CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
CENTRAL COAST REGION
San Luis Obispo, California

RESOLUTION NO. R3-2005-0131
DECEMBER 2, 2005
ADOPTING A TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN
FOR NITRATE IN PAJARO RIVER AND LLagas CREEK

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Coast Region, hereby finds:

1. The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Coast Region (Water Board), adopted the Water Quality Control Plan for the Central Coastal Basin (Basin Plan), on September 8, 1994. The Basin Plan includes beneficial use designations, water quality objectives, implementation plans for point source and nonpoint source discharges, and statewide plans and policies.

2. Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act requires states to identify and prepare a list of water bodies that do not meet water quality standards and establish TMDLs for the listed water bodies. A TMDL is the loading capacity of a pollutant that a water body can accept while protecting beneficial uses. TMDLs can be expressed in terms of either mass per time, concentration, or other appropriate measure [40 CFR §130.2(d)].

3. Pajaro River and Llagas Creek were identified in 1998 as impaired by nutrients and are included on the 2002 Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list of impaired water bodies. Therefore, the Water Board is required to adopt a TMDL and associated Implementation Plan (40 CFR 130.6(c),(1), 130.7, Water Code section 13242). Though the listing is based on nutrients impairment, it does not specify whether it was based on violations of the narrative objective for biostimulatory substances, for violations of objectives for particular nutrients, or a combination.

4. The Pajaro River watershed lies within the central coast of California and includes the counties of San Benito, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, and Monterey. Major tributaries to the Pajaro River are the San Benito River, Tres Pinos Creek, Santa Ana Creek, Pacheco Creek, Llagas Creek, Uvas Creek, and Corralitos Creek. Llagas Creek is located entirely within Santa Clara County. The Pajaro River watershed encompasses approximately 1,300 square miles and drains into Monterey Bay.

5. The Final Project Report contains a Problem Statement, Numeric Targets, Source Analysis, Total Maximum Load, Linkage Analysis, Load Allocations, Margin of Safety, an Implementation Plan, and a Monitoring Plan. The report addresses the nutrient portion of the nutrient impairment in the Pajaro River and Llagas Creek and discusses follow-up monitoring to address the remaining impairment to ensure that beneficial uses are protected.

6. The Water Board has determined that the TMDL for nitrate in Pajaro River and Llagas Creek (the Pajaro River watershed) is set at levels necessary to attain and maintain the applicable numeric water quality objectives for nitrate taking into account seasonal variations and any lack of knowledge concerning the relationship between effluent limitations and water quality (40 CFR 130.7(c)(1)).

7. The Water Board finds that the solution to nitrate impairment in the Pajaro River and Llagas Creek is being implemented by an existing action of the Water Board, the Conditional Waivers of Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges from Irrigated Lands in the Central Coast Region.
(conditional waivers), and finds that the solution will actually correct the impairment. Therefore, the Water Board finds that the existing conditional waivers of waste discharge requirements will implement the assumptions of the TMDL in lieu of adopting a redundant program.

8. The Water Board further finds that follow-up monitoring is necessary to ensure that beneficial uses are protected.

9. Monitoring for nitrate by landowners, as required according to the Monitoring and Reporting Program set forth in the conditional waivers, will provide information to confirm that this TMDL is sufficient to attain the nitrate objective. Monitoring by landowners will provide adequate documentation to determine whether the nitrate portion of the nutrient TMDL is being adequately implemented.

10. Water Board staff plans to conduct further monitoring to investigate and obtain information to determine causes of algal blooms and dissolved oxygen conditions that may be causing impairment. Water Board staff will develop a monitoring plan to address the remaining impairment to ensure that beneficial uses are protected as soon as protocols to meet the objectives of monitoring are developed, or in conjunction with the first three-year review. Water Board staff will implement the monitoring plan and collect data for three years; this period of data collection should be sufficient to make a definitive assessment of whether there are exceedances of the narrative biostimulatory objective in the Pajaro River watershed. Water Board staff will review the continuing and expanded monitoring results every three years. At each three-year review, Water Board staff will determine whether there are exceedances of the narrative biostimulatory objective. Water Board staff will also review the TMDL to determine if revisions are necessary. Water Board staff will present any necessary revisions of this TMDL (problem statement, numeric targets, implementation plan, etc.) to the Water Board for approval, or, if appropriate, a separate TMDL for overall nutrient or biostimulatory substance impairment to address algal growth and its corresponding low dissolved oxygen. However, if protection of beneficial uses is demonstrated (i.e., the data do not show exceedances of the biostimulatory objective and the nitrate objectives are attained) then Water Board staff will propose de-listing of the waterbody for nutrient impairment.

11. Water Board staff has conducted TMDL outreach by coordinating TMDL development with agencies and individuals in the Pajaro River watershed. In addition, public review and comment through the December 2nd Water Board meeting provides another formal opportunity for public input prior to adoption of this TMDL. Notice of public hearing was given by notifying newspapers of general circulation within the Pajaro River watershed and a copy of the notice was mailed to all persons requesting such notice and affected government agencies.

12. The Water Board finds that an existing action of the Water Board (the conditional waiver for irrigated agriculture and associated monitoring) makes any further regulatory action (i.e., any “project”) unnecessary. Therefore, this action is not a “project” that requires compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code §21000 et seq.). The Water Board is not directly undertaking an activity, funding an activity, or issuing a permit or other entitlement for use (Public Resources Code section 21065; 14 Cal. Code of Regs. §15378). Irrigated agricultural landowners are not required to obtain Water Board approval to continue complying with the conditional waivers. The Water Board is not “approving” any activity (14 Cal. Code of Regs. §15352); it is merely finding that ongoing activities also satisfy other legislative requirements.

13. The TMDL and Implementation and Monitoring Plan do not allow degradation or a decrease in water quality, and do not approve an activity that produces or may produce a waste or increased volume or concentration of waste or an activity that discharges or proposes to discharge to
existing high quality waters. This resolution therefore complies with Resolution 68-16 and 40 CFR §131.12.

14. This TMDL will become effective upon approval by the Water Board.

15. On December 2, 2005, in San Luis Obispo, California, the Water Board held a public hearing and heard and considered all public comments and evidence in the record.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED,

1. The Water Board, after considering the entire record, including oral testimony, adopts the Pajaro River and Llagas Creek Total Maximum Daily Load for Nitrate as shown in the Final Project Report.

2. The Water Board finds that the existing action of the Water Board (the conditional waiver for irrigated agriculture along with associated monitoring) is an appropriate plan for implementation of the TMDL and will be adequate to correct the impairment and is expected to result in attainment of water quality objectives for nitrate in the Pajaro River and Llagas Creek. At this time, any further regulatory action to create another program of implementation by the Water Board would be redundant and unnecessary.

3. These findings shall remain valid as long as the Pajaro River and Llagas Creek attain nitrate objectives no later than January 1, 2026.

4. The Water Board may revoke these findings if it finds that the conditional waivers are not achieving their goals, are not adequately implemented or are no longer adequate to resolve the impairment.

5. The Water Board's Executive Officer is directed to submit the TMDL to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) for review. If during its approval process the USEPA determines that minor, non-substantive corrections to the language of the TMDL are needed for clarity or consistency, the Executive Officer may make such changes, and shall inform the Water Board of any such changes.

I, Roger W. Briggs, Executive Officer, do hereby certify the foregoing is a full, true, and correct copy of the resolution adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Coastal Region, on December 02, 2005.

[Signature]
Executive Officer