

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

**For Western El Dorado County
Updated May 2004**

County of El Dorado
2850 Fairlane Court
Placerville, CA 95667

Executive Summary

ES.1	Overview of Storm Water Management Plan	pg. ES-1
ES.2	Program Management	pg. ES-1
ES.3	Program Development and Implementation	pg. ES-1
ES.4	Proposed Storm Water Management Program	pg. ES-2
	4.1 Public Education and Outreach	pg. ES-2
	4.2 Public Participation and Involvement	pg. ES-2
	4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination	pg. ES-2
	4.4 Construction Site Runoff Control	pg. ES-2
	4.5 Post Construction Runoff Control	pg. ES-3
	4.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping	pg. ES-3
ES.5	Monitoring, Program Evaluation and Reporting	pg. ES-3

Overview of Storm Water Management Plan

Section 1

1.1	Overview	pg. 1-1
1.2	Storm Water Regulations that Apply to El Dorado County	pg. 1-1
1.3	Storm Water Quality Issues	pg. 1-2
1.4	Western El Dorado County Facilities and Coverage of SWMP	pg. 1-3
	1.4.1 Facilities and Coverage	pg. 1-3
	1.4.2 Emergency Response	pg. 1-3
1.5	Relationship Between the Permit and the SWMP	pg. 1-3
1.6	Organization of this SWMP	pg. 1-4

Program Management

Section 2

2.1	Overview	pg. 2-1
2.2	Intra-Departmental Coordination	pg. 2-1
	2.2.1 Department Responsibilities	pg. 2-1
	2.2.1.1 Department of Transportation	pg. 2-2
	2.2.1.2 Planning Department	pg. 2-2
	2.2.1.3 Department of Environmental Management	pg. 2-2
	2.2.1.4 Building Department	pg. 2-2
	2.2.1.5 General Services Department	pg. 2-2
	2.2.1.6 Agriculture Department	pg. 2-3
	2.2.2 Storm Water Advisory Committee (SWAC)	pg. 2-3
	2.2.3 Storm Water Coordinator Responsibilities	pg. 2-3
2.3	Coordination with Design and Construction Activities	pg. 2-4
2.4	Coordination with Municipal Operations	pg. 2-7

2.5	Coordination with Other MS4 Permittees	pg. 2-8
2.5.1	General Coordination Meetings	pg. 2-9
2.6	Coordination with RWQCB	pg. 2-9
2.7	Coordination the Public	pg. 2-10
2.7.1	Routine Public Coordination	pg. 2-10
2.8	Legal Authority	pg. 2-10
2.9	Coordination with County Leaseholders	pg. 2-14
2.10	Coordination with Resource Conservation Districts	pg. 2-15
2.10.1	Watershed Planning	pg. 2-15

Program Development and Implementation

Section 3

3.1	Overview	pg. 3-1
3.2	Development and Adoption of Practices	pg. 3-1
3.2.1	Overview	pg. 3-1
3.2.2	Step 1 – Research and/or Watershed Planning	pg. 3-2
3.2.3	Step 2 – Evaluation of Candidate Practices (Including Re-Evaluation of Current Practices)	pg. 3-2
3.2.4	Step 3 – Approval of Practices	pg. 3-3
3.3	Public Review / Adoption Process	pg. 3-3
3.4	Program Implementation	pg. 3-3
3.4.1	Public Education and Outreach	pg. 3-4
3.4.2	Public Participation and Involvement	pg. 3-4
3.4.3	Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination	pg. 3-4
3.4.3.1	Construction Sites	pg. 3-4
3.4.3.1.1	County Improvement Projects	pg. 3-4
3.4.3.1.2	Development / Re-development Projects	pg. 3-5
3.4.3.2	Municipal Operations	pg. 3-5
3.4.3.3	Non-County Property	pg. 3-5
3.4.4	Construction Site Runoff Control	pg. 3-6
3.4.4.1	County Improvement Projects	pg. 3-6
3.4.4.2	Development / Re-development Projects	pg. 3-7
3.4.5	Post-Construction Runoff Control	pg. 3-7
3.4.6	Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping	pg. 3-8
3.4.6.1	County Property	pg. 3-8
3.4.6.2	Non-County Property	pg. 3-8
3.5	BMPs	pg. 3-8

Proposed Storm Water Management Program **Section 4**

4.0	Overview	pg. 4-1
4.1	Public Education and Outreach	pg. 4-1
4.2	Public Participation and Involvement	pg. 4-1
4.3	Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination	pg. 4-1
4.4	Construction Runoff Control	pg. 4-2
4.5	Post Construction Runoff Control	pg. 4-2
4.6	Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping	pg. 4-2

4.1 Public Education and Outreach Program

4.1.1	Overview	pg. 4.1-1
4.1.2	Outreach to Private Project Planning and Design Teams and Construction Contractors	pg. 4.1-1
4.1.2.1	Informational Exchange Sessions With Contractors	pg. 4.1-2
4.1.3	Public Education and Outreach Program	pg. 4.1-2
4.1.3.1	Resource Conservation District – Watershed Planning	pg. 4.1-3
4.1.3.2	Informational Sheets	pg. 4.1-4
4.1.3.3	Web Site	pg. 4.1-4
4.1.3.4	Storm Drain Stenciling	pg. 4.1-4
4.1.3.5	Technical Workshops	pg. 4.1-5
4.1.4	SWMP Public Review Process	pg. 4.1-5
4.1.5	BMP Program Summary	pg. 4.1-5

4.2 Public Participation and Involvement

4.2.1	Overview	pg. 4.2-1
4.2.2	SWMP Public Review Process	pg. 4.2-1
4.2.2.1	SWMP Approval	pg. 4.2-1
4.2.2.2	SWMP Update	pg. 4.2-1
4.2.3	Public Participation and Involvement	pg. 4.2-1
4.2.3.1	Resource Conservation District – Watershed Planning	pg. 4.2-2
4.2.3.2	Informational Sheets	pg. 4.2-3
4.2.3.3	Web Site	pg. 4.2-3
4.2.3.4	Storm Drain Stenciling	pg. 4.2-3
4.2.3.5	Technical Workshops	pg. 4.2-4
4.2.3.6	Coordination with Volunteer Organizations	pg. 4.2-4
4.2.4	BMP Program Summary	pg. 4.2-5

4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

4.3.1	Overview	pg. 4.3-1
4.3.2	Storm Drain Outfall Identification	pg. 4.3-1
4.3.3	County Ordinances	pg. 4.3-1
4.3.3.1	Prohibition of Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.3-1

4.3.3.1.1	Grading, Erosion & Sediment Control Ordinance	pg. 4.3-2
4.3.3.1.2	Subdivision Design and Improvement Ordinance	pg. 4.3-2
4.3.3.1.3	Solid Waste Management Ordinance	pg. 4.3-2
4.3.3.1.4	Vehicle Abandonment Ordinance	pg. 4.3-2
4.3.3.1.5	Liquid Waste Management Ordinance	pg. 4.3-3
4.3.3.1.6	Hazardous Material Management Ordinance	pg. 4.3-3
4.3.3.1.7	Dust Abatement Ordinance	pg. 4.3-3
4.3.3.1.8	Bear Resistant Garbage Can Ordinance	pg. 4.3-3
4.3.4	Detection and Response Plan	pg. 4.3-3
4.3.4.1	Project Construction	pg. 4.3-4
4.3.4.1.1	Permit Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.3-4
4.3.4.1.2	Non-Permitted Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.3-5
4.3.4.2	Municipal Operations	pg. 4.3-6
4.3.4.2.1	Permitted Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.3-6
4.3.4.2.2	Non-Permitted Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.3-8
4.3.4.2.3	Responsible Parties	pg. 4.3-8
4.3.4.3	Non-County Properties	pg. 4.3-9
4.3.4.3.1	Food Facilities	pg. 4.3-10
4.3.4.3.2	Liquid Waste	pg. 4.3-10
4.3.4.3.3	Recreational Health	pg. 4.3-10
4.3.4.3.4	Small Water Systems	pg. 4.3-11
4.3.4.3.5	Public Complaints	pg. 4.3-11
4.3.4.3.6	Hazardous Waste	pg. 4.3-12
4.3.4.3.7	Household Hazardous Waste	pg. 4.3-13
4.3.4.3.8	Spills	pg. 4.3-15
4.3.4.3.9	Marina Outreach	pg. 4.3-16
4.3.4.3.10	Medical Waste	pg. 4.3-17
4.3.4.3.11	Used Oil	pg. 4.3-17
4.3.4.3.12	Universal Wastes	pg. 4.3-17
4.3.4.3.13	Collection / Disposal	pg. 4.3-18
4.3.4.3.14	Recycling	pg. 4.3-18
4.3.4.3.15	Enforcement	pg. 4.3-18
4.3.4.3.16	Litter Abatement	pg. 4.3-18
4.3.4.3.17	Garbage Cans/Bears	pg. 4.3-19

4.3.4.3.18	Construction Demolition & Debris Recycling	pg. 4.3-19
4.3.4.3.19	Material Recovery Facility	pg. 4.3-19
4.3.4.4	Leaseholder Review and Inspections	pg. 4.3-19
4.3.4.5	Facility Pollution Prevention Plans	pg. 4.3-20
4.3.5	Public Communication	pg. 4.3-20
4.3.5.1	Public Outreach	pg. 4.3-20
4.3.5.2	Informational Exchange with Contractors	pg. 4.3-21
4.3.5.3	Resource Conservation Districts	pg. 4.3-22
4.3.6	Program Evaluation	pg. 4.3-23
4.3.6.1	Self Audit	pg. 4.3-23
4.3.6.2	Departmental Review	pg. 4.3-23
4.3.6.3	Storm Water Advisory Committee	pg. 4.3-24
4.3.7	BMP Program Summary	pg. 4.3-24
4.4	Construction Site Runoff Control	
4.4.1	Overview	pg. 4.4-1
4.4.2	General Program	pg. 4.4-2
4.4.3	County Development Standards	pg. 4.4-3
4.4.3.1	Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance	pg. 4.4-3
4.4.3.2	Design and Improvement Standards Manual	pg. 4.4-5
4.4.3.3	Drainage Manual	pg. 4.4-5
4.4.4	General Construction Site Practices	pg. 4.4-7
4.4.5	Minimum Construction Site Practices	pg. 4.4-12
4.4.5.1	Scheduling	pg. 4.4-12
4.4.5.2	Preservation of Existing Vegetation	pg. 4.4-13
4.4.5.3	Storm Water Run-On and Concentrated Flows	pg. 4.4-13
4.4.5.4	Stockpile Management	pg. 4.4-13
4.4.5.5	Sediment Tracking Control	pg. 4.4-14
4.4.5.6	Wind Erosion Control	pg. 4.4-14
4.4.5.7	Non-Storm Water Management	pg. 4.4-14
4.4.5.8	Disturbed Soil Area Management	pg. 4.4-16
4.4.5.8.1	Definitions	pg. 4.4-16
4.4.5.8.2	DSA Protection by Soil Stabilization, Sediment Barriers and Basins/Traps	pg. 4.4-17
4.4.6	Inspection Procedures	pg. 4.4-21
4.4.6.1	Construction Site Inspection Procedures	pg. 4.4-21
4.4.6.2	Responsible Parties	pg. 4.4-23
4.4.6.2.2	County Improvement Projects	pg. 4.4-24
4.4.6.2.3	Development/Re-development Projects	pg. 4.4-24
4.4.6.3	Permitted Exempt and Conditionally	

	Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.4-25
4.4.7	County Ordinances	pg. 4.4-26
4.4.7.1	Dust Abatement Ordinance	pg. 4.4-27
4.4.7.2	Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance	pg. 4.4-27
4.4.7.3	Subdivision Design and Improvement Ordinance	pg. 4.4-27
4.4.8	Public Communications	pg. 4.4-27
4.4.8.1	Public Review	pg. 4.4-27
4.4.8.2	Web Site	pg. 4.4-28
4.4.8.3	Information Exchange with Contractors	pg. 4.4-28
4.4.9	BMP Program Summary	pg. 4.4-29
4.5	Post Construction Runoff Control	
4.5.1	Overview	pg. 4.5-1
4.5.2	Current Program	pg. 4.5-1
4.5.2.1	Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance	pg. 4.5-2
4.5.2.2	Design and Improvement Standards Manual	pg. 4.5-4
4.5.2.3	Drainage Manual	pg. 4.5-4
4.5.3	Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan	pg. 4.5-6
4.5.4	BMP Program Summary	pg. 4.2-11
4.6	Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping	
4.6.1	Overview	pg. 4.6-1
4.6.2	Maintenance Practices	pg. 4.6-2
4.6.2.1	Maintenance Work Areas and BMP Identification	pg. 4.6-2
4.6.2.2	Pavement and Bridge Maintenance Work Activities	pg. 4.6-3
4.6.2.3	Slopes/Drainage/Vegetation Work Activities	pg. 4.6-4
4.6.2.4	Storm Water Drainage Facilities Inspection and Cleaning Program	pg. 4.6-4
4.6.2.5	Illicit Connection / Illegal Discharge (IC/ID)	pg. 4.6-4
4.6.2.6	Litter and Debris Cleanup	pg. 4.6-4
4.6.2.7	Landscape Maintenance	pg. 4.6-5
4.6.2.8	Maintenance of Treatment Devices	pg. 4.6-5
4.6.2.9	Snow and Ice Control	pg. 4.6-6
4.6.2.10	Management and Support	pg. 4.6-6
4.6.2.11	Scheduling and Planning	pg. 4.6-7
4.6.2.12	Sediment Control	pg. 4.6-8
4.6.2.13	Waste Management	pg. 4.6-8
4.6.2.14	Spill Prevention and Control	pg. 4.6-9
4.6.2.15	Solid Waste Management	pg. 4.6-10
4.6.2.16	Hazardous Waste Management	pg. 4.6-12
4.6.2.17	Contaminated Soil Management	pg. 4.6-12
4.6.2.18	Sanitary/Septic Waste Management	pg. 4.6-13
4.6.2.19	Liquid Waste Management	pg. 4.6-14

4.6.2.20	Concrete Waste Management	pg. 4.6-15
4.6.3	Materials Handling	pg. 4.6-16
4.6.3.1	Materials Delivery and Storage	pg. 4.6-16
4.6.3.2	Material Use	pg. 4.6-18
4.6.4	Vehicle and Equipment Operations	pg. 4.6-19
4.6.4.1	Vehicle and Equipment Fueling	pg. 4.6-19
4.6.4.2	Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance	pg. 4.6-21
4.6.5	Paving Operations Procedures	pg. 4.6-22
4.6.6	Water Conservation Practices	pg. 4.6-22
4.6.7	Water / Irrigation	pg. 4.6-23
4.6.8	Safer Alternative Products	pg. 4.6-24
4.6.9	Drainage Facilities	pg. 4.6-24
4.6.10	Illicit Connection Detection, Reporting and Removal	pg. 4.6-25
4.6.11	Illegal Discharge Control	pg. 4.6-26
4.6.12	Litter and Debris Removal	pg. 4.6-26
4.6.12.1	Litter and Debris	pg. 4.6-26
4.6.12.2	Anti-Liter Signs	pg. 4.6-27
4.6.13	Chemical Vegetation Control	pg. 4.6-27
4.6.14	Vegetated Slope Inspection	pg. 4.6-28
4.6.15	Snow Removal and De-Icing Agents	pg. 4.6-29
4.6.16	Storm Water Dewatering Operations	pg. 4.6-30
4.6.17	Sweeping	pg. 4.6-30
4.6.18	Maintenance Facility Housekeeping Practices	pg. 4.6-31
4.6.19	Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.6-33
4.6.19.1	County Maintenance Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.6-33
4.6.19.2	Spills	pg. 4.6-34
4.6.19.3	Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges	pg. 4.6-34
4.6.20	Maintenance of Treatment Devices	pg. 4.6-37
4.6.21	Facility Pollution Prevention Plans	pg. 4.6-38
4.6.22	Employee Training Program	pg. 4.6-39
4.6.22.1	Storm Water Training	pg. 4.6-40
4.6.22.2	Training Frequency	pg. 4.6-41
4.6.22.3	On-The-Job Training	pg. 4.6-42
4.6.22.4	Educational Reminders	pg. 4.6-42
4.6.23	BMP Program Summary	pg. 4.2-43

Monitoring, Program Evaluation and Reporting

Section 5

5.1	Overview	pg. 5-1
5.2	Monitoring and Research	pg. 5.1

5.3	Program Evaluation, Oversight, and Assistance	pg. 5-2
5.4	Performance Monitoring	pg. 5-3
5.4.1	General	pg. 5-3
5.4.2	Project Planning and Design	pg. 5-4
5.4.3	Project Construction	pg. 5-4
5.5	Self-Audit	pg. 5-7
5.6	Annual Report	pg. 5-7
5.6.1	Revised SWMP	pg. 5-8
5.6.2	Analysis of the Adequacy of Legal Authority	pg. 5-8
5.6.3	Report on the Storm Sewer System Mapping	pg. 5-8
5.7	Non-Compliance Reporting	pg. 5-9

LIST OF APPENDICES

A	Western El Dorado County Facilities	pg. A-1
B	BMP Guidelines From Others	pg. B-1
C	Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions of Terms	pg. C-1

Western El Dorado County Facilities Appendix A

A.1	Western El Dorado County Facilities	pg. A-1
A.1.1	General Facilities	pg. A-1
A.1.2	County Maintained Roads	pg. A-1
A.1.3	Other Permitted Properties	pg. A-1
A.1.4	Leased Properties	pg. A-1

BMP Guidelines From Others Appendix B

B.1	BMP Guidelines From Others	pg. B-1
B.1.1	Overview	pg. B-1

Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definition of Terms Appendix C

C.1	Abbreviations	pg. C-1
C.2	Acronyms	pg. C-1
C.3	Definition of Terms	pg. C-3

ES.1 OVERVIEW OF STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP) describes a program to reduce the discharge of pollutants associated with the storm water drainage systems that serve Western El Dorado County. It identifies how the County will comply with the provisions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit proposed by the California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB).

This SWMP addresses the primary program elements of all County activities, including:

- How the County manages the planning, design and construction of projects carried out directly by the County and under permits issued by the County; and
- How the County maintains facilities owned and operated by the County and activities carried out by others on properties owned by the County.

This SWMP also addresses its responsibilities for implementing the applicable storm water management practices as well as training, public education & outreach, monitoring, program evaluation, and reporting activities.

ES.2 PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

Section 2, Program Management, addresses the organization and responsibilities for overall Permit compliance and storm water management program implementation within the County.

This section also identifies how the County will coordinate storm water management with others, including municipalities, the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), and the public.

Section 2 also documents that the County has adequate legal authority as required by the federal storm water regulations to manage storm water discharges occurring from County-owned and maintained facilities and roadways. Additionally, the County has adequate legal authority to regulate discharges from private properties and from development and re-development activities being carried out under permits issued by the County.

ES.3 PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION

The County is required to identify and implement storm water management practices to minimize discharges of pollutants. This section identifies the developmental strategies and the process of implementation of practices as well as the public review process for the storm water program.

34 ES.4 PROPOSED STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

35 Section 4 more specifically describes each element of the storm water management
36 program and the practices used to meet each of the six (6) minimum required control
37 measures of the Permit, which are as follows:

- 38 • Section 4.1 Public Education and Outreach
- 39 • Section 4.2 Public Involvement and Participation
- 40 • Section 4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
- 41 • Section 4.4 Construction Site Runoff Control
- 42 • Section 4.5 Post Construction Runoff Control
- 43 • Section 4.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

44

45 4.1 Public Education and Outreach

46 The County will implement a public education program that informs the
47 community of the impacts of storm water and contributions they may make to
48 reduce pollutants in storm water runoff. The County will target public
49 employees, public schools, public libraries, developers, contractors, homeowners,
50 business owners, boaters, and the remaining public as part of this Public
51 Education and Outreach Program.

52 4.2 Public Participation and Involvement

53 The County will implement a public participation and involvement program that
54 notifies the community of public hearings to consider the impacts of storm water
55 and contributions they may make to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff.

56 4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

57 This section describes specifically how the County will comply with Permit
58 requirements by incorporating illicit discharge detection and elimination, into the
59 overall storm water management program. The County will achieve compliance
60 by identifying storm drain outfalls, through enforcing County ordinances,
61 implementing a detection and response plan and through public communications,
62 and finally, through program evaluation and analysis.

63 4.4 Construction Site Runoff Control

64 The County will comply with Permit requirements by incorporating construction
65 site runoff control requirements that apply to both construction proposed to be
66 undertaken directly by the County and construction proposed to be permitted by
67 the County and undertaken by others. This will be achieved through development

68 and implementation of the County's Development Standards (Grading, Erosion
69 and Sediment Control Ordinance, the Design and Improvement Standards Manual
70 and the Drainage Manual), general construction site practices, minimum
71 construction site practices, inspections and enforcement, County ordinances, an
72 employee training program, and through public communications.

73 **4.5 Post Construction Runoff Control**

74 The County will implement a long-term post-construction program that
75 protect water quality and control runoff flow, to be incorporated into
76 development and significant redevelopment projects. The County will
77 comply with permit requirements by incorporating existing County
78 Development Standards to minimize the discharge of pollutants of
79 development and redevelopment projects. Revisions to the County
80 Development Standards shall be developed and implemented as well the
81 development of storm water treatment practices.

82 **4.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping**

83 While carrying out maintenance operations, the County's maintenance personnel
84 will be instructed to be alert to, and report, all potential illicit connections or
85 illegal discharges. These will be reported to the County's Storm Water
86 Coordinator, who will appropriately pursue, in cooperation with the involved
87 County Departments, removal / cleanup operations. The County will provide
88 education and training to ensure that all of its employees have the knowledge and
89 skills necessary to perform their functions effectively and efficiently. The County
90 provides employee-training programs with curricula and materials tailored to
91 specific topics and personnel levels.

92 **ES.5 MONITORING, PROGRAM EVALUATION AND REPORTING**

93 The County's Monitoring, Program Evaluation and Reporting Program (Section5) is
94 intended to gather information on problem pollutants, the performance of storm water
95 controls in addressing these pollutants, and periodically report program progress and
96 updates to the Regional Board.

97 The County's overall strategy for protecting receiving waters involves the use of
98 effective storm water management practices and a process of continuous program
99 improvement and refinement. As part of its storm water management program, the
100 County regularly reviews its activities, inspects its facilities, oversees and guides its
101 personnel and conducts focused studies to obtain information that supports responsible
102 management and allocation of the resources available to implement storm water quality
103 efforts.

104 The primary mechanism for accomplishing program evaluation and ensuring that front
105 line personnel have adequate assistance to be successful is the program oversight by the

106 County’s managers. Such oversight includes observing and evaluating project planning,
107 design and construction personnel as they implement the requirements of the SWMP on
108 new projects and maintenance personnel as they conduct maintenance activities.

109 In addition to day-to-day supervision by managers, the County’s Storm Water
110 Coordinator will conduct focused follow-up checks, or “self-audits”, on a regular basis.
111 The goal of the self-audits is to evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of the activities
112 outlined in the SWMP; to provide a sound basis for re-directing or refining such
113 activities; to recommend ways to revise or refine the SWMP, as needed; and to assess
114 compliance with Permit and program requirements.

115 The County’s reporting requirements include preparing the Annual Report and reporting
116 instances of noncompliance with the SWMP. Along with addressing the specific Permit
117 reporting requirements, these reports will summarize oversight and self-audit results and
118 the results from any monitoring or research carried out by the County

119 Instances of noncompliance involve nonpermitted non-storm water discharges or
120 discharges that may significantly endanger health or the environment. Such discharges
121 from operations of existing facilities or construction sites are required to be reported to
122 the RWQCB.

1.1 OVERVIEW

This Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP) was developed by El Dorado County for the purpose of describing the minimum procedures and practices the County uses to reduce the discharge of pollutants in effluent from storm drainage systems owned or operated by the County. This Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) General Permit approved April 30, 2003, by the California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) is herein referred to as the Permit. The County will evaluate the need for revision of the SWMP at least annually.

This SWMP addresses storm water pollution control related to project planning, design, construction and maintenance activities throughout the unincorporated area of Western El Dorado County (that portion of El Dorado County within the jurisdiction of the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board, excluding the Tahoe Basin). In addition, this SWMP addresses assignment of responsibilities within the County for implementing storm water management procedures and practices as well as training, public education and outreach, monitoring and research, program evaluation, and reporting activities.

Introductory information contained in this section is outlined as follows:

- Section 1.2 Storm Water Regulations that Apply to the County;
- Section 1.3 Storm Water Quality Issues;
- Section 1.4 Western El Dorado County Facilities and Coverage of SWMP;
- Section 1.5 Relationship between the Permit and this SWMP; and
- Section 1.6 Contents and Organization of this SWMP.

This document is intended to govern the County's storm water management activities within Western El Dorado County, including the Headington Road Maintenance Facility, which here-to-for was covered under the California General Industrial Storm Water Permit. However, the County's Airports and Landfill will continue to be covered under the General Industrial Permit and an individually issued site permit, respectively.

1.2 STORM WATER REGULATIONS THAT APPLY TO EL DORADO COUNTY

Federal environmental regulations based on the Clean Water Act (CWA) have evolved to require the control of pollutants from MS4s, construction sites and industrial activities. Discharges from such sources were brought under the NPDES permit process by the 1987 CWA amendments and the subsequent 1990 and 1999 promulgation of storm water regulations by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). In California, the EPA

33 has delegated administration of the federal NPDES program to the SWRCB and the nine
34 Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCBs). The SWRCB has issued statewide
35 general NPDES storm water permits for designated types of construction and industrial
36 activities, and has adopted a statewide permit applicable to all small municipalities,
37 including Western El Dorado County.

38 The 1999 Federal Regulations require that NPDES storm water permits be issued for
39 discharges from small MS4s, or municipal separate storm sewer systems. Such systems
40 mean “a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems,
41 municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, manmade channels, or storm
42 drains): (i) owned or operated by a state, city, town, borough, county....”. The County,
43 as the owner and operator of an MS4, is subject to an NPDES MS4 permit.

44 Furthermore, Federal Regulations require that all parties discharging storm water
45 associated with construction activity, including clearing, grading and excavation
46 activities, obtain an NPDES Permit. Currently, small construction projects, that is, those
47 that disturb less than 1 acre of total land area and that are not part of a larger common
48 plan of development, are exempted from NPDES Permit requirements.

49 The Permit and this SWMP provide a framework for consistent, effective and efficient
50 implementation of storm water management practices in all of the unincorporated area of
51 Western El Dorado County.

52

53 **1.3 STORM WATER QUALITY ISSUES**

54 Studies throughout the State have shown that pollutant concentrations in storm water
55 runoff from the facilities similar to those owned by El Dorado County will frequently
56 exceed the applicable water quality standards [numeric water quality objective (WQO)
57 values]. These water quality standards are prescribed in various plans approved by the
58 SWRCB and EPA, including the Ocean Plan, the Basin Plan, and the California Toxics
59 Rule (CTR).

60 As more data becomes available, both within El Dorado County and elsewhere, the
61 County will be in a better position to assess the actual or threatened impacts that runoff
62 from storm drainage systems owned or operated by the County may have on local
63 receiving water quality. This data will be used for a variety of water quality issues,
64 including determining if County’s runoff causes or contributes to exceedances of water
65 quality standards, development of total maximum daily loadings (TMDLs), and
66 watershed planning. This information will also be used to aid the County in refining its
67 program.

68 **1.4 WESTERN EL DORADO COUNTY FACILITIES AND COVERAGE OF SWMP**

69

70 **1.4.1 Facilities and Coverage**

71 This SWMP describes the procedures and practices used to reduce the discharge

72 of pollutants from storm water drainage systems owned or operated by the
73 County.

74 The specific County owned or operated facilities addressed by the SWMP are
75 identified in Appendix A. In various areas of the unincorporated areas of Western
76 El Dorado County, waters of the United States or waters of the State pass through,
77 over or under the County's property and facilities. Those waters may contain
78 pollutants at the point at which they enter the County's property and facilities. In
79 those circumstances; and except as otherwise noted in Section 2.8, Legal
80 Authority; and Section 4.4, Design / Construction Runoff Control; and Section
81 4.6, Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping; the County will be responsible
82 only for pollutants contributed to such waters which are discharged from its point
83 sources and not for the pollutants present in those waters when they entered the
84 County's properties.

85 **1.4.2 Emergency Response**

86 Throughout the year conditions may arise that require the County to conduct
87 emergency activities to protect public health, safety and property. Conditions
88 during the emergency activities may result in the County not implementing
89 elements of the SWMP. Such incidents are not considered noncompliance in
90 accordance with the Federal Code of Regulations 40 CFR Section 122.41 (n)(1)
91 through (4) which addresses upsets, such as emergency response for public safety.
92 Upset means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and
93 temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations
94 because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does
95 not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly
96 designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive
97 maintenance, or careless or improper operation. An upset constitutes an
98 affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology
99 based permit effluent limitations provided certain requirements are met [see 40
100 CFR Section 122.41(n)(3)].

101 **1.5 RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE PERMIT AND THE SWMP**

102 An important purpose of the SWMP and the County's Storm Water Management
103 Program is to ensure that those who direct and perform activities that may affect the
104 quality of storm water system discharges are aware of their respective roles and
105 responsibilities.

106 The goal of the County is to incorporate the practices identified in this and subsequent
107 SWMPs into the day-to-day operations and management carried out by County
108 personnel, and parties under permit to the County.

109 Many of the practices are described in general terms, thus allowing the County flexibility
110 to make necessary modifications to expand or improve upon the detailed procedures
111 within the framework of the SWMP. The SWMP also encourages the County to use
112 innovative approaches for implementing practices presented in the SWMP and
113 implementing new practices not yet addressed in this SWMP.

114 **1.6 ORGANIZATION OF THIS SWMP**

115 The remainder of this document, including the Appendices, describes the essential
116 program elements of the County's storm water program.

- 117 • Section 2: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT describes the organization and
118 responsibilities for overall Permit compliance and program implementation within
119 the County. Section 2 also describes coordination with other permittees and
120 agencies and the legal authority of the County.
- 121 • Section 3: PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION
122 describes the process of identifying, evaluating and selecting, and implementing
123 the program practices.
- 124 • Section 4: PROPOSED STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM
125 describes the storm water pollution management practices with each of the six (6)
126 mandated program areas, which are as follows:
 - 127 • Section 4.1 Public Education and Outreach
 - 128 • Section 4.2 Public Participation and Involvement
 - 129 • Section 4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
 - 130 • Section 4.4 Construction Site Runoff Control
 - 131 • Section 4.5 Post Construction Runoff Control
 - 132 • Section 4.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping
- 133 • Section 5: MONITORING, PROGRAM EVALUATION AND REPORTING
134 describes the Monitoring, Program Evaluation and Reporting Program used to
135 better define the discharges from specific types of the County's facilities and the
136 applied research activities used to develop the information and insight needed to
137 refine the County's storm water management program over time. This Section
138 also describes the methods the County uses to evaluate the overall effectiveness
139 of its storm water management program and provide reports, including
140 noncompliance reporting, to the RWQCB.
- 141 • APPENDICES: A-C

SECTION 1

Overview of Storm Water Management Plan

- 142 • Appendix A provides a description of each of the County’s properties,
143 including lease properties, for which coverage is sought with this SWMP,
144 including a list of the County’s maintained roads.
- 145 • Appendix B describes supplemental guidelines referenced in the SWMP.
- 146 • Appendix C provides abbreviations, acronyms and definitions of terms
147 used in the SWMP.

1 2.1 OVERVIEW

2 The goal of the SWMP is to protect the water quality in the streams, rivers and lakes in
3 Western El Dorado County. The regulatory requirements for this SWMP are set forth in
4 the State of California NPDES General Permits for Storm Water Discharges Associated
5 with Construction Activity and Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s).
6 The County's goal is to ensure that pollutants in discharges from storm drain systems
7 owned or operated by the County are reduced to the maximum extent practicable.

8 This section describes the organizational structure of the County with regard to storm
9 water program management and the program basics. This section is organized as follows:

- 10 • Section 2.2 Intra-Departmental Coordination
- 11 • Section 2.3 Coordination with Design and Construction Activities
- 12 • Section 2.4 Coordination with Municipal Operations
- 13 • Section 2.5 Coordination with other MS4 Permittees
- 14 • Section 2.6 Coordination with the RWQCB
- 15 • Section 2.7 Coordination with the Public
- 16 • Section 2.8 Legal Authority
- 17 • Section 2.9 Coordination with County Leaseholders
- 18 • Section 2.10 Coordination with Resource Conservation Districts

19 2.2 INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL COORDINATION

20 The Board of Supervisors is the policy and budget setting authority for the County. Under
21 the Board, the Departments of Transportation, General Services, Agriculture, Planning,
22 Building and Environmental Management each play a key role in implementing the
23 County's storm water management program. The Department Heads for each of these
24 Departments report to the Board of Supervisors. The County's organizational chart is
25 available at <http://co.el-dorado.ca.us/org.html>.

26 2.2.1 Department Responsibilities

27 Each of the key Departments has the primary responsibility for day-to-day
28 implementation of the SWMP. Line responsibility for implementation lies with
29 each Department.

30 The County's lead Department for managing the storm water program is the
31 Department of Transportation. The County's Storm Water Coordinator is
32 appointed by the Department Head from within this Department.

33 Individual Department and personnel responsibilities for implementation and
34 enforcement are additionally addressed within Sections 4.4 and 4.6, respectively
35 for the County's design/construction and maintenance programs.

36 **2.2.1.1. Department of Transportation**

37 The Department of Transportation (DOT) is responsible for implementing
38 and/or overseeing all improvements and maintenance activities
39 undertaken on County roads. Further, DOT is responsible for
40 administering the County's Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control
41 Ordinance (County Code Chapter 15.14) regulating grading on private
42 property.

43 **2.2.1.2. Planning Department**

44 The Planning Department is responsible for coordinating the review and
45 approval processes for all proposed land development / redevelopment.

46 **2.2.1.3. Department of Environmental Management**

47 Environmental Management is responsible for administering the County's
48 Solid Waste Management Ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.42) and the
49 Asbestos and Dust Protection Ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.44).
50 Additionally, the Department is responsible for conducting restaurant
51 inspections, managing the County's solids-hazardous waste / used tire /
52 waste oil programs, overseeing the County's marina bilge waste
53 management program, managing the County's vector control program,
54 and management of the County's separately permit waste treatment
55 plants.

56 **2.2.1.4. Building Department**

57 The Building Department is responsible for administering the building
58 permit program, including management of grading associated with the
59 construction of individual, single family homes

60 **2.2.1.5. General Services Department**

61 The General Services Department is responsible for implementing and/or
62 overseeing all improvements and maintenance activities undertaken on
63 County facilities or property other than County roads. Additionally,

64 General Services is responsible for overseeing all leases of County
65 properties.

66 **2.2.1.6. Agriculture Department**

67 The Department of Agriculture is responsible for implementing the
68 County's pesticide / herbicide management program.

69 **2.2.2 Storm Water Advisory Committee (SWAC)**

70 During 2003/2004, the County established a County-wide SWAC to assist the
71 County Storm Water Coordinator. This team meets at least annually and has
72 representatives from each of the key responsible Departments (Planning, Building,
73 Transportation, Environmental Management, Agriculture and General Services).
74 SWAC meetings will be facilitated by the County's Storm Water Coordinator.

75 **2.2.3 Storm Water Coordinator Responsibilities**

76 In general, the County's Storm Water Coordinator is responsible for preparing and
77 updating this SWMP, approving storm water treatment practices, maintaining close
78 communication with the RWQCB, overseeing and coordinating implementation of
79 the SWMP, monitoring the program and annually evaluating the program and
80 reporting to the RWQCB. Specific responsibilities include:

- 81 1. **Regulatory Coordination:** Coordinates overall storm water management
82 program compliance with the RWQCB. In addition, assists the Departments in
83 coordinating storm water compliance with the RWQCB.
- 84 2. **Development and Updating of SWMP:** Coordinates the ongoing development
85 of the SWMP in conformance with the requirements of the Permit. This
86 includes compliance monitoring and identifying area-specific storm water
87 management needs with the County. The Coordinator also updates the SWMP
88 annually required in the Permit.
- 89 3. **Evaluation and Approval of the County's Program and Site Specific**
90 **Permanent, Structural Treatment Practices:** The Coordinator maintains
91 close contact with others within the storm water field and keeps abreast on
92 monitoring and research carried out by parties within the County and
93 elsewhere. The Coordinator evaluates, and after consulting with the County's
94 Storm Water Advisory Committee (as defined in 2.2.2), recommends approval
95 of the County's program of practices. The Coordinator approves site-specific
96 permanent, structural treatment practices.
- 97 4. **Water Quality Research and Planning:** The Coordinator oversees County
98 research activities to assess potential practices, investigates water quality issues,

- 99 and is the County's lead in participating / coordinating watershed planning
100 processes focused on water quality improvement.
- 101 5. **Coordination with Departments and Externals:** In consultation with the
102 various involved Department's, the Coordinator provides general guidance
103 regarding compliance with the Permit. This guidance includes providing
104 information on the Permit requirements, SWMP implementation, storm water
105 practices, compliance schedules, reporting formats, legal authorities, budgeting
106 assistance and other information needed to effectively implement the Permit
107 and the SWMP requirements. In addition, the Coordinator provides feedback to
108 the Departments regarding the status of the County's overall compliance with
109 the Permit.
- 110 6. **Monitoring:** The Coordinator oversees monitoring related to storm water
111 quality management to advance the state of knowledge regarding water quality
112 issues and to provide direction for making program improvements.
- 113 7. **Program Evaluation:** The Coordinator annually assesses of the overall
114 effectiveness of the County's SWMP.
- 115 8. **Reporting:** The Coordinator oversees preparation of the Annual Report.
- 116 9. **Training:** The Coordinator monitoring the training activities carried out by the
117 various Departments to assure adequacy and accuracy of the training programs.
- 118 10. **Database:** The Coordinator maintains a database of all required permanent,
119 structural treatment practices installed as part of all County and non-County
120 construction projects.

121 **2.3 COORDINATION WITH DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES**

122 Construction activities within the County are carried out directly by County forces, by
123 contractors and by third parties undertaking utility improvement and as part of land
124 development/re-development activities permitted by the County.

125 Construction activities are carried out by the County Departments, Building, and General
126 Services and Transportation. In both any case, the Department Director has the responsibility
127 for overall direction of the work carried out directly by county forces within their respective
128 Departments, through a hired contractor, or in the case of the Director of Transportation, by
129 third parties under permit to the Department.

130 Land development / re-development activities which involve grading on private property are
131 subject to being permitted (Grading Permits) by the Director of Transportation, as are land

132 development / re-development and utility related construction activities within the County
133 rights-of-ways (Encroachment Permits).

134 Whenever the Director of Transportation determines that any grading on private property
135 constitutes a condition which could adversely affect the water quality of any water body or
136 watercourse, the owner of the property upon which the condition is located, or other person or
137 agent in control of said property, upon receipt of notice in writing from the Director of
138 Transportation shall, within the period specified therein, obtain a grading permit and conform
139 to the conditions of said permit. These permit conditions will include adherence to the
140 County's Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control ordinance; the County's Design and
141 Improvement Standards Manual; and the County's Drainage Manual as applicable,
142 collectively referred to as the "County Development Standards", or other standards adopted
143 by the County.

144 No person shall perform any grading work within the right-of-way of a public road or street,
145 or within a public easement under the jurisdiction of the County of El Dorado, without prior
146 approval of the Director of Transportation. Said approval (encroachment permit) will be
147 conditioned with adherence to the County Development Standards. The following positions
148 within the County are responsible for implementing the Design and Construction Storm Water
149 Management Program:

150 **Directors of Transportation, Building and General Services:** The department heads are
151 responsible for the implementation of the policies, procedures, personnel and equipment
152 within their respective Departments. This includes ensuring compliance with all elements of
153 the SWMP and applicable storm water permits. All construction projects are subject to the
154 statutory requirements for environmental and public reviews and environmental permitting.

155 **Director of Environmental Management Department:** The County's Air Pollution Control
156 Officer (APCO) is within the Environmental Management Department. Under the direction
157 of the Department Manager, the APCO enforces the dust abatement rules within the County.

158 **Director of the Planning Department:** The Planning Director is responsible for land use
159 planning, establishing general development standards, and reviewing applications for
160 proposed land development projects. These processes are subject to the statutory
161 requirements for environmental and public reviews and environmental permitting.

162 **County Storm Water Coordinator:** The Coordinator is appointed by the Director of
163 Transportation and will be responsible for maintaining the SWMP; reporting as required to
164 the RWQCB; approving site specific, permanent, storm water structural treatment practices,
165 and generally overseeing and evaluating the design and construction storm water management
166 program.

167 **Project Manager / Project Engineer:** The PM/PE is the County's representative charged
168 with directly overseeing the planning and design of proposed construction activities, or

- 169 overseeing the planning and design of construction activities proposed to be carried out by
170 others in accordance with permit conditions which the PM/PE would establish.
- 171 A PM/PE could involve employees of various classifications, depending on the Department
172 and the project.
- 173 On County projects subject to SWPPP requirements, the PM/PE is responsible for filing an
174 NOI with the RWQCB.
- 175 **Construction Manager / Resident Engineer:** The CM/RE is the County's representative
176 charged with directly overseeing construction activities, administering construction contracts,
177 or overseeing construction activities carried out by others involving grading or encroachment
178 permits. The CM/RE is responsible for ensuring that storm water controls are implemented
179 on construction sites. In the case of permitted or contracted construction activities, the
180 CM/RE may impose sanctions if the permittee or contractor fails to take appropriate actions to
181 correct deficiencies.
- 182 A CM/RE could involve employees of various classifications, depending on the Department
183 and the project.
- 184 On County projects subject to SWPPP requirements, the CM/RE will ensure that the NOI is
185 appropriately filed with the RWQCB; and the SWPPP is prepared and in the CM's/RE's
186 possession prior to the commencement of soil disturbing activities or other activities with a
187 potential for resulting in non-storm water discharges.
- 188 On non-County projects, the CM/RE will ensure that, as applicable, a grading permit has been
189 obtained before the commencement of soil-disturbing activities or other activities with a
190 potential for resulting in non-storm water discharges. The CM/RE will periodically inspect
191 the construction site for proper installation and maintenance of practices in accordance with
192 SWPPP and/or Grading Ordinance requirements.
- 193 On County projects subject to SWPPP requirements, the CM/RE will ensure that the County
194 forces (when the construction is by County forces) or the contractor(s) are: practicing self-
195 monitoring; conducting the required inspections; maintaining the required records; and filing
196 the annual certification of compliance. On these projects, the CM/RE is responsible for filing
197 the NOT upon completion of the project.
- 198 Additional duties of the CM/RE include: inspecting for, reporting, and, under certain
199 circumstances, directing the cleanup and/or removal of illegally dumped material, spills or
200 discharges through illicit connections within the limits of the construction site; and,
201 forwarding noncompliance reports to the County's Storm Water Coordinator.
- 202 **Contractor:** The contractor is responsible for carrying out the contract per the plans and
203 specifications. County contracts require the contractor to develop and implement elements of
204 the construction program subject to the review and approval of the CM/RE.

205 On County projects subject to SWPPP requirements, the contractor's activities include:
206 preparing, amending and updating the SWPPP; implementing the SWPPP; inspecting and
207 maintaining the construction site practices completing and filing the annual certification;
208 discharge monitoring as appropriate; and maintaining site records.

209 **Permittee:** The permittee is responsible for carrying out the County's Grading Permit
210 conditions. The permit requires a permittee to develop and implement elements of the
211 construction site storm water management program subject to the review and approval of the
212 County's CM/RE.

213 For projects requiring a SWPPP, the permittee's responsibilities include: filing the NOI;
214 preparing, amending and updating the SWPPP; implementing the SWPPP; inspecting and
215 maintaining the construction site temporary practices; completing and filing the annual
216 certification and NOT; discharge monitoring as appropriate; and maintaining site records.

217 **2.4 COORDINATION WITH MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS**

218 The County Department of General Services is responsible for the care and upkeep of the
219 County's parks and general government facilities. The County Department of Transportation
220 is responsible for the care and upkeep of County Roads. The County Agriculture Department
221 oversees the chemical vegetation control program for weed abatement and fire zone
222 maintenance purposes carried out by others. The County Environmental Management
223 Department carries out the litter management and debris removal and abatement program.

224 Maintenance functions performed by all four Departments have the potential for affecting
225 storm water and receiving water quality. Maintenance activities are most regularly performed
226 directly by County forces or directly managed personnel, however on occasion the
227 Departments will hire a contractor to perform these activities.

228 The Maintenance Storm Water Management Program describes:

- 229 • The program to implement practices as part of the ongoing maintenance activities.
- 230 • The program to implement maintenance Practices at highway-related properties and at
231 general government facilities.
- 232 • The activities to manage potential storm water pollution from: accidental spills, illicit
233 connections, illegal discharges and illegal dumping activities.

234 The following positions are responsible for implementing the Maintenance Storm Water
235 Management Program:

236 **Directors of Transportation, General Services, Agriculture and Environmental**
237 **Management Departments:** The department heads are responsible for the implementation of

238 the policies, procedures, personnel and equipment within their respective Departments. This
239 includes ensuring compliance with all elements of the SWMP and applicable storm water
240 permits.

241 **County Storm Water Coordinator:** The Director of Transportation shall appoint an
242 appropriately qualified coordinator. This person will be responsible for maintaining the
243 SWMP, reporting as required to the RWQCB, and generally overseeing and evaluating the
244 maintenance storm water management program.

245 **Maintenance Manager (MM):** Within each responsible Department a MM is designated as
246 the County's representative charged with directly overseeing assigned maintenance activities
247 or administering maintenance contracts to carry out these activities. The MM is responsible
248 for ensuring that the maintenance storm water controls are implemented. In the case of
249 contracted maintenance activities, the MM may impose sanctions if the contractor fails to
250 take appropriate actions to correct deficiencies.

251 Within the Department of Transportation's Maintenance Division, the Highway
252 Superintendent is the MM.

253 Contractor: The contractor is responsible for carrying out the contract per the specifications.
254 The contract requires a contractor to develop and implement elements of the maintenance
255 program subject to the review and approval of the MM.

256 **2.5 COORDINATION WITH OTHER MS4 PERMITTEES**

257 Coordination with other municipalities on storm water management is the responsibility of
258 the County's Storm Water Coordinator. In some instances, discharges from the County's
259 storm water drainage systems flow to storm water drainage systems owned and operated by
260 other municipalities and vice versa. These municipalities and the County are ultimately
261 responsible for the quality of the discharges from their respective storm water drainage
262 systems. To comply with its Permit, the County will ensure that pollutants in discharges
263 from the County's storm drain system into other municipal systems are reduced or
264 controlled in accordance with the applicable permits. Other permitted municipalities are
265 expected to do the same relative to discharges from their facilities into the County's storm
266 drain system.

267 The County Storm Water Coordinator will facilitate coordination on storm water
268 management activities with other municipalities, special districts, the RWQCB and others as
269 necessary or appropriate. Coordination is accomplished through formal and informal
270 discussions, meetings, agreements and procedures. The coordination takes place at three
271 levels:

272 **Ongoing Maintenance Activities:** The maintenance staff coordinates with their municipal
273 counterparts as part of their daily activities. Many of these activities include control or
274 removal of materials that could potentially contaminate runoff.

275 **Construction Projects:** The County’s construction site managers communicate with
276 municipal planning staff, the public and others on new projects to resolve storm water
277 control and disposal issues.

278 **Planning issues:** The County Storm Water Coordinator continually seeks to identify
279 opportunities for regional or shared storm water treatment controls and public education and
280 outreach coordination and cooperation. Additionally, the Coordinator continually seeks
281 opportunities to participate in watershed planning processes focused on improving water
282 quality.

283 These coordination activities also include attending regional and statewide meetings,
284 participating in special studies and watershed planning efforts, reporting to the RWQCB,
285 etc.

286 **2.5.1 General Coordination Meetings**

287 Coordination meetings are conducted on a countywide, regional or watershed basis
288 with other MS4 permittees. In addition, the County participates in the California
289 Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA). The frequency of coordination
290 meetings varies, depending on the participants and local water quality needs.
291 Participation in these meetings provides the County and others an opportunity to
292 share information in the development and implementation of storm water
293 management programs, construction activities, public education, Illegal
294 Connections/Illicit Discharges (IC/IDs) and monitoring. These meetings also
295 provide an opportunity for discussing noncompliance and/or project-specific issues
296 that involve both the County and others.

297 **2.6 COORDINATION WITH RWQCB**

- 298 • The County seeks to work closely with the RWQCB. Coordination with RWQCB is
299 accomplished through several mechanisms, including:
- 300 • Annual reporting;
- 301 • Notification of noncompliance (notification and follow-up reports for reportable
302 noncompliance as described in the plan for reporting noncompliance);
- 303 • Notification of spills and identification of IC/IDs; and
- 304 • Both formal and informal meetings.
- 305 • The point of contact for the RWQCB is the County’s Storm Water Coordinator.

306 **2.7 COORDINATION WITH THE PUBLIC**

307 **2.7.1 Routine Public Coordination**

308 Public interface will occur through three primary mechanisms:

309 **Public-initiated contact with the County's offices regarding complaints,**
310 **suggestions and requests:** Each Department has widely publicized phone
311 numbers. All public-initiated calls are screened, logged and routed to the
312 appropriate party within the Department for action, as required. General water
313 quality related calls are directed to the County's Storm Water Coordinator. The
314 Environmental Management Department maintains a storm water web site that
315 enables public contact with the County on water quality issues.

316 **The Public review opportunity as part of the annual report preparation**
317 **process:** The proposed tentative SWMP, annual updates thereto and draft annual
318 reports are made available for a public comment period. Workshops on these
319 documents will be noticed and held, as appropriate, by the County. The County
320 responds to comments received as these documents are finalized for submittal
321 annually to the RWQCB.

322 **Public input on proposed construction projects during the environmental**
323 **evaluation process:** Typically, one or more public review meetings are held for all
324 significant construction projects.

325 **2.8 LEGAL AUTHORITY**

326 The California Government Code, Sections 23000-23027 authorizes the County to own and
327 manage property for public purposes. The California Streets and Highways Code gives the
328 County Board of Supervisors jurisdiction over and responsibility for control and operation of
329 the County Highways.

330 The County possesses adequate legal authority to disconnect or prohibit point source illicit
331 connections to its storm drain systems pursuant to Streets and Highways Code §1450. Thus,
332 illicit connections to the County's storm drainage system are considered encroachments.
333 Streets and Highways Code §1460 prohibits placing, changing or renewing an encroachment
334 without a permit. Any person placing an encroachment without the authority of a permit is
335 guilty of a misdemeanor. Generally, a permit granting an encroachment on a highway
336 constitutes a mere revocable license, which may be, withdrawn at will (People by and through
337 the Department of Public Works v. DiTomaso, 57 C.A. 2D 741).

338 Encroachment permits may also be conditioned to require compliance with storm water
339 regulations and the requirements of the County's program.

340 According to Streets and Highways Code §1460, if any encroachment exists in, under or over
341 any County road or highway, the County may require the removal of such encroachment.
342 Notice shall be given to the owner. The County may immediately remove from any highway

343 any encroachment that is not removed, or the removal of which is not commenced and
344 thereafter diligently prosecuted, before the expiration of ten days from and after the service of
345 the notice.

346 The County may remove any encroachment on the failure of the owner to comply with a
347 notice or demand of the County and may take action to recover the expense of such removal,
348 costs and expenses of suit and \$10 per day (Streets and Highways Code §1480-1496). If the
349 owner denies the existence of the encroachment or refuses to remove the encroachment, the
350 County may commence, in any court of competent jurisdiction, an action to abate the
351 encroachment as a public nuisance. Any person owning, controlling, or placing, or causing or
352 suffering to exist, any encroachment within any County highway after service of notice, in
353 addition to any civil liability therefore, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

354 Within the Business, Transportation and Housing Agency of California, the CHP is
355 established under the California Vehicle Code §2100 et seq. The CHP has full responsibility
356 and primary jurisdiction for the administration and enforcement of the laws on all County
357 highways. County sheriffs, while engaged primarily in general law enforcement duties, may
358 incidentally enforce state and local traffic laws and ordinances on County highways. The
359 CHP may enforce those provisions relating to the transportation of hazardous waste found in
360 Health and Safety Code Section 25160 et seq., which requires a manifest for the transport of
361 hazardous waste. In addition, the CHP may enforce the provisions of the Hazardous Waste
362 Haulers Act in Health and Safety Code Section 25167.1 et seq., which requires every
363 transporter of hazardous waste to respond and pay for damages for environmental restoration,
364 including restitution for the loss, damage or destruction of natural resources.

365 The CHP shall serve as the statewide information, assistance and notification coordinator for
366 all hazardous substance spill incidents occurring on highways within the State of California
367 (Vehicle Code §2453).

368 Sections 23112, 23113, 23114 and 23115 of the Vehicle Code provide legal authority to
369 prevent spills, dumping or disposal of materials on the highways and freeways under the
370 County's jurisdiction.

371 Section 23112 states:

372 No person shall throw or deposit, nor shall the registered owner or the driver, if such owner is
373 not then present in the vehicle, aid or abet in the throwing or depositing upon any highway
374 any bottle, can, garbage, glass, nail, offal, paper, wire, any substance likely to injure or
375 damage traffic using the highway, or any noisome, nauseous, or offensive matter of any kind.

376 No person shall place, deposit, or dump, or cause to be placed, deposited, or dumped, any
377 rocks, refuse, garbage, or dirt in or upon any highway, including any portion of the right-of-
378 way thereof, without the consent of the state or local agency having jurisdiction over the
379 highway.

380 Section 23113 states:

381 Any person who drops, dumps, deposits, places or throws, or causes or permits to be dropped,
382 dumped, deposited, placed or thrown, upon any highway or street any material described in
383 Section 23112 or in subdivision (d) of Section 23114 shall immediately remove the material
384 or cause the material to be removed.

385 If the person fails to comply with subdivision (a), the governmental agency responsible for the
386 maintenance of the street or highway on which the material has been deposited may remove
387 the material and collect, by civil action, if necessary, the actual cost of the removal operation
388 in addition to any other damages authorized by law from the person made responsible under
389 subdivision (a). Section 23114 states (in pertinent part):

390 No vehicle shall be driven or moved on any highway unless the vehicle is so constructed,
391 covered, or loaded as to prevent any of its contents or load other than clear water or feathers
392 from live birds from dropping, sifting, leaking, blowing, spilling, or otherwise escaping from
393 the vehicle.

394 Section 23115 of the Vehicle Code states (in pertinent part):

395 No vehicle loaded with garbage, swill, cans, bottles, waste papers, ashes, refuse, trash, or
396 rubbish, or any other noisome, nauseous, or offensive matter, or anything being transported to
397 a dump site for disposal shall be driven or moved upon any highway unless the load is totally
398 covered in a manner which will prevent the load or any part of the load from spilling or
399 falling from the vehicle.

400 The County relies on the CHP and the County Sheriff for enforcement of the above Vehicle
401 Code Sections. The CHP and sheriff possess the appropriate legal authority to pursue and
402 take enforcement actions against persons causing, or threatening to cause such illegal
403 discharges. The County possesses the authority to recover the costs associated with the
404 cleanup and other activities resulting from illegal discharges.

405 The County has authority to directly control the contribution of pollutants in discharges of
406 storm water from activities (including construction) located on County owned property and
407 within County-owned rights-of-way to the waters of the United States.

408 **Solid Waste Management Ordinance**

409 Pursuant to Government Code Section 25845, the County, by ordinance (County Code
410 Chapter 8.42), has established a procedure for the abatement of a nuisance on private property
411 when this nuisance constitutes an immediate threat to public health. El Dorado County
412 Ordinance Code Section 8.42.700 authorizes the County Environmental Management
413 Department to take abatement action against littering and illegal dumping on public or private
414 property.

415 Hazardous Material Management Ordinance

416 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.38) authorizes the County Department of
417 Environmental Management to manage the handling, storage, transport and use of hazardous
418 material. Additionally, Environmental Management is authorized to inspect for hazardous
419 materials on private property and oversee clean-up activities.

420 Dust Abatement Ordinance

421 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.44) authorizes the County Department of
422 Environmental Management to develop and manage the County's dust abatement and
423 protection program.

424 Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance

425 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 15.14) authorizes the County Department of
426 Transportation to regulate all grading activities, and requires that such activities be undertaken
427 in such a manner that quantities of sediment or other materials substantially in excess of
428 natural levels are prevented from leaving the site. Additionally, this ordinance authorizes the
429 Director of Transportation to require security deposits, suspend or revoke permits, and for the
430 permittee to warranty all work. Further, the ordinance requires the Director to record with the
431 County Recorder, a Notice of Noncompliance when there is a failure to secure the required
432 permit. Security deposits are held by the Building Department and provide funding of
433 standard inspections, with additional inspections.

434 Subdivision Design and Improvement Ordinance

435 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 16.12.050) authorizes the Planning
436 Commission, appointed by the Board of Supervisors to determine whether the discharge of
437 waste from the proposed subdivision into an existing community sewer system would result
438 in violation of existing requirements prescribed by a California Regional Water Quality
439 Control Board pursuant to division 7 (commencing with section 13000) of the Water Code.
440 In the event that the Planning Commission finds that the proposed waste discharge would
441 result in or add to violation of requirements of the water quality control board, it may
442 disapprove the tentative map or maps of the subdivision.

443 Liquid Waste Management Ordinance

444 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 8.06) prohibits any hazardous waste which
445 may be defined by either federal or state statute and regulation, whichever is more stringent;
446 and any grease or grease trappings from being discharged including potential adverse health
447 and environmental impacts associated with on-site individual sewage disposal systems and or
448 transport of liquid waste.

449 Bear Resistant Garbage Can Ordinance

450 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 8.76.030) is authorized to require the
451 owners, lessees, residents or any other person exercising physical control of any private
452 property including businesses to install an approved bear-resistant garbage can enclosure.
453 This ordinance only applies to new residential construction within those portions of El Dorado
454 County that lie within the boundaries of the Silver Fork, Tahoe Truckee Unified, and Lake
455 Tahoe Unified School Districts.

456 **Vehicle Abandonment Ordinance**

457 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 10.16.070), in addition to and in accordance
458 with the authority granted by the state under section 22660 of the Vehicle Code, may
459 determine to abate and remove abandoned, wrecked, dismantled or non-operative vehicles or
460 parts thereof as public nuisances.

461 All County ordinances are enforceable per County Code Chapter 1.24, which stipulates fines
462 and/or imprisonment for violators. The District Attorney is responsible for enforcement
463 actions. An annual review of the ordinances, with respect to enforcement, will occur, and as
464 appropriate recommendations to amend or create ordinances will be brought before the
465 County Board of Supervisors.

