23 CCR § 1030 § 1030. Definitions.

- (a) "Accuracy" means the measured volume relative to the actual volume, expressed as a percent. The percent shall be calculated as 100 x (measured value actual value) / actual value.
 - (1) "Measured value" is the value indicated by the device or measurement method or determined through calculations, such as flow rate combined with duration of flow.
 - (2) "Actual value" is the value as determined through laboratory, design, or field testing protocols.
- (b) "Agency" means a groundwater sustainability agency as defined in section 10721 of the Water Code.
- (c) "Board" means the State Water Resources Control Board.
- (d) "Board's website" means www.waterboards.ca.gov.
- (e) "Calibration" means the process used to check or adjust the accuracy of a meter following relevant industry established protocols.
- (f) "De minimis extractor" has the same meaning as defined in section 10721 of the Water Code.
- (g) "Domestic purposes" has the same meaning as "domestic uses" as defined in section 660 of Division 3 of Title 23 of the California Code of Regulations for the purposes of identifying if an extractor is a de minimis extractor.

- (h) "Meter" means a device that measures groundwater extractions and that meets the requirements of section 1042.
- (i) "Person" has the same meaning as defined in section 10735 of the Water Code.
- (j) "Qualified individual" means one of the following:
 - (1) A California-registered Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist.
 - (2) A California-licensed contractor authorized by the State License Board for C-57 well drilling or C-61 Limited Specialty/D-21 Machinery and Pumps.
 - (3) An individual under the supervision of a California-registered Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist and employed to install, operate, and maintain water measurement and reporting devices or methods.
 - (4) The manufacturer of the device or a representative of the manufacturer.
 - (5) An individual trained or experienced in the installation, calibration, and general functionality of totalizing flow meters pursuant to section 1042, subdivision (a).
- (k) "Report" means a report of groundwater extraction as required by section 5202 of the Water Code that includes the information required by section 5203 of the Water Code.
- (I) "Water year" has the same meaning as defined in section 10721 of the Water Code.

Authority: Sections 348, 1058, 1529.5, 1530, 5107, 5208 and 10736(d) (3), Water Code. Reference: Sections 5202, 5203, 10721 and 10735, Water Code.

23 CCR § 1042 § 1042. Meters.

- (a) A measurement device must be all of the following to be a "meter" used to measure groundwater extractions from the well for purposes of section 1040, subdivision (a)(1)(A):
 - (1) Equipped with a totalizer that:
 - (A) Records the total volume of groundwater extracted from the well.
 - (B) Records readings in units of acre-feet, cubic feet, or gallons.
 - (C) Uses a sufficient number of digits or multipliers to prevent rollover or inaccurate readings.
 - (2) Permanently attached to the well discharge pipe between the point of extraction and the point of delivery for beneficial use. The totalizer must be situated between the point of extraction and the point of delivery with no intervening diversions or bends in the discharge pipe.
 - (3) Calibrated to an accuracy of within + five (5) percent by volume. The calibration must be conducted by a qualified individual upon installation and at least once every five years thereafter, or more frequently if necessary to ensure accuracy is maintained. Proof of calibration must also be submitted from the time the totalizing flow meter is installed, and every five years thereafter.
 - (4) Installed, maintained, operated, inspected, and monitored to ensure the accuracy requirement of subdivision (3).
 - (5) Installed in a manner such that it is readily accessible for reading, inspection, testing, repair and replacement.
 - (6) Reasonably accessible and available for inspection by an authorized representative of the board upon request.
 - (7) The totalizer must be incapable of moving backwards or otherwise deviating from its actual value without obvious and apparent signs of tampering.

(b) The board may conduct a field inspection or request additional information from the extractor to determine if a meter is properly installed and meets the requirements of this section. Failure to provide reasonable access for an inspection or to provide records of calibration by a qualified individual upon request by the board is a sufficient basis for the board to determine that a meter has not been used to measure groundwater extractions for purposes of section 1040, subdivision (a)(1)(A).

Authority: Sections 1058, 1529.5, 1530, 5107, 5208 and 10736(d)(3), Water Code.

Reference: Sections 1529.5, 1530 and 5202(f), Water Code.

