR
- FENCE
- EXISTING BUILDING
- AERIAL CONTROL PANEL
- OPEN AREA IN BRUSH
- TREES
- SOIL TYPE BOUNDARY
- GLENOC ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX
- ROCK OUTCROP - HAMBRIGHT

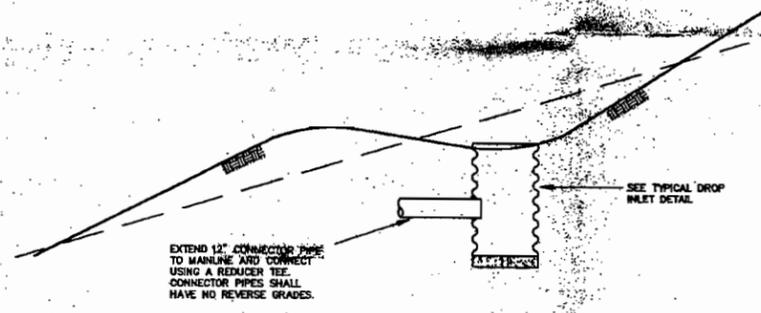
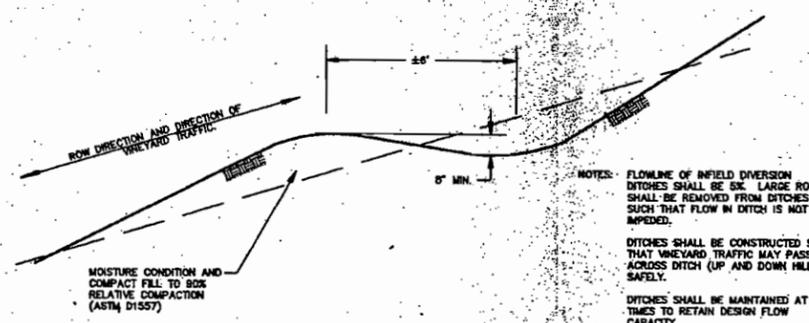
NOTES:

1. OWNER: KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP
3285 SODA CANYON ROAD
NAPA, CA. 94558
2. SITE ADDRESS: NONE
APH: 032-030-013
3. EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF BRUSH AND NATIVE GRASSES.
4. A PERMANENT NO-TILL COVER CROP STRATEGY WILL BE UTILIZED WITHIN THE VINEYARD. THE COVER CROP WILL BE GENERATED BY SEEDING WITH ZORRO FESCUE AT 12 lbs/acre, IDAHO FESCUE AT 8 lbs/acre, AND ORCHARD CLOVER AT 4 lbs/acre. THE ENTIRE VINEYARD AND ANY OTHER DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STRAW MULCHED AT A RATE OF 3000 lbs/acre.
5. SETBACK FROM STREAMS SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHERE SHOWN. VEGETATION WITHIN SETBACK SHALL NOT BE DISTURBED. STREAM SETBACK REQUIREMENTS VARY ACCORDING TO GROUND SLOPE AS SHOWN ON THE MAP.

GROUND SLOPE (%)	SETBACK (FEET)
< 1%	25'
1-5%	45'
5-15%	55'
15-30%	65'



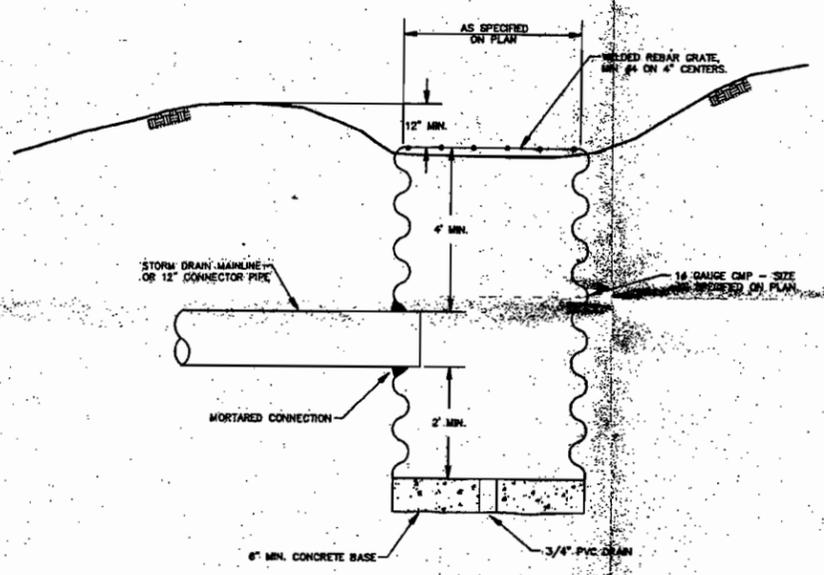
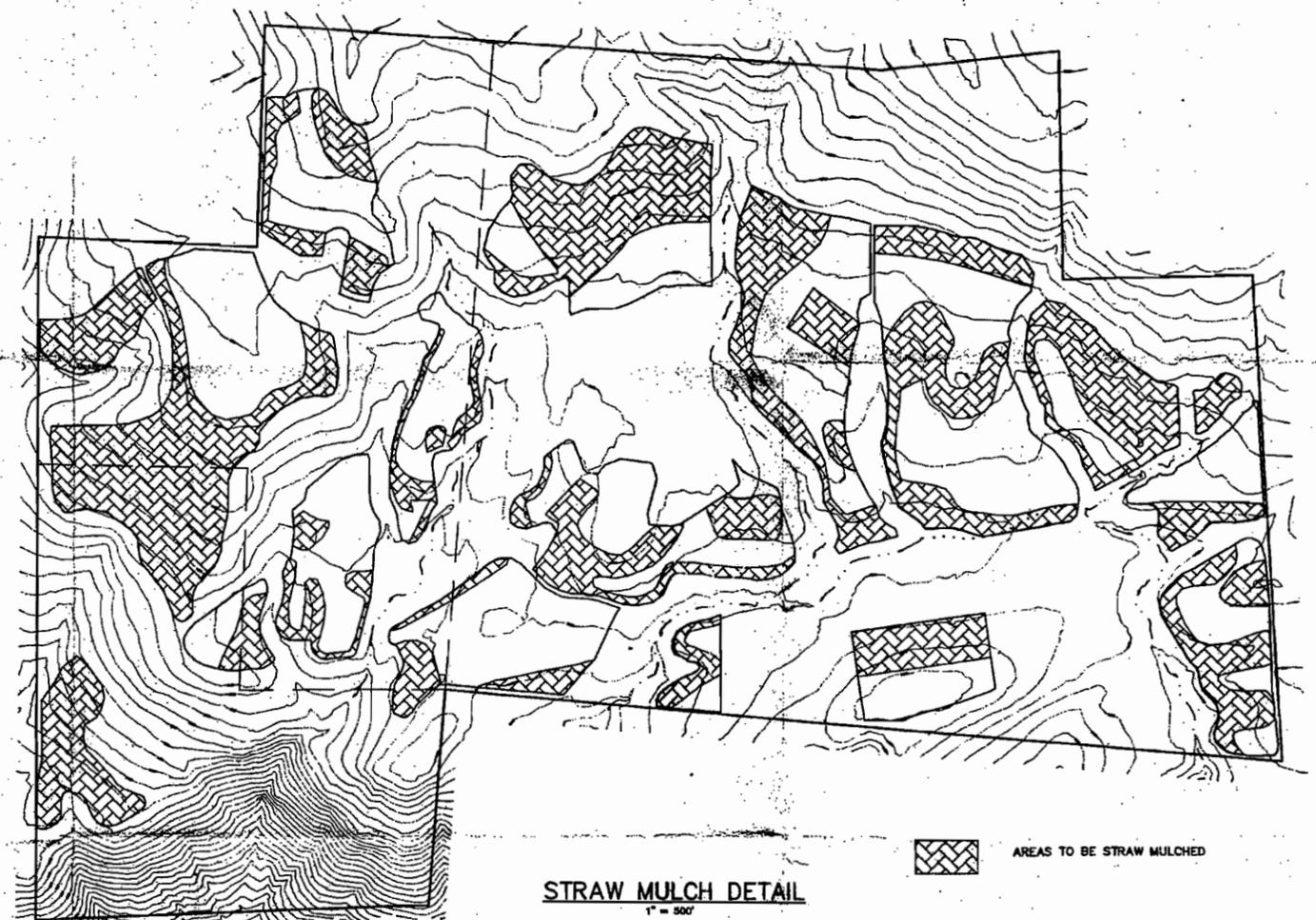
KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP		SCALE: AS SHOWN
SODA CANYON VINEYARD		DRAWN BY: JEL
EROSION CONTROL PLAN		REVISIONS:
DESIGN ENGINEER: B. EDWARDS & J. BUSHEY	DATE: 7-19-95	P.E. LICENSE NO. 49931
JOB NO.: 9506901	Date Revised:	1 OF 1 SHEETS
DWG. NO.: N95-048	Approval:	



DIVERSION DITCH & DROP INLET DETAIL
N.T.S.

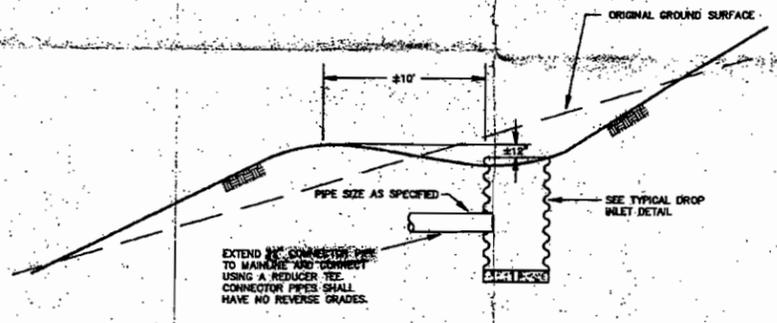
NOTES: INSTALL DROP INLET AT LOW POINT ALONG FLOWLINE OF DIVERSION DITCH.

DROP INLET SHALL BE ALIGNED WITH A VINEYARD OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM VINEYARD TRAFFIC.



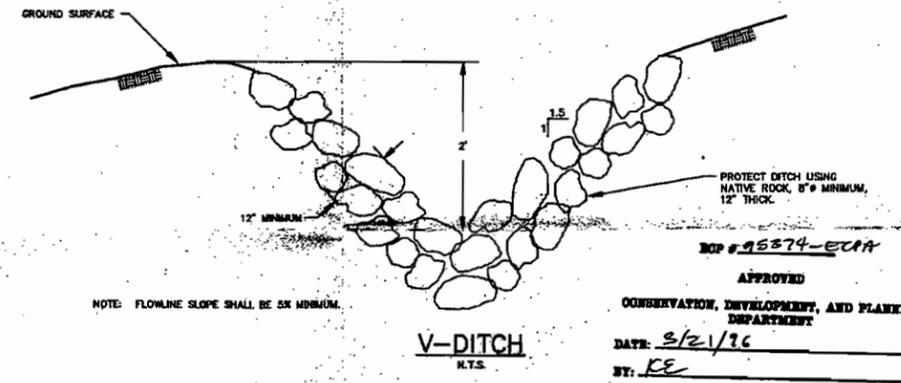
TYPICAL DROP INLET
N.T.S.

NOTE: DROP INLET SHALL BE PLACED IN VINEYARD OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM VINEYARD TRAFFIC.

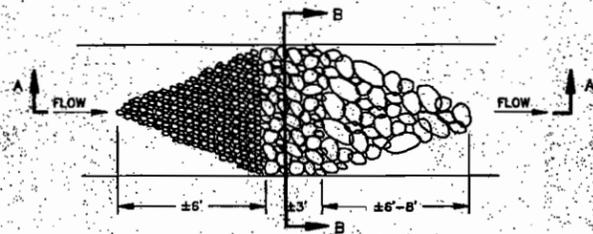


INSLOPED VINEYARD AVENUE W/ DROP INLET
N.T.S.

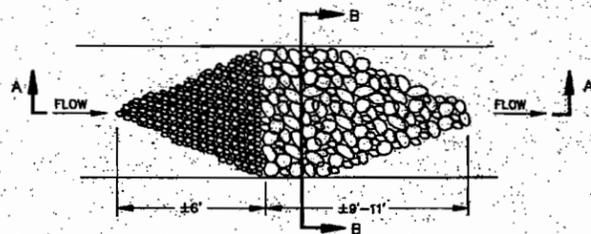
NOTE: FLOWLINE OF INSLOPED VINEYARD AVENUE SHALL BE SIX (6)



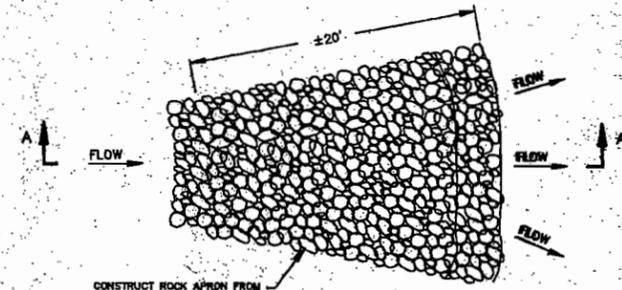
PPI 17th AVENUE STREET BERKELEY, CA 94704 TEL: 415/863-9000 FAX: 415/863-9004 REG. NO.: 9506911 REG. NO.: N95-045C	DESIGN ENGINEER: B. EDWARDS & J. BUSHEY DATE: 1-21-96 P.E. LICENSE NO. 49931	SCALE: AS SHOWN DRAWN BY: KDM REVISED:
	KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP SODA CANYON VINEYARD DETAILS	3 OF 3 SHEETS
	Date Revised: _____ Approved: _____	3 SHEETS



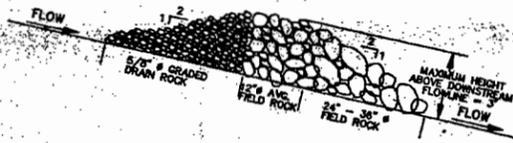
PLAN VIEW



PLAN VIEW



PLAN VIEW



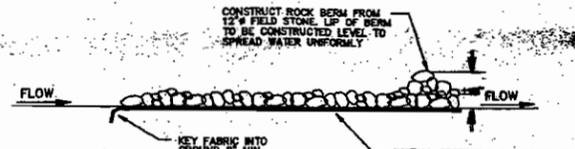
SECTION VIEW A-A

SEDIMENT TRAP -- TYPE A
N.T.S.



