

BARRETT'S BIOLOGICAL SURVEYS

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December 12, 2008

Mr. Francisco Rodriguez Waterworks Supervisor Heber Wastewater Treatment Plant 1184 Rockwood Ave Heber, CA

Re:

Biological Assessment of the Heber Wastewater Treatment Facility Discharge

Location

Dear Mr. Rodriguez,

This letter report documents the results of the bioassessment of the Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain (Map: attached) at the Heber wastewater treatment facility discharge. Samples were taken at two locations along the undergrounded Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain. These samples were gathered at the discharge and 220 meters downstream of the discharge (first available manhole). Water samples were collected at the same areas. The Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain flows to Alamo River. The Alamo River flows approximately 50 miles north through Imperial County to the Salton Sea.

Objective

Barrett's Biological Surveys was retained by Heber wastewater treatment facility to conduct a rapid assessment of aquatic and shore organisms in the Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain at the point of discharge from the Heber wastewater treatment facility (located at 1184 Rockwood Ave, Heber, CA). The objective of this survey was to determine whether the water, plant life and aquatic life at this discharge point are more typical of saltwater or freshwater environments. The goal of Heber wastewater treatment facility is to gain approval from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to use alternative freshwater criteria for a body of water segment where no marine beneficial use designation occurs, even if the salinity is above one part per thousand.

Background

The Heber wastewater treatment facility discharges into the undergrounded Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain which ultimately flows north to the Salton Sea. The Central Drain 6 2008

3-D No 1 Drain is undergrounded from Rockwood Ave east to Pitzer Road.

The Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain discharges into the Alamo River which drains into the Salton Sea. The Alamo River flows north from the All American Canal. Agricultural drain and runoff water and treated wastewater enter the Alamo River. All agricultural water is from the Colorado River and enters Imperial County through the All American Canal.

Agricultural water from the Colorado River has elevated salt levels. Farmers have installed tile at an average depth of 3 to 4 feet in their farm ground to remove excess salinity and prevent salt contamination of their ground. As a result of removing salt from the soil, drain waters show an elevated salinity level.

The California Toxics Rule (CT) 40 CFR 131.38©(3) provides that waters that have salinity between 1 and 10 parts per thousand should be addressed as follows:

For waters in which the salinity is between 1 and 10 parts per thousand as defined in paragraphs at (3)(i) and (ii) of this section, the applicable criteria are the more stringent of the freshwater or saltwater criteria. However, the Regional Administrator may approve the use of the alternative freshwater or saltwater criteria if scientifically defensible information and data demonstrate that on a site-specific basis, the biology of the water body is dominated by freshwater aquatic life and that freshwater criteria are more appropriate; or conversely, the biology of the water body is dominated by saltwater aquatic life and that saltwater criteria are more appropriate.

Methods

A bioasessment of the outfall was conducted between the hours of 1030 and 1130 (73°F) on December 8, 2008 by M. Barrett and G. Barrett of Barrett's Biological Surveys. Sampling stations were established at the discharge and 100 meters upstream and 220 meters downstream. At each sampling station the following data were collected:

- Water salinity
- Dominant vegetation
- Aquatic organisms (if present)
- Animals

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Due to the underground pipe, no aquatic invertebrates were collected using an aquatic kick net, as the manhole was not large enough to accommodate the kick net. Shore vegetation and animal species were visually observed.

Equipment used:

- Aquatic kick net
- Swing sampler/wide mouth bottles
- Garmin GPS
- Swarovski binoculars
- Caldwell wind wizard

Results and Discussion

The Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain serves as the discharge point for the Heber wastewater treatment plant. The dominant plant in the project area included quail brush (Atriplex lentiformis) and salt cedar (*Tamarix sp.*).

Salinity

Water salinity was measured using a hand held, temperature compensated salinity refractometer (VeeGee Refractometer Model STX-3). Instrument is accurate to 1%. Equipment was cleaned after each sampling.

Readings:

100 meters upstream of discharge: no water present

Discharge: 2% = 2 ppt

220 meters downstream of discharge: 2% = 2 ppt

Vegetation

Vegetation was similar at all sampling sites (Photographs: Attached). The dominate species included quail brush (Atriplex lentiformis) and salt cedar (Tamarix spp.). Also observed: alkali mallow (Malvella leprosa), curly dock (Rumex crispus) and mustards (Brassica sp.)

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Aquatic Invertebrates

It was not possible to collect aquatic invertebrates due to the underground piping of the drain downstream and the lack of water upstream.

<u>Fishes</u>

It was not possible to collect fishes due to the underground piping of the drain downstream and the lack of water upstream.

Vertebrates

The following vertebrates were observed in the area: American kestrel (Falco sparverius), cabbage butterfly (Pieris rapae) and various ants.

Conclusion

Based on the freshwater vegetation and wildlife at the Central Drain 3-D No 1 Drain where it receives the discharge from the Heber wastewater treatment plant, it is concluded that this is a freshwater ecosystem.

Species typically found in a saltwater system, such as barnacles (*Balanus amphrite*), pileworms (*Nenathes succinea*), or brackish water snail (*Thiara granifera*) were not observed. Saltwater vegetation or wildlife were also not observed.

The discharge area is a undergrounded agricultural drain found in Imperial County and accessed through manhole covers. As a result, the samples collected during this rapid assessment are considered representative of the overall system.

Sincerely,

Naria D. Barriett

Marie Barrett

Biologist

PHOTOGRAPHS



Sample taken at Discharge Manhole Access Central Drain 3D No 1 (undergrounded)



Downstream Sampling Manhole Access Salt Cedar (Tamarix spp.)



Upstream Central Drain 3D No 1 No Water Found in Drain. Typical Vegetation



North Portion of Heber Wastewater Treatment Facility