23 CCR § 1044 § 1044. Administration of Fees.

- (a) Annual filing fees shall be based on the regulations in effect at the time of filing. Annual filing fees for the report for the prior water year are due and payable on April 1, or thirty days after the Board issues an invoice, whichever is later.
- (b) The Board may waive requirements under this article for any person or class of extractor if the waiver is determined by the board to advance implementation of Part 2.74 of Division 6 of the Water Code. Any person subject to this article may request a waiver, provided that the person is in compliance with the groundwater extraction reporting requirements described in Water Code section 5202, subdivision (a) and is a low-income resident, public school, or a public water system or state small water system serving a disadvantaged community where the primary purpose of providing water is for human consumption, cooking and sanitary purposes.
- (c) For purposes of this section, a low-income resident is: (1) someone whose household income is 200 percent or less of the federal poverty level (for one-person households, program eligibility shall be based on two-person household guideline levels) or (2) someone who is enrolled in a qualified public assistance program. (d) For purposes of this section, a public water system has the same meaning as defined in Health and Safety Code section 116275, subdivision (h).
- (e) For purposes of this section, a disadvantaged community has the same meaning as defined in California Code of Regulations, title 22, section 64300, subdivision (a).
- (f) Any waiver request must be submitted to the Board within 30 days of when the fee is due pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section for the waiver to apply to that billing and must be supported by adequate substantiation of eligibility for the annual fee waiver. For any waiver request supported by adequate substantiation of eligibility that is submitted to the Board more than 30 days after the fee is due pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, the reduction shall take effect in the subsequent fiscal year.

Authority: Sections 1058, 1529.5, 1530 and 10736, Water Code. Reference: Section 116275, Health and Safety Code; and Sections 1525, 1536, 1537 and 5202, Water Code.

23 CCR § 1062 § 1062. Filing Fees for Water Right Applications.

- (a) A person who files a water right application shall pay to the board a filing fee as follows:
 - (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) through (E), the fee for a water right application shall be \$1,000, plus \$15 for each acre-foot that the applicant seeks to divert in excess of 10 acre-feet. The total fee shall not exceed \$648,914, plus any additional fee due pursuant to subparagraphs (2) and (3).
 - (B) At a facility where a small hydroelectric generating facility meets the criteria for a Class 28 categorical exemption under the California Environmental Quality Act, as established in California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15328, the fee shall be \$1,000.
 - (C) The fee for an application for a temporary permit filed under Water Code section 1425, other than a permit described in subparagraph (D) or (E) of this subdivision, shall be the greater of either (i) 50 percent of the fee calculated under subparagraph (A), above, or (ii) \$2,000.
 - (D) The fee for an application for a temporary permit under Water Code section 1425 for a small hydroelectric generating facility that meets the criteria for a Class 28 categorical exemption under the California Environmental Quality Act, as established in California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15328, shall be \$1,000. The filing fee includes the annual permit fee if a temporary permit is issued.
 - (E) The fee for an application for a temporary permit filed under Water Code section 1425 that is solely for purposes of diverting water from high flow events to underground storage for later beneficial use shall be the lesser of either (i) the fee calculated pursuant to subparagraph (C), above, or (ii) \$5,000 plus \$0.10 for every acre-foot of water applied for. For renewal of a temporary permit issued pursuant to this subparagraph, where the renewal proposes an identical project and is filed within one year of issuance of the prior temporary permit, the fee for renewal of a temporary permit shall be \$1,500 plus \$0.20 per acre-foot of water actually diverted under the renewed temporary permit. The portion of the

application fee based on the amount diverted shall be due within 30 days of permit expiration, and shall be accompanied by a report of the amount actually diverted.

- (F) The fee for an application for an appropriative right to divert water to underground storage that meets the criteria of this subparagraph shall be 75 percent of the fee calculated pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(A). To be eligible for this reduced fee:
 - (i) The application must be for diversion of water only between December 1 and March 31;
 - (ii) The application must be primarily for diversion to underground storage in a groundwater basin identified in Bulletin 118;
 - (iii) The applicant must be a Groundwater Sustainability Agency or local agency as defined in Water Code section 10721;
 - (iv) The applicant has completed all environmental documents required under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); and
 - (v) The application proposes diversions only when either the streamflow at the point(s) of diversion is above the 90th percentile calculated from gage data during the period-of-record and the diversion rate is limited to 20 percent of the total streamflow, or when flows in the source waterbody at or near the point of diversion exceed thresholds that trigger flood control actions necessary to mitigate threats to human health and safety according to established written flood management protocols adopted by a flood control agency.
- (G) The fee for an application for a temporary permit filed under Water Code section 1433.1 that is solely for purposes of diverting water to underground storage for later beneficial use shall be comprised of an initial filing fee equal to the lesser of either (i) five times the fee calculated pursuant to subparagraph (C), above, or (ii) \$11,000 plus \$0.10 for every acre-foot of water applied for, plus, in each fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the initial filing fee is due, \$0.20 per acre-foot of water actually diverted. The portion of the fee based on the amount actually diverted shall be due within 30 days after the end of the diversion season, and shall be accompanied by a report of the amount actually diverted.