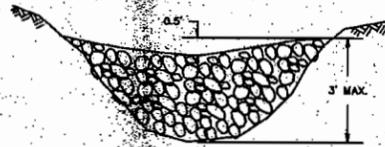
SECTION VIEW A-A

SEDIMENT TRAP -- TYPE B
N.T.S.

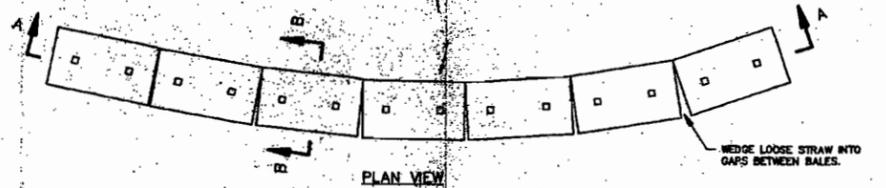


SECTION A-A

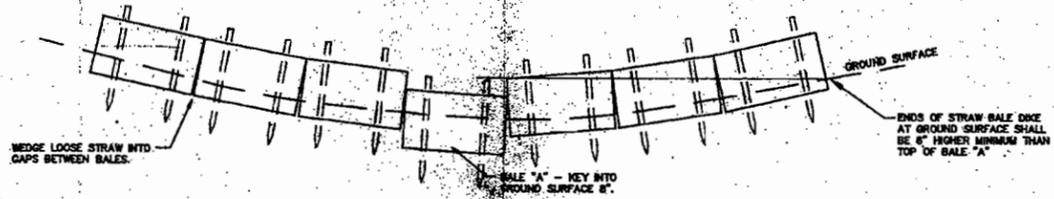
ROCK LEVEL SPREADER
N.T.S.



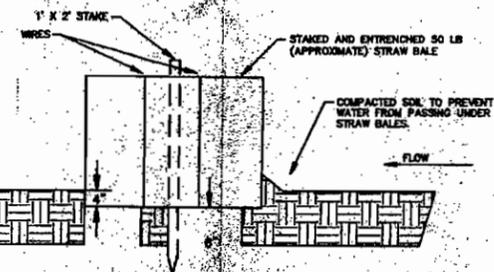
SEDIMENT TRAP -- SECTION B-B
N.T.S.



PLAN VIEW

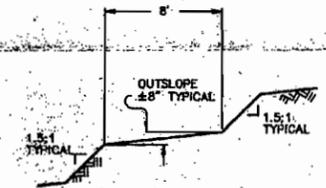


SECTION A-A

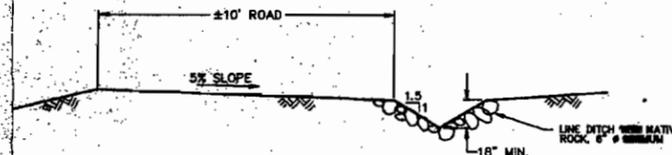


SECTION B-B

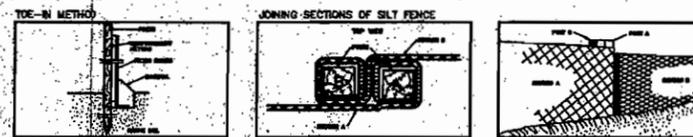
STRAW BALE DIKE INSTALLATION
N.T.S.



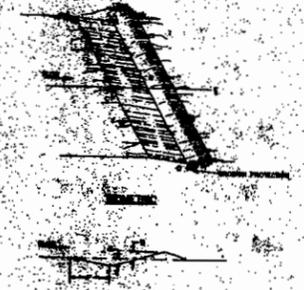
OUTSLOPED TERRACE DETAIL
N.T.S.



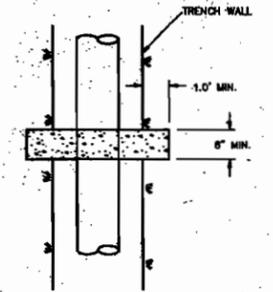
ROADSIDE DITCH DETAIL
N.T.S.



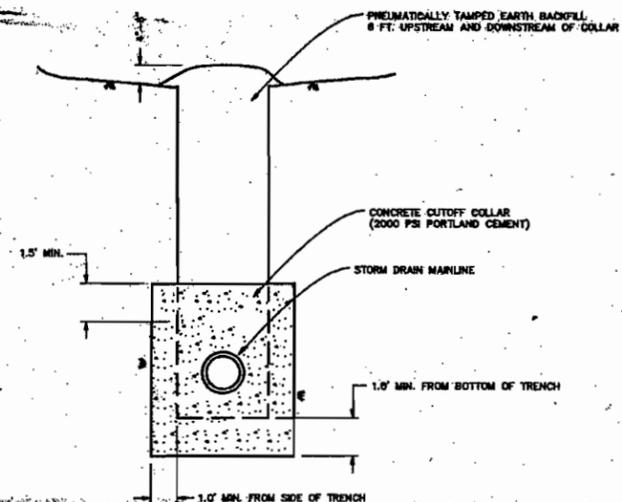
SILT FENCE INSTALLATION
N.T.S.



WATERBAR FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC
N.T.S.



PLAN VIEW



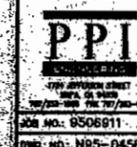
X-SECTION

CUTOFF COLLAR DETAIL
N.T.S.

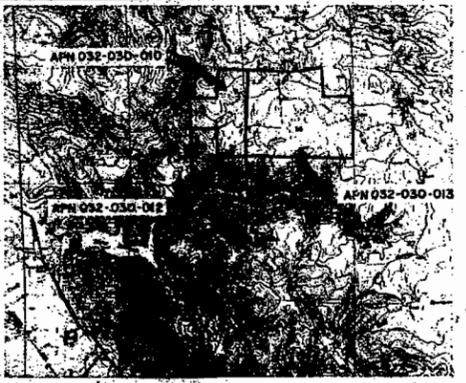


APPROVED
CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT, AND PLANNING
DEPARTMENT
DATE: 3/21/16
BY: KE
PAGE 2 OF 3

KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP		SCALE: AS SHOWN
SODA CANYON VINEYARD		DRAWN BY: JBI
DETAILS		REVISED
DESIGN ENGINEER: B. EDWARDS & J. BUSHEY	DATE: 1-21-96	P.E. LICENSE NO. 49931
JOB NO.: 9506011	Date Revised	
PROJ. NO.: N95-045B	Approval	



2 OF 3 SHEETS



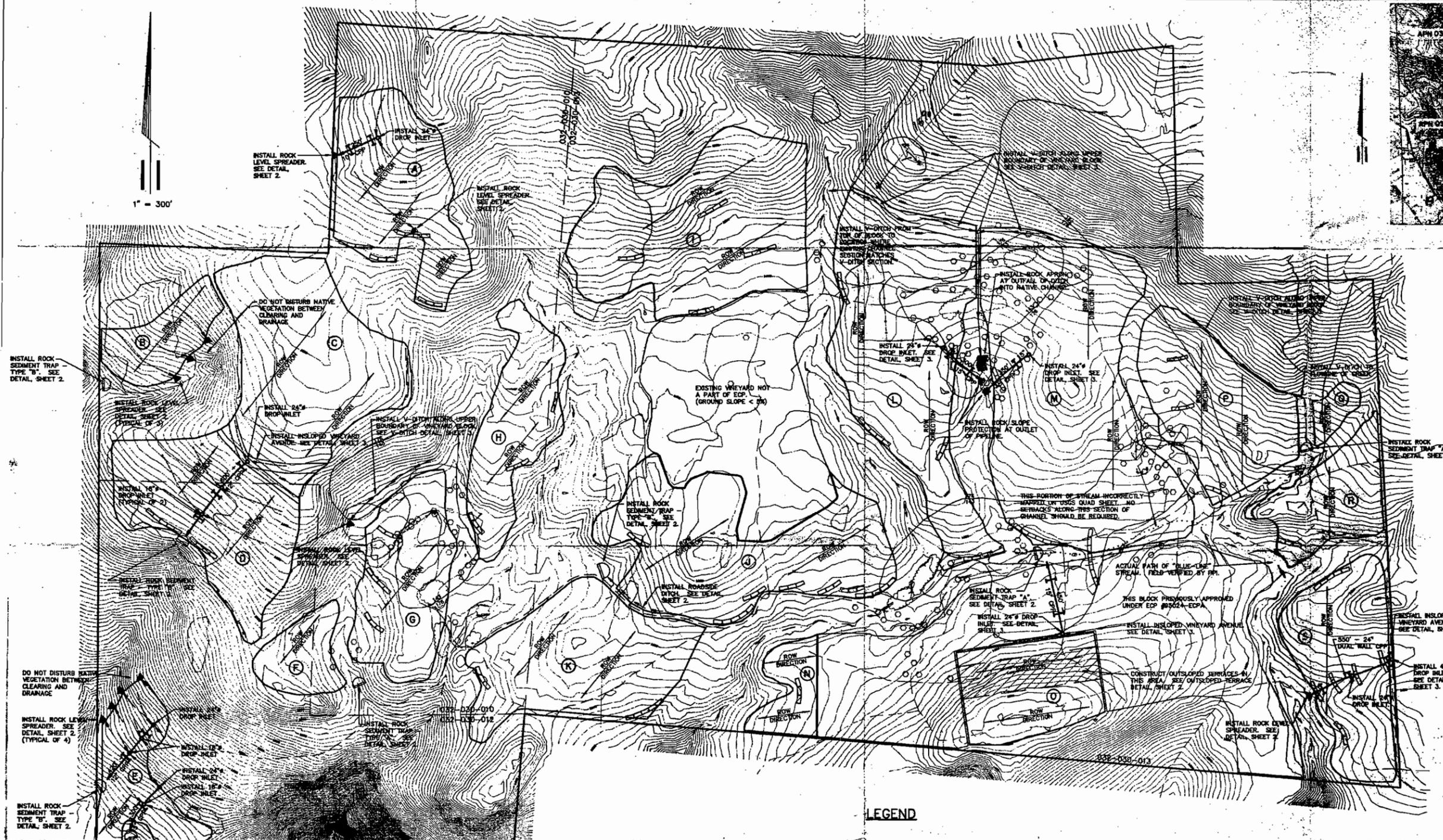
LOCATION MAP
SCALE: 1" = 400'

ROP # 95374 ECPA

APPROVED
OBSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT, AND PLANNING
DEPARTMENT
DATE: 2/21/96
BY: KSE
PAGE 1 OF 3

NOTES:

- OWNER: KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP
3255 SODA CANYON ROAD
NAPA, CA. 94558
 - SITE ADDRESS: NONE
APN: 032-030-010
APN: 032-030-012
APN: 032-030-013
 - EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF BRUSH AND NATIVE GRASSES.
 - A PERMANENT NO-TILL COVER CROP STRATEGY WILL BE UTILIZED WITHIN THE VINEYARD. THE COVER CROP WILL BE GENERATED BY SEEDING WITH ZORRO FESQUE AND/OR GRASS. ISOLATE FESQUE AT 10% AND DISBURSE COVER AT 5% AND 5% IN CERTAIN AREAS AS SHOWN ON THE STRAIN WHICH SHALL BE SEEDING ACCORDING AT A RATE OF 3000 lbs/acre.
 - STREAM SETBACKS SHALL BE MAINTAINED FROM ALL STREAMS SHOWN WITH THE SYMBOL. STREAM SETBACK DISTANCES ARE MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE BANK OF THE STREAM. THE SETBACK DISTANCE VARIES ACCORDING TO GROUND SLOPE (SEE TABLE BELOW). NO VEGETATION WITHIN THE STREAM SETBACKS SHALL BE DISTURBED.
- | GROUND SLOPE (%) | SETBACK (FEET) |
|------------------|----------------|
| < 1% | 35' |
| 1-5% | 45' |
| 5-15% | 55' |
| 15-30% | 65' |
- ANY INTERIOR AVENUES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED SUCH THAT THEY DO NOT CONCENTRATE WATER OR ALTER NATURAL DRAINAGE PATTERNS EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
 - AT LEAST 2 WORKING DAYS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY EXCAVATION ON THE PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL THE UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT AT 1-800-442-2444 AND REQUEST FIELD LOCATION OF ANY EXISTING UTILITIES.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FOLLOWING ALL SAFETY LAWS WHICH MAY BE APPLICABLE. OF PARTICULAR CONCERN ARE THE TRENCH SAFETY REGULATIONS ISSUED BY OAL-OSHA. THE CONTRACTOR ALONE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY OF HIS EQUIPMENT AND METHODS AND FOR ANY DAMAGE OR INJURY WHICH MAY RESULT FROM THEIR FAILURE, IMPROPER CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, OR OPERATION.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ANY PERMITS WHICH ARE NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION.
 - DUE TO THE HEAVY BRUSH COVER ON THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, VERIFICATION OF EVERY TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE PRIOR TO CLEARING IS NOT POSSIBLE. THEREFORE, CERTAIN MODIFICATIONS TO THIS PLAN MAY BE REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO ACCOMMODATE CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED DURING CLEARING OPERATIONS. ALL MODIFICATIONS TO THIS PLAN SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE NAPA COUNTY RD, AND IF REQUIRED, THE NAPA COUNTY CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT.