466 **2.9 COORDINATION WITH COUNTY LEASEHOLDERS**

467 The County owns several parcels of property. Many of these properties are leased to third
468 parties. These third parties carryout a variety of activities on these properties. These
469 properties and their leases will be reviewed by the County's responsible Department, General
470 Services, to assure that the terms of the lease allow enforcement of the Permit and SWMP
471 requirements and that the lease holders are carrying out appropriate pollution management
472 practices.

473 Identification of these leases and review of the lease terms will be accomplished by the end of
474 June 2006.

475 Where the terms of the leases are not presently sufficient to allow for this enforcement, efforts
476 will be initiated to amend or replace the lease with one that allows the County to enforce the
477 Permit and SWMP. It will be necessary to set individual time schedules for each property to
478 upgrade, as necessary, the terms of the leases. As these leases are reviewed, deficiencies
479 identified, and time schedules set, the results will be reported in the Annual Report.

480 The County will undertake a general compliance review on all leased properties by the end of
481 June 2006.

482 If deficiencies in storm water pollution practices are identified, the leaseholder will be so
483 informed, and requested to undertake appropriate practices. For those properties with
484 deficiencies and with lease terms allowing enforcement, the County will undertake to ensure
485 that the leaseholder responds appropriately. However, if there are noted deficiencies and the

486 lease has not yet been amended to allow enforcement, the property will be “flagged” for
487 revisit upon amendment of the lease terms. In this later situation, if the identified deficiencies
488 are seen as an immediate threat to public health, the County will initiate abatement action per
489 County Ordinance Code Section 8.42.700.

490 **1.** The Annual Report will summarize the results of these leased property
491 inspections.

492 **2.10 COORDINATION WITH RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICTS**

493 **2.10.1 Watershed Planning**

494 The County participates with the El Dorado County & Georgetown Divide Resource
495 Conservation Districts (RCD) to undertake watershed-planning processes focused on
496 improving water quality in Western El Dorado County. These watershed-planning efforts are
497 expected to include water quality monitoring, modeling and planning efforts that may result in
498 the identification of additional water quality protection measures being identified for
499 implementation by the County and others.

3.1 OVERVIEW

The County is required to identify and implement storm water management practices to minimize discharges of pollutants. The section to follow identifies the developmental strategies and the process of implementation of practices as they apply to the storm water program. This section is organized as follows:

- Section 3.2 Development and Adoption of Practices
- Section 3.3 Public Review Process / Adoption Process
- Section 3.4 Program Implementation
 - Public Education and Outreach
 - Public Participation / Involvement
 - Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
 - Construction Site Runoff Control
 - Post-Construction Runoff Control
 - Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping
- Section 3.5 BMPs

3.2 DEVELOPMENT AND ADOPTION OF PRACTICES**3.2.1 Overview**

The current design and construction program (Section 4.4.3) is identified from within various existing County Ordinances, manuals and guidelines. Principally among these, include the County's Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance; Subdivision Ordinance; Design and Improvement Standards Manual; and Drainage Manual. In preparing the proposed "Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan" (Section 4.5.3), the County drew heavily from the State Water Resource Control Board's "Final Model Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan"; the Board's recent municipal storm water NPDES Permit, Revised Tentative Order NPDES Permit No. CAS0029831, and the Board's small municipal permit, Permit No. CA00000X4.

In preparing the proposed municipal operations program (Section 4.6), the County drew heavily from an inventory of existing practices and the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) Statewide SWMP.

31 The program identification, evaluation and approval process is on going. The
32 County intends to, annually, revisit and refine the program. The annual review
33 process is as follows:

- 34 • Step 1 – Research and/or Watershed Planning;
- 35 • Step 2 – Evaluation of Candidate practices (Including Re-Evaluation
36 of Current practices); and
- 37 • Step 3 – Approval of practices for implementation, as appropriate.

38 These steps are described in the following paragraphs.

39 **3.2.2 Step 1 – Research and/or Watershed Planning**

40 Potential new practices not currently used by County will be examined on an annual
41 basis. Pilot studies and other research conducted by the County and others will be
42 reviewed and evaluated by the County’s Storm Water Coordinator. The Storm
43 Water Coordinator will also review and evaluate the findings from the various
44 watershed-planning processes carried out within the County for applicability to the
45 County’s program.

46 This information, along with specific program recommendations, will be shared by
47 the Coordinator with the SWAC as part of the annual program review process.

48 **3.2.3 Step 2 – Evaluation of Candidate Practices (Including Re-Evaluation of** 49 **Current Practices)**

50 As part of the evaluation of current practices, the County’s Storm Water
51 Coordinator and the SWAC will evaluate available research, monitoring program
52 information and feedback, and watershed planning results.

53 The feedback will include information on the difficulties or inadequacies of the
54 existing practices, as well as improvements to the current practices developed and
55 recommended by field personnel.

56 Practices that are judged by the SWAC and the County’s Storm Water Coordinator
57 to be promising but not ready for implementation will be considered for use on a trial
58 basis. These would include practices for which effectiveness and/or reliability
59 information is lacking or for which design or operational parameters are unavailable.
60 These practices will be tested and considered for an appropriate period before
61 potentially including them within the County’s prescribed program.

62 **3.2.4 Step 3 – Approval of Practices**

63 As the County’s Storm Water Coordinator and SWAC are able to come to
64 conclusions regarding specific practices, these practices will be accordingly

65 addressed within the annual update to the County's SWMP. Criteria used to accept
66 or reject practices include relative effectiveness, technical feasibility, cost/benefit
67 analysis, and legal or institutional constraints.

68 **3.3 PUBLIC REVIEW / ADOPTION PROCESS**

69 The County will annually solicit comments from interested parties and the public during the
70 process of identifying, evaluating and approving practices. The County will announce and
71 make available the draft Annual Report, including the revised SWMP. Final action by the
72 County will be as an agenda item at a regular Board of Supervisor's Meeting

73 **3.4 PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION**

74 This SWMP provides a program that the County's personnel will draw upon when making
75 decisions at the site-specific level for maintenance activities, and for the
76 planning/design/construction activities of County improvement projects and development /
77 re-development projects. Site conditions dictate the type of practice chosen for
78 implementation. The selection of practices for a specific site is the site manager's
79 responsibility as later described in the respective design/construction and maintenance
80 sections of the SWMP.

81 The County will continue to encourage experimentation and innovation on deploying
82 enhanced practices to minimize pollution. Feedback from the implementation of innovative
83 measures is gathered for analysis and reporting in the Annual Report process. Through
84 feedback stemming from implementation of enhanced practices, the County expects that the
85 practices identified herein will continue to evolve and improve in their effectiveness in
86 managing the quality of storm water discharges from the County's facilities.

87 A listing of the Departments responsible for implementation of practices identified in this
88 SWMP is as follows:

89 **TABLE 3-1: DESCRIPTION OF PRACTICES AND**
 90 **RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENTS**

Description	Responsible Implementing Department
Maintenance Practices: litter pickup, toxics control, street sweeping, etc.	Transportation, General Services, Agriculture, and Environmental Management
Planning & Design Practices: permanent soil stabilization & treatment systems, etc.	Transportation, Planning, Environmental Management and General Services
Construction Site Practices: temporary runoff control practices, etc.	Transportation, Building, Environmental Management and General Services

91

92

93 **3.4.1 Public Education and Outreach**

94 The County will implement a public education program that informs the community
 95 of the impacts of storm water and contributions they may make to reduce pollutants
 96 in storm water runoff. The County will target public employees, public schools,
 97 public libraries, developers, contractors, homeowners, business owners, boaters, and
 98 the remaining general public as part of this Public Education and Outreach Program.

99 **3.4.2 Public Participation and Involvement**

100 The County will implement a public participation and involvement program that
 101 notifies the community of public hearings to consider the impacts of storm water and
 102 contributions they may make to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff.

103 **3.4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination**

104 **3.4.3.1 Construction Sites**

105 **3.4.3.1.1 County Improvement Projects**

106 On County construction sites, the County’s Construction Manager
 107 / Resident Engineer will be alert to, and report, all potential illicit
 108 connections or illegal discharges. These will be reported to the
 109 County’s Storm Water Coordinator, who will appropriately pursue,

110 in cooperation with the involved County Departments, removal /
111 cleanup operations.

112 For further details, see Sections 4.4.

113

114 **3.4.3.1.2 Development / Re-development Projects**

115 On non-County construction sites, the County's Project Manager
116 (construction inspector) will be instructed to be alert to, and report, all
117 potential illicit connections or illegal discharges. These will be reported to
118 the County's Storm Water Coordinator, who will appropriately pursue, in
119 cooperation with the involved County Departments, removal / cleanup
120 operations.

121 For further details, see Sections 4.4.

122 **3.4.3.2 Municipal Operations**

123 While carrying out maintenance operations, the County's maintenance
124 personnel will be instructed to be alert to, and report, all potential illicit
125 connections or illegal discharges. These will be reported to the County's
126 Storm Water Coordinator, who will appropriately pursue, in cooperation
127 with the involved County Departments, removal / cleanup operations. For
128 further details, see Section 4.5.

129 **3.4.3.3 Non-County Property**

130 Currently the County regulates illicit discharges through many existing
131 environmental and public health areas currently managed, through the
132 Environmental Management Department, Environmental Health Division
133 and the Solid Waste & Hazardous Materials Division as summarized in
134 Table 3-2 below:

135
136

TABLE 3-2: EXISTING COUNTY PROGRAMS FOR NON-COUNTY PROPERTY ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION

Environmental Health:	Hazardous Materials:	Solid Waste :
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food Facilities • Liquid Waste • Recreational Health • Small Water Systems • Public Complaints 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hazardous Waste/CUPA • Household Hazardous Waste • Spills/Emergency Response • Marina Outreach • Medical Waste • Used Oil • Universal Waste 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collection/Disposal • Recycling • Enforcement • Litter Abatement • Garbage Cans/Bears • Construction Demolition & Debris Recycling • Material Recovery Facility

137

138 For further details, see Section 4.3

139 **3.4.4 Construction Site Runoff Control**

140 **3.4.4.1 County Improvement Projects**

141 County improvement projects are carried out by the County
 142 Transportation Department and the Department of General Services. The
 143 Department Directors are responsible for the planning, design and
 144 execution of these projects. The projects can be carried out directly by
 145 County forces or by a contractor retained by the County.

146 All proposed projects are subject to a CEQA review process facilitated by
 147 the County Planning Department. Frequently, conditions of approval
 148 related to environmental protection measures are attached to the project.

149 The County’s designated Project Manager / Project Engineer is
 150 responsible to assure that the project’s design appropriately incorporates
 151 these conditions of approval and the storm water practices as outlined in
 152 this SWMP.

153 The County’s designated Construction Manager / Resident Engineer is
 154 responsible to assure that the project’s construction site appropriately
 155 incorporates the storm water temporary construction structural controls
 156 and practices as outlined in this SWMP, and implements the permanent

157 structural controls and practices identified by the County's Project
158 Manager (PM) / Project Engineer (PE).

159 For further details, refer to Section 4.4.

160 **3.4.4.2 Development / Re-development Projects**

161 Development / re-development projects, and other activities requiring
162 grading, are subject to being permitted by the County. The County
163 Transportation Department is responsible for administering the County's
164 Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance. The County Planning
165 Department is responsible for administering the required CEQA review.

166 All proposed projects and activities are subject to a CEQA review process
167 facilitated by the County Planning Department. Frequently, conditions of
168 approval related to environmental protection measures are attached to the
169 project.

170 For all projects and activities except individual single family home
171 construction, Department of Transportation designated Project Manager
172 (permit reviewer) is responsible to assure that the project's design
173 appropriately incorporates these environmental conditions of approval and
174 the storm water practices as outlined in this SWMP.

175 Single-family home construction is similarly reviewed / permitted by the
176 Building Department's designated Project Manager (permit reviewer).

177 For all projects and activities except individual single-family home
178 construction, Department of Transportation designated Project Manager
179 (construction inspector) is responsible to assure that the project's
180 construction site appropriately incorporates these environmental
181 conditions of approval and the storm water practices as outlined in this
182 SWMP. Single-family home construction is similarly reviewed / permitted
183 by the Building Department's designated Project Manager (construction
184 inspector).

185 For further details, refer to Section 4.4.

186 **3.4.5 Post-Construction Runoff Control**

187 The County will implement a long-term post-construction program that protect water
188 quality and control runoff flow, to be incorporated into development and significant
189 redevelopment projects. The County will comply with permit requirements by
190 incorporating existing County Development Standards to minimize the discharge of
191 pollutants of development and redevelopment projects. Revisions to the County

192 Development Standards shall be developed and implemented as well the
193 development of storm water treatment practices.

194 For further details, refer to Section 4.5.

195 **3.4.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping**

196 **3.4.6.1 County Property**

197 The County Department of General Services is responsible for the care and
198 upkeep of the County's parks and general government facilities. The
199 County Department of Transportation is responsible for the care and upkeep
200 of the County Roads and associated maintenance yards. Maintenance
201 activities are most regularly preformed directly by County forces, however
202 on occasion the Departments will hire a contractor to perform these
203 activities.

204 The respective Departments designate a maintenance manager who is in
205 responsible charge of the activity. This manager is responsible for assuring
206 that the applicable pollution prevention / good housekeeping practices as
207 outlined in the SWMP are incorporated within the work.

208 **3.4.6.2 Non-County Property**

209 In those instances where structural, treatment control practices are required
210 to be constructed on non-County property as part of a development or re-
211 development project, the project's conditions of approval will stipulate that
212 the property owner will carry the on-going responsibility to maintain these
213 practices in functioning, full operational, condition. Initially, these non-
214 County facilities will be inspected by the County's Storm Water
215 Coordinator within the first year of construction to assure operability and to
216 determine maintenance needs / adequacy. In the long term, inspections will
217 be scheduled periodically, on an as needed basis. At any time if operations
218 or maintenance are found to be inadequate, enforcement actions will be
219 pursued against the responsible party.

220 For further details, see Section 4.6

221 **3.5 BMPS**

222 As used in this document the term BMP refers to the measures set forth in the BMP Program
223 Summary sheets in Section 4.1 - 4.6. These measures are categorized by the six minimum
224 requirements of the permit.

1 4.0 OVERVIEW

2 Section 4 more specifically describes each element of the storm water management
3 program and the practices used to meet each of the six (6) minimum required control
4 measures of the Permit, which are as follows:

- 5 • Section 4.1 Public Education and Outreach
- 6 • Section 4.2 Public Participation and Involvement
- 7 • Section 4.3 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
- 8 • Section 4.4 Construction Site Runoff Control
- 9 • Section 4.5 Post Construction Runoff Control
- 10 • Section 4.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

11 4.1 PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH

12 The County will implement a public education program that informs the community of
13 the impacts of storm water and contributions they may make to reduce pollutants in storm
14 water runoff. The County will target public employees, public schools, public libraries,
15 developers, contractors, homeowners, business owners, boaters, and the remaining
16 general public as part of this Public Education and Outreach Program.

17 4.2 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND INVOLVEMENT

18 The County will implement a public participation and involvement program that notifies
19 the community of public hearings to consider the impacts of storm water and
20 contributions they may make to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff.

21 4.3 ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION

22 This section describes specifically how the County will comply with Permit requirements
23 by incorporating illicit discharge detection and elimination, into the overall storm water
24 management program. The County will achieve compliance by identifying storm drain
25 outfalls, through enforcing County ordinances, implementing a detection and response
26 plan and through public communications, and finally, through program evaluation and
27 analysis.

28 4.4 CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF CONTROL

29 The County will comply with Permit requirements by incorporating construction site
30 runoff control requirements that apply to both construction proposed to be undertaken
31 directly by the County and construction proposed to be permitted by the County and
32 undertaken by others. This will be achieved through development and implementation of
33 the County's Development Standards (Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control
34 Ordinance, the Design and Improvement Standards Manual and the Drainage Manual),
35 general construction site practices, minimum construction site practices, inspections and
36 enforcement, County ordinances, an employee training program, and through public
37 communications.

38 4.5 POST CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF CONTROL

39 The County will implement a long-term post-construction program that protect
40 water quality and control runoff flow, to be incorporated into development and
41 significant redevelopment projects. The County will comply with permit
42 requirements by incorporating existing County Development Standards to
43 minimize the discharge of pollutants of development and redevelopment
44 projects. Revisions to the County Development Standards shall be developed
45 and implemented as well the development of storm water treatment practices.

46 4.6 POLLUTION PREVENTION / GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

47 While carrying out maintenance operations, the County's maintenance personnel will be
48 instructed to be alert to, and report, all potential illicit connections or illegal discharges.
49 These will be reported to the County's Storm Water Coordinator, who will appropriately
50 pursue, in cooperation with the involved County Departments, removal / cleanup
51 operations. The County will provide education and training to ensure that all of its
52 employees have the knowledge and skills necessary to perform their functions effectively
53 and efficiently. The County provides employee-training programs with curricula and
54 materials tailored to specific topics and personnel levels.

4.1.1 OVERVIEW

This section describes how the County will comply with Permit requirements by implementing a public education program that informs the community of the impacts of storm water and contributions they may make to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff. The County will distribute pertinent educational materials regarding storm water quality to and provide outreach through the many modes to members of the community. The County will accomplish compliance by targeting the Public Education and Outreach Program to reach: public employees, public schools, public libraries, developers, contractors, homeowners, business owners, boaters, and the remaining general public. Described herein, is the County's Public Education & Outreach Program, organized as follows:

- Section 4.1.2 Outreach to Private Project Planning and Design Teams and Construction Contractors;
- Section 4.1.3 Public Education and Outreach Program;
- Section 4.1.4 SWMP Public Review Process;
- Section 4.1.5 BMP Program Summary

4.1.2 OUTREACH TO PRIVATE PROJECT PLANNING AND DESIGN TEAMS AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS

The County will work with the local Resource Conservation District and others to provide outreach to private project planners, designers and construction contractors to raise their awareness and understanding of the problems and causes of storm water pollution and to explain their responsibilities. This outreach will be done primarily through informational exchanges between the County and these parties. The informational exchanges cover the following topics:

- The provisions, conditions and requirements of the Permit that apply to their projects;
- The availability of the SWMP and associated training and guidance material prepared by the County; and
- General responsibilities of project site manager regarding implementation of the SWMP, the requirements of a SWPPP.

The County Storm Water Coordinator will work with local organizations to annually host workshops / informational exchanges focused on these topics. The first workshop will be held by the end of June 2005.

34 4.1.2.1 Informational Exchange Sessions With Contactors

35 For contract work directly undertaken by the County, three types of informational
36 exchange sessions will be employed to describe storm water pollution prevention
37 concepts and practices and to explain techniques for preparing SWPPPs for
38 construction activities.

39 • **Informational Exchange #1, Storm Water Permit Compliance**
40 **Requirements, Pre-Bid Meeting:** Pre-bid meetings may be conducted to
41 discuss a given upcoming construction project. When such meetings are
42 held, and depending on the site's storm water complexities, the site
43 manager may provide general information to construction contractors
44 regarding the requirements in the Permit and the SWMP that apply to the
45 subject project (i.e., the project on which the contractors are considering
46 submitting bids).

47 • **Informational Exchange #2, Storm Water Permit Compliance**
48 **Requirements, Pre-Construction Meeting:** The site manager provides
49 project-specific guidance to construction contractors on topics such as
50 SWPPP preparation, selection of practices, and monitoring and inspection.
51 The County will also notify the RWQCB of the pre-construction meeting to
52 allow an RWQCB representative to be at the meeting to review and discuss
53 the water quality issues relating to the construction project.

54 • **Additional Informational Exchanges:** The site manager will hold
55 informal ad hoc sessions with contractors, as needed, during the course of
56 the construction project.

57 The topics covered in informational exchanges will be updated as needed to reflect
58 modifications to the County's storm water management program.

59 4.1.3 PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH PROGRAM

60 The County, in cooperation with the local Resource Conservation District, currently
61 utilizes a variety of methods to educate and provide outreach to the public about the
62 importance of managing pollutants that potentially could enter storm water. The existing
63 program includes:

64 • An annual outreach occurs at Folsom, Ice House, Sly Park, and Union Valley
65 Reservoir, in which free educational and maintenance materials are handed out to
66 boaters;

67 • Developing and distributing informational sheets by Environmental Management
68 for proper hazardous waste use and disposal and storm water information at the
69 County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools;

SECTION 4.1

Public Education and Outreach Program

- 70 • Developing and distributing storm water informational sheets for Environmental
71 Managements food facility inspection and hazardous waste management programs
72 on all permitted businesses;
- 73 • Developing and distributing storm water information sheets for Environmental
74 Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste;
- 75 • Maintaining and operating a call in phone number where parties can contact the
76 County with environmental concerns;
- 77 • The County Agriculture Department will develop and distribute storm water
78 informational sheets at their public counter as well as to all commercial and private
79 home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application;
- 80 • Maintaining a County environmental website which offers educational
81 opportunities and the opportunity for concerned parties to contact the County.

82

83 The County will, by the end of June 2005, be supplementing these efforts by:

- 84 • Adding to the County’s informational sheets, a storm water specific informational
85 sheet;
- 86 • Developing storm water informational sheets to the public in following categories:
87 general, planning/design, and construction practices. Information sheets will be
88 distributed to engineering/construction firms, County departments, and the public
89 who obtain grading/construction permits;
- 90 • Developing and distributing storm water informational sheets for all five (5) public
91 libraries;
- 92 • The County Storm Water Coordinator will serve in a “clearinghouse” function for
93 disseminating storm water educational and awareness materials from other sources
94 to various County Departments that come into contact with the public;

95 The written materials are designed to appeal to the general public (in easy-to-read
96 formats) while providing technical information on selected storm water activities and
97 pollution management practices.

4.1.3.1 Resource Conservation District – Watershed Planning

99 Various parties have initiated public education research programs. These
100 programs will be monitored by the County’s Storm Water Coordinator, and the
101 County’s public education program will be reviewed annually to potentially take
102 advantage of this research, with the goal of maximizing water quality benefits from
103 the County’s public education program.

104 The Resource Conservation District currently has Proposition 204 and CalFed
105 grants for public outreach. Supplemental outreach efforts will be initiated
106 involving various watershed monitoring and planning studies within Western El
107 Dorado County. These efforts will be designed to bring together various interest
108 groups to focus on watershed specific water quality issues.

109 **4.1.3.2 Informational Sheets**

110 The County Storm Water Coordinator will actively pursue acquiring educational
111 sheets prepared by Caltrans, various water quality regulators and others in order to
112 make these materials available within El Dorado County.

113 **4.1.3.3 Web Site**

114 The County's Environmental Management web site has been modified to include a
115 storm water quality specific element. The web site currently shares information
116 regarding air quality, solid waste and hazardous material, vector control and
117 general environmental health. This website will be annually updated and tracked
118 for 'hits' to this web page.

119 The site address is: <http://co.el-dorado.ca.us/emd/>

120 The storm water element will provide information on all storm water outreach
121 activities, including brochures, bulletins and workshops as well as bulletins on
122 related topics, information related to construction and maintenance activities, and
123 links to key related sites.

124 **4.1.3.4 Storm Drain Stenciling**

125 The County is proposing to undertake a stenciling program to apply messages at
126 storm drain inlets located at key locations and in key facilities such as parks and
127 other areas with notable dumping problems with the intent of assisting in educating
128 the public about storm water runoff pollution.

129 By the end of June 2005, stenciling of storm drain DI's will to be required of
130 developers for new development.

131 By the end of June 2007, the exact locations to be stenciled will be identified and a
132 standard practice will be in place for initial installation of these messages as new
133 such locations are constructed.

134 By the end of June 2009, the County will complete its stenciling program for all
135 existing storm drain inlets described above. All new inlets in the areas described
136 above will be stenciled when constructed. The stencils will be maintained by the
137 appropriate responsible County Department.

138 The County will report the progress of its storm drain system stenciling program in
139 the Annual Report.

140 **4.1.3.5 Technical Workshops**

141 Periodically, the County Storm Water Coordinator will host, or co-host with the
142 Resources Conservation District, public workshops that focus on specific storm
143 water topics. These workshops are for the purpose of discussing storm water
144 topics currently being researched by the County and others and offer the
145 opportunity to share information and facilitate a collective focus on potential
146 solutions to the challenges faced by the County and other watershed stakeholders.

147 These workshops will be held on an as-needed basis, but the expectation is that on
148 average, one per year will be held.

149 **4.1.4 SWMP PUBLIC REVIEW PROCESS**

150 As the County annually reviews and updates the SWMP, at least one public workshop will
151 be held offering the public the opportunity to review and comment on the County's storm
152 water management program. Additionally, as the Board of Supervisors annually considers
153 the program updates, this action will take place at a public meeting with an advanced
154 public notice of the meeting's agenda, all in conformance with the Public Resources Code
155 requirements.

156 **4.1.5 BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY**

157 The following pages contain a summary of the Public Education and Outreach BMP
158 program set forth in the El Dorado County Storm Water Management Plan. These BMPs
159 will be subject to annual reviews and updates as outlined in Sections 3.2 and 5.6.1.

160 EPA's NPDES rules state:

161 "Implementation of best management practices consistent with the provisions of
162 the storm water management program required pursuant to this section (the six
163 minimum control measures, evaluation & assessment, record keeping and
164 reporting) ... constitutes compliance with the standard of reducing pollutants to the
165 "maximum extent practicable"." (40 CFR 122.34)

166
167 This summary notes BMPs applicable to one of the six minimum control measures: Public
168 Education and Outreach. El Dorado County proposes that this program constitutes
169 fulfillment of the minimum General Permit and Federal Regulation requirements. As the
170 public review and the SWMP finalization processes proceed, the program, and the
171 County's assessment of this program, may change.

**TABLE 4.1-1: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH**

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	BMP TO MEET REQUIREMENT	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	ASSOCIATED DEPARTMENT	SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION	MEASURABLE GOAL
Implement a public education program to distribute educational materials to the community about the impacts of storm water discharges on water bodies and the steps the public can take to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff	Develop storm water informational sheets for the food facility inspection program on permitted businesses.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution to permitted food facilities.
	Distribute storm water information sheets for the food facility inspection program on all permitted businesses.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of permitted food facilities, with number of distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	Develop storm water information sheets for Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.
	Distribute storm water information sheets at Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of the public who attend the Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	Develop storm water information sheets for hazardous waste management program permitted businesses.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution to permitted hazardous waste facilities.
	Distribute storm water information sheets for hazardous waste management program permitted businesses.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to a third of all permitted hazardous waste facilities, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported annually.
	Develop storm water informational sheets to be mailed to all property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for mailing to all property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets to be mailed to all property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported annually.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for the public in following categories; general, planning/design, and construction practices.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed general practices, planning/design practices, and construction practices.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets to the public in following categories: general, planning/design, and construction practices. Information sheets will be distributed to engineering/construction firms, County departments, and the public who obtain grading/construction permits.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Storm water information sheets will annually be distributed to a 100% of local engineering/construction firms and all pertinent County departments; and distributed to all persons, on an on-going basis, for all grading/construction permits that are obtained at the County. All informational sheets that are distributed will be tallied and reported annually.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for all five (5) public libraries.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at all five (5) public libraries.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets to the public at all five (5) public libraries.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Storm water informational sheets that are distributed to the public at all five (5) public libraries, will be tallied and reported annually.
	The County's Environmental Management Departments website will be annually updated and tracked for 'hits' to this web page.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-05	The storm water component of the Environmental Management web page will be updated annually, with said changes reported in the annual report and, to measure effectiveness of this BMP, the number of 'hits' to the web page will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The appropriate County Department will identify all existing storm drain drop inlets (DI's) for stenciling for "no dumping".	DOT	General Services	June-07	Identify 100% of existing storm drain DI's to be stenciled by the end of June 2007, all of which will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The appropriate County Department will stencil for "no dumping" on all appropriate existing storm drain DI locations along public roadways and facilities.	DOT	General Services	June-09	All existing storm drain DI locations that are identified will be stenciled by the end of June 2009, and DI's will be re-stenciled, as needed. DI's that are stenciled annually will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	For new development, stenciling of storm drain DI's will be required of developers.	DOT	General Services	June-05	All DI's that are stenciled by developers will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
An annual outreach occurs at Folsom, Ice House, Sly Park, and Union Valley Reservoir, in which free educational and maintenance materials are handed out to boaters who fill out a survey. A storm water informational sheet will also be distributed with this educational and maintenance material.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets that are handed out to the public will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.	

**TABLE 4.1-1: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH**

Implement a public education program to distribute educational materials to the community about the impacts of storm water discharges on water bodies and the steps the public can take to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff	Develop storm water informational sheets for proper hazardous waste use/disposal to be used at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at the local public schools on proper hazardous waste use/disposal.
	Distribute informational sheets for proper hazardous waste use and disposal and storm water information at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will be distributed annually at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at the local public schools on proper hazardous waste use/disposal. These informational sheets will be made available at the County booth at the County Fair and handed out to all students who attend the general assembly of the Earth Day celebration at the local public schools. The informational sheets that are handed out to the public will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for the Agricultural Department on the proper fertilizer and herbicide/pesticide application, for the general public as well as to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted.	DOT	Agriculture	June-05	Informational sheets that are developed will be reported on an annual basis.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets at the Agricultural Department public counter as well as to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application.	Agriculture	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will be distributed at the Agricultural Department public counter on an on-going basis as well as annually being mailed to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application. Informational sheets that are distributed to the public and those mailed to permittees will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The County will outreach with the community in hosting a storm water/non storm water workshop to raise the awareness and understanding of storm water/non storm water pollution problems. Local engineering/construction firms, other local private and governmental organizations, and the general public will targeted to attend this training. Training shall be provided from Federal/State/Local agencies, who shall positively facilitate compliance and minimize instances of noncompliance and developed storm water/non storm water information sheets and other educational and awareness material shall be provided.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	Training shall be provided on an annual basis and the number of attendants shall be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The RCD, in cooperation with the County, has initiated watershed planning efforts within the County. The County's Storm Water Coordinator will work with the RCD in helping the various stakeholders to address water quality concerns within the County's watersheds.	RCD in cooperation with DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	The County's Storm Water Coordinator will meet with the watershed planning group, facilitated by RCD, and said meeting attendance by the Storm Water Coordinator will be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	The Storm Water Coordinator shall annually review and evaluate the effectiveness of the overall Public Educational and Outreach program.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	The Storm Water Coordinator will, with the input of the SWAC, annually review and evaluate the effectiveness of the overall Public Educational and Outreach program, with said evaluation reported on an annual basis.

1 4.2.1 OVERVIEW

2 This section describes how the County will comply with Permit requirements by
3 implementing a public participation and involvement program that notifies the
4 community of public hearings to consider the impacts of storm water and contributions
5 they may make to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff. Described herein, is the
6 County's Public Participation and Involvement Program, organized as follows:

- 7 • Section 4.2.2 SWMP Public Review Process
- 8 • Section 4.2.3 Public Participation and Involvement
- 9 • Section 4.2.4 BMP Program Summary

10 4.2.2 SWMP PUBLIC REVIEW PROCESS

11 4.2.2.1 SWMP Approval

12 As the County reviews the proposed draft SWMP, the Board of Supervisors, will
13 notice this public hearing and it's agenda in accordance with the Public Resources
14 Code.

15 4.2.2.2 SWMP Update

16 As the County annually reviews and updates the SWMP, at least one public
17 workshop will be held offering the public the opportunity to review and comment
18 on the County's storm water management program. This update is to occur in the
19 form of an annual report, required by and to be submitted to the Regional Board
20 in September of each year.

21 The County will notice the public workshop and BOS public hearing to consider
22 the annual report in accordance with the Public Resources Code.

23 4.2.3 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND INVOLVEMENT

24 The County, in cooperation with the local Resource Conservation District, currently
25 utilizes a variety of methods to educate and outreach to the public about the importance
26 of managing pollutants that potentially could enter storm water. The existing program
27 includes:

- 28 • An annual outreach occurs at Folsom, Ice House, Sly Park, and Union Valley
29 Reservoir, in which free educational and maintenance materials are handed out to
30 boaters;

- 1 • Developing and distributing informational sheets by Environmental Management
2 for proper hazardous waste use, disposal, and storm water information at the
3 County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools;
- 4 • Developing and distributing storm water informational sheets for Environmental
5 Managements food facility inspection and hazardous waste management
6 programs on all permitted businesses;
- 7 • Developing and distributing storm water information sheets for Environmental
8 Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous
9 waste;
- 10 • Maintaining and operating a call in phone number where parties can contact the
11 County with environmental concerns;
- 12 • The County Agriculture Department will develop and distribute storm water
13 informational sheets at their public counter as well as to all commercial and
14 private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide
15 application;
- 16 • Maintaining a County environmental website which offers educational
17 opportunities and the opportunity for concerned parties to contact the County.
- 18 • A citizen’s advisory committee appointed by the Board of Supervisors (Planning
19 Commission) acts as the Boards advisor on development and environmental
20 matters, which would also include storm water and non-storm water issues.

21 **4.2.3.1 Resource Conservation District – Watershed Planning**

22 The Resource Conservation District currently has Proposition 204 and CalFed
23 grants for public outreach. Supplemental outreach efforts will be initiated
24 involving various watershed monitoring and planning studies within Western El
25 Dorado County. These efforts will be designed to bring together various interest
26 groups to focus on watershed specific water quality issues.

27 The District also sponsors a Water Education for Teachers Workshop to promote
28 awareness, appreciation, knowledge, and stewardship of water resources through
29 the development of classroom-ready teaching aids. In addition, a Water
30 Education Summit is held annually in October, in which local high school
31 students are given opportunity and training to learn watershed monitoring
32 techniques. This four day event takes place on three tributaries near Union Valley
33 Reservoir in the El Dorado National Forest and exposes students to natural
34 resource career choices.

35

4.2.3.2 Informational Sheets

The County Storm Water Coordinator will actively pursue acquiring educational sheets prepared by Caltrans, various water quality regulators and others in order to make these materials available within El Dorado County.

4.2.3.3 Web Site

The County's Environmental Management web site has been modified to include a storm water quality specific element. The web site currently shares information regarding air quality, solid waste and hazardous material, vector control and general environmental health. This website will be annually updated and tracked for 'hits' to this web page.

The site address is: <http://co.el-dorado.ca.us/emd/>

The storm water element will provide information on all storm water outreach activities, including brochures, bulletins and workshops as well as bulletins on related topics, information related to construction and maintenance activities, and links to key related sites.

The County Storm Water Coordinator will serve in a "clearinghouse" function for disseminating storm water educational and awareness materials from other sources to the various County Departments that come into contact with the public.

By the end of June 2005, the County's Environmental Management and DOT web sites shall be modified to include associated storm water event information as well as links to other organizational web sites that are hosting storm water and non- storm water events. This will better inform the public and encourage increased volunteer participation and involvement in said water quality enhancement activities that are occurring in Western El Dorado County.

4.2.3.4 Storm Drain Stenciling

The County is proposing to undertake a stenciling program to apply messages at storm drain inlets located at key locations and in key facilities such as parks and other areas with notable dumping problems with the intent of assisting in educating the public about storm water runoff pollution.

By the end of June 2005, stenciling of storm drain DI's will to be required of developers for new development.

By the end of June 2007, the exact locations to be stenciled will be identified and a standard practice will be in place for initial installation of these messages as new such locations are constructed.

1 By the end of June 2009, the County will complete its stenciling program for all
2 existing storm drain inlets described above. All new inlets in the areas described
3 above will be stenciled when constructed. The stencils will be maintained by the
4 appropriate responsible County Department.

5 The County will report the progress of its storm drain system stenciling program
6 in the Annual Report.

7 **4.2.3.5 Technical Workshops**

8 Periodically, the County Storm Water Coordinator will host, or co-host with the
9 Resources Conservation District, public workshops that focus on specific storm
10 water topics. These workshops are for the purpose of discussing storm water
11 topics currently being researched by the County and others and offer the
12 opportunity to share information and facilitate a collective focus on potential
13 solutions to the challenges faced by the County and other watershed stakeholders.

14 These workshops will be held on an as-needed basis, but the expectation is that on
15 average, one per year will be held.

16 **4.2.3.6 Coordination with Volunteer Organizations**

17 Volunteer organizations serve a valuable function in the community for a variety
18 of obvious reasons, and this is no exception in El Dorado County. A few of these
19 organizations that deal with issues pertinent to storm water are the Parks
20 Commission, the River Advisory Committee, and the Trails Advisory Committee.

21 The Parks Commission oversees development & maintenance of recreational
22 opportunities within its borders and works closely with those jurisdictions
23 endeavoring always to retain as much local control & citizen involvement as
24 possible. The River Advisory Committee plays a key role in the update of the
25 County's River Management Plan, which includes improving the management of
26 whitewater recreation in addition to the preservation of the river corridors
27 environmental resources, protecting the area's rural character, reducing conflicts
28 between residents and boaters, and maintaining a quality whitewater boating
29 experience. The Trails Advisory Committee oversees the implementation of the
30 bikeway master plan and hiking and equestrian trails plan in the County.

1 Storm water informational sheets that are developed by the County will be
2 provided to the Parks Commission, the River Advisory Committee, and the Trail
3 Advisory Committee.

4 Recently, the Board of Supervisors adopted an ‘Adopt-A-Highway’ Program for
5 the collection of litter along El Dorado County primary and secondary roadways.
6 The successful partnership of County resources and trained volunteers is intended
7 to provide valuable assistance to the existing litter collection program. The
8 Environmental Management Department and DOT are currently in the process of
9 implementing this program.

10 El Dorado County will continue to use volunteers in the overall effort to reduce
11 the discharge of pollutants associated with the storm water drainage systems that
12 serve Western El Dorado County.
13

14 **4.2.4 BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY**

15
16 The following pages contain a summary of the Public Participation and Involvement
17 BMP program set forth in the El Dorado County Storm Water Management Plan. These
18 BMPs will be subject to annual reviews and updates as outlined in Sections 3.2 and 5.6.1.

19 EPA’s NPDES rules state:

20 “Implementation of best management practices consistent with the provisions of
21 the storm water management program required pursuant to this section (the six
22 minimum control measures, evaluation & assessment, record keeping and
23 reporting) ... constitutes compliance with the standard of reducing pollutants to
24 the “maximum extent practicable.” (40 CFR 122.34)
25

26 This summary notes BMPs applicable to one of the six minimum control measures:
27 Public Participation and Involvement. El Dorado County proposes that this program
28 constitutes fulfillment of the minimum General Permit and Federal Regulation
29 requirements. As the public review and the SWMP finalization processes proceed, the
30 program, and the County’s assessment of this program, may change.

**TABLE 4.2-1: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND INVOLVEMENT**

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	BMP TO MEET REQUIREMENT	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	ASSOCIATED DEPARTMENT	SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION	MEASURABLE GOAL
"... comply with State and local notice requirements..."	Public review / finalization of Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP)	DOT	N/A	June-05	Prior to the SWMP approval, the associated Board of Supervisor meeting (s) and agenda will be published in the local paper per the Public Resources Code requirements.
	Public review / SWMP Update	DOT	N/A	June-06	Prior to the SWMP update, the associated Board of Supervisor meeting (s) and agenda will be published in the local paper per the Public Resources Code requirements. Published notices will be tallied and reported annually.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for the food facility inspection program on permitted businesses.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution to permitted food facilities.
	Distribute storm water information sheets for the food facility inspection program on all permitted businesses.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of permitted food facilities, with number of distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	Develop storm water information sheets for Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.
	Distribute storm water information sheets at Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of the public who attend the Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	Develop storm water information sheets for hazardous waste management program permitted businesses.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution to permitted hazardous waste facilities.
	Distribute storm water information sheets for hazardous waste management program permitted businesses.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to a third of all permitted hazardous waste facilities, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported annually.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for the public in following categories; general, planning/design, and construction practices.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed general practices, planning/design practices, and construction practices.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets to the public in following categories: general, planning/design, and construction practices. Information sheets will be distributed to engineering/construction firms, County departments, and the public who obtain grading/construction permits.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Storm water information sheets will annually be distributed to a 100% of local engineering/construction firms and all pertinent County departments; and distributed to all persons, on an on-going basis, for all grading/construction permits that are obtained at the County. All informational sheets that are distributed will be tallied and reported annually.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for all five (5) public libraries.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at all five (5) public libraries.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets to the public at all five (5) public libraries.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Storm water informational sheets that are distributed to the public at all five (5) public libraries, will be tallied and reported annually.
	The County's Environmental Management Departments website will be annually updated and tracked for 'hits' to this web page.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-05	The storm water component of the Environmental Management web page will be updated annually, with said changes reported in the annual report and, to measure effectiveness of this BMP, the number of 'hits' to the web page will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The appropriate County Department will identify all existing storm drain drop inlets (DI's) for stenciling for "no dumping".	DOT	General Services	June-07	Identify 100% of existing storm drain DI's to be stenciled by the end of June 2007, all of which will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The appropriate County Department will stencil for "no dumping" on all appropriate existing storm drain DI locations along public roadways and facilities.	DOT	General Services	June-09	All existing storm drain DI locations that are identified will be stenciled by the end of June 2009, and DI's will be re-stenciled, as needed. DI's that are stenciled annually will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
For new development, stenciling of storm drain DI's will be required of developers.	DOT	General Services	June-05	All DI's that are stenciled by developers will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.	
An annual outreach occurs at Folsom, Ice House, Sly Park, and Union Valley Reservoir, in which free educational and maintenance materials are handed out to boaters who fill out a survey. A storm water informational sheet will also be distributed with this educational and maintenance material.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets that are handed out to the public will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.	

**TABLE 4.2-1: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND INVOLVEMENT**

"... comply with State and local notice requirements..."	Develop storm water informational sheets for proper hazardous waste use/disposal to be used at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Environmental Management	June-05	A storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at the local public schools on proper hazardous waste use/disposal.
	Distribute informational sheets for proper hazardous waste use and disposal and storm water information at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will be distributed annually at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at the local public schools on proper hazardous waste use/disposal. These informational sheets will be made available at the County booth at the County Fair and handed out to all students who attend the general assembly of the Earth Day celebration at the local public schools. The informational sheets that are handed out to the public will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	Develop storm water informational sheets for the Agricultural Department on the proper fertilizer and herbicide/pesticide application, for the general public as well as to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted.	DOT	Agriculture	June-05	Informational sheets that are developed will be reported on an annual basis.
	Distribute storm water informational sheets at the Agricultural Department public counter as well as to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application.	Agriculture	DOT	June-06	Storm water informational sheets will be distributed at the Agricultural Department public counter on an on-going basis as well as annually being mailed to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application. Informational sheets that are distributed to the public and those mailed to permittees will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The County will outreach with the community in hosting a storm water/non storm water workshop to raise the awareness and understanding of storm water/non storm water pollution problems. Local engineering/construction firms, other local private and governmental organizations, and the general public will targeted to attend this training. Training shall be provided from Federal/State/Local agencies, who shall positively facilitate compliance and minimize instances of noncompliance and developed storm water/non storm water information sheets and other educational and awareness material shall be provided.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	Training shall be provided on an annual basis and the number of attendants shall be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The RCD, in cooperation with the County, has initiated watershed planning efforts within the County. The County's Storm Water Coordinator will work with the RCD in helping the various stakeholders to address water quality concerns within the County's watersheds.	RCD in cooperation with DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	The County's Storm Water Coordinator will meet with the watershed planning group, facilitated by RCD, and said meeting attendance by the Storm Water Coordinator will be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	The Storm Water Coordinator shall annually review and evaluate the effectiveness of the overall Public Participation Outreach program.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	The Storm Water Coordinator will, with the input of the SWAC, annually review and evaluate the effectiveness of the overall Public Participation program, with said evaluation reported on an annual basis.

146 4.3.1 OVERVIEW

147 The section to follow describes how the County ensures compliance with applicable state
148 laws, regulation, and County ordinances through many existing programs and measures
149 described herein. This section describes specifically how the County will comply with
150 Permit requirements by incorporating illicit discharge detection and elimination, into the
151 overall storm water management program. The County will achieve compliance by
152 implementing the practices in the subsequent sections:

- 153 • Section 4.3.2 Storm Drain Outfall Identification
- 154 • Section 4.3.3 County Ordinances
- 155 • Section 4.3.4 Detection & Response Plan
- 156 • Section 4.3.5 Public Communications
- 157 • Section 4.3.6 Program Evaluation
- 158 • Section 4.3.7 BMP Program Summary

159 4.3.2 STORM DRAIN OUTFALL IDENTIFICATION

160 The Permit requires the County to develop a storm sewer system map showing the
161 location of all outfalls and the names and locations of receiving waters. The County will
162 conduct a field inventory of storm drain outfalls for existing development within the
163 County jurisdictional boundary within the timeframe of June 2005 through June 2008.
164 Identification of existing storm drain outfalls within the County's total jurisdictional area
165 will begin no later than the end of June 2005, with a goal of mapping approximately 25%
166 of the County's total jurisdictional area annually following approval of the SWMP until
167 June 2008, or until 100% of the jurisdictional area has been covered. Starting in June
168 2006 and annually thereafter, the County will begin to update maps to include additional
169 outfalls created from the previous year's new development and or redevelopment. The
170 estimated percent of jurisdictional area mapped annually will be included in the Annual
171 Report.

172 4.3.3 COUNTY ORDINANCES**173 4.3.3.1 Prohibition of Non-Storm Water Discharges**

174 Several County ordinances prohibit non-storm water discharges into the County
175 storm drain system. All County ordinances are enforceable per County Code
176 Chapter 1.24, which stipulates fines and/or imprisonment for violators. The
177 District Attorney is responsible for enforcement actions in instances of reported

178 violations. Beginning in June 2006, and annually thereafter the Storm Water
179 Coordinator will provide an annual sufficiency review of said ordinances, and will
180 include in this review an analysis of the adequacy of legal authority.

181 **4.3.3.1.1 Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance**

182 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 15.14) authorizes the
183 County Department of Transportation to regulate all grading activities,
184 and requires that such activities be undertaken in such a manner that
185 quantities of sediment or other materials substantially in excess of
186 nature levels are prevented from leaving the site. Additionally, this
187 ordinance authorizes the Director of Transportation to require security
188 deposits, suspend or revoke permits, and for the permittee to warranty
189 all work. Further, the ordinance requires the Director to record with
190 the County Recorder, a Notice of Noncompliance when there is a
191 failure to secure the required permit. Security deposits are held by the
192 Building Department and provide funding of standard inspections,
193 with additional inspections.

194 **4.3.3.1.2 Subdivision Design and Improvement Ordinance**

195 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 16.12.050)
196 authorizes the Planning Commission, appointed by the Board of
197 Supervisors to determine whether the discharge of waste from the
198 proposed subdivision into an existing community sewer system would
199 result in violation of existing requirements prescribed by a California
200 Regional Water Quality Control Board pursuant to division 7
201 (commencing with section 13000) of the Water Code. In the event
202 that the Planning Commission finds that the proposed waste discharge
203 would result in or add to violation of requirements of the water quality
204 control board, it may disapprove the tentative map or maps of the
205 subdivision.

206 **4.3.3.1.3 Solid Waste Management Ordinance**

207 Pursuant to Government Code Section 25845, the County, by
208 ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.42), has established a procedure
209 for the abatement of a nuisance on private property when this
210 nuisance constitutes an immediate threat to public health. El Dorado
211 County Ordinance Code Section 8.42.700 authorizes the County
212 Environmental Management Department to take abatement action
213 against littering and illegal dumping on public or private property.

214 **4.3.3.1.4 Vehicle Abandonment Ordinance**

215 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 10.16.070), in
216 addition to and in accordance with the authority granted by the state
217 under section 22660 of the Vehicle Code, may determine to abate and

218 remove abandoned, wrecked, dismantled or non-operative vehicles or
219 parts thereof as public nuisances.

220 **4.3.3.1.5 Liquid Waste Management Ordinance**

221 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 8.06) prohibits any
222 hazardous waste which may be defined by either federal or state
223 statute and regulation, whichever is more stringent; and any grease or
224 grease trappings from being discharged including potential adverse
225 health and environmental impacts associated with on-site individual
226 sewage disposal systems and or transport of liquid waste.

227 **4.3.3.1.6 Hazardous Material Management Ordinance**

228 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.38) authorizes the
229 County Department of Environmental Management to manage the
230 handling, storage, transport and use of hazardous material.
231 Additionally, Environmental Management is authorized to inspect for
232 hazardous materials on private property and oversee clean-up
233 activities. The County may also require payment to compensate
234 County time and materials necessary for clean up activities.

235 **4.3.3.1.7 Dust Abatement Ordinance**

236 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.44) authorizes the
237 County Department of Environmental Management to develop and
238 manage the County's dust abatement and protection program.

239 **4.3.3.1.8 Bear Resistant Garbage Can Ordinance**

240 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 8.76.030) is
241 authorized to require the owners, lessees, residents or any other person
242 exercising physical control of any private property including
243 businesses to install an approved bear-resistant garbage can enclosure.
244 This ordinance only applies to new residential construction within
245 those portions of El Dorado County that lie within the boundaries of
246 the Silver Fork, Tahoe Truckee Unified, and Lake Tahoe Unified
247 School Districts.

248 **4.3.3.1.9 Construction Demolition & Debris Recycling Ordinance**

249 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 8.43), is authorized
250 to require individuals or businesses demolishing or constructing
251 projects with structure footprints exceeding 5,000 square feet in area,
252 to recycle at least one-half of the construction and demolition debris
253 created.

254

254 **4.3.4 DETECTION & RESPONSE PLAN**

255 Through permit and inspection processes, as well as public educational programs and
256 compliance practices, the County serves to protect the public health and promote the
257 well-being of all El Dorado County residences, workers, and visitors as well as manage
258 potential and existing illicit discharges and illegal dumping as is required by the Permit.
259 This is accomplished through many existing County Programs outlined in this section.

260 **4.3.4.1 Project Construction**261 **4.3.4.1.1 Permitted Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges**

262 This section describes the County's program for controlling pollutants
263 from permitted non-storm water discharges stemming from construction
264 sites.

265 Permitted non-storm water discharges include the following categories:

266 **Discharges Authorized by a Separate NPDES Permit:** Since these
267 discharges have a separate permit, they are not addressed by this SWMP.

268 **Exempted Discharges:** These discharges are not expected to contain
269 pollutants and can therefore be discharged without direct application of
270 practices. These discharges include:

- 271 • water line flushing;
- 272 • landscape irrigation;
- 273 • diverted stream flows;
- 274 • rising ground waters;
- 275 • uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as defined at 40 CRF
276 §35.2005(20)) to separate storm sewers;
- 277 • uncontaminated pumped ground water;
- 278 • discharges from potable water sources;
- 279 • foundation drains;
- 280 • air conditioning condensation;
- 281 • irrigation water;
- 282 • springs;
- 283 • water from crawl space pumps;
- 284 • footing drains;
- 285 • lawn watering;
- 286 • individual residential car washing;

- 287 • flows from riparian habitats and wetlands; and
- 288 • de-chlorinated swimming pool discharges.

Conditionally Exempt Discharges:

The discharges and their associated practices identified in Table 4.3-1 are not expected to contain pollutants.

TABLE 4.3-1: NON-STORM WATER PRACTICES FOR CONDITIONALLY EXEMPT DISCHARGES

Non-Storm Water Discharges	Practice Titles
a. Pumped ground or accumulated rain water	Dewatering Operations
b. Non-potable irrigation water	Non-potable Water/Irrigation

293

294 The RWQCB has issued a general permit for dewatering, Order No.

295 CAG995001. Qualifying dewatering operations are able to obtain

296 permit coverage under this Order by submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI)

297 to the Regional Board. Allowable discharges must not contain

298 significant quantities of pollutants and be either four months or less in

299 duration, or not exceed 0.25 mgd during dry weather. Under the terms

300 of the permit, monitoring and reporting are required. Copies of this

301 permit are available from the Regional Board or from the County’s

302 Storm Water Coordinator.

303 Non-potable irrigation water, landscape irrigation and lawn or garden

304 watering runoff, though minimized, will occur on a regular basis as a

305 result of excess irrigation water running off vegetated and nearby

306 impervious areas and into storm drains. These discharges are not

307 expected to result in the discharge of appreciable pollutants. If these

308 activities are subsequently found to be resulting in an unacceptable level

309 of pollutant discharges, the County will undertake to develop, or require

310 the responsible discharging party to develop, a pollution management

311 plan.

4.3.4.1.2 Non-Permitted Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges

On construction sites, the CM/RE and the Contractor shall be alert to and report the potential presence of illicit connections to the County’s storm drain system or illicit discharges.

The Permit prohibits the discharge of non-permitted non-storm water discharges. If a significant unauthorized non-storm water discharge occurs, the CM/RE will report the discharge to the County’s Storm Water Coordinator within 12 hours. The Storm Water Coordinator will

321 coordinate the reporting of prohibited non-storm discharges to the
322 RWQCB in accordance with the procedures in Section 5.7.

323 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge occurs because of the
324 construction activity, the CM/RE and the Contractor shall endeavor to
325 immediately halt the discharge and take measures to minimize any
326 potential re-occurrence.

327 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge is not due to the
328 construction activity, then the County's Storm Water Coordinator will
329 address remediation of the situation with the responsible authorities.

330 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will log and track each reported
331 non-permitted non-storm water discharge to conclusion. The on-going
332 log will be included within the Annual Report.

333 **4.3.4.2 Municipal Operations**

334 **4.3.4.2.1 Permitted Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges**

335 This section describes the County's program for controlling pollutants
336 from permitted non-storm water discharges from municipal operations,
337 including parks and maintenance facilities. Previously described spill
338 prevention, waste management and other practices will be implemented
339 to ensure that these discharges remain uncontaminated. These practices
340 eliminate or reduce permitted non-storm water discharges and reduce
341 water pollution from the County's Maintenance activities and
342 operations.

343 Permitted non-storm water discharges include the following categories:

344 **Discharges Authorized by a Separate NPDES Permit:** Since these
345 discharges have a separate permit, they are not addressed by this SWMP.

346 **Exempted Discharges:** These discharges are not expected to contain
347 pollutants and can therefore be discharged without direct application of
348 practices. These discharges include:

- 349 • water line flushing;
- 350 • landscape irrigation;
- 351 • diverted stream flows;
- 352 • rising ground waters;
- 353 • uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as defined at 40 CRF
354 §35.2005(20)) to separate storm sewers;
- 355 • uncontaminated pumped ground water;
- 356 • discharges from potable water sources;

SECTION 4.3

Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

- 357 • foundation drains;
- 358 • air conditioning condensation;
- 359 • irrigation water;
- 360 • springs;
- 361 • water from crawl space pumps;
- 362 • footing drains;
- 363 • lawn watering;
- 364 • individual residential car washing;
- 365 • flows from riparian habitats and wetlands; and
- 366 • de-chlorinated swimming pool discharges.

Conditionally Exempt Discharges:

367 The discharges and their associated practices identified in Table 4.3-2
368 are not expected to contain pollutants.
369
370

TABLE 4.3-2: NON-STORM WATER PRACTICES FOR CONDITIONALLY EXEMPT DISCHARGES

Non-Storm Water Discharges	Practice Titles
a. Pumped ground or accumulated rain water	Dewatering Operations
b. Non-potable irrigation water	Non-potable Water/Irrigation

371
372 The RWQCB has issued a general permit for dewatering, Order No.
373 CAG995001. Qualifying dewatering operations are able to obtain
374 permit coverage under this Order by submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI)
375 to the Regional Board. Allowable discharges must not contain
376 significant quantities of pollutants and be either four months or less in
377 duration, or not exceed 0.25 mgd during dry weather. Under the terms
378 of the permit, monitoring and reporting are required. Copies of this
379 permit are available from the Regional Board or from the County's
380 Storm Water Coordinator.

381 Non-potable irrigation water, landscape irrigation and lawn or garden
382 watering runoff, though minimized, will occur on a regular basis as a
383 result of excess irrigation water running off vegetated and nearby
384 impervious areas and into storm drains. These discharges are not
385 expected to result in the discharge of appreciable pollutants. If these
386 activities are subsequently found to be resulting in an unacceptable level
387 of pollutant discharges, the County will undertake to develop, or require
388 the responsible discharging party to develop, a pollution management
389 plan.

390 4.3.4.2.2 Non-Permitted Non-Storm Water Discharges

391 On maintenance sites, the MM shall be alert to and report the potential
392 presence of illicit connections to the County's storm drain system or
393 illicit discharges.

394 The Permit prohibits the discharge of non-permitted non-storm water
395 discharges. If a significant unauthorized non-storm water discharge
396 occurs, the MM will report the discharge to the County's Storm Water
397 Coordinator within 12 hours. The Storm Water Coordinator will
398 coordinate the reporting of prohibited non-storm discharges to the
399 RWQCB in accordance with the procedures in Section 5.7.

400 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge occurs because of the
401 maintenance activity or are within the purview of municipal operations,
402 the MM shall endeavor to immediately halt the discharge and take
403 measures to minimize any potential re-occurrence.

404 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge is not as a result of the
405 maintenance activity or within the purview of municipal operations, the
406 County's Storm Water Coordinator will address remediation of the
407 situation with the responsible authorities.

408 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will log and track each reported
409 non-permitted non-storm water discharge to conclusion. The on-going
410 log will be included within the Annual Report.

411 4.3.4.2.3 Responsible Parties

412 The County Department of General Services is responsible for the care
413 and upkeep of the County's parks and general government facilities.
414 The County Department of Transportation is responsible for the care and
415 upkeep of the County Roads and associated maintenance yards.
416 Maintenance activities are most regularly performed directly by County
417 forces, however on occasion the Departments will hire a contractor to
418 perform these activities.

419 The respective Departments designate a MM who is in responsible
420 charge of the activity. This manager is responsible for assuring that the
421 applicable pollution prevention / good housekeeping practices as
422 outlined in the SWMP are incorporated within the work.

423 4.3.4.3 Non-County Properties

424 Currently the County regulates illicit discharges through many existing
425 environmental and public health areas, currently managed, through the
426 Environmental Management Department, Environmental Health Division and the
427 Solid Waste & Hazardous Materials Division as summarized in Table 4.3-3 below

SECTION 4.3

Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

428 and described in the section to follow. The County staff responsible for carrying
429 out these programs will be alert to and report the potential presence of illicit
430 discharges on non-County properties.

431 The Permit prohibits the discharge of non-permitted non-storm water discharges.
432 If a significant unauthorized non-storm water discharge occurs, this discharge will
433 be reported to the County's Storm Water Coordinator within 12 hours. The Storm
434 Water Coordinator will coordinate the reporting of prohibited non-storm water
435 discharges to the RWQWB in accordance with the procedures in Section 5.7.

436 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will address remediation of the situation
437 with the responsible authorities.