- (H) An applicant for a temporary permit filed under Water Code section 1433.1 shall also pay, in addition to the fee required by subdivision (a)(1)(G) of this section, a fee for the California Department of Fish and Wildlife review of the application as follows:
 - (i) For an application to divert less than 10,000 acre-feet of water per year, \$3,000 plus \$0.10 per acre-foot of water applied for; or
 - (ii) For an application to divert 10,000 acre-feet of water per year or more, \$5,000 plus \$0.10 per acre-foot of water applied for.
- (2) If a water right application is accompanied by a petition to revise a declaration of fully appropriated stream systems, then \$10,000 shall be added to the fee.
- (3) If a water right application is accompanied by a petition for assignment of a state-filed application pursuant to Water Code section 10504, then \$5,000 shall be added to the fee.
- (b) A person who filed a water right application on or after July 1, 2003, and prior to January 1, 2004, shall pay a supplemental filing fee equal to the difference between the filing fee already paid and the amount due pursuant to the regulation in effect on January 1, 2004.
- (c) The application filing fee includes a non-refundable initial review fee equal to \$500 plus 10 percent of the applicable application fee. No portion of the application fee shall be refundable once the application is either 1) accepted for filing or 2) the board communicates to the applicant that the applicant made a bona fide attempt to conform to the rules and regulations, but that the application is defective in some manner.

Authority: Sections 1058 and 1530, Water Code.

Reference: Sections 1425, 1426, 1525 and 1535, Water Code.

23 CCR § 1063 § 1063. Annual Fees for Water Right Applications.

Under any of the following circumstances, a water right applicant shall pay an annual fee of \$750 plus \$0.109 for each acre-foot in excess of 10 acre-feet, calculated as described in section 1066, subdivision (b).

- (a) The diversion of water, the construction of diversion works, or the clearing of land where the diverted water will be used or stored, has been initiated before a permit is issued authorizing the diversion.
- (b) The applicant requests the board to delay processing the water right application.
- (c) The applicant is a lead agency under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (commencing with Public Resources Code section 21000) and has not adopted or certified a final environmental document for the project for which the application is filed, as may be required under CEQA, within two years after the board first provides notice of the water right application.
- (d) The applicant fails to provide supplemental information requested pursuant to Water Code section 1275 within the time period provided.
- (e) The Deputy Director for Water Rights has determined that a permit may be issued for the project, but the applicant has not paid filing fees required under Public Resources Code section 10005, Fish and Game Code section 711.4, or other law.

Authority: Sections 1058 and 1530, Water Code.

Reference: Sections 1525, 1536 and 1537, Water Code.

23 CCR § 1064 § 1064. Filing Fees for Petitions or Requests.

- (a) A person who files a petition or a request for release from priority shall pay to the board a filing fee for each water right application, permit or license covered by the petition or request in accordance with this section.
 - (1) For purposes of calculating the filing fee, a petition to change one or more terms of a single application, permit, license, or other water right shall be considered a single petition, provided that action can be taken on the changes simultaneously, except that a petition for an extension of time shall be considered a separate petition, subject to a separate fee, from a petition to change one or more other terms in a water right. A petitioner requesting changes to more than one application, permit, license, or other water right shall file a separate petition or petitions for each water right and a filing fee shall be required for each petition, except as provided in paragraph (A)(v). A separate filing fee shall be required for each change petition subsequently filed on a water right that is already the subject of a pending petition for change.
 - (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v), the fee for a petition to change the terms of an application, permit or license shall be as follows. The fee shall be a minimum of \$1,000. If the total annual amount of diversion sought by the pending application or authorized by the permit or license, as calculated in accordance with section 1066, is greater than 10 acre-feet, then the petitioner shall pay an additional \$0.40 for each acre-foot in excess of 10 acre-feet. The total fee shall not exceed \$20,000.
 - (i) The fee for a petition for change pursuant only to Water Code section 1707 shall be \$850.
 - (ii) The fee for a change petition involving a transfer of water pursuant to Water Code section 382, 1435, 1701, 1725, or 1735 shall be \$2,000, plus \$0.50 for each acre-foot that the petitioner seeks to transfer in excess of 10 acre-feet. The fee shall be based on the maximum amount of water proposed to be transferred annually, not the amount of water proposed to be transferred over the entire term of the transfer. The total fee shall not exceed \$648,914.
 - (iii) The fee for a petition for extension of time shall be \$1,000 plus \$0.40 per acre-foot authorized for diversions in excess of 10 acre feet, or \$20,000, whichever is less; provided that the fee for a petition for extension of time filed in conjunction with a petition for another type of change for the same

right shall be 50 percent of the fee otherwise applicable pursuant to this subparagraph.