LEGEND

	VINEYARD BOUNDARY LINE / CLEARING LIMITS		EXISTING BUILDING
	SILTY FENCE - SEE DETAIL SHEET 2.		OPEN AREA IN BRUSH
	STRAW BALE DIKE - SEE DETAIL SHEET 2.		TREES
	PROPOSED ROW DIRECTION		SOIL TYPE BOUNDARY
	PROPERTY LINE		143
	EXISTING ROAD		152
	DRAINAGE FLOWLINE		176
	DIVERSION DITCH, SEE DETAIL SHEET 3.		5' CONTOUR
	PROPOSED SURFACE DRAINAGE MAINLINE		25' CONTOUR
	PROPOSED DROP INLET, SEE DETAIL SHEET 3.		FENCE
	V-DITCH, SEE DETAIL SHEET 3.		DIAMETER
	ROCK LEVEL SPREADER, SEE DETAIL SHEET 2.		ROCK SEDIMENT TRAP, SEE DETAIL SHEET 2.
	CUTOFF COLLAR, SEE DETAIL SHEET 2.		
	BLOCK NAME		

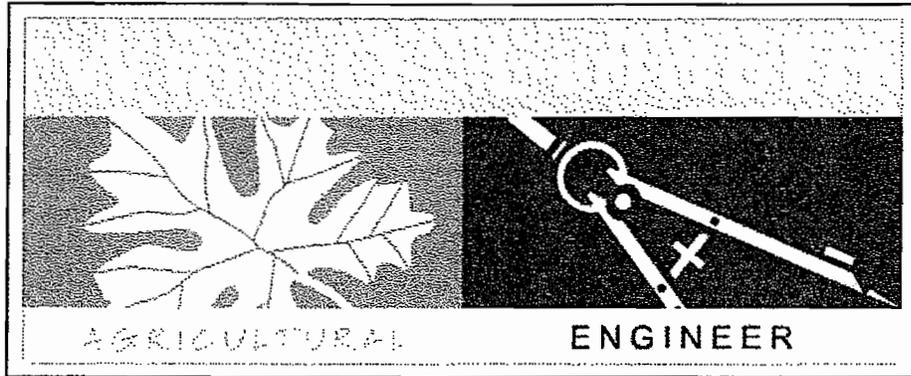


Plan #: 95374 (Revision)
Received by:
Napa County Planning Commission
District
Civil
Date: 2/21/96
By: [Signature]

KRUPP FAMILY PARTNERSHIP		SCALE: AS SHOWN
SODA CANYON VINEYARD		DRAWN BY: KDM
EROSION CONTROL PLAN		REVISED
DESIGN ENGINEER: B. EDWARDS & J. BUSHEY	DATE: 1-21-96	P.E. LICENSE NO. 49931
JOB NO.: 9506911	Date Revised: 2-21-96	1 OF 3 SHEETS
DRWG. NO.: N95-045A	Approved: [Signature]	

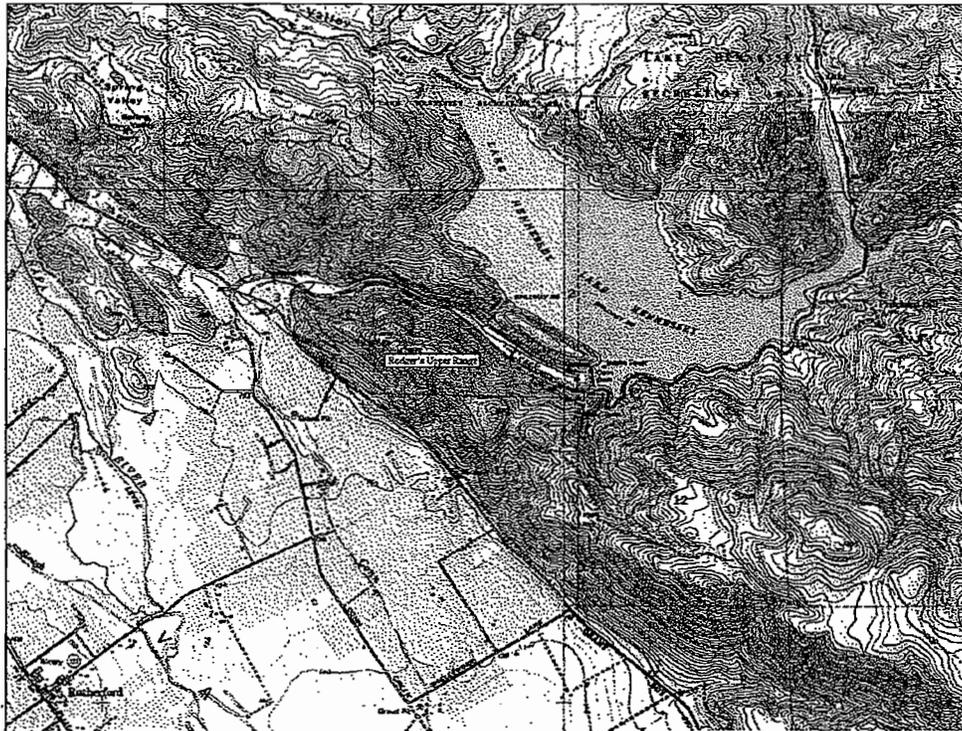
#8

APPENDIX A
EROSION CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE



October 14, 2002

**Rodgers Upper Range
Erosion Control Plan Narrative
8300 Silverado Tr. Napa, CA.**



NAPA COUNTY
CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT & PLANNING COMMISSION
 1195 Third Street, Room 210, Napa, California 94559
 (707) 253-4416

BASIC APPLICATION FOR EROSION CONTROL PLAN REVIEW

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

FILE #: _____ APN #: _____ SUBMITTAL DATE: _____
 [] STRUCTURAL [] AGRICULTURAL USGS QUAD: _____
 TOWNSHIP/RANGE: _____
 REQUEST: _____

PROJECT TYPE: Agriculture: New ___ Vineyard Replant (Process I: ___ II: ___) Other: _____
 Non-Agriculture: Structure ___ Driveway ___ Road ___ Reservoir ___ Other _____

PERCENT SLOPE: Cropland: _____ Structure: _____ Pad: _____ Driveway: _____ Road: _____

OTHER PERMITS: Grading Permit ___ Use Permit ___ Variance: ___ Septic System Permit: ___ Groundwater Permit: ___

REVIEW AGENCIES: CDPD: X County Consultant: ___ OR RCD: ___

FINAL APPROVAL: CDPD: X Date: _____

TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT

(Please type or print legibly)

Applicant's Name: RODGERS LAND & DEVELOPMENT Telephone #: (707) 258 8618
 Address: 5430 ST HELENA HWY NAPA CA 94559
No Street City State ZIP

Status of Applicant's Interest in Property: OWNER
 Property Owner's Name: SAME Telephone #: () _____
 Address: _____
No Street City State ZIP

Site Address/Location: 8300 SILVERADO TR
No Street City
 Assessor's Parcel #: 030 220 001, 030 220 009, 030 200 002, 030 130 008 Existing Parcel Size: 678 acres Development Area Size: 176 acres
 Slope Range: 0 % to 35 % Total Acreage \geq 30%: 4.4 acres Estimated Total Amount of Cut & Fill: 0 cubic yards

Land, or Aerial Survey Prepared By HJW, OAKLAND, CA Date: 3/96
 (NOTE: Contour map/survey is required for all development areas with an estimated slope of 15% or greater and for all road/driveway projects. Contour map must include all areas within 100' of the cut and fill edges. Percent slope shall be calculated and presented as whole numbers.)

Source(s) of Water: EXISTING WELL
 Related Permits Filed: Water Rights ___ Groundwater ___ Well ___ Sewage Disposal ___ Use Permit/Variance? ___
 Timber Harvest ___ Stream Alteration ___ Others: _____

I hereby certify that all the information contained in this application, including but not limited to, this application form, the supplemental information sheets, site plan, plot plan, cross sections/elevations, is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I hereby authorize such investigations including access to County Assessor's Records as are deemed necessary by the County Planning Division for evaluation of this application and preparation of reports related thereto, including the right of access to the property involved.

Stephen P. Smith 10-14-02 Stephen P. Smith 10-14-02
Signature of Applicant Date Signature of Property Owner Date

TO BE COMPLETED BY CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING DEPARTMENT

\$ _____ Fee _____ Receipt Number: _____ Received By _____ Date _____

EROSION CONTROL PLAN SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Project/Construction Planning Information	
1. Project Description: <u>RODGENS UPLAND RANGE VINEYARD</u>	APN: <u>030 220 001, 009</u> <u>030 200 002</u> <u>030 130 008</u>
Parcel size: <u>678</u> acres	Total land area disturbed: <u>176</u> acres
Agriculture: NEW plant acres: <u>176</u> Replant acres: <u>NR</u>	
Structures: residence ___ building ___ driveway ___ road ___ other ___	
2. Project Phases: [] one [] two or [<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>] <u>5</u>	
3. Anticipated date to start construction (month/year): <u>4/10</u> , 2003	
4. Estimated date of completion of each phase:	Phase 1: <u>2003</u> Phase 2: <u>2004</u> Phase 5: <u>2007</u>
5. Total construction time estimated: <u>5 YEARS</u>	
6. Work scheduled between Oct. 1 and Apr. 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No OR between Sept. 1 and Apr. 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (municipal watershed)	
7. Winterization measures in the Erosion Control Plan <u>CONN CROP STRAWDALE DIKES</u>	
8. Is a grading permit, a well permit, or a sewage disposal permit required? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No If yes has the Napa Co ___ Public Works and/or ___ Environmental Management Departments been notified? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
Slope Information	
9. Earth moving, grading or land clearing on slope(s) of:	<u>0</u> % to <u>35</u> %
10. Total acreage with slopes greater than or equal to 30%:	<u>4.4</u> acres
11. Contour mapping source: <u>HJW</u>	
Water Deficient Area, Watershed Area, & Water Rights Diversion Permits	
12. Water-deficient area: ___ Yes (applicant must contact Co Env Mgmt Dept) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
13. Sub-Watershed Name: <u>CONN CREEK</u> Municipal Reservoir Watershed: <u>PARTIAL</u> ___ Yes ___ No If yes: ___ Bell Canyon ___ Kimball ___ Milliken <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lake Hennessey ___ Rector	
14. Have any other erosion control plans effecting this parcel been approved since 1991?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
15. Coverage information (required for projects in <u>any</u> watershed):	
(a) Existing acres of tree canopy cover per parcel:	<u>385</u> acres
Proposed acres of canopy cover to be removed:	<u>111</u> acres
Percent of canopy cover to be retained per parcel:	<u>71</u> %
(b) Existing acres of shrub, brush, grass without tree canopy per parcel:	<u>293</u> acres
Proposed acres of shrub, brush, grass cover to be removed:	<u>65</u> acres
Percent of shrubs, brush, grass to be retained per parcel:	<u>78</u> %
16. Is there a Water Rights permit associated with the project or parcel?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
a) Copy of permit from the State Dept of Water Resources attached?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes OR
b) Date application for necessary permit submitted to this board:	___
c) Copy of associated CEQA document attached?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes ___ No

SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION (ECP)

To be provided by Property Owner: _____

Attach response sheets to this page.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Name, address telephone number of property owner.
2. Address of project.
3. APN.
4. Name, address, and telephone number of person to be contacted concerning this project, if different than owner.
5. Indicate type or number of the permit application for the project to which this form pertains.
6. List and describe any other related permits and/or other public approvals required for this project or parcel, including those required by city, regional, state and federal agencies.
7. Existing zoning district.
8. Proposed use of entire site &/or parcel. List & describe any other projects or improvements with site locations anticipated within the next several years (1-3-5 years).

B. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

9. Parcel(s) size(s), acres per parcel.
10. Project(s) size(s), acres per project.
11. Attach plans.
12. Proposed scheduling.
13. Anticipated incremental or phased development.
14. If the project involves Napa County grading permit, use permit, variance or rezoning application, state this and indicate clearly why the application is required.

Discuss and check yes the following items which are applicable to your project or its effects (attach additional sheets)

- | YES | NO | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 15. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Change in existing features of any watercourses, wetlands, tidelands, beaches, hills, or alteration of ground contours. |
| 16. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Change in scenic views or vistas from existing residential areas or public lands or roads. |
| 17. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Change in the pattern, scale or character of general area of project. |
| 18. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Change in bay, lake, stream or ground water quality or quantity, or alteration of existing drainage patterns. |
| 19. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Site on filled land or on slopes of 5% or more. |
| 20. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Substantial change in demand for Napa County services (police, fire, water, sewage, etc.). |
| 21. <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Relationship to a larger project or series of projects. |

C. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

22. Describe the project site as it exists before the project, including information on topography, soil stability, plants and animals, wetlands (types), riparian habitat and any cultural, historical or scenic aspects. Describe any/all existing structures on the site, and the use of the structures. Attach photographs of the site, could include current aerial photo.
23. Describe the surrounding properties (approximately 1/4 mile radius from parcel boundary), including information on plants and animals and any cultural, historical or scenic aspects. Indicate the type of land use (agriculture, residential, commercial, etc.), intensity of land use (vineyards, winery, one-family, multi-family, industry, etc.), and scale of development (acres, height, setback, yard, etc.). Attach photographs of the vicinity, could include current aerial photo.

D. CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the statements furnished responding to the above and in the attached sheets present the data and information required for this initial evaluation to the best of my ability, and that the facts, statements, and information presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

10-14-02
Date

SEE ATTACHED
Stephen P. Smith
Signature of Property Owner

October 14, 2002

Rodgers Land & Development
Upper Range
Supplemental Environmental Information

1. Owner: Rodgers Land & Development,
5430 St. Helena Hwy. Napa, CA 94559 (258-8618)
2. Project address: 8300 Silverado Trail (.6 mile north of Skellenger Ln.)
3. AP# 030-220-001, 030-200-002, 030-130-007, 030-130-008, 030-220-009
4. Contact: Larry Bettinelli, 258-8618 or 974-1702
5. Permit type: Agricultural ECP
6. Other related permits: none
7. Zoning: AW
8. Proposed use of site is vineyard. No other improvements are planned at this time.
9. Parcel size is approximately 678 acres.
10. This project's size is 176 acres.
11. Plans attached
12. Proposed scheduling:

4/1/03-07	prepare planting area
5/1/03-07	install erosion control, drip, and trellis systems.
9/1/03-07	vineyard installation complete
9/1/03-07	cover crop seeded
9/1/03-07	straw mulching completed (Hennessey watershed)
9/1/03-07	cover crop irrigation starts
10/15/03-07	straw mulching completed (Conn Creek watershed)
13. Project to be phased over 5 years.
14. No other permits required.
15. No changes to existing features or ground contours.
16. Approximately 20 acres of vineyard will be visible from the Silverado Trail.
17. Improved character of general area of project due to elimination of grazing.
18. Improved stream or ground water quality due to elimination of grazing. Quantity of runoff should not change. No changes to existing drainage patterns.
19. Site is not on filled land but is on slopes of 5% or more.
20. There will be no change in demand for Napa County services.
21. There is no relationship to a larger project or series of projects.
22. Project site is hills covered by grass, trees and chaparral brush. The area has been heavily grazed. Slopes are generally steep except for the areas of planned vineyard. The ground is rocky and very stable. There are no wetlands. See the Biological Resources Report for a complete description of plants and animals. There are (5) archeological sites that will be avoided. See the Cultural Resources Survey for further information. There are no structures on the site. Site photographs are included with this report.
23. The areas around this parcel are either similar or in vineyard. The topography is steep hills covered by grass, chaparral, trees and vineyards. Land use in the area is vineyards and grazing. An aerial photo of the area is attached.

**Rodgers Land & Development
Upper Range
Erosion Control Plan Narrative
By Wm. D. Lincoln CPESC**

- ❖ **The nature and purpose of the land disturbing activity and the amount of grading involved.**
 - The owners plan to develop approximately 176 acres of vineyard in the area covered by this plan.
 - No development will occur on slopes over 35%
 - Activities include removal of existing vegetation, fencing, disking, ripping, vineyard layout, installing drip system, trellising, and erosion control systems, planting and seeding of areas with no cover. Minimal grading will be involved.
 - Spoils storage will be within proposed vineyard blocks.

- ❖ **Comprehensive description of existing site conditions, including topography, vegetation and soils.**
 - The vineyard area to be developed is on slopes from 0% to 35%.
 - Vegetation is grassland (39 acres), tree cover (111 acres) and chaparral (26 acres). The property has been heavily grazed, creating a higher than normal soil loss situation. For a more comprehensive explanation see the Kjeldsen Biological Resources Report.
 - Soils are described in #4 below.
 - The property includes 207 acres within the Lake Hennessey watershed of which 36 is proposed be converted to vineyard. 77% of the tree cover and 85% of the brush cover would remain.
 - Site visits:
 - 12/18/01 took photos, checked setbacks
 - 12/13/01 took photos, GPS roads
 - 9/10/01 met w/biologist
 - 7/30/01 met w/archeologist
 - 10/17/00 reviewed potential blocks
 - 8/24/00 met w/surveyor
 - 2/03/00 met w/geologist
 - 10/29/99 met w/Dave Steiner
 - Topographic map by HJW & Associates, Oakland, CA.

- ❖ **Natural features onsite including streams, lakes, reservoirs, roads, drainage, and other areas that may be affected by the proposed activity.**
 - There is (1) blue line stream and (4) watercourses within the project. Set backs and silt fences will be used to protect them.

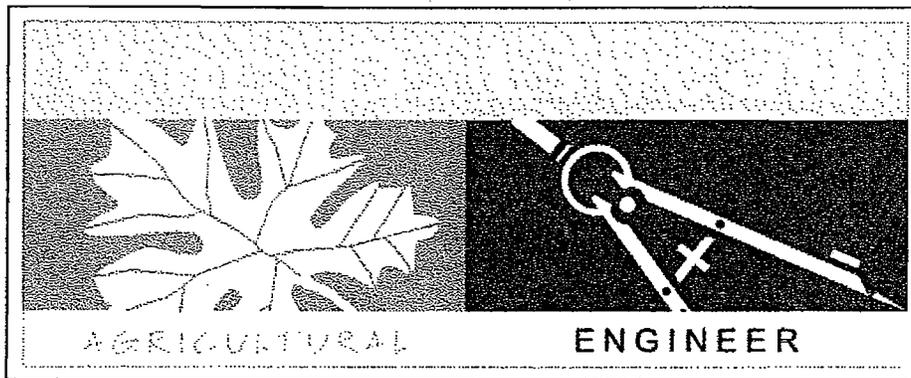
**Rodgers Land & Development
Upper Range
Erosion Control Plan Narrative
By Wm. D. Lincoln CPESC**

- There are no known biological sensitive areas within the project.
 - There are (5) archeological sites within the project that have been marked on the plan and will be marked on the ground before starting.
 - Fencing will be installed around all vineyard blocks.
- ❖ **Soil types and soil series identified in the appropriate SCS County Soil Survey.**
- The Soil Survey of Napa County maps the soil as 152 Hambright, 154 Hennekand and 179 Sobrante.
- ❖ **Location and source of water for irrigation and other uses.**
- An existing well as marked on the plan will provide water. The well produces 200 GPM. The vineyard will use approximately 88 ac-ft/yr.
- ❖ **Critical areas if any, within the development site that have serious erosion potential or problems.**
- There are no serious potential erosion problems within the site.
- ❖ **Erosion calculations. $A=R(90) \times K(.15) \times C(.046) \times P(1) \times (LS)$**
- | | | | |
|------------|-----------|---------|-------|
| ➤ Block 10 | 350'-20% | LS=6.5 | A=1.6 |
| ➤ Block 24 | 600'-11% | LS=3.8 | A=2.0 |
| ➤ Block 27 | 700'-18% | LS=8.0 | A=2.0 |
| ➤ Block 31 | 500'-19% | LS=7.2 | A=1.8 |
| ➤ Block 33 | 630'-13% | LS=4.9 | A=1.2 |
| ➤ Block 34 | 975'-19% | LS=10.3 | A=2.5 |
| ➤ Block 35 | 1200'-14% | LS=8.0 | A=2.0 |
| ➤ Block 41 | 790'-17% | LS=8.0 | A=2.6 |
| ➤ Block 41 | 840'-18% | LS=9.0 | A=3.0 |
| ➤ Block 42 | 800'-16% | LS=7.3 | A=2.4 |
| ➤ Block 43 | 400'-13% | LS=9.0 | A=1.2 |
| ➤ Block 51 | 640'-18% | LS=7.7 | A=2.5 |
| ➤ Block 50 | 500'-22% | LS=8.8 | A=2.9 |
- ❖ **Proposed erosion control protection devices including drainage systems, sediment basins, walls and cribbing. Proposed vegetative erosion control measures including location, type and quantity of seed, mulch, fertilizer and irrigation; timing and methods of planting, mulching**

**Rodgers Land & Development
Upper Range
Erosion Control Plan Narrative
By Wm. D. Lincoln CPESC**

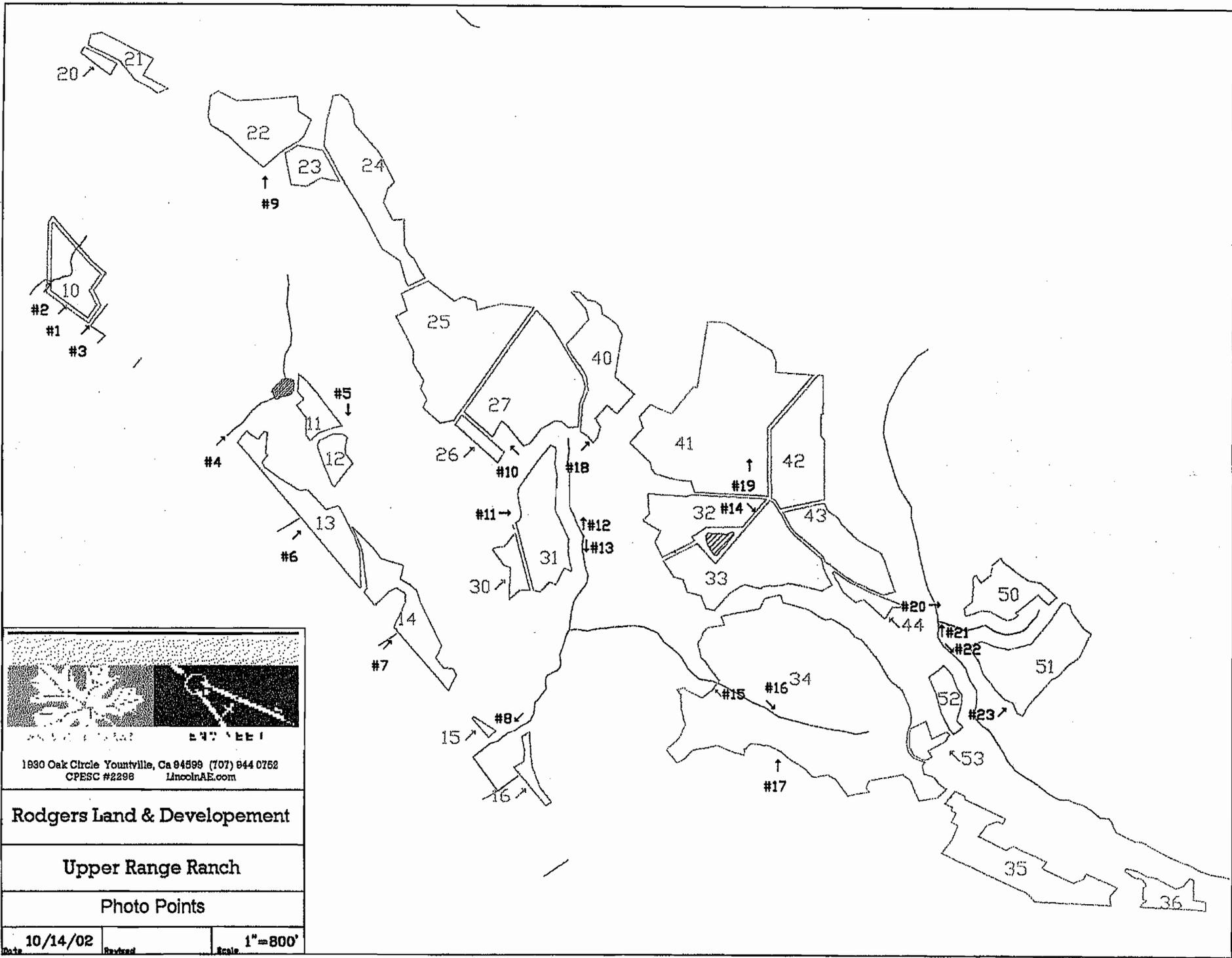
and maintenance of plant materials and slopes until a specified percentage of plant coverage is uniformly established.