438 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will log and track each reported non-
439 permitted non-storm water discharge to conclusion. The on-going log will be
440 included within the Annual Report.

441

442 **TABLE 4.3-3: ILLICIT DISCHARGE AND DETECTION ON NON-COUNTY PROPERTIES**

Environmental Health:	Hazardous Materials:	Solid Waste :
Food Facilities	Hazardous Waste/CUPA	Collection/Disposal
Liquid Waste	Household Hazardous Waste	Recycling
Recreational Health	Spills/Emergency Response	Enforcement
Small Water Systems	Medical Waste	Litter Abatement
Public Complaints	Marina Outreach	Garbage Cans/Bears
	Used Oil	Construction Demolition & Debris Recycling
		Material Recovery Facility

443

444 **4.3.4.3.1 Food Facilities**

445 Under this program, at least twice per year, food facilities are
446 inspected by the Environmental Management Department.
447 Environmental health specialists will begin an educational program
448 to inform food facilities of best management practices to prevent
449 storm water pollution. An inventory of food establishments will be
450 conducted to identify problem facilities with significant non-storm
451 water discharges, and these facilities will be targeted for remedial
452 efforts.

453 **4.3.4.3.2 Liquid Waste**

454 The program permits liquid waste (septage) haulers and establishes
455 fees and other financial assurance mechanisms to ensure proper
456 transport, treatment and disposal of sewage waste. Adequate and

457 safe construction of new and remodeled sewage disposal systems
458 is also an element of the program. Since 1996, the liquid waste is
459 disposed of and treated within the County at the Union Mine
460 Septage Treatment Facility.

461 **4.3.4.3.3 Recreational Health**

462 The recreational health program ensures the safe and sanitary
463 operation of commercial rafting outfitter's facilities and sewage
464 disposal for operations on the South Fork of the American River.
465 The program includes plan review for compliance with the
466 California Health and Safety Code and routine inspections.

467 **4.3.4.3.4 Small Water Systems**

468 The Small Water System Program is involved with the permitting,
469 inspection, and monitoring of 175 small public water systems. The
470 County is the Local Primacy Agency, under contract with the State
471 Department of Health Services, to perform the program
472 requirements that are specified in State and Federal Regulations. El
473 Dorado County Environmental Management Department oversees
474 the Small Water System program. The objective of the Small
475 Water System program is to ensure that all systems operating in
476 the County comply with the California Safe Drinking Water Act
477 and related regulations. This department issues permits, monitors
478 water quality data, and conducts routine inspections to verify
479 compliance. New applications and changes of ownership are
480 reviewed to verify that the system will be able to meet technical,
481 managerial, and financial capabilities. This program inadvertently
482 protects surface waters from possible illicit discharges containing
483 chlorinated water or other pollutants that may be contained in the
484 water systems.

485 **4.3.4.3.5 Public Complaints**

486 The Environmental Management Department manages the receipt
487 of public complaints. All complainant information is confidential.
488 Through the Environmental Management Department Programs,
489 there is an opportunity to dispense educational pamphlets to the
490 public during events, at the offices and through the County Web
491 Site. This information contains phone numbers for the public to
492 engage a complaint. The public is advised to be as specific as
493 possible, and to leave a telephone number so an investigating
494 Environmental Health Specialist may contact them. In addition,
495 they may be requested to provide further information such as
496 specific directions to a site, historical data, or other information

497 may be required. The County is prepared to address complaints
498 related to illicit discharges, for example:

- 499 • Failing septic systems or a septic system illegally repaired
500 or installed
- 501 • A break in a public sewer
- 502 • An illegally installed or destroyed well
- 503 • A contaminated well
- 504 • Rafting company complaints: unsafe food handling, illegal
505 garbage or liquid waste discharge.
- 506 • Roadside litter
- 507 • Other environmental health or public health issues (vector
508 control, West Nile Virus, tattoo & piercing parlors, mold,
509 and lead poisoning)

510 **4.3.4.3.6 Hazardous Waste**

511 The Department of Environmental Management regulates the
512 storage of hazardous materials and the generation of hazardous
513 waste. Businesses that handle hazardous materials are required to
514 submit a Business plan, which discloses the quantities of hazardous
515 materials and wastes above designated quantities to the County.
516 The County inspects businesses on a routine and/or complaint
517 basis, and businesses must adhere to storage requirements that
518 protect against spills and storm water contamination. Follow up
519 inspections are conducted as needed to gain compliance.

520 Through a federal program called the Unified Program [Senate Bill
521 1082 (1993)], created to provide relief to businesses complying
522 with the overlapping and sometimes conflicting requirements of
523 formerly independently managed programs the Environmental
524 Management Department Hazardous Materials Division is
525 approved by Cal-EPA as the Certified Unified Program Agency
526 (CUPA) for El Dorado County. The Unified Program is
527 implemented at the local government level by the CUPAs to
528 consolidate, coordinate, and make consistent the administrative
529 requirements, permits, inspections, and enforcement activities for
530 the following environmental and emergency management
531 programs:

- 532 • Hazardous Materials Release Response Plans and
533 Inventories (Business Plans)

- 534 • California Accidental Release Prevention (CalARP)
535 Program
- 536 • Underground Storage Tank Program
- 537 • Aboveground Petroleum Storage Act Requirements
538 for Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure
539 (SPCC) Plans
- 540 • Hazardous Waste Generator and Onsite Hazardous
541 Waste Treatment (tiered permitting) Programs
- 542 • California Uniform Fire Code: Hazardous Material
543 Management Plans and Hazardous Material
544 Inventory Statements

545 The County has developed and implemented a **Hazardous Waste**
546 **Management Plan** (Nov. 5, 1990), and reviews the plan at least
547 annually for sufficiency, with updates to the plan provided on an as
548 needed basis.

549 **4.3.4.3.7 Household Hazardous Waste**

550 The County has been successfully assisting residents with
551 household hazardous waste disposal for over twelve years.
552 Recycling promotion efforts are sustained through grant programs
553 from the CIWMB. The citizen's of El Dorado County including
554 industry, government, agriculture and residential sources are not
555 large generators of hazardous waste. The majority (90+%) of the
556 hazardous waste stream in El Dorado County consists of waste oil,
557 old paint and lead acid car batteries. The following collection
558 events and collection facilities exist to inform residents of the
559 hazards of illegal disposal, discourage illegal dumping and
560 encourage recycling:

- 561 • Certified recycling collection facilities accepting
562 automotive fluids, filters and tires, are dispersed in several
563 locations within Western El Dorado County; see the Table
564 4.3-4 below for a summary of locations and items accepted
565 for these *Community Collection Facilities*. These public
566 waste oil collection sites are now open seven days/week,
567 which the County, in part, has funded.
- 568 • For old paint and car batteries as well as for uncommon
569 items such as expired or banned pesticides, herbicides,
570 solvents, paint strippers, etc., the County has implemented

SECTION 4.3

Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

571 periodic *One-Day Collection Events*. The County
572 continues to conduct one-day collection events in the more
573 remote areas including Meek's Bay, Mt. Aukum and the
574 Georgetown-Divide. One-day collection events occur
575 several times throughout the year at various locations. For
576 more information see the Event Calendar on the County
577 Department of Environmental Management Website.

- 578 • The County in a cooperative arrangement with the El
579 Dorado Hills Fire Department, Lake Valley Fire
580 Department, and Western El Dorado Recovery Systems,
581 Inc. (Diamond Springs) has opened *Permanent Collection*
582 *Facilities* for hazardous waste, as shown in Table 4.3-5.

583

SECTION 4.3*Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination*

583

584 **TABLE 4.3-4: COMMUNITY COLLECTION FACILITIES**

Locations	Items Accepted
CAMERON PARK	
Big O Tires: 3321 Durrock Road	T
(C) Jiffy Lube: 2540 Merrychase Drive	O
(C) Jiffy Lube: 3470 Palmer Drive	O
(C) Kragen Auto Parts #4020: 3398 Coach Lane	O
CAMINO	
(C) El Dorado County Fire District: 4040 Carson Road	O
DIAMOND SPRINGS	
(C) El Dorado Disposal / Materials Recovery Facility: 4100 Throwita Way	A, B, BF, F, O, T
EL DORADO HILLS	
(C) El Dorado Hills Fire Station: 3670 Bass Lake Road	A, B, F, O
GEORGETOWN	
(C) 193 Auto Parts: 6490 Highway 193 S	O
LOTUS	
(C) Ceccardi Feed Store: 7170 Highway 49	O
PLACERVILLE	
(C) Kragen Auto Parts #280: 3970-F Missouri Flat Road	O
McIntires & Tubes Goodyear Center: 1415 Broadway	T
Placerville Firestone Tire, Brake & Alignment: 796 Cary Alley	T
POLLOCK PINES	
(C) Crystal View Station: 6529 Pony Express Trail	F, O
SOMERSET	
(C) Pioneer Fire District: 7061 Mt. Aukum Road	O

585

586

587

Notes: A=Antifreeze, B=Batteries, BF=Brake Fluid, F=Oil Filters, O=Used Oil, P=Oil Pads, T=Tires, and (C) Certified Oil Center. Certified Centers accept lubricating oil at no charge and will offer a recycling incentive payment.

588

588 **TABLE 4.3-5: PERMANENT COLLECTION FACILITIES**

Locations	Items Accepted
El Dorado Disposal Materials Recovery Facility: 4 D	A, B, C, D, E, F, H, L, M, N, O, P, S, T, V
El Dorado Hills Fire Station: 3 E	A, B, V, D, E, F, H, L, M, O, P, S, T,

589 Notes: A= Aerosols, B=Batteries, C= Corrosives, D= Antifreeze, E= Fluorescent Lights, F= Filters and Oil,
 590 H= Household Chemicals (i.e. Photo, Pool, Cleaners), L= Latex Paint Containers (5 gal ea, 20 gal
 591 limit per trip), M= Mercury Containing Devices, N= Needles, P= Pesticides/Herbicides (5gal limit per
 592 trip), S=Sealants/Adhesives, T= Thinners/Solvents, and V= Propane Tanks (10 gal maximum size
 593 limit).

594
 595 **4.3.4.3.8 Spills**

596 The safe and efficient emergency response to Hazardous Materials
 597 events in El Dorado County depends on cooperation between
 598 multiple agencies. The Solid Waste and Hazardous Material
 599 Division of the Environmental Management Department leads this
 600 important team effort with close cooperation with law
 601 enforcement, fire and allied health agency officers and staff.
 602 Special attention is given to the hazardous materials used and
 603 transported frequently in the county by our local businesses.

604 Training to prepare for possible biological, nuclear, incendiary,
 605 chemical and explosive hazards used in criminal or terrorist
 606 activities are also provided. Preparedness activities include training
 607 of team members to appropriate levels of response capability,
 608 multi-agency workshops, tabletop exercises, field training and
 609 drills. The Environmental Management Department is responsible
 610 for after hours on-call support for all Department Programs
 611 including HazMat, Air Pollution, Sewage Spills, Water Pollution,
 612 Food Poisonings, and Union Mine Landfill Issues in a typical year,
 613 40 – 50 incidents are responded to including routine spills of
 614 vehicle fuels, unknown white powders in the mail, the release of
 615 toxic Chlorine gas, as well as, a variety of other hazardous
 616 conditions.

617 The County has developed and implemented a Hazardous
 618 Materials Emergency Response Plan (Jan. 1995; Updated Oct.
 619 2003), which establishes the policies, responsibilities, and
 620 procedures required to protect the health and safety of El Dorado

621 County’s citizens, the environment and public and private property
622 from the effects of hazardous materials incidents. The plan details
623 emergency response organization for incidents, and defines
624 operational concepts and procedures associated with the created
625 Interagency Hazardous Materials Response Team (HMRT). This
626 is an operational plan as well as a reference document for pre-
627 emergency planning as well as emergency response. The County
628 reviews the plan at least annually, with an update to the plan, as
629 needed. Depending on the circumstances of the spill, this
630 coordination is made directly or through the Office of Emergency
631 Services (OES). All significant spill incidents are reported to the
632 County’s Storm Water Coordinator.

633 **4.3.4.3.9 Marina Outreach**

634 The County Environmental Management Department has taken the
635 lead in a comprehensive marina program that is being used to
636 educate boaters using Lake Tahoe, Folsom, Sly Park, and Echo
637 Lakes. This program educates boaters about clean boating
638 practices, and makes them aware of the potential risk to the
639 environment that can be caused by bad habits. Information is
640 provided on the impacts of these practices, which may include:
641 illegal disposal of used oil, operating poorly maintained watercraft,
642 and pumping bilge water over board.

643 The main effort of the program is to have boat owners use oil
644 absorbent pads and pillows. The oil absorbent pads are used to
645 keep gasoline out the lakes during fueling. The oil absorbent
646 pillows are placed around the engine of the boat to absorb oil and
647 gasoline, which can leak into the bilge water. There are locations
648 of collection and disposal of the pads and pillows at each marina.
649 These oil absorbent pads and pillows are handed out to the public
650 in a boat bucket kit, which also includes a bucket, a floating key
651 chain, towel, and a ski flag. In order to receive a kit the boat owner
652 must fill out a survey. The survey contains question as to whether
653 or not the said person changes their boat motor oil and how he/she
654 disposes of it. Their zip code is also asked so the County can trace
655 what population they are reaching.

656 **4.3.4.3.10 Medical Waste**

657 If not disposed of properly, medical waste poses a very serious
658 threat as a puncture hazard and as a vector to transmit diseases,
659 such as hepatitis, HIV, and tetanus. Improperly disposed medical
660 waste is also a significant ecological threat, as images of medical
661 waste washing up on the shores of beaches all too eloquently

662 illustrate. Within the regulatory framework of the Medical Waste
663 Management Act, the Hazardous Materials Division ensures the
664 proper handling and disposal of medical waste throughout El
665 Dorado County. The public is informed of medical waste
666 transporters who dispose of home generated medical waste and
667 commercially generated medical waste (both large and small
668 quantity generators. The County regulates and charges fees of
669 commercial medical waste generators (hospitals, clinics,
670 laboratories, and medical, dental, and veterinary facilities). Non-
671 commercial medical waste producers residing in El Dorado County
672 are informed of how to handle their waste and encouraged to use
673 this free service available to them through coordination with the
674 Materials Recovery Facility.

675 **4.3.4.3.11 Used Oil**

676 The Environmental Management Department has launched a used
677 oil/oil filter recycling and re-refined oil promotional program at the
678 Placerville Speedway, sponsoring a sprint car driver and
679 encouraging consumers to buy back re-refined oil.

680 **4.3.4.3.12 Universal Wastes**

681 Universal wastes are common items, which because of their
682 chemical content are considered hazardous wastes, but they pose a
683 relatively low risk to the user when handled in a normal manner.
684 However, if these items are damaged or disposed of into a landfill
685 they can release their hazardous contents and pose a risk to human
686 health and the environment. Items such as fluorescent lights,
687 mercury thermostats, household batteries, consumer electronic
688 devices (CEDs) and computer monitors, also known as cathode ray
689 tubes (CRTs), are all classified as universal wastes. The
690 fluorescent lights, thermostats, and batteries generated by
691 households can be disposed free of charge at the HHW permanent
692 collection centers listed above. The Diamond Springs disposal site
693 will accept CRTs and CEDs for a fee.

694 **4.3.4.3.13 Collection / Disposal**

695 The Union Mine Disposal Site, comprised of 280 acres of public
696 property, is the last remaining and active landfill property in the
697 County. The existing permitted landfill unit is confined to 59.5
698 acres within the middle of the Union Mine property [a number of
699 permits are required to operate a landfill including those from the
700 State Integrated Waste Management, Regional Water Quality
701 Control and Air Resources Boards].

702 Sierra Disposal Service is proposing to build a small volume
703 transfer station and recycling facility within the
704 Georgetown/Divide area. Such a facility is imperative to combat
705 illegal dumping and to provide convenient opportunities for
706 disposal and the recycling of materials. Similar small-scale
707 facilities may also be proposed in other portions of the County.

708 **4.3.4.3.13 Recycling**

709 Waste reduction, reuse, and recycling in El Dorado County is
710 encouraged due to a federal mandate requiring the County to divert
711 50% of their waste from landfills. The program strives to
712 encourage the community to do their part to achieve this goal
713 through distribution of information on recycling locations, reuse
714 opportunities, and ways to reduce waste in the home and business.
715 Non-storm water informational sheets will accompany materials
716 distributed at community events, recycling centers and through the
717 County website.

718 **4.3.4.3.15 Enforcement**

719 The County's Solid Waste Ordinance, which governs the
720 accumulation, storage, collection and disposal of solid waste
721 generated on residential, commercial and industrial properties
722 within the County is enforced by the Department of Environmental
723 Management. Complaints alleging improper solid waste
724 management practices on the West slope of the County can be
725 lodged by calling or by email through either the telephone phone
726 number and link posted on the County website.

727 **4.3.4.3.14 Litter Abatement**

728 El Dorado County operates a roadside litter collection program.
729 Permanent staff and low-risk inmates collect litter from the County
730 Jail. Litter is collected along the County maintained roads and the
731 State Highways. Because there are literally thousands of miles of
732 County maintained roadways within the County, priority is given
733 to the more heavily used roadways and those where significant
734 accumulations of litter exist.

735 **4.3.4.3.15 Garbage Cans/Bears**

736 To enhance public safety and eliminate conditions that attract
737 bears, residents that live within the boundaries of the Silver Fork

738 School District are required to install bear resistant garbage can
739 enclosures, in conjunction with new construction. This ordinance
740 may also reduce the likelihood of garbage/debris being dispersed
741 throughout these neighborhoods due to the bears, and subsequently
742 other animals rummaging through garbage cans.

743 **4.3.4.3.16 Construction Demolition & Debris Recycling**

744 Through the Construction and Demolition Debris Recycling
745 Ordinance (Code 8.43), individuals or businesses demolishing or
746 constructing projects with structure footprints exceeding 5,000
747 square feet in area, are required to recycle at least one-half of the
748 construction and demolition debris created. Workshops are hosted
749 and information is distributed to inform generators of their
750 requirement to recycle and of strategies they can enlist to meet this
751 requirement.

752 **4.3.4.3.17 Material Recovery Facility**

753 West Slope County residents are served by a Material Recovery
754 Facility located in Diamond Springs. The facility accepts material
755 for disposal, as well as recycling. Household hazardous waste is
756 accepted free of charge.

757 **4.3.4.4 Leaseholder Review and Inspections**

758 The County owns several parcels of property. Many of these properties are leased
759 to third parties. These third parties carryout a variety of activities on these
760 properties. These properties and their leases will be reviewed by the County's
761 responsible Department, General Services, to assure that the terms of the lease
762 allow enforcement of the Permit and SWMP requirements and that the lease
763 holders are carrying out appropriate pollution management practices.
764 Identification of these leases and review of the lease terms will be accomplished
765 by the end of June 2006.

766 Where the terms of the leases are not presently sufficient to allow for this
767 enforcement, efforts will be initiated to amend or replace the lease with one that
768 allows the County to enforce the Permit and SWMP. It will be necessary to set
769 individual time schedules for each property to upgrade, as necessary, the terms of
770 the leases. As these leases are reviewed, deficiencies identified, and time
771 schedules set, the results will be reported in the Annual Report.

772 The County will undertake a general compliance review on all leased properties
773 by the end of June 2006. If deficiencies in storm water pollution practices are

774 identified, the leaseholder will be so informed, and requested to undertake
775 appropriate practices. For those properties with deficiencies and with lease terms
776 allowing enforcement, the County will undertake to ensure that the leaseholder
777 responds appropriately. However, if there are noted deficiencies and the lease has
778 not yet been amended to allow enforcement, the property will be “flagged” for
779 revisit upon amendment of the lease terms. In this later situation, if the identified
780 deficiencies are seen as an immediate threat to public health, the County will
781 initiate abatement action per County Ordinance Code Section 8.42.700. The
782 Annual Report will summarize the results of these leased property inspections.

783 **4.3.4.5 Facility Pollution Prevention Plans**

784 It is required that Facility Pollution Prevention Plans for County’s highway
785 maintenance facilities include an inventory of facilities and activities for each site,
786 a site map and a compliance status report. As applicable, the MM shall provide a
787 schedule for achieving compliance, and identify improvements needed to enhance
788 pollution minimization activities. By the end of June 2006, Annual Reviews of
789 the FPPPs and of the maintenance facilities will occur with annual reporting of
790 results and actions to the RWQCB.

791 **4.3.5 PUBLIC COMMUNICATION**

792 **4.3.5.1 Public Outreach**

793 The County currently utilizes a variety of methods to educate and outreach to the
794 public about the importance of managing pollutants that potentially could enter
795 storm water. The existing program includes:

796 An annual outreach occurs at Folsom, Ice House, Sly Park, and Union Valley
797 Reservoir, in which free educational and maintenance materials are handed out to
798 boaters.

- 799 • Developing and distributing informational sheets by Environmental
800 Management for proper hazardous waste use and disposal and storm water
801 information at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public
802 schools.
- 803 • Developing and distributing storm water informational sheets for
804 Environmental Managements food facility inspection program on all
805 permitted businesses.
- 806 • Developing and distributing storm water information sheets for
807 Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and
808 household hazardous waste.
- 809 • Maintaining and operating a call in phone number where parties can
810 contact the County with environmental concerns,

- 811 • Developing and distributing storm water informational sheets at the
812 County Agriculture Department public counter as well as to all
813 commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for
814 herbicide/pesticide application.
- 815 • Maintaining a County environmental website which offers educational
816 opportunities and the opportunity for concerned parties to contact the
817 County.
- 818 The County will, by the end of June 2006, be supplementing these
819 efforts by:
- 820 • Adding to the County’s informational sheets, a storm water specific
821 informational sheet.
- 822 • Adding a storm water specific component to the County’s environmental
823 website.
- 824 • Developing storm water informational sheets to the public in following
825 categories: general, planning/design, and construction practices.
826 Information sheets will be distributed to engineering/construction firms,
827 County departments, and the public who obtain grading/construction
828 permits.
- 829 • Developing and distributing storm water informational sheets for all five
830 (5) public libraries.

831 The County Storm Water Coordinator will serve in a “clearinghouse” function for
832 disseminating storm water educational and awareness materials from other
833 sources to various County Departments that encounter the public.

834 The written materials are designed to appeal to the general public (in easy-to-read
835 formats) while providing technical information on selected storm water activities
836 and pollution management.

837 **4.3.5.2 Informational Exchange with Contractors**

838 For contract work directly undertaken by the County, three types of informational
839 exchange sessions will be employed to describe storm water pollution prevention
840 concepts and practices and to explain techniques for preparing SWPPPs for
841 construction activities.

842 Informational Exchange #1, Storm Water Permit Compliance Requirements, Pre-
843 Bid Meeting: Pre-bid meetings may be conducted to discuss a given upcoming
844 construction project. When such meetings are held, and depending on the sites
845 storm water complexities, the site manager may provide general information to
846 construction contractors regarding the requirements in the Permit and the SWMP
847 that apply to the subject project (i.e., the project on which the contractors are
848 considering submitting bids).

849 Informational Exchange #2, Storm Water Permit Compliance Requirements, and
850 Pre-Construction Meeting: The site manager provides project-specific guidance to
851 construction contractors on topics such as SWPPP preparation, selection of
852 practices, and monitoring and inspection of said practices. The County will also
853 notify the RWQCB of the pre-construction meeting to allow an RWQCB
854 representative to be at the meeting to review and discuss the water quality issues
855 relating to the construction project.

856 Additional Informational Exchanges: The site manager will hold informal ad hoc
857 sessions with contractors, as needed, during the course of the construction project.

858 The topics covered in informational exchanges will be updated as needed to
859 reflect modifications to the County's storm water management program.

860 **4.3.5.3 Resource Conservation Districts**

861 The County will work with the local Resource Conservation District and others to
862 provide outreach to private project planners, designers and construction
863 contractors to raise their awareness and understanding of the problems and causes
864 of storm water pollution and to explain their responsibilities. This outreach will
865 be done primarily through informational exchanges between the County and these
866 parties. The informational exchanges cover the following topics:

- 867 • The provisions, conditions and requirements of the Permit that apply to
868 their projects;
- 869 • The availability of the SWMP and associated training and guidance
870 material prepared by the County; and
- 871 • General responsibilities of project site manager regarding implementation
872 of the SWMP, the requirements of a SWPPP.

873 The County Storm Water Coordinator will work with local organizations to
874 annually host workshops / informational exchanges focused on these topics. The
875 first workshop will be held by the end of June 2005.

876 **4.3.6 PROGRAM EVALUATION**

877 **4.3.6.1 Self Audit**

878 As a quality control mechanism to help the County to determine how well the
879 activities identified in this SWMP are being implemented. The self-audit is
880 viewed as independent from line management. The information gathered from
881 these self-audits will be shared with, and considered by the County's SWAC and
882 management as part of the process to annually update the SWMP. The results of
883 the self-audit will be included in the Annual Report.

884 The goals of the County self-audit program are:

- 885 • To evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of the activities outlined in
- 886 the SWMP;
- 887 • To provide a sound basis for re-directing or refining such activities;
- 888 • To recommend ways to revise or refine the SWMP, as needed; and
- 889 • To assess compliance with Permit and program requirements.

890 **4.3.6.2 Departmental Review**

891 The Storm Water Coordinator will provide a review of the departments
892 responsible for administering the provisions of the ordinances and, as appropriate
893 measures will be developed and implemented to ensure departments effectively
894 achieve compliance. Each department's program elements with respect to
895 enforcement will be reviewed annually, followed by an annual meeting with
896 department managers to discuss those measures to be developed and
897 implemented.

898 The primary mechanism for accomplishing program evaluation and ensuring that
899 the County's front line personnel have adequate knowledge and assistance to be
900 successful is the day-to-day supervision by the responsible managers. This
901 supervision includes observing and evaluating design and construction personnel
902 as they implement the requirements of the SWMP on both County and private
903 projects, and maintenance personnel as they conduct their assigned activities. In
904 addition to day-to-day oversight by the responsible managers, the County's Storm
905 Water Coordinator will provide focused follow-up activity reviews on a regular
906 basis. Feedback from this oversight will assist the County in addressing the
907 following types of questions:

- 908 • Is the County properly integrating storm water management practices
- 909 into planning, designing, and constructing both County and private
- 910 projects?
- 911 • Are the County's efforts to incorporate storm water practices into
- 912 maintenance activities effective and efficient?
- 913 • Are the organizational structures and procedures functioning
- 914 effectively and efficiently for performance of the County's water
- 915 quality protection measures?
- 916 • Are the County's training programs and guidance materials sufficient?
- 917 • Are the procedures for incorporating practical practices into daily
- 918 activities functioning properly?

919 4.3.6.3 Storm Water Advisory Committee

920 The County’s Storm Water Coordinator will host quarterly meetings of the
921 County’s Storm Water Quality Advisory Committee (SWAC) to review
922 progress in SWMP implementation. These meetings will serve to identify
923 the key issues and recommendations for improvement within the County’s
924 program and to ensure communication/cooperation between Departments
925 and functions.

926 4.3.7 BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY

927 The following pages contain a summary of the Illicit Discharge Detection and
928 Elimination BMP program set forth in the El Dorado County Storm Water Management
929 Plan. These BMPs will be subject to annual reviews and updates as outlined in Sections
930 3.2 and 5.6.1.

931 EPA’s NPDES rules state:

932 “Implementation of best management practices consistent with the provisions of
933 the storm water management program required pursuant to this section (the six
934 minimum control measures, evaluation & assessment, record keeping and
935 reporting) ... constitutes compliance with the standard of reducing pollutants to
936 the “maximum extent practicable”.” (40 CFR 122.34)

937 This summary notes BMPS applicable to one of the six minimum control measures: Illicit
938 Discharge Detection and Elimination. El Dorado County proposes that this program
939 constitutes fulfillment of the minimum General Permit and Federal Regulation
940 requirements. As the public review and the SWMP finalization processes proceed, the
941 program, and the County’s assessment of this program, may change.

**TABLE 4.3-6: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION**

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	BMP TO MEET REQUIREMENT	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	ASSOCIATED DEPARTMENT	SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION	MEASURABLE GOAL
Develop a storm sewer system map showing the location of all outfalls and the names and locations of receiving waters.	Inventory of County's storm drain outfalls (from existing development).	DOT	N/A	June-05	Field Inventory and Map at least 1/4 of the County jurisdiction annually to include existing known outfalls by the end of June 2008. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
	Inventory of County's storm drain outfalls (from new development/re-development).	DOT	N/A	June-06	Annual update of maps with any additional outfalls from the previous year's new development/re-development, within the County jurisdiction. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
Effectively prohibit through ordinance, or other means, non-storm water discharges into the MS4, and...	Review ordinances [Solid Waste Management (County Ordinance Code, Section 8.42, and 8.42.700 as authorized by California Government Code Section 25845), Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control (County Ordinance Code, Section 15.14), Waste Discharge Compliance (County Ordinance Code, Section 16.12.050) Dust Abatement (County Ordinance Code, Section 8.44), Hazardous Materials Management Ordinance (County Ordinance Code, Section 8.38) Liquid Waste Management (County Ordinance Code, Section 8.06), Bear Resistant Garbage Can (County Ordinance Code, Section 8.76) Vehicle Abandonment Prohibited (County Ordinance Code, Section 10.16.150)] with respect to enforcement, and as appropriate, recommend ordinance amendment to the County Board of Supervisors.	DOT	N/A	June-06	Annual sufficiency review of the ordinances, with any additional resulting ordinances subject to approval by the County Board of Supervisors. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
...implement appropriate enforcement procedures and actions	Review existing departments responsible for enforcement, and as appropriate, <i>develop</i> measures to ensure appropriate actions are taken with instances of non-compliance.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Annual sufficiency review of each department's program elements with respect to enforcement and an annual meeting with department managers to discuss measures to be developed to improve procedures and ensure compliance. Annual reporting of results will occur.
	Review existing departments responsible for enforcement, and as appropriate, <i>implement</i> measures to ensure appropriate actions are taken with instances of non-compliance.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Annual sufficiency review of each department's program elements with respect to enforcement and an annual meeting with department managers to discuss measures to be implemented to improve procedures and ensure compliance. Annual reporting of results will occur.
Develop and implement a plan to detect non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping	Train County personnel to detect non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping and to monitor for potential and existing inappropriate instances of non-compliance observed during day-to-day operations and periodic inspections. Require reporting of compliance status to the County Storm Water Coordinator.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Annual training provided to personnel with a subsequent annual review to measure the effectiveness of training. Annual tally of the number of sites inspected and detected. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
	Inspect County owned properties leased to a third party, require County personnel to monitor for compliance and report incidents to the County Storm Water Coordinator.	General Services	DOT	June-06	Annual tally of the number of sites inspected and detected. Review said properties by the end of June 2006. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
	On County Improvement Projects, Development/Re-development Projects, Maintenance Operations, and non-County Project Sites; require construction site managers and maintenance personnel to monitor for compliance, and report incidents to the County Storm Water Coordinator.	DOT	Building and General Services	June-06	Annual tally of the number of sites inspected and detected. Inspections occur routinely throughout the year during construction and maintenance operations. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
	Inspect food facilities and provide them information on practices to prevent inappropriate discharge. Require County personnel to monitor for compliance, and report incidents to the County Storm Water Coordinator.	Environmental Management	DOT	Continuing	Annual tally of the number of sites inspected and detected. Bi-annual inspections occur. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
	Require businesses that handle hazardous materials to submit a business plan and disclose the quantities of hazardous materials and wastes. Inspect businesses and require County personnel to monitor for compliance and report incidents to the County Storm Water Coordinator.	Environmental Management	DOT	Continuing	Annual tally of the number of sites inspected and detected. Annual inspections occur. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
Develop and implement a plan to address non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping	Require Facility Pollution Prevention Plans (FPPPs) for County's highway maintenance facilities that include an inventory of facilities and activities for each site, a site map and a report compliance status. As applicable, provide a schedule for achieving compliance, and identify improvements needed to enhance pollution minimization activities. Follow up with annual sufficiency reviews of the FPPPs and maintenance facilities.	DOT	N/A	June-05	Annual sufficiency reviews of the FPPPs and maintenance facilities. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
	Implement a waste management program to address: spills, solid waste, hazardous waste, contaminated soil, sanitary/septic waste, liquid water and concrete waste.	Environmental Management	DOT	Continuing	Annual reporting of: amount of sludge received (tons), number of Emergency Hazmat/Bio Spills, number of Hazmat Complaints and Solid Waste Complaints, number of permits issued for Medical Waste Generators.
	Annual sufficiency review and Update the Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan (development and implementation is complete).	Environmental Management	DOT	Continuing	Annual sufficiency review and update as needed.
	Finalize plan for construction site non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping.	DOT	Building	June-06	Finalize tentative plan developed, and described in the SWMP(Sections 4.3.4.1).
	Finalize plan for maintenance non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping.	DOT	General Services	June-06	Finalize tentative plan developed, and described in the SWMP (Sections 5.2, 5.3, 4.3.4.2).
	Develop a procedure to address notices of detection of non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping, or other such inappropriate instances,	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Tentative procedure developed and submitted to the Regional Board for review.
	Implement a procedure to address notices of detection of non-storm water discharges, illegal dumping, or other such inappropriate instances,	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-07	Annual sufficiency review of the procedure and an annual meeting with SWAC to discuss measures to improve effectiveness. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.

**TABLE 4.3-6: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION**

Inform public employees, businesses and the general public of the hazards that are associated with illegal discharges and improper disposal of waste	The County operates three permanent household hazardous waste collection facilities, and holds special collection events throughout the year. Certified oil recycling facilities are located throughout the County and the County conducts efforts promoting the recycling of oil.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	The amounts of material collected annually will be to be tallied and reported annually.
	Participate in community events and make recycling presentations to the community.	Environmental Management	DOT	Continuing	Annual reporting of the number of community events participated in and the number of recycling presentations made to the community.
	Develop non-storm water informational sheets for the food facility inspection program on permitted businesses.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A non-storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution to permitted food facilities.
	Distribute non-storm water information sheets for the food facility inspection program on all permitted businesses.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of permitted food facilities, with number of distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	Develop non-storm water information sheets for Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A non-storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.
	Distribute non-storm water information sheets at Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of the public who attend the Environmental Management collection events that accept used oil and household hazardous waste, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	Develop non-storm water information sheets for hazardous waste management program permitted businesses.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-05	A non-storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution to permitted hazardous waste facilities.
	Distribute non-storm water information sheets for hazardous waste management program permitted businesses.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to a third of all permitted hazardous waste facilities, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported annually.
	An annual outreach occurs at Folsom, Ice House, Sly Park, and Union Valley Reservoir, in which free educational and maintenance materials are handed out to boaters who fill out a survey. A non-storm water informational sheet will also be distributed with this educational and maintenance material.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets that are handed out to the public will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	Provide outreach/training to Project Planners, Contractors and Engineers to raise awareness of the problems and causes of non-storm water discharges and illegal dumping.	DOT	Environmental Management	June-06	Provide outreach at pre-bid, pre-construction conferences and at the construction sites at least annually.
	Develop non-storm water informational sheets for proper hazardous waste use/disposal to be used at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Environmental Management	June-05	A non-storm water informational sheet will be developed for distribution at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at the local public schools on proper hazardous waste use/disposal.
	Distribute informational sheets for proper hazardous waste use and disposal and non-storm water information at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at local public schools.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets will be distributed annually at the County Fair and Earth Day celebrations at the local public schools on proper hazardous waste use/disposal. These informational sheets will be made available at the County booth at the County Fair and handed out to all students who attend the general assembly of the earth day celebration at the local public schools. The informational sheets that are handed out to the public will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	Develop non-storm water informational sheets for the Agricultural Department on the proper fertilizer and herbicide/pesticide application, for the general public as well as to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted.	DOT	Agriculture	June-05	Informational sheets that are developed will be reported on an annual basis.
	Distribute non-storm water informational sheets at the Agricultural Department public counter as well as to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application.	Agriculture	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets will be distributed at the Agricultural Department public counter on an on-going basis as well as annually being mailed to all commercial and private home owners who are currently permitted for herbicide/pesticide application. Informational sheets that are distributed to the public and those mailed to permittees will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.

**TABLE 4.3-6: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION**

Inform public employees, businesses and the general public of the hazards that are associated with illegal discharges and improper disposal of waste	Distribute non-storm water informational sheets to the public in following categories: general, planning/design, and construction practices. Information sheets will be distributed to engineering/construction firms, County departments, and the public who obtain grading/construction permits.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Non-storm water information sheets will annually be distributed to a 100% of local engineering/construction firms and all pertinent County departments; and distributed to all persons, on an on-going basis, for all grading/construction permits that are obtained at the County. All informational sheets that are distributed will be tallied and reported annually.
	The appropriate County Department will identify all existing storm drain drop inlets (DI's) for stenciling for "no dumping".	DOT	General Services	June-07	Identify 100% of existing storm drain DI's to be stenciled by the end of June 2007, all of which will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The appropriate County Department will stencil for "no dumping" on all appropriate existing storm drain DI locations along public roadways and facilities.	DOT	General Services	June-09	All existing storm drain DI locations that are identified will be stenciled by the end of June 2009, and DI's will be re-stenciled, as needed. DI's that are stenciled annually will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	For new development, stenciling of storm drain DI's will be required of developers.	DOT	General Services	June-05	All DI's that are stenciled by developers will be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	Develop non-storm water informational sheets to be mailed to all property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Environmental Management	June-05	A non-storm water informational sheet will be developed for mailing to all property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County.
	Distribute non-storm water informational sheets to be mailed to all property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County.	Environmental Management	DOT	June-06	Non-storm water informational sheets will annually be distributed to 100% of property owners within the West Slope of El Dorado County, with distributed informational sheets to be tallied and reported annually.
	The County will outreach with the community in hosting a storm water/non storm water workshop to raise the awareness and understanding of storm water/non storm water pollution problems. Local engineering/construction firms, other local private and governmental organizations, and the general public will targeted to attend this training. Training shall be provided from Federal/State/Local agencies, who shall positively facilitate compliance and minimize instances of noncompliance and developed storm water/non storm water information sheets and other educational and awareness material shall be provided.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	Training shall be provided on an annual basis and the number of attendants shall be tallied and reported on an annual basis.
	The RCD, in cooperation with the County, has initiated watershed planning efforts within the County. The County's Storm Water Coordinator will work with the RCD in helping the various stakeholders to address water quality concerns within the County's watersheds.	RCD in cooperation with DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	The County's Storm Water Coordinator will meet with watershed planning group, facilitated by RCD, and said meeting attendance by Storm Water Coordinator will be tallied and reported in the annual report.
	The Storm Water Coordinator shall annually review and evaluate the effectiveness of the overall Public Educational and Outreach program.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	The Storm Water Coordinator will, with the input of the SWAC, annually review and evaluate the effectiveness of the overall Public Educational and Outreach program, with said evaluation reported on an annual basis.

4.4.1 OVERVIEW

The County complies with State Water Resources Control Board's storm water discharge permit requirements by incorporating storm water management into the County's process to design and construct County facilities and the County's process to oversee the execution of design and construction proposed to be carried out by third parties subject to permitting by the County. These storm water permit requirements are as set forth in the Board's statewide construction general permit and the small municipal separate storm sewer systems general permit.

The State Board has defined construction as:

“... clearing, grading, disturbances to the ground such as stockpiling, or excavation that results in soil disturbances ...”. “Construction activity does not include routine maintenance to maintain original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of the facility, nor does it include emergency construction activities required to protect public health and safety.”

Regulated construction sites subject to this Design/Construction Storm Management Program involve at least one acre of construction as defined above, or less if the site is part of a larger common plan of development that encompasses more than one acre of construction.

El Dorado County specifically exempts from this Design/Construction Storm Water Management Program, the following:

- Individual single family homes not a part of a master planned (production home development) owned by a single owner which disturb less than 1 acre of soil,
- Agricultural operations not involving the construction of buildings, and
- Fire suppression / prevention activities.

The State Board requires that the property owner proposing to undertake a construction project seek coverage under the Board's statewide construction general permit by filing a Notice of Intent (NOI) and filing fees with the local Regional Water Quality Control Board prior to commencement of construction; and upon completion of construction, similarly file a Notice of Termination (NOT). Further, the property owner is required to develop and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the construction site, which specifies the specific practices that will be implemented on the site.

The County will comply with Permit requirements by incorporating construction site

35 runoff controls into the overall storm water management program. These requirements
36 apply to both construction (as defined above) proposed to be undertaken directly by the
37 County and construction proposed to be permitted by the County and undertaken by
38 others.

39 Compliance will be achieved through development and implementation of practices in
40 the following sections:

- 41 • Section 4.4.2 General Program
- 42 • Section 4.4.3 County Development Standards
 - 43 ○ Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance
 - 44 ○ Design and Improvement Standards Manual
 - 45 ○ Drainage Manual
- 46 • Section 4.4.4 General Construction Site Practices
- 47 • Section 4.4.5 Minimum Construction Site Practices
- 48 • Section 4.4.6 Inspections and Enforcement
- 49 • Section 4.4.7 County Ordinances
- 50 • Section 4.4.8 Public Communications
- 51 • Section 4.4.9 BMP Program Summary

52 **4.4.2 GENERAL PROGRAM**

53 The County currently has in place extensive policies and procedures for regulating design
54 and construction activities to protect the Region's water resources, described in Section
55 4.4.3, the County's Development Standards. Additionally, the County is proposing a
56 specific set of General and Minimum Requirements for Construction Site Storm Water
57 Practices as explained in Sections 4.4.4 and 4.4.5 respectively.

58 The design and construction site practices selected and implemented by the responsible
59 party for a given site are expected to be sufficient to achieve compliance with the State of
60 California NPDES General Permits for Storm Water Discharges Associated with
61 Construction Activity and Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems.

62 A site's program is required to adhere to the minimum prescribed practice requirements
63 as set forth within the SWMP; and the site manager is required to select additional

64 practices from the referenced guidance materials, as may be necessary, to achieve the
65 permit requirements. If there arise any questions about the selection of practices, the
66 responsible party is to contact the County's Storm Water Coordinator. Inspection and
67 Enforcement Procedures (Section 4.4.6) as well as County Ordinances (4.4.7) will allow
68 monitoring of construction activities and assure compliance with the required practices
69 set forth herein. Public communications will occur through the web, and via County
70 offices, and County workshops, as described in Section 4.4.8. BMPs applicable to the
71 minimum control measures are summarized in Section 4.4.9.

72 **4.4.3 COUNTY DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS**

73 The County's Development Standards, which include the Grading, Erosion and Sediment
74 Control ordinance; the County's Design and Improvement Standards Manual; and the
75 County's Drainage Manual contain measures and practices required upon all parties
76 undertaking construction to minimize the discharge of pollutants from the construction
77 sites.

78 In addition, the County will provide a sufficiency review with respect to the enforcement
79 of the County Development Standards, and as appropriate, recommend to the County
80 Board of Supervisors the adoption of more effective ordinances and standards. Said
81 revisions will be reflected in the SWMP Annual Report.

82 **4.4.3.1 Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance**

83 The Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance requires that permittees be
84 responsible to:

- 85 • prevent discharge of sediment from the site in quantities greater than
86 before the grading occurred, to any watercourse, drainage system or
87 adjacent property; and
- 88 • protect watercourses and adjacent properties from damage by erosion,
89 flooding, or deposition, which may result from the permitted
90 grading.

91 Additionally, the Ordinance authorizes the Director of Transportation to:

- 92 • require security deposit to assure faithful performance,
- 93 • suspend or revoke the permit and abate a hazardous public nuisance
94 condition, and
- 95 • require a one-year warranty on all work.

96 This Ordinance requires of the permittee the following:

- 97 • The slope of cut and fill slopes shall not be steeper than two horizontal to
98 one vertical, exclusive of terraces and slope roundings, except when
99 supported by bedrock and/or in accordance with a geotechnical or
100 geological report. Further, the Director of Transportation may require fill
101 slopes to be flatter for stability purposes.
- 102 • Drainage shall be effected in such a manner that it will not cause erosion
103 or endanger the stability of any cut or fill slopes.
- 104 • Grading plans shall be designed with long-term erosion and sediment
105 control as a primary consideration.
- 106 • Grading operations during the rainy season (from October 15th to May
107 1st, inclusively) shall provide erosion and sediment control measures
108 except upon a clear demonstration to the satisfaction of the Director of
109 Transportation that at no stage of the work will there be any substantial
110 risk of increased sediment discharge from the site.
- 111 • Should grading be permitted during the rainy season, the smallest
112 practicable area of erosive land shall be exposed at any one time during
113 grading operations and the time of exposure shall be minimized.
- 114 • Wherever possible, natural features, including vegetation, oak trees,
115 terrain, watercourses, wetlands and similar resources shall be preserved.
116 Limits of grading shall be clearly defined and marked to prevent damage
117 by construction equipment. Wetlands and oak trees so marked, shall be
118 protected from construction activity.
- 119 • Permanent drought-resistant vegetation and structures for erosion and
120 sediment control shall be installed as soon as possible.
- 121 • Adequate provision shall be made for long-term maintenance of
122 permanent erosion and sediment control structures and vegetation.
- 123 • No topsoil shall be removed from the site unless otherwise directed or
124 approved by the Director of Transportation. Topsoil overburden shall be
125 stockpiled and redistributed within the graded area after rough grading to
126 provide a suitable base for seeding and planting. Runoff from the
127 stockpiled area shall be controlled to prevent erosion and resultant
128 sedimentation of receiving water.
- 129 • Runoff shall not be discharged from the site in quantities or at velocities
130 substantially above those, which occurred before the grading except into

131 drainage facilities, whose design has been specifically approved by the
132 Director of Transportation.

133 • Permittee shall take reasonable precautions (i.e. stabilized construction
134 entrances/exits and/or wash racks) to ensure that vehicles do not track or
135 spill earth materials into public streets and shall immediately remove such
136 materials if this occurs.

137 • Erosion and sediment control plans shall include an effective revegetation
138 program to stabilize all disturbed areas that will not be otherwise
139 protected.

140 • Erosion and sediment control plans shall be designed to prevent increased
141 discharge of sediment at all stages of grading and development from initial
142 disturbance of the ground to project completion. Every feasible effort
143 shall be made to ensure that site stabilization is permanent. Plans shall
144 indicate the implementation period and the stage of construction where
145 applicable.

146 • Erosion and sediment control plans shall provide for inspection and repair
147 of all erosion and sediment control facilities at the close of each working
148 day during the rainy season and for specific sediment cleanout and
149 vegetation maintenance criteria.

150 **4.4.3.2 Design and Improvement Standards Manual**

151 Among the key provisions of the County's Design and Improvement Standards
152 Manual administered by the County Planning Department are minimum lot sizes
153 and general development standards for varying slope conditions. These standards
154 are set to minimize the environmental effects of construction.

155 **4.4.3.3 Drainage Manual**

156 The Department of Transportation's Drainage Manual prescribes planning and
157 design criteria for drainage facilities within the County. Among the key
158 provisions of the County's Drainage Manual include:

159 • The planning and design of drainage systems within El Dorado County
160 shall take into consideration any potential downstream impacts including
161 those to property, flow regimes, water quality or riparian and wetland
162 areas. Provisions mitigating potential impacts shall be included as a part
163 of the drainage analysis for the proposed project.

164 • Increases in storm runoff from upstream properties resulting from
165 improvements is discouraged.

- 166 • Improvements that propose to increase storm water runoff shall be
167 evaluated to show, among other things, that land of downstream properties
168 is not lost due to increased flood plain limits, there is no increase in
169 erosion, and there is no net loss of storage available to attenuate peak
170 flows. When downstream properties are unable to adequately
171 accommodate increases in storm water runoff, appropriate mitigation
172 measures shall be implemented into the analysis and design. These
173 mitigation measures may include storm water storage facilities (detention
174 or retention structures) designed to hold storm water and then releasing it
175 at a rate that will not cause damage downstream.
- 176 • The County has approved the use of two types of detention basins, dry and
177 wet basins. However, due to the added long-term maintenance
178 requirements and vector concerns associated with wet basins, their use
179 requires site-specific approval by the County.
- 180 • The County has approved the use of retention (infiltration) basins.
181 However, due to varying site-specific infiltration concerns and added
182 long-term maintenance requirements their use requires site-specific
183 approval by the County. While the implementation of detention or
184 retention facilities on-site to attenuate peak runoff to a level which does
185 not impact downstream facilities is acceptable, the County sees facilities
186 designed as a component of a watershed planning process (classified as
187 regional or downstream storage facilities) as potentially being more
188 economical and effective. Coordinated regional detention/retention
189 facilities that take into account the entire watershed area are preferred.
190 When a regional drainage study has been conducted and regional basins
191 are designed, the regional basin will always take precedence over local
192 basin design.
- 193 • The use of natural channels for the collection and conveyance of storm
194 water runoff is preferred. Natural channels shall be capable of conveying
195 runoff without increased erosion, widening and meandering of the channel
196 alignment due to increased runoff from development.
- 197 • Grass lined channels are viable only for channels with relatively flat
198 slopes. Successful grass lined channels require maintenance both for the
199 establishment of the root network and to control the length of the grass.
- 200 • Where appropriate, floodplain and open space criteria shall comply with
201 FEMA standards and the 100-year flood plain shall be designated.
- 202 • In order to determine the proper type of channel stabilization and flood &
203 water quality protection measures, the following issues should be

- 204 considered during the planning and design of drainage improvements:
- 205 ○ The effect that any changes in the runoff hydrograph may have
206 upon the floodplain limits.
 - 207 ○ The effect that potential growth of vegetation in the channel or
208 floodplain has upon the long-term flood protection of adjacent
209 development.
 - 210 ○ The effect that channelization of an existing stream has upon the
211 natural floodplain storage volume.
 - 212 ○ The effect that increases of either peak flow or velocity may have
213 on channel erosion or deposition.
 - 214 ○ The effect that the proposed development project will have on both
215 short-term and long-term sediment production. This includes
216 measures to control erosion during construction.
 - 217 ○ For projects, which propose the creation or expansion of
218 permanent water bodies, the effect that, a change in water
219 temperature will have upon fish and wildlife.
 - 220 ○ The role that drainage improvements will play in managing
221 pollutant in storm water runoff.
 - 222 ○ The effect that the proposed drainage improvement has upon the
223 existing aesthetic quality of the area.
- 224 All of the above are not applicable to all drainage design projects. However,
225 multidisciplinary involvements is encouraged in both the planning and design of
226 major drainage projects to the extent that it results in preservation of natural
227 systems and reliable flood protection.

228 **4.4.4 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SITE PRACTICES**

229 In addition to the County's current storm water pollution control program described, in
230 Section 4.4.3, the responsible party for each construction site is to identify, consider, and
231 deploy storm water practices sufficient to achieve compliance with the State of California
232 NPDES General Permits for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction
233 Activity and the County's Grading Ordinance.

234 Table 4.4-1 is a matrix of typical construction site practice that the on site responsible
235 party would typically implement or require be implemented on a construction site. Two
236 reliable sources of information are readily available for details of specific construction

237 practices:

238 **Detailed references:**

239 **1. California Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA) “Construction**
240 **Handbook”, January 2003. Available online at:**

241 **<http://www.cabmphandbooks.com/>**

242 **2. Caltrans “Statewide Storm Water Quality Practice Guidelines”, April 2002.**
243 **Available online at:**

244 **1) <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/env/stormwater/special/index.htm>**

245 Section 4.4.5 outlines minimum storm water practices required for all construction sites.
246 If there might arise a conflict between the typical practices noted on Table 4.4-1, the
247 various practices fact sheets in the CASQA’s Handbook, the Caltrans Guidelines, and the
248 deployment of the minimum practice expectations in Section 4.4.5 shall control.
249 However, the on-site responsible manager is expected to deploy practices sufficient to
250 achieve compliance with the State of California NPDES General Permits for Storm Water
251 Discharges Associated with Construction Activity and the County’s Grading Ordinance.

SECTION 4.4

Construction Site Runoff Control

TABLE 4.4-1: TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION SITE PRACTICES FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

	Typical Construction Activities																											
	Demolish Pavement/Structures	Clear and Grub	Construct Access Roads	Grading (inc. cut and fill slopes)	Channel Excavation	Channel Paving	Trenching/ Underground Drainage	Underground Drainage Facility Installation	Inlet Drainage Modification	Utility Trenching	Utility Installation	Subgrade Preparation	Base Paving	AC Paving	Concrete Paving	Saw Cutting	Joint Sealing	Grind/Groove	Structure Excavation	Erect Falsework	Bridge/Structure Construction	Remove Falsework	Striping	Miscellaneous Concrete Work	Sound Walls/Retaining Walls	Planting and Irrigation	Contractor Activities	Treatment BMP PRACTICE
Best Management Practices																												
Temporary Sediment Control																												
Silt Fence	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X									X	X						X	X	
Sandbag Barrier	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X									X	X						X	X	
Straw Bale Barrier	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X									X	X						X	X	
Fiber Rolls	X	X	X	X	X	X			X											X						X	X	
Gravel Bag Berm	X	X	X	X	X	X			X											X						X	X	
Check Dam	X	X		X	X	X																					X	
Desilting Basin	X	X	X	X	X															X						X	X	
Sediment Trap	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X									X	X						X	X	
Sediment Basin		X		X	X															X						X	X	
Temporary Soil Stabilization																												
Hydraulic Mulch	X	X		X	X															X						X	X	
Hydroseeding	X	X		X	X															X						X	X	
Soil Binders	X	X		X	X														X	X						X	X	
Straw Mulch	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X									X	X						X	X	
Geotextiles, Mats/Plastic Covers and Erosion Control Blankets	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X									X	X						X	X	
Scheduling	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Preservation of Existing Vegetation		X	X	X		X	X		X										X	X		X			X			
Temporary Concentrated Flow Conveyance Controls																												
Earth Dikes/Drainage Swales & Lined Ditches		X	X	X																	X							

SECTION 4.4

Construction Site Runoff Control

TABLE 4.4-1: TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION SITE PRACTICES FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

	Typical Construction Activities																												
	Demolish Pavement/Structures	Clear and Grub	Construct Access Roads	Grading (inc. cut and fill slopes)	Channel Excavation	Channel Paving	Trenching/ Underground Drainage	Underground Drainage Facility Installation	Inlet Drainage Modification	Utility Trenching	Utility Installation	Subgrade Preparation	Base Paving	AC Paving	Concrete Paving	Saw Cutting	Joint Sealing	Grind/Groove	Structure Excavation	Erect Falsework	Bridge/Structure Construction	Remove Falsework	Striping	Miscellaneous Concrete Work	Sound Walls/Retaining Walls	Planting and Irrigation	Contractor Activities	BMP Treatment PRACTICE	
Best Management Practices (cont.)																													
Outlet Protection/Velocity Dissipation Devices		X	X	X																	X								
Slope Drains				X																	X								
Temporary Stream Crossing			X			X	X		X	X										X	X	X		X					
Clear Water Diversion	X		X		X	X														X	X	X		X					X
Wind Erosion Control		X	X	X	X	X			X		X	X	X	X	X											X			X
Sediment Tracking Control	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X
Street Sweeping and Vacuuming	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X
Stabilized Construction Roadway		X	X	X																									
Entrance/Outlet Tire Wash		X	X	X																						X	X		
Waste Management																													
Spill Prevention and Control	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Solid Waste Management	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hazardous Waste Management	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Contaminated Soil Management	X	X		X		X	X		X	X										X									
Concrete Waste Management	X		X			X	X			X		X		X	X		X	X		X				X	X	X	X	X	X
Sanitary/Septic Waste Management	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Liquid Waste Management														X		X	X		X				X					X	X
Materials Handling																													
Material Delivery, and Storage	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Material Use	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

SECTION 4.4

Construction Site Runoff Control

TABLE 4.4-1: TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION SITE PRACTICES FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

	Typical Construction Activities																											
	Demolish Pavement/Structures	Clear and Grub	Construct Access Roads	Grading (inc. cut and fill slopes)	Channel Excavation	Channel Paving	Trenching/ Underground Drainage	Underground Drainage Facility Installation	Inlet Drainage Modification	Utility Trenching	Utility Installation	Subgrade Preparation	Base Paving	AC Paving	Concrete Paving	Saw Cutting	Joint Sealing	Grind/Groove	Structure Excavation	Erect Falsework	Bridge/Structure Construction	Remove Falsework	Striping	Miscellaneous Concrete Work	Sound Walls/Retaining Walls	Planting and Irrigation	Contractor Activities	BMP Treatment PRACTICE
Best Management Practices (cont'd)																												
Vehicle and Equipment Operations																												
Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Vehicle and Equipment Fueling	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Paving Operations			X			X			X				X	X	X	X	X	X			X							
Stockpile Management	X		X				X		X	X		X	X	X			X											
Water Conservation Practices	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X					X	X	X	X		X			X		X	X	X
Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit		X	X	X																						X		X
Dewatering Operations	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X										X		X			X	X	X	X

X Practice may be applicable to activity

1 The individual practice designated by an “X” in Table 4.4-1, as being applicable to a
2 particular typical construction activity, will not necessarily be appropriate for all projects
3 involving the noted activity. For example, not all projects will have on-site vehicle
4 fueling and maintenance operations; however, those that do will be required to conduct
5 those operations in a manner consistent with the intent of the practice, as described in the
6 referenced guidelines.

7 **4.4.5 MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION SITE PRACTICES**

8 Storm water pollution control requirements are intended to be implemented on a year-
9 round basis at an appropriate level. The practices described below are the minimum,
10 required water quality protection measures. This listing does not include the various
11 inspection, record keeping, training and reporting requirements. Additionally, there will
12 be instances where project and site conditions require supplementing or deviating from
13 these minimum protection requirements. The contractor is expected to deploy BMPs
14 sufficient to achieve compliance with the County’s Grading Ordinance, and, as
15 applicable (projects which involve one acre or more of disturbed soil), the State Water
16 Resources Control Board’s (SWRCB) NPDES General Permit for Storm Water
17 Discharges Associated with Construction Activity by the end of June 2006.

18 **4.4.5.1 Scheduling**

19 Construction scheduling shall consider the amount and duration of soil exposed to
20 erosion by wind, rainfall, runoff and vehicle tracking and shall be scheduled to
21 minimize construction activities in watercourses and the amount of active
22 disturbed soil areas, during the rainy season. A schedule shall be prepared that
23 shows the sequencing of construction activities with the installation of erosion
24 and sediment control practices.

25 Construction shall be scheduled to minimize construction activities in “high-risk
26 areas” and the amount of active disturbed soil areas, during the rainy season (Oct.
27 15th to May 1st). “High-risk areas” include those areas within 50 feet of USGS
28 watercourses, 100-year flood plains, regulated wetlands, and where slopes exceed
29 16%.

