LOS ANGELES REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD

In the matter of:
City of Industry;
Follows Camp

Order R4-2016-0316 (Proposed)

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND
STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF
ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY ORDER;
ORDER (PROPOSED)

Section I: INTRODUCTION

This Settlement Agreement and Stipulation for Entry of Administrative Civil Liability Order ("Stipulation" or "Stipulated Order") is entered into by and between the Assistant Executive Officer of the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region ("Regional Board"), on behalf of the Regional Board Prosecution Team ("Prosecution Team") and the City of Industry ("Discharger" or "City") (collectively "Parties") and is presented to the Regional Board, or its delegate, for adoption as an Order by settlement, pursuant to Government Code section 11415.60.

Section II: RECITALS

1. On October 27, 2015, the Assistant Executive Officer of the Regional Board issued Administrative Civil Liability Complaint R4-2015-0207 ("Complaint") to the City of Industry proposing $5,758,791.57 in administrative civil liabilities. The Assistant Executive Officer alleges that the City violated Clean Water Act section 301 and Water Code section 13376 when it engaged in unpermitted grading activities that resulted in the unauthorized discharge of dredged and/or fill material in the Eastern Fork of the San Gabriel River in May 2012. The Complaint is attached as Exhibit 1 and the alleged violations are incorporated herein by reference.

2. Section 301 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. §1311) and Water Code Section 13376 prohibit the discharge of pollutants to surface water except in compliance with a permit for dredged and fill material.

3. The Prosecution Team alleges that the Discharger violated Section 301 of the Clean Water Act, and Water Code section 13376 for a period of 5 days for grading in waters of the United States and discharging dredged and fill material without a permit or Clean Water Act section 401 water quality certification; 3 active work days from May 7, 2012 through May 9, 2012 for the unpermitted work on property, known as the Railroad Car Bridge, owned by the Discharger (LA County APN 8678-005-271) and 2 active work days from May 10, 2012 to May 11, 2012 for the unpermitted work on property, known as the Arizona Crossing, owned by the Discharger (LA County APN 8678-006-273). The unauthorized activities resulted in the discharge of approximately 880,607 gallons (or 4,360 cubic yards) of river cobbles and sediment to waters of the United States resulting from grading 2.38 acres of river bed.
4. The Parties have engaged in settlement negotiations and agree to fully settle the alleged violations as summarized above and specifically alleged in the Complaint without administrative or civil litigation and by presenting this Stipulation to the Regional Board, or its delegate, for adoption as an Order by settlement, pursuant to Government Code section 11415.60. The amount of administrative civil liability imposed pursuant to this Stipulated Order comports with the State Water Resources Control Board’s Water Quality Enforcement Policy (“Enforcement Policy”) methodology (attached to the Complaint) and takes into account the litigation risks associated with proceeding to hearing. The Prosecution Staff believes that the resolution of the alleged violations is fair and reasonable and fulfills all of its enforcement objectives, that no further action is warranted concerning the specific violations alleged above, except as provided in this Stipulated Order, and that this Stipulated Order is in the best interest of the public.

Section III: STIPULATIONS

The Parties stipulate to the following:

5. Jurisdiction: The Parties agree that the Regional Board has subject matter jurisdiction over the matters alleged in this action and personal jurisdiction over the Parties to this Stipulation.

6. Administrative Civil Liability: The Discharger agrees to the imposition of administrative civil liability in the amount of FIVE MILLION DOLLARS ($5,000,000.00). Of that amount, the Discharger agrees to pay TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ($2,500,000.00) in accordance with Paragraph 7, below. The remaining TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ($2,500,000.00) in liability will be suspended pending completion of an Enhanced Compliance Action (“ECA”) as set forth in Paragraph 8, below. The cost of the ECA will be referred to as the ECA Amount.

7. The Discharger shall pay TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ($2,500,000.00) in administrative civil liability by check made payable to the “State Water Pollution Cleanup and Abatement Account,” no later than 30 days following the Regional Board, or its delegate, executing this Order. The check shall reference the Order number indicated on page one of this Stipulation. The original signed check shall be sent to:

State Water Resources Control Board
Division of Administrative Services
Accounting Office
1001 I Street, 18th Floor
Sacramento, California 95814

Copies of the check shall be sent to Hugh Marley, Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board, 320 West Fourth Street, Suite 200 Los Angeles, California 90013 and Mayumi E. Okamoto, State Water Resources Control Board, 1001 I Street, 16th Floor Sacramento, California 95814.

8. The Discharger agrees to discharge its ECA obligations as described in the Paragraphs below:

Order No. R4-2016-0316
City of Industry; Follows Camp Settlement Agreement and Stipulated Administrative Civil Liability Order
A. DESCRIPTION OF THE ECA

The Discharger shall develop a stormwater quality improvement project as an ECA. The ECA shall divert dry weather and wet weather flows into a stormwater Best Management Practices (BMP) treatment facility. The proposed diversion will occur from the existing Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4). The ECA project will include an underground storage area to hold approximately 40 acre-feet of dry weather runoff. The chamber will be approximately 5 feet deep and have a concrete bottom and top supported by a grid of columns, allowing for continued active recreational use of the surface above the storage. The ECA will also treat the first flush of a storm, which could potentially fill the underground storage and overflow above ground for an additional 40 acre-feet of storage, totaling 80 acre-feet of storage for wet weather events.

The proposed timeline for the design and construction of the ECA is approximately three years from inception to completion.

B. INTERIM MILESTONE DEADLINES

The Discharger will comply with the following Interim Milestone Deadlines as follows:

Assuming final approval of this Stipulated Order by the Regional Board by December 31, 2016, the Discharger shall issue a request for proposal (RFP) for a consultant to develop the final design of the ECA to be open for a 30-day period beginning February 2, 2017 and ending March 15, 2017. After such time, the Discharger shall have a 20-day period to evaluate proposals beginning March 16, 2017 and ending April 12, 2017. On May 11, 2017, the City Council will be given the opportunity to review and possibly approve the award to the consultant, with the contract awarded on May 12, 2017.

Construction plans for the ECA shall be developed from May 15, 2017 to July 6, 2018, with specifications and an estimate provided between June 25, 2018 and July 20, 2018. The final construction documents shall be completed between July 23, 2018 and August 3, 2018. A Bid package shall be prepared no later than August 10, 2018. On September 13, 2018, the City Council will be presented with the opportunity to provide authorization to bid, with a 30-day advertisement period to run from September 17, 2018 to October 26, 2018. The bid process shall open on October 30, 2018, with a 10-day bid analysis period to run from October 31, 2018 to November 13, 2018. On December 13, 2018, the City Council shall approve the award, with the bid to be awarded on December 17, 2018. The appropriate contract documents shall be developed between December 18, 2018 and February 11, 2019. A Pre-construction meeting shall be held on February 19, 2019, to be followed by the commencement of construction on February 20, 2019. Construction shall be completed by September 1, 2020. Record drawings shall be made between September 2, 2020 and October 6, 2020. Closeout of the ECA shall be from October 7, 2020 to October 27, 2020. For purposes of this Stipulated Order, the October 7, 2020 to October 27, 2020 time frame shall be referred to as the ECA Completion Period.
C. REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF INTERIM AND FINAL ECA COMPLETION DEADLINE

If the Discharger cannot meet any of the Interim Milestone Deadlines or the ECA Completion Period Deadline due to circumstances beyond Discharger’s anticipation or control, the Discharger shall notify the Executive Officer in writing within thirty (30) days of the date the Discharger first knew of the event or circumstance that caused or could cause a violation of this Order. The notice shall describe the reason for the nonperformance and specifically refer to this Paragraph. The notice shall describe the anticipated length of time the delay may persist, the cause or causes of the delay, the measures taken or to be taken by the Discharger to prevent or minimize the delay, the schedule by which the measures will be implemented, and the anticipated date of compliance. The Discharger shall adopt all reasonable measures to avoid and minimize such delays.