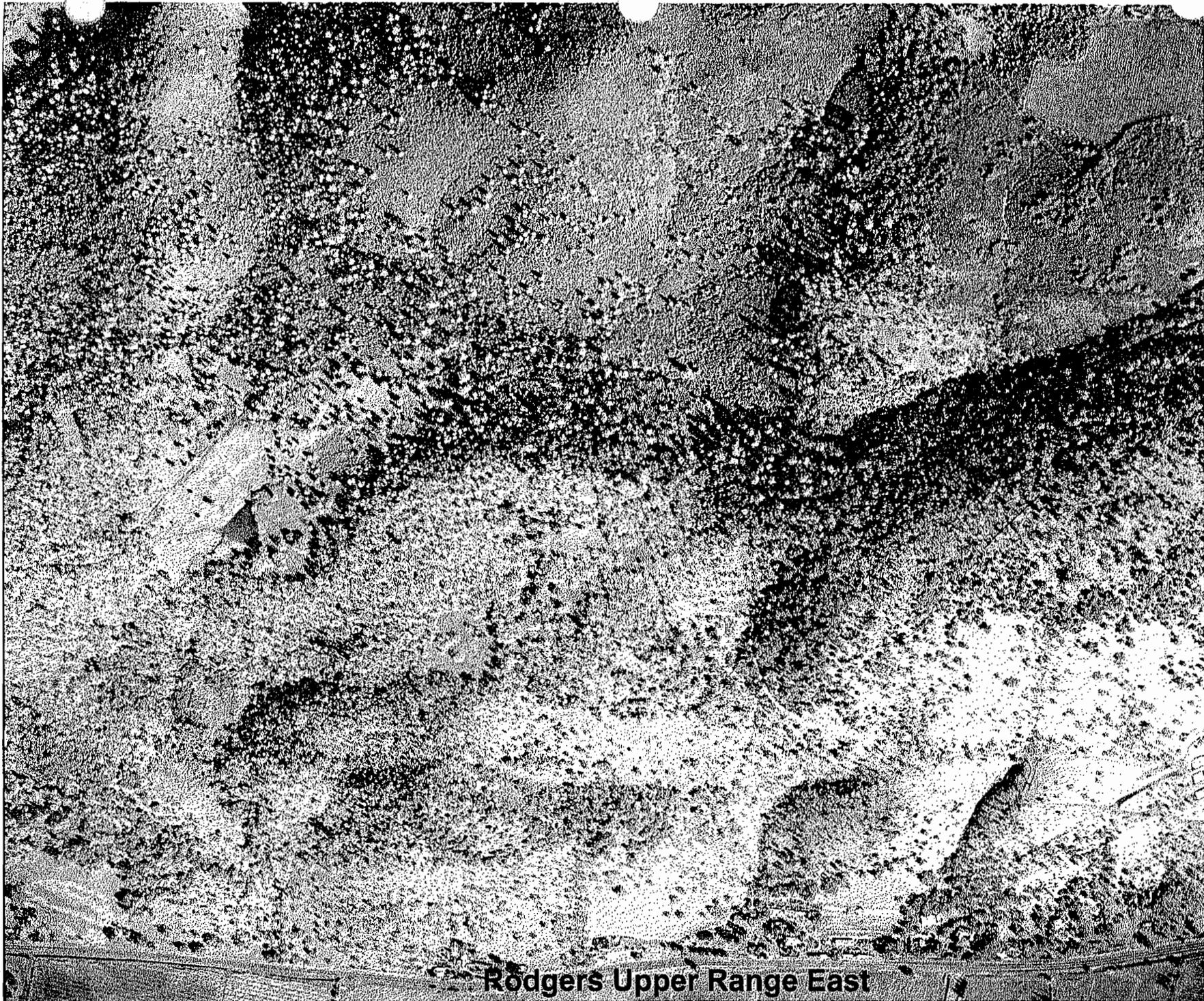
- Silt fence will be used as noted on plan to protect streams. Rock barriers may be substituted for silt fence.
 - Straw bale dikes will be used on the two watercourses between the last vineyard block and the blue line streams.
 - Water bars will be used on avenues as shown on plan.
 - A permanent no-till cover crop will be used on all vineyard blocks and avenues. The areas will be seeded prior to September 1st with Blando Brome @ 9#/ac, Zorro Fescue @ 15#/ac, and Rose Clover @ 8#/ac. Areas over 5% slope will be straw mulched at a rate of 1.5 ton/acre. Any areas of cover crop that have less than 80% cover will be seeded and mulched annually until adequate cover is reached. Cover crop will be spot treated around each vine prior to March 1st and strip sprayed with contact herbicides after March 1st. Vine spacing will be 8ft x 4ft.
- ❖ **Storm water runoff control measures, if needed with a description of the criteria used to determine runoff amounts and the sizing and placement of control devices.**
- Straw bale dikes are planned for the two watercourses.
 - There will be no significant change in peak flow from the development of this site. The cover crop will be a substantial improvement over the grazed land. See attached TR-55 results.
- ❖ **An implementation calendar showing the proposed clearing, grading, construction and winterizing schedule.**
- 4/1 Prepare planting area.
 - 5/1 Install erosion control, drip, and trellis systems.
 - 9/1 Vineyard installation complete
 - 9/15 Cover crop seeded (9/1 in Hennessey watershed)
 - 9/15 Straw mulch areas over 5% (9/1 in Hennessey)
 - 9/15 Start cover crop irrigation.
- ❖ **Estimated cost of erosion control measures**
- \$4000 per acre.



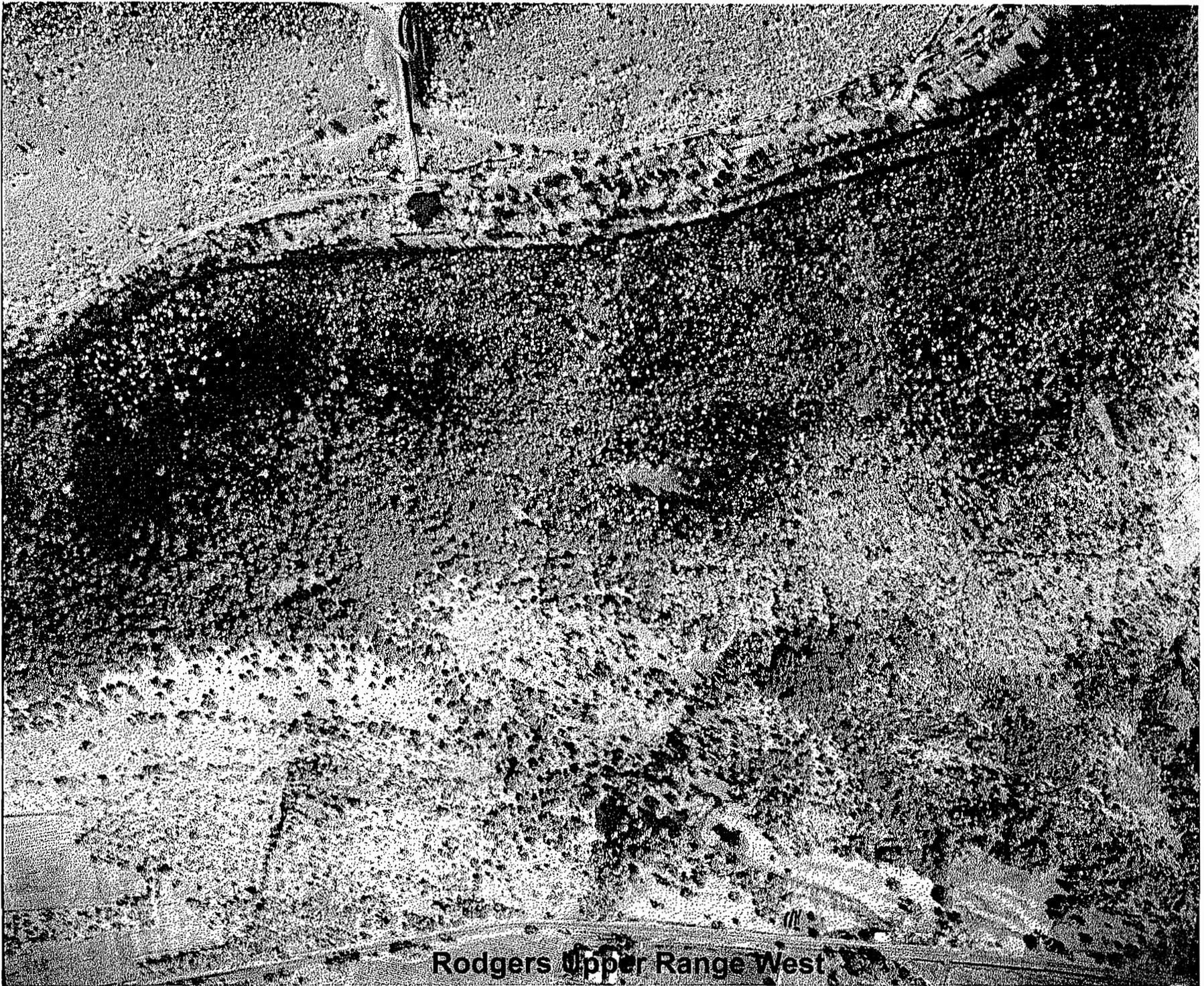
Rodgers Upper Range Cover Analysis

Area	Total Acres	Vineyard Acres	% Trees Remaining	% Brush Remaining	% Cover Remaining
Entire Project	678	176	71%	78%	74%
Hennessey Watershed	207	36	77%	85%	83%
Parcel 030-220-001	417	131	64%	73%	69%
Parcel 030-130-008	143	19.1	82%	96%	87%
Parcel 030-220-009	100	24.2	63%	88%	76%
Parcel 030-200-002	4	1.4	64%	67%	65%





