COMMENT LETTER—JULY 15, 2014 BOARD MEETING—ITEM 10:
EMERGENCY WATER CONSERVATION REGULATIONS
July 11, 2014

The Honorable Felicia Marcus
State Water Resources Control Board
P.O. Box 100
Sacramento, CA 95812-0100

Subject: July 15, 2014 Board Meeting-Item 10: Emergency Water Conservation Regulations

Dear Chair Marcus:

The Santa Margarita Water District (SMWD), Orange County’s second largest retail water supplier, is pleased to work with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) for more effective conservation. We understand that this unprecedented drought poses a challenge requiring cooperation and a determined effort by government at all levels as well as by the public.

Over the last decade, SMWD has developed a highly effective conservation and water use efficiency program that has enabled us to reach our 20 x 20 conservation goal ahead of schedule. SMWD has already reduced our water usage by 20% and has met the State’s “20 x 2020” goal while adding more than 13,000 new residents.

Keys to our success include transparency, engaging the public and interagency coordination. Our two wholesale water suppliers, Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MET) and Municipal Water District of Orange County (MWDOC), have consistently supported conservation and their continued support is essential to an efficient regional conservation program.

We respectfully request that in addition to any specific amendments you make to the proposed rules that the SWRCB outline a timetable that allows for a practical, well-coordinated implementation. Aside from these general comments, we offer the following specifics to help refine the proposed emergency drought regulations.

1) The current version of the SWRCB emergency drought regulations should provide clearer definitions of terms and more specificity regarding implementation.

As an example, Section X.1 “Prohibited Activities in Promotion of Water Conservation” states that “The application of water (emphasis added) to any hard surface...” We believe that more precise definitions of this and other terms will strengthen the regulations and help water users to understand the implications of what may appear to them as innocent actions. SMWD’s Comprehensive Water Conservation Program ordinance includes the same provision but states “Washing down hard or paved surfaces, including but not limited to sidewalks, walkways, driveways, parking areas, tennis courts patios or alleys is prohibited except when necessary to alleviate safety or sanitary hazards and then only by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container...”. We have attached SMWD’s Comprehensive Water Conservation Program ordinance as an example of specific definitions.
Implementation of the possible fines is also an issue. The public agency employees who can impose fines are generally only law enforcement officers, fire safety personnel and code enforcement officers. More latitude should be given to other public employees to help educate customers rather than give citations and fines.

2) The SWRCB emergency drought regulations should respect the uniqueness of all of California’s regions.

SWRCB’s emergency drought regulations should support locally developed conservation plans. They should also be flexible enough to take into account variations in the hydrology, population and growth of each region as well as significant investments local agencies have already made to achieve conservation goals.

For example, the 20x2020 Water Conservation Plan, approved by California in 2009, mandated a 20% per capita reduction in urban water demand by 2020. Many agencies, like SMWD, have aggressively enforced water conservation efforts and have already achieved at least a 20% reduction. However, the SWRCB emergency drought regulations do not credit agencies with either previous water conservation and recycling investments/successes or with reaching these goals well ahead of the State’s schedule. Imposing an additional 20% reduction seems to unfairly punish residents and agencies that have been diligent in complying with the State’s current water conservation requirements.

3) Measurements of the success of the SWRCB emergency drought regulations should be carefully developed in conjunction with public agencies and the water industry groups.

We agree with the SWRCB that measurement of the reduction in water use is of critical importance. However, existing measurements for conservation are sometimes inconsistently used and can create inaccurate information. Currently there are very limited uniform metrics in place to assess the success of water conservation programs. While there are a variety of quantitative metrics and/or benchmarks that could be used, these should be cooperatively developed. They also have to be of value when making comparisons between different time periods and across regions.

SMWD suggests that the SWRCB work with agencies and the water industry groups to develop uniform metrics and benchmarks for all sectors of water use. This would be of enormous benefit not just during the current drought but for California’s future.

We offer the following initial suggestions:

- For the prohibition regarding “any and all runoff,” a metric or threshold for measuring runoff should be established that is realistic and recognizes the use of efficient technologies (e.g. drip, smart timers, etc.).