The determination as to whether the circumstances were beyond the reasonable control of the Discharger and its agents will be made by the Executive Officer. Where the Executive Officer concurs that compliance was or is impossible, despite the timely good faith efforts of the Discharger, due to circumstances beyond the control of the Discharger that could not have been reasonably foreseen and prevented by the exercise of reasonable diligence by the Discharger, a new compliance deadline shall be established and this Order will be revised accordingly. The Executive Officer will endeavor to grant a reasonable extension of time if warranted.

D. REPRESENTATION OF THE DISCHARGER

As a material consideration for the Regional Board’s acceptance of this Stipulated Order, the Discharger represents that it will utilize the funds outlined in Paragraph 6 to implement the ECA in accordance with the ECA Proposal as described above. The Discharger understands that its promise to implement the ECA, in its entirety and in accordance with the schedule for implementation, is a material condition of this settlement of liability between the Discharger and the Regional Board.

E. PUBLICITY

Whenever the Discharger or its agents or subcontractors or the Implementing Party publicize one or more elements of the ECA, they shall state in a prominent manner that the Project is being undertaken as part of the settlement of an enforcement action by the Regional Board against the Discharger.

F. SITE INSPECTIONS

The Discharger shall permit Regional Board staff to inspect during normal business hours any location where the ECA is being implemented as well as review any documents associated with implementation of the ECA at any time without notice.
G. FINAL REPORT

The implementation schedule of the ECA as described above anticipates that this project will be completed by October 27, 2020. The Discharger shall provide quarterly monitoring reports on the progress of the ECA on the 15th day of the month following the end of each quarter beginning on October 1, 2017.

H. AUDITS AND CERTIFICATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT

1. Certification of Completion

Within 30 days of completion of the ECA, the Discharger shall submit a certified statement of completion of the ECA ("Certification of Completion"). The Discharger’s authorized representative shall submit the Certification of Completion under penalty of perjury to the Designated Regional Board Representative:

Mr. Hugh Marley
Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board
320 West 4th Street, Suite 200
Los Angeles, CA 90013
(213) 620-6375
hugh.marley@waterboards.ca.gov

The Certification of Completion shall include the following:

i. Certification of Expenditures

Certification documenting all expenditures by the Discharger. The expenditures may include external payments to outside vendors or contractors implementing the ECA. If applicable, the expenditures may include the costs of internal Environmental Management resources and internal Business Unit resources, provided that such expenditures are directly related to development and implementation of the ECA. In making such certification, the official may rely upon normal company and project tracking systems that captures employee time expenditures and external payments to outside vendors such as environmental and information technology contractors or consultants. The Discharger shall provide any additional information requested by the Regional Board staff which is reasonably necessary to verify ECA expenditures. The certification need not address any costs incurred by the Regional Board for oversight.

ii. Certification of Performance of Work

Certification that the ECA has been completed in accordance with the terms of this Stipulated Order. Such documentation may include photographs, invoices, receipts, certifications, and other material.
reasonably necessary for the Regional Board to evaluate the completion of the ECA and the costs incurred by the Discharger.

iii. Certification that Work Performed on ECA Met or Exceeded Requirements of CEQA and other Environmental Laws [where applicable]

Certification that the ECA meets or exceeds the requirements of CEQA and/or other environmental laws. Unless the Discharger is exempted from compliance with CEQA, the Discharger shall, before the ECA implementation date, consult with other interested State Agencies regarding potential impacts of the ECA. Other interested State Agencies include, but are not limited to, the California Department of Fish and Wildlife. To ensure compliance with CEQA where necessary, the Discharger and/or the Implementing Party shall provide the Regional Board with the following documents:

a. Categorical or statutory exemptions;

b. Negative Declaration if there are no "significant" impacts;

c. Mitigated Negative Declaration if there are potential "significant" impacts but revisions to the project have been made or may be made to avoid or mitigate those potential significant impacts;

d. Environmental Impact Report if there are "significant" impacts.

2. Third Party Audit

If the Designated Regional Board Representative obtains information that causes the representative to reasonably believe that the Discharger has not expended money in the amounts claimed by the Discharger, or has not adequately completed any of the work in the ECA, the Designated Regional Board Representative may require, and the Discharger shall submit, at its sole cost, a report prepared by an independent third party(ies)'s, stating that in its professional opinion, the Discharger has expended money in the amounts claimed by the Discharger. In the event of such an audit, the Discharger agrees that they will provide the third party auditor with access to all documents which the auditor requests. Such information shall be provided to the Designated Regional Board Representative within three months of the completion of the Discharger's ECA obligations. The audit need not address any costs incurred by the Regional Board for oversight.

I. REGIONAL BOARD ACCEPTANCE OF COMPLETED ECA

Upon the Discharger's satisfaction of its obligations under this Stipulated Order, the completion of the ECA and any audit, the Designated Regional Board Representative, with notice to the regional Enforcement Coordinator, shall request that the Regional Board, or the Regional Board's delegatee, issue a "Satisfaction of Order." The issuance of the Satisfaction of Order shall terminate any further
obligation of the Discharger and/or the Implementing Party under this Stipulated Order.

**J. FAILURE TO EXPEND ALL SUSPENDED ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY FUNDS ON THE APPROVED ECA**

In the event that the Discharger is not able to demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the Designated Regional Board Representative that the entire ECA Amount pursuant to Paragraph 6 has been spent for the completed ECA, the Discharger shall pay the difference between the ECA Amount and the amount the Discharger can demonstrate was actually spent on the ECA, as an administrative civil liability.

**K. FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE ECA**

If the ECA is not fully implemented within the ECA Completion Period required by this Stipulated Order or there has been a material failure to satisfy an Interim Milestone Deadline and an extension has not been granted by the Regional Board’s Executive Officer pursuant to Paragraph 8.C above, the Designated Regional Board Representative shall issue a Notice of Violation.

As a consequence, the Discharger shall be liable to pay the entire Suspended Liability or, some portion thereof. Alternatively, the Discharger may be compelled to complete the ECA. The Prosecution Team may act as follows:

1. **The Prosecution Team elects for the payment of the Suspended Liability**

   The Discharger may not be entitled to any credit, offset, or reimbursement from the Regional Board for expenditures made on the ECA prior to the date of the “Notice of Violation” by the Regional Board. The amount of the Suspended Liability owed shall be determined via a “Motion for Payment of Suspended Liability” before the Regional Board. In the event that the Discharger is liable for payment of Suspended Liability, the Regional Board will not include that portion of the ECA amount found by the Regional Board to have been expended in a timely manner and in compliance with the description of the ECA in Paragraph 8.A and Interim Milestone Deadlines in Paragraph 8.B above in the amount of the Suspended Liability owed. Upon a determination by the Regional Board of the amount of the Suspended Liability assessed, the amount owed shall be paid to the State Water Pollution Cleanup and Abatement Account within thirty (30) days after the service of the Regional Board’s determination. In addition, the Discharger, in the event it is liable for Suspended Liability, shall be liable of the Regional Board’s reasonable costs of enforcement, including but not limited to legal costs and expert witness fees. Payment of the assessed amount will satisfy the Discharger’s obligation to implement the ECA.

2. **Certification of Performance of Work**

Order No. R4-2016-0316
City of Industry; Follows Camp
Settlement Agreement and Stipulated Administrative Civil Liability Order
The Prosecution Team shall file a Motion to Enforce the ECA before the Regional Board against the Discharger. Upon the identification by the Regional Board of the remaining work of the ECA to be performed, the Discharger agrees that the Regional Board may order the Discharger to perform that work.