Rodgers Upper Range East



Rodgers Upper Range West



#1 Block 10



#2 Rock line this ditch in Block 10



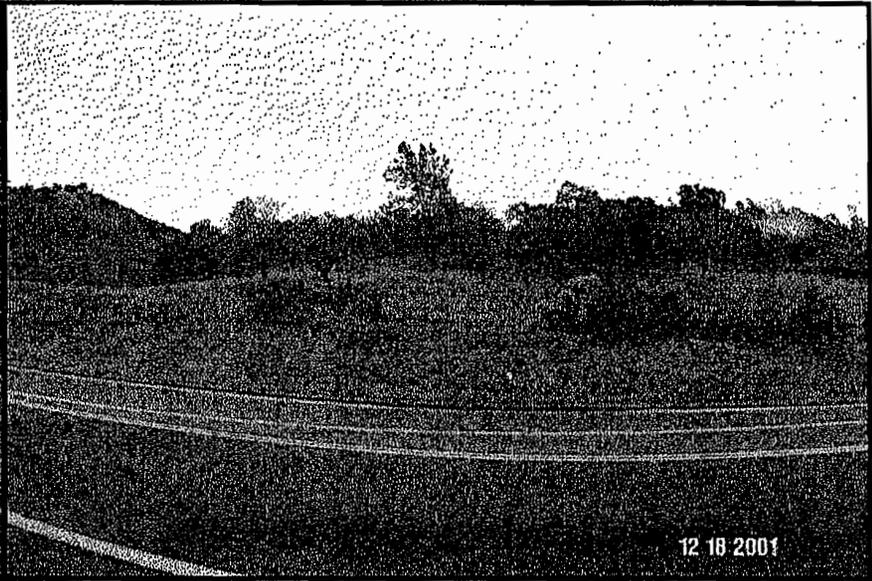
#3 Setback area east of Block 10



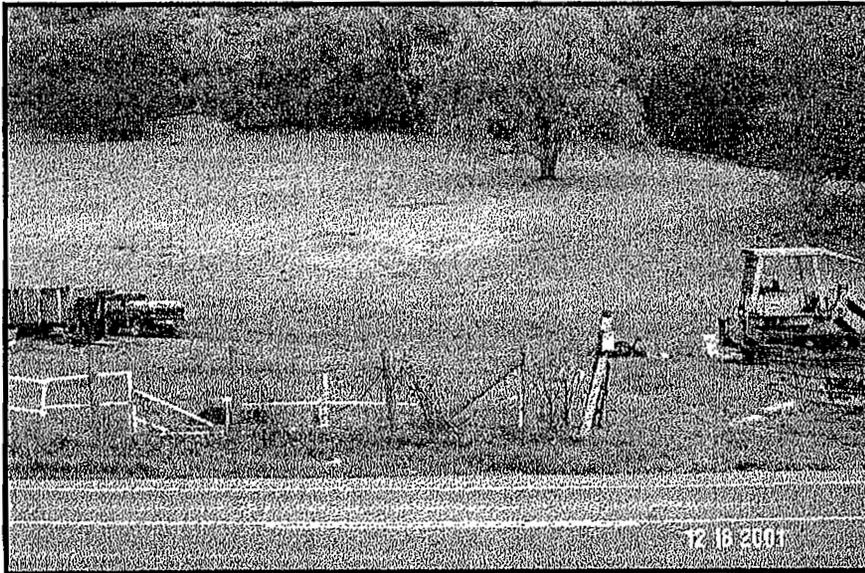
#4 Setback area west of Block 13



#5 Block 12



#6 Block 13



#7 Block 14



#8 Setback area between Blocks 15&16



#9 Block 22



#10 Blocks 26 & 27



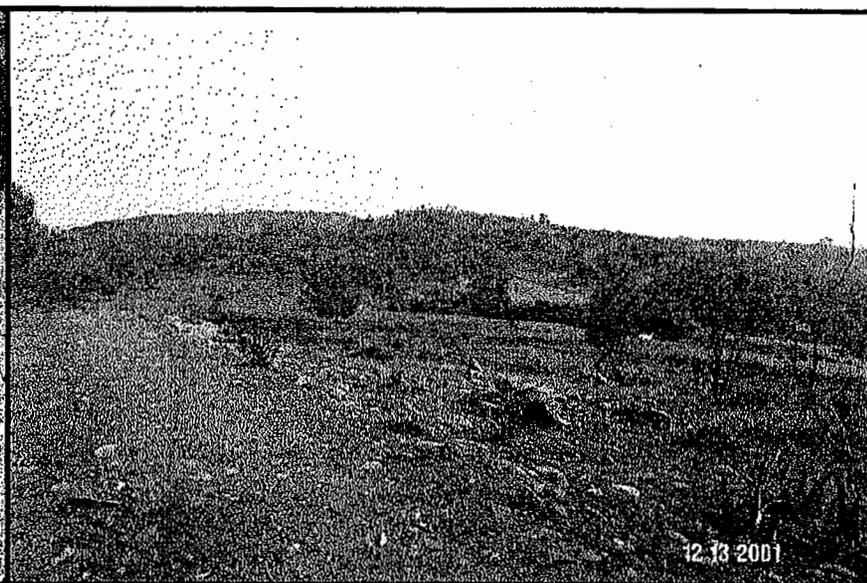
#11 Blocks 30 & 31



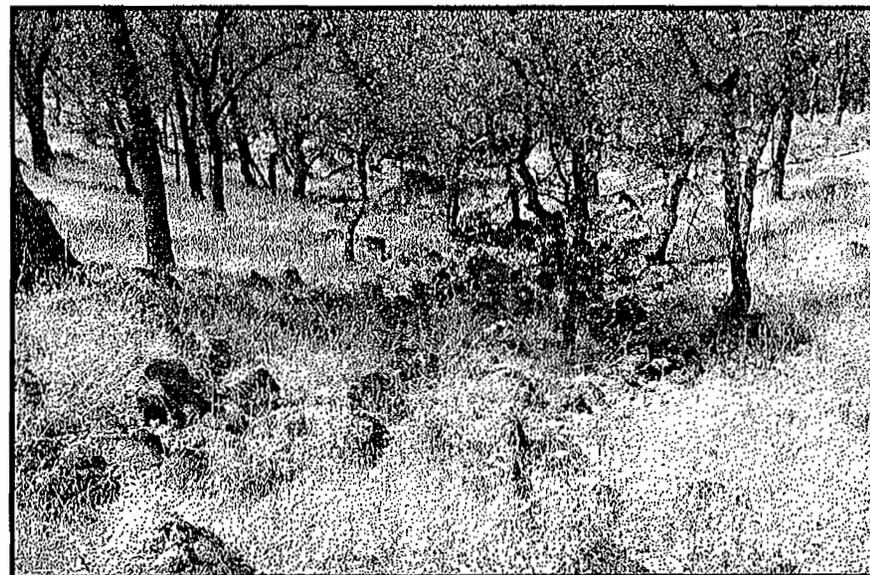
#12 Setback area east of Block 31



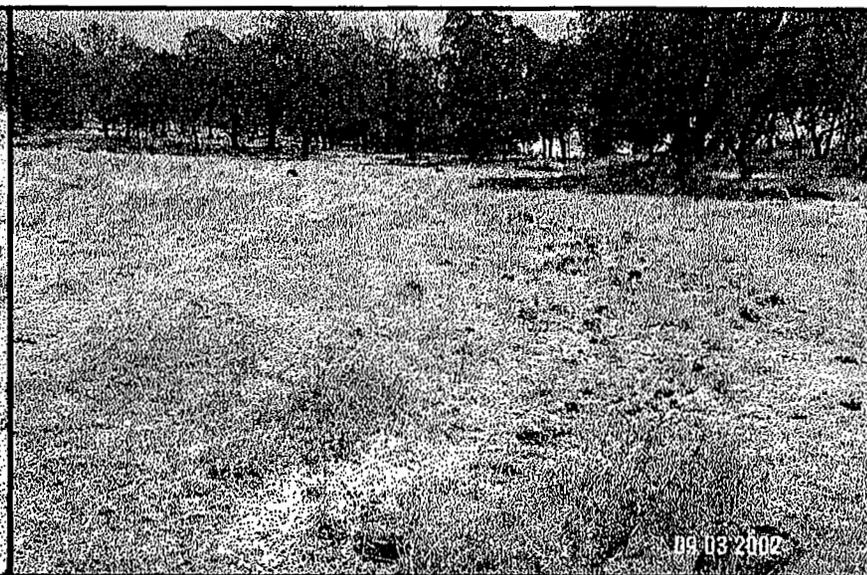
#13 Setback area east of Block 31



#14 Blocks 32&33



#15 Setback area west of Block 34



#16 Rock line this ditch in Block 34



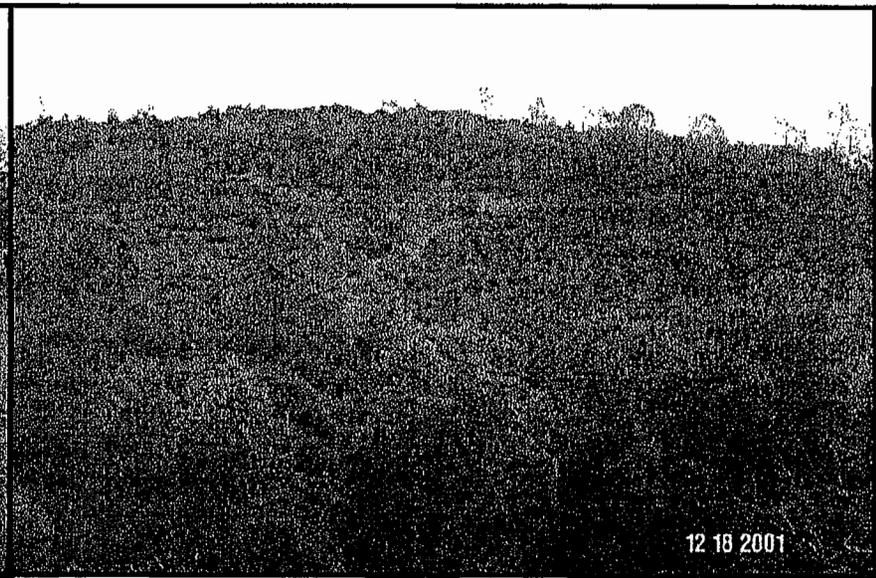
#17 Block 34



#18 Block 40



#19 Block 41



#20 Blocks 50&51

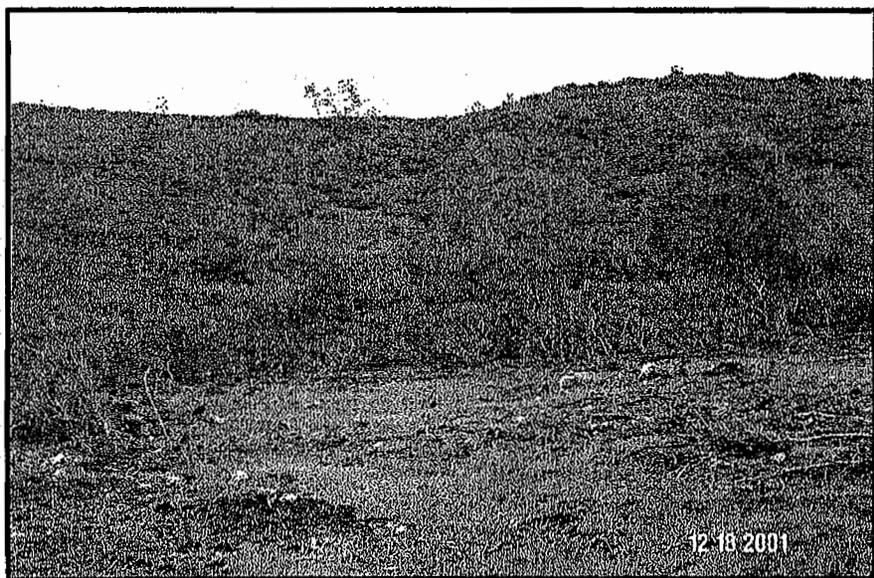


#21

Setback area between Blocks 55 & 56



#22



#23 Block 51

GRAPHICAL PEAK DISCHARGE METHOD

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Conn Creek before vineyard

User: _____
 Checked: _____ Date: _____

Data: Drainage Area : 1469 * Acres
 Runoff Curve Number : 84 *
 Time of Concentration: 7.38 * Hours
 Rainfall Type : IA
 Pond and Swamp Area : NONE

Storm Number	1	2	3
Frequency (yrs)	2	10	50
24-Hr Rainfall (in)	4.5	6	9
Ia/P Ratio	0.08	0.06	0.04
Used	0.10	0.10	0.10
Runoff (in)	2.82	4.20	7.06
Unit Peak Discharge (cfs/acre/in)	0.071	0.071	0.071
Pond and Swamp Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.0% Ponds Used			
Peak Discharge (cfs)	292	435	732

* - Value(s) provided from TR-55 system routines

RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER COMPUTATION

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Conn Creek before vineyard

User:
 Checked: _____

Date:
 Date: _____

COVER DESCRIPTION	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D
Acres (CN)				
CULTIVATED AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Close-seeded Straight row legumes or rotation meadow	good	-	-	926(85)
OTHER AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Woods - grass combination	poor	-	-	84(86)
	fair	-	-	459(82)
Total Area (by Hydrologic Soil Group)				1469

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA: 1469 Acres

WEIGHTED CURVE NUMBER: 84*

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

TIME OF CONCENTRATION AND TRAVEL TIME

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Conn Creek before vineyard

User:
 Checked: _____

Date:
 Date: _____

Flow Type	2 year rain	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	Surface code	n	Area (sq/ft)	Wp (ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Time (hr)
Sheet	4.5	300	.16	h					0.316
Shallow Concent'd		1000	.22	u					0.037
Open Channel		21685	.003		.066		12		7.030
									Time of Concentration = 7.38*

--- Sheet Flow Surface Codes ---

A Smooth Surface
 B Fallow (No Res.)
 C Cultivated < 20 % Res.
 D Cultivated > 20 % Res.
 E Grass-Range, Short

F Grass, Dense
 G Grass, Burmuda
 H Woods, Light
 I Woods, Dense
 J Range, Natural

--- Shallow Concentrated ---
 --- Surface Codes ---
 P Paved
 U Unpaved

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

GRAPHICAL PEAK DISCHARGE METHOD

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Conn Creek with vineyard

User:
 Checked: _____

Date:
 Date: _____

Data: Drainage Area : 1469 * Acres
 Runoff Curve Number : 84 *
 Time of Concentration: 7.38 * Hours
 Rainfall Type : IA
 Pond and Swamp Area : NONE

Storm Number	1	2	3
Frequency (yrs)	2	10	50
24-Hr Rainfall (in)	4.5	6	9
Ia/P Ratio	0.08	0.06	0.04
Used	0.10	0.10	0.10
Runoff (in)	2.82	4.20	7.06
Unit Peak Discharge (cfs/acre/in)	0.071	0.071	0.071
Pond and Swamp Factor 0.0% Ponds Used	1.00	1.00	1.00
Peak Discharge (cfs)	292	435	732

* - Value(s) provided from TR-55 system routines

RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER COMPUTATION

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development User: _____ Date: _____
 County : Napa State: Checked: _____ Date: _____
 Subtitle: Conn Creek with vineyard

COVER DESCRIPTION	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D
Acres (CN)				
CULTIVATED AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Close-seeded Straight row legumes or rotation meadow	good	-	-	- 1066(85)
OTHER AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Woods - grass combination	fair	-	-	- 403(82)
Total Area (by Hydrologic Soil Group)				1469 =====

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA: 1469 Acres WEIGHTED CURVE NUMBER: 84*

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

TIME OF CONCENTRATION AND TRAVEL TIME

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development User: _____ Date: _____
 County : Napa State: Checked: _____ Date: _____
 Subtitle: Conn Creek with vineyard

Flow Type	2 year rain	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	Surface code	n	Area (sq/ft)	Wp (ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Time (hr)
Sheet	4.5	300	.16	h					0.316
Shallow Concent'd		1000	.22	u					0.037
Open Channel		21685	.003		.06	6	12		7.030
Time of Concentration = 7.38*									=====

--- Sheet Flow Surface Codes ---

- | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| A Smooth Surface | F Grass, Dense | --- Shallow Concentrated --- |
| B Fallow (No Res.) | G Grass, Burmuda | --- Surface Codes --- |
| C Cultivated < 20 % Res. | H Woods, Light | P Paved |
| D Cultivated > 20 % Res. | I Woods, Dense | U Unpaved |
| E Grass-Range, Short | J Range, Natural | |

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

GRAPHICAL PEAK DISCHARGE METHOD

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Hennessey before vineyard

User:
 Checked: _____

Date:
 Date: _____

Data: Drainage Area : 354 * Acres
 Runoff Curve Number : 84 *
 Time of Concentration: 0.53 * Hours
 Rainfall Type : IA
 Pond and Swamp Area : NONE

Storm Number	1	2	3
Frequency (yrs)	2	10	50
24-Hr Rainfall (in)	4.5	6	9
Ia/P Ratio	0.08	0.06	0.04
Used	0.10	0.10	0.10
Runoff (in)	2.82	4.20	7.06
Unit Peak Discharge (cfs/acre/in)	0.201	0.201	0.201
Pond and Swamp Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.0% Ponds Used			
Peak Discharge (cfs)	200	298	502

* - Value(s) provided from TR-55 system routines

RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER COMPUTATION

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Hennessey before vineyard

User: _____
 Checked: _____ Date: _____

COVER DESCRIPTION	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D
	Acres (CN)			
OTHER AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Woods - grass combination	poor	-	-	207 (86)
	fair	-	-	147 (82)
Total Area (by Hydrologic Soil Group)				354 =====

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA: 354 Acres WEIGHTED CURVE NUMBER: 84*

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

TIME OF CONCENTRATION AND TRAVEL TIME

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Hennessey before vineyard

User: _____
 Checked: _____ Date: _____

Flow Type	2 year rain	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	Surface code	n	Area (sq/ft)	Wp (ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Time (hr)
Sheet	4.5	300	.13	h					0.344
Shallow Concent'd		1000	.12	u					0.050
Open Channel		5100	.13		.06	6	5		0.140
Time of Concentration = 0.53*									=====

--- Sheet Flow Surface Codes ---

A Smooth Surface	F Grass, Dense	--- Shallow Concentrated ---
B Fallow (No Res.)	G Grass, Burmuda	--- Surface Codes ---
C Cultivated < 20 % Res.	H Woods, Light	P Paved
D Cultivated > 20 % Res.	I Woods, Dense	U Unpaved
E Grass-Range, Short	J Range, Natural	

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

GRAPHICAL PEAK DISCHARGE METHOD

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Hennessey with vineyard

User: _____
 Checked: _____
 Date: _____

Data: Drainage Area : 354 * Acres
 Runoff Curve Number : 83 *
 Time of Concentration: 0.53 * Hours
 Rainfall Type : IA
 Pond and Swamp Area : NONE

Storm Number	1	2	3
Frequency (yrs)	2	10	50
24-Hr Rainfall (in)	4.5	6	9
Ia/P Ratio	0.09	0.07	0.05
Used	0.10	0.10	0.10
Runoff (in)	2.73	4.09	6.94
Unit Peak Discharge (cfs/acre/in)	0.201	0.201	0.201
Pond and Swamp Factor 0.0% Ponds Used	1.00	1.00	1.00
Peak Discharge (cfs)	194	291	493

* - Value(s) provided from TR-55 system routines

RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER COMPUTATION

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Hennessey with vineyard

User: _____
 Checked: _____ Date: _____

COVER DESCRIPTION	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D

CULTIVATED AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Close-seeded Straight row legumes or rotation meadow	good	-	-	61(85)

OTHER AGRICULTURAL LANDS				
Woods - grass combination	fair	-	-	293(82)

Total Area (by Hydrologic Soil Group) 354
=====

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA: 354 Acres WEIGHTED CURVE NUMBER: 83*

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

TIME OF CONCENTRATION AND TRAVEL TIME

Version 2.00

Project : Rodgers Upper Development
 County : Napa State:
 Subtitle: Hennessey with vineyard

User: _____
 Checked: _____ Date: _____

Flow Type	2 year rain	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	Surface code	n	Area (sq/ft)	Wp (ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Time (hr)
Sheet	4.5	300	.13	h					0.344
Shallow Concent'd		1000	.12	u					0.050
Open Channel		5100	.13		.06	6	5		0.140
Time of Concentration = 0.53*									=====

--- Sheet Flow Surface Codes ---

- | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| A Smooth Surface | F Grass, Dense | --- Shallow Concentrated --- |
| B Fallow (No Res.) | G Grass, Burmuda | --- Surface Codes --- |
| C Cultivated < 20 % Res. | H Woods, Light | P Paved |
| D Cultivated > 20 % Res. | I Woods, Dense | U Unpaved |
| E Grass-Range, Short | J Range, Natural | |

* - Generated for use by GRAPHIC method

APPENDIX B
EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION
ASSESSMENT

" (establish) 81 af/yr
 Other Agriculture _____ af/yr
 Landscaping _____ af/yr
 Other Usage _____ af/yr
 TOTAL future 288.08 af/yr

" (establish) _____ af/yr
 Other Agriculture _____ af/yr
 Landscaping _____ af/yr
 Other Usage _____ af/yr
 TOTAL while establishing 308.33 af/yr

STEP 5: Attach all supporting information that may be significant to this analysis including but not limited to all water use calculations for the various uses listed

Parcel Location Factors

The allowable allotment of water is based on the location of your parcel. Valley floor areas include all locations on the floor of the Napa Valley and Carneros Basin except for groundwater deficient areas. Groundwater deficient areas are areas that have been determined by the Department of Public Works as having a history of problems with groundwater. All other areas are classified as Mountain Areas. Public Works can assist you in determining your classification.