- The choice of the base year for measuring progress should also be carefully selected. In the State’s 2014 survey, the base years of 2011-2013 included a wet year during an economic recession which has skewed the baseline lower.
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- Comparison of per capita reductions should be carefully defined. Does it just include potable water? Does this only apply to residential customers or is it based on total municipal water use? If so, does it unfairly penalize agencies that have made significant investments in conservation measures/recycled water use implementation?

Thank you again for considering SMWD’s comments. Please do not hesitate to contact me or Daniel Ferons, SMWD General Manager, at (949) 459-6590 if we can be of any assistance to you or your staff.

SANTA MARGARITA WATER DISTRICT

Saundra F. Jacobs  
President

Attachments:  SMWD Comprehensive Water Conservation Program ordinance
ORDINANCE NO. 09-07-02
ORDINANCE OF THE SANTA MARGARITA WATER
DISTRICT, ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA,
ADOPTING A COMPREHENSIVE WATER CONSERVATION
PROGRAM

BE IT ORDEAINED BY THE Board of Directors of the Santa Margarita Water District (the "District") as follows:

SECTION 1. Declaration of Policy. California Water Code Section 375 et seq. provides public water purveyors with the authority to adopt and enforce a water conservation program to (1) protect the health, safety and welfare of the customers of the District, (2) maximize the beneficial use of the District’s water supplies, and (3) ensure that there will be sufficient water supplies to meet the basic needs of human consumption, sanitation and fire protection. The Board of Directors of the District ("Board") hereby establishes this District Comprehensive Water Conservation Program pursuant to California Water Code Section 375 et seq., to reduce the quantity of water used by persons within the jurisdiction of the District for the purpose of conserving the District’s water supplies.

SECTION 2. Findings.

a. Southern California is a semi-arid region and is largely dependent upon imported water supplies. A growing population, potential climate change, environmental concerns, and other factors in other parts of the State and western United States, make the region susceptible to potential water supply reliability issues; and

b. The District and South Orange County relies on imported potable water to meets its water demands; and

c. A reliable minimum supply of potable water is essential to the public health, safety and welfare of the people and economy of California; and

d. Wasteful water use practices constitute a potential threat to, and an unacceptable diminution of, the District’s water supplies. The prevention of water waste is an economically and environmentally feasible way to help protect, conserve and prevent unacceptable diminution of the District’s water supplies; and

e. Careful water management that includes active water conservation measures not only in times of drought, but at all times, is essential to ensure a reliable minimum supply of water to meet current and future water supply needs, and

f. Article X, Section 2 of the California Constitution declares that the general welfare requires that water resources be put to beneficial use, waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented, and conservation of water be fully exercised with a view to the reasonable and beneficial use thereof; and
g. On January 21, 1991, the District adopted a conservation based tiered rate structure for
District residential customers and has periodically updated the tiered rate structure. On
February 25, 1991, the District adopted guidelines for exceptions to the specific
consumption allotments pertaining to residential water customers. Exceptions can only be
granted upon application by the residential water customer accompanied with some
evidence to prove or substantiate the variance condition (i.e., medical necessity, number
of persons in household, hardship, business use of residence). The rate structure includes
residential tiers, with specific consumption allotments and rates applicable to each tier;
and

h. The District adopted Ordinance 0-91-04-01, adopting a Comprehensive Water
Conservation Program on April 15, 1991 establishing a staged water conservation
program; in response to the reduction in the District's allocation of water from
Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) and Municipal Water District
of Orange County (MWDOC); and

i. The District has reviewed Ordinance 0-91-04-01 and determined it is appropriate to
update its water conservation program.

NOW THEREFORE, this Ordinance contains provisions for a staged water conservation
program that will encourage reduced water consumption within the District through
conservation, enable effective water supply planning, assure reasonable and beneficial use of
water, prevent waste of water, and maximize the efficient use of water within the District.