3. Claims between the Discharger and its contractor

Any claims for reimbursement, costs (other than the payment by the Discharger of the ECA Amount pursuant to Paragraph 6 above), or disputed between the Discharger and its contractor are outside the scope of this Stipulated Order and should be handled as between the Discharger and the contractor.

L. REGIONAL BOARD IS NOT LIABLE

Neither the Regional Board members nor the Regional Board staff, attorneys, or representatives shall be liable for any injury or damage to person or property resulting from acts or omissions by the Discharger (or the Implementing Party where applicable), its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives or contractors in carrying out activities pursuant to this Stipulation, nor shall the Regional Board, its members or staff be held as parties to or guarantors of any contract entered into by the Discharger, its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives or contractors in carrying out activities pursuant to this Stipulation.

The Discharger and the Implementing Party covenant not to sue or pursue any administrative or civil claim or claims against any State Agency or the State of California, or their officers, employees, representatives, agents, or attorneys arising out of or relating to any matter expressly addressed by the Complaint, this Stipulation or the ECA. This provision does not preclude the Discharger and/or the Implementing Party from opposing a Notice of Violation or Motion brought under Paragraph 8.K.

9. Compliance with Applicable Laws: The Discharger understands that payment of administrative civil liability in accordance with the terms of this Order and/or compliance with the terms of this Order is not a substitute for compliance with applicable laws, and that continuing violations of the type alleged above may subject it to further enforcement, including additional administrative civil liability.

Order No. R4-2016-0316
City of Industry; Follows Camp
Settlement Agreement and Stipulated Administrative Civil Liability Order
10. **Party Contacts for Communications related to this Stipulation and Order:**

**For the Regional Board:**
Hugh Marley, Chief
Compliance and Enforcement Section
Regional Water Quality Control Board,
Los Angeles Region
320 W. 4th Street, Suite 200
Los Angeles, California 90013
(213) 620-6375
hugh.marley@waterboards.ca.gov

**For the Discharger:**
Tracy Egoscue
Egoscue Law Group
3777 Long Beach Boulevard, Suite 280
Long Beach, California 90807
(562) 988-5978
Tracy@egoscuelaw.com

11. **Attorney's Fees and Costs:** Each Party shall bear all attorneys' fees and costs arising from the Party's own counsel in connection with the matters set forth herein.

12. **Matters Covered by this Stipulation:** Upon adoption by the Regional Board, or its delegatee, as an Order, this Stipulation represents a final and binding resolution and settlement of all claims, violations or causes of action alleged above or which could have been asserted based on the specific facts alleged against the Discharger. The provisions of this Paragraph are expressly conditioned on the Discharger's full payment of administrative civil liability by the deadline specified in Paragraph 7 herein.

13. **Public Notice:** The Discharger and the Regional Board Prosecution Team understand that this Stipulation and Order must be noticed for a 30-day public review and comment period prior to consideration by the Regional Board, or its delegatee. In the event objections are raised during the public review and comment period, the Regional Board or its delegatee may, under certain circumstances, require a public hearing regarding the Stipulation and Order. In that event, the Parties agree to meet and confer concerning any such objections, and may agree to revise or adjust the proposed Order as necessary or advisable under the circumstances.

14. **Addressing Objections Raised During Public Comment Period:** The Parties agree that the procedure contemplated for adopting the Order by the Regional Board and review of this Stipulation by the public is lawful and adequate. In the event procedural objections are raised prior to the Order becoming effective, the Parties agree to meet and confer concerning any such objections, and may agree to revise or adjust the procedure as necessary or advisable under the circumstances.

15. **Interpretation:** This Stipulation and Order shall be construed as if the Parties prepared it jointly. Any uncertainty or ambiguity shall not be interpreted against any one Party. The Discharge is represented by counsel in this matter.

16. **Modification:** This Stipulation and Order shall not be modified by any of the Parties by oral representation made before or after its execution. All modifications must be in writing, signed by all Parties, and approved by the Regional Board or its delegatee.

17. **If the Order Does Not Take Effect:** In the event that this Order does not take effect because it is not approved by the Regional Board, or its delegatee, or is vacated in whole or in part by the State Water Board or a court, the Parties acknowledge that they expect to proceed
to a contested evidentiary hearing before the Regional Board to determine whether to assess administrative civil liabilities for the underlying alleged violations, unless the Parties agree otherwise. The Parties agree that all oral and written statements and agreements made during the course of settlement discussions will not be admissible as evidence in the hearing. The Parties agree to waive any and all objections based on settlement communications in this matter, including, but not limited to:

A. Objections related to prejudice or bias of any of the Regional Board members or their advisors and any other objections that are premised in whole or in part on the fact that the Regional Board members or their advisors were exposed to some of the material facts and the Parties' settlement positions as a consequence of reviewing the Stipulation and/or the Order, and therefore may have formed impressions or conclusions prior to any contested evidentiary hearing on the violations alleged in Exhibit A in this matter; or

B. Laches or delay or other equitable defenses based on the time period for administrative or judicial review to the extent this period has been extended by these settlement proceedings.

18. Waiver of Hearing: The Discharger has been informed of the rights provided by Water Code section 13323, subdivision (b), and hereby waives its right to a hearing before the Regional Board prior to the adoption of the Order.

19. Waiver of Right to Petition: The Discharger hereby waives its right to petition the Regional Board's adoption of the Order for review by the State Water Board, and further waives its rights, if any, to appeal the same to a California Superior Court and/or any California appellate level court.

20. The Discharger's Covenant Not to Sue: The Discharger covenants not to sue or pursue any administrative or civil claim(s) against any State Agency or the State of California, their officers, Board Members, employees, representatives, agents, or attorneys arising out of or relating to any matter expressly addressed by this Stipulation and Order.

21. Authority to Bind: Each person executing this Stipulation in a representative capacity represents and warrants that he or she is authorized to execute this Stipulation on behalf of and to bind the entity on whose behalf he or she executes the Stipulation.

22. Counterpart Signatures; Facsimile and Electronic Signature: This Stipulation may be executed and delivered in any number of counterparts, each of which when executed and delivered shall be deemed to be an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute one document. Further, this Stipulation may be executed by facsimile or electronic signature, and any such facsimile or electronic signature by any Party hereto shall be deemed to be an original signature and shall be binding on such Party to the same extent as if such facsimile or electronic signature were an original signature.

23. Effective Date: This Stipulation is effective and binding on the Parties upon the entry of this Order by the Regional Board or its delegate, which incorporates the terms of this Stipulation.
IT IS SO STIPULATED.

California Regional Water Quality Control Board,
Los Angeles Region Prosecution Team

Date: Sept. 21, 2016  By: Paula Rasmussen
Assistant Executive Officer

City of Industry

Date: Oct. 14, 2016  By: Paul J. Phillips
City Manager

Order No. R4-2016-0316
City of Industry; Follows Camp Settlement Agreement and Stipulated Administrative Civil Liability Order
HAVING CONSIDERED THE ALLEGATIONS AND THE PARTIES' STIPULATIONS, THE REGIONAL BOARD, OR ITS DELEGEE, FINDS THAT:

24. The Regional Board incorporates the foregoing Stipulation, set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 23 above, by this reference, as if set forth fully herein.

25. In accepting this Stipulation, the Regional Board has considered, where applicable, each of the factors prescribed in Water Code section 13385, subdivision (e) (see Exhibit 1, incorporated herein by reference). The Regional Board's consideration of these factors is based upon information obtained by the Prosecution Team in investigating the allegations in Paragraphs 1 through 3 and in the Complaint or otherwise provided to the Regional Board. This settlement recovers the costs incurred by the Prosecution Staff in investigating and pursuing enforcement of the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 3 as "other matters as justice may require".