- (iv) The fee for a petition for issuance of separate permits or licenses pursuant to section 836, where there are no changes to the authorized point of diversion, place of use, purpose of use, or any other material term of the permit or license other than as necessary for the split, shall be \$850.
- (v) The fee for one or more petitions for temporary change to permits or licenses

needed to implement a watershed-wide agreement to provide regional sharing of water diversions of up to 50,000 acre-feet across a watershed shall be \$1,000. If a petitioner files the petition or petitions concurrently with a separate petition for temporary change related to one or more of the same permits or licenses, the fee pursuant to this paragraph shall be waived.

- (2) The fee for a petition to change the point of discharge, place of use, or purpose of use of treated wastewater pursuant to Water Code section 1211 shall be \$5,000 plus \$3.00 per acre-foot of reduced flow, or \$75,000, whichever is less.
- (3) The fee for a request for release from priority of a state-filed application pursuant to Water Code section 10504 shall be \$5,000.
- (4) The fee for a petition filed pursuant to Water Code section 1228.7 to change the point of diversion or place of use under a registration of an appropriation for small domestic or livestock stockpond use shall be \$500.
- (5) The fee for a petition filed pursuant to Water Code section 1228.7 to change the point of diversion or place of use under a registration of an appropriation for small irrigation use shall be \$750.
- (b) A person who filed a petition or a request for release from priority on or afterJuly 1, 2003, and prior to January 1, 2004, shall pay a supplemental filing fee equal to the difference between the filing fee already paid and the amount due pursuant to the regulation in effect on January 1, 2004.
- (c) The petition filing fee includes a non-refundable \$250 initial review fee.
- (d) A petition for a temporary urgency change filed under Water Code section 1443.1 that is solely for purposes of diverting water to underground storage for later beneficial use shall be accompanied by, in addition to the fee required by subdivision (a) of this section, a fee for the California Department of Fish and Wildlife review of

the petition as follows:

- (1) For a petition to divert less than 10,000 acre-feet of water per year, \$3,000 plus \$0.10 per acre-foot of water applied for; or
- (2) For a petition to divert 10,000 acre-feet of water per year or more, \$5,000 plus \$0.10 per acre-foot of water applied for.

Authority: Sections 1058 and 1530, Water Code.

Reference: Sections 386, 1228.7, 1525 and 1535, Water Code.

23 CCR § 1066 § 1066. Annual Fees for Permits or Licenses.

- (a) A person who holds a water right permit or license shall pay a minimum annual fee of \$300. If the total annual amount of diversion authorized by the permit or license is greater than 10 acre-feet, then the permittee or licensee shall pay an additional \$0.109 for each acre-foot in excess of 10 acre-feet.
 - (1) For permits or licenses issued prior to the beginning of the year for which the fee is imposed, the board shall calculate annual fees according to the total annual amount of diversion authorized by the permit or license as of the beginning of the year.
 - (2) The board shall calculate annual fees for permits issued on or after the beginning of the year according to the total annual amount of diversion authorized by the permit as issued by the board.
 - (3) The annual fee shall be 75 percent of the fee calculated pursuant to subdivision (a) based on the face value of the permit or license, or a minimum fee of \$300 plus \$0.109 for every acre-foot in excess of 10 acre-feet actually diverted, whichever is greater, for permits or licenses issued on or after January 1, 2020 that meet the following criteria:
 - (A) The permit or license meets the criteria for the reduced application fee under section 1062, subdivision (a)(1)(F); and
 - (B) The right holder has installed and is maintaining a stream gage with telemetry capabilities to provide publicly available real-time streamflow conditions via the California Data Exchange Center website.
 - (4) The reduced annual fee available pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of this section shall not apply if the right holder does not timely submit the progress report by the permittee required by section 925 or the report of licensee required by section 929.
 - (5) The reduced annual fee available pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of this section shall be calculated based on timely reported diversions for the preceding reporting year, provided that the annual fee for the year in which a permit is issued shall be 75 percent of the fee calculated pursuant to subdivision (a) based on the face value of the permit or license.
- (b) The board shall calculate the annual fee based on the total annual amount of

diversion authorized by the permit or license, without regard to the availability of water for diversion or any bypass requirements or other conditions or constraints that may have the practical effect of limiting diversions but do not constitute a condition of the permit or license that expressly sets a maximum amount of diversion.

- (1) If the permit or license does not expressly identify the total annual amount of diversion, the board shall calculate the total annual amount based on the rate of authorized diversion multiplied by the length of time in the authorized season of diversion.
- (2) If the permit or license contains an annual diversion limitation that is applicable only to that permit or license, and the limitation is less than the calculated diversion volume, the fee shall be based on the amount specified in the limitation.
- (3) If a person holds multiple water rights that contain an annual diversion limitation that is applicable to the combination of those rights, but the person may still divert the full amount authorized under a particular right, then the fee shall be based on the total annual amount for that individual right.

Authority: Sections 1058 and 1530, Water Code.

Reference: Sections 1525, 1536 and 1537, Water Code.