SECTION 3. Rescindment of Ordinance 91-4-01. The District hereby rescinds Ordinance 91-
41-01 and replaces it with the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 4. Application. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all persons, entities,
customers, and properties served by the District (hereinafter collectively referred to as
"customers"). The provisions of this chapter do not apply to uses of water necessary to protect
public health and safety or for essential government services, such as police, fire and other
similar emergency services. This Ordinance is intended solely to further the conservation of
water. It is not intended to implement any provision of federal, State, or local statutes,
ordinances, or regulations relating to protection of water quality or control of drainage or runoff;
refer to the local jurisdiction or Regional Water Quality Control Board for information on any
stormwater ordinances and stormwater management plans. Provisions of this Ordinance may be
used in conjunction with local jurisdictions to meet regional water quality and conservation
requirements.

SECTION 5. Authorization. The District's General Manager or his designated representative, is
hereby authorized and directed to implement the staged water conservation and enforcement
provisions of this Ordinance as necessary.

SECTION 6. Permanent Water Conservation Requirements – Prohibition Against Water
Waste. As part of the District’s “Best Management Practices,” the following water conservation
requirements are in effect at all times and are permanent. Violations of this section will be considered waste and an unreasonable use of water.

A. Limits on Irrigation Practices.
   i. **Limits on Watering Hours:** Watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is prohibited between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Pacific Standard Time on any day, except by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container, a hand-held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off nozzle or device, or for very short periods of time for the express purpose of adjusting or repairing an irrigation system.
   ii. **Limit on Watering Duration:** Watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water using a landscape irrigation system or a watering device that is not continuously attended is limited to no more than fifteen (15) minutes watering per day per station.
   iii. **Efficient Irrigation Systems:** This subsection does not apply to landscape irrigation systems that exclusively use very low-flow drip type irrigation systems when no emitter produces more than two (2) gallons of water per hour and weather based controllers or stream rotor sprinklers that meet a 70% efficiency standard.
   iv. **No Excessive Water Flow or Runoff:** Watering or irrigating of any lawn, landscape or other vegetated area in a manner that causes or allows excessive water flow or any runoff onto an adjoining sidewalk, driveway, street, alley, gutter or ditch is prohibited.

B. No Washing Down Hard or Paved Surfaces: Washing down hard or paved surfaces, including but not limited to sidewalks, walkways, driveways, parking areas, tennis courts, patios or alleys, is prohibited except when necessary to alleviate safety or sanitary hazards, and then only by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container, a hand-held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off device, a low-volume, high-pressure cleaning machine equipped to recycle any water used, or a low-volume high-pressure water broom.

C. **Obligation to Fix Leaks, Breaks or Malfunctions:** Excessive use, loss or escape of water through breaks, leaks or other malfunctions in the water user’s plumbing or distribution system for any period of time after such escape of water should have reasonably been discovered and corrected and in no event more than seven (7) days of receiving notice from the District, is prohibited.

D. **Re-circulating Water Required for Water Fountains and Decorative Water Features:** Operating and maintaining a water fountain or other decorative water feature that does not use re-circulated water is prohibited.

E. **Limits on Washing Vehicles:** Using water to wash or clean a vehicle, including but not limited to any automobile, truck, van, bus, motorcycle, boat or trailer, whether motorized or not is prohibited, except by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container or a hand-
held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off nozzle or device. This subsection does not apply to any commercial car washing facility.

F. Drinking Water Served Upon Request Only: Eating or drinking establishments, including but not limited to a restaurant, hotel, cafe, cafeteria, bar, or other public place where food or drinks are sold, served, or offered for sale, are prohibited from providing drinking water to any person unless expressly requested.

G. Commercial Lodging Establishments Must Provide Guests Option to Decline Daily Linen Services: Hotels, motels and other commercial lodging establishments must provide customers the option of not having towels and linen laundered daily. Commercial lodging establishments must prominently display notice of this option in each bathroom using clear and easily understood language.

H. No Installation of Single Pass Cooling Systems: Installation of single pass cooling systems is prohibited in buildings requesting new water service.

I. No Installation of Non-re-circulating Water Systems in Commercial Car Wash and Laundry Systems: Installation of non-re-circulating water systems is prohibited in new commercial conveyor car wash and new commercial laundry systems.

J. Restaurants Required to Use Water Conserving Dish Wash Spray Valves: Food preparation establishments, such as restaurants or cafes, are prohibited from using non-water conserving dish wash spray valves.

