Toxicity Data Summary

Hyalella azteca

Picard CR. 2010c. 10-Day toxicity test exposing freshwater amphipods (Hyalella azteca) to λ -cyhalothrin applied to formulated sediment under static-renewal conditions. Springborn Smithers Laboratory Study No. 13656.6132, Wareham, MA. Submitted to pyrethroid working group. DPR record number 254440.

	Picard 2010	H. azteca
Parameter	Value	Comment
Test method cited	Springborn Smithers Laboratories Protocol No.: 100808/OPPTS/10- day Hyalella/artificial sediment.	USEPA
Phylum	Not stated	
Class	Not stated	
Order	Not stated	
Family	Not stated	
Genus	Hyalella	
Species	azteca	
Family in North America?	yes	
Age/size at start of test/growth phase	8 day old	
Source of organisms	Springborn Smithers lab culture	
Have organisms been exposed to contaminants?	No	
Animals acclimated and disease-free?	Yes	48 h
Animals randomized?	Yes	
Test vessels randomized?	Not stated	
Test duration	10 day	
Data for multiple times?	No	10 day only
Effect 1	Mortality	
Control response 1	93% neg control/94% solvent control survival	Pooled control 93%
Effect 2	Growth	
Control response 2	0.09 mg negative control and 0.07 mg solvent control	Pooled control = 0.08 mg
Effect 3	Not stated	
Control response 3	Not stated	
Temperature	24 to 25 ℃	
Test type	Static renewal	50 mL/cycle;7 cycles per day
Photoperiod/light intensity	16 h/8 h dark; 520-780 lux	
Dilution water (overlying water)	Well water	
pH	6.7-6.9	7.1-7.4 during test
Hardness	70 - 72 mg/L as CaCO ₃	60-68 during test
Alkalinity	22 - 23 mg/L as CaCO ₃	24-32 during test
Conductivity	390-460 µmhos/cm	350-390 during test
Dissolved Öxygen	6.5 – 8.0 mg/L	
TOC/DOC	0.54 mg/L/Not stated	
Ammonia-N	<0.01 – 0.30 mg/L	0.31-0.4 @ d0 <0.1 – 0.52 d10
Chemical analysis?/ Method	No	
Sediment formulated?	Yes	Method: OECD 218
Organic carbon	2.4%	
Particle size distribution (sand,	84%, 1%, 15%	

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silt, clay)		
pH	6.8	
Percent solids	59.01%	
Sediment spike procedure	Jar rolling technique	4 h @ RT; 15 rpm
Sediment spike equilibration time	14 d @ 2 - 8°C	Mixed 2x/week for 2 h @ RT
Sediment to Solution ratio	100:175 mL	100 mL sediment = 147 g wet wt or 86.7 g dry wt
Pore Water monitored?	Yes	Results in supplemental report; not referenced
Pore water extraction method	Centrifugation	1200 <i>g</i> 15-30 min
Pore water chemical extraction	SPME	
Pore water chemical analysis	Not stated	
рН	6.7-7.0	6.9 – 7.2 during test
TOC	130-180 mg C/L	140 -180 during test
DOC	98-140 mg C/L	110-150 during
Ammonia-N	1.4-5.1 mg/L	1.1-2.8 during
Redox	160-180 mV	180-190 during
Feeding	1 mL of YCT daily	Per replicate vessel
Purity of test substance	90.7%	•
Concentrations measured?	Yes	
Measured is what % of nominal?	91.7±7.18% in formulated sediment spikes	89.1-153% in stock solutions
Toxicity values calculated based on nominal or measured concentrations?	Measured	
Chemical method documented?	Yes	Solvent Ext/ SPE cleanup and GCMS- NCI analysis
Concentration of carrier (if any) in test solutions	0%	10 mL of acetone evaporated from sand
Concentration 1 Nom/Meas (µg/kg)	0.25/0.31	9 Reps and 10 per (cell density for single-celled organisms):
Concentration 2 Nom/Meas (µg/kg)	0.5/0.44	8 Reps and 10 per
Concentration 3 Nom/Meas (µg/kg)	1.0/0.94	8 Reps and 10 per
Concentration 4 Nom/Meas (µg/kg)	2.0/1.8	8 Reps and 10 per
Concentration 5 Nom/Meas (µg/kg)	4.0/3.7	8 Reps and 10 per
Concentration 6 Nom/Meas (µg/kg)	8.0/6.0	8 Reps and 10 per
6000 7000 7000		
Control	Solvent and negative controls	8 Reps and 10 per Method: Spotaneous
LC50	2.7 (2.3-3.1)95%Cl	Log –log analysis using TOXSTAT
EC50	1.4 (1.0 – 2.2)95% Cl	Method: Linear interpretation method;

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NOEC	Survival: 0.94 Growth: < 0.31	Method: Bonferroni's T test; TOXSTAT program p: 0.05 MSD:
LOEC	Survival: 1.8 Growth: 0.31	Same as above
MATC (GeoMean NOEC,LOEC)	Survival: 1.3; growth: not able to calculate	
% of control at NOEC	(81%/93%=87%); not able to calculate for growth	Pooled controls
% of control at LOEC	(56/93=60%);(0.05/0.08=62%)	Pooled controls

Notes:

Protocol adapted from: USEPA, 2000. Methods for measuring the toxicity and bioaccumulation of sediment-associated contaminants with freshwater invertebrates. Protocol fulfills requirement of USEPA OPPTS 850.1735 Whole sediment acute toxicity invertebrates, freshwater (USEPA, 1996).

Although the study states pore water results are in a supplemental report, the data was never made available due to analytical and sample holding time issues.