26. This is an action to enforce the laws and regulations administered by the Regional Board. The Regional Board finds that issuance of this Order is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code, sections 21000 et seq.), in accordance with section 15321(a)(2), Title 14, of the California Code of Regulations.

27. The Executive Officer is authorized to refer this matter directly to the Attorney General for enforcement if the Discharger fails to perform any of its obligations under the Order.

Pursuant to Water Code section 13323 and Government Code section 11415.60, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED on behalf of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region.

Samuel Unger, P.E.
Executive Officer

Exhibit 1: ACL Complaint R4-2015-0207
Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board

October 27, 2015

Mr. Paul Philips
City Manager, City of Industry
15625 E. Stafford Street
Industry, California 91744

ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY COMPLAINT NO. R4-2015-0207, CITY OF INDUSTRY, FOLLOWS CAMP; AZUSA, CALIFORNIA

Dear Mr. Phillips,

Enclosed is Complaint No. R4-2015-0207 (Complaint) issued pursuant to California Water Code (Water Code) section 13323 in the amount of $5,758,791.57 in administrative civil liability against the City of Industry (City or Discharger). The Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Board) Prosecution Team alleges that the City violated Section 301 of the Clean Water Act and Water Code section 13376 for its unauthorized discharges of dredge and/or fill material in the Eastern Fork of the San Gabriel River resulting from unpermitted grading activities in waters of the United States in 2012. Also enclosed is a copy of the Regional Board “Hearing Procedures for Administrative Civil Liability Complaint No. R4-2015-0207” (Hearing Procedures) and the Administrative Civil Liability Fact Sheet. The Discharger may waive its right to a hearing and pay the administrative civil liability as indicated on the attached “Waiver Form for Administrative Civil Liability Complaint No. R4-2015-0207.”

Unless waived, a hearing before a Regional Board Hearing Panel will be held on this Complaint on January 25, 2016. Should the Permittee choose to waive its right to a hearing, an authorized agent must sign the waiver form attached to Complaint No. R4-2015-0207 and return it with full payment of the proposed administrative civil liability to the Regional Board by 5:00 pm on November 30, 2015. If we do not receive the waiver and full payment of the proposed administrative civil liability by November 30, 2015 this matter will be heard before the Regional Board Hearing Panel.

This hearing will be governed by the attached Hearing Procedures which have been approved by the Regional Board’s Executive Officer for use in adjudicating matters such as this one. Any objections to the Hearing Procedures must be received by Frances McChesney, whose contact information is listed in the Hearing Procedures, by 5 p.m. on November 9, 2015.

An agenda containing the date, time, location and specific procedures of the hearing will be mailed to you prior to the hearing date.

If the Discharger chooses to sign the waiver and pay the proposed administrative civil liability, this will be considered a tentative settlement of the violations. The settlement will be considered final pending a 30-day public comment period, starting from the date this Complaint is issued. Interested parties may comment on the proposed action during this period by submitting written comments to the Regional Board staff person listed below. Should the Regional Board receive
new information or comments during this comment period, the Assistant Executive Officer may withdraw the Complaint, return payment, and issue a new complaint. If the Regional Board does not hold a hearing on the matter, and if the terms of the final settlement are not significantly different from those proposed in the enclosed Complaint, then there will not be additional opportunities for public comment on the proposed settlement.

Should you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Dr. L.B. Nye at (213) 576-6785 // lb.nye@waterboards.ca.gov or Mr. Hugh Marley at (213) 620-6375 // hugh.marley@waterboards.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

Paula Rasmusen
Assistant Executive Officer

Enclosures: Complaint No. R4-2015-0207
Waiver Form
Attachment A
Hearing Procedures
ACL Fact Sheet

cc: [via e-mail only]
Ms. Frances McChesney, Office of Chief Counsel, State Water Resources Control Board
Mr. David Boyers, Office of Enforcement, State Water Resources Control Board
Ms. Mayumi Okamoto, Office of Enforcement, State Water Resources Control Board
Mr. Jamie Casso, Counsel to the City of Industry jcasso@cassosparks.com
Ms. Jacqueline Taylor, Bureau of Environmental Protection, Los Angeles County
Department of Public Health [jactaylor@ph.lacounty.gov]
Ms. Claire Trombadore, Enforcement Division, USEPA [trombadore.claire@epa.gov]
Ms. Alix Hobbs, Heal the Bay [ahobbs@healthbay.org]
Ms. Rachel Stich, Los Angeles Water Keeper [lawaterkeeper.org]
Mr. Seamus Ian Innes, Long Beach Chapter, Surfrider Foundation [chair@lbsurfrider.org]
This Complaint is issued to the City of Industry (hereafter the City or Discharger) pursuant to California Water Code (Water Code) 13385, which authorizes the imposition of Administrative Civil Liability, and Water Code section 13323, which authorizes the Executive Officer to issue this Complaint and Water Code Division 7, which authorizes the delegation of the Executive Officer’s authority to a deputy, in this case, the Assistant Executive Officer. This Complaint is based on evidence that the City violated provisions of the Water Code and the Clean Water Act when it engaged in unpermitted discharges of dredged and fill material within the San Gabriel River at Follows Camp.

The Assistant Executive Officer of the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Board) alleges the following:

Background

1. In October 2011, the City of Industry purchased property known as “Follows Camp” located on the Eastern Fork of the San Gabriel River in Azusa, California (referred to as the site). Specifically, the City is the property owner of Los Angeles County Assessor Parcel Numbers 8678-005-271 (referred to as the Railroad Car Bridge) and 8678-006-273 (referred to as the Arizona Crossing) where unpermitted activities alleged herein took place.

2. On June 14, 2012, Warden Lawrence Stephens of the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) conducted a site inspection at Follows Camp in response to an electronic mail notification sent from DFW biologist John O’Brien regarding turbidity in the East Fork of the San Gabriel River. Warden Stephens observed recent disturbances of the San Gabriel River channel, including its bed and banks, during the site inspection at the Railroad Car Bridge, located at 34° 14’ 10.78” N, 117° 48’ 33.83” W. Photographs indicate heavy mechanical equipment with bulldozer tracks entered into the river channel and moved earthen material to construct a dirt road along the bank of the river directly south of East Fork Road. During the June 14, 2014 site inspection, Warden Stephens encountered an individual named Mark Radecki who was moving dirt with heavy mechanical equipment in the vicinity of the Railroad Car Bridge. Mr. Radecki stated he worked for the City.
3. On June 17, 2012, Warden Stephens conducted a second site inspection at Follows Camp at the Arizona Crossing and noted that additional work in the East Fork of the San Gabriel River had taken place at an approximate location of 34° 14’ 0.37” N, 117° 48’ 10.0” W. It should be noted, and will be explained further in Attachment A to this Complaint, that the East Fork of the San Gabriel River is designated as “critical habitat” for the federally threatened Santa Ana sucker.

4. On June 21, 2012, Warden Stephens met with CNC Engineering Consultant and former City employee, Jack Foye. Mr. Foye confirmed that the City purchased the Follows Camp property in October 2011. He stated he acted as a liaison between the City and other agencies and that the work in the river was to counteract high water flow during floods in order to reduce erosion and to complete some basic bridge repair.