K. Commercial Car Wash Systems: Effective on January 1, 2010, all commercial conveyor car wash systems must have installed operational re-circulating water systems, or must have secured a waiver of this requirement from the District.

SECTION 7. Conservation Stages. In addition to the Permanent Water Conservation Requirements, the District’s Comprehensive Water Conservation Program consists of the following four stages to respond to a reduction in the potable water available to the District for distribution to its customers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conservation Stage</th>
<th>Level of Restriction</th>
<th>Percentage of Projected Savings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stage 1</td>
<td>Voluntary</td>
<td>Up to 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 2</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Up to 20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 3</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Up to 40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 4</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Over 40%%</td>
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Stage 1 shall remain in effect at all times until or unless a mandatory conservation stage is implemented in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. The mandatory conservation stages (stages 2, 3 and 4) shall take effect upon implementation by the Board in accordance with Section 8.
A. Stage 1 - Voluntary Conservation. In addition to complying with the Permanent Restrictions in Section 6, District customers are encouraged to voluntarily conserve water during stage 1. District customers are specifically requested to voluntarily implement the mandatory water use restrictions set forth in stages 2, 3 and 4 to the extent feasible. In particular, watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is requested to be limited to three days per week. During the months of November through March, watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is recommended to be limited to no more than one day per week. This provision does not apply to landscape irrigation zones that exclusively use very low flow drip type irrigation systems when no emitter produces more than two (2) gallons of water per hour and weather based controllers or stream rotor sprinklers that meet a 70% efficiency standard. This provision also does not apply to watering or irrigating by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container, a hand-held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off nozzle or device, or for very short periods of time for the express purpose of adjusting or repairing an irrigation system.

B. Stage 2 - Mandatory Conservation – Drought Conditions. A Stage 2 Mandatory Conservation – Drought Conditions exists when the District determines, in its sole discretion, that due to drought or other water supply conditions, a water supply shortage or threatened shortage exists and a consumer demand reduction is necessary to make more efficient use of water and appropriately respond to existing water conditions. Upon the declaration by the District of a Stage 2 condition, the District will implement the mandatory conservation measures identified in this Section. In addition to the prohibited uses of water identified in Section 6, the following additional water conservation requirements apply during Stage 2:

1. Watering Days: Watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is limited to three days per week on a schedule established and posted by the District. During the months of November through March, watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is limited to no more than one day per week on a schedule established and posted by the District. This provision does not apply to landscape irrigation zones that exclusively use very low flow drip type irrigation systems when no emitter produces more than two (2) gallons of water per hour. This provision also does not apply to watering or irrigating by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container, a hand-held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off nozzle or device, or for very short periods of time for the express purpose of adjusting or repairing an irrigation system.

2. Obligation to Fix Leaks, Breaks or Malfunctions: All leaks, breaks, or other malfunctions in the water user’s plumbing or distribution system must be repaired within forty-eight (48) hours of notification by the District unless other arrangements are made with the District.

3. Limits on Filling Ornamental Lakes or Ponds: Filling or re-filling ornamental lakes or ponds is prohibited, except to the extent needed to sustain aquatic life, provided that such animals are of significant value and have been actively managed within the water feature prior to declaration of a supply shortage level under this Ordinance.
4. **Limits on Washing Vehicles:** Using water to wash or clean a vehicle, including but not limited to, any automobile, truck, van, bus, motorcycle, boat or trailer, whether motorized or not, is prohibited except by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container, a hand-held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off nozzle or device, by high pressure/low volume wash systems, or at a commercial car washing facility that utilizes a re-circulating water system to capture or reuse water.

5. **Limits on Filling Residential Swimming Pools & Spas:** Re-filling of more than one foot and initial filling of residential swimming pools or outdoor spas with potable water is prohibited.

6. **Limits on use of Potable Water for Construction:** The use of domestic water for construction purposes shall only be permitted by, and in accordance with the provisions of, a construction water use permit obtained from the District General Manager or his designee.