30 Unless specifically authorized by the County’s on-site representative, during the
31 rainy season the contractor shall not schedule construction activities in “high risk
32 areas” or schedule to have more than 5 acres of active disturbed soil area. As an
33 alternative to these restrictions, the contractor may elect to assure that these areas
34 are fully protected by “Sediment Basins” or “Treatment”, in addition to the
35 normally required “effective combination” of soil stabilization, sediment barriers
36 and basins / traps.

37 Where permanent storm water treatment devices are to be constructed, these
38 devices should, whenever feasible, be constructed as an early work item.

39 **4.4.5.2 Preservation of Existing Vegetation**

40 Preserving existing vegetation to the maximum extent possible and for as long as
41 possible on a construction site reduces or eliminates erosion in those areas. To
42 facilitate this practice, on a year-round basis, temporary fencing shall be provided
43 prior to commencement of clearing and grubbing operations or other soil
44 disturbing activities to protect those areas where no construction activity is
45 planned or where construction will occur at a later date. Prior to the
46 commencement of soil disturbing activities, areas of existing vegetation that are
47 to remain and environmentally sensitive areas (i.e. wetlands, protected habitats,
48 etc) shall be fenced for protection. In general, site designs shall preserve existing
49 vegetation to the maximum extent possible; and during construction, existing
50 vegetation shall be preserved (and protected by fencing) for as long as possible to
51 minimize erosion.

52 **4.4.5.3 Storm Water Run-On and Concentrated Flows**

53 The diversion of storm water run-on and conveyance of concentrated flows must
54 be considered in determining the appropriateness of the practices chosen.
55 Practices to divert or manage concentrated flows in a non-erosive fashion may be
56 required on a project-by-project basis to divert off-site drainage through or around
57 the construction site or to properly manage construction site storm water runoff.
58 Existing watercourses shall be protected; and if diverted, handled in a non-
59 eroding fashion. To the extent feasible, all concentrated water flows shall be
60 channeled away from disturbed soil areas / stockpiles. Concentrated water flows
61 shall be conveyed in a non-eroding fashion; and they shall, to the maximum
62 extent practicable, be channeled away from all disturbed soil areas. See the
63 reference Handbook and Guidelines for details on practices.

64 **4.4.5.4 Stockpile Management**

65 Stockpile management is required year round. Minimum soil stabilization and
66 sediment control requirements are outlined in Appendix B.

67 In addition, the County will require the following:

- 68 • Soil stockpiles
- 69 • Rainy season (Oct. 15th to May 1st):
- 70 • Covered, or protected with soil stabilization measures
71 & perimeter sediment barriers

- 72 • Non-rainy season:
- 73 • Covered or protected with perimeter sediment barriers
- 74 • Concrete/asphalt rubble, rock and aggregate base/sub-
- 75 base
- 76 • Covered or protected with perimeter sediment barriers
- 77 • “Cold mix” asphalt covered

78 4.4.5.5. Sediment Tracking Control

79 Appropriate measures shall be deployed to minimize the tracking of sediment off-
80 site by vehicles and/or equipment. These measures include stabilized
81 construction entrances/exits and roadways, and tire washing. Where tracking
82 occurs, streets shall be swept or vacuumed.

83 Sediment tracking control practices are required year round. These measures
84 include:

- 85 • Street sweeping and use of pickup sweeper with water supply
- 86 • Stabilization of construction roadways
- 87 • Entrance / Outlet tire washing

88 These measures might also include stabilized construction entrance/exit controls,
89 however frequently this control is not effective and does not suffice as a substitute
90 for tire washing.

91 4.4.5.6 Wind Erosion Control

92 Wind erosion control measures are required year round to minimize dust
93 generated by the construction activities. These measures include applying water
94 or other dust palliatives to minimize dust.

95 4.4.5.7 Non-Storm Water Management

96 Non-storm water discharges shall be minimized to the extent feasible. Sediment-
97 laden non-storm water is required to be filtered (or equivalent treatment) prior to
98 discharging. Measures required to manage non-storm water discharges include:
99 water conservation practices, dust control, material storage practices,
100 vehicle/equipment operation and maintenance requirements, waste management
101 practices, and spill prevention/control measures. Measures to control non-storm

102 water discharges are required year round.

103 These measures include, but are not limited to:

- 104 • Water conservation practices,
- 105 • Vehicle and equipment operational practices,
- 106 • Dewatering operational practices,
- 107 • Waste (including hazardous and septic / sanitary) waste management
108 practices,
- 109 • Spill prevention and control practices,
- 110 • Material handling practices, and
- 111 • Practices for paving, pavement grinding, pile driving, demolition,
112 temporary batch plant and irrigation operations.

113 On construction sites, the CM/RE and the Contractor shall be alert to and report
114 the potential presence of illicit connections to the County's storm drain system or
115 illicit discharges.

116 The Permit prohibits the discharge of non-permitted non-storm water discharges.
117 If a significant unauthorized non-storm water discharge occurs, the CM/RE will
118 report the discharge to the County's Storm Water Coordinator within 12 hours.
119 The Storm Water Coordinator will coordinate the reporting of prohibited non-
120 storm discharges to the RWQCB in accordance with the procedures in Section
121 5.7.

122 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge occurs as a result of the
123 construction activity, the CM/RE and the Contractor shall endeavor to
124 immediately halt the discharge and take measures to minimize any potential re-
125 occurrence.

126 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge is not as a result of the
127 construction activity, then the County's Storm Water Coordinator will address
128 remediation of the situation with the responsible authorities.

129 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will log and track each reported non-
130 permitted non-storm water discharge to conclusion. The on-going log will be
131 included within the Annual Report.

132 4.4.5.8 Disturbed Soil Area Management

133 These minimum disturbed soil area management requirements of Table 4.4.2 and
134 4.4.3 are based on typical rainfall patterns (time frames, intensities, and amounts),
135 general soil types, the seasons, slope inclinations, and slope lengths. These same
136 factors must be considered for each site when developing the appropriate levels of
137 soil stabilization and sediment control for a specific site. Disturbed soil areas
138 (DSA) shall be protected with an effective combination of measures including soil
139 stabilization, sediment barriers and basins / traps.

140 4.4.5.8.1 Definitions**141 Disturbed Soil Area**

142 Disturbed soil areas (DSAs) are areas of exposed, erosive soil that are
143 within the construction limits and that result from construction activities.
144 The following are not considered DSAs:

- 145 • Areas where soil stabilization, erosion control, highway planting,
146 or slope protection are applied and associated drainage facilities
147 are in place and functional.
- 148 • Roadways, construction roads, access roads or contractor's yards
149 that have been stabilized by the placement of compacted sub-base
150 or base material or paved surfacing.
- 151 • Areas where construction has been completed in conformance with
152 the contract plans and permanent erosion control is in place and
153 functional.
- 154 • Erosion control is considered functional when a uniform
155 vegetative cover equivalent to 70 percent of the native
156 background vegetation coverage has been established or
157 equivalent stabilization measures have been employed.

158 Active and Non-Active Areas

159 Active areas are construction areas where soil-disturbing activities have
160 already occurred and continue to occur or will occur during the ensuing
161 14 calendar days.

162 Non-active areas are construction areas (formerly active areas) that will
163 be idle for at least 14 calendar days.

164 The contractor will conduct a review of the existing active areas on a

165 regular basis to determine if a non-active status should be applied to
166 some DSAs.

167 **Slope Length and Terraces**

168 Slope length is measured or calculated along a continuous inclined
169 surface. Each discrete slope is between one of the following: top to toe,
170 top to terrace, terrace to terrace, and terrace to toe.

171 Terraces are drainage facilities that intercept surface flow and convey
172 the resulting concentrated flow away from a slope.

173 **Rainy Season**

174 The rainy season for El Dorado County is defined as October 15th
175 through May 15th.

176 **4.4.5.8.2 DSA Protection by Soil Stabilization, Sediment Barriers and Basins/Traps**

177 To account for rainfall patterns (time frames, intensities, and amounts)
178 and to a lesser extent general soil type differences, the County is divided
179 into “high” and “low” elevation areas at the 3000 foot elevation.

180 The specific minimum erosion and sediment control practices for DSA
181 protection in each area are determined from Tables 4.4-2 and 4.4-3.
182 Based on consultation with experts, the slope length and slope
183 inclination are seen as the most important criteria for soil stabilization
184 and sediment control requirements, as these factors have the largest
185 potential impact on the erosion rate. As indicated on these tables, the
186 temporary erosion and sediment controls at a construction site will
187 increase with increasing slope inclination and length.

188 DSAs shall be protected as follows:

189 • Temporary control practices (as required in Table 4.4-2) shall be
190 performed on non-active DSAs within 14 days from the
191 cessation of soil-disturbing activities or one day prior to the
192 predicted (40% or more chance) onset of significant
193 precipitation, whichever occurs first.

194 • Temporary control practices for active DSAs (as required in
195 Table 4.4-3) shall be performed prior to the predicted (40% or
196 more chance) onset of significant precipitation and throughout
197 each day for which precipitation is forecasted.

SECTION 4.4

Construction Site Runoff Control

- 198
- 199
- 200
- 201
- For permanent construction and non-active DSAs, at least 8 foot wide, properly drained terraces shall be provided at intervals not more than every 25 feet in height for all slopes exceeding 30 feet in height.
- 202
- 203
- 204
- 205
- 206
- 207
- Where non-active DSAs are deemed substantially complete, permanent erosion controls shall be provided. Where permanent erosion controls involve seeding, this seeding shall be applied during the defined seeding window. When permanent seeding is delayed to adjust to this window, the temporary measures noted in Table 4.4 -2 are required during the intervening period.
- 208

SECTION 4.4

Construction Site Runoff Control

208 **TABLE 4.4-2: MINIMUM COMBINATION OF TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION, SEDIMENT**
 209 **BARRIERS AND BASINS/TRAPS FOR **NONACTIVE** DISTURBED SOIL AREAS**

SEASON	RAINFALL AREA(S)	TEMPORARY BMP PRACTICE	SLOPE (V:H) ⁽¹⁾			
			≤ 1:20	> 1:20 ≤ 1:4	> 1:4 ≤ 1:2	> 1:2
RAINY	High Elevation	SOIL STABILIZATION ⁽⁴⁾	X	X	X	X
		SEDIMENT BARRIER ⁽⁴⁾	X	X	X	X
		BASIN/TRAP ⁽²⁾		X	X	X
	Low Elevation	SOIL STABILIZATION ⁽⁴⁾	X	X	X	X
		SEDIMENT BARRIER		X	X	X
		BASIN/TRAP				
NON-RAINY	High Elevation	SOIL STABILIZATION ⁽⁴⁾	X ⁽³⁾	X ⁽³⁾	X	X
		SEDIMENT BARRIER		X ⁽³⁾	X	X
		BASIN/TRAP				
	Low Elevation	SOIL STABILIZATION				
		SEDIMENT BARRIER				X
		BASIN/TRAP				

- 210 1. Unless otherwise noted, the temporary practice is required for the slope inclinations indicated on slope lengths greater than 10 feet.
- 211 2. Required in addition to the temporary sediment barrier, where feasible. Feasibility will depend on site-specific factors such as available
 212 right-of-way within the project limits, topography, soil type, disturbed soil area within watershed, and climate conditions.
- 213 3. Implementation of controls required at least 24 hours prior to all predicted rain events.
- 214 4. The indicated temporary practice is required on all slope lengths.
- 215 5. There may be situations where "Sediment Basins" or "Treatment" are able to substitute as alternative control measures to the normally
 216 required "effective combination" of soil stabilization, sediment barriers and basins / traps. However, when substituting these measures, the
 217 contractor must be prepared to demonstrate that the sediment load within storm water discharges from the construction site does not
 218 exceed natural or pre-construction levels.
- 219 "Sediment Basin": A basin with a capacity equivalent to at least 3600 cubic feet of storage (as measured from the bottom of the basin to
 220 the principal outlet) per acre draining into the basin. The length of the basin shall be more than twice the basin's width (length is
 221 determined by measuring the distance between the inlet and the outlet). The depth of the basin must not be less than three feet nor
 222 greater than five feet.
- 223 OR
- 224 "Treatment": A combination of basin and treatment engineered to capture and treat (to remove 0.01 mm sized particles and larger) the 10-
 225 year, 6-hour rain event using $Q=CiA$ where $C = 0.5$ and I ranges from 0.286 (El Dorado Hills) to 0.500 (Sly Park).

226

SECTION 4.4

Construction Site Runoff Control

226 **TABLE 4.4-3: MINIMUM COMBINATION OF TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION, SEDIMENT**
 227 **BARRIERS AND BASINS/TRAPS FOR ACTIVE DISTURBED SOIL AREAS ⁽³⁾**

SEASON	RAINFALL AREA (S)	TEMPORARY PRACTICE	SLOPE (V: H) ⁽¹⁾		
			≤ 1:20	> 1:20 ≤ 1:2	> 1:2
RAINY	High Elevations	SOIL STABILIZATION		X	X
		SEDIMENT BARRIER ⁽⁴⁾	X	X	X
		BASIN/TRAP ⁽²⁾		X	X
	Low Elevations	SOIL STABILIZATION			X ⁽⁵⁾
		SEDIMENT BARRIER		X	X
		BASIN/TRAP ⁽²⁾			X ⁽⁵⁾
NON-RAINY	High Elevations	SOIL STABILIZATION			
		SEDIMENT BARRIER		X	X
		BASIN/TRAP ⁽²⁾			X ⁽⁵⁾
	Low Elevations	SOIL STABILIZATION			
		SEDIMENT BARRIER			
		BASIN/TRAP			

- 228 1. Unless otherwise noted, the practice is required for the slope inclinations indicated on slope lengths greater than 10 feet.
- 229 2. Required in addition to the temporary sediment barrier, where feasible. Feasibility will depend on site-specific factors such as available
 230 right-of-way within the project limits, topography, soil type, disturbed soil area within watershed, and climate conditions.
- 231 3. Implementation of controls required prior to predicted rain.
- 232 4. The indicated temporary practice is required on all slope lengths.
- 233 5. The indicated temporary practice is required on slope lengths greater than 50 feet.
- 234 6. There may be situations where "Sediment Basins" or "Treatment" are able to substitute as alternative control measures to the normally
 235 required "effective combination" of soil stabilization, sediment barriers and basins / traps. However, when substituting these measures, the
 236 contractor must be prepared to demonstrate that the sediment load within storm water discharges from the construction site does not
 237 exceed natural or pre-construction levels.
- 238 "Sediment Basin": A basin with a capacity equivalent to at least 3600 cubic feet of storage (as measured from the bottom of the basin to
 239 the principal outlet) per acre draining into the basin. The length of the basin shall be more than twice the basin's width (length is
 240 determined by measuring the distance between the inlet and the outlet). The depth of the basin must not be less than three feet nor
 241 greater than five feet.
- 242 OR
- 243 "Treatment": A combination of basin and treatment engineered to capture and treat (to remove 0.01 mm sized particles and larger) the 10-

244

year, 6-hour rain event using $Q=CiA$ where $C = 0.5$ and I ranges from 0.286 (El Dorado Hills) to 0.500 (Sly Park).

245

245 **4.4.6 INSPECTION PROCEDURES**

246 The County will employ the following sliding scale project site rating system:

247	Substantial compliance	1
248	Minor deficiencies	2
249	Major deficiencies	3
250	Critical deficiencies	4

251 • The County’s Storm Water Coordinator will be informed of all sites found to be
 252 with major and critical deficiencies within 2 working days. Efforts will be made
 253 to immediately inform the County’s Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB
 254 will be informed of all sites found to be with critical deficiencies.

255 • When sites are found to have critical deficiencies, the sites will be re-inspected at
 256 least weekly until the rating is reduced from a 4 to a 3 or better. If the rating
 257 remains a 4 on the second re-inspection, enforcement / contractor sanctions will
 258 be initiated, and the County’s Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be
 259 informed.

260 • When sites are found to have major deficiencies, the sites will be re-inspected at
 261 least every other week until the rating is reduced from a 3 to a 2 or better. If the
 262 rating remains a 3 on the second re-inspection, enforcement / contractor sanctions
 263 will be initiated, and the County’s Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will
 264 be informed.

265 • When sites are found to have minor deficiencies, the sites will be re-inspected at
 266 least monthly until the rating is reduced from a 2 to a 1. If the rating remains a 2
 267 on the third re-inspection, enforcement / contractor sanctions will be initiated, and
 268 the County’s Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed.

269 **4.4.6.1 Construction Site Inspection Procedures**

270 Annual rainy season readiness reviews will be conducted to assure each site
 271 achieves compliance with rainy season expectations prior to October 15th. For
 272 County projects, this may involve directing the contractor to undertake
 273 preparations. For non-County projects, this may involve the contractor for
 274 County projects and the permittee for private party projects, are responsible for
 275 implementing appropriate construction site storm water practices. For County
 276 projects, oversight inspections of practices are conducted daily when significant,
 277 on-site activities are underway. For non-County projects, the County’s oversight

278 inspections of practices are generally on an as needed basis, with an emphasis in
279 the late summer / early fall to prepare for the rainy season.

280 The County is setting the following construction site oversight inspection of
281 practices goals by the end of June.

282 i. Annual rainy season readiness reviews will be conducted to assure each
283 site achieves compliance with rainy season expectations prior to October
284 15th. For County projects, this may involve directing the contractor to
285 undertake preparations. For non-County projects, this may involve formal
286 communications and ordinance enforcement.

287 ii. On receipt of a complaint or concern from the public regarding a
288 construction site, within 5 working days, a site oversight inspection will
289 be conducted.

290 iii. All sites will be reviewed within a week following start of the on-site, soil
291 disturbing construction.

292 iv. All sites will be reviewed prior to construction close / grading permit
293 release / NOT filing.

294 v. Minimum non-rainy season inspection review frequency:

295 1. Sites 5 acres or more in size, every other month.

296 2. Sites less than 5 acres in size, every third month.

297 vi. Minimum rainy season inspection review frequency:

298 1. Sites 5 acres or more in size, every month.

299 2. Sites less than 5 acres in size, every other month.

300 vii. Pre-storm inspection review frequency:

301 1. Approximately 10% of the construction sites involving 5 acres or
302 more of disturbed soil with the greatest risk for storm water
303 pollution will be inspected prior to major predicted storms.

304 viii. Post-storm inspection review frequency:

305 1. Approximately 15% of the construction sites involving 5 acres or
306 more of disturbed soil with the greatest risk for storm water
307 pollution will be inspected following a major storm.

308 2. Approximately 5% of the construction sites involving less than 5
309 acres of disturbed soil with the greatest risk for storm water
310 pollution will be inspected following a major storm.

311 ix. The County will employ the following sliding scale project site rating
312 system:

313	Substantial compliance	1
314	Minor deficiencies	2
315	Major deficiencies	3
316	Critical deficiencies	4

317 • The County’s Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be
318 informed of all sites found to be with major and critical deficiencies
319 within 2 working days. Efforts will be made to immediately inform
320 the County’s Storm Water Coordinator of all sites found to be with
321 critical deficiencies.

322 • When sites are found to have critical deficiencies, the sites will be re-
323 inspected at least weekly until the rating is reduced from a 4 to a 3 or
324 better. If the rating remains a 4 on the second re-inspection,
325 enforcement / contractor sanctions will be initiated, and the County’s
326 Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed.

327 • When sites are found to have major deficiencies, the sites will be re-
328 inspected at least every other week until the rating is reduced from a 3
329 to a 2 or better. If the rating remains a 3 on the second re-inspection,
330 enforcement / contractor sanctions will be initiated, and the County’s
331 Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed.

332 • When sites are found to have minor deficiencies, the sites will be re-
333 inspected at least monthly until the rating is reduced from a 2 to a 1. If
334 the rating remains a 2 on the third re-inspection, enforcement /
335 contractor sanctions will be initiated, and the County’s Storm Water
336 Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed.

337 **4.4.6.2 Responsible Parties**

338 For all projects and activities except individual single-family home construction,

339 Department of Transportation designated Project Manager (construction
340 inspector) is responsible to assure that the project's construction site appropriately
341 incorporates the storm water practices as outlined in this SWMP. Single-family
342 home construction is similarly reviewed / permitted by the Building Department's
343 designated Project Manager (construction inspector).

344 As outlined in Section 2, the contractor for County projects and the permittee for
345 Non-County (private party) projects, are responsible for implementing
346 appropriate construction site storm water practices and non-storm water practices.

347

348 **4.4.6.2.2 County Improvement Projects**

349 For County projects, oversight inspections of practices are conducted
350 daily when significant, on-site activities are underway. The County's
351 designated Construction Manager / Resident Engineer is responsible to
352 assure that the project's construction site appropriately incorporates the
353 storm water temporary construction structural controls and practices as
354 outlined in this SWMP, and implements the permanent structural
355 controls and practices identified by the County's Project Manager (PM)
356 / Project Engineer (PE).

357 **4.4.6.2.3 Development/Re-development Projects**

358 For non-County projects, the County's oversight inspections of practices
359 are generally on an as needed basis, with an emphasis in the late summer
360 / early fall to prepare for the rainy season. Development / re-
361 development projects, and other activities requiring grading, are subject
362 to being permitted by the County.

363

4.4.6.3 Permitted Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges

This section describes the County's program for controlling pollutants from permitted non-storm water discharges stemming from construction sites.

Permitted non-storm water discharges include the following categories:

- **Discharges Authorized by a Separate NPDES Permit:** Since these discharges have a separate permit, they are not addressed by this SWMP.
- **Exempted Discharges:** These discharges are not expected to contain pollutants and can therefore be discharged without direct application of practices. These discharges include:
 - water line flushing;
 - landscape irrigation;
 - diverted stream flows;
 - rising ground waters;
 - uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as defined at 40 CRF §35.2005(20)) to separate storm sewers;
 - uncontaminated pumped ground water;
 - discharges from potable water sources;
 - foundation drains;
 - air conditioning condensation;
 - irrigation water;
 - springs;
 - water from crawl space pumps;
 - footing drains;
 - lawn watering;
 - individual residential car washing;
 - flows from riparian habitats and wetlands; and
 - de-chlorinated swimming pool discharges.
- **Conditionally exempt discharges:**

The discharges and their associated practices identified in Table 4.4-4 are not expected to contain pollutants.

TABLE 4.4-4: NON-STORM WATER PRACTICES FOR CONDITIONALLY EXEMPT DISCHARGES

Non-Storm Water Discharges	Practice Titles
a. Pumped ground or accumulated rain water	Dewatering Operations
b. Non-potable irrigation water	Non-potable Water/Irrigation

394 The RWQCB has issued a general permit for dewatering, Order No.
 395 CAG995001. Qualifying dewatering operations are able to obtain permit
 396 coverage under this Order by submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI) to the
 397 Regional Board. Allowable discharges must not contain significant
 398 quantities of pollutants and be either four months or less in duration, or
 399 not exceed 0.25 mgd during dry weather. Under the terms of the permit,
 400 monitoring and reporting are required. Copies of this permit are available
 401 from the Regional Board or from the County’s Storm Water Coordinator.

402 Non-potable irrigation water, landscape irrigation and lawn or garden
 403 watering runoff, though minimized, will occur on a regular basis as a
 404 result of excess irrigation water running off vegetated and nearby
 405 impervious areas and into storm drains. These discharges are not expected
 406 to result in the discharge of appreciable pollutants. If these activities are
 407 subsequently found to be resulting in an unacceptable level of pollutant
 408 discharges, the County will undertake to develop, or require the
 409 responsible discharging party to develop, a pollution management plan.

410 **4.4.7 County Ordinances**

411 Several ordinances are in effect and include enforcement measures to require erosion and
 412 sediment controls. An annual review of the ordinances, with respect to enforcement, will
 413 occur and the County will perform an analysis of the adequacy of legal authority of these
 414 ordinances with respect to enforcement, and as appropriate, recommendations to amend,
 415 or create, ordinances will be brought before the County Board of Supervisors. The
 416 County will include, as a part of the Annual Report, specific problems and actions
 417 encountered while implementing the storm water program, such as; problems that may
 418 develop as a result of legal constraints, or additional resulting ordinances and actions to
 419 improve the ordinances.

420 All County ordinances are enforceable per County Code Chapter 1.24, which stipulates
 421 fines and/or imprisonment for violators. The District Attorney is responsible for
 422 enforcement actions. The following ordinances require erosion and sediment controls
 423 within the El Dorado County jurisdictional boundary:

424 **4.4.7.1 DUST ABATEMENT ORDINANCE**

425 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 8.44) authorizes the County
426 Department of Environmental Management to develop and manage the County's
427 dust abatement and protection program.

428 **4.4.7.2 GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ORDINANCE**

429 The County, by ordinance (County Code Chapter 15.14) authorizes the County
430 Department of Transportation to regulate all grading activities, and requires that
431 such activities be undertaken in such a manner that quantities of sediment or other
432 materials substantially in excess of natural levels are prevented from leaving the
433 site. Additionally, this ordinance authorizes the Director of Transportation to
434 require security deposits, suspend or revoke permits, and for the permittee to
435 warranty all work. Further, the ordinance requires the Director to record with the
436 County Recorder, a Notice of Noncompliance when there is a failure to secure the
437 required permit.

438 **4.4.7.3 SUBDIVISION DESIGN AND IMPROVEMENT ORDINANCE**

439 The County, by ordinance (County Code Section 16.12.050) authorizes the
440 Planning Commission, appointed by the Board of Supervisors to determine
441 whether the discharge of waste from the proposed subdivision into an existing
442 community sewer system would result in violation of existing requirements
443 prescribed by a California Regional Water Quality Control Board pursuant to
444 division 7 (commencing with section 13000) of the Water Code. In the event that
445 the Planning Commission finds that the proposed waste discharge would result in
446 or add to violation of requirements of the water quality control board, it may
447 disapprove the tentative map or maps of the subdivision.

448 **4.4.8 PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS**449 **4.4.8.1 Public Review**

450 The County will annually solicit comments from interested parties and the public
451 during the process of identifying, evaluating and approving practices. The
452 County will announce and make available the draft Annual Report, including the
453 revised SWMP.

454 Public interface will occur through three primary mechanisms:

- 455 • **Public-initiated contact with the County's offices regarding**
456 **complaints, suggestions and requests:** Each Department has widely
457 publicized phone numbers. All public-initiated calls are screened, logged

458 and routed to the appropriate party within the Department for action, as
459 required. General water quality related calls are directed to the County's
460 Storm Water Coordinator. The Environmental Management Department
461 maintains a storm water web site that enables public contact with the
462 County on water quality issues.

463 • **The Public review opportunity as part of the annual report**
464 **preparation process:** The proposed tentative SWMP, annual updates
465 thereto and draft annual reports are made available for a public comment
466 period. Workshops on these documents will be noticed and held, as
467 appropriate, by the County. The County responds to comments received
468 as these documents are finalized for submittal annually to the RWQCB.

469 • **Public input on proposed construction projects during the**
470 **environmental evaluation process:** Typically, one or more public review
471 meetings are held for all significant construction projects.

472 **4.4.8.2 Web Site**

473 The County's Environmental Management web site has been modified to
474 include a storm water quality specific element. The web site currently
475 shares information regarding air quality, solid waste and hazardous
476 material, vector control and general environmental health. This website
477 will be annually updated and tracked for 'hits' to this web page.

478 The site address is: <http://co.el-dorado.ca.us/emd/>

479 The storm water element will provide information on all storm water
480 outreach activities, including brochures, bulletins and workshops as well
481 as bulletins on related topics, information related to construction and
482 maintenance activities, and links to key related sites.

483 **4.4.8.3 Informational Exchange with Contractors**

484 For contract work directly undertaken by the County, three types of
485 informational exchange sessions will be employed to describe storm water
486 pollution prevention concepts and practices and to explain techniques for
487 preparing SWPPPs for construction activities.

488 • **Informational Exchange #1, Storm Water Permit Compliance**
489 **Requirements, Pre-Bid Meeting:** Pre-bid meetings may be
490 conducted to discuss a given upcoming construction project.
491 When such meetings are held, and depending on the sites storm
492 water complexities, the site manager may provide general
493 information to construction contractors regarding the requirements

494 in the Permit and the SWMP that apply to the subject project (i.e.,
495 the project on which the contractors are considering submitting
496 bids).

497 • **Informational Exchange #2, Storm Water Permit Compliance**
498 **Requirements, Pre-Construction Meeting:** The site manager provides
499 project-specific guidance to construction contractors on topics
500 such as SWPPP preparation, selection of practices, and monitoring
501 and inspection of said practices. The County will also notify the
502 RWQCB of the pre-construction meeting to allow an RWQCB
503 representative to be at the meeting to review and discuss the water
504 quality issues relating to the construction project.

505 • **Additional Informational Exchanges:** The site manager will hold
506 informal sessions with contractors, as needed, during the course of
507 the construction project.

508 The topics covered in informational exchanges will be updated as needed
509 to reflect modifications to the County's storm water management program.

510 **4.4.9 BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY**

511 The following pages contain a summary of the Construction Site Runoff Control BMP
512 program set forth in the El Dorado County Storm Water Management Plan. These BMPs
513 will be subject to annual reviews and updates as outlined in Sections 3.2 and 5.6.1.

514 EPA's NPDES rules state:

515 "Implementation of best management practices consistent with the provisions of the
516 storm water management program required pursuant to this section (the six minimum
517 control measures, evaluation & assessment, record keeping and reporting) ... constitutes
518 compliance with the standard of reducing pollutants to the "maximum extent
519 practicable"." (40 CFR 122.34)

520 This summary notes BMPs applicable to one of the six minimum control measures:
521 Construction Site Runoff Control. El Dorado County proposes that this program
522 constitutes fulfillment of the minimum General Permit and Federal Regulation
523 requirements. As the public review and the SWMP finalization processes proceed, the
524 program, and the County's assessment of this program, may change.

525

TABLE 4.4-5: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF CONTROL

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	BMP TO MEET REQUIREMENT	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	ASSOCIATED DEPARTMENT	SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION	MEASURABLE GOAL
Develop ordinance to require erosion and sediment controls,...	Review ordinances [Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control (County Ordinance Code, Section 15.14), Subdivision Design and Improvement (County Ordinance Code, Section 16.12.050) Dust Abatement (County Ordinance Code, Section 8.44)] with respect to enforcement, and as appropriate, recommend ordinance amendment to the County Board of Supervisors.	DOT	DOT	June-06	Annual sufficiency review of 100% of the ordinances identified in the SWMP and pertaining to Construction, with any additional resulting ordinances subject to approval by the County Board of Supervisors. Annual reporting of results and actions to the Regional Board.
...include enforcement	Review existing departments responsible for enforcement, and as appropriate, <i>develop</i> measures to ensure appropriate actions are taken with instances of non-compliance.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Annual sufficiency review of 100% of the responsible and associated departments. Program elements will be reviewed with respect to enforcement and an annual meeting with all responsible and associated department managers to discuss measures to be developed to improve procedures and ensure compliance will occur. Annual reporting of results will occur.
	Review existing departments responsible for enforcement, and as appropriate, <i>implement</i> measures to ensure appropriate actions are taken with instances of non-compliance.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Annual sufficiency review of 100% of the responsible and associated departments. Program elements will be reviewed with respect to enforcement and an annual meeting with all department managers to discuss measures to be developed to improve procedures and ensure compliance will occur. Annual reporting of results will occur.
Develop requirements for construction site operators to implement appropriate erosion and sediment control BMPs	Finalize requirements for construction site operators to implement appropriate erosion and sediment control practices, as described in section 4.4.4 and 4.4.5.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Finalize the tentative General and Minimum Construction Site Requirements of the SWMP.
Develop requirements for construction site operators to control non-sediment waste discharges from construction sites	Finalize requirements for construction site operators to control non-sediment waste discharges from construction sites, as described in section 4.3.4.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Finalize the tentative requirements.
Develop procedures for site plan review which incorporate consideration of water quality impacts	Finalize procedures for site plan review which incorporate consideration of water quality impacts, as described in Sections 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	Finalize the tentative procedures.
Implement procedures for site plan review which incorporate consideration of water quality impacts	Implement procedures for site plan review which incorporate consideration of water quality impacts, as described in Sections 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Implement the finalized procedures.
Develop procedures for inspection and enforcement of control measures	Finalize procedures for inspection and enforcement of control measures, as described in Section 5.4.3.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services	June-05	Finalize the tentative procedures.
Implement procedures for inspection and enforcement of control measures	Implement procedures for inspection and enforcement of control measures, as described in section 5.4.3.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management, General Services	June-06	Implement the finalized procedures.
Develop procedures for receipt and consideration of information submitted by the public	Public review / SWMP Update	DOT	N/A	June-06	Prior to the SWMP update, the associated Board of Supervisor meeting (s) and agenda will be published in the local paper per the Public Resources Code requirements. Published notices will be tallied and reported annually.
	Screen, tally and route all public-initiated complaints (Phone In, Walk In, and E-Mail) to the appropriate department for action, as required. Direct general water quality related complaints to the County's Storm Water Coordinator for action, as required.	DOT	DOT	Continuing	Annual tally and reporting of the number of complaints.

1 4.5.1 OVERVIEW

2 The section to follow describes how the County will comply with State Water
3 Resources Control Board’s storm water discharge permit requirements for long-
4 term post-construction practices that protect water quality and control runoff
5 flow, to be incorporated into development and significant redevelopment
6 projects. The County will comply with permit requirements by incorporating
7 existing County Development Standards to minimize the discharge of pollutants
8 of development and redevelopment projects. Revisions to the County
9 Development Standards shall be developed and implemented as well the
10 development of storm water treatment practices, all of which are outlined in the
11 following sections:

- 12 • Section 4.5.2 Current Program
- 13 • Section 4.5.3 Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan
- 14 • Section 4.5.4 BMP Program Summary

15 The County currently has in place extensive policies and procedures for regulating design
16 and construction activities to protect the Region’s water resources, described in Section
17 4.5.2. Additionally, the County is proposing to incorporate two supplemental elements
18 into these policies and procedures: a “Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan” as part of
19 future project planning and design processes (Section 4.5.3), and a specific set of
20 construction site storm water practices (Sections 4.4.4, and 4.4.5).

21 The design and construction site practices selected and implemented by the responsible
22 party for a given site are expected to be sufficient to achieve compliance with the State of
23 California NPDES General Permits for Storm Water Discharges Associated with
24 Construction Activity and Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems.

25 All proposed permanent storm water treatment practices that are not noted within this
26 SWMP must be pre-approved by the County’s Storm Water Coordinator.

27 4.5.2 CURRENT PROGRAM

28 The County’s Development Standards, which include the Grading, Erosion and Sediment
29 Control Ordinance; the County’s Design and Improvement Standards Manual; and the
30 County’s Drainage Manual contain measures and practices required of all parties
31 undertaking construction to minimize the discharge of pollutants from the construction
32 sites.

33

33 4.5.2.1 Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance

34 The Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance requires that permittees be
35 responsible to:

- 36 • Prevent discharge of sediment from the site in quantities greater than
37 before the grading occurred, to any watercourse, drainage system or
38 adjacent property; and
- 39 • Protect watercourses and adjacent properties from damage by erosion,
40 flooding, or deposition that may result from the permitted grading.

41 Additionally, the Ordinance authorizes the Director of Transportation to:

- 42 • Require security deposit to assure faithful performance,
- 43 • Suspend or revoke the permit and abate a hazardous public nuisance
44 condition, and
- 45 • Require a one-year warranty on all work.

46 This Ordinance requires of the permittee the following:

- 47 • The slope of cut and fill slopes shall not be steeper than two horizontal to
48 one vertical, exclusive of terraces and slope roundings, except when
49 supported by bedrock and/or in accordance with a geotechnical or
50 geological report. Further, the Director of Transportation may require fill
51 slopes to be flatter for stability purposes.
- 52 • Drainage shall be affected in such a manner that it will not cause erosion
53 or endanger the stability of any cut or fill slopes.
- 54 • Grading plans shall be designed with long-term erosion and sediment
55 control as a primary consideration.
- 56 • Grading operations during the rainy season (from October 15th to May 1st,
57 inclusively) shall provide erosion and sediment control measures except
58 upon a clear demonstration to the satisfaction of the Director of
59 Transportation that at no stage of the work will there be any substantial
60 risk of increased sediment discharge from the site.
- 61 • Should grading be permitted during the rainy season, the smallest
62 practicable area of erosive prone land shall be exposed at any one
63 time during grading operations and the time of exposure shall be
64 minimized.

SECTION 4.5

Post Construction Runoff Control

- 65 • Wherever possible, natural features, including vegetation, oak trees,
66 terrain, watercourses, wetlands and similar resources shall be preserved.
67 Limits of grading shall be clearly defined and marked to prevent damage
68 by construction equipment. Wetlands and oak trees so marked shall be
69 protected from construction activity.
- 70 • Permanent drought-resistant vegetation and structures for erosion and
71 sediment control shall be installed as soon as possible.
- 72 • Adequate provision shall be made for long-term maintenance of
73 permanent erosion and sediment control structures and vegetation.
- 74 • No topsoil shall be removed from the site unless otherwise directed or
75 approved by the Director of Transportation. Topsoil overburden shall be
76 stockpiled and redistributed within the graded area after rough grading to
77 provide a suitable base for seeding and planting. Runoff from the
78 stockpiled area shall be controlled to prevent erosion and resultant
79 sedimentation of receiving water.
- 80 • Runoff shall not be discharged from the site in quantities or at velocities
81 substantially above those that occurred before the grading except into
82 drainage facilities whose design has been specifically approved by the
83 Director of Transportation.
- 84 • Permittee shall take reasonable precautions (i.e. stabilized construction
85 entrances/exits and/or wash racks) to ensure that vehicles do not track or
86 spill earth materials into public streets and shall immediately remove such
87 materials if this occurs.
- 88 • Erosion and sediment control plans shall include an effective revegetation
89 program to stabilize all disturbed areas that will not be otherwise
90 protected.
- 91 • Erosion and sediment control plans shall be designed to prevent increased
92 discharge of sediment at all stages of grading and development from initial
93 disturbance of the ground to project completion. Every feasible effort
94 shall be made to ensure that site stabilization is permanent. Plans shall
95 indicate the implementation period and the stage of construction where
96 applicable.
- 97 • Erosion and sediment control plans shall provide for inspection and repair
98 of all erosion and sediment control facilities at the close of each working
99 day during the rainy season and for specific sediment cleanout and
100 vegetation maintenance criteria.

101 4.5.2.2 Design and Improvement Standards Manual

102 Among the key provisions of the County’s Design and Improvement Standards
103 Manual administered by the County Planning Department are minimum lot sizes
104 and general development standards for varying slope conditions. These standards
105 are set to minimize the environmental effects of construction.

106 4.5.2.3 Drainage Manual

107 The Department of Transportation’s Drainage Manual prescribes planning and
108 design criteria for drainage facilities within the County. Among the key
109 provisions of the County’s Drainage Manual include:

- 110 • The planning and design of drainage systems within El Dorado County
111 shall take into consideration any potential downstream impacts including
112 those to property, flow regimes, water quality or riparian and wetland
113 areas. Provisions mitigating potential impacts shall be included as a part
114 of the drainage analysis for the proposed project.
- 115 • Increases in storm runoff from upstream properties resulting from
116 improvements is discouraged.
- 117 • Improvements that propose to increase storm water runoff shall be
118 evaluated to show, among other things, that land of downstream properties
119 is not lost due to increased flood plain limits, there is no increase in
120 erosion, and there is no net loss of storage available to attenuate peak
121 flows. When downstream properties are unable to adequately
122 accommodate increases in storm water runoff, appropriate mitigation
123 measures shall be implemented into the analysis and design. These
124 mitigation measures may include storm water storage facilities (detention
125 or retention structures) designed to hold storm water and then release it at
126 a rate that will not cause damage downstream.
- 127 • The County has approved the use of two types of detention basins, dry and
128 wet basins. However, due to the added long-term maintenance
129 requirements and vector concerns associated with wet basins, their use
130 requires site-specific approval by the County.
- 131 • The County has approved the use of retention (infiltration) basins.
132 However, due to varying site-specific infiltration concerns and added
133 long-term maintenance requirements their use requires site-specific
134 approval by the County. While the implementation of detention or
135 retention facilities on-site to attenuate peak runoff to a level which does
136 not impact downstream facilities is acceptable, the County sees facilities
137 designed as a component of a watershed planning process (classified as

138 regional or downstream storage facilities) as potentially being more
139 economical and effective. Coordinated regional detention/retention
140 facilities that take into account the entire watershed area are preferred.
141 When a regional drainage study has been conducted and regional basins
142 are designed, the regional basin will always take precedence over local
143 basin design.

144 • The use of natural channels for the collection and conveyance of storm
145 water runoff is preferred. Natural channels shall be capable of conveying
146 runoff without increased erosion, widening and meandering of the channel
147 alignment due to increased runoff from development.

148 • Grass lined channels are viable only for channels with relatively flat
149 slopes. Successful grass lined channels require maintenance both for the
150 establishment of the root network and to control the length of the grass.

151 • Where appropriate, floodplain and open space criteria shall comply with
152 FEMA standards and the 100-year flood plain shall be designated.

153 • In order to determine the proper type of channel stabilization, flood and
154 water quality protection measures, the following issues should be
155 considered during the planning and design of drainage improvements:

156 ○ The effect that any changes in the runoff hydrograph may have
157 upon the floodplain limits.

158 ○ The effect that potential growth of vegetation in the channel or
159 floodplain has upon the long-term flood protection of adjacent
160 development.

161 ○ The effect that channelization of an existing stream has upon the
162 natural floodplain storage volume.

163 ○ The effect that increases of either peak flow or velocity may have
164 on channel erosion or deposition.

165 ○ The effect that the proposed development project will have on both
166 short-term and long-term sediment production. This includes
167 measures to control erosion during construction.

168 ○ For projects which propose the creation or expansion of permanent
169 water bodies, the effect that a change in water temperature will
170 have upon fish and wildlife.

171 ○ The role those drainage improvements will play in managing

172 pollutant in storm water runoff.

- 173 ○ The effect that the proposed drainage improvement has upon the
174 existing aesthetic quality of the area.

175 All of the above are not applicable to all drainage design projects. However,
176 multidisciplinary involvement is encouraged in both the planning and designs of
177 major drainage projects to the extent that it results in preservation of natural
178 systems and reliable flood protection.

179 **4.5.3 STANDARD STORM WATER MITIGATION PLAN**

180 The Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan, a supplemental element to the policies and
181 procedures described in Section 4.5.2, shall comprise of the following components to
182 address future project planning and design processes:

- 183 1. An initial augmentation of the County Development Standards as it pertains to
184 new development and redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to
185 one acre shall be accompanied by the end of June 2005 (5.4.1, and 5.4.2).
- 186 2. A sufficiency review with respect to the enforcement of the County Development
187 Standards, and as appropriate, a recommendation to the County Board of
188 Supervisors to adopt more effective ordinances and standards. Said revisions will
189 be reflected in the SWMP Annual Report.
- 190 3. Training of County employees on the augmented County Development Standards
191 will occur by the end of June 2006.
- 192 4. By the end of June 2005, an amendment of the County's Drainage Manual will
193 occur, as necessary, to incorporate the following tentative procedures and policies
194 which are intended to be equivalent to WQO 2003-005-DWQ, Attachment 4. The
195 process to formally update the Manual will be an open process involving users of
196 the Manual, the Regional Board, and other interested parties.
- 197 5. At the planning/design stage of a proposed construction project involving one or
198 more acres of disturbed soil a site specific Storm Water Mitigation Report
199 (SWMR) documenting the permanent site specific storm water quality mitigation
200 measures proposed to be deployed shall be developed for approval by the
201 County's PM/PE.
- 202 6. The SWMR shall document that the project was designed to minimize impervious
203 surfaces and maximize vegetation-covered soil areas. In addition to reducing the
204 volume of runoff, these vegetated areas can function as storm water treatment
205 devices, bio-filtration strips (overland flow areas) and bio-filtration swales

206 (vegetated ditches).

207 The SWMR shall document the following:

- 208 • Incorporation within the site's plan or design, land use planning measures to
209 minimize water quality impacts, including stream buffers and restoration
210 activities.
- 211 • Reduction of the site's imperviousness, conserving natural resources and areas,
212 maintaining and using natural drainage courses in the storm water conveyance
213 system and minimizing clearing and grading.
- 214 • When landscaping is required or proposed, provision of runoff storage measures
215 dispersed uniformly throughout the site's landscape with the use of a variety of
216 detention, retention, and runoff practices.
- 217 • Implementation of on-site hydrologically functioning landscape design and
218 management practices.

219 The SWMR shall adhere to the following design principles:

- 220 • Strive to maintain pre-development rainfall runoff characteristics.
 - 221 ○ Minimize project's impervious footprint and conserve natural
222 areas.
 - 223 ○ Minimize directly connected impervious areas.
 - 224 ○ Where landscaping is proposed in or adjacent to parking areas, to
225 the extent feasible, incorporate landscaped areas into a site
226 drainage design that minimizes runoff.
- 227 • Maximize the protection of slopes and channels, including in hillside areas,
228 through the use of deep-rooted, drought tolerant plant species.

229 The SWMR shall adhere to the following design standards:

- 230 • Provide storm drain system stenciling and signage at inlets in areas where curb,
231 gutter and sidewalks are provided.
- 232 • Design outdoor material storage areas to reduce pollution introduction into storm
233 drain systems.

234

SECTION 4.5

Post Construction Runoff Control

- 234 • Design hazardous material storage areas so as to prevent contact with runoff or
235 spillage to storm water conveyance systems.

- 236 • Design trash storage areas to reduce pollutant introduction.

- 237 • Use water efficient irrigation systems and landscape design.

- 238 • To the extent feasible, drain street runoff to vegetated swales (bio-filters) or
239 gravel shoulder (infiltration) areas.

- 240 • Encourage the covering of loading / unloading dock areas to preclude storm water
241 run-on/off.

- 242 • Prohibit direct connections to storm drains from depressed loading docks (truck
243 wells).

- 244 • Vehicle / equipment maintenance and wash areas shall be covered or designed to
245 preclude storm water run-on/off.

- 246 • Drainage systems serving areas with vehicle / equipment maintenance and wash
247 areas shall be designed to capture all wash water, leaks and spills so as to
248 facilitate proper disposal of all non-permitted, non-storm water discharges.

- 249 • Outdoor processing areas that pose a significant threat to water quality shall be
250 isolated from storm drain systems and runoff.

- 251 • Fuel dispensing areas shall contain the following:
 - 252 ▪ Have an appropriate slope to prevent ponding, and be hydraulically
253 separated from the rest of the site by a grade break that prevents
254 run-on.

 - 255 ▪ Overhanging roof structure or canopy. The cover's minimum
256 dimensions must be equal to or greater than the area within the
257 grade break. The cover must not drain onto the fuel dispensing
258 area and the downspouts must be routed to prevent drainage across
259 the fueling area.

 - 260 ▪ Pavement of Portland cement concrete or equivalent. Asphalt
261 concrete shall not be used.

 - 262 ▪ At a minimum, the concrete fuel dispensing area must extend 6.5
263 feet from the corner of each fuel dispenser, or the length at which
264 the hose and nozzle assembly may be operated plus 1 foot,
265 whichever is greater.

- 266 • For the following sites:
- 267 ▪ Residential projects with 10 or more housing units;
- 268 ▪ Commercial sites involving auto repair shops, retail gasoline
269 outlets, restaurants, or more than 2 acres total;
- 270 ▪ Commercial sites involving parking lots 5,000 square feet or more
271 or with 25 or more parking spaces exposed to storm water runoff;
- 272 ▪ Industrial sites involving auto repair shops, retail gasoline outlets,
273 restaurants, or more than 5 acres total; or
- 274 ▪ Industrial sites involving parking lots 5,000 square feet or more or
275 with 25 or more parking spaces exposed to storm water runoff
- 276 ○ Storm water treatment retention (infiltration) and/or detention basins, or
277 equivalent, shall be provided and designed to infiltrate or treat, on site, runoff
278 from the site prior to its discharge to a storm drain system or surface receiving
279 water, unless a waiver is granted by the PM/PE based on a determination that
280 to do so would be infeasible. First priority shall be to, where feasible and
281 appropriate, provide for infiltration of the site’s runoff. Where infiltration is
282 not feasible or appropriate, detention shall be considered.
- 283 • Storm water treatment retention and detention basin siting practices and designs
284 shall be in accordance with the Caltrans “Statewide Storm Water Quality Practice
285 Guidelines”, April 2002, Section 5.4, “Descriptions of Treatment BMPs”.
- 286 • The “design storm” used for storm water structural treatment devices shall be in
287 accordance with the following:
- 288 “Design Storm” is the particular event that generates runoff rates or volumes that
289 the drainage-related facilities are designed to handle. For water quality treatment
290 purposes, the volume of water that must be treated is termed the Water Quality
291 Volume (WQV), and the flow rate to be treated is the Water Quality Flow (WQF).
292 Methods for determining the WQV are generally tied to an analysis of rainfall
293 depths generated over 24-hour periods.
- 294 The WQV of treatment BMPs will be based on using one of the following
295 methods:
- 296 1. The maximized detention volume determined by the 85th percentile
297 runoff capture ratio. A Web-based design tool, which uses data
298 from more than 300 California rainfall stations, has been created
299 for use. It is available at <http://stormwater.water-programs.com>.

- 300 2. The volume of annual runoff based on unit basin storage WQV to
301 achieve 80 percent or more volume of treatment. A Web-based
302 design tool has been created for use. It is available at
303 <http://stormwater.water-programs.com>.
- 304 3. The volume of runoff produced from a historical-record based
305 reference 24-hour rainfall criterion for “treatment” that achieves
306 approximately the same reduction in pollutant loads achieved by
307 the 85 percentile, 24 –hour runoff event.

308 The WQV is subject to the review and approval of the County Storm Water
309 Coordinator when the site area is limited and cannot accommodate a treatment
310 BMP sized according to the methods described above.

311 The WQF is the primary design criteria to be used for filtering types of
312 treatment control devices. The following listed values of rainfall intensity
313 would be used in the Rational Formula ($Q=CiA$) to generate runoff from
314 areas, which would flow to the filtering treatment device:

- 315 ▪ 0.16 in./hr. for all areas below 1,000 feet in elevation.
- 316 ▪ 0.20 in./hr. for elevations between 1,000 and 4,000 feet.
- 317 ▪ 0.24 in./hr. for all elevations above 4,000 feet.

318 The resulting runoff rate would be the design WQF to be used at any specific
319 site.

320 Also, where there are special circumstances or conditions, the designer and
321 the County Storm Water Coordinator should discuss the potential need for
322 modification of the WQF criteria on a case-by-case basis.

- 323 • Infiltration devices shall be designed to have a vertical distance from the base of
324 any device to the seasonal high groundwater mark of at least 10 feet.
- 325 • Infiltration devices shall not be used within drainage systems for runoff from
326 industrial areas, roadways with traffic volumes over 25,000 ADT, or other areas
327 that potentially pose a high threat to ground water quality.

328

- 328 • For the following sites:
- 329 ▪ Commercial sites involving restaurants with “drive through”
330 service, or
- 331 ▪ Other commercial sites involving 100,000 sq ft or more of building
332 space,
- 333 And where:
- 334 ▪ The use of detention or retention basins are not feasible, and
- 335 ▪ Vegetation within the drainage area will not be generating
336 significant amounts of vegetative debris.
- 337 ○ Gross solids removal devices (e.g. linear radial or inclined bar rack as set
338 forth in Caltrans “Statewide Storm Water Quality Practice Guidelines”, April
339 2002, Section 5.4, “Descriptions of Treatment BMPs”), or equivalent, shall
340 be provided and designed to treat runoff prior to its discharge to a storm
341 drain system or any surface receiving water, unless a waiver is granted by the
342 PM/PE based on a determination that to do so would be infeasible.
- 343 • The SWMR shall recognize that there are situations where the placement of
344 structural treatment devices is infeasible due to: (i) extreme limitations of space
345 for treatment on a redevelopment project, (ii) unfavorable or unstable soil
346 conditions at a site to attempt infiltration, and (iii) risk of ground water
347 contamination because a known unconfined aquifer lies beneath the land surface
348 or an existing or potential underground source of drinking water is less than 10
349 feet from the soil surface. Any other justification for infeasibility must be
350 separately petitioned to the RWQCB for consideration.
- 351 • The SWMR shall recognize that the County may, as a result of on-going
352 watershed planning processes, establish impact fee program(s) as an alternative to
353 on-site storm water structural treatment devices.
- 354 • The SWMR shall document that there is a mechanism in place that will ensure
355 ongoing long-term maintenance of all storm water structural treatment devices.

356 **4.5.4 BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY**

357 The following page contains a summary of the Post Construction Runoff Control BMP
358 program set forth in the El Dorado County Storm Water Management Plan. These BMPs
359 will be subject to annual reviews and updates as outlined in Sections 3.2 and 5.6.1.

360

361 EPA's NPDES rules state:

362 "Implementation of best management practices consistent with the provisions of the storm water
363 management program required pursuant to this section (the six minimum control measures,
364 evaluation & assessment, record keeping and reporting) ... constitutes compliance with the
365 standard of reducing pollutants to the "maximum extent practicable"." (40 CFR 122.34)

366

367 This summary notes BMPs applicable to one of the six minimum control measures: Post
368 Construction Runoff Control. El Dorado County proposes that this program constitutes
369 fulfillment of the minimum General Permit and Federal Regulation requirements. As the public
370 review and the SWMP finalization processes proceed, the program, and the County's assessment
371 of this program, may change.

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TABLE 4.5-1: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
POST CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF CONTROL

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	BMP TO MEET REQUIREMENT	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	ASSOCIATED DEPARTMENT	SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION	MEASURABLE GOAL
Develop and implement program insuring that controls are in place to prevent or minimize water quality impacts by storm water runoff from new development and redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre.	The County's Grading Ordinance, DOT's Design and Improvement Standards and Drainage Manual, collectively referred to as the "County Development Standards", provides storm water practices for new development and redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre. Finalize augmented "County Development Standards" for storm water practices as contained in Attachment 4.	DOT	Building, Planning, Environmental Management	June-05	Initial augmentation of the County Development Standards for new development and redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre.
Develop and implement strategies which include a combination of structural and/or non-structural BMPs appropriate for the community.	Training of County employees to implement the augmented County Development Standards.	DOT	Building, Planning, Environmental Management	June-06	Training shall be provided to departmental targeted employees annually and the number of attendants will be tallied in an annual report.
Develop and implement and enforce an ordinance to address post-construction runoff from new development and redevelopment projects. Develop and implement program requiring all BMP's and design standards contained in Attachment 4.	Implement storm water County Development Standard practices for new development and redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre.	DOT	Building, Environmental Management	June-06	Implementation of revised County Development Standards for new development and redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre.
	Implement annual review of County ordinances and County Development Standards, with respect to augmenting enforcement procedures, and as appropriate, request adoption of more effective ordinances and standards by the County Board of Supervisors.	DOT	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-06	Findings of an annual sufficiency review of the County ordinances and County Development Standards, subject to approval by the County Board of Supervisors, will be reported on an annual basis.
Develop and implement program to insure long-term operation and maintenance of BMP's.	Finalize development of storm water treatment practices to capture and remove pollutants from storm water prior to discharging to receiving waters.	DOT	General Services	June-06	Finalize development of storm water treatment practices to capture and remove pollutants from storm water prior to discharging to receiving waters.
	Regular inspections of storm water treatment practices that capture and remove pollutants from storm water prior to discharging to receiving waters.	DOT	General Services	June-07	Annual sufficiency inspections of storm water treatment practice functionality will be tallied in an annual report.

1 4.6.1 OVERVIEW

2 This section describes how the County will comply with Permit requirements by
3 incorporating pollution prevention and good housekeeping storm water quality
4 management into County municipal operations. The County will achieve compliance by
5 implementing the Maintenance Storm Water Management Program described herein:

- 6 • Section 4.6.2 Maintenance Practices
- 7 • Section 4.6.3 Materials Handling
- 8 • Section 4.6.4 Vehicle and Equipment Operations
- 9 • Section 4.6.5 Paving Operations Procedures
- 10 • Section 4.6.6 Water Conservation Practices
- 11 • Section 4.6.7 Water / Irrigation Practices
- 12 • Section 4.6.8 Safer Alternative Product Use
- 13 • Section 4.6.9 Drainage Facilities
- 14 • Section 4.6.10 Illicit Connection Detection, Reporting and Removal
- 15 • Section 4.6.11 Illegal Discharge Control
- 16 • Section 4.6.12 Litter and Debris Removal
- 17 • Section 4.6.13 Chemical Vegetation Control
- 18 • Section 4.6.14 Vegetated Slope Inspection
- 19 • Section 4.6.15 Snow Removal and De-Icing Agents
- 20 • Section 4.6.16 Storm Water De-Watering Operations (Temporary Pumping
21 Operations)
- 22 • Section 4.6.17 Sweeping
- 23 • Section 4.6.18 Maintenance Facility Housekeeping Practices
- 24 • Section 4.6.19 Non-Storm Water Discharges
- 25 • Section 4.6.20 Maintenance of Treatment Devices

- 26 • Section 4.6.21 Facility Pollution Prevention Plans
- 27 • Section 4.6.22 Employee Training Program
- 28 • Section 4.6.23 BMP Program Summary

29 Section 1.4.2 of the SWMP defines emergency conditions under which the protection of
 30 public health, safety and property takes precedence over the storm water practices in the
 31 SWMP. Maintenance personnel are frequently tasked with responding to emergency
 32 situations where some elements of the storm water practices cannot be applied for the
 33 duration of the emergency. Under these conditions, Maintenance Managers (MMs) and
 34 the County’s Storm Water Coordinator will work directly with the RWQCB to facilitate
 35 accurate, cooperative communication.

36 **4.6.2 MAINTENANCE PRACTICES**

37 **4.6.2.1 Maintenance Work Areas and BMP Identification**

38 The County will finalize storm water municipal operations practices for the
 39 municipal operations and maintenance program on County roadways and County
 40 facilities by the end of June 2005 and implement said practices by the end of June
 41 2006.

42 Table 4.6-1 identifies the approved maintenance practices, or category of
 43 practices, that are applicable to the various maintenance activities carried out by
 44 the responsible departments.

