#### STATE OF CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION 320 West 4<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles, California 90013

## FACT SHEET WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR VENTURA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT (SANTA CLARA DRAIN – UNIT IIC)

#### NPDES NO. CAG994001 CI-8394

# FACILITY ADDRESS

## FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS

Along Santa Clara Ave. and Los Angeles Ave. Unincorporated area of Ventura County, California

800 S. Victoria Avenue Ventura, CA 93009

## **PROJECT DESCRIPTION:**

The Ventura County Flood Control District (District) proposes to discharge groundwater generated during the construction of the Santa Clara Drain – Unit IIC project. The District will construct 1500 feet of concrete flood control channel as part of the Santa Clara Drain Project. The groundwater will be encountered during the excavation process. The project site is located along Santa Clara Avenue and Los Angeles Avenue, in the unincorporated area of Ventura County. A desilting tank will be installed to clarify the water before discharge.

# VOLUME AND DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE:

Up to 30,000 gallons per day of groundwater will be discharged during the dewatering activities. The groundwater will be discharged to Revolon Slough (Latitude: 34° 15' 14", Longitude: 119° 06' 36"), thence to Calleguas Creek, a water of the United States. The confluence of Revolon Slough and Calleguas Creek is located below Potrero Road, therefore the limits in Attachment A of Order 07-045 are not applicable for this discharge. The vicinity map and location of the work area are shown in Figure 1.

### FREQUENCY OF DISCHARGE:

The discharge will be intermittent. The project will last approximately five months.

### **REUSE OF WATER:**

The reuse of pumped groundwater at the site was evaluated. There is no available sewer connection within the project area. The disposal of water to a treatment facility is not feasible because it is not cost effective. Groundwater will be reused for dust control whenever possible. Therefore, the majority of the groundwater will be discharged into the storm drain.