5. Regional Board staff, in a joint site inspection with DFW, visited the site on August 13, 2012 to observe the site conditions and determine if activities at the site complied with Regional Board regulatory requirements. City consultants including Ms. Alissa Cope (Sage Environmental), Mr. Dale Masi (CNC Engineering), and Mr. Michael Kolbenschlag (AEI CASC Consulting) joined staff and Warden Stephens during the site inspection. At the Railroad Car Bridge, staff noted that grading occurred and fill discharges took place approximately 1,000 linear feet along both banks of the San Gabriel River creating levees approximately eight to ten feet high below the ordinary high water mark. Site inspection participants noted that the City wanted to protect the banks upstream of the bridge by constructing the levees and flattening and widening the river bed. At the Arizona Crossing, Regional Board staff again observed gravel and earthen levees approximately five to seven feet high constructed within the banks of the San Gabriel River approximately 1,000 linear feet upstream of the Arizona Crossing. The riverbed appeared enlarged and flattened by grading in several areas. At the eastern-most section of the graded area, the terminus of the grading within the ordinary high water mark of the river was distinguished by the immediate appearance of natural meanders, riffle-pools, and step pools located upstream.

6. Regional Board staff confirmed that the City failed to obtain the required A) dredge and fill permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers, B) Clean Water Act section 401 water quality certification from the Regional Board, and C) Streambed Alteration Agreement from the DFW.

7. As a result of the observations made on the August 13, 2012 site inspection, the Regional Board issued the City Investigative Order No. R4-2012-0169 (Investigative Order) on December 19, 2012, requiring the City to submit a technical report addressing specific issues related to the unpermitted activities at Follows Camp observed by Regional Board and DFW staff.
EXHIBIT 1
Administrative Civil Liability Complaint
R4-2015-0207
City of Industry, Follows Camp

8. City Manager, Kevin Radecki, responded to the Investigative Order in a document dated April 4, 2012. The response indicates that maintenance and flood control were impetus for the activities observed in the San Gabriel River, specifically, "In May 2012, the City performed maintenance within the riverbed to ensure flows would utilize the Railroad Car Bridge and the Arizona Crossing during the 2012-13 rainy season." The City's response to the Investigative Order included calculations by the City's consultant, CNC Engineering, on the total volume of material graded or discharged and approximate number of acres disturbed by the unpermitted activities. Mr. Radecki stated that the City of Industry, CNC Engineering, and Municipal Maintenance were responsible for the project activities at Follows Camp.

Special Interrogatories

9. On December 1, 2014, the State Water Resources Control Board's (State Water Board) Office of Enforcement propounded Special Interrogatories (interrogatories) to the City seeking pertinent information related to the investigations of the unpermitted activities at Follows Camp. In response, the City lodged several general objections to the interrogatories, including an objection to the use of the term "project" stating that the term connotes approval by a legislative body, whereas construction activities that occurred in May 2012 at the City's Follows Camp property were not approved by the City Council or City Manager. The City further responded that the agendas and minutes for the City Council meetings between September 2011 and June 2012 lack any reference to construction activities at Follows Camp further supporting the City's contention that neither the City Council nor the City Manager approved the construction. The City maintains that the former City Mayor, David Perez, was responsible for the construction activities and that Mr. Perez acted alone, without the authorization, consent, or direction of the full five-member City Council.

Agency Theory of Liability

10. In its response to the interrogatories, the City attempts to shirk responsibility for the unpermitted activities at Follows Camp by stating that Mr. Perez acted outside of the scope of his authority in overseeing the project while he held the position of City Mayor.

11. The City first entered into a Contract for General Maintenance and Miscellaneous Services with Zerep Management Corporation (Zerep) on September 25, 1980. This contract was subsequently renewed in 1981, 1982, and was last amended in 2001 extending the contract to 2025. Under this contract, Zerep provided special services only when specifically requested by the City Manager or City Engineer.

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1 The date on the City's response states "April 4, 2012" however the response was received by the Regional Board on April 10, 2013.
2 Municipal Maintenance, one of the City's contractors identified by City Manager Kevin Radecki in the City's April 4, 2013 response to the Regional Board's Investigative Order, is a subsidiary of Zerep Management Corporation, which is owned and operated by former Mayor David Perez.
3 The City terminated this contract on September 2, 2014.
EXHIBIT 1

Administrative Civil Liability Complaint
R4-2015-0207
City of Industry, Follows Camp

12. The Prosecution Team maintains that the City remains liable for the actions of Mr. Perez based on the parties’ agency relationship whereby the actions of the agent, Mr. Perez, make the City, the principal, liable for injuries proximately caused by Mr. Perez’s actions within the scope of his authority. An agent represents his principal for all purposes within the scope of his actual or ostensible authority and all rights and liabilities that accrue to the agent, accrue to the principal. (Cal. Civ. Code, § 2330.) The Charter of the City of Industry and the City’s Municipal Code and ordinances vest broad authority in the mayor to act on behalf of the City and the Prosecution Team asserts that the actions of Mr. Perez in relation to the unpermitted activities at Follows Camp were within the scope of his recognized authority as City Mayor.

13. The Prosecution Team maintains that the actions of Mr. Perez, in relation to the unpermitted activities at Follows Camp, were not ultra vires and did, in fact, constitute an official action of the City under the agency theory of liability. Under the ultra vires doctrine, when an officer’s powers are limited by statute, his actions beyond those limitations are considered individual and not sovereign actions. In this context, a principal is not responsible for wrongs committed by an agent outside the scope of their authority unless they authorized or ratified the action.

14. If the actions of Mr. Perez, in relation to the unpermitted activities at Follows Camp, are determined to be ultra vires, the Prosecution Team maintains that the City remains responsible for those acts through ratification. The City has a long history of ratifying Mr. Perez’s behavior and consistently paid $714,799 in invoices from Zerep for work at Follows Camp over the course of three years; in 2012, the year the unpermitted work was conducted and it continued to pay invoices in 2013 and 2014.

Alleged Violations

15. Section 301 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. §1311) and Water Code Section 13376 prohibit the discharge of pollutants to surface water except in compliance with a permit for dredged and fill material.

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4 California Government Code section 34903 states, "The mayor is a member of the city council and has all of the powers and duties of a member of the city council.

5 See City of Industry Charter, article III, section 304, "All powers of the City shall be vested in the Council except as provided in this Charter." See also City of Industry Charter, article VII, section 700, "The Council may contract with and employ any persons for the furnishing to the City of special services.


7 Cal. Civ. Code, § 2339; Dunlap v. Dean (3d Dist. 1930) 109 Cal. App. 300 (Payment by the principal of bill’s for merchandise purchased by agents rendered signified authority on the part of the agent to make purchases); C.R. v. Tenet Healthcare Corp. (2009) 169 Cal. App. 4th 1094 (the failure to discharge an agent or employee who has committed unauthorized misconduct may be evidence of ratification, thus supporting holding the principal or employer liable for the originally unauthorized tort); Freeland v. County of Humboldt (1d Dist. 1999) 69 Cal. App. 4th. 1478 (agent’s act may be adopted by implication based on conduct of the principal from which an intention to consent may be inferred, including conduct which is inconsistent with any reasonable intention on his part other than that he intended approving and adopting it).
16. The Prosecution Team alleges that the Discharger violated Section 301 of the Clean Water Act and Water Code section 13376 for a period of 5 days for grading in waters of the United States and discharging dredge and fill material without a permit or Clean Water Act section 401 water quality certification; 3 active work days from May 7, 2012 through May 9, 2012 for the unpermitted work at the Railroad Car Bridge and 2 active work days, from May 10, 2012 to May 11, 2012 for the unpermitted work associated with the Arizona Crossing. The unauthorized activity resulted in the discharge of approximately 880,607 gallons (or 4,360 cubic yards) of river cobbles and sediment to waters of the United States resulting from grading 2.38 acres of river bed.