TABLE 4.6-1: MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

Scheduling and Planning
Sediment Control
Waste Management
Spill Prevention and Control
Solid Waste Management
Hazardous Waste Management
Contaminated Soil Management
Sanitary/Septic Waste Management
Liquid Waste Management
Concrete Waste Management
Materials Handling
Material Delivery and Storage
Material Use
Vehicle and Equipment Operations
Vehicle and Equipment Fueling
Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance
Paving Operations Procedures
Water Conservation Practices
Water/Irrigation

TABLE 4.6-1: MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

Safer Alternative Products
Drainage Facilities
Illicit Connection Detection, Reporting, and Removal
Illegal Discharge Control
Litter and Debris
Litter and Debris
Anti-Litter Signs
Chemical Vegetation Control
Vegetated Slope Inspection
Snow Removal and De-Icing Agents
Storm Water Dewatering Operations (temporary pumping operations)
Sweeping
Maintenance Facility Housekeeping Practices

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The objective of implementing maintenance practices is to provide preventative measures to ensure that maintenance activities are conducted in a manner that reduces the amount of pollutants discharged to surface waters via the County’s storm water drainage systems. The County’s maintenance activities involve the use of a variety of products. Under normal, intended conditions of use, these materials are not considered “pollutants of concern.” However, if these products are used, stored, spilled or disposed of in a way that may cause them to contact storm water or enter storm water drainage systems, they may become a concern for water quality. Potential pollutants of concern for the County’s maintenance activities include petroleum products, sediments, trash and debris, metals, acidic/basic materials, nutrients, solvents, waste paint, herbicides, pesticides, and others. Many of these potential pollutants can be prevented from being discharged via storm water drainage systems by selecting and implementing practices appropriate for the activity being conducted.

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The majority of maintenance activities are performed in dry weather to minimize impacts to water quality; however, conditions may exist which require some activities be conducted during wet weather.

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For some activities, maintenance personnel may select from a variety of practices for storm water pollution prevention. For example, during cleanup or repair of minor slides and slip outs, several sediment controls are available that may assist in containing sediment. Personnel will need to select one or a combination of the available control methods to address the sediment they encounter at the site.

68

4.6.2.2 Pavement and Bridge Maintenance Work Activities

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The general objectives of pavement and bridge maintenance activities are to provide public safety, protect personal property, preserve the County’s capital

71 investment, and to maintain a riding quality satisfactory to the traveling public.
72 Road surface maintenance typically involves the use of concrete, asphalt and
73 other materials to repair existing road surfaces. The typical practices for these
74 operations are similar to those for a construction site, and the MM will, in
75 addition to the maintenance practices described in this section, draw from the
76 construction site practices when directing pavement and bridge maintenance
77 activities.

78 **4.6.2.3 Slopes/Drainage/Vegetation Work Activities**

79 The maintenance activities related to slopes, drainage and vegetation typically
80 include repair, replacement and clearing of channels, ditches, culverts, under-
81 drains, horizontal drains and other elements of storm water drainage systems. As
82 with pavement maintenance, the typical practices for these operations are similar
83 to those for a construction site, and the MM will, in addition to the maintenance
84 practices described in this section, draw from the construction site practices when
85 directing slope/drainage/vegetation maintenance activities.

86 **4.6.2.4 Storm Water Drainage Facilities Inspection and Cleaning Program**

87 Maintenance personnel routinely inspect storm water drainage systems and assess
88 the need for cleaning or clearing. Drain systems will be cleaned when
89 accumulated material impairs the system's function. Ditches will routinely be
90 inspected, and as necessary, cleaned to maintain the hydraulic capacity of the
91 ditch. Ditches and gutters will be sealed or repaired when structural integrity is
92 endangered. Down-drains will be routinely inspected and cleaned or repaired as
93 necessary. Solid and liquid wastes generated by the cleaning of storm water
94 drainage system facilities are disposed of in accordance with federal and state
95 liquid and solid waste disposal regulations.

96 **4.6.2.5 Illicit Connection / Illegal Discharge (IC/ID)**

97 When IC/IDs are discovered, they will be referred to the MM for initial
98 investigation. Illegal dumping on County right-of-way or property that may
99 impact storm water quality will be removed. The MM will report all significant
100 illicit connections, illegal dumping and cleanup activities to the County's Storm
101 Water Coordinator.

102 **4.6.2.6 Litter and Debris Cleanup**

103 Litter and debris can accumulate along County roadways and on County
104 properties. The County Environmental Management Department conducts
105 periodic litter cleanup operations to maintain neat and clean appearance and
106 undertakes abatement actions against illegal dumping. In addition, the

107 Department of Transportation periodically provides litter and debris removal
108 activities to maintain safe highway conditions.

109 **4.6.2.7 Landscape Maintenance**

110 The County maintains vegetation on roadsides that is compatible with the
111 surrounding environment, safe highway use, aesthetics, and erosion and dust
112 control. However, some vegetation must be controlled to reduce the risk of
113 roadside fires, to maintain sight distances to provide safe highway operating
114 conditions and to discourage noxious weeds.

115 The vegetation management program includes chemical weed control, mechanical
116 weed control, tree and shrub pruning and tree and shrub removal. Along roads,
117 removal of vegetation is generally restricted to a narrow band adjacent to shoulder
118 edges, which is necessary to provide sight distance and protect highway
119 appurtenances, such as guardrails and signs. Vegetation management practices
120 are designed to control vegetation while minimizing soil erosion.

121 The County's vegetation control program include the following elements:

- 122 • Enhance the use of appropriate native and adapted vegetation for the
123 purpose of preventing erosion and removing pollutants in storm water
124 runoff.
- 125 • Apply herbicides in a manner that minimizes or eliminates the
126 discharge of herbicides to receiving waters, including consideration of
127 the timing of applications in relation to expected precipitation events,
128 restricting use in proximity to water bodies, and careful consideration
129 of the combinations of chemicals used.
- 130 • Restrict the application of nutrients to rates necessary to establish and
131 maintain vegetation without causing significant nutrient runoff to
132 surface water.
- 133 • Assuring that chemical control activities are performed in compliance
134 with federal, state and local regulations.

135 The County also periodically inspects roadside vegetated slopes to determine the
136 need for remedial measures. If roadsides are found to be experiencing significant
137 erosion, measures will be pursued for site-specific remedial measures to maintain
138 soil stability.

139 **4.6.2.8 Maintenance of Treatment Devices**

140 Treatment devices capture and remove pollutants from storm water before the
141 runoff is discharged to receiving wastes. After construction, and if arrangements
142 are not made with third parties to undertake on-going maintenance of these

143 devices, the County will assume responsibility to assure their on-going
144 functionality. In the case of the County's Government Center or parks, these
145 maintenance responsibilities will be carried out by the Department of General
146 Services. For facilities within the County's maintained road rights-of-way, these
147 responsibilities will be carried out by the Department of Transportation.

148 These maintenance activities will include regular inspections and maintenance to
149 allow the systems to continue to function as designed, and to facilitate periodic
150 removal and proper disposal of accumulated trash, litter, debris, sediments and
151 other pollutants. If in the MM's opinion, routine maintenance will not sufficiently
152 maintain functionality of the treatment device; this will be brought to the attention
153 of the Storm Water Coordinator.

154 **4.6.2.9 Snow and Ice Control**

155 Snow removal and ice control include snow removal operations and opening of
156 drainage inlets that get covered or blocked by snow and ice. Because salt, deicing
157 chemicals and abrasives may pollute storm water runoff, the County uses no more
158 than the minimum amount of these materials necessary for effective snow and ice
159 control.

160 **4.6.2.10 Management and Support**

161 The activities include:

- 162 • Storage, repair, and maintenance of vehicles, equipment and related
163 support materials;
- 164 • Fueling and washing of vehicles and equipment;
- 165 • Maintenance of buildings, storm water drainage systems and
166 landscaping;
- 167 • Storage of sand, salt, asphalt, rock and pesticides;
- 168 • Storage of self-generated wastes; and
- 169 • Bulk storage of sediment, litter and debris collected by road
170 maintenance activities.

171 The County implements practices to reduce the potential for storm water
172 pollution by minimizing contact between storm water and the various activities
173 conducted at the site and substances used and stored at the maintenance
174 facilities.

175 **4.6.2.11 Scheduling and Planning**

176 Description:

177 These practices involve scheduling and planning of all activities (at
178 maintenance facilities or maintenance activity sites) in a manner that
179 considers the use of practices. Planning is needed to reduce the exposure
180 of potential pollutants to wind, rain, runoff and vehicle tracking. Planning
181 is important when working in the vicinity of a drainage system or water
182 body. These practices also includes the scheduling of maintenance
183 activities and control practices to minimize potential water quality impacts
184 during rainfall events.

185 Appropriate Applications:

186 Except for emergency conditions, the following activities shall not be
187 performed during rain events:

- 188 1. asphalt cement crack and joint grinding/sealing;
- 189 2. asphalt paving;
- 190 3. structural pavement failure (dig outs);
- 191 4. pavement grinding and paving;
- 192 5. sealing operations;
- 193 6. concrete slab repair (concrete spall repair is allowed);
- 194 7. Portland cement crack and joint sealing;
- 195 8. mudjacking and drilling;
- 196 9. shoulder grading (should not be performed if runoff is visible);
- 197 10. non-landscaped chemical vegetation control;
- 198 11. curb and sidewalk repair;
- 199 12. chemical vegetation control;
- 200 13. painting;
- 201 14. thermoplastic striping and marking;
- 202 15. paint striping and marking;

203 raised/recessed pavement marker application and removal; and

204 16. outdoor vehicle and equipment maintenance.

205 Maintenance activities should be scheduled to minimize land disturbance
206 during the rainy season.

207 Implementation:

208 • During the rainy season, to the extent feasible, avoid scheduling
209 maintenance activities that could adversely affect storm water
210 quality.

211 • Establish the appropriate planting time when introducing vegetation.
212 If it is necessary to vegetate disturbed soil at other times of the year,
213 then perform more frequent inspections and maintenance.

214 Maintenance:

215 • Verify that work is progressing in accordance with the schedule. If
216 the schedule changes, revise practices as necessary.

217 • Inspect vegetation and perform maintenance to ensure it is
218 established.

219 **4.6.2.12 Sediment Control**

220 Sediment control practices for maintenance activities are essentially the same as
221 those deployed for construction activities. Therefore, details of these practices
222 are not duplicated here, but rather are as outlined the Section 4.4.

223 **4.6.2.13 Waste Management**

224 Waste management consists of implementing procedural and structural practices
225 for handling, storing and disposing of wastes generated by a maintenance
226 activity to prevent the release of waste materials into storm water discharges.
227 Waste management includes the following practices:

228 1. Spill Prevention and Control;

229 2. Solid Waste Management;

230 3. Hazardous Waste Management;

231 4. Contaminated Soil Management;

- 232 5. Sanitary/Septic Waste Management;
- 233 6. Liquid Waste Management; and
- 234 7. Concrete Waste Management.

235 These controls shall be implemented for all applicable activities, material usage
236 and site conditions.

237 **4.6.2.14 Spill Prevention and Control**

238 Description:

239 Spill prevention and control procedures and practices are implemented to
240 prevent and control spills in a manner that minimizes or prevents
241 discharge to storm water drainage systems or watercourses at maintenance
242 activity sites and maintenance facilities (see Material Use for additional
243 materials handling procedures).

244 Appropriate Applications:

- 245 • These controls apply at maintenance activity sites and at maintenance
246 facilities.
- 247 • Spill prevention and control procedures are implemented wherever non-
248 hazardous chemicals and/or hazardous substances are stored or used.
249 Substances may include, but are not limited to, soil stabilizers, dust
250 palliatives, pesticides, growth inhibitors, fertilizers, paints, de-icing
251 chemicals, fuels, lubricants and other petroleum distillates.
- 252 • To the extent that the clean up work can be accomplished safely, wastes
253 shall be contained and cleaned up immediately.

254 Implementation:

- 255 • If a spill or leak occurs in the containment area, accumulated rainwater
256 shall be evaluated to determine appropriate disposal method.
- 257 o If accumulated rainwater is hazardous, dispose of in accordance with
258 the Hazardous Waste Management practices.
- 259 o If accumulated rainwater is chemically contaminated, but non-
260 hazardous, dispose of in accordance with the Liquid Waste
261 Management practices.
- 262 • To the extent that cleanup activities and safety are not compromised,

263 spills shall be covered and protected from storm water run-on during
264 rainfall.

265 • Dry cleanup methods should be used when possible.

266 • Used cleanup materials, contaminated materials and recovered spill
267 material that is no longer suitable for its intended purpose shall be
268 disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Management
269 practices or Solid Waste Management, practices depending on waste
270 characteristics.

271 • Contaminated water used for cleaning and decontamination shall not be
272 allowed to enter storm water drainage systems or watercourses.

273 • Waste storage areas shall be kept clean, well organized and equipped
274 with cleanup supplies that are appropriate for the materials being stored.

275 • Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers and liners shall be
276 repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

277 • Tarps and similar control measures should be used to prevent spills or
278 material drift from being deposited into watercourses (e.g., during bridge
279 maintenance).

280 Maintenance:

281 • Verify that spill control cleanup materials are located near material
282 storage, unloading and use areas.

283 • Update spill prevention and control plans and stock appropriate cleanup
284 materials whenever changes occur in the types of chemicals stored on
285 site.

286 **4.6.2.15 Solid Waste Management**

287 Description:

288 Solid waste management procedures and practices are designed to
289 minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or
290 watercourses associated with the stockpiling or removal of maintenance
291 activity wastes.

292 Appropriate Applications:

293 Solid waste management practices are implemented during maintenance

294 activities that generate solid wastes. These solid wastes include, but are
295 not limited to:

296 • Maintenance wastes, including brick, mortar, asphalt concrete,
297 Portland cement, concrete, timber, steel and metal scraps, pipe and
298 electrical cuttings, non-hazardous equipment parts, Styrofoam,
299 grindings, sandblast grit and other materials used to transport and
300 package maintenance materials;

301 • Highway planting wastes, including vegetative material, plant
302 containers and packaging materials; and

303 • Litter and debris, including food containers, beverage cans, coffee
304 cups, paper bags and plastic wrappers.

305 Implementation:

306 • Use dry cleanup techniques (e.g., vacuuming, sweeping, dry rags) to
307 remove solid waste from the maintenance activity site when practicable.

308 • Recycle, reuse or properly dispose of solid waste.

309 • Storm water run-on shall be prevented from contacting stored solid
310 waste through the use of appropriately stabilized ditches, berms, dikes
311 and swales.

312 • Solid waste storage areas at maintenance facilities should be located
313 away from drainage facilities and watercourses and shall not be located
314 in areas prone to flooding or ponding.

315 • Asphalt chunks and grindings may be placed in embankments when
316 these materials are placed where they will not enter streams, lakes and
317 rivers. In addition, they may be used as road shoulder backing when
318 placed in accordance with standard construction specifications.

319 Maintenance:

320 • Periodically inspect the solid waste storage areas and review the
321 disposal procedures.

322 • Repair or replace damaged or missing ditches, berms, dikes and swales.

323 **4.6.2.16 Hazardous Waste Management**

324 Description:

325 Hazardous waste management procedures and practices are designed to
326 minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants at maintenance activity
327 sites and maintenance facilities to storm water drainage systems or
328 watercourses.

329 Appropriate Applications:

330 Hazardous waste management practices are implemented during
331 maintenance activities and at maintenance facilities that generate or store
332 hazardous waste from the use of petroleum products, asphalt products,
333 concrete curing compounds, pesticides, acids, paints, solvents, wood
334 preservatives, stains, roofing tar and any other materials considered a
335 hazardous waste.

336 Implementation:

- 337 • Hazardous waste shall be stored in sealed containers constructed of a
338 compatible material and shall be properly labeled.
- 339 • All hazardous waste shall be stored, transported and disposed in
340 accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
- 341 • Containers shall not be overfilled.
- 342 • Paintbrushes and equipment for water- and oil-based paints shall be
343 cleaned within a contained area and associated waste shall not be
344 allowed to contaminate site soils, watercourses or storm water drainage
345 systems.

346 Maintenance:

347 Periodically inspect the maintenance facility storage site to ensure all
348 requirements are met and to review the disposal procedures.

349 **4.6.2.17 Contaminated Soil Management**

350 Description:

351 These are procedures and practices to minimize or eliminate the
352 discharges of pollutants from contaminated soil/sediment to storm water
353 drainage systems or watercourses.

354 Appropriate Applications:

355 Contaminated soil/sediment generated during emergency response or other
356 maintenance activities should be collected and managed for treatment or

357 disposal.

358 Implementation:

359 • Work with the local regulatory agencies to develop options for
360 treatment, reuse and/or disposal of contaminated soil. Disposal of
361 contaminated soil shall be in accordance with the Solid Waste
362 Management practices or Hazardous Waste Management practices,
363 depending on soil characteristics.

364 • Avoid stockpiling contaminated soils or hazardous material.

365 • Do not stockpile in or near storm water drainage systems or
366 watercourses.

367 **4.6.2.18 Sanitary/Septic Waste Management**

368 Description:

369 Sanitary/septic waste management procedures and practices are designed
370 to minimize or eliminate the discharge of sanitary/septic waste materials
371 to storm drain systems or watercourses.

372 Appropriate Applications:

373 Sanitary/septic waste management practices are implemented for all
374 maintenance activities that use portable sanitary/septic waste systems.

375 Implementation:

376 • Sanitary facilities shall be located away from drainage facilities and
377 watercourses. When subjected to risk of high winds, sanitary facilities
378 shall be secured to prevent overturning.

379 • Wastewater shall not be discharged (unless the discharge is to a
380 permitted leach field or pond) or buried within the highway right-of-
381 way.

382 Maintenance:

383 • Sanitary/septic waste should be discharged to a sanitary sewer or
384 managed by a licensed hauler.

385 • Sanitary/septic waste storage and the disposal procedures should be
386 managed to prevent non-storm water discharge.

387 4.6.2.19 Liquid Waste Management

388 Description:

389 Liquid waste management procedures and practices are designed to
390 prevent the discharge of pollutants to storm water drainage systems or
391 watercourses as a result of the creation, collection or disposal of non-
392 hazardous liquid and un-permitted non-storm water discharges.

393 Appropriate Applications:

394 • Liquid waste management is applicable to maintenance activities that
395 generate non-hazardous byproducts, residuals or wastes, including
396 drilling slurries and drilling fluids; grease-free and oil-free wastewater
397 and rinse water; dredging; and other non-storm water liquid discharges.

398 • Un-permitted non-storm water discharges are prohibited, and if and
399 where such are discovered to be occurring, the MM will notify the
400 Storm Water Coordinator who will report to the RWQCB in accordance
401 with Section 9. The Storm Water Coordinator will work with the
402 responsible site manager to facilitate identifying a schedule for
403 achieving permit compliance.

404 Implementation:

405 • Non-storm water discharges to drainage paths, drain systems, and
406 watercourses are prohibited.

407 • Drilling and saw cutting fluids:

408 ○ Stick-down berms may be used to improve containment.

409 ○ Fluids may be collected by vacuum or other methods.

410 ○ Collected fluids shall be contained and recycled, evaporated or
411 discharged to the sanitary sewer system with approval from the
412 publicly owned treatment works (POTW).

413 ○ Fluids shall not be discharged to storm water drainage systems or
414 watercourses.

415 • Vactor™ liquid wastes:

416 ○ A visual inspection of water drainage facilities shall be
417 preformed prior to cleaning. If chemical contamination is
418 suspected, the MM will follow appropriate Hazardous Materials

419 Spills.

- 420 ○ Liquid waste collected in the Vactor™ trucks may be evaporated
421 or discharged to an approved temporary decanting location.

422 Maintenance:

- 423 • At the completion of the task, remove deposited solids from containment
424 areas and capturing devices.
- 425 • Check containment areas and capturing devices for damage and repair.

426 **4.6.2.20 Concrete Waste Management**

427 Description:

428 Concrete waste management procedures and practices are designed to
429 ensure that concrete wastes are properly handled and eliminate the
430 discharge of concrete waste to storm water drainage systems or
431 watercourses.

432 Appropriate Applications:

433 Concrete waste can be generated in various maintenance activities
434 including Curb and Sidewalk Repair, Mud jacking and Drilling, Drain and
435 Culvert Maintenance, Drainage Ditch and Channel Maintenance, Public
436 Facilities, Saw cutting for Loop Installation, Sign Repair and
437 Maintenance, Median Barrier and Guard Rail Repair, and Building and
438 Grounds Maintenance.

439 Implementation:

- 440 • Contracts for concrete providers require contractors to appropriately
441 manage any concrete waste and prohibit non-storm water discharges
442 generated at the job site.
- 443 • Portland cement concrete waste shall not be allowed to enter storm
444 water drainage or watercourses.
- 445 • Concrete waste from grout pumping operations shall be contained.
- 446 • Concrete residue should be collected by vacuum or shovel for proper
447 disposal. Concrete debris may be disposed of through on-site burial.
- 448 • Liquid waste can be contained in a bucket or drum with a tight-fitting lid
449 for transport and approved off-site disposal. Plastic bags may be used if

450 nothing else is available. Avoid breaking the bags by double bagging
451 and filling the bags to about one-fifth of their capacity. Allow solids to
452 settle and recycle or dispose of in accordance with the Solid Waste
453 Management practices. The liquid waste may be evaporated. Decanted
454 liquid waste shall be discharged to sanitary sewer only with the POTW's
455 approval. Decanted liquid waste may also be removed for disposal as
456 hazardous waste. Refer to the Hazardous Waste Management practices.

457 • A temporary concrete washout facility may be constructed at the
458 maintenance activity area. Below-grade concrete washout facilities are
459 preferred. Above-grade facilities are used if excavation is not practical.
460 Designated washout areas should be located at least 15 meters (50 feet)
461 away from drainage facilities.

462 • Below-grade facilities consist of a pit excavated away from
463 watercourses. Above-grade washout facilities should be bermed using
464 sandbags or straw bales.

465 Maintenance:

466 The MM shall monitor the concrete working tasks, such as saw cutting,
467 coring, grinding and grooving to ensure that concrete waste is collected
468 and disposed of properly.

469 **4.6.3 MATERIALS HANDLING**

470 Materials handling consists of implementing procedural and structural practices for
471 handling, storing and using maintenance materials in a manner that prevents the release
472 of those materials into storm water.

473 **4.6.3.1 Materials Delivery and Storage**

474 Description:

475 Material delivery and storage procedures and practices are designed for
476 the proper handling and storage of materials at the maintenance facility.
477 These procedures and practices minimize or eliminate the discharge of
478 these materials to storm water drainage systems or watercourses.

479 Appropriate Applications:

480 • These procedures are implemented at maintenance facilities involved in
481 the delivery and storage of aggregate, pesticides, fertilizers, detergents,
482 plaster, petroleum products, asphalt and concrete components, hazardous
483 chemicals, concrete compounds or other materials that may be detrimental

- 484 if released to storm water drainage systems or watercourses.
- 485 • Refer to Material Use for procedures that apply to any materials that are
486 assembled for use at a maintenance activity site.
- 487 Implementation:
- 488 • Containment facilities shall provide for an effective spill containment
489 volume equal to 110% of the largest container in the facility.
- 490 • Containment facilities shall be impervious to the materials stored there.
- 491 • Rainwater in containment facilities should be inspected prior to discharge.
492 Drain valves should remain closed except to release clean rainwater.
- 493 • Personnel at maintenance facilities shall be trained to ensure that materials
494 are properly handled and stored.
- 495 • Separation should be provided between stored containers to allow for spill
496 cleanup and emergency response cleanup.
- 497 • To provide protection from rain, bagged and boxed materials stored
498 outdoors shall be stored on pallets throughout the rainy season.
- 499 • To provide protection from rain, bagged and boxed materials shall be
500 covered prior to rain events.
- 501 • Storage areas shall be kept clean, well organized and equipped with
502 cleanup supplies for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls,
503 containment structures, covers and liners shall be repaired or replaced as
504 needed.
- 505 • Liquids stored outside shall be clearly labeled.
- 506 • Tank and delivery vehicles shall be parked so that spills can be isolated
507 and quickly contained.
- 508 Maintenance:
- 509 • Check to ensure that designated storage areas are kept clean and well
510 organized.
- 511 • Repair and/or replace perimeter controls, containment structures and
512 covers as needed to keep them functioning properly.

513 **4.6.3.2 Material Use**

514 Description:

515 Material use procedures and practices are used at maintenance facilities
516 and maintenance activity sites to minimize or eliminate the discharge of
517 materials to storm water drainage systems or watercourses.

518 Appropriate Applications:

519 These procedures are implemented at maintenance facilities and at
520 maintenance activity sites where pesticides, fertilizers, detergents, plaster,
521 petroleum products, asphalt and concrete components, hazardous
522 chemicals, concrete compounds and other material that may be
523 detrimental if released to the environment are used or prepared.

524 Implementation:

- 525 • Contract agreements with haulers who supply materials to maintenance
526 activity sites should require them to supply materials in accordance with
527 the requirements of these practices.

- 528 • Latex paint and paint cans, used brushes, rags, absorbent materials and
529 drop cloths shall be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local
530 requirements.

- 531 • Do not remove the original product label from a container as it contains
532 important spill cleanup and disposal information. Make copies of the
533 label information or material safety data sheet if needed. Use the entire
534 product before disposing of the container. Appropriately label all
535 secondary containers.

- 536 • Mix paint indoors or in a containment area. Do not clean paintbrushes or
537 rinse paint containers into a street, gutter, storm water drainage systems or
538 watercourses. Rinsate from latex paint cleaning may be recycled or
539 discharged to the sanitary sewer. Empty paint cans shall be dry prior to
540 disposal as solid waste. See Liquid Waste Management and Hazardous
541 Waste Management practices.

- 542 • Paint should be loaded into spray equipment at a maintenance facility.
543 Nearby drain inlets should be protected at maintenance facilities and at
544 maintenance activity site.

- 545 • Use materials only where and when needed to complete the maintenance
546 activity. Consider the use of safer alternative materials when possible.

- 547 Reduce or eliminate use of hazardous materials on site when possible.
- 548 • Keep a supply of spill cleanup material near material use areas. Train
549 employees in spill cleanup procedures.
- 550 • Secure loads and cover loose materials in open-bed trucks during hauling
551 to activity sites.
- 552 • Truck beds should be inspected after the completion of material delivery
553 to avoid depositing materials on the roadway.
- 554 • Use proper loading and unloading techniques to prevent spills.

555 **4.6.4 VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT OPERATIONS**

556 Vehicle and equipment operations, procedures and practices are designed to minimize or
557 eliminate the discharge of pollutants from vehicle and equipment fueling and
558 maintenance operations to storm water drainage systems or watercourses.

559 **4.6.4.1 Vehicle and Equipment Fueling**

560 Description:

561 Vehicle and equipment fueling procedures and practices are designed to
562 minimize or eliminate the discharge of fuel spills and leaks into storm
563 water drainage systems or watercourses during equipment fueling and the
564 bulk delivery of fuel.

565 Appropriate Applications:

566 These procedures apply at all maintenance sites where vehicle and
567 equipment fueling occurs.

568 Implementation:

- 569 ■ Bulk Fuel Delivery
- 570 • All aboveground and underground storage tanks shall be equipped
571 with automatic overfill shutoff valves.
- 572 • Implement Spill Prevention and Control practices to prevent
573 spillage.
- 574 ■ Fueling Areas
- 575 • Existing fueling areas are covered, paved with Portland cement

- 576 concrete, and incorporate vapor recovery nozzles.
- 577 • Newly constructed or significantly reconstructed fueling areas will
578 incorporate latest, applicable gasoline outlet practices.
- 579 ▪ Fueling Area Maintenance
- 580 • Absorbent spill cleanup materials or drip pans shall be stored in
581 fueling and maintenance areas and used materials shall be disposed
582 in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Management practices .
- 583 • Immediately clean up leaks and drips.
- 584 • Hosing off the fueling area is prohibited. Dry shop clean up
585 practices should be used.
- 586 • Manage wastes to reduce adverse impacts on storm water quality
587 (see Solid Waste Management and Hazardous Waste
588 Management). Fueling areas should be kept free of litter and debris
589 that might become contaminated with petroleum products.
- 590 • Maintain and implement a current spill response plan for fueling
591 operations.
- 592 ▪ Refueling Practices
- 593 • Nozzles used at dedicated fueling areas shall be equipped with an
594 automatic shutoff.
- 595 • Warnings against “topping off” fuel tanks should be posted at fuel
596 dispensers.
- 597 • Fueling operations shall not be left unattended.
- 598 • Fueling in the field shall not be performed near unprotected
599 drainage facilities or watercourses. See Spill Prevention and
600 Control practices for pollution prevention and response
601 requirements.
- 602 Maintenance:
- 603 • Inspect fueling facilities daily and correct deficiencies.
- 604 • Keep a supply of spill cleanup materials on site.

605 4.6.4.2 Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

606 Description:

607 Vehicle and equipment maintenance procedures and practices are
608 designed to minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants to storm
609 water drainage systems or watercourses from vehicle and equipment
610 maintenance.

611 Appropriate Applications:

- 612 • These procedures are applied where equipment and vehicles are stored or
613 repaired.
- 614 • These procedures should be implemented to avoid prohibited discharges to
615 the storm water drainage system of fuel, oil, hydraulic fluid, brake fluid,
616 antifreeze and wiper fluid.

617 Implementation:

618 ■ Indoor Maintenance

- 619 • Maintenance should be performed in covered or indoor
620 maintenance areas where potential pollutants cannot be introduced
621 into storm water drainage systems.

622 ■ Field or Outdoor Maintenance

- 623 • Drip pans or absorbent materials shall be used during vehicle and
624 equipment maintenance work that involves fluids.
- 625 • See Spill Prevention and Control practices for pollution prevention
626 and response measures.
- 627 • The Contaminated Soil Management practices should be used to
628 address any contaminated soil resulting from vehicle or equipment
629 repair.
- 630 • Use dry methods (e.g., dry rags, vacuuming or sweeping) for
631 cleaning associated with maintenance in outdoor areas.

632 ■ General Maintenance (in the field or in the yard)

- 633 • Vehicles and equipment shall be inspected for leaks on a regular
634 basis. Significant leaks should be repaired; problematic vehicles
635 or equipment should be removed from the maintenance activity

- 636 site.
- 637 • All parts washing should be performed in designated areas. Do not
638 wash parts where wash waste cannot be captured. Use self-
639 contained sinks or tanks when working with solvents.
- 640 • Non-storm water discharges into storm water drainage systems or
641 watercourses are prohibited.
- 642 • Wastes should be collected and reused, recycled, removed or
643 disposed of in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Management
644 practices.
- 645 • Vehicle and equipment washing is conducted in designated areas
646 only.

647 Maintenance:

- 648 • Inspect areas following field maintenance areas to ensure there is no
649 residual contamination that might impact storm water quality. Clean areas
650 as needed using dry methods, (e.g., sweeping or vacuuming).
- 651 • Maintain waste fluid containers in leak-proof condition.
- 652 ○ Inspect equipment for damaged hoses and leaky gaskets. Repair or
653 replace as necessary.

654 **4.6.5 PAVING OPERATIONS PROCEDURES**

655 Paving operations practices for maintenance activities are essentially the same as those
656 deployed for similar construction activities. Therefore, details of these practices are not
657 duplicated here, but rather are as outlined the Section 4.4.

658 **4.6.6 WATER CONSERVATION PRACTICES**

659 Description:

660 Water conservation practices minimize water use during a maintenance activity to
661 avoid causing erosion and/or the transport of pollutants into the drainage system
662 and watercourses. Non-storm water discharges to storm water drainage systems
663 and watercourses are prohibited unless the discharge is authorized by a separate
664 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, exempted or
665 conditionally exempt as provided in the Permit.

666 Appropriate Applications:

667 • All maintenance activities should practice water conservation.

668 • Un-permitted non-storm water discharges are prohibited.

669 Implementation:

670 • Keep water application equipment in good working condition.

671 • Avoid using water to clean maintenance areas. Use dry cleanup methods where
672 practical. Sweep paved areas.

673 • Use the minimum amount of water needed to complete each maintenance activity.

674 Maintenance:

675 Repair water supply and distribution equipment to minimize the loss of water.

676 **4.6.7 WATER / IRRIGATION**

677 Description:

678 Some non-storm water discharges are conditionally exempt by the Permit. The
679 conditionally exempt non-storm water discharges include irrigation water, potable
680 water sources and water from line and hydrant flushing. This practice is intended
681 to reduce the possibility for the discharge of potential pollutants associated with
682 conditionally exempt discharges from irrigation systems, planned and unplanned
683 discharges from potable water sources and water line or hydrant flushing.

684 Appropriate Applications:

685 This practice should be implemented on a site-specific basis whenever the above
686 activities or discharges occur.

687 Implementation:

688 • When possible, flushed water should be applied for landscaping purposes.

689 • Shut off the water source to isolate a broken line, sprinkler or valve as soon as
690 possible to minimize the loss of water.

691 • Repair broken water lines as soon as possible.

692 • Protect downstream storm water drainage systems and watercourses from water

693 • Manage irrigation systems to ensure the appropriate amount of water is used and
694 runoff is minimized.

695 4.6.8 SAFER ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS**696 Description:**

697 A variety of products that may be harmful to the environment if they come into
698 contact with surface waters are used in maintenance facilities and activities. In
699 some cases, a less harmful product that serves the same purpose can replace a
700 harmful product. The less harmful product is referred to as a safer alternative
701 product. The primary purpose of using safer alternative products is to reduce the
702 potential for the discharge of toxic products to drainage paths, storm water
703 drainage systems or watercourses.

704 Appropriate Applications:

705 Safer alternative products should be considered for all maintenance activities. For
706 example, when safer alternative products exist for cleaning products, paints,
707 herbicides, automotive products and fertilizers, they should be used where
708 practical and effective. Alternative products may not be available, effective or
709 cost effective in every situation.

710 Implementation:

- 711 • Create awareness among employees regarding the benefits of safer alternative
712 products.
- 713 • The use of a safer alternative product may still result in the discharge of harmful
714 materials to drainage paths, storm water drainage systems or watercourses. Use
715 safer alternative products in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations.

716 4.6.9 DRAINAGE FACILITIES**717 Description:**

718 Culverts, ditches, gutters, underdrains, horizontal drains and downdrains require
719 inspection and cleaning to prevent flooding and to provide for sufficient hydraulic
720 capacity.

721 Appropriate Applications:

722 These procedures are applicable to maintenance personnel who conduct storm
723 water drainage system facilities inspection and cleaning. practices implementation
724 will depend on traffic, weather, available resources, safety conditions and access
725 to storm water drainage systems.

726 Implementation:

- 727 • Inspect culverts, ditches, gutters, underdrains, horizontal drains, downdrains and
728 outlets periodically to determine if cleaning is required or if damage has occurred.
- 729 • Clean culverts to maintain sufficient hydraulic capacity of the culvert.
- 730 • Inspect ditches and gutters to maintain sufficient hydraulic capacity. Schedule
731 routine ditch-cleaning activities designed to maintain sufficient hydraulic capacity
732 of ditches prior to the rainy season.
- 733 • When cleaning drainage ditches below cut slopes or steep slopes, avoid cutting
734 the toe of the slope. This can also prevent damage to the ditch.
- 735 • Where waterways are affected, coordinate maintenance activities with the
736 appropriate regulatory agency.

737 **4.6.10 ILLICIT CONNECTION DETECTION, REPORTING AND REMOVAL**

738 Description:

- 739 • This procedure directs maintenance staff to detect and report illicit connections
740 and illegal discharges into County storm water drainage systems. Illicit
741 connections are connections to County drainage systems that have not been
742 approved by the County.
- 743 • This management practice is directed at continuous or recurring discharges
744 through direct connections to storm water drainage systems or as run-on from
745 adjacent properties.

746 Appropriate Applications:

747 Detecting and reporting illicit connections applies to all field activities performed
748 by maintenance staff. If an illicit connection is discovered, it shall be reported.

749 Implementation:

- 750 • Maintenance personnel, as part of their routine inspections and maintenance
751 work, shall report all observed suspected illicit connections to the Storm Water
752 Coordinator who will appropriately pursue, in cooperation with the involved
753 County Departments, removal / cleanup operations.
- 754 • All public-initiated calls should be should be logged, routed to the Storm Water
755 Coordinator, and as appropriate, responded to.

756 4.6.11 ILLEGAL DISCHARGE CONTROL

757 Description:

- 758 • This procedure calls for maintenance field staff who detects significant illegal
759 dumping, discharges and spills of pollutants on County properties and facilities to
760 report said incident to the MM.
- 761 • This practice is directed at incidents involving dumping, discharges or spills that
762 affect storm water.

763 Appropriate Applications:

764 Any spills or dumped materials that are observed by maintenance personnel shall
765 be reported.

766 Implementation:

- 767 • Maintenance personnel shall report to the MM any observed illegal dumping or
768 discharges as part of their routine inspections and maintenance work.
- 769 • MM will report any significant observed illegal dumping to the County's Storm
770 Water Coordinator who will appropriately pursue, in cooperation with the
771 involved County Departments, removal / cleanup operations.
- 772 • Spill cleanup will be handled in accordance with the legal authority presented in
773 Section 2.8 of the SWMP.

774 4.6.12 LITTER AND DEBRIS REMOVAL

775 Litter and debris removal consists of removing and properly disposing of litter and
776 implementing procedures to discourage littering to reduce the discharge of potential
777 pollutants.

778 4.6.12.1 Litter and Debris

779 Description:

780 These measures are intended to reduce the discharge of litter to storm
781 water drainage systems or watercourses.

782 Appropriate Applications:

783 This practices should be implemented on a site-specific basis whenever
784 litter and debris removal activities are performed. The frequency of
785 removal is dependent on the availability of resources, safety

786 considerations and rate of accumulation.

787 Implementation:

- 788 • Remove litter and debris from drainage grates, trash racks and ditch
789 lines to maintain sufficient hydraulic capacity.
- 790 ○ Secure or cover transported materials, equipment and supplies to
791 and from maintenance activity sites to prevent spillage to the
792 roadway.
- 793 ○ Place litter containers at convenient locations in parks and other
794 public places where litter might be generated.

795 **4.6.12.2 Anti-Litter Signs**

796 Description:

797 The County conducts a signage program that warns against dumping and
798 littering (e.g., “No Dumping” and “\$1,000 Fine for Littering”). These
799 signs are placed along highways and other locations where littering
800 violations are frequent. The purpose of this program is to discourage
801 littering by educating the public.

802 Appropriate Applications:

803 Anti-litter signs may be placed in parks and other locations that receive an
804 unsightly amount of litter.

805 Implementation:

806 Maintenance personnel routinely visit County properties in their assigned
807 areas to observe overall conditions and assess the need for litter removal
808 and installation of anti-litter signs. Anti-litter signs can be requested when
809 litter removal becomes a concern.

810 **4.6.13 CHEMICAL VEGETATION CONTROL**

811 Description:

812 This practice is intended to reduce the potential for the discharge of pollutants
813 generated during chemical vegetation control. This method of vegetation control
814 uses herbicides to eliminate and prevent weed growth. The purpose is to control
815 weed growth that may threaten the growth and health of preferred vegetation that
816 may become a fire hazard or raise other safety concerns.

817 Appropriate Applications:

818 The practices should be implemented on a site-specific basis whenever chemical
819 vegetation control activities are performed.

820 Implementation:

- 821 • The County follows an approved list of chemicals.
- 822 • To achieve effective vegetation control through chemical application and to
823 minimize chemical usage, maintenance personnel consider the following: (1) use
824 of the correct herbicide, (2) seasonal timing of applications, (3) timing in relation
825 to expected precipitation events, (4) proximity to water bodies, (5) speed of travel
826 when applying herbicides and (6) proper agitation of the spray tank.
- 827 • Apply herbicides in compliance with federal, state and local pesticide use
828 regulations.
- 829 • Apply herbicides only as specified on the label.
- 830 • Activities are monitored by licensed Agricultural Pest Control Advisers.
- 831 • Minimize the use of herbicides in or near storm water drainage systems or
832 watercourses.
- 833 • Calibrate the spray rig to ensure accurate application of herbicides.
- 834 • Avoid using overhead irrigation for as long as the chemical manufacturer
835 recommends after applying herbicides.

836 **4.6.14 VEGETATED SLOPE INSPECTION**

837 Description:

838 The County routinely reviews vegetated slopes and concentrated flow areas to
839 identify problematic slopes and drainage courses for repair to reduce erosion.

840 Appropriate Application:

841 Slope and unpaved areas are regularly inspected.

842 Implementation:

843 The following general steps are taken to re-establish vegetation:

- 844 • Slopes and concentrated flow areas with erosion problems that are

845 within the abilities of the maintenance personnel are repaired as
846 resources allow.

847 • Problem slopes and areas of concentrated flow with erosion concerns
848 that cannot be repaired by the maintenance personnel are reported to the
849 County's Storm Water Coordinator to be considered for inclusion within
850 the County's Capital Improvement Program.

851 **4.6.15 SNOW REMOVAL AND DE-ICING AGENTS**

852 Description:

853 This practice is intended to minimize the discharge of potential pollutants
854 generated during ice control activities. Ice control activities include:

- 855 • The mechanical spreading of abrasives and de-icing agents;
- 856 • The mechanical removal of snow from the travel way;
- 857 • Opening of drains covered by snow and ice; and
- 858 • Appropriate Applications:
 - 859 ○ This practice provides guidance to maintenance personnel who are
860 involved in snow and ice removal activities. The use or nonuse of
861 de-icing agents is based on driver safety, traffic delay, geographic
862 location, weather and total cost.

863 Implementation:

- 864 • Calibrate spreader to avoid the over-application of de-icing agents or
865 abrasives. Use no more than is necessary for snow and ice control.
- 866 • Store de-icing agents (e.g., salt) in appropriate areas, bunkers or storage
867 buildings. Do not store de-icing agents where they will come into contact with
868 storm water runoff.
- 869 • Minimize blowing, pushing or dumping snow into the watercourse.

870

870

**871 4.6.16 STORM WATER DEWATERING OPERATIONS (TEMPORARY PUMPING
872 OPERATIONS)**

873 Description:

874 The RWQCB has issued a general permit for dewatering, Order No. CAG995001.
875 Qualifying dewatering operations are able to obtain permit coverage under this
876 Order by submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI) to the Regional Board. Allowable
877 discharges must not contain significant quantities of pollutants and be either four
878 months or less in duration, or not exceed 0.25 mgd during dry weather. Under the
879 terms of the permit, monitoring and reporting are required. Copies of this permit
880 are available from the Regional Board or from the County's Storm Water
881 Coordinator.

882 These practices are implemented where accumulated storm water is pumped.
883 This practices addresses discharge from portable pumps used by maintenance
884 personnel during normal maintenance operations.

885 Appropriate Applications:

886 These practices are implemented where significant amounts of accumulated storm
887 water are pumped as part of a routine (non-emergency) maintenance activity.

888 Implementation:

- 889 • Consult with the County's Storm Water Coordinator.
- 890 • Ensure that dewatering discharges do not cause erosion at the discharge point.
- 891 • Pumping systems should be equipped with screens on the intake.
- 892 • Intakes should be located to reduce the pumping of sediment. Pumping areas near
893 the water surface often contain less sediment than areas near the bottom.
- 894 • Sediment control practices may be installed at intake or outlet locations to trap
895 excessive sediment.

896 4.6.17 SWEEPING

897 Description:

898 Sweeping is performed to remove litter, debris and de-icing abrasives from paved
899 roads and shoulders. Sweeping to reduce track-out generally involves manual

900 sweeping or use of small equipment, but does not exclude the use of sweepers
901 should the need arise (e.g., for slides and slip-outs).

902 Appropriate Applications:

- 903 • Sweeping operations may be used to assist in removing material from small
904 slides, litter and debris from roadways and other paved areas.
- 905 • Sweeping may be implemented anywhere sediment is tracked from off-road
906 maintenance activity sites onto public or private paved roads typically at the
907 points of egress.

908 Implementation:

909 Highway Sweeping:

- 910 • Do not sweep up any unknown substance that may be potentially
911 hazardous.
- 912 • Adjust brooms to maximize the efficiency of sweeping operations.
- 913 • Do not load hoppers beyond their capacity.
- 914 • Dispose of waste in accordance with local regulations and Solid Waste
915 Management practices. Clean materials may be incorporated into the
916 maintenance activity area.

917 Tracking Control:

- 918 • Substantially visible sediment shall be swept from the maintenance
919 activity site.
- 920 • If not mixed with debris or trash, consider incorporating the removed
921 sediment back into the maintenance activity site.
- 922 • Washing and rinsing of equipment shall be performed in designated areas
923 and the resulting runoff shall not be discharged to the storm drain system.

924 **4.6.18 MAINTENANCE FACILITY HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES**

925 Description:

926 Daily activities occurring at maintenance facilities often involve the use of
927 materials and products that are potentially harmful to the environment. Good
928 housekeeping practices are intended to eliminate the potential for discharge of

SECTION 4.6

Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

929 pollutants to drainage paths, storm water drainage systems or watercourses by
930 promoting efficient and safe storage, use and cleanup of potentially harmful
931 materials.

932 Appropriate Applications:

933 Proper housekeeping practices apply to all maintenance personnel who participate
934 in activities that have a potential to generate pollutants that could discharge to
935 storm water drainage systems or watercourses.

936 Implementation:

937 • Maintain clean, orderly material and equipment storage areas. Provide covers for
938 materials as needed.

939 • All solid wastes shall be managed per the requirements of the Solid Waste
940 Management practices.

941 • Seek to maintain equipment and buildings to avoid peeling paint, rust and
942 degradation.

943 • Sweep or vacuum maintenance facility floors and pavement. If mopping is used to
944 clean floors or pavement, contain the mop water and dispose of it to the sanitary
945 sewer system not into the parking lot, street, gutter or drain inlet.

946 • Secure and close lids on waste receptacles and bins when not in use.

947 • Clean up spills promptly. See Spill Prevention and Control practices.

948 • Use drip pans or absorbent material under vehicles and equipment with
949 significant leaks to capture fluids.

950 • If it is necessary to use a hose for cleaning, wash water shall not be discharged to
951 watercourses.

952 • Minimize the possibility of storm water pollution from outdoor waste receptacles
953 by doing at least one of the following:

954 ○ Use only watertight waste receptacle(s) and keep the lid(s) closed;

955 ○ Grade and pave the waste receptacle area to prevent run-on of storm
956 water;

957 ○ Install a roof over the waste receptacle area; or

958 • Install a low containment berm around the waste receptacle area.

959 4.6.19 NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES**960 4.6.19.1 County Maintenance Non-Storm Water Discharges**

961 The Permit prohibits the discharge of non-permitted non-storm water
962 discharges. Maintenance personnel shall:

- 963 • Determine where the flow of a leak, spill or other runoff will travel;
- 964 • Identify drain inlets and watercourses, both upstream and downstream of
965 the work site;
- 966 • Ensure that vehicles and equipment are clean and in good operating
967 condition by conducting pre-operational inspections of vehicles and
968 equipment;
- 969 • Set up work areas to minimize the tracking of material by vehicles and
970 equipment in and out of the work area;
- 971 • Collect and properly dispose of wastes, materials removed as a result of
972 equipment and system maintenance, and litter and debris;
- 973 • Secure lids on containers of liquids when not in use;
- 974 • Control spills promptly and transport collected materials back to a
975 maintenance facility or approved storage site; and
- 976 • Have appropriate spill cleanup material on site and protect drainage
977 systems and watercourses from spilled material.

978 On maintenance sites, the MM shall be alert to and report the potential presence
979 of illicit connections to the County's storm drain system or illicit discharges.

980 The Permit prohibits the discharge of non-permitted non-storm water
981 discharges. If a significant unauthorized non-storm water discharge occurs, the
982 MM will report the discharge to the County's Storm Water Coordinator within
983 12 hours. The Storm Water Coordinator will coordinate the reporting of
984 prohibited non-storm discharges to the RWQCB in accordance with the
985 procedures in Section 5.7.

986 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge occurs as a result of the
987 maintenance activity or are within the purview of municipal operations, the MM
988 shall endeavor to immediately halt the discharge and take measures to minimize
989 any potential re-occurrence.

990 If the non-permitted non-storm water discharge is not as a result of the
991 maintenance activity or within the purview of municipal operations, the
992 County's Storm Water Coordinator will address remediation of the situation
993 with the responsible authorities.

994 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will log and track each reported non-
995 permitted non-storm water discharge to conclusion. The on-going log will be
996 included within the Annual Report.

997 Storm water quality practices to control or prevent non-storm water discharges
998 that may result from the routine County maintenance activities are described in
999 the above practices.

1000 The County will finalize non-storm water maintenance practices for municipal
1001 operations program on County roadways and County facilities by the end of
1002 June 2005 and implement said practices by the end of June 2006.

1003 **4.6.19.2 Spills**

1004 The safe and efficient emergency response to Hazardous Materials events in El
1005 Dorado County depends on joint cooperation between multiple agencies. The
1006 Solid Waste and Hazardous Material Division of the Environmental
1007 Management Department leads this important team effort with close
1008 cooperation with law enforcement, fire and allied health agency officers and
1009 staff. Special attention is given to the hazardous materials used and transported
1010 frequently in the county by our local businesses.

1011 Training to prepare for possible biological, nuclear, incendiary, chemical and
1012 explosive hazards used in criminal or terrorist activities are also provided.
1013 Preparedness activities include training of team members to appropriate levels
1014 of response capability, multi-agency workshops, tabletop exercises, field
1015 training and drills. The Environmental Management Department is responsible
1016 for after hours on-call support for all Department Programs including HazMat,
1017 Air Pollution, Sewage Spills, Water Pollution, Food Poisonings, and Union
1018 Mine Landfill Issues in a typical year, 40 – 50 incidents are responded to
1019 including routine spills of vehicle fuels, unknown white powders in the mail,
1020 the release of toxic Chlorine gas, as well as, a variety of other hazardous
1021 conditions.

1022 The County has developed and implemented a Hazardous Materials Emergency
1023 Response Plan (Jan. 1995; Updated Oct. 2003), which establishes the policies,
1024 responsibilities, and procedures required to protect the health and safety of El
1025 Dorado County's citizens, the environment and public and private property
1026 from the effects of hazardous materials incidents. The plan details emergency
1027 response organization for incidents, and defines operational concepts and

1028 procedures associated with the created Interagency Hazardous Materials
1029 Response Team (HMRT). This is an operational plan as well as a reference
1030 document for pre-emergency planning as well as emergency response. The
1031 County reviews the plan at least annually, with an update to the plan, as needed.

1032 Depending on the circumstances of the spill, this coordination is made directly
1033 or through the OES. All significant spill incidents are reported to the County's
1034 Storm Water Coordinator.

1035 **4.6.19.3 Exempt and Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges**

1036 This section describes the County's program for controlling pollutants from
1037 permitted non-storm water discharges from maintenance facilities or activities.
1038 Previously described spill prevention, waste management and other practices
1039 will be implemented to ensure that these discharges remain uncontaminated.
1040 These practices eliminate or reduce permitted non-storm water discharges and
1041 reduce water pollution from the County's maintenance activities and operations.

1042 Permitted non-storm water discharges through the County's storm water
1043 drainage systems are divided into three categories:

1044 o Discharges authorized by a separate NPDES permit: Since these
1045 discharges have a separate permit, they are not addressed by this
1046 SWMP.

1047 o Exempted discharges: These discharges have not been found to contain
1048 significant pollutant loads and can therefore be discharged without direct
1049 application of storm water practices.

1050 • These discharges include:

1051 ▪ water line flushing;

1052 ▪ landscape irrigation;

1053 ▪ diverted stream flows;

1054 ▪ rising ground waters;

1055 ▪ uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as defined at
1056 40 CRF §35.2005(20)) to separate storm sewers;

1057 ▪ uncontaminated pumped ground water;

1058 ▪ discharges from potable water sources;

SECTION 4.6

Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

- 1059 ▪ fountain drains;
- 1060 ▪ air conditioning condensation;
- 1061 ▪ irrigation water;
- 1062 ▪ springs;
- 1063 ▪ water from crawl space pumps;
- 1064 ▪ footing drains;
- 1065 ▪ lawn watering;
- 1066 ▪ individual residential car washing
- 1067 ▪ flows from riparian habitats and wetlands; and
- 1068 ▪ de-chlorinated swimming pool discharges.

- 1069 o Conditionally exempt discharges: The conditionally exempt discharges
1070 associated with maintenance activities and their associated practices are
1071 identified in Table 4.6-2

- 1072

1072

TABLE 4.6-2: NON-STORM WATER PRACTICES FOR CONDITIONALLY EXEMPT DISCHARGES

Non-Storm Water Discharges	Practice Titles
a. Pumped ground or accumulated rain water	Dewatering Operations
b. Non-potable irrigation water	Non-potable Water/Irrigation

1073

1074 The RWQCB has issued a general permit for dewatering, Order No.
 1075 CAG995001. Qualifying dewatering operations are able to obtain permit
 1076 coverage under this Order by submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI) to the
 1077 Regional Board. Allowable discharges must not contain significant quantities
 1078 of pollutants and be either four months or less in duration, or not exceed 0.25
 1079 mgd during dry weather. Under the terms of the permit, monitoring and
 1080 reporting are required. Copies of this permit are available from the Regional
 1081 Board or from the County’s Storm Water Coordinator.

1082 Non-potable irrigation water, landscape irrigation and lawn or garden watering
 1083 runoff, though minimized, will occur on a regular basis as a result of excess
 1084 irrigation water running off vegetated and nearby impervious areas and into
 1085 storm drains. While these discharges are not expected to result in the discharge
 1086 of appreciable pollutants, the County on an on-going basis will monitor these
 1087 discharges. If these activities are subsequently found to be resulting in an
 1088 unacceptable level of pollutant discharges, the County will undertake to
 1089 develop, or require the responsible discharging party to develop, a pollution
 1090 management plan.

1091 **4.6.19.4 Non-permitted Non-Storm Water Discharges**

1092 The MM will report all instances of non-permitted non-storm water discharges
 1093 to the County’s Storm Water Coordinator.

1094 **4.6.20 MAINTENANCE OF TREATMENT DEVICES**

1095 Treatment devices capture and remove pollutants from storm water before the runoff is
 1096 discharged to receiving wastes. After construction, and if arrangements are not made
 1097 with third parties to undertake on-going maintenance of these devices, the County will
 1098 assume responsibility to assure their on-going functionality. In the case of the County’s
 1099 Government Center or parks, these maintenance responsibilities will be carried out by the
 1100 Department of General Services. For facilities within the County’s maintained road

1101 rights-of-way, these responsibilities will be carried out by the Department of
1102 Transportation.

1103 Guidelines for maintaining these devices is yet in the formative stage, but until more
1104 definitive guidance is available the maintenance activities will focus on assuring that
1105 these devices continue to operate as designed and intended. The County will finalize
1106 development of storm water treatment BMP guidelines to capture and remove pollutants
1107 from storm water prior to discharging to receiving waters by the end of June 2006.

1108 These maintenance activities will include regular inspections and maintenance to allow
1109 the systems to continue to function as designed, and to facilitate periodic removal and
1110 proper disposal of accumulated trash, litter, debris, sediments and other pollutants. If in
1111 the maintenance manager's opinion, routine maintenance will not sufficiently maintain
1112 functionality of the treatment device, this will be brought to the attention of the County
1113 Storm Water Coordinator. Sufficiency inspections of storm water treatment facilities that
1114 capture and remove pollutants from storm water prior to discharging to receiving waters
1115 will commence by the end of June 2007.

1116 **4.6.21 FACILITY POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS**

1117 Facility Pollution Prevention Plans (FPPP) will be developed for each County highway
1118 maintenance facility owned or operated by the County by the end of June 2005. The
1119 FPPPs will describe the activities conducted at the facility and the practices to be
1120 implemented to reduce the discharge of pollutants in storm water runoff from these
1121 facilities.

1122 Site MMs inspect their maintenance facilities regularly to monitor the implementation
1123 and adequacy of the practices. Any observed instances of non-compliance will be
1124 reported to the County's Storm Water Coordinator, and a schedule will be established to
1125 achieve compliance.

1126 MMs will be responsible for ensuring that the FPPPs are developed and maintained for
1127 each maintenance facility.

1128 In addition to regular facility inspections conducted by the facility supervisor, the
1129 County's Storm Water Coordinator will review each facility, each year. These reviews
1130 will monitor each facility's FPPP and include a thorough yard inspection. Any observed
1131 instances of noncompliance will be reported in accordance with the procedures provided
1132 in Section 9.

1133 **4.6.22 EMPLOYEE TRAINING PROGRAM**

1134 The County's practice is to provide education and training to ensure that all of its

SECTION 4.6

Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

1135 employees have the knowledge and skills necessary to perform their functions effectively
1136 and efficiently.

1137 The County provides employee-training programs with curricula and materials tailored to
1138 specific topics and personnel levels. These programs are evaluated and refined
1139 periodically to ensure the educational messages are both timely and effective.

1140 The purpose of the Employee Storm Water Training Program is to teach appropriate
1141 employees about the following:

- 1142 • Storm water characteristics and water quality issues;
- 1143 • The roles and responsibilities of the various County Departments and individuals
1144 within these Departments regarding implementation of the SWMP to achieve
1145 Permit compliance;
- 1146 • Activities and practices conducted by County employees that are or could be
1147 sources of storm water pollution and non-storm water discharges;
- 1148 • practices to be implemented in conjunction with various activities; and
- 1149 • How to use the SWMP and available guidance materials to select and implement
1150 practices.

1151 The County's strategy for training current and new employees consists of two parts, as
1152 follows:

- 1153 • Developing and presenting focused training that is targeted to specific topics,
1154 specific groups within the County, or specific levels of personnel summarized in
1155 Table 4.6-3.
- 1156 • Developing storm water training components that will be incorporated into
1157 routine training programs. This strategy is considered to have the highest long-
1158 term effectiveness because the County's employees learn to incorporate storm
1159 water quality thinking and pollution prevention practices into all aspects of their
1160 work.

1161 The County's employees are classified into several functional groups. Table 4.6-3
1162 identifies the functional groups that have storm water quality management
1163 responsibilities.

1164

1164 **TABLE 4.6-3: THE COUNTY’S FUNCTIONAL GROUPS**

Functional Group	Area of Responsibility
Planning and Design	Responsible for overseeing the development and implementation of practices through the project planning and design phase for construction projects.
Construction	Responsible for overseeing the development and implementation of practices relating to the construction stage of projects.
Maintenance	Responsible for development and implementation of practices relating to the maintenance of County facilities.

1165 As part of the Annual Report, the County’s Storm Water Coordinator will evaluate the
 1166 training provided to the County’s employees and assess its effectiveness.

1167 **4.6.22.1 Storm Water Training**

1168 Storm water training materials will be developed by the County’s Storm Water
 1169 Coordinator in conjunction with the County’s SWAC. These materials will
 1170 provide a comprehensive review of storm water pollution prevention concepts
 1171 and practices contained in this SWMP, however they will additionally draw
 1172 from training and guidance materials available from Caltrans, EPA, the State
 1173 and Regional Boards, and the California Storm Water Quality Association. The
 1174 materials will focus on storm water pollution prevention measures and practices
 1175 involved in routine activities carried out by the various functional groups. In
 1176 addition, these training opportunities will provide an opportunity for staff to
 1177 discuss issues with the County’s SWAC members and Storm Water
 1178 Coordinator. Topics and training materials will be updated, as needed, to reflect
 1179 annual modifications the County’s storm water management program.