**C. Stage 3-Mandatory Conservation - Serious Drought Conditions.** A Stage 3 condition exists when the District notifies its residents and businesses that a significant reduction in consumer demand is necessary to maintain sufficient water supplies for public health and safety. In addition to the mandatory water conservation measures for Stage 2, the following water conservation measures shall apply during Stage 3:

1. **Watering Days:** Watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is limited to two days per week on a schedule established and posted by the District. During the months of November through March, watering or irrigating of lawn, landscape or other vegetated area with potable water is limited to no more than one day per week on a schedule established and posted by the District. This provision does not apply to landscape irrigation zones that exclusively use very low flow drip type irrigation systems when no emitter produces more than two (2) gallons of water per hour. This provision also does not apply to watering or irrigating by use of a hand-held bucket or similar container, a hand-held hose equipped with a positive self-closing water shut-off nozzle or device, or for very short periods of time for the express purpose of adjusting or repairing an irrigation system.

2. **Obligation to Fix Leaks, Breaks or Malfunctions:** All leaks, breaks, or other malfunctions in the water user’s plumbing or distribution system must be repaired within twenty four (24) hours of notification by the District unless other arrangements are made with the District.

3. **Artificial Lakes:** Filling or refilling of artificial lakes shall only be permitted by, and in accordance with the provisions of, an artificial lake filling permit obtained from the District General Manager or his designee.

4. **No New Potable Water Service:** Upon declaration of a Level 3 Water Supply Shortage Emergency condition, no new potable water service will be provided, no new temporary
meters or permanent meters will be provided, and no will-serve letters will be issued, except under the following circumstances:

a. A valid, unexpired building permit has been issued for the project; or
b. The project is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare; or
c. The applicant provides substantial evidence of an enforceable commitment that water demands for the project will be offset prior to the provision of a new water meter(s) to the satisfaction of the District.

This provision does not preclude the resetting or turn-on of meters to provide continuation of water service or the restoration of service that has been interrupted for a period of one year or less.

5. No New Annexations: Upon the declaration of a Level 3 Water Supply Shortage condition, the District will suspend consideration of annexations to its service area. This subsection does not apply to boundary corrections and annexations that will not result in any increased use of water.

D. Stage 4 - Mandatory Conservation - Severe Drought Conditions. A Stage 4 condition exists when the District declares severe drought conditions exists and notifies its residents and businesses that a major reduction in consumer demand is necessary to maintain sufficient water supplies for public health and safety. In addition to the mandatory waters for stages 2 and 3, the following water conservation measures shall apply during stage 4:

1. Irrigation. All outdoor irrigation with potable water is prohibited.

2. No agricultural use of water. Use of water for agricultural or commercial nursery purposes is prohibited, except for livestock watering.

3. Prohibition of vehicle washing. Washing of autos, trucks, trailers, boats, airplanes or other types of mobile equipment is prohibited. Washing is permitted at any time upon the immediate premises of a commercial car wash. The use of water by all types of commercial car washes shall be reduced in volume by 50%. Further, such washings are exempted from these regulations where the health, safety and welfare of the public is contingent upon frequent vehicle cleaning such as garbage trucks and vehicles used to transport food and perishables.

4. Prohibition on filling recreational water facilities. Filling, refilling or adding of water to swimming pools, spas, ponds or artificial lakes is prohibited.

5. Prohibition on use of potable water for construction. Use of domestic water for construction purposes is prohibited.

SECTION 8. Mandatory Conservation Stage Implementation. The District shall monitor the projected supply and demand for water by its customers on a daily basis. The Board shall determine the extent of the conservation required through implementation or termination of
particular conservation stages in order for the District to prudently plan for and supply water to its customers. The Board may order that the appropriate stage of water conservation be implemented or terminated by resolution adopted in accordance with this Ordinance. Within five (5) days following the declaration of the response level, the District shall publish a copy of the resolution in a newspaper used for publication of official notices and shall post a notice on the District’s Web site at www.smwd.com. Adoption of a resolution terminating any stage shall be made at a public meeting of the Board. The mandatory conservation measures applicable to Stage 2, 3 or 5 conditions shall take effect on the tenth (10) day after the date the response level is declared.

Within five (5) days following the declaration of the response level, the District shall publish a copy of the resolution in a newspaper used for publication of official notices. Notices may also be posted on the District’s Web site at www.smwd.com.