Parcel Location Factors

Valley Floor	1.0 acre foot per acre per year
Mountain Areas	0.5 acre foot per acre per year
Groundwater Deficient Area (MST)	0.3 acre foot per acre per year

Guidelines For Estimating Water Usage:

Residential:

Single Family Residence	0.5 acre-foot per year
Farm Labor Dwelling	1.0 acre-foot per year (6 people)
Second Unit	0.4 acre-foot per year
Guest Cottage	0.1 acre-foot per year

Winery:

Process Water	2.15 acre-foot per 100,000 gal. of wine
Domestic and Landscaping	0.50 acre-foot per 100,000 gal. of wine

Commercial:

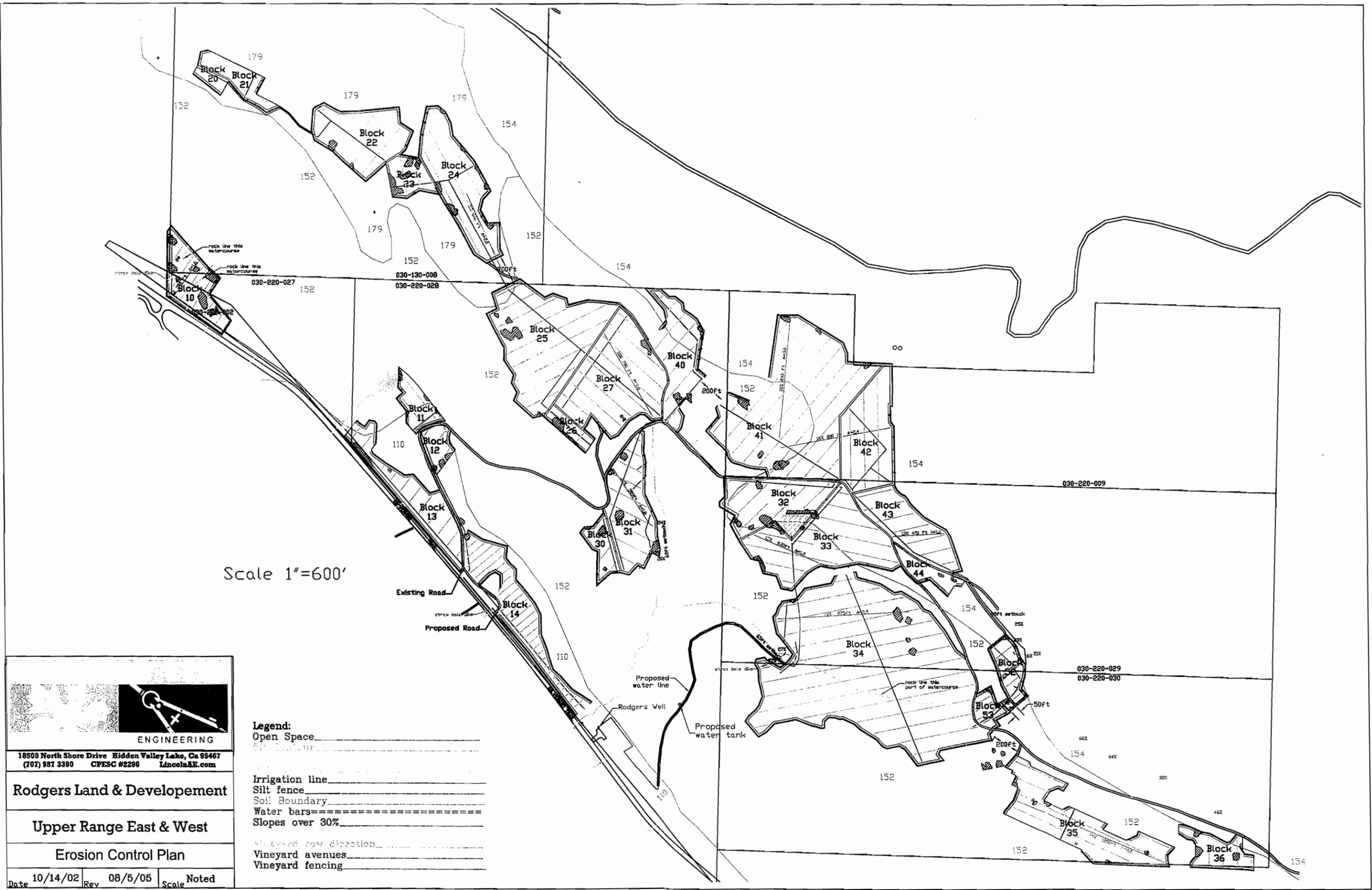
Office Space	0.01 acre-foot per employee per year
Warehouse	0.05 acre-foot per employee per year

Agricultural:

Vineyards	
Irrigation only	0.2 to 0.5 acre-foot per acre per year
Heat Protection	0.25 acre foot per acre per year
Frost Protection	0.25 acre foot per acre per year
Irrigated Pasture	4.0 acre-foot per acre per year
Orchards	4.0 acre-foot per acre per year
Livestock (sheep or cows)	0.01 acre-foot per acre per year

Landscaping:

Landscaping	1.5 acre-foot per acre per year
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ENGINEERING

18500 North Shore Drive Hidden Valley Lake, Ca 95467
 (707) 987 3390 CPESC #2296 LincolnAE.com

Rodgers Land & Development

Upper Range East & West

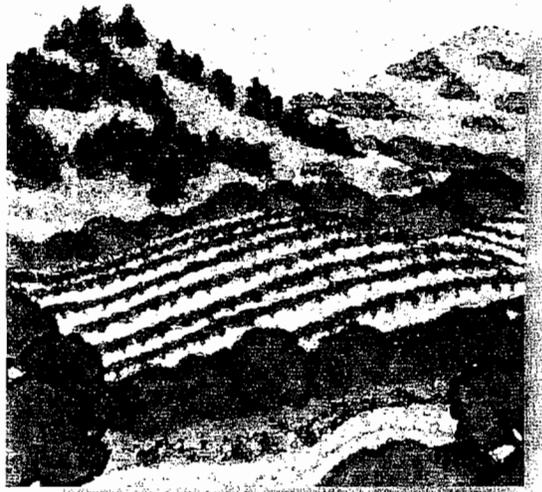
Erosion Control Plan

Date	10/14/02	Rev	08/5/05	Scale	Noted
------	----------	-----	---------	-------	-------

- Legend:**
- Open Space
 - Irrigation line
 - Silt fence
 - Soil Boundary
 - Water bars
 - Slopes over 30%
 - Vineyard row direction
 - Vineyard avenues
 - Vineyard fencing

Figure 3-2: Erosion Control Plan
 Upper Range Vineyard Project -- Rodgers Property

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Napa River Watershed Task Force

Phase II Final Report

Prepared for:
The Napa County Board of Supervisors

Prepared by:



MOORE IACOFANO GOLTSMAN, INC.
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September 2000

CONSERVATION REGULATIONS

Rationale:

The proposed standards will provide for existing hydrologic and biologic values of riparian areas and opportunities for future enhancement and/or restoration.

The Technical Review Team acknowledged that a 50-foot setback may not provide optimal width for riparian protection. Minimum setbacks of 100-150 feet are often recommended in scientific literature to protect streams over the long-term²¹. However, the Task Force and Technical Team understand and appreciate the substantial investment in existing vineyards and the significant financial benefits of these lands.

The 50-foot standard provides certainty that a narrow riparian buffer will be available long into the future. This buffer can serve flood control needs, habitat needs and water quality filtering needs. At the same time, as a matter of practice, vineyard managers have tended to setback from streams voluntarily because of terrain, bank stability, vector potential, turn-around needs, etc.

All Task Force members agreed that financial and other incentives to retain or restore natural landscapes are highly desirable and preferable to pure regulation. Section 2-L of this chapter describes the types of incentives that the Task Force believes should be pursued not only to facilitate establishment of setbacks for replanted vineyards but also to achieve many of the other goals contained in the Task Forces' recommendations.

2-C. Off-site Hydrologic Impacts

Issue

The current Regulations focus on controlling erosion from on-site earth moving activities and minimizing impacts to adjacent watercourses. However, the Regulations do not fully address the downstream hydrologic impacts from such activities. While current management practices under the erosion control permit process are effective in reducing on-site stream impacts, streams and land downstream from the project site may be affected by fluctuations in peak flow and associated impacts such as bank erosion, channel degradation, and flooding.

The primary concern for off-site hydrologic impacts is increase in peak rate of runoff. The rate of stormwater runoff, as opposed to the volume, is a leading contributor to scouring and bank erosion downstream of project sites. During a storm event, the rate of runoff is typically low during the early stage of the storm. As the ground saturates and more water runs off the surface, the rate of runoff also rises. The highest rate of runoff during a storm event is called the "peak rate of runoff." Although controlling the peak rate of runoff will not necessarily reduce the total volume of runoff, it is an effective way of reducing bank erosion and scouring. For example, stream depth during a storm event could stay at 6 feet for 8 hours, as opposed to reaching a height of 10 feet for 1 hour, and thus moving a high volume of water in a very short time period. The first scenario will result in less erosion and scouring than the second.

²¹ U.S. Forest Service. "Specification/Riparian Forest Buffer."

Task Force Recommendation

Table 1 and the accompanying map (Figure 6) are to be used to establish the process and performance standards for on-site and off-site runoff management.

The vulnerability of site soils to increases in runoff will determine what control measures would be required by the applicant. As shown in Table 1, vulnerability is related to the site's soil type and existing cover vegetation. On sites with high vulnerability, ratings 3 and 4, a standard of no net increase in post-project peak runoff rate from pre-application conditions will be adopted. Meeting this standard will require a variety of techniques. High vulnerability sites may include mixed conifer/hardwood forests with soil types A and B (which have high runoff potential), typical of the west-side of the watershed.

On sites with lower vulnerability, ratings 1 and 2 runoff standards will be set through an individual site analysis. Areas of low vulnerability include shrub and grasslands with soil types C and D (which have low runoff potential), typical of the east-side of the watershed.

In both situations, applicants can choose from among many runoff/erosion control options. However, post-project peak runoff rates are not to exceed pre-application conditions. Peak runoff rates vary across storm events and season. Since winter conditions generate the most severe impacts, the Task Force recommends that projects be designed to control peak runoff rates during a typical winter storm event. Modeling of peak runoff rates should be based on established standards, such as those used by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Generally, a 2-year storm under saturated conditions is used as the baseline condition for these models.

Depending on risk level and specific site conditions, runoff/erosion control measures could include preparing a standard erosion control plan; applying no-till ground cover on a maximum percentage of ground; installing energy dissipaters, water spreaders, sheet flow spreaders and/or constructing discharge detention basins. Measures may also include vegetation retention or replanting or restoration standards and landscape designs to minimize runoff and erosion. The Task Force strongly encourages these "green" methods over more traditional, engineering solutions.

Figures 7-9 on the following pages illustrate the processing steps for applicants on increasingly sensitive sites (hydrologically). The more sensitive the site to runoff and erosion, the more detailed the analysis and the stricter the performance standard. Compliance with these standards will be determined by the RCD, which is under contract to the County.

Rationale

Runoff modeling studies conducted by the Natural Resource Conservation Service and the Resource Conservation Service have shown that intensity of runoff varies with soil type, pre-development vegetation patterns, slope, and slope length and post-development runoff management practices. Based on comparisons of various sites around the Napa River Watershed, soil hydrologic group, in association with pre-development native vegetation type and condition, represents the primary determinant of runoff response to land conversion. Therefore, the extent of land disturbance and the design of erosion control measures should be based on a combination of soil hydrologic group and vegetation. No net increase in peak

CONSERVATION REGULATIONS

rate of runoff on the highly erodable areas is an appropriate standard to protect downstream properties and the hydrologic characteristics of the Napa River system. In less vulnerable areas, traditional erosion control plans that emphasize on-site best management practices should be sufficient.