1180 Training materials will focus on revisions to the various County programs that
 1181 are and will be developed for each of the functional activities identified below.

- 1182 • **General Storm Water Management:** Materials will cover all
 1183 aspects of the Permit and the SWMP to support the overall
 1184 implementation of the storm water management program.
- 1185 • **Storm Water Management for Planning and Design of**
 1186 **Construction Projects:** Materials will cover how construction
 1187 projects are to be planned and designed.
- 1188 • **Storm Water Management Related to Construction Sites:**
 1189 Materials will cover construction site operations. This will include
 1190 an explanation of the sources of pollutants at construction sites, a

1191 review of the practices that are typically deployed at construction
 1192 sites and a review of the site manager’s role and responsibilities to
 1193 implement the Construction Storm Water Management Program.
 1194 Site managers will be informed of contractor obligations and
 1195 responsibilities in development and implementation of SWPPPs.

- 1196 • **Storm Water Management for Maintenance Activities:** Materials
 1197 will provide an explanation of the specific sources of pollutants
 1198 associated with maintenance activities, describe the practices to
 1199 address those sources and a review of the Maintenance Managers
 1200 responsibilities to implement the Maintenance Storm Water
 1201 Management Program.

1202 Table 4.6-4 defines which County employees are targeted for each storm water
 1203 management training package.

1204 **TABLE 4.6-4: STORM WATER MANAGEMENT TRAINING**

Package Focus	Target Employees
General Storm Water Management	SWAC Members and Maintenance Managers, Construction Site Managers, Project Managers, Project Engineers, Construction Managers and Resident Engineers (see Sections 2, 4.4 and 4.6)
Storm Water Management for Planning and Design	Project Managers and Project Engineers from Design (see Section 4.4)
Storm Water Management Related to Construction Sites	Construction Managers and Resident Engineers (see Section 4.4)
Storm Water Management for Maintenance Activities	Maintenance Managers (see Section 4.6)

1205 **4.6.22.2 Training Frequency**

1206 The initial materials will be covered with targeted employees by the end of June
 1207 2006. Materials will be shared with new targeted employees as part of their job
 1208 introduction. Updated SWMP practices will be shared with the targeted
 1209 employees on an annual basis. The County will monitor the potential need for
 1210 overall refresher material distributions. If the need becomes apparent, the
 1211 County’s Storm Water Coordinator will so arrange.

1212 The County’s Storm Water Coordinator will establish an e-mail network with
 1213 the targeted employees to share, on an as needed basis, updates and news which
 1214 might enhance pollution control activities. Information shared in this fashion

1215 might include feedback from field implementation of practices that would
1216 potentially be of benefit to share with other front line employees.

1217 **4.6.22.3 On-the-Job Training**

1218 To support implementation of the SWMP, the County's Storm Water
1219 Coordinator will be available on an on-call basis to provide on-the-job training
1220 to project planning/design personnel, construction employees and maintenance
1221 managers.

1222 Also, meetings will be regularly held by the SWAC to discuss storm water
1223 issues, management concepts and new or revised procedures and practices. And
1224 the SWAC team members will bring this information back to their respective
1225 Departments and groups.

1226 The County's Grading Ordinance, DOT's Design and Improvement Standards
1227 and Drainage Manual, collectively referred to as the "County Development
1228 Standards", provides storm water practices for new development and
1229 redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre. Training
1230 of County employees to implement the augmented County Development
1231 Standards will commence by the end of June 2006.

1232 Training will be provided to maintenance managers for proper inspection of
1233 maintenance facilities of the Facility Pollution Prevention Plans (FPPPs) for
1234 each of the County's highway owned or operated maintenance facilities and will
1235 commence by the end of June 2006.

1236 The County will outreach with the community in hosting a storm water/non
1237 storm water workshop to raise the awareness and understanding of storm
1238 water/non storm water pollution problems. Local engineering/construction
1239 firms, other local private and governmental organizations, and the general
1240 public will target to attend this training. Training shall be provided from
1241 Federal/State/Local agencies, who shall positively facilitate compliance and
1242 minimize instances of noncompliance and developed storm water/non storm
1243 water information sheets and other educational and awareness material shall be
1244 provided by the end of June 20, 2005.

1245 **4.6.22.4 Educational Reminders**

1246 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will monitor, and as appropriate share
1247 storm water bulletins from the Caltrans Storm Water Program and other sources
1248 with the targeted employee groups.

1249 **4.6.23 BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY**

1250 The following page contains a summary of the Pollution Prevention / Good
1251 Housekeeping BMP program set forth in the El Dorado County Storm Water
1252 Management Plan. These BMPs will be subject to annual reviews and updates as
1253 outlined in Sections 3.2 and 5.6.1.

1254 EPA's NPDES rules state:

1255 "Implementation of best management practices consistent with the provisions of the
1256 storm water management program required pursuant to this section (the six minimum
1257 control measures, evaluation & assessment, record keeping and reporting) ... constitutes
1258 compliance with the standard of reducing pollutants to the "maximum extent
1259 practicable"." (40 CFR 122.34)

1260 This summary notes BMPs applicable to one of the six minimum control measures:
1261 Pollution Prevention/ Good Housekeeping. El Dorado County proposes that this program
1262 constitutes fulfillment of the minimum General Permit and Federal Regulation
1263 requirements. As the public review and the SWMP finalization processes proceed, the
1264 program, and the County's assessment of this program, may change.

1265

TABLE 4.6-5: BMP PROGRAM SUMMARY
POLLUTION PREVENTION / GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	BMP TO MEET REQUIREMENT	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	ASSOCIATED DEPARTMENT	SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION	MEASURABLE GOAL
Develop a operation and maintenance program to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff municipal operations (facilities and activities).	Finalize storm water maintenance practices for operations of County roadways and County facilities.	DOT	Environmental Management, General Services	June-05	Finalize Development of Storm Water Maintenance Practices for Operations of County Roadways and County Facilities.
	Finalize non-storm water maintenance practices for operations of County roadways and County facilities.	DOT	Environmental Management, General Services	June-05	Finalize Development of Non-Storm Water Maintenance Practices for Operations of County Roadways and County Facilities.
	Development of Facility Pollution Prevention Plans (FPPPs), to be developed for each of the County's highway maintenance facilities.	DOT	General Services	June-05	Finalize Development of the FPPPs.
Implement a operation and maintenance program to or reduce pollutant runoff from municipal operations (facilities and activities).	Implementation of storm water maintenance practices for operations of County roadways and County facilities.	DOT	Environmental Management, General Services	June-06	Implementation of Storm Water Maintenance Practices for Operations of County Roadways and County Facilities to include quarterly meetings with Departmental Maintenance Managers, with recommendations for revisions being reported on an annual basis.
	Implementation of non-storm water maintenance practices for operations of county roadways and County facilities.	DOT	Environmental Management, General Services	June-06	Implementation of Non-Storm Water Maintenance Practices for Operations of County Roadways and County Facilities to include quarterly meetings with Departmental Maintenance Managers, with recommendations for revisions being reported on an annual basis.
	Implement Facility Pollution Prevention Plans (FPPPs) for each of the County's highway maintenance facilities. Training will be provided to maintenance managers for proper inspection of maintenance facilities to determine permit compliance.	DOT	General Services	June-06	Maintenance Manager and the County's Storm Water Coordinator will annually inspect all highway maintenance facilities and annually report inspection findings. Training shall be provided to Maintenance Managers and the number of attendants will be tallied in an annual report.
Develop and implement a training program for municipal employees on how to reduce or eliminate storm water pollution from their activities.	General storm water management training for SWAC members and maintenance managers, construction site managers, project managers, project engineers, construction managers and resident engineers.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Building, Environmental Management, Planning	June-06	Training shall be provided to departmental targeted employees on an annual basis and the number of attendants will be tallied in an annual report.
	Storm water management training relating to planning and design to be provided for project managers and project engineers.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Building, Environmental Management, Planning	June-06	Training shall be provided to departmental targeted employees on an annual basis and the number of attendants will be tallied in an annual report.
	Storm water management training relating to construction sites for construction managers and resident engineers.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Building, Environmental Management, Planning	June-06	Training shall be provided to departmental targeted employees on an annual basis and the number of attendants will be tallied in an annual report.
	Storm water management training relating to maintenance activities for maintenance managers.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Environmental Management, General Services	June-06	Training shall be provided to departmental targeted employees on an annual basis and the number of attendants will be tallied in an annual report.
	The County will outreach with the community in hosting a storm water/non storm water workshop to raise the awareness and understanding of storm water/non storm water pollution problems. Local engineering/construction firms, other local private and governmental organizations, and the general public will targeted to attend this training. Training shall be provided from Federal/State/Local agencies, who shall positively facilitate compliance and minimize instances of noncompliance and developed storm water/non storm water information sheets and other educational and awareness material shall be provided.	DOT in cooperation with RCD	Agriculture, Building, Environmental Management, General Services, Planning	June-05	Training shall be provided on an annual basis and the number of attendants shall be tallied and reported on an annual basis.

1 5.1 OVERVIEW

2 This section describes how the County will monitor and evaluate the proposed storm
3 water management program and report to the RWQCB. The overall strategy of the
4 County for reducing pollutants to the Maximum Extent Practicable (MEP) and protecting
5 receiving waters involves the use of effective storm water management practices and a
6 process of continuous program improvement and refinement. As part of the County's
7 storm water management program, the County regularly reviews its activities, inspects its
8 facilities, oversees and guides its personnel and conducts focused studies to obtain
9 information that supports responsible management and allocation of the resources
10 available to implement storm water quality efforts. The remaining sections describe
11 further how the County will accomplish monitoring, evaluating the program and
12 reporting, and are organized as follows:

- 13 • Section 5.2 Monitoring and Research
- 14 • Section 5.3 Program Evaluation, Oversight and Assistance
- 15 • Section 5.4 Performance Monitoring
- 16 • Section 5.5 Self-Audit
- 17 • Section 5.6 Annual Report
- 18 • Section 5.7 Non-Compliance Reporting

19 5.2 MONITORING AND RESEARCH

20 The County's monitoring and research efforts will, initially be focused on qualitative
21 examination of the storm water practices, as they may effect the quality of the water
22 being discharged into the local receiving waters.

23 As the program progresses, the anticipation is that more focused watershed studies will
24 be undertaken. These efforts will involve collecting information on the characterization
25 of discharges from the County's storm drain system, identifying other sources of
26 pollutants, characterizing the receiving waters, identifying greater details regarding the
27 County and private operations within these watersheds, inventorying the storm drain
28 systems, developing greater focus on the priority pollutants of concern, and identifying
29 the performance of existing and potential enhanced storm water pollution control
30 measures. This information will be used to assess the effectiveness of the SWMP and to
31 develop proposed program refinements, including new or improved practices for
32 application within the watersheds.

33 The anticipated watershed planning efforts will involve working cooperatively with
34 RWQCB staff during the development of these studies and evaluation of the results of
35 these studies. The RWQCB will provide input on monitoring site selection and sampling

36 and analysis plans. Results and recommendations of these studies will be reviewed with
37 the RWQCB to help establish the appropriate practice enhancements. As part of the
38 anticipated watershed studies, the focus will be on potentially innovative practices that
39 address the specific storm water constituents expected to cause or contribute to
40 exceedances of the applicable water quality standards.

41 The County will continue to seek innovation of storm water practices and technologies.
42 In addition to conducting County research into the effectiveness of various alternative
43 practices, the County's Storm Water Coordinator will monitor research conducted by
44 others. Information from efforts by the County and others will provide insight into how
45 the County's program may need to evolve. These efforts will be designed to evaluate the
46 effectiveness of selected practices in reducing constituents of concern, constituent
47 removal efficiency, technical feasibility, and the cost of retrofitting existing facilities.

48 **5.3 PROGRAM EVALUATION, OVERSIGHT, AND ASSISTANCE**

49 The primary mechanism for accomplishing program evaluation and ensuring that the
50 County's front line personnel have adequate knowledge and assistance to be successful is
51 the day-to-day supervision by the responsible managers. This supervision includes
52 observing and evaluating design and construction personnel as they implement the
53 requirements of the SWMP on both County and private projects, and maintenance
54 personnel as they conduct their assigned activities.

55 These responsibilities are outlined in detail in Section 2: Program Management.

56 In addition to day-to-day oversight by the responsible managers, the County's Storm
57 Water Coordinator will provide focused follow-up activity reviews on a regular basis.
58 Feedback from this oversight will assist the County in addressing the following types of
59 questions:

- 60 • Is the County properly integrating storm water management practices into
61 planning, designing, and constructing both County and private projects?
- 62 • Are the County's efforts to incorporate storm water practices into maintenance
63 activities effective and efficient?
- 64 • Are the organizational structures and procedures functioning effectively and
65 efficiently for performance of the County's water quality protection measures?
- 66 • Are the County's training programs and guidance materials sufficient?
- 67 • Are the procedures for incorporating storm water management practices into daily
68 activities functioning properly?

69 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will host quarterly meetings of the County's
70 Storm Water Quality Advisory Committee (SWAC) to review progress in SWMP
71 implementation. These meetings will serve to identify the key issues and

72 recommendations for improvement within the County's program and to ensure
73 communication/cooperation between Departments and functions.

74 The County's Storm Water Coordinator will facilitate at least quarterly meetings between
75 the County's SWAC with staff of the RWQCB. The purpose of these meetings will be to
76 discuss specific issues and requirements that arise from implementing the Permit and the
77 County's SWMP.

78 **5.4 PERFORMANCE MONITORING**

79 **5.4.1 General**

80 El Dorado County is a rapidly growing area. Many land development /
81 redevelopment projects and transportation improvement projects are currently being
82 planned, designed and constructed. Achieving compliance with the storm water
83 expectations for the program is one of the County's top priorities.

84 The County's current ordinances and programs implement many of the anticipated
85 project planning, design and construction practices. Even before the SWMP is
86 formally approved, the County will be moving to re-enforce efforts to protect water
87 quality within these existing ordinances / programs.

88 After the SWMP is formally approved, educational efforts will be undertaken.
89 However, education alone will not achieve the program's expectations. At least
90 initially, considerable oversight / enforcement efforts will be necessary. The
91 expectation is that over time, the project sponsors will routinely plan for, budget
92 and deploy adequate storm water pollution control measures.

93 There are notable challenges to achieving this goal. For example, construction
94 projects, involving public and private investments alike, are several years in
95 development. In El Dorado County, there are many of these projects in varying
96 stages of planning, design and construction. It is not unusual for these projects to
97 not have included within their project budgets sufficient resources for at least some
98 of the storm water pollution control measures set forth in this SWMP. As these
99 budgets are frequently set at the early stages of the project, it is sometimes difficult
100 for the project sponsors to incorporate these added measures at the latter stages of
101 the project delivery process. For some projects, there is very limited funding
102 flexibility to accommodate additional expectations. It's reasonable that there be a
103 transitional period within which to incorporate the SWMP's storm water pollution
104 control measures within these on-going projects.

105 While all project sponsors will be requested to immediately and fully comply with
106 the storm water pollution control measures outlined in the SWMP, the following
107 schedule is the County's performance expectations:

- 108 • Within 12 months, following approval of the final SWMP, all
109 Construction Activities will be expected to comply with the temporary
110 construction site practices outlined in Sections 4.4.4 and 4.4.5.
- 111 • Within 18 months, following approval of the final SWMP, all newly
112 initiated (for which funds are proposed to be programmed) County
113 projects will, as applicable, be expected to incorporate the Post
114 Construction Practices outlined in Section 4.5.
- 115 • By the end of June 2005, the County’s Drainage Manual will be amended,
116 as necessary, to incorporate the Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan
117 measures outlined in Section 4.5; and these measures will be incorporated
118 within all subsequent project design approvals of private projects, as
119 applicable.

120 In addition to a transitional period for project programming and budgetary
121 purposes, the County has initiated a review of how it goes about administering the
122 project planning, design and construction storm water pollution control measures

123 **5.4.2 Project Planning and Design**

124 During the year following the approval of the SWMP, on-going County design
125 projects (projects for which funds have been programming but where the designs
126 are not yet completed) will be reviewed. Project specific goals within the
127 framework of the general performance expectations as outlined in Section 5.4.1
128 will be set. Follow up progress reviews will also be set to assure that the project
129 goals are achieved.

130 Similar reviews will be undertaken on all County design projects for which funds
131 are programmed, and designs initiated, subsequent to these initial reviews, but
132 prior to date wherein the Standard Storm Water Mitigation Plan measures become
133 applicable per Section 4.5.3.

134 In addition, the County Board of Supervisors will implement an annual
135 sufficiency review of the County ordinances and County Development Standards,
136 with respect to augmenting enforcement procedures, and as appropriate, request
137 adoption of more effective ordinances and standards. Said revisions will be
138 reflected in the SWMP Annual Report.

139 **5.4.3 Project Construction**

140 As outlined in Section 2, Section 4.4.4 and Section 4.4.5, the contractor for
141 County projects and the permittee for private party projects, are responsible for
142 implementing appropriate construction site storm water practices. For County
143 projects, oversight inspections of practices are conducted daily when significant,

144 on-site activities are underway. For non-County projects, the County's oversight
145 inspections of practices are generally on an as needed basis, with an emphasis in
146 the late summer / early fall to prepare for the rainy season.

147 The County is setting the following construction site oversight inspection of
148 practices goals beginning by the end of June, 2005.

149 • Annual rainy season readiness reviews will be conducted to assure each
150 site achieves compliance with rainy season expectations before October
151 15th. For County projects, this may involve directing the contractor to
152 undertake preparations. For non-County projects, this may involve formal
153 communications and ordinance enforcement.

154 • On receipt of a complaint or concern from the public regarding a
155 construction site, within 5 working days, a site oversight inspection will
156 be conducted.

157 • All sites will be reviewed within a week following start of the on-site, soil
158 disturbing construction.

159 • All sites will be reviewed before construction close / grading permit
160 release / NOT filing.

161 • Minimum non-rainy season inspection review frequency:

162 • Sites 5 acres or more in size, every other month.

163 • Sites less than 5 acres in size, every third month.

164 • Minimum rainy season inspection review frequency:

165 • Sites 5 acres or more in size, every month.

166 • Sites less than 5 acres in size, every other month.

167 • Pre-storm inspection review frequency:

168 • Approximately 10% of the construction sites involving 5 acres or
169 more of disturbed soil with the greatest risk for storm water
170 pollution, will be inspected before major predicted storms.

171 • Post-storm inspection review frequency:

SECTION 5

Monitoring, Program Evaluation and Reporting

- 172 • Approximately 15% of the construction sites involving 5 acres or
173 more of disturbed soil with the greatest risk for storm water
174 pollution, will be inspected following a major storm.
- 175 • Approximately 5% of the construction sites involving less than 5
176 acres of disturbed soil with the greatest risk for storm water
177 pollution, will be inspected following a major storm.
- 178 • The County will employ the following sliding scale project site rating
179 system.
- 180 • Substantial compliance 1
- 181 • Minor deficiencies 2
- 182 • Major deficiencies 3
- 183 • Critical deficiencies 4
- 184 • The County’s Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed
185 of all sites found to be with major and critical deficiencies within 2
186 working days. Efforts will be made to immediately inform the County’s
187 Storm Water Coordinator of all sites found to be with critical deficiencies.
- 188 • When sites are found to have critical deficiencies, the sites will be re-
189 inspected at least weekly until the rating is reduced from a 4 to a 3 or
190 better. If the rating remains a 4 on the second re-inspection, enforcement /
191 contractor sanctions will be initiated, and the County’s Storm Water
192 Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed.
- 193 • When sites are found to have major deficiencies, the sites will be re-
194 inspected at least every other week until the rating is reduced from a 3 to a
195 2 or better. If the rating remains a 3 on the second re-inspection,
196 enforcement / contractor sanctions will be initiated, and the County’s
197 Storm Water Coordinator and the RWQCB will be informed.
- 198 • When sites are found to have minor deficiencies, the sites will be re-
199 inspected at least monthly until the rating is reduced from a 2 to a 1. If the
200 rating remains a 2 on the third re-inspection, enforcement / contractor
201 sanctions will be initiated, and the County’s Storm Water Coordinator and
202 the RWQCB will be informed.

203 5.5 SELF-AUDIT

204 The goals of the County self-audit program are:

- 205 • To evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of the activities outlined in the
206 SWMP;
- 207 • To provide a sound basis for re-directing or refining such activities;
- 208 • To recommend ways to revise or refine the SWMP, as needed; and
- 209 • To assess compliance with Permit and program requirements.

210 The County's self-audit serves as a quality control mechanism to help the County to
211 determine how well the activities identified in this SWMP are being implemented. The
212 self-audit is viewed as independent from line management. The County's Storm Water
213 Coordinator will execute this review by the end of June 2006. The results of the self-
214 audit will be included in the Annual Report.

215 Projects or activities identified as having major or critical deficiencies will be reported to
216 the RWQCB immediately by the County's Storm Water Coordinator.

217 The information gathered from these self-audits will be shared with, and considered by
218 the County's SWAC and management as part of the process to annually update the
219 SWMP.

220 A summary of the self-audit will be provided in the Annual Report.

221 5.6 ANNUAL REPORT

222 The information and reports from the monitoring and research program and the program
223 evaluation efforts will be incorporated into the Annual Report, along with other Permit
224 reporting requirements. These include:

- 225 • Status of compliance with permit conditions,
- 226 • An assessment of the appropriateness and effectiveness of the identified practices,
- 227 • Status of the identified measurable goals (deliverables),
- 228 • Monitoring and research findings, if any, during the reporting period,
- 229 • A summary of specific storm water program activities (aside from general
230 implementation of the SWMP) that the County intends to undertake during the
231 next reporting cycle,

- 232 • Any proposed changes to the SWMP,
- 233 • Any change in storm water assignments or key contact personnel, and
- 234 • Any outfalls not identified in the inventory per Section 4.3.2.

235 **5.6.1 Revised SWMP**

236 The SWMP will be reviewed annually and revised as necessary to maintain an
237 effective program. The revised SWMP is to be submitted as part of the Annual
238 Report. The Annual Report will contain documentation that describe and justify the
239 proposed SWMP changes.

240 The draft SWMP update will be made available for public review before being
241 finalized and transmitted to the RWQCB.

242 **5.6.2 Analysis of the Adequacy of Legal Authority**

243 The County will annually, as part of the Annual Report, perform an analysis of
244 the adequacy of legal authority as described in Section 2 (Program Management)
245 of this SWMP. As appropriate, this Section will be updated as part of the annual
246 SWMP update process. Specific problems encountered while implementing the
247 storm water program as described in the SWMP that develop as a result of legal
248 constraints will be documented in the Annual Report.

249 **5.6.3 Report on the Storm Sewer System Mapping**

250 The Permit requires the County to complete a storm sewer system map showing
251 the location of all outfalls and the names and locations of all waters of the U.S.
252 that receive discharges from these outfalls. This inventory will be completed by
253 the end of June 2008. Field inventory and mapping of existing known outfalls in
254 one quarter of the County jurisdictional boundary will occur at least annually by
255 the end of June 2005. An annual update of the maps, to start by the end of June
256 2006, will include any additional outfalls created from the previous year's new
257 development or re-development activities. Progress in gathering this inventory
258 will be reported to the RWQCB as part of the Annual Report.

259 **5.7 NON-COMPLIANCE REPORTING**

260 The Permit requires the County to implement a noncompliance reporting procedure. The
261 County's Storm Water Coordinator will make noncompliance reports to the RWQCB.

262 Instances of noncompliance resulting in emergencies (i.e. that endanger human health or
263 the environment) will be reported orally to the RWQCB within 24 hours from the time

SECTION 5

Monitoring, Program Evaluation and Reporting

264 the County becomes aware of the circumstance, and in writing to the RWCB within 24
265 hours from the time the County becomes aware of the circumstance. In all other
266 instances of noncompliance, the RWQCB will be notified in writing within 30 days.

267 The written notifications will identify the noncompliance event, an initial assessment of
268 any impact caused by the event, describe the actions necessary to achieve compliance,
269 and include a time schedule indicating when compliance will be achieved.

1 **A.1 WESTERN EL DORADO COUNTY FACILITIES**

2 **A.1.1 General Facilities**

3 Attached is a listing of the County owned general facilities within the jurisdiction
4 of the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board for which this
5 SWMP is intended to apply.

6 **A.1.2 County Maintained Roads**

7 Attached is a listing of El Dorado County's maintained roads for which this
8 SWMP is intended to apply.

9 Also included with this SWMP, is a map of these County Maintained Roads,
10 showing the rivers, lakes and streams into which runoff from Western El Dorado
11 County discharges.

12 **A.1.3 Other Permitted Properties**

13 The County's landfill and two airports are covered under separate NPDES
14 permits, and as such are not addressed within this SWMP.

15 **A.1.4 Leased Properties**

16 The County owns several parcels scattered across Western El Dorado County,
17 many of which are leased to third parties. These leased properties will, by the end
18 of June, 2006, be inventoried and status reported in a subsequent annual report.

A.1.1 GENERAL COUNTY FACILITIES

COUNTY FACILITY	ASSESSOR PARCEL #	LOCATION(ADDRESS/NEAREST CROSS STREET)
BRADFORD PARK	090-040-01	4224 MOTHER LODE DR.,SHINGLE SPRINGS
COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS/OLD CRC COLLEGE	325-240-11,12; 325-280-01,04,06	100 PLACERVILLE DR., PLACERVILLE
DOT MAINTENANCE CORPORATION YARD	325-230-09	2441 HEADINGTON RD., PLACERVILLE
EDC GOVERNMENT CENTER	325-240-06,07,08; 325-280-07	330 FAIR LANE, PLACERVILLE
FUTURE BASS LAKE REGIONAL PARK	115-010-10,21	BASS LAKE RD./BIRMINGHAM WY., EL DORADO HILLS
LOTUS/HENNINGSON PARK	006-011-42,43	950 LOTUS RD., LOTUS
MISSOURI FLAT RD. DOT CORP. YARD	325-220-22	MISSOURI FLAT RD./LIFE WAY, PLACERVILLE
OLD CEMENT PLANT	061-550-25	GEORGIA SLIDE RD./TOBACCO RD., GEORGETOWN
PIONEER PARK	094-020-18,19,20	6740 FAIRPLAY RD., SOMERSET
PONY EXPRESS TR. SAND/SALT STORAGE	009-220-03	PONY EXPRESS TR./ CENTER VIEW DR. POLLOCK PINES
SANDRIDGE RD. DOT CORP. YARD	093-150-12,21	4400 SANDRIDGE RD., SOMERSET

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

ROAD NUMBER	ROAD SEGMENT	ROAD NAME	FROM [NUMBER AND NAME]	TO [NUMBER AND NAME]
1724		2ND ST	1334 LARSEN DR	1727 D ST
1726		3RD ST	1725 C ST	END
2141		5 MILE RD	END	SH050
1712		8 MILE RD	SH050	END
2448		ABABCO ST	2446 OGLALA ST	2451 ONEIDAS ST
2569		ABBOTSFORD PL	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
543		ABBOTT RD	542 CLEMSON DR	569 CRANE WY
1945A		ABERDEEN CIR	1944 HEATHER CIR	END
1945B		ABERDEEN CIR	1943 UPLANDS WAY	END
1976A		ABERDEEN LANE	1973 LOCH WY	END
1976B		ABERDEEN LANE	1976A ABERDEEN LANE	END
575		ABRIJO RD	576 BOCANA RD	576 BOCANA RD
232		ACADIA WAY	231 SHASTA CIR	214A PARK DR
2431		ACOMA CIR	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	2433 SEMAT ST
2430		ACOMA CT	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	END
640		ADAM CT	641 WOEDEE DR	END
613		ADELAIDE PL	607 WYNDHAM WY	END
2351		AERODROME WAY	50 SPANISH DRY DGNS	END
1047		AGATE CT	1042 GOLD RIDGE TR	END
2047		AHOY CT	2060 MARINA VIEW DR	END
131		AIRPORT RD	PLCR	PLCR
527		ALABASTER DRIVE	370 LA CRESCENTA DR	END
549		ALANA CT	545 PLACITAS DR	END
1080		ALBERT CIR	234 WARREN LN	234 WARREN LN
631		ALBURN PL	630 WILLISTON WY	END
573		ALCADAR CT	576 BOCANA RD	END
1701		ALDER DR	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	END
1532		ALDER ST	2356 ANTELOPE WY	1531 FIRST AVE
2164		ALENA WAY	2158 ZAPATA DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR
639		ALEXANDRITE DR	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	END
2379		ALGONQUIN CT	2378 OAXACO ST	END
362		ALHAMBRA CT	360 ALHAMBRA DR	END
360		ALHAMBRA DR	359 MIRA LOMA DR	371 LA CANADA DR
584		ALICE CT	570 BERTELLA DR	END
2241		ALICE CT	2237 LINDBERG	END
2323	5	ALICE LAKE RD	NF BDY	2322 COLD CREEK TR
2323		ALICE LAKE RD	2322 COLD CR TRL	NF BDY
189		ALLEGHENY RD	2 GREEN VLY RD	173 MALCOLM DIXON RD
2618		ALLENDALE PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
2671		ALMADEN CT	END	2651 TEA ROSE DR
2694		ALMERIA DR	359 MIRA LOMA DR	END
1851		ALPINE AVE	SH050	1854 TAMARACK AVE
886		ALTA RD	887 GRIFFITH RD	END
1077		ALTA SIERRA WY	1076 SANTA MARIA WY	1078 LAGO VISTA DR
2654		ALYSSUM CIR	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS	END
2654		ALYSSUM CIR	END	2561 TEA ROSE DR

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2324		AMADOR WAY	2321 COPPER WY	2322 COLD CR TRL
1051		AMBER TRAIL	1042 GOLD RIDGE TR	END
2719		AMER COURT	2718 AMER WAY	END
2718		AMER WAY	1976A ABERDEEN LANE	2720 CALAIS WAY
2557		AMHERST WY	2561 CARLISLE CT	2554 CARNELIAN CIR
113		ANDY WOLF RD	56 GREENWOOD RD	END
2211		ANGORA CREEK DR	NF BDRY	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD
2211		ANGORA CREEK DR	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2210 VIEW CIR
973		ANTARES DR	898 PATTERSON DR	976 CAPPELLA DR
2356		ANTELOPE WAY	END	END
580		ANTILLES DR	572 COVELLO CIR	583 ZIANA RD
2514		ANTLER CT	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL	END
2016	10	APACHE AVE	2252B SAN BRNDNO	HWY 50
2016	20	APACHE AVE	HWY 50	HWY 50
2427		APALACHEE DR	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	END
2218		APPALOOSA CT	2216 MORMAN ISLND DR	END
2585		APPIAN WAY	2347B SILVA VLY PKWY	1976A ABERDEEN LANE
2201		APPLE VALLEY DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR	2196 MDW VALE DR
597		AQUAMARINE CIR	596 PERIDOT DR	596 PERIDOT DR
598		AQUAMARINE CT	597 AQUAMARINE CIR	END
2104	10	ARAPAHOE ST	2254 SAN DIEGO ST	SH050
2104		ARAPAHOE STREET	SH050	2254 SAN DIEGO ST
2464		ARAVAIPA ST	2462 SUSQUEHANA DR	END
2552		ARBOR PL	2551 CARDIFF CIR	END
374		ARCADIA DR	370 LA CRESCENTA DR	END
1109		ARCHES AVE	1108 PLATT CIR	END
307		ARCHWOOD RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	309 WENTWORTH RD
2665		ARDEER PL	2660 MANNING DR	END
982		ARGO DR	980 SUNLIGHT DR	END
890		ARGONAUT DR	898 PATTERSON DR	125
2393		ARIKARA ST	2391 MANDAN ST	END
2090		ARROWHEAD AVE	2252B E SAN BERN AVE	END
230		ARROWHEAD CT	231 SHASTA CIR	END
2255		ARROWHEAD CT	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE	END
216		ARROWHEAD DR	217 SARATOGA WAY	231 SHASTA CIR
974		ASCELLA DR	898 PATTERSON DR	END
2544		ASHFORD PL	2543 STRATFORD CIR	END
2701		ASHLAND CT	END	2700 ASHLAND DR
2700		ASHLAND DR	2699 BRIDGEPORT DR	2702 AUBURN HILLS DR
2562		ASTON PL	2557 AMHERST WY	END
2525		ATROARI ST	END	2448 ABABCO ST
2702		AUBURN HILLS DR	135 MEDER RD	END
2739		AUBURN WOODS COURT	2699 BRIDGEPORT DRIVE	END
2004		AUDRAIN WAY	SH050	2005 TAMARACK CT
2063		AUGUSTUS PL	2660 MANNING DR	END
574		AVENTINE RD	576 BOCANA RD	554 CASTANA DR
996		AZALEA CIR	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	999 SIERRA SPRS DR
2156		AZTEC WAY	2153 IROQUOIS CIR	END
1723		B ST	89 CARSON RD	END
1899		B ST	1897 HARKNESS ST	END
2360		BACCHI RD	SH049	SH049
1988		BACHE PL	2627 FALKIRK WY	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1917		BACK ST	1910 HIGH ST	1914 BRIDGE ST
2568		BAIRDSLEY PL	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
148		BAKER RD	END	SH049 COLOMA RD
2532		BAKERSFIELD CT	2250 BAKERSFIELD ST	END
2250		BAKERSFIELD ST	2019 MODOC WY	2534 COUNTRY CLUB DR
65		BALDERSTON RD	63 WENTWRTH SPRGS RD	8074
65	20	BALDERSTON RD	8074	63
1679		BALSAM DR	1696 LAUREL DR	END
1933		BANCROFT DR	1932 VILLAGE CTR DR	2567 KENSINGTON DR
2052	10	BARBARA AVE	1335 LODI AVE	1331 SIERRA BLVD
2052	20	BARBARA AVE	1331 SIERRA BLVD	1325 MARTIN AVE
1075		BARCELONA CT	1076 SANTA MARIA WY	END
1074		BARCELONA DR	255 WILSON BLVD	1075 BARCELONA CT
1300		BARKLEY RD	1334 LARSEN DR	89 CARSON RD
2614		BARNSTEAD PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
238		BARTLETT CT	234 WARREN LN	END
2676		BASIL CT	END	2675 SUMMER DR
4		BASS LAKE RD	SH050	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
23		BASSI RD	21 LOTUS RD	END
1931		BATES CIR	1932 VILLAGE CTR DR	1932 VILLAGE CTR DR
2353		BAUMHOFF RD	1600 MARGARET DR	END
2027		BAY VIEW CT	2029 BAY VIEW DR	END
2029		BAY VIEW DR	2030 SWEETWATER DR	2032 LAKEVIEW DR
55		BAYNE RD	SH193	75 MT MURPHY RD
1067		BAYRIDGE LN	1026 MONTRIDGE WY	1064 CRESTLINE CIR
142		BEACH COURT	SH049 COLOMA RD	END
1487		BEACH LN	1415 VICTORIA DR	1491 SIERRA DR
2663		BEACON HILL DR	2661 HALIFAX WY	END
126		BEALS RD	20 COLD SPRS RD	END
2167		BEAR AVE	2170 GRAY AVE	1548 PINE ST
46	5	BEAR CREEK RD	SH193	NF BDY
46	10	BEAR CREEK RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
46	15	BEAR CREEK RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
46	20	BEAR CREEK RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
46	25	BEAR CREEK RD	NF BDY	8074
585		BEATTY CT	586 BEATTY DR	END
586		BEATTY DR	END	END
2311		BEAVER BRAE	2310 RIVER PARK DR	2371 PORTAL DR
133		BEDFORD AVE	PLCR	PLCR
1938		BEECHWOOD CT	1937 BEECHWOOD DR	END
1937		BEECHWOOD DR	2580 DANBURY CIR	1933 BANCROFT DR
985		BEGONIA DR	990 PENNYROYAL DR	999 SIERRA SPRINGS
2199		BEL AIRE CIR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR
2150		BELLA COOLA DR	2016 APACHE AVE	2016 APACHE AVE
2178		BELLEVUE AVE	2173 MCKINNEY RD	PLA CO
2621		BELLINGHAM PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
2540		BELMONT WY	2539 HAMPSHIRE PL	2541 SHEFFIELD DR
507		BENTLEY DR	67 STARBUCK RD	370 LA CRESCENTA DR
2365		BERNICE LN	2323 ALICE LAKE RD	2323 ALICE LAKE RD
1978		BERRY CT	1979 BERRY RD	END
1979		BERRY RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
1979		BERRY RD	END	1980 HARVEY RD

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

570		BERTELLA DR	561 EL NORTE RD	572 COVELLO CIR
2240		BETTY JEAN CT	2237 LINDBERG AVE	END
14		BIG CANYON RD	13 FRENCH CR RD	END
26		BIG CUT RD	PLEASANT VLY RD	URBAN LIMIT
26	10	BIG CUT ROAD	URBAN LIMIT	PLCR
134		BIG OAK RD	31 OAK HILL RD	END
249		BIG SUR CT	246 MESA VERDES DR	END
581		BILBOA CT	545 PLACITAS DR	END
1351	5	BLACK BART AVE	2003 MEADOW CRST DR	1325 MARTIN AVE
1351	10	BLACK BART AVE	1325 MARTIN AVE	1350 HANK MONK RD
1351	15	BLACK BART AVE	1350 HANK MONK RD	NF BDY
1351	20	BLACK BART AVE	NF BDY	114 PIONEER TRAIL
2352	5	BLACK BART CIR	1351 BLACK BART AVE	NF BDY
2352	10	BLACK BART CIR	NF BDY	1351 BLACK BART AVE
2420		BLACK BART CT	2352 BLACK BART CIR	END
59		BLACK OAK MINE RD	76 MARSHALL RD	SH193
907		BLACK ROCK LN	SH193	SH193
1564		BLACKFOOT RD	1565 COMANCHE RD	1568 CELIO LN
122		BLAIR RD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	1680 FOREBAY RD
130		BLANCHARD RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	132 FORNI RD
2249	15	BLITZEN RD	2453 POMO ST	SH089
2531		BLUE JAY CIR	2250 BAKERSFIELD ST	2250 BAKERSFIELD ST
1951		BLUE MOUNTAIN DR	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	END
2223		BLUE OAK CT	2220 LKRDGE OAKS DR	END
2128		BLUEBIRD DRIVE	SH050	2130 SILVER FORK RD
2195		BOCA RATON DR	2263 PEBBLE BEACH DR	END
576		BOCANA RD	572 COVELLO CIR	572 COVELLO CIR
2100		BOLIVAR CT	2035 ENCINA DR	END
2576		BOLLING PL	2563 PORTSMOUTH DR	END
181		BOLSA CT	2039 LAKE HILLS DR	END
1687		BONANZA ST	1684 SPRUCE AVE	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL
2414		BONANZA TRL	2417 LUPINE TRL	2415 SUTTER TRL
2038		BONITA CT	2036 BONITA DR	2038 BONITA CT
2036		BONITA DR	2034 LOMA VERDE DR	END
15		BONNETI RD	13 FRENCH CR RD	END
263		BOOTH CT	262 STANFORD LN	END
2194		BOREN WAY	2193 GLEN EAGLES RD	2434 NOTTAWAY DR
346		BORICA RD	206 SUDBURY RD	END
2206		BOULDER MTN CT	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	END
2205A		BOULDER MTN DR	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	8201
2205B		BOULDER MTN DR	8201	2331 FOREST MTN DR
2616		BRACKENWOOD PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	2612 FAIRCHILD DR
153		BRADEN RD	150 MEYERS RD	END
2582		BRADFORD PL	2581 TRENTON WY	END
635		BRADLEY DR	634 THROWITA WAY	HWY 49
2625		BRAMHALL PL	2624 CHILTON PL	END
115		BRANDON RD	17 SOUTH SHINGLE RD	15 BONNETI RD
2599		BRANDT CT	2567 KENSINGTON DR	END
388		BRANIFF CT	213 WOOD LN	END
160		BRAUER RD	63	END
112		BREEDLOVE RD	63 WENTWORT SPGS RD	NF BDY
112	5	BREEDLOVE RD	NF BDY	8026 MAMELUKE HILL R

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1912		BREWERY ST	SH049	1917 BACK ST
1914		BRIDGE ST	1917 BACK ST	SH049
2699		BRIDGEPORT DR	END	END
2699		BRIDGEPORT DRIVE	END	2702 AUBURN HILLS DR
38		BRIDGEPORT SCHOOL RD	36 CEDAR CR RD	AMA CO
1465		BRIGHT CT	1464 ENTERPRISE DR	END
2558		BRIGHTWATER CT	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
605		BRISBANE CIR	603 BUSSELTON WY	272 ST ANDREWS DR
2713		BRITTANY PLACE	219 EL DORADO HILLS BL	2709 BRITTANY WAY
2709		BRITTANY WAY	END (EAST)	END (WEST)
127		BROADWAY	PLCR	84 NEWTOWN RD
2183		BROKEN ANTLER DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR	2179 WILDROSE DR
1000		BROKEN GATE RD	70 GOLD HILL RD	END
2174		BROOK DR	2301 WOODLAND DR	END
2059		BROOK MAR CT	2058 BROOK MAR DR	END
2058		BROOK MAR DR	2057 VISTA MAR DR	END
2058		BROOK MAR DR	END	END
277		BROOKLINE CIR	273 TAM O SHANTER DR	273 TAM O SHANTER DR
614		BROOME PL	607 WYNDHAM WY	END
416		BROWN DR	259 PATTERSON WY	END
416		BROWN DR	END	END
2469		BRULE ST	2472 KULOW ST	2475 CARNARSEE ST
2332		BRUSH RD	NF BDY	2205B BOULDER MTN RD
171		BUCKEYE RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	240 MOTHERLODE DR
880		BUCKS BAR CIR	99 BUCKS BAR RD	99 BUCKS BAR RD
99		BUCKS BAR RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	78 MT AUKUM RD
903		BUCKTAIL LN	904 KOKANEE LN	END
1121		BUENA VISTA DR	1120 ROSEBUD DR	1122 HILTON WY
1082		BUGLE CT	1081 DUNNINGS RD	END
2656		BURBERRY WY	2652 WATSONIA GLEN	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS
1031		BURNETT DR	271 GOVERNOR DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR
2548		BURTON PL	2547 NORWICH PL	END
2191		BUSCH WAY	114 PIONEER TRL	2192 PINE VLY RD
1088		BUSINESS DR	341 DUROCK RD	END
610		BUSSELTON PL	609 DARWIN WY	END
603		BUSSELTON WY	602 SPRINGBURN WY	609 DARWIN WY
995		BUTTERCUP DR	994 POPPY RD	END
1725		C ST	89 CARSON RD	1726 THIRD ST
352		CABALLERO CT	351 OXFORD RD	END
121	5	CABLE ROAD	89 CARSON RD	NF BDY
121	10	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	15	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	20	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	25	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	30	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	35	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	40	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	45	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
121	50	CABLE ROAD	NF BDY	END
601		CAIRNS PL	272 ST ANDREWS DR	END
2720		CALAIS WAY	2717 SOHAIR COURT	END
578		CALAND CT	554 CASTANA DR	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

432		CALAVERAS DR	435 CAMPBELL RNCH DR	END
118	20	CALDOR RD	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	NF BDY
118	25	CALDOR RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
118	30	CALDOR RD	NF BDY	
2329		CALDWELL DR	1712 8 MILE RD	END
280		CALGARY CT	279 STARMOUNT WY	END
391		CALIDO CT	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
2668		CAMANCHE WY	2651 TEA ROSE DR	END
2668		CAMANCHE WY	END	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS DR
989		CAMAS CT	990 PENNYROYAL DR	END
399		CAMBRIDGE CT	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
306		CAMBRIDGE RD	1020 CRAZY HORSE RD	2 GREEN VLY RD
2550		CAMDEN PL	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	END
2737		CAMELLIA COURT	2675 SUMMER DRIVE	END
335		CAMEO DR	334 MERRYCHASE DR	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
564		CAMERADO DR	359 MIRA LOMA DR	361 VIRADA DR
200	20	CAMERON PARK DR	357 ROBIN LN	SH050
200	30	CAMERON PARK DR	SH050	2 GREEN VLY RD
547		CAMEROSA CIR	545 PLACITAS DR	545 PLACITAS DR
1737		CAMINO CT	1734 CAMINO HGTS DR	END
1734		CAMINO HGTS DR	SH050	1741 PINA AVE
1744		CAMINO HILLS DR	1743 VISTA TIERRA DR	1745 VISTA DEL MUNDO
144		CAMP SNOWLINE ROAD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	NF BDY
435		CAMPBELL RANCH DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR	219 EL DORADO HLS BL
2475		CANARSEE ST	2470 KOYUKON DR	2467 MINNICONJOU DR
632		CANBERRA PL	630 WILLISTON WY	END
2708		CANFIELD CIR	1020 CRAZY HORSE RD	2690 VOLTAIRE DR
2392		CANIENAGA ST	2391 MANDAN ST	END
380		CANOGA LN	382 VELD WY	381 CULVER LN
275		CANTERBURY CIR	273 TAM O SHANTER DR	273 TAM O SHANTER DR
2222		CANYON OAK CT	2220 LKRDGE OAKS DR	END
1700		CANYON RD	1706 CEDAR DR	1703 MADRONE DR
1467		CAPITOL AVE	1464 ENTERPRISE DR	1461 MERCHANDISE WY
977		CAPPELLA CT	975 CENTAUR DR	END
976		CAPPELLA DR	975 CENTAUR DR	973 ANTARES DR
102		CAPPS CROSSING RD	124 SCIARONI RD	NF BDY
102	5	CAPPS CROSSING RD	NF BDY	8068 CAPPS XING RD
2551		CARDIFF CIR	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	2541 SHEFFIELD DR
2561		CARLISLE CT	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
2554		CARNELIAN CIR	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	2541 SHEFFIELD DR
558		CARRILLO CT	557 TERRAZA ST	END
222		CARSON CT	89 CARSON RD	END
89	1	CARSON RD	PLCR	2600 UNION RIDGE RD
89	3	CARSON RD	2600 UNION RIDGE RD	SH050
89	10	CARSON RD	SH050	SH050
54		CARVERS RD	75 MT MURPHY RD	END
2085		CARY DR	2084 ROLLINGWOOD DR	2084 ROLLINGWOOD DR
645		CASA LARGO WAY	334 MERRYCHASE DR	643 GAILEY CIR
1735		CASCADE CT	1734 CAMINO HGTS DR	END
8161A		CASCADE RD	SH089	8161B
8161B		CASCADE RD	8161C	8161
8161C		CASCADE RD	SH089	8161B

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

895		CASH BOY RD	896 CRUSADER DR	END
554		CASTANA DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	END
2261		CASTEC WAY	2039 LAKEHILLS DR	END
1155		CASTLE CRAIGS CT	247 MUIR WOODS DR	END
211		CASTLEBROOK RD	209 EL DORADO ROYALE	207 FAIRWAY DR
1994		CASTLEWOOD CIR	1992 RIDGEWAY DR	1992 RIDGEWAY DR
563		CATAWBA DR	359 MIRA LOMA DR	END
563		CATAWBA DR	END	647 RIBIER WY
2487	5	CATTLEMANS TRAIL	NF BDY	END
2487		CATTLEMANS TRAIL	2488 COUGAR TR	NF BDY
74		CAVE VALLEY RD	SH049	END
289		CAYENTE WAY	END	END
289		CAYENTE WAY	135 MEDER RD	289 CAYENTE WAY
2320		CAYUGA CIR	159 N UPPER TRUCKEE	159 N UPPER TRUCKEE
2272		CAYUGA CT	169 UPPER TRUCKEE RD	END
916		CAYUGA RD	185 LOCH LEVEN DR	END
2273		CAYUGA ST	169 N UPPER TRUCKEE RD	2270 ZUNI ST
2457		CEBO CIR	2456 KEETAK ST	2456 KEETAK ST
36		CEDAR CR RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	END
1706	3	CEDAR DR	48 MACE RD	1705 FERN AVE
1706	5	CEDAR DR	1705 FERN AVE	1701 ALDER DR
86		CEDAR RAVINE RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	URBAN LIMIT
86	10	CEDAR RAVINE RD	URBAN LIMIT	PLCR
2404		CEDAR RIDGE DR	2025 SWEETWATER CT	203Z LAKEVIEW DR
1530		CEDAR ST	1529 TIMBER WOLF DR	1545 TENTH AVE
1603		CEDAR ST	SH050	1600 MARGARET DR
301		CEDARHURST CT	300 HILLSBOROUGH RD	END
96		CEDARVILLE RD	35 OMO RANCH RD	END
1568		CELIO LN	2016 APACHE AVE	END
1860		CEMETERY ST	1863 CHURCH ST	SH049
975		CENTAUR DR	898 PATTERSON DR	976 CAPPELLA DR
2070		CENTER VIEW CT	2069 CENTER VIEW DR	END
2069		CENTER VIEW DR	25 PONY EXPRESS RD	END
385		CESSNA DR	207 FAIRWAY DR	213 WOOD LN
1098		CHANTRELLE COURT	1097 FIELDSTONE DR	END
2732		CHARITO LANE	394 WILKINSON ROAD	END
2639		CHARTER WY	2347D SILVA VLY PKWY	2626 KESWICK DR
375		CHASEN DRIVE	381 CULVER LN	END
308		CHELSEA RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
2093		CHEROKEE STREET	2089 TOMAHAWK LN	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
71		CHERRY ACRES RD	SH193	END
2200		CHERRY HILLS CIR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR
2723		CHESHAM STREET	2714 FOXMORE LANE	2721 MAYFIELD DRIVE
2119		CHEYENNE DR	2016 APACHE AVE	2120 MULBERR DR
2397		CHIAPA DR	SH050	END
2450		CHIBCHA ST	2444 ZAPOTEC CIR	2451 ONEIDAS ST
2383		CHILICOTHE ST	2381 CHOLULA ST	END
2624		CHILTON PL	2625 BRAMHALL PL	END
2115		CHIMNEY WAY	2016 APACHE AVE	END
1018		CHINA GARDEN CT	1017 CHINA GARDEN RD	END
1017		CHINA GARDEN RD	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD	SH049 PLEASANT VLY R
109		CHINA HILL RD	SH049	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2358		CHINKAPIN RD	2356 ANTELOPE WY	END
2002		CHINQUAPIN DR	2003 MDW CREST DR	END
2154	20	CHIPPEWA ST	2155 MOHICAN DR	2153 IROQUOIS CIR
2154	25	CHIPPEWA ST	2153 IROQUOIS CIR	END
2102		CHOCTAW STREET	2254 SAN DIEGO ST	2103 UTE ST
2381		CHOLULA ST	2252A W. SANBER AVE	END
571		CHRISTA CT	572 COVELLO CIR	END
110		CHURCH MINE RD	11 UNION MINE RD	END
1863		CHURCH ST	END	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
1881		CHURCH ST	SH193	1901 SCHOOL ST
1911		CHURCH ST	1910 HIGH ST	SH049
546		CIELLO CT	545 PLACITAS DR	END
526		CIMMARRON CT	525 CIMMARRON RD	END
525		CIMMARRON RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	371 LA CANADA DR
2673		CINNAMON TEAL WAY	2679 PEACH SPRUCE DRIVE	2675 SUMMER DRIVE
2673		CINNAMON TEAL WY	2674 PRAIRIE FALCON DR	2679 PEACH SPRUCE DR
534		CINSANT DR	533 PERLETT DR	END
162		CIRCLE DR	SH193	SH193
2454		CIRUGU ST	2453 POMO ST	NF BDY
2454	10	CIRUGU ST	NF BDY	2453 POMO ST
1894		CLARK ST	SH193 GEORGETOWN RD	1891 PLACER ST
81		CLEAR CREEK RD	90 SLY PARK RD	999 SIERRA SPGS DR
1998		CLEAR CREEK RD	2003 MDW CREST DR	2002 CHINQUAPIN DR
1466		CLEAR CT	1464 ENTERPRISE DR	END
2208		CLEAR VIEW DR	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2348 MTN TROUT DR
542		CLEMSON DR	529 HILLCREST DR	544 WOODLEIGH DR
626		CLERMONT WY	605 BRISBANE CIR	1103 HARVARD WY
2306		CLIFF RD	2294 MT RAINIER DR	END
379		CLINTON WY	END	378 RABEN WY
379		CLINTON WY	375 CHASEN DR	END
2413		CLIPPER ST	2323 ALICE LAKE RD	END
355		COACH LN	354 RODEO RD	END
2281		COCHISE CIR	169 S UPPER TRK RD	169 S UPPER TRK RD
2339		COLD CREEK CT	2322 COLD CR TRL	END
2322	1	COLD CREEK TRAIL	114 PIONEER TRAIL	2326 DEL NORTE ST
2322A		COLD CREEK TRAIL	END	114 PIONEER TRAIL
20	10	COLD SPRINGS RD	URBAN LIMIT	SH 153
		COLD SPRINGS RD	PLCR	URBAN LIMIT
2731		COLINA COURT	END	319 WOODLEIGH LANE
2483		COLUMBINE TRAIL	NF BDY	2416 MARSHALL TR
993		COLUMBINE WAY	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	END
2459		COLUSA ST	2249 BLITZEN RD	2249 BLITZEN RD
1565		COMANCHE RD	1568 CELIO LN	2016 APACHE AVE
1468		COMMERCE WY	146 ENTERPRISE DR	SH049
1094		COMMODITY WY	1095 DIVIDEND DR	END
2710		CONCORDIA DR	2711 MONTE VERDE DR	END
2333		CONE RD	2205B BOULDER MTN RD	END
73	1	COON HOLLOW RD	PLCR	URBAN LIMIT
73	10	COON HOLLOW RD	URBAN LIMIT	URBAN LIMIT
73	20	COON HOLLOW RD	URBAN LIMIT	26 BIG CUT RD
2321		COPPER WAY	2326 DEL NORTE ST	2322 COLD CR TRL
2655		CORAL BELLS DR	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS	2654 ALYSSUM CIR

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2088		CORALAIN CT	2087 CORALAIN DR	END
2087		CORALAIN DR	2084 ROLLINGWOOD DR	END
369		CORNADA CT	368 LAS TUNAS WY	END
2121		CORNELIAN DR	SH089	URBAN AREA
2121	5	CORNELIAN DR	URBAN AREA	2120 MULBERRY DR
2162		CORTEZ CT	2163 PLANETA WY	END
877	5	COSUMNES MINE RD	879 STRING CYN RD	NF BDY
877	10	COSUMNES MINE RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
877	15	COSUMNES MINE RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
877	20	COSUMNES MINE RD	NF BDY	124 SCIARONI ROAD
95		COTHRIN RANCH RD	18 LATROBE RD	END
2523		COTO ST	2519 OFLYING DR	2521 SKYLINE DR
2488		COUGAR TRAIL	2485 FAIR MEADOW TR	END
198		COUNTRY CLUB DR	200 CAMERON PARK DR	4 BASS LAKE RD
2534		COUNTRY CLUB DR	2250 BAKERSFIELD ST	SH050 EMERALD BAY RD
2026		COVE WAY	2030 SWEETWATER DR	2227 LAKERIDGE DR
572		COVELLO CIR	END	END
1685		COX ST	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	1684 SPRUCE AVE
2212		COYOTE RIDGE CIR	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD
569		CRANE WY	544 WOODLEIGH LN	END
615		CRAYDON PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
1020		CRAZY HORSE RD	1019 FLYING C RD	END
1020		CRAZY HORSE RD	END	END
2447		CREE ST	END	2448 ABABCO ST
1919		CREEKSIDE DR	1918 MT PLEASANT DR	1918
2168		CREST DR	2174 BROOK DR	END
2055		CREST MAR CIR	2054 WOOD MAR DR	2054 WOOD MAR DR
2056		CREST MAR CT	2055 CREST MAR CIR	END
2009		CREST VIEW DR	30 FOWLER LN	END
2262		CRESTA CT	2039 LAKEHILLS DR	END
1064		CRESTLINE CIR	1026 MONTRIDGE WY	1026 MONTRIDGE WY
1066		CRESTLINE CT	1064 CRESTLINE CIR	END
2044		CRESTVIEW CT	2043 SUNNYVIEW DR	END
2555		CROMWELL CT	2039 LAKEHILLS DR	END
1459		CROSSBILL LN	1458 KOKI LN	END
2017		CROW ST	2024 HOPI AVE	END
292		CROWN DR	219 ED HILLS BLVD	END
888		CROWN POINT DR	893 JUSTINE AVE	END
896		CRUSADER DR	898 PATTERSON DR	893 JUSTINE AVE
2520	10	CRYSTAL AIR DR	2196 MEADOW VALE DR	2521 SKYLINE DR
2520	20	CRYSTAL AIR DR	2521 SKYLINE DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR
196		CRYSTAL BLVD	SH049	END
894		CRYSTAL DR	895 CASH BOY RD	125
1332		CRYSTAL SPRINGS RD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	48 MACE RD
235		CUL DE SAC A	234 WARREN LN	END
291		CUL DE SAC A	273 TAM O SHANTER DR	END
236		CUL DE SAC B	234 WARREN LN	END
237		CUL DE SAC C	234 WARREN LN	END
287		CUL DE SAC C	286 RIVIERA CIR	END
285		CUL DE SAC D	281 WILLOWDALE DR	END
381		CULVER LN	379 CLINTON WY	END
1130		CYPRESS POINT CT	1124 GOLDEN FOOTHILL	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2075		CYPRESS POINT DR	2074 SOUTH VIEW DR	102 CAPPS XING RD
1038		CYPRINE CT	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	END
1727		D ST	1724 SECOND ST	89 CARSON RD
984		DAISY DR	985 BEGONIA DR	984 DAISY DR
2580		DANBURY CIR	2567 KENSINGTON DR	2584 REGENCY CT
552		DARIUS CT	547 CAMEROSA CIR	END
611		DARWIN PL	609 DARWIN WY	END
609		DARWIN WY	603 BUSSELTON WY	2347B SILVA VLY PKWY
10		DAVIDSON RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	7 GREENSTONE RD
2328		DE LISI WAY	2300 GLEN DR	END
205		DE SABLA CT	204 DE SABLA RD	END
204		DE SABLA RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	203 HACIENDA RD
612		DEAKIN PL	609 DARWIN WY	END
137		DECENTE CT	561 EL NORTE RD	END
1686		DEEP HAVEN RD	1680 FORE BAY RD	END
2172		DEER AVE	1548 PINE ST	END
2510		DEER TR	2509 PROSPECTOR TR	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TR
518		DEER TRAIL LN	516 GATEWAY RD	516 GATEWAY RD
66		DEER VALLEY RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
1961		DEERTRACK CT	1902 DEERWOOD DR	END
1960		DEERWOOD CT	1902 DEERWOOD DR	END
1902		DEERWOOD DR	102 CAPPS XING RD	1904 WINDING WY
439		DEL GRANDE CT	427 DOWNIEVILLE DR	END
1072		DEL MONTE CT	1026 MONTRIDGE WY	END
2326		DEL NORTE ST	END	NF BDY
2326	5	DEL NORTE ST	NF BDY	2324 AMADOR WAY
551		DEL PHINA CT	545 PLACITAS DR	END
555		DELAMERE CT	554 CASTANA DR	END
2278		DELAWARE ST	169 N.UPPER TRUCKEE RD	2284 KIOWA DR
1949		DEVERON WAY	1947 DUNDEE CIR	1947 DUNDEE CIR
2650		DIAMANTE ROBLES CT	30 FOWLER LN	END
1055		DIAMOND CT	1053 GARNET RD	END
1056		DIAMOND DR	1053 GARNET RD	90 SLY PARK RD
2234		DIAMOND MEADOWS CT	SH049 PLEASANT VLY	END
1810		DIANA ST	END	URBAN LIMIT
1810	10	DIANA ST	URBAN LIMIT	SH049
1006		DISCOVERY LN	SH049	END
1095		DIVIDEND DR	END	END
2350		DIVOT CT	2534 COUNTRY CLUB DR	END
2345		DIXIE MOUNTAIN DR	169 N.UPPER TRUCKEE RD	2210 VIEW CIR
519		DOE CT	518 DEER TRAIL LN	END
915		DOE VIEW PL	90 SLY PARK RD	END
909		DOLLY VARDEN LN	END	END
2546		DONOHUE PL	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	END
264		DOWNE CT	262 STANFORD LN	END
437		DOWNIEVILLE CT	427 DOWNIEVILLE DR	END
427		DOWNIEVILLE DR	219 EL DORADO HLS BL	423 EMBARCADERO DR
2048		DRIFTWOOD CIR	2060 MARINA VIEW DR	2050 OUTRIGGER DR
2096		DUDLEY DR	507 BENTLEY DR	510 ROYCE DR
2319		DUFFY RD	2010 N CIR DR	END
508		DUNBAR RD	67 STARBUCK RD	511 HASTINGS DR
1947	10	DUNDEE CIR	2203 TAHOE MTN RD	1946 GLENMORE WY