Calculation of Penalties Under Water Code Section 13385

17. Water Code section 13385 states, in relevant part:

(a) Any person who violates any of the following shall be liable civilly in accordance with this section:

(2) A waste discharge requirement … issued pursuant to this chapter... (5) Any requirements of Section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, 401, or 405 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

18. Water Code section 13385 states, in relevant part:

(c) Civil liability may be imposed administratively by the state board or a regional board pursuant to Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 13323) of Chapter 5 in an amount not to exceed the sum of both of the following:

(1) Ten thousand dollars ($10,000) for each day in which the violation occurs.

(2) Where there is a discharge, any portion of which is not susceptible to cleanup or is not cleaned up, and the volume discharged but not cleaned up exceeds 1,000 gallons, an additional liability not to exceed ten dollars ($10) multiplied by the number of gallons by which the volume discharged but not cleaned up exceeds 1,000 gallons.

(e) ...At a minimum, liability shall be assessed at a level that recovers the economic benefits, if any, derived from the acts that constitute the violation.

19. Pursuant to Water Code section 13385 subdivision (c), the maximum administrative civil liability amount, including a per gallon assessment, for the alleged violation of Section 301 of the Clean Water Act and Water Code section 13376 is $8,846,070. The minimum amount of administrative civil liability pursuant to Water Code section 13385 subdivision (e) and the State Water Board’s Water Quality Enforcement Policy (Enforcement Policy) equates to an amount that recovers the economic benefits, if any, derived from the acts that constitute the violation. The violations of the Clean Water Act were due to the failure
EXHIBIT 1

Administrative Civil Liability Complaint
R4-2015-0207
City of Industry, Follows Camp

to obtain the appropriate permits and state water quality certification. The Prosecution Team estimates the cost-savings experienced by avoiding fees based on California Code of Regulations, Title 23, section 2200(a)(3) for 1,220 linear feet of impacts and 2.41 acres (2.36 acres of river bed + 0.05 acres of access road) was approximately $12,461.

Proposed Administrative Civil Liability

20. Pursuant to Water Code section 13385(e), in determining the amount of any civil liability imposed under Water Code section 13385(c), the Board is required to take into account the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violations, whether the discharges are susceptible to cleanup or abatement, the degree of toxicity of the discharges, and, with respect to the violator, the ability to pay, the effect on its ability to continue its business, any voluntary cleanup efforts undertaken, any prior history of violations, the degree of culpability, economic benefit or savings, if any, resulting from the violations, and other matters that justice may require.

21. On 17 November 2010, the State Water Board adopted Resolution No. 2009-0083 amending the Enforcement Policy. The Enforcement Policy was approved by the Office of Administrative Law and became effective on 20 May 2010. The Enforcement Policy establishes a methodology for assessing administrative civil liability. The use of this methodology addresses the factors that are required to be considered when imposing a civil liability as outlined in Water Code section 13385(e).

22. This administrative civil liability was derived from the use of the penalty methodology in the Enforcement Policy, as explained in detail in Attachment A. The proposed civil liability takes into account such factors as the City’s culpability, history of violations, ability to pay and continue in business, and other factors as justice may require.

23. As described above, the maximum penalty for the violations is $8,846,070. The Enforcement Policy requires that the minimum liability imposed be at least 10% higher that the estimated economic benefit of $12,461, so that liabilities are not construed as the cost of doing business and that the assessed liability provides a meaningful deterrent to future violations. In this case, the economic benefit amount, plus 10%, is $13,707.10. Based on consideration of the above facts and after applying the penalty methodology and allowing for staff costs pursuant to the Enforcement Policy, the Assistant Executive Officer of the Regional Board proposes that civil liability be imposed administratively on the City in the amount of $5,758,791.57. The specific factors considered in this penalty are detailed in Attachment A.
EXHIBIT 1

Administrative Civil Liability Complaint
R4-2015-0207
City of Industry, Follows Camp

Regulatory Considerations

24. Notwithstanding the issuance of this Complaint, the Regional Board retains the authority to assess additional penalties for unpermitted discharge violations which have not yet been assessed or for violations that may subsequently occur.

25. An administrative civil liability may be imposed pursuant to the procedures described in Water Code section 13323. An administrative civil liability complaint alleges the act or failure to act that constitutes a violation of law, the provision of law authorizing administrative civil liability to be imposed, and the proposed administrative civil liability.

26. Issuance of this Administrative Civil Liability Complaint to enforce Water Code Division 7, Chapter 5.5 is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (Pub. Resources Code § 21000 et seq.), in accordance with California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15321(a)(2).

THE CITY IS HEREBY GIVEN NOTICE THAT:

1. The Assistant Executive Officer of the Regional Board proposes an administrative civil liability in the amount of five million seven hundred fifty eight thousand seven hundred ninety one dollars and fifty seven cents ($5,758,791.57). The amount of the proposed liability is based upon a review of the factors cited in Water Code section 13385, as well as the State Water Resources Control Board's 2010 Water Quality Enforcement Policy, and includes consideration of the economic benefit or savings resulting from the violations.

2. A hearing on this matter will be conducted by a Hearing Panel of the Regional Board at a hearing scheduled on January 25, 2016, unless the City waives the hearing by completing the attached Waiver Form and returning it to the Regional Board, along with payment for the proposed civil liability of five million seven hundred fifty eight thousand seven hundred ninety one dollars and fifty seven cents ($5,758,791.57) by November 30, 2015.

3. If a hearing is held, the Hearing Panel of the Regional Board will hear testimony and arguments and make a Hearing Panel recommendation to affirm, reject, or modify the proposed Administrative Civil Liability, or whether to refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of judicial civil liability.

Paula Rasmussen
Assistant Executive Officer

Waiver Form
Attachment A: 10-Step Penalty Calculation Methodology
EXHIBIT 1

Administrative Civil Liability Complaint
R4-2015-0207
City of Industry, Follows Camp

WAIVER FORM

FOR ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY COMPLAINT NO. R4-2015-0207

By signing this waiver, I affirm and acknowledge the following:

I am duly authorized to represent the City of Industry (hereinafter “City” or “Discharger”) in connection with Administrative Civil Liability Complaint No. R4-2015-0207 (hereinafter the “Complaint”). I am informed that California Water Code section 13323, subdivision (b), states that, “a hearing before the regional board shall be conducted within 90 days after the party has been served [with the complaint]. The person who has been issued a complaint may waive the right to a hearing.”

☐ Check here if the City waives the hearing requirement and will pay the recommended liability.

a. I hereby waive any right the Permittee may have to a hearing before the Regional Board.

b. I certify that the Permittee will remit payment for the civil liability imposed in the amount of $5,758,791.57 by check that references “ACL Complaint No. R4-2015-0207” made payable to the “State Water Pollution Cleanup and Abatement Account”. Payment must be received by the Regional Board by November 30, 2015 or this matter will be placed on the agenda for a hearing as initially proposed in the Complaint.

c. I understand the payment of the above amount constitutes a proposed settlement of the Complaint, and that any settlement will not become final until after the 30-day public notice and comment period expires. Should the Regional Board receive significant new information or comments from any source (excluding the Regional Board’s Prosecution Team) during this comment period, the Regional Board’s Chief Prosecutor may withdraw the complaint, return payment and issue a new complaint. I understand that this proposed settlement is subject to approval by the Regional Board, and that the Regional Board may consider this proposed settlement in a public meeting or hearing. I also understand that approval of the settlement will result in the Permittee having waived the right to contest the allegations in the Complaint and the imposition of civil liability.

d. I understand that payment of the above amount is not a substitute for compliance with applicable laws and that continuing violations of the type alleged in the Complaint may subject the Permittee to further enforcement, including additional civil liability.

(Signed Name) (Date)

(Printed or typed name) (Title)
10-STEP PENALTY CALCULATION METHODOLOGY

The State Water Board’s Water Quality Enforcement Policy (Enforcement Policy) establishes a methodology for determining administrative civil liability by addressing the factors that are required to be considered under California Water Code (Water Code) section 13385(e). Each factor of the nine-step approach is discussed below, as is the basis for assessing the corresponding score. The Enforcement Policy can be found at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/enforcement/docs/enf_policy_final111709.pdf.

