Successful on-farm practices to reduce water and fertilizer losses to groundwater

Presentation to the California State Water Board SBX 2 1 Committee May 23, 2012

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Drip Irrigation & Fertigation

- Onions need sprinkler + drip
- 4 lines/40" beds vs. 10 lines/80" beds
- Drip has less fertilizer and water lost due to
 - Wind erosion
 - Surface runoff
 - Leaching to groundwater
- Can result in higher quality crop due to more uniform applications
- Cannot use drip on every crop but it is useful tool



Drip: a growing trend in Monterey County



NOTE: Reported net acres vary from year to year

Monterey Water Resources Agency, 2010 Report. http://www.mcwra.co.monterey.ca.us/Agency_data/ GEMS_Reports/2010%20Summary%20Report.pdf

Split applications of fertilizer

- "Spoon feeding" of fertilizer at key growing periods
- Take the time to understand when your crop wants to be

fed!

Nitrogen Fertilizer Requirements of Cool-Season Vegetable Crops Grown Under California Conditions ⁱⁱ				
Сгор	Approximate Nitrogen Requirements (lb/acre-week)			
Broccoli ¹	Early Growth 5-15 ²	Mid Season 10-20	Button Formation 15-30	Head Development 10-20
Cabbage	Early Growth 5	Mid Season 35	Curling 40	Heading 55
Celery	Early Growth 5	Mid Season 15	Late Season 25	
Garlic	Early Growth 5	Mid Season 10	Bulbing 15	
Lettuce ¹	Early Growth 5-10	Cupping 10-20	Head Filling 15-30	
Onion	Early Growth 5	Mid Season 15	Bulbing 10	



Table from: Monterey Water Resources Agency and Santa Clara Valley Water District. Using the Nitrate Present in Soil and Water in Your Fertilizer Calculations. Fact Sheet 4. <u>http://www.pvwma.dst.ca.us/water_conservation_agr/assests/FactSheet%204-nitrate_fertilizer_calcs.pdf</u> Nutrient Graphs from : Brown, Brad. Southern Idaho Fertilizer Guide. University of Idaho Cooperative Extension System. CIS 1081. http://www.extension.uidaho.edu/nutrient/pdf/Specialty/OnionFertGuide.pdf

Composting

Quick Nitrate Soil Tests

- June-August testing, every year since 1997, over 300 samples
- Focus is between first and second crop
- Make & follow recommendation of fertilizer application



• Summer intern project

On-farm nitrogen tests improve fertilizer efficiency, protect groundwater

Timothy K. Hartz

Richard F. Smith
Kurt F. Schulbach
Michelle LeStrange

Water Meters

"You can't manage what you don't measure"

- Installed in 6 fields with different soils
- Brand: SeaMetrics AG 2000
- Investment (6 meters): \$7,500



Water meter results

Average water applied, select onion lots 2011



Soil Moisture Sensors

- 3 sensors + 1 base weather station (Solar Powered)
- 4 and 12 inch depths
- 2 inch soil temperature –bolting info
- Ideal moisture zone set based on science = soil test and crop characteristics
- Internet data access + automatic e-mails or text messages
- Pressure switch to give accurate # hours of irrigation
- Brands: Climate Minder (King City) and Pure Sense (other regions) used
- Investment (3 meters, 1 base): \$11,000



Soil Moisture Sensor Results

Lot 207 Avg soil moisture(4in)(%)
Lot 207 Avg soil moisture(12in)(%)



Educational Partnerships

- Working with UC-Cooperative Extension, Resource Conservation District and other partners
- Irrigation Uniformity Testing (planned summer 2012)
- Water quality meetings and trainings
- Incorporating information in publications into growing practices





Last thoughts

- Farmers know there is a water quality problem.
- Regulators should work towards solutions that fix the problem, not create expensive paperwork.
- Promote the obvious and easy fixes –irrigation efficiency and uniformity testing, split applications of fertilizer, other grower education
- Encourage the use of expensive technology such as soil moisture sensors through incentive programs, collective purchase agreements etc.
- Let's encourage and fund research and grower assistance with people farmers respect – UCCE, RCDs etc.

Questions?

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