## **ELAP Regulations Update**

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## Overview

- Timeline update
- Opportunities to submit comments
- Summary of major changes
- Benefits of new regulations

### Revised Timeline

- June 2018 Release second preliminary draft
  - ELAP will hold a workshop (webcast) to present the changes made to Preliminary Draft 1
- December 2018 Enter formal rulemaking process
- ▶ 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2019 Water Board adoption hearing
- ▶ 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter 2019 Regulations effective date

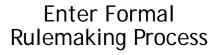
### Revised Timeline

Release 2<sup>nd</sup> Prelim. Draft

June 2018

Board Meeting Adoption Hearing

First Quarter 2019



December 2018

Regulations become effective
Second Quarter 2019

### Opportunities to Submit Comments

- ► Following release of 2<sup>nd</sup> preliminary draft
  - At the June workshop (webcast)
  - 30 day comment period
  - Written comments submitted directly to ELAP at <a href="mailto:elapca\_comments@waterboards.ca.gov">elapca\_comments@waterboards.ca.gov</a>
- During the formal California rulemaking process
  - 45-day public comment period
  - Written comments submitted to ELAP through the State Water Board Clerk
- At the Water Board adoption hearing
  - Oral and written comments submitted to the State Water Board

### How to Form Effective Comments

- Your comments are valuable to this process
- Identify the specific section of the text that you are commenting on
- Be concise!
- Include your suggested alternative when appropriate
  - ("I don't like this section" doesn't give us much to work with!)

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## Preliminary Draft Regulations Overview

- Article 1 Definitions
- Article 2 Accreditation Requirements
- Article 3 Types of Accreditation
- Article 4 Types of Laboratories
- Article 5 Laboratory Personnel and Equipment
- Article 6 Notification/Sale of Ownership
- Article 7 -Denial, Suspension, or Revocation

### Article 1 - Definitions

- ► The relevant definitions listed in the 2016 TNI Standard, Volume 1 apply throughout this regulation except as otherwise defined in this section
- "California Analyte" means a substance, organism, physical parameter, property, or chemical constituent(s) regulated in California
- "A Complete Application Package" means the State Board has received an application package for accreditation and the application package contains all the required information
- "Sophisticated Instrument" means analytical instrumentation such GC, GC/MS, IC, ICP, ICP/MS, LC/MS, AA, EM, PLM, HPLC, alpha particle or gamma ray spectrophotometer, or other similar instrument including use of aquatic organisms in toxicity testing of wastewater and hazardous waste.

# Clarifying Definitions Based on Your Comments

- California Analyte
  - How will ELAP treat constituents that are not currently regulated, but for which agencies are required to monitor and report as per NPDES permit's requirements?
- Sophisticated Instrument
  - ► The inclusion of the phrase "such as" leaves the definition open to various interpretations.

## Article 2 - Accreditation Requirements

#### Accreditation Criteria

- Requires compliance with 2016 TNI Standard, Volume 1
- Acceptable PT scores submitted with application

#### Application Package

- Application forms repealed from regulations and moved to ELAP website
- Specifies what is required for initial, renewal, and reciprocity applications
- Establishes an "Open Enrollment" framework for submittal of renewal applications

## Article 2 - Accreditation Requirements

- Quality Systems (Laboratory Standards)
  - Incorporates 2016 TNI Standard, Volume 1 by reference
    - ▶ With the exception of technical manager qualifications
  - Proposing 3 year delayed compliance with TNI requirements from Modules 2-7
    - ▶ Module 1 (Proficiency Testing) and all other part of the regulations would take effect upon adoption
    - Delayed TNI adopters will be required to submit quarterly reports documenting quality assurance

- Quarterly reporting
  - The original proposal was to require submittal of quarterly progress reports documenting quality assurance
- We received many comments that this was overly burdensome to laboratories
  - We heard your concern
- Instead, we are proposing laboratories submit a copy of their annual internal audit
  - Our State Agency Partners have agreed that this is an acceptable substitution for the quarterly reporting until laboratories have implemented TNI

## Article 2 - Accreditation Requirements

#### Field(s) of Accreditation

► FoA tables repealed from regulations and moved to ELAP's website, which will be updated to accommodate evolving state agency regulatory needs

#### Proficiency Testing

- PT requirements consistent with 2016 TNI Standard, Volume 1 (with the exception of PT frequency)
- Requires acceptable PT scores prior to application for accreditation
- Modifies PT requirements for toxicity bioassay
- Accreditation suspended for failing to achieve acceptable PT scores on two consecutive PT studies during annual and renewal cycles
  - Includes requirements for reinstatement after suspension
- Adds option for alternative demonstration of capability when there is no PT study available

## Article 2 - Accreditation Requirements

#### On-Site Assessment

- Specifies timelines for:
  - Laboratory submittal of Corrective Action Report (30 days)
  - ► ELAP response to Corrective Action Report (30 days)
  - ► Laboratory submittal of revised Corrective Action Report (30 days)
- If a revised corrective action report still does not satisfactorily address findings, accreditation shall be denied, suspended or revoked for any Field(s) of Accreditation and/or Unit(s) of Accreditation affected

Considering allowing for a "Corrective Action Plan" when a finding is not correctable within 30 days

## Article 3 - Types of Accreditation

#### Initial Accreditation

Incomplete applications will be returned. To continue processing a corrected application must be submitted within 30 days

#### Renewal Accreditation

- Within a three year interval be subject to an on-site assessment
- Incomplete applications will be returned. To continue processing a corrected application must be submitted within 15 days
- Establishes monetary fines for late submittal of renewal application
- If accreditation lapses due to late application, laboratories must:
  - Cease reporting for regulatory compliance
  - Notify regulatory clients by registered mail

- Clarifying what is considered an incomplete application
- Within a three year interval
  - When does the "three year period" begin and end? When the certificate expires? When the new certificate is issued?