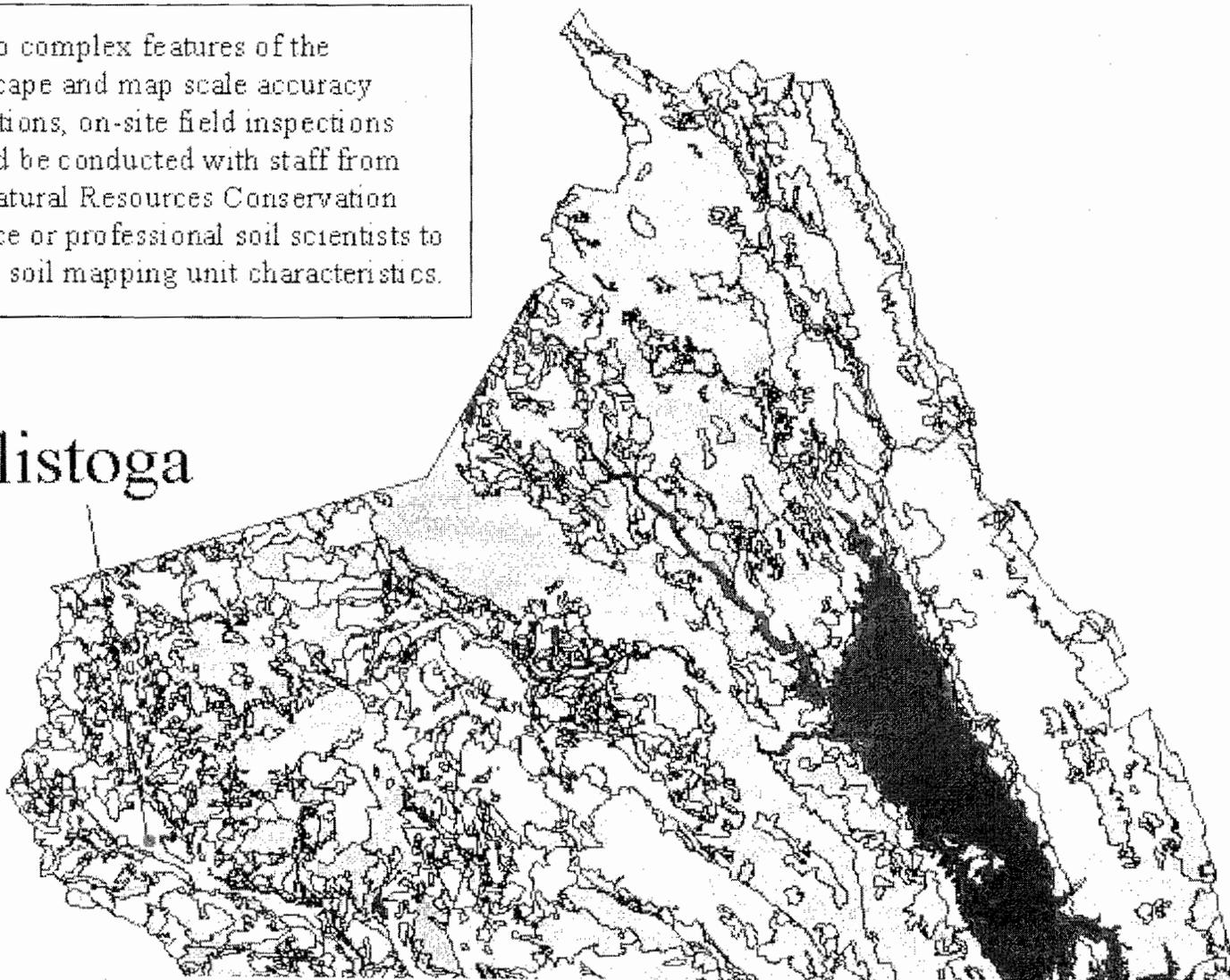
Table 1: Soil Hydrologic/Vegetation Association Sensitivity Ratings

Soil Hydrology Group*	Predominant Native Vegetation			
	Shrubland	Grassland Savannah**	Hardwood Forest	Conifer/Mixed Hardwood Forest
A, B	2	3	4	4
C	1	2	3	4
D	1	1	3	4
Rating	Management Response			
1	Proceed with erosion control plan. No additional hydrologic considerations necessary.			
2	Proceed with no additional hydrologic considerations if a no-fill cover crop will provide a minimum of 70% ground cover. Proceed to first-level Hydraulic Analysis (Figure 7) if minimum cover cannot be achieved.			
3	Proceed to second-level Hydraulic Analysis (Figure 8).			
4	Proceed to third-level Hydraulic Analysis (Figure 9).			
* As shown in Figure 6. Soil types A-D are characterized as follows:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Group A soils have low runoff potential and high infiltration rates even when thoroughly wetted. They consist chiefly of deep, well to excessively drained sands or gravels and have a high rate of water transmission (greater than 0.30 in/hr). ▪ Group B soils have moderate infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted and consist chiefly of moderately deep to deep, moderately well to well drained soils with moderately fine to moderately coarse textures. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission (0.15-0.30 in/hr). ▪ Group C soils have low infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted and consist chiefly of soils with a layer that impedes downward movement of water and soils with moderately fine to fine texture. These soils have a low rate of water transmission (0.05-0.15 in/hr). ▪ Group D soils have high runoff potential. They have very low infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted and consist chiefly of clay soils with a high swelling potential, soils with a permanent high water table, soils with a permanent high water table, soils with a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and shallow soils over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very low rate of water transmission (0-0.05 in/hr). 				
** <30% canopy				

Figure 6:
Napa River Watershed
Soil Hydrologic Groups

Due to complex features of the landscape and map scale accuracy limitations, on-site field inspections should be conducted with staff from the Natural Resources Conservation Service or professional soil scientists to verify soil mapping unit characteristics.

Calistoga



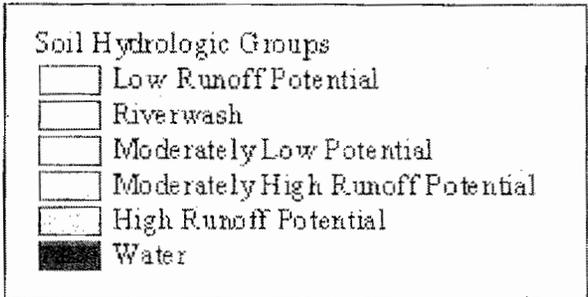
St. Helena

Napa River

Yountville

Napa

American
Canyon



Source: Soil Survey Geographic (SSURGO) database, USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), Napa County RCD

Figure 7: Hydrology Processing Steps for Rating 2

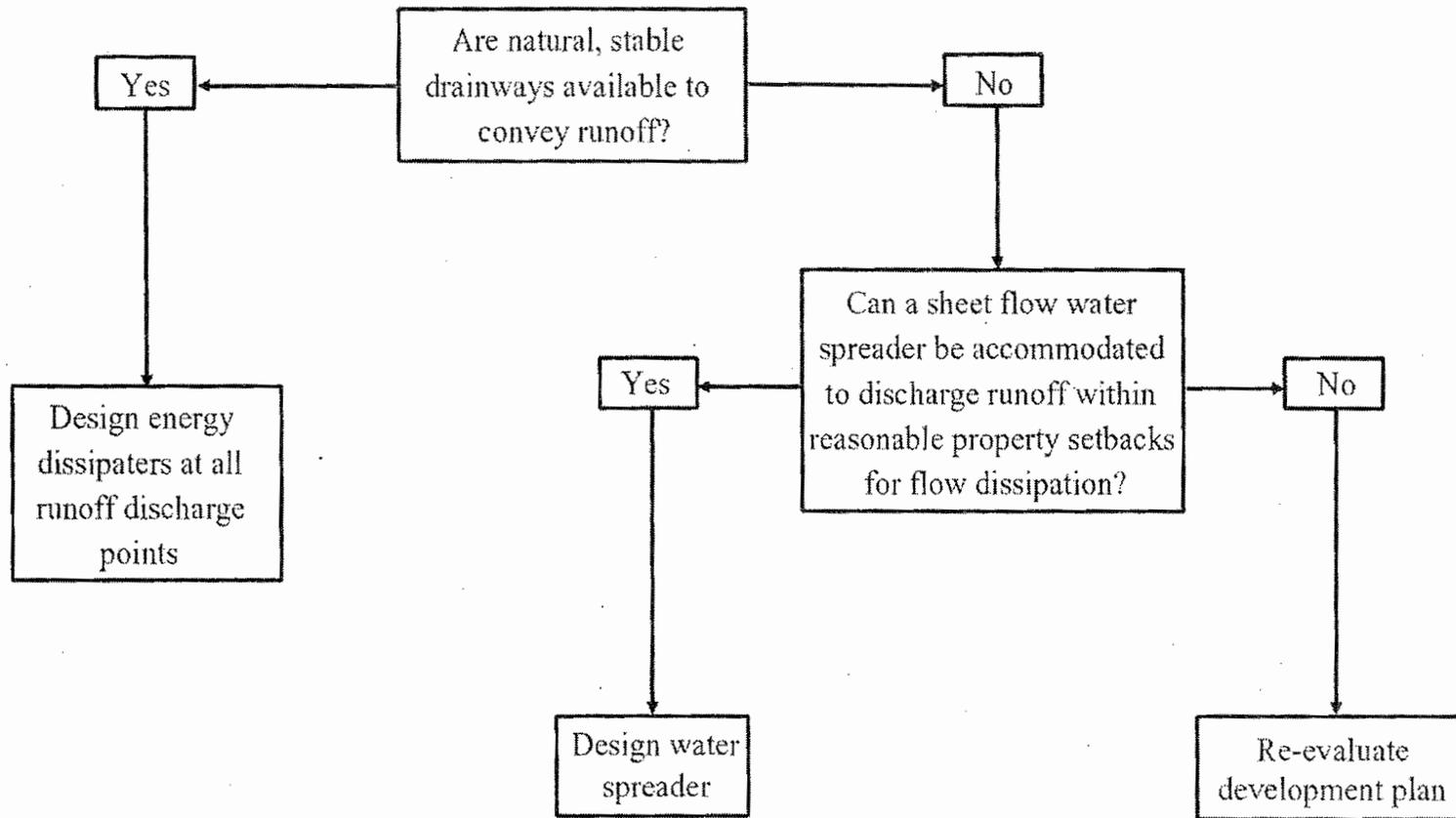


Figure 8: Hydrology Processing Steps for Rating 3

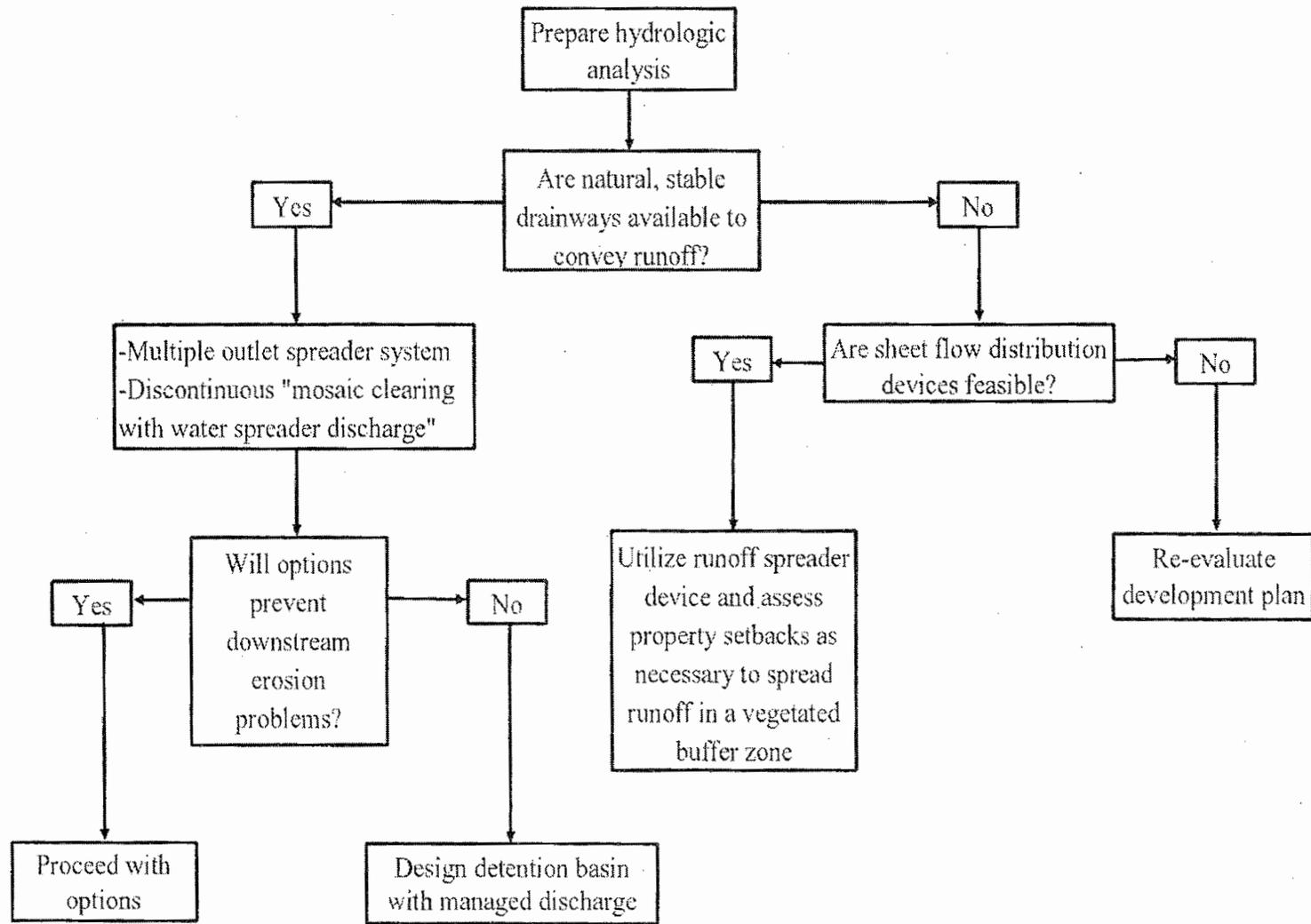


Figure 9: Hydrology Processing Steps for Rating 4