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1947	15	DUNDEE CIR	1946 GLENMORE WY	1947 DUNDEE CIR
1081		DUNNINGS RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	END
2564		DURHAM PL	2563 PORTSMOUTH DR	END
165		DUROCK RD	357 ROBIN LN	17 SOUTH SHINGLE RD
2252A	10	E SAN BERNARDINO AVE	END	2254 SAN DIEGO ST
2252B	20	E SAN BERNARDINO AVE	2254 SAN DIEGO ST	2534 COUNTRY CLUB DR
2213		EAGLE LANE	2212	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD
515		EAGLE LN	513 SANDPIPER WY	513 SANDPIPER WY
208		EAGLE VIEW DR	207 FAIRWAY DR	209 EL DORADO ROYALE
2504		EARLY DAWN TRL	2503 SOURDOUGH TRL	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL
2269		EAST CT	2268 MTN CANARY DR	END
143		EAST RD	2237 LINDBERG AVE	END
2596		EAST RIVER PARK DR	2309 PANORAMA DR	169 S UPR TRUCKEE RD
1015		ECHO LN	8 EL DORADO RD	END
2267		ECHO VIEW DR	2202 SAWMILL RD	8202
1903		EDGEWOOD CIR	102 CAPPS XING RD	1902 DEERWOOD DR
2573		EDINGTON PL	2571 RALEIGH WY	END
2369		EGRET WAY	169 UPPER TRUCKEE RD	END
1541		EIGHTH AVE	END	1548 PINE ST
1694		EL CAMINO DR	190 SHERMAN WY	END
219		EL DORADO HILLS BL	SH050	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
8		EL DORADO RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
209		EL DORADO ROYALE	200 CAMERON PARK DR	END
1840		EL DORADO ST	11 UNION MINE RD	SH049
201		EL ENCANTO RD	204 DE SABLA RD	199 LOS SANTOS DR
559		EL MESITA CT	556 MONTERO RD	END
178		EL NIDO CT	2039 LAKE HILLS DR	END
561		EL NORTE RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	556 MONTERO RD
2257		EL SUR CT	2159 GUADALUPE DR	END
393		EL TEJON RD	392 ESTEPA DR	394 WILKINSON RD
2495		ELATI ST	2493 NAHANE DR	2494 HENDERSON ST
441		ELBE CT	431 TIMBRLINE RDG DR	END
1739		ELDER CT	1738 VERDE ROBLES DR	END
2139		ELF LANE	SH089	END
1118		ELF WOOD LN	1119 MINESHAFT LN	135 MEDER RD
2266		ELK POINT DR	2207 MULE DEER CIR	END
2535		ELKS CLUB DR	114 PIONEER TR	SH050 EMERALD BAY RD
2705		ELLENWOOD LN	8 EL DORADO RD	END
2572		ELLESWORTH PL	2571 RALEIGH WY	END
1544		ELM ST	1548 PINE ST	1537 SIXTH AVE
2065		ELM ST	25 PONY EXPRESS RD	END
1721		ELMER ST	END	END
284		ELMWOOD CT	281 WILLOWDALE DR	END
2349		ELMWOOD DR	2121 CORNELIA DR	END
423		EMBARCADERO DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR	428 OAK TREE CIR
288		EMERALD HILLS CT	281 WILLOWDALE DR	END
2037		ENCINA CT	2035 ENCINA DR	END
2035		ENCINA DR	2034 LOMA VERDE DR	2159 GUADALUPE DR
1462		ENTERPRISE CT	1464 ENTERPRISE DR	END
1464		ENTERPRISE DR	132 FORNI RD	END
2186		ERIE CIR	2016 APACHE AVE	2391 MANDAN ST
2374		ERMINE CT	169 S UPPER TRK RD	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2545		ESSEX PL	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	END
2291		ESTATE CT	2275 GRIZZLY MTN DR	END
345		ESTE VISTA DR	206 SUDBURY RD	END
392		ESTEPA DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
2518		EVELYN RD	114 PIONEER TRAIL	END
2314		EVERGREEN CT	SH193	END
2082		EVERGREEN DR	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	879 STRING CANYON RD
57		EXCELSIOR RD	26 BIG CUT RD	73 COON HOLLOW RD
2489		FAIR MEADOW CT	2485 FAIR MEADOW TR	END
2485		FAIR MEADOW TRAIL	114 PIONEER TR	2486 PLATEAU CIR
2619		FAIRCHILD CT	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
2612		FAIRCHILD DR	2624 KESWICK DR	2347B SILVA VLY PKWY
106		FAIRPLAY RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	35 OMO RANCH RD
2137		FAIRVIEW DRIVE	2136 NORTH ST	2184 FIR DR
207		FAIRWAY DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	351 OXFORD RD
1989		FALKIRK CT	2627 FALKIRK WY	END
2627		FALKIRK WY	2626 KESWICK DR	2638 WICKHAM WY
1841		FALL ST	1840 EL DORADO ST	END
1940		FALLEN LEAF RD	SH089	END
2577		FARMINGTON CT	2563 PORTSMOUTH DR	END
93		FARNHAM RIDGE RD	38 BRIDGEPORT SC RD	END
914		FAWN DR	90 SLY PARK RD	915 DOE VIEW PL
1705		FERN AVE	1706 CEDAR DR	25 PONY EXPRESS TR
327		FERNBROOK CT	326 WESTRIDGE DR	END
1097		FIELDSTONE DRIVE	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD	END
1525		FIFTH AVE	END	1542 HAZEL ST
1525	5	FIFTH AVE	1542 HAZEL ST	1511 WILSON AVE
905		FIN CT	904 KOKANEE LN	END
1107		FINDERS WY	217 SARATOGA WY	1108 PLATT CIR
2184		FIR DR	2137 FAIRVIEW DR	1690 PINE ST
1534		FIR ST	1531 FIRST AVE	1541 EIGHTH AVE
1601		FIR ST	1600 MARGARET DR	SH050
1531		FIRST AVE	1532 ALDER ST	1534 FIR ST
1971		FIRTH WY	1966 HGHLD HILLS DR	END
177		FITCH WAY	END	END
624		FITZROY PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
536		FLAME CT	533 PERLETT DR	END
502		FLEET CT	500 ROYAL PARK DR	END
1983		FLUSHING PL	2638 WICKHAM WY	END
1019		FLYING C RD	1020 CRAZY HORSE RD	END
1021		FLYING C RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
2244		FOOTHILL DR	2243 SCENIC DR	2245 RIDGE DR
622		FORBES PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
1680	5	FOREBAY RD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	
1680	10	FOREBAY RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
1680	15	FOREBAY RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
1680	20	FOREBAY RD	NF BDY	END
1483		FOREST DR	SH089	1481 RUBICON DR
1963		FOREST GLEN DR	1962 MEADOW GLEN DR	END
2318		FOREST LAKE RD	2072 SOUTH POINT RD	END
2331		FOREST MOUNTAIN DR	2203 TAHOE MTN RD	END
1630		FOREST RD	SH050	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1923		FOREST VIEW DR	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	1918 MT PLEASANT DR
2169		FOREST VIEW DR	2168 CREST DR	END
132		FORNI RD	SH049	PLCR
132A		FORNI RD	PLCR	PLCR
858		FORT JIM CT	85 FT JIM RD	END
85		FORT JIM RD	84 NEWTON RD	84 NEWTON RD
2666		FORTROSE PL	2660 MANNING DR	END
2341		FORTUNE WAY	2322 COLD CR TRL	2326 DEL NORTE ST
1522		FOURTH AVE	1542 HAZEL ST	1511 WILSON AVE
1523		FOURTH AVE	END	1542 HAZEL ST
1393		FOURTH ST	SLTO	END
30		FOWLER LANE	SH049 PLEASANT VLY R	END
2714		FOXMORE LANE	4 BASS LAKE ROAD	END
2161		FRANCISCO DR	278 PENDLETON DR	219 EL DORADO HLS
2161	5	FRANCISCO DR	219 EL DORADO HLS	2 GREEN VLY RD
2161	10	FRANCISCO DR	2 GREEN VLY RD	2159 GUADALUPE DR
2161A		FRANCISCO DR	END	END
13		FRENCH CR RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	15 BONNETI RD
2209		FRONTIER RD	2208 CLEAR VIEW DR	END
123		FRUITRIDGE RD	120 NORTH CANYON RD	END
2098		FULAM CT	67 STARBUCK RD	END
425		GABBERT DR	424 PALMER DR	END
643		GAILEY CIR	644 TRINIDAD DR	644 TRINIDAD DR
646		GAILEY CT	643 GAILEY CIR END	END
2515		GALLO DR	2263 PEBBLE BEACH DR	END
333		GARDEN CIR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR
53		GARDEN VALLEY RD	76 MARSHALL RD	SH193
1053		GARNET RD	90 SLY PARK RD	END
516		GATEWAY DR	4 BASS LAKE RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
149		GATLIN RD	2141 5 MILE RD	89 CARSON RD
290		GENEVA CT	273 TAM O SHANTER DR	END
2001		GENOA AVE	1351 BLACK BART AVE	2002 CHINQUAPIN DR
2418		GENTIAN CIR	2417 LUPINE TRL	2417 LUPINE TRL
1871		GEORGES ALLEY	SH049	1876 GEORGES LN
1876		GEORGES LN	1871 GEORGES ALLEY	END
49		GEORGIA SLIDE RD	1901 SCHOOL ST	END
2253		GERONIMO WAY	2252B	END
241		GILLETTE DR	197 OLSON LN	END
152		GILMORE RD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	END
305		GLADSTONE LN	302 TWIN OAKS RD	304 ROYAL DR
2300		GLEN DR	2301 WOODLAND DR	SH089
2133		GLEN DRIVE	2132 RICHARD AVE	END
2193		GLEN EAGLES RD	2535 ELKS CLUB DR	END
2193	5	GLEN EAGLES RD	114 PIONEER TR	END
1028		GLEN RIDGE CT	257 POWERS DR	END
1027		GLEN RIDGE WY	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	257 POWERS DR
1134		GLENHAVEN CT	1133 HILLSDALE CIR	END
1946		GLENMORE WAY	END	2203 TAHOE MTN RD
1946	5	GLENMORE WAY	2203 TAHOE MTN RD	1947 DUNDEE CIR
1969		GLENMORE WY	1966 HGHLAD HS DR	1973 LOCH WY
2042		GLENRIDGE PKWY	SH089	2042 GLENRIDGE PKWY
2506		GOLD DUST TRL	END	2508 JICARILLO TRL

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

70		GOLD HILL RD	SH049	21 LOTUS RD
1042		GOLD RIDGE TRAIL	90 SLY PARK RD	90 SLY PARK RD
1003		GOLD RUSH LN	SH049	END
2077		GOLDEN ASPEN CT	2076 GOLDEN ASPEN DR	END
2076		GOLDEN ASPEN DR	2082 EVERGREEN DR	END
2499		GOLDEN BEAR TRL	114 PIONEER TRL	END
1471		GOLDEN CENTER DR	132 FORNI RD	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD
902		GOLDEN CT	182 RAINBOW TRL	END
2354		GOLDEN EAGLE LN	2347B SILVA VLY RD	END
1124		GOLDEN FTHILL PKWY	18 LATROBE RD	18 LATROBE RD
184		GOLDEN ST	182 RAINBOW TRL	183 LOCH LEVEN DR
2505		GOLDPAN CT	2504 EARLY DAWN TRL	END
42		GOOSE FLAT RD	40 RATLSNK BAR RD	END
2046		GORDO CT	2161 FRANCISCO DR	END
271		GOVERNOR DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	219 ED HILLS BLVD
1092A		GRACE CT	1091 RYAN DR	END
1092B		GRACE CT	1092A GRACE CT	END
1092		GRACE DR	SH049 PLEASNT VLY RD	1091 RYAN DR
397		GRANADA CT	395 GRANADA DR	END
395		GRANADA DR	393 EL TEJON RD	398 PASADA RD
62		GRAND FIR CIR	SH049	SH049
2334		GRANITE MTN CIR	2203 TAHOE MTN RD	END
1052		GRANITE TRAIL	1042 GOLD RIDGE TR	2067 HAZEL ST
2312		GRASS LAKE RD	END	SH089
2313		GRASS LAKE WAY	2312 GRASS LAKE RD	END
1014		GRASSY RUN CT	7 GREENSTONE RD	END
2170		GRAY AVE	1548 PINE ST	END
58		GRAYBAR MINE RD	SH193	56 GREENWOOD RD
313		GREEN GLEN CT	312 GREEN GLEN RD	END
312		GREEN GLEN RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	314 LARKSPUR LN
2		GREEN VALLEY RD	SAC CO	9 MISSOURI FLAT
2	5	GREEN VALLEY RD	9 MISSOURI FLAT	PLCR
242	10	GREENLEAF DR	240 MOTHER LODE DR	END
7A		GREENSTONE CUTOFF	240 MOTHER LODE DR	7 GREENSTONE RD
7		GREENSTONE RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
337		GREENWOOD LN	334 MERRYCHASE DR	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
56		GREENWOOD RD	76 MARSHALL RD	SH193
1896		GREENWOOD RD	1892 LOWER MAIN ST	1891 PLACER ST
913		GREYLING WAY	912 SHAD WY	END
887		GRIFFITH DR	END	898 PATTERSON DR
1906		GRIZZLY CREEK DR	1907 PARKSIDE DR	1907 PARKSIDE DR
2357		GRIZZLY CT	2356 ANTELOPE WY	END
100		GRIZZLY FLAT RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	103 LEONI RD
2287		GRIZZLY MTN CT	159 N UPPER TRKEE RD	END
2275		GRIZZLY MTN DR	159 N UPPER TRK RD	159 N UPPER TRKEE RD
2159		GUADALUPE DR	2039 LAKEHILLS DR	END
2465		GUADALUPE ST	2464 ARAVAIPA ST	END
203		HACIENDA RD	340 VALERIO DR	207 FAIRWAY DR
107		HACKOMILLER RD	53 GARDEN VALLEY RD	59 BLACK OAK MINE RD
2062		HAELING PL	2660 MANNING DR	END
2149		HIDAS CIRCLE	2016 APACHE AVE	END
266		HAIGHT CT	262 STANFORD LN	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1746		HALCON RD	1744 CAMINO HILLS DR	END
2662		HALIFAX PL	2661 HALIFAX WY	END
2661		HALIFAX WY	2664 TEMPLETON DR	2660 MANNING DR
2539		HAMPSHIRE PL	2161 FRANCISCO DR	END
329		HAMPTON CT	309 WENTWORTH RD	END
328		HAMPTON LN	309 WENTWORTH RD	318 KIMBERLY RD
2461		HAN ST	2249 BLITZEN RD	SH089
1350		HANK MONK AVE	1351 BLACK BART AVE	1351 BLACK BART AVE
32		HANKS EXCHANGE RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	END
282		HANOVER CT	281 WILLOWDALE DR	END
174		HAPPY VALLEY CF RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	80 HAPPY VLY RD
80	5	HAPPY VALLEY ROAD	78 MT AUKUM ROAD	NF BDY
80	10	HAPPY VALLEY ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
80	15	HAPPY VALLEY ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
80	20	HAPPY VALLEY ROAD	NF BDY	124 SCIARONI ROAD
1897		HARKNESS ST	1881 CHURCH ST	END
1301		HARNESS TRACT RD	8039	1334 LARSEN DR
1521		HARRIS AVE	1542 HAZEL ST	1511 WILSON AVE
1722		HARRIS RD	1731 NORMAN WY	1721 ELMER ST
2549		HARTFORD CT	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	END
1103		HARVARD WY	219 EL DORADO HILLS	23478 SILVA VLY PKWY
1980		HARVEY RD	END	END
2574		HARWICH CT	2571 RALEIGH WY	END
119	3	HASSLER RD	2600 UNION RIDGE RD	120 NORTH CANYON RD
511		HASTINGS DR	2 GREEN VLY RD	67 STARBUCK RD
1460		HAVENSTAR LN	1458 KOKI LN	1459 CROSSBILL LN
600		HAWKER PL	272 ST ANDREWS DR	END
1126		HAWKS FLT CT	1124 GLDN FTHL PKWY	END
1349		HAWLEY GRADE	169	END
1941		HAYLOFT CT	1937 BEECHWOOD DR	END
1542		HAZEL ST	1537 SIXTH AVE	1521 HARRIS AVE
2067		HAZEL ST	1992 RIDGEWAY DR	1051 AMBER TRL
2403		HAZEL VALLEY RD	88 PARK CR RD	END
154		HEADINGTON RD	9 MISSOURI FLT RD	END
2579		HEARTHSTONE PL	2567 KENSINGTON DR	END
2553		HEATHCOTT PL	2551 CARDIFF CIR	END
1944		HEATHER CIR	1943 UPLANDS WAY	1943 UPLANDS WAY
633		HEDLAND PL	630 WILLISTON WY	END
226		HEIGHTS DR	304 ROYAL DR	304 ROYAL DR
2423		HEKPA DR	2405	114 PIONEER TRAIL
2423	5	HEKPA DR	2405	END
1852		HEMLOCK AVE	1851 ALPINE AVE	END
2689		HEMMINGWAY CT	1020 CRAZY HORSE RD	END
2494		HENDERSON ST	2497 WAILAKI ST	END
1136		HENSLEY CIR	234 WARREN LN	1136 HENSLEY CIR
988		HIBISCUS CT	990 PENNYROYAL DR	END
2395		HIDATSA CIR	2393 ARIKAWA ST	2393 ARIKAWA ST
2396		HIDATSA CT	2395 HIDATSA CIR	END
2408		HIGH MEADOW TRL	114 PIONEER TR	END
1910		HIGH ST	1911 CHURCH ST	1917 BACK ST
176		HIGHLAND DR	175 HIGHVIEW DR	END
1966		HIGHLAND HILLS DR	2347A SILVA VLY PKWY	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1942		HIGHLANDS DR	1946 GLENMORE WAY	END
2419		HIGHMEADOWS CT	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL	END
175		HIGHVIEW DR	2169 FOREST VIEW DR	END
2126		HILLBILLY LANE	2125 KYBURZ DR	2125 KYBURZ DR
529		HILLCREST DR	394 WILKINSON RD	503 WAVERLY DR
2316		HILLS CT	2315 ROLLING HILLS D	END
300		HILLSBOROUGH RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	304 ROYAL DR
1133		HILLSDALE CIR	1132 R MATHEWS PKWY	1132 R MATHEWS PKWY
1955		HILLTOP CT	1954 HILLTOP DR	END
1954		HILLTOP DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR	1952 PIONEER DR
2175		HILO AVE	2173 MCKINNEY RD	PLA CO
1122		HILTON WY	135 MEDER RD	1121 BUENA VISTA RD
1865		HINMAN ALLEY	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	1866 NORTH ST
418		HOFFMAN CT	2161 FRANCISCO DR	END
310		HOLLY HILLS LN	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
2500		HOMESTEAD TRL	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL	END
2677		HONEY CIRCLE	2675 SUMMER DRIVE	2675 SUMMER DR
2024		HOPI AVE	SH050	2019 MODOC WY
1352		HORACE GREELEY AVE	1350 HANK MONK AVE	1350 HANK MONK AVE
1870		HOWARD CIR	SH049 PLEASANT VLY R	SH049 PLEASANT VLY R
2325		HUMBOLDT ST	2321 COPPER WY	2324 AMADOR WY
2468		HUNKPAPA ST	2472 KULOW ST	2475 CARNARSEE ST
2474		HUPH ST	2468 HUNKPAPA ST	2467 MINNICONJOU DR
2466		IBACHE ST	2464 ARAVAIPA ST	END
147		ICEHOUSE RD	SH050	63 WENTWORTH SPGS UC
147	10	ICEHOUSE RD	63 WENTWORTH SPGS UC	147
147	25	ICEHOUSE RD	147 ICEHOUSE RD	END LOON LAKE
2727		IMAD COURT	1976 ABERDEEN LANE	END
2142		INCA WAY	2143 PAWNEE DR	END
92		INDIAN DIGGINS RD	35 OMO RANCH RD	END
2726		INDIGO COURT	2675 SUMMER DRIVE	END
2251		INDIGO WAY	2252B	END
1470		INDUSTRIAL DR	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD	END
544A		INTREPID DRIVE	510 ROYCE DR	END
544B		INTREPID DRIVE	370 LA CRESCENTA DR	END
2566		INVERNESS WY	2565 SAILSBURY DR	END
1135		INVESTMENT BLVD	18 LATROBE RD	END
2335		IRON MOUNTAIN CIR	2203 TAHOE MTN RD	END
2153		IROQUOIS CIR	2155 MOHICAN DR	2155 MOHICAN DR
2508		JACARILLO TR	END	END
2422		JACK BELL CT	1351 BLACK BART AVE	END
1090		JACKPINE RD	5 PONDEROSA RD	END
438		JACKSON CT	427 DOWNIEVILLE DR	END
101		JACQUIER ROAD	589 SMITH FLAT RD	URBAN LIMIT
101	10	JACQUIER ROAD	URBAN LIMIT	89 CARSON RD
1046		JADE CT	1044 JADE DR	END
1044		JADE DR	1043 OPAL TR	1049 ONYX TR
164		JANE DR	SH049	END
1984		JARED PL	2627 FALKIRK WY	END
2706		JASMINE CIRCLE	2675 SUMMER DRIVE	2675 SUMMER DR
194		JASPER CT	193 STOPE WAY	END
2000		JEWELL RD	SH050	SH050

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2463	JICARILLA DR	114 PIONEER TR	END
161	JIM VALLEY RD	85 FORT JIM RD	END
19	JOERGER CUTOFF RD	34B WHITE ROCK RD	END
116	JOHNSON PASS RD	SH050	8817 ECHO SUMMIT RD
2145	JONI CT	2144 LOYAL LN	END
350	JOSE CT	206 SUDBURY RD	END
1996	JUDY DR	1811 ROXANA ST	1811 ROXANA ST
1157	JULIE ANN WY	257 POWERS DR	END
1157	JULIE ANN WY	END	END
566	JULIE CT	543 ABBOTT RD	END
136	JURGENS RD	66 DEER VALLEY RD	97 LUNEMAN RD
565	JUSTIN WOODS CT	543 ABBOTT RD	END
893	JUSTINE AVE	898 PATTERSON DR	894 CRYSTAL DR
891	JUSTINE CT	893 JUSTINE AVE	END
186	KAMLOOPS DR	185 LOCH LEVEN DR	END
68	KANAKA VLY RD	66 DEER VALLEY RD	END
2436	KANSA ST	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	2437 MUSKWAKI DR
2440	KASKA ST	2439 SHAKORI DR	END
2492	KATA CT	2491 KEKIN ST	END
587	KATIE WY	586 BEATTY DR	257 POWERS DR
523	KATO CT	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
2460	KATO ST	2249 BLITZEN RD	END
2456	KEETAK ST	2453 POMO ST	2121 CORNELIAN DR
2491	KEKIN ST	169 S UPPER TRK RD	2493 NAHANE DR
170	KELSEY ROAD	SH193	SH193
2617	KENNEDY PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
2597	KENSINGTON CT	2567 KENSINGTON DR	END
2567	KENSINGTON DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR	1115 VILLAGE CNTR DR
2703	KENTFIELD CT	2704 KENTFIELD DR	END
2704	KENTFIELD DR	2703 KENTFIELD CT	END
2704	KENTFIELD DRIVE	END	2699 BRIDGEPORT DRIVE
2626	KESWICK DR	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	2627 FALKIRK WY
2659	KETTERING PL	2661 HALIFAX WY	END
426	KEVIN ST	424 PALMER DR	END
2279	KICKAPOO ST	2277 MEWUK DR	2284 IOWA DR
1974	KILT CIR	1973 LOCH WY	1973 LOCH WY
318	KIMBERLY RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
330	KIMWORTH LN	318 KIMBERLY RD	309 WENTWORTH RD
410	KING EDWARD CT	292 CROWN DR	END
299	KING EDWARD DR	293 KING RICHARD DR	292 CROWN DR
403	KING GEORGE CT	402 KING GEORGE WY	END
2107	KING GEORGE DRIVE	2135 VIEW CIR	1481 RUBICON DR
402	KING GEORGE WAY	293 KING RICHARD DR	299 KING EDWARD DR
407	KING HENRY CT	293 KING RICHARD DR	END
295	KING HENRY WAY	292 CROWN DR	293 KING RICHARD
298	KING JAMES WAY	293 KING RICHARD DR	299 KING EDWARD DR
297	KING JOHN WAY	293 KING RICHARD DR	299 KING EDWARD DR
408	KING RICHARD CT	293 KING RICHARD DR	END
293	KING RICHARD DR	299 KING EDWARD DR	END
218	KINGS CANYON DR	216 ARROWHEAD DR	END
1957	KINGS ROW DR	1958 PINE RIDGE DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR
2284	KIOWA DR	2283 KORU ST	169 N. UPPER TRUCKEE RD

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2715		KIRKWOOD COURT	2658 KIRKWOOD DRIVE	END
2658		KIRKWOOD DR	2706 JASMINE CIR	2654 ALYSSUM CIR
2667		KLONDIKE WY	END	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS
417		KNIGHT LN	259 PATTERSON WY	END
1154		KNIGHTS CT	417 KNIGHT LN	END
1153		KNOLLRIDGE CT	1152 KNOLLRIDGE DR	END
1152		KNOLLRIDGE DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	257 POWERS DR
336		KNOLLWOOD CT	315 KNOLLWOOD DR	END
315		KNOLLWOOD DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	END
2355		KODIAK CT	2356 ANTELOPE WY	END
904		KOKANEE LN	906 SPECKLED RD	908 SALMON WY
2406		KOKANEE TRL	114 PIONEER TRI	2406 KOKANEE TRL
2406	5	KOKANEE TRL	2406 KOKANEE TRL	2406 KOKANEE TRL
1458		KOKI LN	SH049 PLSNT VLY RD	END
1458		KOKI LN	END	END (GATE)
2023		KONA ST	2172 DEER AVE	END
2283		KORU ST	169 UPPER TRUCKEE RD	END
2470		KOYUKON DR	2428 NADOWA ST	END
2472		KULOW ST	2470 KOYUKON DR	2467 MINNICONJOU DR
2125		KYBURZ DRIVE	SH050	SH050
372		LA CANADA CT	371 LA CANADA DR	END
371		LA CANADA DR	521 STERLING WY	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
371	5	LA CANADA DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	200 CAMERON PARK DR
371	10	LA CANADA DR	200 CAMERON PARK DR	END
367		LA CIENEGA CT	366 LA CIENEGA WY	END
366		LA CIENEGA WAY	360 ALHAMBRA DR	371 LA CANADA DR
370		LA CRESCENTA DR	END	END
370		LA CRESCENTA DR	END	510 ROYCE DR
579		LA TOMJO COURT	370 LA CRESCENTA DR	END
2686		LADY MARCI CT	2216 MORMON ISLAND DR	END
1078		LAGO VISTA DR	255 WILSON BLVD	END
1202		LAKE RIDGE DR	1200 PARK WOODS DR	1200 PARK WOODS DR
2204	5	LAKE TAHOE BLVD	169 UPPER TRUCKEE RD	NF BDY
2204	15	LAKE TAHOE BLVD	NF BDY	SLTO
2049		LAKECREST DR	2060 MARINA VIEW DR	END
2039		LAKEHILLS DR	39 SALMON FALLS RD	END
2224		LAKERIDGE CT	2220 LKRDGE OAKS DR	END
2226		LAKERIDGE CT	2228 SUNRISE AVE	END
2227		LAKERIDGE DR	2228 SUNRISE AVE	END
2220		LAKERIDGE OAKS DR	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
2032	10	LAKEVIEW DR	2342 SILVERTIP DR	2230 SATURN DR
2032	20	LAKEVIEW DR	2029 BAY VIEW DR	END
2304		LAKEVIEW DR	2168 CREST DR	2302 MANZANITA DR
1206		LAKEWOOD CT	1205 LAKEWOOD DR	END
1205		LAKEWOOD DR	90 SLY PARK RD	END
522		LAMAR CT	521 STERLING WY	END
2725		LAMBETH DRIVE	4 BASS LAKE ROAD	END
2375		LAMOR CT	2268 TALBOT PL	END
2560		LANCASTER PL	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
1032		LANGDON CT	271 GOVERNOR DR	END
2598		LANTERN CT	2567 KENSINGTON DR	END
594		LAPIS CT	593 MALACHITE WY	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

314		LARKSPUR LN	331 OSBORNE RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
1707		LARKSPUR LN	1706 CEDAR DR	END
1334		LARSEN DR	121 CABLE RD	89 CARSON RD
368		LAS TUNAS WAY	360 ALHAMBRA DR	370 LA CRESCENTA DR
233		LASSEN LANE	214 PARK DR	219 ED HILLS BLVD
261		LATHAM LANE	197 OLSON LN	262 STANFORD LN
18		LATROBE RD	AMA CO	SH050
94		LATROBE TRIANGLE	17 SOUTH SHINGLE RD	18 LATROBE RD
1696		LAUREL DR	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	1690 PINE ST
1054		LAVA LN	1053 GARNET RD	1057 PEARL RD
168		LAWRENCE RD	36 CEDAR CR RD	AMA CO
179		LAZO CT	2039 LAKE HILLS DR	END
599		LAZURITE LN	597 AQUAMARINE CIR	597 AQUAMARINE CIR
2066		LEAF CIR	1992 RIDGEWAY DR	2067 HAZEL ST
2697		LEE DRIVE	2712 PLATEAU CIR	END
899		LEISURE LN	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	END
103	5	LEONI RD	2078 WOODED GLEN DR	END
103	10	LEONI RD	NF BDY	8042 CALDOR RD
2171		LEWIS AVE	NF BDY	END
2012		LEWIS RD	2009 CREST VIEW DR	END
1062		LIFE WY	END	09 MISSOURI FLAT RD
1699		LILAC RD	1697 ROBERT RD	END
2361		LILYAMA RD	SH049	SH049
28		LIME KILN RD	1017 CHINA GARDEN RD	SH049
2237		LINDBERG AVE	132 FORNI RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR
2122		LINDENWOOD DRIVE	2120 MULBERRY DR	2349 ELMWOOD DR
2575		LINHURST CT	2571 RALEIGH WY	END
210		LINWOOD LN	207 FAIRWAY DR	END
2496		LIPAN ST	2493 NAHANE DR	2494 HENDERSON ST
2290		LITTLE BEAR LN	2275 GRIZZLY MTN DR	2275
2346		LITTLE MOUNTAIN LN	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2295 MOUNT SHASTA CI
185		LOCH LEVEN DR	182 RAINBOW TRL	END
1973		LOCH WY	1972 SHETLAND WY	2 GREEN VLY RD
1874		LOCUST RD	1871 GEORGES ALLEY	1017 CHINA GARDEN
2511		LODGEPOLE TRL	2509 PROSPECTOR TRL	END
1335		LODI AVE	2052 BARBARA AVE	SLTO
2045		LOMA VERDE CT	2034 LOMA VERDE DR	END
2034		LOMA VERDE DR	END	2159 GUADALUPE DR
2040		LOMITA WAY	2036 BONITA DR	END
1967		LOMOND DR	1966 HGHLD HLS DR	1969 GLENMORE WY
1880		LON CT	2010 NORTH CIRCLE DR	END
2501		LONE INDIAN TRL	2500 HOMESTEAD TRL	2508 JICARILLO TRL
889		LONE STAR CT	898 PATTERSON DR	END
2238		LONG AVE	2237 LINDBERG AVE	2237
2338		LOOKOUT POINT CIR	2266 ELK PT DR	2266 ELK PT DR
568		LOON CT	543 ABBOTT RD	END
883		LORRAIN ST	13 FRENCH CREEK DR	END
1073		LOS ALTOS CT	255 WILSON BLVD	END
199		LOS SANTOS DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR
2248		LOST LANE	2016 APACHE AVE	END
21		LOTUS RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	SH049
1892		LOWER MAIN ST	1896 GREENWOOD RD	76 MARSHALL RD

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1892	5	LOWER MAIN ST	76 MARSHALL RD	SH193 GEORGETOWN RD
2144		LOYAL LN	122 BLAIR RD	2146 MARJORIE WY
97		LUNEMAN RD	21 LOTUS RD	136 JURGENS RD
2529		LUNN CT	2527 PLAYER DR	END
992		LUPINE LN	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	END
2417		LUPINE TRL	2416 MARSHALL TRL	2416 MARSHALL TRL
2236		LYDIA LANE	2 GREEN VLY RD	END
48		MACE RD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	121 CABLE RD
901		MACKINAW ST	185 LOCH LEVEN DR	END
2707		MADERA WAY	4 BASS LAKE RD	2706 JASMINE CIR
1703		MADRONE DR	1700 CANYON RD	END
2653		MAGNOLIA HILLS DR	END	4 BASS LAKE RD
2653		MAGNOLIA HILLS DR	2651 TEA ROSE DR	END
2452		MAGUA ST	2024 HOPI AVE	END
2479		MAIDENHAIR CT	2416 MARSHALL TR	END
1893		MAIN ST	SH193 GEORGETOWN RD	63 WENTWORTH SPR RD
363		MAJAR CT	360 ALHAMBRA DR	END
593		MALACHITE WY	PERIDOT DR	592 SPINEL CIR
173		MALCOLM DIXON RD	39 SALMON FALLS RD	2 GREEN VLY RD
111		MAMELUKE HILL RD	49 GEORGIA SLIDE RD	8026 MAMELUKE HILL R
215		MAMMOUTH WAY	216 ARROWHEAD DR	214 PARK DR
2391		MANDAN ST	2016 APACHE AVE	114 PIONEER TR
2660		MANNING DR	2061 WILDRIDGE DR	2661 HALIFAX WY
1747		MANZANA CT	1745 VISTA DEL MUNDO	END
2302		MANZANITA DR	2301 WOODLAND DR	2301 WOODLAND DR
1689		MANZANITA ST	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	END
225		MAPLE AVE	1696 LAUREL DR	END
1678		MAPLE DR	END	END
1002		MARBLE VALLEY RD	SH050	END
1600		MARGARET DR	1601 FIR ST	1601 FIR ST
2053		MARINA PARK DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR	END
2060		MARINA VIEW DR	2112 SCHOONER DR	2049 LAKECREST DR
2657		MARIPOSA SPRINGS DR	2652 WATSONIA GLEN	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS
2146		MARJORIE WAY	2144 LOYAL LN	END
1087		MARKET CT	1084 PRODUCT DR	END
269		MARKHAM CT	262 STANFORD LN	END
2480		MARSHALL CT	2416 MARSHALL TR	END
76		MARSHALL RD	SH049	1892 LOWER MAIN ST
2416		MARSHALL TRL	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL	2487 CATTLEMANS TRL
1325		MARTIN AVE	SLTO	2052 BARBARA AVE
1325	10	MARTIN AVE	2052 BARBARA AVE	1351 BLACK BART AVE
2134		MARVA LANE	20 GOLD SPRINGS RD	2132 RICHARD AVE
505		MARYETTA CT	503 WAVERLY DR	END
2051		MAST CT	2050 OUTRIGGER DR	END
1029		MATTHEW CT	197 OLSON LN	END
2225		MAUL OAK CT	2220 LKRDGE OAKS DR	END
2157		MAYA WAY	2153 IROQUOIS CIR	END
2722		MAYFIELD COURT	2721 MAYFIELD DRIVE	END
2721		MAYFIELD DRIVE	2725 LAMBETH DRIVE	2714 FOXMORE LANE
1875		MC HATTEN ALLEY	1872 NORTH ALLEY	SH049
2173		MCKINNEY RD	2171 LEWIS AVE	END
47		MEADOW BROOK RD	SH193	NF BDY

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

47	5	MEADOW BROOK RD	NF BDY	46 BEAR CR RD
2003		MEADOW CREST DR	1351 BLACK BART AVE	2002 CHINQUAPIN DR
532		MEADOW CT	530 MELODY LN	END
1962		MEADOW GLEN DR	1904 WINDING WY	1904 WINDING WY
338		MEADOW LN	337 GREENWOOD LN	END
2196		MEADOW VALE DR	SH050 EMERALD BAY RD	2516 SOUTHERN PINES
135		MEDER RD	5 PONDEROSA RD	200 CAMERON PARK RD
2028		MEEKS BAY AVE	2028 MEEKS BAY AVE	END
2028		MEEKS BAY AVE	SH089	1416 NORTH LN
539		MELLODAWN WY	394 WILKINSON RD	540 SANDHURST DR
531		MELODY CT	530 MELODY LN	END
530		MELODY LN	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	END
2340		MELROSE CT	2622 MELROSE WY	END
2622		MELROSE WY	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	2616 BRACKENWOOD PL
2105		MEMORY LANE	169 S UPPER TRUCKEE	END
2105A		MEMORY LANE	169 S UPPER TRUCKEE	2105 MEMORY LN
16		MEMORY LN	17 SOUTH SHINGLE RD	END
2670		MENDOCINO CT	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS	END
2669		MENDOCINO WY	2667 KLONDIKE WY	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS
1137		MEPHAM CT	1136 HENSLEY CIR	END
1461		MERCHANDISE WY	1464 ENTERPRISE DR	END
1048		MERCURY TRAIL	1043 OPAL TR	END
2578		MEREDITH PL	2565 SAILSBURY DR	END
2264		MERION RD	2263 PEBBLE BEACH DR	END
415		MERRIAM CT	414 MERRIAM LN	END
414		MERRIAM LN	1037 SAPPHIRE WY	271 GOVERNOR DR
334		MERRYCHASE DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR
332		MERRYWOOD CIRCLE	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
1905		MERRYWOOD CT	1907 PARKSIDE DR	END
317		MERRYWOOD LN	332 MERRYWOOD CIR	END
252		MESA VERDES CT	246 MESA VERDES DR	END
246		MESA VERDES DR	214A PARK DR	214A PARK DR
2277		MEWUK DR	2282 WINTOON DR	169 S UPPER TRK RD
150		MEYERS RD	1712 8 MILE RD	8018
2176		MIAMI AVE	2173 MCKINNEY RD	PLA CO
2177		MIAMI CT	2173 MCKINNEY RD	END
1060		MICA CT	1059 ZINC DR	END
1		MIDDLETOWN RD	PLCR	PLCR
1993		MIDWAY AVE	1992 RIDGEWAY DR	90 SLY PARK RD
1934		MILANO CT	1933 BANCROFT DR	END
2363		MILL RUN	END	NF BDY
2363	5	MILL RUN	NF BDY	END
316		MILLBRAE RD	308 CHELSEA RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
172		MILLER RD	2 GREEN VLY RD	END
1953		MILLWOOD DR	1952 PIONEER DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR
2455		MINAL ST	2454 CIRUGU ST	END
1119		MINESHAFT LN	END	5 PONDEROSA RD
2435		MINGWE ST	2434 NOTTAWAY DR	2431 ACOMA CIR
882		MINING BROOK RD	84 NEWTOWN RD	84 NEWTOWN RD
2425		MINK CT	2424 TOKOCHI ST	END
2467		MINNICONJOU DR	2462 SUSQUEHANA DR	END
359		MIRA LOMA DR	END	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

359		MIRA LOMA DR	360 ALHAMBRA DR	END
9	20	MISSOURI FLAT RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	SH049
1867		MISSOURI ST	SH049	END
2443		MIZTEC CT	2391 MANDAN ST	END
2442		MIZTEC ST	2441 OJIBWA ST	2391 MANDAN ST
514		MODOC CT	513 SANDPIPER WY	END
2019		MODOC WAY	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE	END
2018		MOHAWK ST	2024 HOPI AVE	END
2155		MOHICAN DR	2153 IROQUOIS CIR	2016 APACHE AVE
2094		MOJAVE STREET	2089 TOMAHAWK LN	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
535		MOLINER DR	533 PERLETT DR	563 CATAWBA DR
1785		MONA DR	1781 PRESCOTT AVE	1781
192		MONITOR RD	SH049	END
311		MONTCLAIR RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
2711		MONTE VERDE DR	34 WHITE ROCK RD	END
1740		MONTE VISTA DR	END	END
1740A		MONTE VISTA DR	END	END
365		MONTEBELLO WAY	360 ALHAMBRA DR	366 LA CIENEGA WY
556		MONTERO RD	554 CASTANA DR	572 COVELLO CIR
1068		MONTRIDGE CT	1026B MONTRIDGE WY	END
1026		MONTRIDGE WY	257 POWERS DR	END
537		MONUKKA DR	359 MIRA LOMA DR	END
1036		MOONSTONE CIR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR
2219		MORGAN CT	2216 MORMAN ISLND DR	END
2216		MORMAN ISLAND DR	END	2709 BRITTANY WY
91	5	MORMON EMIGRANT TR	90 SLY PARK RD	8091
2216		MORMON ISLAND DR	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	END
2106		MORTON DRIVE	169	END
224		MOSQUITO CUTOFF RD	60 MOSQUITO RD	108 ROCK CR RD
60	1	MOSQUITO RD	PLCR	URBAN LIMIT
60	2	MOSQUITO RD	URBAN LIMIT	2600 UNION RIDGE RD
60	3	MOSQUITO RD	2600 UNION RIDGE RD	108 ROCK CR RD
60	5	MOSQUITO RD	108 ROCK CR RD	NF BDY
60	10	MOSQUITO RD	NF BDY	8023
588		MOSSRIDGE WY	257 POWERS DR	1150 MUSE DR
1986		MOSSVIEW PL	2627 FALKIRK WY	END
240		MOTHER LODE DR	17 SOUTH SHINGLE RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
240	10	MOTHER LODE DR	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD
2293		MOUNT DIABLO CIR	2294 MT RAINIER DR	2294 MT. RAINIER DR
2297		MOUNT OLYMPIA CIR	2294 MT RAINIER DR	2294 MT. RAINIER DR
2294		MOUNT RAINIER DR	169 UPPER TRUCKEE RD	2204
1592		MOUNT RALSTON RD	1590	SH050
2295		MOUNT SHASTA CIR	2294 MT RAINIER DR	2294 MT. RAINIER DR
1123		MOUNT VIEW CT	529 HILLCREST DR	END
2268		MOUNTAIN CANARY DR	2267 ECHO VIEW DR	END
1493A		MOUNTAIN DR	SH089	END
1493B		MOUNTAIN DR	1493A MTN DR	END
1208		MOUNTAIN LAKE DR	1202 LAKE RIDGE DR	END
2292		MOUNTAIN MEADOW DR	2210 VIEW CIR	END
2296		MOUNTAIN PASS LN	2293 MT DIABLO DR	2297 MT OLYMPIA CIR
2348		MOUNTAIN TROUT DR	2210 VIEW CIR	END
1704		MOUNTAIN VIEW CT	1702 ROMER BLVD	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1711		MOUNTAIN VIEW DR	1710 PONDEROSA WY	END
78		MT AUKUM RD	AMA CO	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
1156		MT CASEY CT	247 MUIR WOODS DR	END
156		MT DANAHER RD	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	8040
75		MT MURPHY RD	SH049	76 MARSHALL RD
1918		MT PLEASANT DR	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	END
248		MT RANIER WY	246 MESA VERDES DR	247 MUIR WOODS DR
8162A		MT TALLAC RD A	8162 MT TALLAC RD	END
8162B		MT TALLAC RD B	8162A MT TALLAC RD	END
8162C		MT TALLAC RD C	8162 MT TALLAC RD	END
1999		MUIR LN	2003 MDW CREST DR	2002 CHINQUAPIN DR
400		MUIR WOODS CT	247 MUIR WOODS DR	END
247		MUIR WOODS DR	246 MESA VERDES DR	255 WILSON BLVD
2736		MUIRFIELD COURT	2699 BRIDGEPORT DRIVE	END
2120		MULBERRY DRIVE	2121 CORNELIAN DR	END
2207		MULE DEER CIRCLE	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD
2728		MURRAY COURT	1976 ABERDEEN LANE	END
620		MURRELL PL	619 NORTHAM WY	END
1150		MUSE DR	257 POWERS DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR
2481		MUSGRAVE CT	2416 MARSHALL TR	END
604		MUSGRAVE PL	603 BUSSELTON WY	END
2384		MUSHOGEE ST	2383 CHILICOTHE ST	END
2437		MUSKWAKI DR	END	END
159		N UPPER TRUCKEE RD	SH050	2204 LAKE TAHOE RD
159	5	N UPPER TRUCKEE RD	2204 LAKE TAHOE RD	END
2428	10	NADOWA ST	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	URBAN LIMIT
2428	15	NADOWA ST	URBAN LIMIT	END
2493		NAHANE DR	169 S UPPER TRK RD	2497 WAILAKI ST
1793		NANTUCKET CT	319 WOODLEIGH LN	END
2185		NARRAGANSETT CIR	2016 APACHE AVE	2016 APACHE AVE
2118		NAVAHOE DR	SH050	2115 CHIMNEY WY
384		NAVION CT	207 FAIRWAY DR	END
2730		NAWAL DRIVE	1976 ABERDEEN LANE	1976 ABERDEEN LANE
617		NETHERDALE WY	605 BRISBANE CIR	2347B SILVA VLY PKWY
442		NEW YORK CREEK CT	431 TIMBRLINE RDG DR	END
2570		NEWBERRY CT	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
84		NEWTOWN RD	127 BROADWAY	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
2280		NEZ PERCE DR	END	2284 KIOWA DR
1543		NINTH AVE	END	1548 PINE ST
373		NORA LN	370 LA CRESCENTA DR	END
1731		NORMAN WAY	1720 ROOSEVELT AVE	89 CARSON RD
625		NORMANTON PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
2380		NORMUK ST	2252A W. SANBER AVE	END
1872		NORTH ALLEY	1875 MC HATTEN ALLEY	END
120		NORTH CANYON RD	89 CARSON RD	1334 LARSEN DR
2010		NORTH CIRCLE DR	30 FOWLER LN	8527 N CIR DR
1416		NORTH LN	1415 VICTORIA DR	2028 MEEKS BAY AVE
6		NORTH SHINGLE RD	5 PONDEROSA RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
1866		NORTH ST	1861 ORIENTAL ST	132 FORNI RD
2136		NORTH STREET	25 PONY EXPRESS RD	1690 PINE ST
618		NORTHAM PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
619		NORTHAM WY	605 BRISBANE CIR	621 PEMBERTON WY

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2041		NORTHRIDGE DR	2042 GLENRIDGE PKWY	END
2547		NORWICH PL	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	END
2434		NOTTAWAY DR	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	END
1116		OAK CREEK CT	39 SALMON FALLS RD	END
31		OAK HILL RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	END
1528		OAK ST	1545 TENTH AVE	1539 SEVENTH AVE
1536		OAK ST	1523 FOURTH AVE	NF BDRY
1681		OAK ST	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	8048
428		OAK TREE CIR	423 EMBARCADERO DR	429 SUTTER CR DR
528		OAKLEAF DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	529 HILLCREST DR
321		OAKWOOD RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR	308 CHELSEA RD
2378		OAXACO ST	2377 SHAWNEE ST	END
548		OCASO CT	545 PLACITAS DR	END
29		ODD FELLOWS RD	SH049 PLEASANT VLY R	28 LIME KILN RD
2519		OFLYNG DR	2516 SOUTHERN PINES	114 PIONEER TRL
2445		OGLALA CT	2391 MANDAN ST	END
2446		OGLALA ST	2391 MANDAN ST	2450 CHIBCHA ST
2441		OJIBWA ST	2391 MANDAN ST	END
1001		OLD BASS LAKE RD	4 BASS LAKE RD	END
146		OLD DEPOT CT	140 OLD DEPOT CT	END
140		OLD DEPOT RD	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD	END
12		OLD FRENCH TOWN RD	13 FRENCH CR RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR
2007		OLD OUTINGDALE RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	END
2256		OLD RUBICON RD	PLA CO	PLA CO
197		OLSON LN	219 EL DORADO HLS BL	1036 MOONSTONE CIR
254		OLYMPIC CT	246 MESA VERDES DR	END
2477		OMAHA ST	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	2438 ONNONTIOGA ST
35	5	OMO RANCH RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	NF BDY
35	10	OMO RANCH RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
35	15	OMO RANCH RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
35	20	OMO RANCH RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
35	25	OMO RANCH RD	NF BDY	AMA CO
2451		ONEIDAS ST	114 PIONEER TR	8189
2438		ONNONTIOGA ST	2437 MUSKWAKI DR	2434 NOTTAWAY DR
1049		ONYX TRAIL	90 SLY PARK RD	1050 TOPAZ DR
1043		OPAL TRAIL	1042 GOLD RIDGE TR	1049 ONYX TRAIL
1861		ORIENTAL ST	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	1861 ORIENTAL ST
344		ORINDA CIR	206 SUDBURY RD	206 SUDBURY RD
2127		ORIOLE DRIVE	SH050	SH050
981		ORION DR	980 SUNLIGHT DR	898 PATTERSON DR
1895		ORLEANS ST	1881 CHURCH ST	1890 SOUTH ST
1353		ORMSBY DR	1351 BLACK BART AVE	1351 BLACK BART AVE
2394		OSAGE CIR	2393 ARIKAWA ST	2393 ARIKAWA ST
331		OSBORNE RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	316 MILLBRAE RD
2387		OTOMITES ST	169 S UPPER TRK RD	END
2116		OTTAWA CT	2016 APACHE AVE	END
2117		OTTAWA DR	2016 APACHE AVE	2016 APACHE AVE
79		OUTINGDALE RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	2006 VACATION BLVD
2695		OUTRIGGER CT	2050 OUTRIGGER DR	END
2050		OUTRIGGER DR	2049 LAKECREST DR	END
2050		OUTRIGGER DR	END	OUTRIGGER DR
353		OXFORD CT	351 OXFORD RD	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

351		OXFORD RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	200 CAMERON PARK DR
351	10	OXFORD RD	200 CAMERON PARK DR	206 SUDBURY RD
268		PACHECO CT	262 STANFORD LN	END
2217		PALAMINO CT	2216 MORMAN ISLND DR	END
2022		PALI ST	2167 BEAR AVE	END
424		PALMER DR	200 CAMERON PARK DR	END
440		PALOS VERDE CT	427 DOWNIEVILLE DR	END
2507		PANHANDLE CT	2506 GOLD DUST TRL	END
2429	10	PANKA ST	END	URBAN LIMIT
2429	15	PANKA ST	URBAN LIMIT	2470 KOYUKON DR
2033		PANNING WAY	1 MIDDLETOWN RD	1
1834		PANORAMA CT	1835 PANORAMA RD	END
2372		PANORAMA CT	169 S UPPER TRK RD	END
1835		PANORAMA DR	130 BLANCHARD RD	130 BLANCHARD RD
2309		PANORAMA DR	169 S UPPER TRUCKEE	169 S. UPPER TRUCKEE
1034		PARDEE CT	271 GOVERNOR DR	END
88	5	PARK CREEK ROAD	90 SLY PARK RD	NF BDY
88	10	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	15	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	20	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	25	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	30	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	35	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	40	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	45	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	50	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	55	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	60	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
88	65	PARK CREEK ROAD	NF BDY	8091
214		PARK DR	219 ED HILLS BLVD	END
214A		PARK DR	233 LASSEN LN	END
1200		PARK WOODS DR	90 SLY PARK RD	END
512		PARKDALE LN	4 BASS LAKE RD	516 GATEWAY DR
1908		PARKSIDE CT	1907 PARKSIDE DR	END
1907		PARKSIDE DR	1904 WINDING WY	1904 WINDING WY
2733		PASADA COURT	394 WILKINSON ROAD	END
398		PASADA RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD	394 WILKINSON RD
897		PATTERSON CT	898 PATTERSON DR	END
898		PATTERSON DR	SH049	END
259		PATTERSON WAY	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	256
2140		PAUL BUNYON RD	SH050	END
577		PAVONIA CT	575 ABRIJO RD	END
2143		PAWNEE DR	2154 CHIPPEWA ST	2153 IROQUOIS CIR
2679		PEACH SPRUCE DR	2675 SUMMER DR	2673 CINNAMON TEAL WY
2111		PEARL PL	2110 RACQUET WY	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
1057		PEARL RD	1053 GARNET RD	END
167		PEAVINE RIDGE RD	END	END
167	5	PEAVINE RIDGE RD	SH050	SH050
2263		PEBBLE BEACH DR	2265 THUNDERBIRD DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR
117		PEDRO HILL RD	39 SALMON FALLS RD	SH049 COLOMA RD
188		PEGGY LN	187 UPLANDS DR	187 UPLANDS DR
621		PEMBERTON WY	605 BRISBANE CIR	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

278		PENDLETON DR	273 TAM O SHANTER DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR
990		PENNYROYAL DR	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	END
72		PENOBSCOT RD	SH193	END
2410		PEPPERWOOD TRL	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL	END
911		PERCH CT	909 DOLLY VARDEN LN	END
596		PERIDOT DR	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	END
270		PERKINS CT	262 STANFORD LN	END
2231		PERKS CT	9 MISSOURI FLAT RD	END
533		PERLETT DR	361 VIRADA DR	359 MIRA LOMA DR
98		PERRY CR RD	106 FAIRPLAY RD	106 FAIRPLAY RD
1030		PHILLIP CT	197 OLSON LN	END
1850		PHILLIPS HTS AVE	1851 ALPINE AVE	END
1782		PIERCE ST	1781 PRESCOTT AVE	END
2289		PIMA ST	2282 WINTOON DR	2277 MEWUK DR
1741		PINA AVE	1734 CAMINO HGTS DR	END
1203		PINE CONE DR	90 SLY PARK RD	1200 PARK WOODS DR
2165		PINE CONE DR	2125 KYBURZ DR	END
1204		PINE FOREST DR	1203 PINE CONE DR	1200 PARK WOODS DR
1959		PINE RIDGE CT	1958 PINE RIDGE DR	END
1958		PINE RIDGE DR	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	1951 BLUE MTN DR
1548		PINE ST	SH089	2171 LEWIS AVE
1690		PINE ST	END	1691 WILLOW ST
2192		PINE VALLEY RD	2423 HEPKA DR	END
1925	10	PINEHAVEN DR	1913 TYLER DR	END
2123		PINEWOOD DRIVE	2120 MULBERRY DR	2349 ELMWOOD DR
1007		PINON RD	5 PONDEROSA RD	END
2716		PINTAIL COURT	2706 JASMINE CIRCLE	END
1956		PIONEER CT	1952 PIONEER DR	END
1952		PIONEER DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR
69		PIONEER HILL RD	84 NEWTON RD	END
114	5	PIONEER TRAIL	SH050	NF BDY
114	10	PIONEER TRAIL	NF BDY	NF BDY
114	15	PIONEER TRAIL	NF BDY	NF BDY
114	20	PIONEER TRAIL	NF BDY	NF BDY
114	25	PIONEER TRAIL	NF BDY	URBAN LIMIT
114	35	PIONEER TRAIL	NF BDY	SLTO
383		PIPER CT	207 FAIRWAY DR	END
2526		PIPIL CT	2525 ATROARI ST	END
2092		PIUTE STREET	2089 TOMAHAWK LN	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
1891		PLACER ST	1896 GREENWOOD RD	1893 MAIN ST
2187		PLACER ST	2365 ANTELOPE WY	PLA CO
545		PLACITAS DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	572 COVELLO CIR
2163		PLANETA WAY	2159 GUADALUPE DR	END
2486		PLATEAU CIR	2488 COUGAR TR	NF BDY
2486	5	PLATEAU CIR	NF BDY	NF BDY
2486	10	PLATEAU CIR	NF BDY	2487 CATTLEMANS TR
2712		PLATEAU CIR	394 WILKINSON RD	394 WILKINSON RD
1108		PLATT CIR	END	1108 PLATT CIR
2530		PLAYER CT	2527 PLAYER DR	END
2527		PLAYER DR	114 PIONEER TRL	114 PIONEER TRL
77	1	PLEASANT VALLEY RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	SH049 (EL DORADO)
77	3	PLEASANT VALLEY RD	SH049 (FOWLER LN)	78 MT AUKUM RD