SECTION 9. Exemptions. Customers may be exempted from application of this Ordinance for a certain type of use if the General Manager issues a permit allowing such use and if such permit issuance is based on a finding that enforcement of the applicable restriction would either (1) cause an unnecessary and undue hardship to the customer applying for such permit or the public, or (2) cause or threaten an emergency condition affecting the health, sanitation, fire protection, or safety of the customer or the public. The General Manager may require the installation and use of such water conservation devices or practices as he deems appropriate as a condition of the exemption permit.

SECTION 10. Enforcement. The District intends to provide education and notice to its customers of the terms of the conservation stage then currently in place. The District’s customers have previously responded to meet the water needs of the District. However, in the event active enforcement is required any customer who violates the provisions of this Ordinance by either excess use of water or by specific violation of one or more of the applicable water use restrictions for a particular mandatory conservation stage may be cited by the General Manager or his designated representative in accordance with the provisions of subsection A or B of this Section, as applicable.

A. Stage 1 and 2

1. Any person, who uses, causes to be used, or permits the use of water in violation of this policy is guilty of an offense punishable as provided herein.

2. Each day that a violation of this policy occurs is a separate offense.

3. For the first violation, the District shall issue a written notice of fact of such violation to the customer.

4. For a second violation within twelve months from the first notice of violation, the District shall issue a written notice of the fact of such violation of the customer delivered via certified mail to the customer address of record.
5. For a third violation within twelve months from the first notice of violation, a surcharge in the amount of $100 shall be added to the customer's water bill.

6. For the fourth and any subsequent violation within twelve months from the first notice of violation, a surcharge of $200 shall be added to the customer's water bill.

7. Violations of a provision of this policy are subject to enforcement through installation of a flow-restricting device in the meter. A person or entity that violates this ordinance is responsible for payment of the District's charges for installing and/or removing any flow restricting device and for disconnecting and/or reconnecting service per the District's schedule of charges then in effect. The charge for installing and/or removing any flow restricting device must be paid to the District before the device is removed. Nonpayment will be subject to the same remedies as nonpayment of basic water rates.

8. Willful violations of the mandatory conservation measures and water use restrictions applicable during a Stage 4 Water Emergency Condition may be enforced by discontinuing service to the property at which the violation occurs as provided by the Water Code Section 356.

9. All remedies provided for herein shall be cumulative and not exclusive.

B. Stage 3 and 4.

1. For the first violation, the customer will receive a certified letter.

2. For the second violation, the customer will incur a $200 fine.

3. For the third violation, the customer shall be subject to fines and flow restrictions. A person or entity that violates this ordinance is responsible for payment of the District's charges for installing and/or removing any flow restricting device and for disconnecting and/or reconnecting service per the District's schedule of charges then in effect. The charge for installing and/or removing any flow restricting device must be paid to the District before the device is removed. Nonpayment will be subject to the same remedies as nonpayment of basic water rates.

4. For the fourth violation, the customer will be charged double fines for construction and/or irrigation use.

SECTION 11. Rules and Regulations for Water Service. The provisions of this Ordinance are in addition to all other District Rules and Regulations for Water Service, and in the event of a conflict between this Ordinance and other rules and regulations relating to the same subject matter, the conflict shall, insofar as practical, be resolved to implement the purposes of this Ordinance.

SECTION 12. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is for any reason held to be unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent
jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this Ordinance and those shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 13. CEQA Exemption. The District finds that this Ordinance and actions taken hereafter pursuant to this Ordinance are exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080(b)(4) and California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Section 15301. The General Manager of the District is hereby authorized and directed to file a Notice of Exemption as soon as possible following adoption of this Ordinance.

SECTION 14. Effective Date and Publication. This Ordinance shall become effective as of the date of adoption and shall be published within ten days of adoption, pursuant to the California Water Code Section 376.

ADOPTED, SIGNED AND APPROVED this 10th day of July, 2009.

[Signature]
President of the Board of Directors
Santa Margarita Water District

ATTEST:
[Signature]
Secretary of the Board of Directors
Santa Margarita Water District