Summary of alleged violation: Unauthorized discharge of dredge and fill material to waters of the United States
Discharging dredge and fill material to waters of the United States without a permit under Clean Water Act section 404 and without obtaining state water quality certification pursuant to Clean Water Act section 401 constitutes a violation of Clean Water Act section 301. Violations of Clean Water Act section 301 subject the City to administrative civil liability pursuant to Water Code section 13385 subdivision (a)(5).

Step 1 - Potential for Harm for Discharge Violations
The “potential harm to beneficial uses” factor considers the harm to beneficial uses that may result from exposure to the pollutants in the discharge, while evaluating the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation(s). A three-factor scoring system is used for each violation or group of violations: (1) the potential to harm to beneficial uses; (2) the degree of toxicity of the discharge; and (3) whether the discharge is susceptible to cleanup or abatement.

Factor 1: Harm or Potential Harm to Beneficial Uses (The beneficial uses of San Gabriel River):
A score between 0 and 5 is assigned based on a determination of whether the harm or potential for harm to beneficial uses is negligible (0) to major (5). In this case, the potential harm to beneficial uses was determined to be Major (i.e., a score of 5), which is defined as a "high threat to beneficial uses (i.e., significant impacts to aquatic life or human health, long term restrictions on beneficial uses (e.g., more than five days), high potential for chronic effects to human or ecological health)."

The City graded approximately 2.36 acres of riverbed using heavy machinery including 1) activities at the Railroad Car Bridge where berms extended approximately 260 linear feet downstream of the bridge to create a 45-foot wide channel bottom by relocating river cobble in this area; 2) activities upstream of the Railroad Car Bridge where berms extended approximately 360 linear feet upstream of the bridge to create a 45-foot wide channel bottom at the bridge expanding to a 110 foot wide channel bottom in this area; and 3) activities upstream of the Arizona Crossing where the riverbed was narrowed from an active 120-foot wide channel to a 30-foot wide channel for low flows by creating a 300-foot long southern berm extending upstream and a 600-foot long northern berm extending upstream. Activities at the Railroad Car Bridge resulted in gravel river cobble levees approximately eight to ten feet high on both sides of the San Gabriel River and flattening and widening of the river bed in this area. Activities at the Arizona Crossing resulted in gravel levees approximately five to seven feet high constructed approximately 1,000 feet upstream on both sides and clearly within the banks of the San Gabriel River.

In total, the City discharged approximately 4,360 cubic yards or 880,607 gallons of dredge and
fill material, including river cobbles and sediment, to the East Fork of the San Gabriel River while engaging in these unauthorized dredge and fill activities within waters of the United States.

The Water Quality Control Plan for the Los Angeles Region (Basin Plan) is designed to preserve and enhance water quality and protect the beneficial uses of all surface and ground waters in the Los Angeles Region. The Basin Plan includes the following beneficial uses for the East Fork of the San Gabriel River (405.43):

1) Municipal and Domestic Supply (MUN)
2) Ground Water Recharge (GWR)
3) Water Contact Recreation (REC-1)
4) Non-Contact Water Recreation (REC-2)
5) Warm Freshwater Habitat (WARM)
6) Cold Freshwater Habitat (COLD)
7) Wildlife Habitat (WILD)
8) Rare, Threatened, or Endangered Species (RARE)
9) Spawning, Reproduction, and/or Early Development (SPWN)
10) Wetland Habitat (WET)

Three native species of fish occupy the East Fork of the San Gabriel River: the Santa Ana speckled dace, designated by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) as a Species of Special Concern; the Arroyo chub, designated by the Department as a Species of Special Concern; and the Santa Ana sucker, designated by the Department as a Species of Special Concern and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service as a threatened species. In 2011, the Department published a study titled “Status of fishes in the Upper San Gabriel River Basin, Los Angeles County, California” (Department’s 2011 study) which studied the distribution and relative abundance of fishes in the Upper San Gabriel River during the spring and summer of 2007 and 2008.¹ The Upper San Gabriel River populations of these species represent some of the last remaining populations in the Los Angeles Region.

The East Fork of the San Gabriel River is designated as critical habitat for the federally threatened Santa Ana sucker. The Santa Ana sucker favors cool (<22 degrees Celsius), clear, flowing water where gravel, rubble, and boulder substrates are present. Spawning typically occurs from mid-March until early June in riffle habitats possessing gravel substrates. The grading project took place from May 5, 2012 through May 11, 2012, during the typical spawning period of the Santa Ana sucker. Sufficiently high turbidity may harm suckers and other fish by causing reduction in feeding, reducing resistance to disease, lowering growth rates, and affecting egg and larval development. Grading the riverbed flattens the riffles and removes a combination of gravel and rubble boulders used by the Santa Ana sucker as part of their spawning habitat.² The Department’s 2011 study indicated that the Santa Ana sucker were detected in riffles, runs, and pools, including deep (>2 meter) pools where they were often abundant.² The extensive area graded resulted in the removal of habitat, altered substrate, and potentially increased turbidity in the East Fork of the San Gabriel River. For the foregoing reasons, the threat to beneficial uses was high resulting in significant impacts to aquatic habitat and long term restrictions on beneficial uses lasting more than 5 days.

² Id.
Factor 2: The Physical, Chemical, Biological, or Thermal Characteristics of the Discharge
A score between 0 and 4 is assigned based on a determination of the risk or threat of the discharged material to potential receptors. In this case, a score of 2 was assigned. A score of 2 means the chemical and/or physical characteristics of the "discharged material pose a moderate risk or threat to potential receptors (i.e., the chemical and/or physical characteristics of the discharged material have some level of toxicity or pose a moderate level of concern regarding receptor protection)". Discharges of sediment can cloud the receiving water (which reduces the amount of sunlight reaching aquatic plants), clog fish gills, smother aquatic habitat and spawning areas, and impede navigation. The grading operation and vegetation removal exposed, loosened, and mobilized sediment, including 880,607 gallons of river cobbles and sediment, creating a discharge which could or did at a minimum result in a moderate risk to increased turbidity, reduced light, reduced clarity and increased temperature in the stream flow. Sediment can also transport other materials such as nutrients, metals, and oils and grease, which can also negatively impact aquatic life and aquatic habitat. Therefore, a score of 2 is appropriate.

Factor 3: Susceptibility to Cleanup or Abatement
A score of 0 is assigned for this factor if 50% or more of the discharge is susceptible to cleanup or abatement. A score of 1 is assigned if less than 50% of the discharge is susceptible to cleanup or abatement. This factor is evaluated regardless of whether the discharge was actually cleaned up or abated by the discharger. More than 50% of the discharge could have been cleaned up or abated; therefore a factor of 0 is assigned.

Final Score - "Potential for Harm"
The scores of the three factors are added to provide a Potential for Harm score for each violation or group of violations. In this case, a final score of 7 was calculated. The total score of 7 is then used in Step 2 below.

Step 2 - Assessment for Discharge Violations
This step addresses penalties based on both a per-gallon and a per-day basis.

Per Gallon Assessments for Discharge Violations
When there is a discharge, the Regional Board is to determine the initial liability amount on a per gallon basis using the same Potential Harm score from Step 1 and the Extent of Deviation from Requirements of the violation. The Potential for Harm score from Step 1 is 7 and the extent of Deviation from Requirements is considered Major because the requirement was rendered ineffective based on the failure to obtain the appropriate dredge and fill permit and state water quality certification resulting in an unauthorized discharge of 880,607 gallons (or 4,360 cubic yards) of river cobbles and sediment to waters of the United States resulting from grading 2.38 acres of river bed. Table 1 of the Enforcement Policy (p. 14) is used to determine a "per gallon factor" based on the total score from Step 1 and the level of Deviation from Requirement. For this particular case, the factor is 0.31. This value is multiplied by the volume of discharge and the per gallon civil liability, as described below. The maximum civil liability allowed under Water Code section 13385 is $10 per gallon discharged.