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

157		PLEASANT VLY GRNGE	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	END
2151		PLUMAS CIRCLE	2016 APACHE AVE	END
1138		PLUMLEY CT	1136 HENSLEY CIR	END
1794		POINT WEST CT	319 WOODLEIGH LN	END
1695		POLARIS ST	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	END
1682		POLLOCK AVE	1683 SCHOOL ST	1681 OAK ST
524		POMO CT	506 ROLLS RD	END
2453		POMO ST	HWY 50	HWY 89
2453	10	POMO ST	HWY 89	END
2478		PONCA ST	2194 BOREN WY	2194 BOREN WY
5		PONDEROSA RD	SH050	135 MEDER RD
5	10	PONDEROSA RD	135 MEDER RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
5	15	PONDEROSA RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	END
1710		PONDEROSA WAY	89 CARSON RD	156 MT DANAHAR RD
25		PONY EXPRESS TRL	89 CARSON RD	90 SLY PARK RD
25	10	PONY EXPRESS TRL	90 SLY PARK RD	END
2276		POEWIN ST	159 N UPPER TRK RD	END
2276B		POEWIN ST	2277 MEWUK DR	END
1540		POPLAR ST	1541 EIGHTH AVE	1539 SEVENTH AVE
994		POPPY RD	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	END
2371		PORTAL DR	169 UPPER TRUCKEE RD	SH089
396		PORTILLO CT	395 GRANADA DR	END
1985		PORTOBELLO PL	2627 FALKIRK WY	END
2563		PORTSMOUTH DR	2557 AMHERST WY	2554 CARNELIAN CIR
2533		POWAY CT	2250 BAKERSFIELD ST	END
1025		POWERS CT	257 POWERS DR	END
257		POWERS DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	END
2738		PRAIRIE FALCON COURT	2675 SUMMER DR	END
2674		PRAIRIE FALCON DR	2678 PURPLE MARTIN RD	2675 SUMMER DR
1781		PRESCOTT AVE	60 MOSQUITO RD	PLCR
2681		PRESTWICK DR	2680 WINDSOR PL	2112 SCHOONER DR
2684		PRINCE MARK COURT	2216 MORMON ISLAND	END
2696		PRINCESS HELEN CT	2216 MORMAN ISLND DR	END
538		PRINCETON CT	529 HILLCREST DR	END
1084		PRODUCT DR	165 DUROCK RD	END
2509		PROSPECTOR TRL	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL	END
37		PROSPECTORS RD	76 MARSHALL RD	76 MARSHALL RD
2242		PROUTY LANE	89 CARSON RD	END
2020		PUEBLO ST	2016 APACHE AVE	2091 WASHOE ST
2678		PURPLE MARTIN RD	2651 TEA ROSE DR	END
2298		PYRAMID CIR	2294 MT RAINIER DR	2294 MT. RAINIER DR
2299		PYRAMID CT	2298 PYRAMID CIR	END
27		QUARRY RD	26 BIG CUT RD	86 CEDAR RAVINE RD
195		QUARTZ DR	196 CRYSTAL BLVD	END
2336		QUARTZ ST	2323 ALICE LAKE RD	END
409		QUEEN ANNE CT	292 CROWN DR	END
2683		QUEEN ELAINE CT	2216 MORMAN ISLND DR	END
405		QUEEN MARY CT	299 KING EDWARD DR	END
406		QUEEN VICTORIA CT	299 KING EDWARD DR	END
1085		QUEST CT	1084 PRODUCT DR	END
1916		QUIETWOOD DR	124 SCIARONI RD	1913 TYLER DR
2389		QUINANETZIN ST	2390 YUCATAN ST	2387 OTOMITES ST

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

378		RABEN WY	375 CHASEN DR	END
378		RABEN WY	END	135 MEDER RD
1058		RACCOON TRAIL	2067 HAZEL ST	END
2110		RACQUET WY	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	END
182		RAINBOW TRL	90 SLY PARK RD	END
2571		RALEIGH WY	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	2563 PORTSMOUTH DR
2259		RAMON CT	2034 LOMA VERDE DR	END
1995		RAMPART CT	1994 CASTLEWOOD CIR	END
1792		RANCHO TIERRA CT	319 WOODLEIGH LN	END
616		RANKEN PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
40		RATTLESNAKE BAR RD	SH049	END
629		RAVENSHOE WY	626 CLERMONT WY	END
322		RAVENWOOD LN	308 CHELSEA RD	END
1023		REDDICK CT	260 REDDICK WY	END
260		REDDICK WAY	259 PATTERSON WY	END
2131		REDWING DRIVE	2130 SILVER FORK RD	END
2729		REEM COURT	1976 ABERDEEN LANE	END
2584		REGENCY CT	2580 DANBURY CIR	END
2401		REINDEER WY	2188 SANTA CLAUSE DR	END
2409		REMINGTON TRL	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL	END
52		RESERVOIR RD	50 SPNISH DRY DGNS	END
2239		RHODES AVE	2237 LINDBERG AVE	2237
550		RIATA CT	545 PLACITAS DR	END
647		RIBIER WY	563 CATAWBA DR	END
647		RIBIER WY	END	359 MIRA LOMA DR
1102		RICCI RD	56 GREENWOOD RD	SH193 GEORGETOWN RD
2132		RICHARD AVENUE	20 COLD SPRINGS RD	END
243		RICHARDSON CIRCLE	239 STONEMAN WY	239 STONEMAN WY
2245		RIDGE DR	2246 TULLE LN	240 MOTHER LODE
1151		RIDGEVIEW CT	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	END
256		RIDGEVIEW DR	255 WILSON DR	271 GOVERNOR DR
1688		RIDGEWAY CT	1992	NF BDY
1688	5	RIDGEWAY CT	NF BDY	END
1992		RIDGEWAY DR	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	8090
900		RIFFLES LN	185 LOCH LEVEN DR	901 MACKINAW ST
2482		RIMROCK TRAIL	2416 MARSHALL TR	2411 WAGON TRAIN TR
158		RINGOLD RD	45 ZANDONNELLA RD	END
2148		RITZ RD	122 BLAIR RD	END
2166		RIVERVIEW CIR	2125 KYBURZ DR	END
286		RIVIERA CIR	281 WILLOWDALE DR	281 WILLOWDALE DR
1132		ROB J MATHEWS PKWY	1124 GOLDEN FOOTHILL	1135 INVESTMENT BLVD
1697		ROBERT RD	152 GILMORE RD	END
2129		ROBIN CIRCLE	2130 SILVER FORK RD	END
357		ROBIN LN	200 CAMERON PARK DR	END
1079		ROBLE CT	1078 LAGO VISTA DR	END
628		ROCHHAMPTON PL	626 CLERMONT WY	END
1013		ROCK BARN RD	1100 SHINGLE SPRS RD	END
108		ROCK CREEK RD	SH193 GEORGETOWN RD	60 MOSQUITO RD
1024		ROCKY RIDGE WY	257 POWERS DR	258 ROLPH WAY
354		RODEO RD	END	356 STRLNG HILLS RD
1991		ROLAND CT	90 SLY PARK RD	END
627		ROLLESTON PL	626 CLERMONT WY	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2317		ROLLING CT	2315 ROLLING HILLS D	END
2315		ROLLING HILLS DR	1896 GREENWOOD DR	SH193
2086		ROLLINGWOOD CT	2084 ROLLINGWOOD DR	END
2084		ROLLINGWOOD DR	879 STRING CANYON RD	879 STRING CANYON RD
506		ROLLS DR	503 WAVERLY DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
258		ROLPH WAY	257 POWERS DR	256 RIDGEVIEW DR
1702		ROMER BLVD	1686 DEEP HAVEN RD	END
2620		ROOKERY PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
1720		ROOSEVELT AVE	33 SNOWS RD	END
138		ROSALES ST	554 CASTANA DR	556 MONTERO RD
983		ROSE CT	993 COLUMBINE WY	END
1120		ROSEBUD DR	135 MEDER RD	1121 BUENA VISTA DR
1811		ROXANA ST	148 BAKER RD	1810 DIANA ST
304		ROYAL DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR
501		ROYAL PARK CT	500 ROYAL PARK DR	END
500		ROYAL PARK DR	371 LA CANADA DR	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
509		ROYCE CT	67 STARBUCK RD	END
510		ROYCE DR	67 STARBUCK RD	END
510		ROYCE DR	END	370 LA CRESCENTA DR
1481		RUBICON DR	SH089	1483 FOREST DR
1045		RUBY CT	1044 JADE DR	END
1016		RUNNYMEADE DR	8 EL DORADO RD	END
2682		RUSHCLIFFE PL	END	2680 WINDSOR POINT PL
41		RUSSELL HOLLOW RD	END	40 RATTLESNAKE BAR
303		RUSTIC RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	304 ROYAL DR
504		RUTH CT	503 WAVERLY DR	END
1096		RYAN CT	1091 RYAN DR	END
1091		RYAN DR	SH049 PLEASNT VLY RD	1096 RYAN CT
169	1	S UPPER TRUCKEE	SH089	NF BDY
169	5	S UPPER TRUCKEE	NF BDY	SH050
339		SABANA DR	203 HACIENDA RD	END
1083		SABRE CT	1081 DUNNINGS RD	END
2688		SAGAN CT	1020 CRAZY HORSE RD	END
212		SAGE DR	207 FAIRWAY DR	END
2565		SAILSBUARY DR	2567 KENSINGTON DR	2563 PORTSMOUTH DR
2189		SAINT NICK WAY	2188 SANTA CLAUS DR	2188 SANTA CLAUS DR
390		SALIDA CT	389 SALIDA WAY	END
389		SALIDA WAY	351 OXFORD RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
39A		SALMON FALLS CUTOFF	39 SALMON FALLS RD	SH049 COLOMA RD
39		SALMON FALLS RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	40 RATTLESNAKE BAR R
908		SALMON WAY	906 SPECKLED RD	END
1010		SAMMY CT	1009 SHORTHORN RD	END
2254	10	SAN DIEGO ST	2104 ARAPAHOE ST	2252B E SAN BDNO AV
2254	20	SAN DIEGO ST	2252B E SAN BDNO AV	2250 BAKERSFIELD ST
82		SAND RIDGE RD	SH049	99 BUCKS BAR RD
1990		SANDERS DR	25 PONY EXPRESS TR	END
541		SANDHURST CT	540 SANHURST DR	END
540		SANDHURST DR	394 WILKINSON RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
513		SANDPIPER WY	512 PARKDALE LN	516 GATEWAY DR
1131		SANDSTONE DR	1124 GOLDEN FOOTHILL	END
892		SANDY CT	893 JUSTINE AVE	END
2188		SANTA CLAUS DR	SH089	2249 BLITZEN DR

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

1071		SANTA CRUZ CT	1026 MONTRIDGE WY	END
2330		SANTA FE RD	SH050	SH050
1076		SANTA MARIA WY	1075 BARCELONA CT	1074 BARCELONA DR
342		SANTOS CIR	206 SUDBURY RD	344 ORINDA CIR
343		SANTOS CT	342 SANTOS CIR	END
2449		SAPONI ST	2446 OGLALA ST	2451 ONEIDAS ST
1037		SAPPHIRE WY	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	1039 SHELBY CIR
358		SARATOGA LN	357 ROBIN LN	END
217		SARATOGA WAY	END	219 EDH BLVD
217		SARATOGA WAY	219 EDH BLVD	END
2230		SATURN DR	2032 LAKEVIEW DR	2228 SUNRISE AVE
2202		SAWMILL RD	SH050	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD
1093		SAWYER CT	1092 GRACE DR	END
2243		SCENIC DR	2245 RIDGE DR	END
2138		SCENIC DRIVE	SH089	END
183		SCHELIN COURT	319 WOODLEIGH LN	END
1683		SCHOOL ST	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	END
1901		SCHOOL ST	1893 MAIN ST	END
2112		SCHOONER DR	2053 MARINA PARK	2161 FRANCISCO DR
124	5	SCIARONI RD	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	NF BDY
124	10	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	15	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	20	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	25	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	30	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	35	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	40	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	45	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	50	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	55	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	60	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	65	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
124	70	SCIARONI RD	NF BDY	80 HAPPY VALLEY ROAD
2589		SEBASTIAN CT	2567 KENSINGTON DR	END
1533		SECOND AVE	1536 OAK ST	END
2432		SEMAT CT	END	2431 ACOMA CIR
2433		SEMAT ST	2431 ACOMA CIR	2434 NOTTAWAY DR
2307		SEMINOLE DR	2016 APACHE AVE	2016 APACHE AVE
419		SENATOR CT	271 GOVERNOR DR	END
2285		SENECA DR	END	END
250		SEQUOIA CT	246 MESA VERDES DR	END
1736		SERANO CT	1734 CAMINO HGTS DR	END
582		SERNA CT	572 COVELLO CIR	END
2344		SERRANO PARKWAY	219 EL DORADO HILLS	2347B SILVA VLY PKWY
2344		SERRANO PARKWAY	2347B SILVA VLY PWY	END
2344		SERRANO PARKWAY	8809 GREEN VIEW DR	8810 COLLINGTREE PKWY
401		SEVEN OAKS COURT	2161 FRANCISCO DR	END
1539		SEVENTH AVE	END	1548 PINE ST
1070		SEVILLE CT	1026 MONTRIDGE WY	END
912		SHAD WAY	906 SPECKLED RD	END
2114		SHADOW CT	2124 SHADOW LN	END
220		SHADOW FAX LN	2 GREEN VLY RD	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2124		SHADOW LN	152 GILMORE RD	END
323		SHADY GLEN RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR	END
2439		SHAKORI DR	END	END
231		SHASTA CIRCLE	216 ARROWHEAD DR	216 ARROWHEAD DR
884		SHAW MINE RD	885 VOLO MINE DR	END
520		SHAWNEE CT	516 GATEWAY RD	END
2377		SHAWNEE ST	2252A W. SANBER AVE	END
2386		SHEBOYGAN ST	2280 NEZ PERCE DR	2219 KICKAPOO ST
2541		SHEFFIELD DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR	2554 CARNELIAN CIR
1039		SHELBY CIR	1063 SHELBY CT	1063 SHELBY CT
1063		SHELBY CT	1039 SHELBY CIR	END
324		SHERIDAN RD	318 KIMBERLY RD	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
190		SHERMAN WAY	1618 FOREBAY RD	191 TERRACE DR
1972		SHETLAND WY	1966 HGHL D HILLS DR	END
1100		SHINGLE SPRINGS DR	171 BUCKEYE RD	END
166		SHOO FLY RD	SH193	43 SPANISH FLAT RD
180		SHORELINE CIR	2039 LAKE HILLS DR	END
2071		SHORT ROAD	30 FOWLER LN	END
1009		SHORTHORN RD	1007 PINON RD	END
444		SHORTLIDGE CT	2347C SILVA VLY PKWY	END
2271		SHOSHONE ST	2270 ZUNI ST	END
1742		SIERRA BLANCA DR	SH050	1734 CAMINO HGTS DR
1331	20	SIERRA BLVD	SLTO	2052 BARBARA AVE
1331A		SIERRA BLVD	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL	END
1491		SIERRA DR	SH089	1487 BEACH LN
2412		SIERRA HOUSE TRL	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL
1590		SIERRA PINES RD	SH050	END
998		SIERRA SPRINGS CT	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	END
999		SIERRA SPRINGS DR	90 SLY PARK RD	8999 SIERRA SPRS DR
2528		SIKES CT	2527 PLAYER DR	END
1987		SILKWOOD PL	2627 FALKIRK WY	END
2347A		SILVA VALLEY PKWY	34B WHITEROCK RD	END
2347B		SILVA VALLEY PKWY	2344 SERRANO PARKWAY	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
2347C		SILVA VALLEY PKWY	END (BRCD)	2344 SERRANO PARKWAY
2130		SILVER FORK ROAD	SH050	8071
2343		SILVERTIP CT	2342 SILVERTIP DR	END
2342		SILVERTIP DR	SH089	END
2101		SIOUX STREET	2016 APACHE AVE	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
2685		SIR ROBERT CT	2216 MORMAN ISLND DR	END
2152		SITKA CIRCLE	2016 APACHE AVE	2016 APACHE AVE
1537		SIXTH AVE	END	1548 PINE ST
386		SKY CT	385 CESSNA DR	END
2521		SKYLINE DR	2520 CRYSTAL AIR DR	END
2190		SLEIGH BELL DR	2188 SANTA CLAUS DR	END
51	1	SLIGER MINE RD	SH193	50 SPNISH DRY DGNS
51	3	SLIGER MINE RD	50 SPNISH DRY DGNS	END
223		SLUG GULCH RD	98 PERRY CREEK RD	35 OMO RANCH RD
90		SLY PARK RD	78 MT AUKUM RD	NF BDY
90	5	SLY PARK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
90	10	SLY PARK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
90	15	SLY PARK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
90	20	SLY PARK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

90	25	SLY PARK ROAD	NF BDY	NF BDY
90	30	SLY PARK ROAD	NF BDY	SH050
90	35	SLY PARK ROAD	SH050	25 PONY EXPRESS TR
221		SMITH FLAT CEM RD	589 SMITH FLAT RD	END
589		SMITH FLAT RD	PLCR	145
589	5	SMITH FLAT RD	145	END
590		SMITH FLAT SCH RD	34A SMITH FLAT RD	END
1104		SMOKEY MTN CIR	END	1104 SMOKEY MTN CIR
2305		SNOW MOUNTAIN DR	2298 PYRAMID CIR	2294 MT RAINIER DR
2402		SNOWFLAKE DR	2188 SANTA CLAUSE DR	END
33		SNOWS RD	84 NEWTON RD	89 CARSON RD
1355		SNOWSHOE THOMPSON	1350 HANK MONK AVE	1352 HORACE GRLY AVE
2717		SOHAIR COURT	1976A ABERDEEN LANE	END
325		SOLANO RD	547 CAMEROSA CIR	315 KNOLLWOOD DR
978		SOLSTICE CIR NO	END	980 SUNLIGHT DR
979		SOLSTICE CIR SO	END	898 PATTERSON DR
553		SOMBRA CT	547 CAMEROSA CIR	END
881		SOMERSET LOOP	78 MT AUKUM RD	78 MT AUKUM RD
434		SONORA CT	435 CAMPBELL RNCH DR	END
433		SONORA DR	435 CAMPBELL RNCH DR	432 CALAVERAS DR
2503		SOURDOUGH TRL	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL	2506 GOLD DUST TRL
2021		SOUTH LN	1481 RUBICON DR	END
2072		SOUTH POINT ROAD	30 FOWLER LN	END
17		SOUTH SHINGLE RD	SAC CO	165 DUROCK RD
17	5	SOUTH SHINGLE RD	165 DUROCK RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR
17	10	SOUTH SHINGLE RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR	SH050
1862		SOUTH ST	SH049	1863 CHURCH ST
1890		SOUTH ST	1897 HARKNESS ST	SH193
2074		SOUTH VIEW DR	102 CAPP'S XING RD	END
2516		SOUTHERN PINES DR	114 PIONEER TRAIL	2265 THUNDERBIRD DR
2516		SOUTHERN PINES DR	2265 THUNDERBIRD DR	END
1069		SOUTHRIDGE CT	1064 CRESTLINE CIR	END
43		SPANISH FLAT RD	SH193	44 TRAVERSE CR RD
906		SPECKLED RD	182 RAINBOW TR	910 STEELHEAD LN
592		SPINEL CIR	591 TOURMALINE WY	591 TOURMALINE WY
50		SPNISH DRY DGNS RD	51 SLIGER MINE RD	SH193
602		SPRINGBURN WY	603 BUSSELTON WY	END
128		SPRINGER RD	99 BUCKS BAR RD	END
22		SPRINGVALE RD	97 LUNEMAN RD	21 LOTUS RD
1684		SPRUCE AVE	1689 MANZANITA ST	1685 COX ST
648		SPUR RD	647 RIBIER WY	END
2180		SQUIRREL HILL DR	2179 WILDROSE DR	END
272		ST ANDREWS DR	219 ED HILLS BLVD	605 BRISBANE CIR
1117		ST IVES CT	135 MEDER RD	END
262		STANFORD LN	261 LATHAM LN	234 WARREN LN
67		STARBUCK RD	66 DEER VALLEY RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD
87		STARKES GRADE RD	84 NEWTON RD	90 SLY PARK RD
279		STARMOUNT WAY	281 WILLOWDALE DR	278 PENDLETON DR
910		STEELHEAD LN	909 DOLLY VARDEN LN	END
296		STEPHENS LN	234 WARREN LN	239 STONEMAN WY
2095		STERLING DR	507 BENTLEY	END
521		STERLING WY	516 GATEWAY RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2630		STOCKWOOD CT	2629 STOCKWOOD WY	END
2629		STOCKWOOD WY	2626 KESWICK DR	2627 FALKIRK WY
227		STONECREST RD	89 CARSON RD	PLCR
239		STONEMAN WAY	234 WARREN LN	234 WARREN LN
193		STOPE WAY	195 QUARTZ DR	195 QUARTZ DR
1909		STORYBOOK CT	1907 PARKSIDE DR	END
2543		STRATFORD CIR	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	2541 SHEFFIELD DR
2214		STRAWBERRY LN	SH050	END
2083		STRING CANYON CT	879 STRING CANYON RD	END
879	5	STRING CANYON RD	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	NF BDY
879	10	STRING CANYON RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
879	15	STRING CANYON RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
879	20	STRING CANYON RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
879	25	STRING CANYON RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
879	30	STRING CANYON RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
879	35	STRING CANYON RD	NF BDY	124 SCIARONI RD
356		STROLLING HILLS RD	354 RODEO RD	355 COACH LN
341		SUDBURY CT	206 SUDBURY RD	END
206		SUDBURY RD	135 MEDER RD	207 FAIRWAY DR
1139		SUFFOLK WY	1136 HENSLEY CIR	END
997		SUGAR BUSH CIR	999 SIERRA SPRS DR	999 SIERRA SPRS DR
1201		SUGAR PINE DR	1200 PARK WOODS DR	END
1924		SUGAR PINE DR	1918 MT PLEASANT DR	1920 WOODRIDGE DR
2693		SULTANA COURT	359 MIRA LOMA DR	END
2675		SUMMER DR	2706 JASMINE CIR	2679 PEACH SPRUCE DR
2675		SUMMER DRIVE	2679 PEACH SPRUCE DRIVE	END
2376		SUMMIT DR	2375 LAMOR CT	END
1127		SUNCAST LN	18 LATROBE RD	END
155		SUNCREST DR	9 MISSOURI FLT RD	END
2512		SUNDOWN TRL	END	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL
1129		SUNGLOW CT	1127 SUNCAST LN	END
1520		SUNKEL LN	1511 WILSON AVE	1521 HARRIS AVE
980		SUNLIGHT DR	898 PATTERSON DR	979 SOLSTICE DR
2043		SUNNYVIEW DR	2042 GLENRIDGE PKWY	END
2228		SUNRISE AVE	2227 LAKERIDGE DR	END
2229		SUNRISE CT	2228 SUNRISE AVE	END
1011A		SUNSET LN	17 SOUTH SHINGLE RD	240 MOTHER LODE DR
1011B		SUNSET LN	240 MOTHER LODE DR	END
1333		SUPERIOR DR	1332 CRYSTAL SPR RD	END
320		SURRY LN	319 WOODLEIGH LN	END
2462		SUSQUEHANA DR	114 PIONEER TR	END
430		SUTTER CREEK CT	429 SUTTER CREEK DR	END
429		SUTTER CREEK DR	423 EMBARCADERO DR	423 EMBARCADERO DR
2415		SUTTER TRL	2412	END
105		SWEENEY RD	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	80 HAPPY VALLEY RD
2025		SWEETWATER CT	2030 SWEETWATER DR	END
2030		SWEETWATER DR	2029 BAY VIEW DR	2026 COVE WY
1040		TABARI CT	1039 SHELBY CIR	END
2476		TABIRA CT	2426 WASHOAN BLVD	END
642		TAH NEE WY	1103 HARVARD WY	END
2203	5	TAHOE MOUNTAIN RD	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2203 TAHOE MTN RD
2203	10	TAHOE MOUNTAIN RD	2203	URBAN LIMIT

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2203	15	TAHOE MOUNTAIN RD	URBAN LIMIT	NF BDY
2203	20	TAHOE MOUNTAIN RD	NF BDY	1946 GLENMORE WY
2203	25	TAHOE MOUNTAIN RD	1947 DUNDEE CIR	NF BDY
2203	30	TAHOE MOUNTAIN RD	NF BDY	1940 FALLEN LEAF RD
2368		TALBOT PL	2367 TALBOT ST	END
2367		TALBOT ST	2323 ALICE LAKE RD	2365 BERNICE LN
273		TAM OSHANTER DR	272 ST ANDREWS DR	END
1854		TAMARACK AVE	1851 ALPINE AVE	END
2005		TAMARACK COURT	2004 AUDRAIN WY	END
1593		TAMARACK PINES	HWY 50	END
2198		TAMOSHANTER DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR	2196 MDW VALE DR
2221		TANBARK OAK CT	2220 LKRDGE OAKS DR	END
2398		TAOS CT	2397 CHIAPA DR	END
1975		TARTAN TR	1973 LOCH WY	END
1948		TARTAN WAY	1947 DUNDEE CIR	END
2672		TEA ROSE CT	2651 TEA ROSE DR	END
2651		TEA ROSE DR	2653 MAGNOLIA HILLS	END
1111		TEAL POND CT	1110 TEAL POND RD	END
1110		TEAL POND RD	SH049	END
623		TEALLY PL	605 BRISBANE CIR	END
2286		TEHAMA DR	2285 SENECA DR	2285 SENECA DR
422		TELEGRAPH HILL	219 ED HILLS BLVD	423 EMBARCADERO DR
2664		TEMPLETON DR	2161 FRANCISCO DR	2660 MANNING DR
1545		TENTH AVE	END	1548 PINE ST
2490		TEPEE CT	2485 FAIR MEADOW TR	END
191		TERRACE DR	190 SHERMAN WY	END
557		TERRAZA ST	556 MONTERO RD	554 CASTANA DR
2388		TETON CT	2387 OTOMITES ST	END
1535		THIRD AVE	END	1536 OAK ST
24		THOMPSON HILL RD	21 LOTUS RD	20 COLD SPRINGS RD
2692		THOREAU DR	2708 CANFIELD DR	1020 CRAZY HORSE DR
567		THRASHER CT	543 ABBOTT RD	END
634		THROWITA WAY	END	END
1997		THUNDERBIRD CT	2535 ELKS CLUB BLVD	END
2265		THUNDERBIRD DR	SH050	2535 ELKS CLUB DR
562		TIERRA DE DIOS DR	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	END
1529		TIMBER WOLF DR	2247 PLACER CT	END
431		TIMBERLINE RDGE DR	219 EL DORADO HLS BL	2347A SILVA VLY PWY
443		TIMBERLINE RIDG CT	431 TIMBRLINE RDG DR	END
2522		TIONONTATI ST	114 PIONEER TRL	2535 ELKS CLUB DR
2484		TOIYABE TRAIL	2416 MARSHALL TR	2416 MARSHALL TR
2424		TOKOCHI ST	2423 HEPKA DR	2423 HEPKA DR
2399		TOLTECA CT	2397 CHIAPA DR	END
2400		TOLTECA WY	2397 CHIAPA DR	END
2089		TOMAHAWK LANE	2016 APACHE AVE	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
1008		TOMMY CT	5 PONDEROSA RD	END
2337		TONG RD	2347 SILVA VLY RD	END
2471		TOOCH ST	2462 SUSQUEHANA DR	END
1050		TOPAZ DR	1042 GOLD RIDGE TR	END
2288		TOPPEWETAH ST	2282 WINTOON DR	2277 MEWUK DR
2160		TORERO WAY	2159 GUADALUPE DR	2159 GUADALUPE DR
2258		TORO CT	2159 GUADALUPE DR	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

202		TORONTO RD	198 COUNTRY CLUB DR	200 CAMERON PARK DR
595		TOURMALINE CT	591 TOURMALINE WY	END
591		TOURMALINE WY	PERIDOT DR	511 HASTINGS DR
1883		TOYAN DR	30 FOWLER LN	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
1086		TRADE WY	1084 PRODUCT DR	1088 BUSINESS DR
61		TRAIL GULCH	108 ROCK CR RD	END
44	5	TRAVERSE CREEK RD	SH193	NF BDY
44	10	TRAVERSE CREEK RD	NF BDY	NF BDY
44	15	TRAVERSE CREEK RD	NF BDY	46 BEAR CR RD
2581		TRENTON WY	2580 DANBURY CIR	2580 DANBURY CIR
1977		TRESTLE GLEN CT	1979 BERRY RD	END
644		TRINIDAD DR	2534 COUNTRY CLUB DR	643 GAILEY CIR
2097		TUDOR CT	67 STARBUCK RD	END
2246		TULLE LANE	2245 RIDGE DR	END
125		TULLIS MINE RD	SH049 PLEASANT VLY	END
2513		TURNBACK TRL	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL	2499 GOLDEN BEAR TRL
2735		TURNER CIRCLE	398 PASADA ROAD	398 PASADA ROAD
2734		TURNER COURT	2735 TURNER CIRCLE	END
1035		TURQUOISE WY	256 RIDGEVIEW DR	1036 MOONSTONE CIR
436		TWAIN HARTE CT	435 CAMPBELL RNCH RD	END
302		TWIN OAKS RD	303 RUSTIC RD	300 HILLSBOROUGH RD
1913		TYLER DR	124 SCIARONI RD	END
3		ULENKAMP RD	2 GREEN VALLEY RD	8002
2382		ULMECA ST	2381 CHOLULA ST	END
11		UNION MINE RD	SH049	SH049
2600		UNION RIDGE RD	60 MOSQUITO RD	89 CARSON RD
376		UNITED DR	500 ROYAL PARK DR	END
187		UPLANDS DR	END	END
1943		UPLANDS WAY	1942 HIGHLANDS DR	1946 GLENMORE WAY
2103		UTE STREET	2102 CHOCTAW ST	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
2006		VACATION BLVD	END	8051 VACATION BLVD
340		VALERIO DR	206 SUDBURY RD	END
2031A		VALLEY VIEW DR	2404 CEDAR RIDGE DR	END
2031B		VALLEY VIEW DR	END	SH089
560		VALTARA RD	556 MONTERO RD	561 EL NORTE RD
2517		VANDERHOOF RD	114 PIONEER TRAIL	2518 EVELYN RD
2274		VEERKAMP WY	76 MARSHALL RD	76 MARSHALL RD
382		VELD WY	379 CLINTON WY	135 MEDER RD
2260		VERA CT	2039 LAKEHILLS DR	END
348		VERANO CT	347 VERANO WY	END
347		VERANO WAY	206 SUDBURY RD	END
1738		VERDE ROBLES DR	1734 CAMINO HGTS DR	END
2109		VICTORIA CIRCLE	1491	2109 VICTORIA CIR
1415		VICTORIA DR	1491 SIERRA DR	SH089
2210		VIEW CIR	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD	2204 LAKE TAHOE BLVD
2135		VIEW CIRCLE	SH089	SH089
2366		VIKING WAY	2365 BERNICE LN	2367 TALBOT ST
1932		VILLAGE CENTER DR	39 SALMON FALLS RD	END
1698		VIONA RD	1697 ROBERT RD	END
361		VIRADA RD	200 CAMERON PARK DR	END
1745		VISTA DEL MUNDO	1744 CAMINO HILLS DR	END
2057		VISTA MAR DR	END	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2698		VISTA OESTE LANE	319 WOODLEIGH LANE	END
2698		VISTA OESTE LN	319E WOODLEIGH LN	END
1743		VISTA TIERRA DR	1734 CAMINO HTS DR	1744 CAMINO HILLS DR
1786		VISTA VERDE DR	319 WOODLEIGH LN	319 WOODLEIGH LN
64		VOLCANOVILLE RD	63	8079
885		VOLO MINE DR	887 GRIFFITH RD	980 SUNLIGHT DR
2691		VOLTAIRE CT	2690 VOLTAIRE DR	END
2690		VOLTAIRE DR	END	1020 CRAZY HORSE DR
2252A	10	W SAN BERNARDINO A	END	159 N UPPER TRUCKEE
2252A	20	W SAN BERNARDINO A	159 N UPPER TRK RD	END
2411		WAGON TRAIN TRL	2408 HIGH MEADOW TRL	2416 MARSHALL TRL
2497		WAILAKI ST	END	END
151		WALLACE RD	SH049	END
2613		WALTON PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
234		WARREN LANE	1039 SHELBY CIR	271 GOVERNOR DR
2559		WARWICK PL	2554 CARNELIAN CIR	END
2458		WASABE DR	2439 SHAKORI DR	SH089
2426		WASHOAN BLVD	114 PIONEER TR	END
2091		WASHOE STREET	2089 TOMAHAWK LN	2090 ARROWHEAD AVE
245		WATERMAN CT	239 STONEMAN WY	END
2473		WATSON ST	2470 KOYUKON DR	2467 MINNICONJOU DR
2652		WATSONIA GLEN DR	2667 KLONDIKE WY	2651 TEA ROSE DR
503		WAVERLY DR	500 ROYAL PARK DR	371 LA CANADA DR
2197		WAVERLY DR	2535 ELKS CLUB DR	2198 TAMOSHANTER DR
1935		WEATHERVANE CT	1933 BANCROFT DR	END
2064		WELLESLEY PL	2660 MANNING DR	END
309		WENTWORTH RD	324 SHERIDAN RD	306 CAMBRIDGE RD
63	30	WENTWORTH SPGS RD	147 ICE HOUSE RD	END
63	5	WENTWORTH SPRS RD	1893 MAIN ST.	NF BDY
63	10	WENTWORTH SPRS RD	NF BDY	8132 ONION VALLEY RD
63	20	WENTWORTH SPRS RD	8132 ONION VALLEY RD	147 ICE HOUSE RD
1968		WEST GLENMORE WY	1966 HGHLD HLS DR	END
1968		WEST GLENMORE WY	END	2347B SILVA VLY PKWY
2310		WEST RIVER PARK DR	169 S UPPER TRUCKEE	169 S. UPPER TRUCKEE
1065		WEST STAR LN	1064 CRESTLINE CIR	END
326		WESTRIDGE DR	315 KNOLLWOOD DR	572 COVELLO CIR
283		WESTWOOD CT	281 WILLOWDALE DR	END
2724		WEYMOUTH WAY	2714 FOXMORE LANE	2721 MAYFIELD DRIVE
1041		WHITE MEADOWS RD	147 ICEHOUSE RD	167 PEAVINE RIDGE RD
34	5	WHITE ROCK RD	18 LATROBE RD	END
34		WHITE ROCK RD	SAC CO	18 LATROBE RD
2687		WHITMAN CT	1020 CRAZY HORSE RD	END
2583		WHITMORE PL	2581 TRENTON WY	END
2638		WICKHAM WY	2627 FALKIRK WY	2626 KESWICK DR
1012		WILD CHAPARRAL DR	5 PONDEROSA RD	END
2182		WILDBERRY CT	2181 WILDBERRY DR	END
2181		WILDBERRY DR	2179 WILDROSE DR	END
2061		WILDRIDGE DR	2058 BROOKMAR DR	END
2061		WILDRIDGE DR	2660 MANNING DR	2061 WILDRIDGE DR
2073		WILDROSE CT	2179 WILDROSE DR	END
2179		WILDROSE DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR	1951 BLUE MTN DR
163		WILDWOOD WAY	SH050	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

394A	WILKINSON RD	319 WOODLEIGH LN	END (GATE)
394B	WILKINSON RD	392 ESTEPA DR (BRCD)	529 HILLCREST DR
394C	WILKINSON RD	END	569 CRANE WAY
1728	WILLIAM WAY	89 CARSON RD	1721 ELMER ST
2108	WILLIAMS LANE	1481	2107 KING GEORGE DR
630	WILLISTON WY	629 RAVENSHOE WY	605 BRISBANE CIR
1691	WILLOW ST	25 PONY EXPRESS TRL	1690 PINE ST
1843	WILLOW ST	END	END
281	WILLOWDALE DR	273 TAM O SHANTER DR	278 PENDLETON DR
1511	WILSON AVE	1548 PINE ST	SH089
255	WILSON BLVD	219 EL DORADO HILL B	END
608	WILUNA PL	603 BUSSELTON WY	END
1125	WINDFIELD WY	1124 GLDN FTHL PKWY	END
1904	WINDING WAY	124 SCIARONI RD	102 CAPPS XING RD
1964	WINDING WAY CT	1904 WINDING WY	END
1128	WINDPLAY DR	1127 SUNCAST LN	1125 WINDFIELD WAY
2099	WINDSOR CT	67 STARBUCK RD	END
2680	WINDSOR POINT PL	2112 SCHOONER DR	END
2631	WINLOCK WY	2626 KESWICK DR	END
2385	WINNEBAGO ST	2288 TETON CT	2280
2147	WINSTON WAY	2109 VICTORIA CIR	END
2282	WINTOON DR	2284 KIOWA DR	END
987	WISTERIA RD	990 PENNYROYAL DR	END
641	WOEDEE DR	219 EL DOR HILLS BL	642 TAH NEE WY
213	WOOD LN	207 FAIRWAY DR	351 OXFORD RD
2054	WOOD MAR DR	2053 MARINA PARK DR	2060 MARINA VIEW DR
2079	WOOD VIEW CT	2078 WOODDED GLEN DR	END
2373	WOODCHUCK CT	169 S UPPER TRK RD	END
2081	WOODED GLEN CT	2078 WOODDED GLEN DR	END
2078	WOODED GLEN DR	2082 EVERGREEN DR	END
1922	WOODHAVEN CT	1921 WOODHAVEN DR	END
1921	WOODHAVEN DR	1918 MT PLEASANT DR	END
2303	WOODLAND CT	2301 WOODLAND DR	END
2301	WOODLAND DR	2302 MANZANITA DR	2138 SCENIC DR
129	WOODLAND DRIVE	86 CEDAR RAVINE RD	END
319	WOODLEIGH LN	318 KIMBERLY RD	END
319	WOODLEIGH LN	END (MP.20)	END (MP.39)
319	WOODLEIGH LN	END (MP.39)	END (MP 1.08)
319	WOODLEIGH LN	END (MP 1.08)	END (MP1.10)
319	WOODLEIGH LN	END (MP 1.10)	4 BASS LAKE ROAD
1920	WOODRIDGE DR	100 GRIZZLY FLAT RD	1918 MT PLEASANT DR
517	WOODY CREEK CT	516 GATEWAY RD	END
2615	WRANGLER PL	2612 FAIRCHILD DR	END
606	WYNDHAM PL	603 BUSSELTON WY	END
607	WYNDHAM WY	605 BRISBANE CIR	603 BRUSSELTON WY
2308	YAKIMA CT	2307 SEMINOLE DR	END
2542	YARDLEY PL	2541 SHEFFIELD DR	END
229	YELLOWSTONE CT	216 ARROWHEAD DR	END
228	YELLOWSTONE LANE	218 KINGS CYN DR	216 ARROWHEAD DR
2498	YOKUT ST	2493 NAHANE DR	2493 NAHANE DR
251	YOSEMITE LANE	246 MESA VERDES DR	END
244	YOUNGS CT	239 STONEMAN WY	END

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2524	YQUI ST	2521 SKYLINE DR	2520 CRYSTAL AIR DR
2390	YUCATAN ST	2387 OTOMITES ST	END
45	ZANDONELLA RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
2158	ZAPATA DR	2035 ENCINA DR	END
2444	ZAPOTEC DR	2447 CREE ST	END
583	ZIANA RD	END	END
1059	ZINC DR	1051 AMBER TRL	1051 AMBER TRL
986	ZINIA RD	987 WISTERIA RD	END
1061	ZIRCON DR	1059 ZINC DR	END
2270	ZUNI ST	2275 GRIZZLY MTN DR	2271 SHOSHONE ST
145		127 BROADWAY	589 SMITH FLAT RD
253		246 MESA VERDES DR	END
265		262 STANFORD LN	END
267		262 STANFORD LN	END
274		273 TAM O SHANTER DR	END
276		273 TAM O SHANTER DR	END
294		262 STANFORD LN	END
349		347 VERANO WY	END
364		360 ALHAMBRA DR	END
377		376 UNITED DR	END
387		385 CESSNA DR	END
404		299 KING EDWARD DR	END
411		261 LATHAM LN	END
412		261 LATHAM LN	END
413		261 LATHAM LN	END
420		271 GOVERNOR DR	END
421		271 GOVERNOR DR	END
878		56 GREENWOOD RD	END
991		997 SUGAR BUSH CIR	END
1004		1003	END
1005		1003	END
1022		SH050	END
1033		END	271 GOVERNOR DR
1101		11 UNION MINE RD	END
1207		1200 PARK WOODS DR	END
1502		SH089	1501 KEHLET AVE
1733		1720 ROOSEVELT AVE	1722 HARRIS RD
1864		SH049	END
1898		1881 CHURCH ST	1891 PLACER ST
1915		1910 HIGH ST	END
1926		1913 TYLER DR	END
1950		171 BUCKEYE RD	END
1965		1904 WINDING WY	END
2011		78 MT AUKUM RD	END
2215		2214 STRAWBERRY LN	END
2232		2231 PERKS CT	END
2233		9 MISSOURI FLAT RD	END
2327		131 AIRPORT RD	END
2362		SH049	END
2364		END	END
2370		2369 EGRET WY	END
2405		2193 GLEN EAGLES RD	2426 WASHOAN BLVD

A.1.2 COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS

2407		2406 KOKANEE TRL	END
2421		2420 BLACK BART CT	END
2537		2138 SCENIC DR	SH089
2538		2301 WOODLAND DR	2138 SCENIC DR
45A		77 PLEASANT VLY RD	77 PLEASANT VLY RD
63B		63 WENTWRTH SPRGS RD	147 ICE HOUSE RD
8621A		8621 LAWYER DR	8633 PNDROSA GRV DR
8625A		8625 STOPE DR	60 MOSQUITO RD
88A		90 SLY PARK RD	END
88B		88A	88A

B.1 BMP GUIDELINES FROM OTHERS**B.1.1 Overview**

This appendix provides additional information on BMP Guidelines available from others. This is not an exhaustive list.

These guidelines are intended to assist the construction site and maintenance managers in selecting strategies for minimizing pollution. However, these documents are not specifically endorsed by the County.

Caltrans guidelines and handbooks available from:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/env/stormwater/special/index.htm>

Several resources are available from the State Water Resources Control Board's website at:

<http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/stormwtr/links.html>

Specific resources include:

Storm Water Quality Task Force. 1993. California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbook – Municipal.

Storm Water Quality Task Force. 1993. California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbook – Industrial / Commercial.

Erosion and Sediment Control Field Manual prepared by California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco, Bay Region, 1997.

Blueprint for a Clean Bay. Best Management Practices to Prevent Storm water Pollution from Construction-Related Activities”, published by AASMAA and the Santa Clara Valley Non-point Source Pollution Control Program. 1995.

California Stormwater Quality Association's 2003 Stormwater Best Management Practice (BMP) Handbooks, which are available at:

<http://www.cabmphandbooks.com/>

C.1 ABBREVIATIONS

ft	feet
gal	gallon
gpm	gallons per minute
ha	hectares
in	inches
L	liter
m	meters
mm	millimeters
s	second

C.2 ACRONYMS

ADT	Average Daily Traffic
BAT	Best Available Technology Economically Achievable
BCT	Best Conventional Pollutant Control Technology
BMP	Best Management Practice
Caltrans	California Department of Transportation
CCR	California Code of Regulations
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CHP	California Highway Patrol
CM	Construction Manager
CTC	California Transportation Commission
CTR	California Toxics Rule
CWA	Clean Water Act
CZARA	Coastal Zone Act Reauthorization Amendments
DOT	Department of Transportation
DSA	Disturbed Soil Area
DTSC	Department of Toxic Substances Control
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
FPPP	Facility Pollution Prevention Plan

FY	Fiscal Year
HAZMAT	Hazardous Materials
IC/ID	Illicit Connection/Illegal Discharge
IWMB	Integrated Waste Management Board
MEP	Maximum Extent Practicable
MM	Maintenance Manager
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
NOAA	National Organization of Atmospheric Administration
NOV	Notice of Violation
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
OES	Office of Emergency Services
PE	Project Engineer
PM	Project Manager
PS&E	Plans, Specifications & Estimates
PY	Person-Year
RE	Resident Engineer
RWQCB	California Regional Water Quality Control Board
SWAC	Storm Water Advisory Committee
SWMP	Storm Water Management Plan
SWPPP	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
SWRCB	California State Water Resources Control Board
TMDL	Total Maximum Daily Load
WDR	Waste Discharge Requirements
WLA	Waste Load Allocation
WQF	Water Quality Flow
WQO	Water Quality Objective
WQV	Water Quality Volume

C.3 DEFINITION OF TERMS

Average Daily Traffic (ADT):

Average count of vehicles passing a given point or using a specified roadway.

Annual Report:

An annual progress report submitted by County to the RWQCB each year. The Permit requires the Annual Report to provide an evaluation of progress made by County to implement the SWMP, as well as an assessment of the effectiveness of the SWMP and its BMPs.

Basin Plan:

A water quality control plan developed by an RWQCB for a specific geographic area. The Basin Plan identifies beneficial uses of waters, the water quality objectives needed to maintain these beneficial uses, and an implementation plan. A copy of the Basin Plan for a specific region can be acquired from the appropriate Regional Water Quality Control Board or can be reviewed online at [http:// www.swrcb.ca.gov/plnspols/index.html](http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/plnspols/index.html).

Beneficial Uses:

The resources, services, and qualities of state waters that may be protected against quality degradation. The uses include, but are not limited to, domestic, municipal, agricultural and industrial supply; power generation; recreation; aesthetic enjoyment; navigation; and preservation and enhancement of fish, wildlife, and other aquatic resources or preserves. The specific uses such as “cold freshwater habitat” and “water contact recreation” are defined in Section 2 of the RWQCB Basin Plans. Beneficial Uses are defined in California Water Code Section 13050(f).

Best Available Technology Economically Achievable (BAT):

Best Available Technology (BAT) is a term derived from Section 301(b) of the federal CWA and refers to BMPs to reduce toxic and non-conventional pollutants in discharges from construction sites. Toxic pollutants are those defined in Section 307(a)(1) of the CWA and include heavy metals and man-made organics. Non-conventional pollutants are those not covered by conventional and toxic pollutants, such as ammonia, chloride, toxicity and nitrogen.

Best Conventional Pollutant Control Technology (BCT):

Best Conventional Technology (BCT) is a term derived from Section 301(b) of the federal CWA and refers to BMPs to reduce conventional pollutants in discharges from construction sites. Conventional pollutants include biochemical oxygen demand, total suspended solids, oil and grease, fecal coliforms and pH.

California Code of Regulations (CCR):

The regulations that implement California laws. Posted at <http://www.calregs.com/>.

California Department of Transportation (Caltrans):

The state government agency responsible for construction, maintenance and operation of state and federal highways in California.

California Transportation Commission (CTC):

The appointed commission that sets overall transportation policy for the State of California.

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):

Document that codifies all rules of the executive departments and agencies of the federal government. It is divided into fifty volumes, known as titles. Title 40 of the CFR (referenced as 40 CFR) lists all environmental regulations. 40 CFR is available from bookstores operated by the Government Printing Office and online at: <http://www.epa.gov/epahome/cfr40.htm>

Construction Contractor:

Party responsible for carrying out the contract per plans and specifications. The Plans, Standard Specifications and Special Provisions contain storm water protection requirements that the contractor must address.

Construction Site:

The area involved in a construction project as a whole.

Contamination:

An impairment of the quality of waters of the state by waste to a degree that creates a hazard to the public health through poisoning or through the spread of disease, including any equivalent effect resulting from the disposal of waste, whether or not waters of the state are affected.

Conventional Pollutants:

Those pollutants defined in the federal regulations at 40 CFR 401.16 (pursuant to Section 304(a)(4) of the CWA). These pollutants include biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total suspended solids (TSS) (nonfilterable), pH, fecal coliform, and oil and grease.

Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC):

The agency within Cal/EPA that has responsibility for regulating the generation, management and disposal of hazardous wastes.

Detention Device:

Facilities designed to collect and temporarily detain the initial volume of storm water runoff for a specified period.

Dewatering Operations:

The removal of accumulated water.

Disturbed Soil Area (DSA):

Areas of exposed, erodible soil, including stockpiles, that are within the construction limits and that result from construction activities.

Drainage Area:

That portion of the earth's surface from which precipitation or other runoff flows to a given location. With respect to a highway, this location may be either a culvert, the farthest point of a channel, or an inlet to a roadway drainage system.

Drainage Swale:

A storm drainage conveyance structure designed to intercept, divert and convey surface runoff, generally sheet flow, to prevent erosion and reduce pollutant loading.

Dredge:

To clean, deepen or widen by removal of sand or mud, especially from the bottom of a body of water.

Encroachment:

Occupancy of project right-of-way by nonproject structures or objects of any kind or character; also, activities of other parties within the operating right-of-way.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):

The federal agency with primary responsibility for implementation of federal environmental statutes, including the CWA, Clean Air Act, Safe Drinking Water Act and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. California is included within EPA Region IX, headquartered in San Francisco.

Erosion:

The wearing away of land surface, primarily by wind or water. Erosion occurs naturally because of weather or runoff, but can be intensified by clearing, grading or excavation of the land surface.

Erosion Control:

The stabilization of cut and fill slopes and other areas within a highway right-of-way.

Evaluation:

Refers to the analysis and interpretation of information obtained through monitoring.

Exempt (from NPDES Permit) Construction Activities:

Routine maintenance to maintain original line and grade, hydraulic capacity or original purpose of a facility; emergency construction activities required to protect public health and safety; projects such as rehabilitation of highway planting and irrigation.

Existing Vegetation:

Any vegetated area that has not already been cleared and grubbed.

Facility Pollution Prevention Plan (FPPP):

A plan that identifies the functional activities specific to the maintenance facility and the applicable BMPs and other procedures utilized by maintenance personnel to reduce the discharge of pollutants in storm water.

Fair Weather Prediction:

When there is no anticipated precipitation in the forecast for the 24 hours immediately after the close-of-business of a working day (72 hours on Fridays). The forecast should be that of the National Weather Service (NOAA weather radio) or some other agreed upon source of forecasting information.

Fire Protection Strips:

Buffer strips adjacent to the right-of-way where vegetation is controlled to reduce the risk of fire.

Good Housekeeping:

A common practice related to the storage, use or cleanup of materials performed in a manner that minimizes the discharge of pollutants.

Groundwater:

The term usually refers to the “saturated” zone in the ground where all the pore space between the soil particles is occupied by water.

Grubbed:

Vegetation has been removed by mechanical or manual methods.

Hazardous Waste:

A waste or combination of wastes that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics, may either cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible illness; or pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of or otherwise managed. Possesses at least one of four characteristics (ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity or toxicity) or appears on special EPA or state lists. Regulated under the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and the California Health and Safety Code.

Herbicides:

Chemical compounds that are used to control weeds.

Hydraulics:

The study and technological application of the behavior of fluids.

Hydrologic Unit:

A subunit of a basin as defined by a RWQCB.

Illicit Connections:

Connections to the County’s storm sewer systems made by others without permission.

Illegal Discharge:

Any nonpermitted discharge to a receiving water.

Infiltration Device:

An infiltration basin designed to capture runoff and infiltrate it to the soil.

Integrated Waste Management Board (IWMB):

The state agency within Cal/EPA responsible for solid waste management (non-hazardous).

Irrigated:

Artificially supplied with water through ditches or pipes.

Maintenance Activities:

Routine maintenance activities that may require clearing, grading or excavation to maintain original line and grade, hydraulic capacity or original purpose of the facility.

Maintenance Facilities:

Facilities under the County's ownership or control that contain such areas as fueling areas, waste storage or disposal facilities, wash racks, equipment or vehicle storage and materials storage areas.

Median Area:

The portion of a divided highway separating the traveled ways for traffic in opposite directions. Often contains storm drain system facilities, such as ditches and swales.

Monitoring:

Refers to a variety of activities and processes through which the County will obtain information relevant to its implementation of the storm water quality management program so that the need for and/or opportunities for revising or refining its program can be identified.

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)

Storm drain systems regulated by the federal Phase I and Phase II storm water regulations. Municipal combined sewer systems are regulated separately. MS4s are defined in the federal regulations at 40 CFR 122.26(b)(8).

Navigable Waters:

The waters of the United States that are currently used, were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide; interstate waters; and intrastate lakes, rivers, streams, mudflats, sandflats and wetlands.

Nonpoint Source Discharge:

Discharge from a diffuse pollution source (i.e., without a single point of origin or not introduced into a receiving stream from a specific outlet).

Non-Storm Water Discharge:

Any discharge to a storm drain system or receiving water that is not composed entirely of storm water.

Notice of Completion:

A formal notification submitted by the responsible construction party to the RWQCB upon completion of the construction and stabilization of a site.

Notice of Construction:

A formal notification submitted by the responsible design/construction party to the RWQCB at least 30 days prior to the start of a construction project that will result in the disturbance of two hectares (five acres) of soil. Information on the tentative start date, tentative duration, location of construction, description of project, estimated number of affected acres and the name and phone number of the CM/RE is provided.

Nutrients:

Any substance assimilated by living things that promotes growth. The term is generally applied to nitrogen and phosphorus in wastewater, but is also applied to other essential and trace elements.

Office of Emergency Services (OES):

California Agency in the Governor's Office with responsibility for coordinating responses to emergencies. OES receives initial Hazmat spill reports and sends them on to other involved agencies such as RWQCBs and Department of Fish & Game. (*Note:* the federal National Response Center must be contacted separately.) OES internet page at <http://www.oes.ca.gov/>.

Oil Waste:

Oil of any kind or in any form, including, but not limited to, petroleum, fuel oil, sludge, oil refuse and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged soil.

Outfall:

The point source where a municipal storm sewer discharges to waters of the United States.

Peak Flow:

The highest amount of stream or river flow occurring in a year or from a single storm event.

Permanent BMPs:

BMPs that are installed during construction and designed to provide long-term storm water quality protection following a project's completion.

Permanent Soil Stabilization:

Soil stabilization controls that provide storm water quality management after construction is completed.

Permit:

Refers to the NPDES Storm Water Permit proposed to be adopted by the SWRCB covering small municipalities.

Pesticide:

Any material used to control pests. Includes insecticides, herbicides and rodenticides.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates (PS&E):

The bid documents, including general design, specifications and estimated costs. These also include Water Pollution Control Special Provisions.

Point Source:

Any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance or collection system by which pollutants are or may be discharged.

Mass Loading:

The quantity of a constituent found in runoff expressed in mass per unit of time. Mass loadings are commonly expressed in units of tons/year or pounds/year.

Project Engineer (P.E.):

The P.E. responsible for the preparation of PS&E documents (see above) during the design phase. The storm water responsibilities are described in Section 4 (Design / Construction Storm Water Management Program).

Rainy Season:

October 15th to May 1st.

Receiving Water Limitations:

Permit water quality limitations applied to dischargers to prevent violations of water quality standards.

Receiving Waters:

A river, lake, ocean, stream or other watercourse into which wastewater or treated effluent is discharged as provided in the "Terms of Environment" (U.S. EPA Office of Communications, Education, and Public Affairs; December 1997).

Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB):

"Regional Board" means any California regional water quality control board for a region as specified in Section 13200 of the California Water Code. As applicable to this SWMP, this is the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board.

Resident Engineer (RE):

The RE administers the construction contract. The RE makes decisions regarding acceptability of material furnished and work performed, and exercises contractual authority to direct the contractor. The RE may impose sanctions if the contractor fails to take appropriate actions specified in the contract to correct deficiencies. RE storm water responsibilities are described in Section 4 (Design / Construction Storm Water Management Program).

Risk Assessment:

The qualitative and quantitative evaluation of the risk posed to human health and/or the environment by the actual or potential presence and/or use of specific pollutants.

Sanitary Sewer:

Underground pipes that carry off only domestic or industrial waste, not storm water.

Sediment:

Organic or inorganic material that is carried by or is suspended in water and that settles out to form deposits in the storm drain system or receiving waters.

Sediment Load:

Sediment particles maintained in the water column by turbulence and carried with the flow of water.

Site:

The land or water area where any facility or activity is physically located or conducted, including adjacent land used in connection with the facility or activity.

Slope:

Any area with a grade of 1:20 (V:H) or more.

Soil Stabilization:

Erosion control measures used to minimize erosion.

Spill:

An accidental dumping or spilling of a potential pollutant onto the ground or into a waterway.

State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB):

As delegated by EPA, California agency that implements and enforces CWA Section 401(p) NPDES permit requirements, and is issuer and administrator of the Permit. Works with the nine RWQCBs.

Storm Drain Inlet

A drainage structure that collects surface runoff and conveys it to an underground storm drain system.

Storm Water:

Storm water means storm water runoff, snowmelt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.

Storm Water Advisory Committee (SWAC):

The County's committee to assist the County's Storm Water Coordinator with overseeing and evaluating the SWMP. See Section Section 2.2.2.

Storm Water Drainage System:

Streets, gutters, inlets, conduits, natural or artificial drains, channels and watercourses, or other facilities that are owned, operated, maintained and used for the purpose of collecting, storing, transporting or disposing of storm water.

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP):

A general description of SWPPPs is provided in the Fact Sheet for the General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity, Order No. 99-08-DWQ (NPDES CAS000002). This Fact Sheet and the permit are posted at: <http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/stormwtr/docs/constpermit.doc>

Sump:

In drainage, any low area that does not permit the escape of water by gravity flow.

Surface Runoff:

Precipitation, snowmelt or irrigation water in excess of what can infiltrate the soil surface and be stored in small surface depressions.

Temporary Construction Site BMPs:

BMPs only temporarily required to address a short-term storm water contamination threat.

Temporary Soil Stabilization:

Soil stabilization controls that provide storm water quality management during construction.

Toxic Pollutants:

Those pollutants defined in the federal regulations at 40 CFR 401.15 (pursuant to Section 307(a)(1) of the CWA). These pollutants include copper, lead, zinc many chlorinated organic compounds, including pesticides and other constituents sometimes found in wastewater.

Vegetation Control:

Maintenance of vegetation on facilities owned by the County thru use of a combination of chemical application (herbicides) and mechanical methods (mowing, cutting, etc.).

Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs):

WDRs are permits issued in California for the discharge of wastes to waterways or to land pursuant to the Water Code section 13260. In accordance with Water Code section 13374, the term “waste discharge requirements” is equivalent to the term “permits” used in the Clean Water Act.

Waste Load Allocation (WLA):

The maximum load of pollutants each discharger of waste is allowed to release into a particular waterway. Discharge limits are usually required for each specific water quality criterion being, or expected to be, violated. In addition, the portion of a stream’s total assimilation capacity assigned to an individual discharge.

Water Quality Standards:

State-adopted and EPA-approved ambient standards for water bodies. The standards prescribe the use of the water body and establish the water quality criteria that must be met to protect designated uses.

Watershed:

The drainage basin contributing water, organic matter, dissolved nutrients and sediments to a stream, estuary or lake.

Waters of the State:

Any water, surface or underground, including saline waters, within the boundaries of the state.

Water Quality Flow:

The water quality flow is the maximum flow of a runoff produced by the equivalent of the 1-year, 24-hour storm event.

Water Quality Volume:

The water quality volume is the volume of runoff produced by the equivalent of the 1-year, 24-hour storm event.

Wetland:

Those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency or duration sufficient to support vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Generally includes playa lakes, swamps, marshes, bogs, mudflats, natural ponds and similar areas.