## Article 3 - Types of Accreditation

- Amending an Accreditation
  - Specifies types of amendments
    - ► Change of laboratory name
    - Change of laboratory location
    - Adding a satellite laboratory
    - Adding or modifying scope of accreditation
  - Addresses variances in requirements for each type of amendment
    - ▶ Timelines for notification
    - Required documentation to be submitted
    - Frequency of on-site assessments

## Article 3 - Types of Accreditation

#### Interim Accreditation

- Under current statute, an "interim" accreditation means that ELAP has not had time to perform an on-site assessment, but that the laboratory has demonstrated proficiency through other means to continue testing.
- Clarifies ELAP's use of interim accreditation by repealing option allowing laboratory to request interim accreditation

#### Reciprocity Accreditation

- Secondary accreditation by California ELAP is invalid if a laboratory's primary accreditation is expired, suspended, or revoked
- Secondary ELAP accreditation will align with the dates on a laboratory's primary certificate

## Article 4 - Types of Laboratories

- Defines criteria for each type of laboratory
  - Stationary, auxiliary, and mobile
- Adds additional criteria to existing definition of auxiliary laboratory
  - Must be included in primary laboratory's quality manual
- Allows a laboratory to combine a stationary and auxiliary/mobile laboratory under a single accreditation (under certain conditions)

- Suggested ELAP replace "stationary laboratory" with "main laboratory"
  - Many auxiliary labs are stationary
- Concerns were expressed about auxiliary laboratory
  - The criteria for auxiliary laboratory is too limiting
  - As currently defined it is confusing and could be problematic without further clarification
- Suggested ELAP replace "auxiliary laboratory" with "satellite laboratory"

# Article 5 - Laboratory Personnel and Equipment

#### Laboratory Personnel

- Renames Laboratory Director as Technical Manager
  - ▶ Retains existing education and experience qualifications
- Removes allowance for a person(s) with lesser qualifications to temporarily serve in the Technical Manager's absence
- Removes educational and experience requirements for Principal Analyst and allows laboratory management to define

#### Laboratory and Equipment

Incorporates 2016 TNI Standard, Volume 1

# Laboratory Director = Technical Manager

Analyst =

Technical Personnel **Principal Analyst:** 

Technical Personnel Quality Manager

- We received comments that the CWEA analyst certification descriptions needed to be updated
  - Thank you for bringing this to our attention
- ► ELAP is now working in partnership with CWEA representatives to revise the minimum Laboratory Analyst/Water Quality Analyst certificate grade requirements for Technical Managers

## Article 6 - Notification/Sale of Ownership

#### Client Notification

- Added 48 hour notification requirements for perchlorate and chlorine dioxide
- ► Allows subcontractor laboratories to perform notification
- Added requirement for submittal of bacterial monitoring report when reporting bacterial quality results
- Added Division of Drinking Water requirements for electronic reporting of:
  - Domestic Water Quality and Monitoring
  - ▶ Disinfectant Residuals, Disinfection Byproducts, and Disinfectant Byproduct Precursors
  - Lead and Copper

- It is too complex to allow subcontractor laboratories to perform notification because the subcontracting lab typically does not provide sufficient information in order to maintain confidentiality
  - Agreement must be documented in writing

## Article 6 - Notification/Sale of Ownership

#### ► Timelines for notifying ELAP of changes

- Change of technical manager and/or quality manager
- Change of sophisticated instrumentation

#### Reporting

Standardizes reporting requirements in accordance with 2016 TNI Standard, Volume 1, Module 2, Sections 4.5, 4.13, and 5.10

#### Sale or Transfer of Ownership

- Extends notification time frame from 15 to 30 days
- Requires record retention for the previous 5 years to continue operation under original certificate
- Removes mandatory site visit and PTs for use of certificate to its expiration date

Requiring notification for change of sophisticated instrumentation is an undo reporting burden to laboratories and the state to track all major instrumentation for each laboratory

## Article 7 - Denial, Suspension, or Revocation

- Denying, Suspending, or Revoking Accreditation
  - Establishes criteria for denial, suspension, or revocation of accreditation
  - Establishes measures to allow data users to assess data quality from <u>revoked</u> <u>laboratories</u>:
    - Remove reference to ELAP accreditation
    - Return certificate
    - Cease all testing for regulatory purposes
    - Notify all regulatory clients
    - Provide a list of regulatory clients affected
    - ▶ Discontinue subcontracting agreements with accredited laboratories after 7 days

## Benefits of Revising ELAP's Regulations

#### Clarity of expectations

- Laboratories will understand what is required of them to obtain and maintain accreditation
- Laboratories will understand what to expect from ELAP
- ► ELAP has clear guidelines by which to conduct accreditation activities

#### Streamline operations

- Easier application and payment process for laboratories
- Less burdensome on-site assessment and corrective action process for both ELAP and laboratories

#### Ability to plan

Clear timelines are established

## Questions?

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