3 The "Deviation from Requirement" reflects the extent to which the violation deviates from the specific requirement. In this case, the requirement (i.e. Clean Water Act sections 404 and 401) was to obtain the appropriate dredge and fill permit and associated state water quality certification prior to the initiation of the project activities in the East Fork of the San Gabriel River.
EXHIBIT 1
ATTACHMENT A to ACL Complaint No. R4-2015-0207

Per Day Assessments for Discharge Violations

When there is a discharge, the Regional Board is to determine the initial liability amount on a per day basis using the same Potential Harm score from Step 1 and the Extent of Deviation from Requirements used in the per-gallon analysis. The Potential for Harm score from Step 1 is 7 and the Extent of Deviation from Requirements is considered to be Major. Therefore the "per day" factor is 0.31 (as determined from Table 2 in the Enforcement Policy). The Per Day Assessment is calculated as (0.31) x (number of days) x $10,000 per day. For this matter, the number of days of violation totals 5 days; 3 active work days, from May 7, 2012 through May 9, 2012, for the work associated with the Railroad Car Bridge and 2 active work days, from May 10, 2012 to May 11, 2012, for the work associated with the Arizona Crossing.

Step 3 – Per Day Assessments for Non-Discharge Violations

This factor does not apply because the violations are related to the discharge of waste and the liability was determined in Step 2.

Step 4 – Adjustment Factors

There are three additional factors to be considered for modification of the amount of initial liability: the violator’s culpability, efforts to clean up or cooperate with regulatory authority, and the violator's compliance history.

Culpability

Higher liabilities should result from intentional or negligent violations as opposed to accidental violations. A multiplier between 0.5 and 1.5 is to be used, with a higher multiplier for negligent behavior. The Discharger was given a multiplier value of 1.4 because the City commenced work without obtaining the appropriate dredge and fill permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers and without obtaining state water quality certification from the Regional Board despite being made aware that such projects require permitting from State agencies. Specifically, in January 2011, the Department informed the City about the requirement to...
provide written notification to the Department prior to commencing activities that substantially change or use any material from the bed, channel, or bank of any river, stream, or lake. This specific reference pertains to the City’s work in a separate watershed known as Tonner Canyon Creek. Furthermore, the City instituted these activities during the typical spawning period of the Santa Ana sucker. There is no indication in the record that these activities were required to be done during this time period to, for example, respond to an emergency condition or abate an immediate public safety issue. These failures resulted in an unauthorized discharge of waste to waters of the United States, violations which could have been avoided had the City taken the appropriate steps and made reasonable inquiries regarding these requirements. The City did not anticipate what a reasonable person would have and did not take the appropriate action to avoid the violations.

Cleanup and Cooperation
The Discharger met with Regional Board staff in the field August 13, 2012 to discuss the grading violations but there has been no further contact on this matter. While the City may have a need for a long-term river channel and crossing maintenance plan, no plan has been shared with the Regional Board nor any application for Section 401 certification submitted for continued maintenance of the area. Therefore, a factor of 1.5 was selected.

History of Violations
The City does not have a history of similar violations for unauthorized discharges of waste to waters of the United States resulting from the failure to obtain the appropriate dredge and fill permit and associated state water quality certification. Therefore, Staff selected a neutral factor of 1, which is below the minimum multiplier where there is a history of violations.

Step 5 – Determination of Total Base Liability Amount
The Total Base Liability is determined by applying the adjustment factors from Step 4 to the Adjusted Initial Liability Amount determined in Step 2. After considering the Adjustment Factors, Staff calculated the Total Base Liability Amount as $5,758,791.57.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Total Base Liability Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initial Liability x Culpability Multiplier x Cleanup and Cooperation Multiplier x History of Violations Multiplier = Total Base Liability</td>
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Per Day Liability:

Total base liability ($2,742,281.70) x C (1.4) x C&C (1.5) x HOV (1) = $5,758,791.57
Total Base Liability = $5,758,791.57

Step 6 – Ability to Pay and Ability to Continue in Business

a) Total Base Liability: $5,758,791.57

b) Discussion: The ability to pay and to continue in business must be considered when assessing administrative civil liabilities. As of 2014, the City has a population of approximately 208 residents, as estimated by the U.S. Census Bureau. At the end of Fiscal Year, 2014, the General Fund which is the operating fund of the City, had a total
fund balance of $237.5 million. This amount represents a $3.9 million increase from the previous fiscal year. Based on the above, the City has the ability to pay the proposed liability amount; therefore, the Total Base Liability Amount was not adjusted for the City's ability to pay.

**Step 7 – Other Factors as Justice May Require**

a) **Total Base Liability:** $5,758,791.57 + 0 (staff costs) = $5,758,791.57  

b) **Discussion:** The costs of investigation and enforcement are "other factor as justice may require" and may be considered by the Board as an increase to the Total Base Liability Amount in a manner that serves as a sufficient general and specific deterrent against future violations. Staff costs incurred by the Regional Board to date are $7,500. This represents approximately 50 hours of staff time devoted to investigating and drafting the complaint at $150 an hour. The Prosecution Team, in its discretion, has decided not to increase the Total Base Liability Amount by $7500 as it asserts that the final proposed liability amount of 5,758,791.57 creates a sufficient general and specific deterrent against future violation of this type.

**Step 8 – Economic Benefit**

a) **Total Estimated Economic Benefit:** $12,461  

b) **Discussion:** Pursuant to Water Code section 13385(e), civil liability, at a minimum, must be assessed at a level that recovers the economic benefits, if any, derived from the acts that constitute the violation. The violations of the Clean Water Act were due to the failure to obtain the appropriate permits and state water quality certification. Staff estimates the cost-savings experienced by avoiding fees based on California Code of Regulations, Title 23, section 2200(a)(3) for 1,220 linear feet of impacts and 2.41 acres (2.36 acres of river bed + 0.05 acres of access road) was $12,461.

**Step 9 – Maximum and Minimum Liability Amounts**

a) **Minimum Liability Amount:** Economic Benefit + 10% or $13,707.  

   **Discussion:** The Enforcement Policy requires that the minimum liability amount imposed not be below the economic benefit plus ten percent. As discussed above, the Staff estimate of the City's economic benefit obtained from the alleged violation is $12,461. Therefore the minimum liability amount pursuant to the Enforcement Policy is $13,707.

b) **Maximum Liability Amount:** $8,846,070  

   **Discussion:** The maximum administrative liability amount is the maximum amount allowed by Water Code 13385. The City could be assessed up to $8,846,070 in administrative civil liabilities for the alleged violation.

**Step 10 – Final Liability Amount**
In accordance with the above methodology, Staff recommends a Final Liability Amount $5,758,791.57. Staff has determined that this Final Liability Amount is within the statutory minimum and maximum amounts.
EXHIBIT 1
California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region

HEARING PROCEDURES
FOR ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY COMPLAINT
NO. R4-2015-0207

ISSUED TO
THE CITY OF INDUSTRY
FOLLOWS CAMP

SCHEDULED FOR JANUARY 25, 2016

PLEASE READ THESE HEARING PROCEDURES CAREFULLY. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE DEADLINES AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN MAY RESULT IN THE EXCLUSION OF YOUR DOCUMENTS AND/OR TESTIMONY.

Overview

Pursuant to Water Code section 13323, the Assistant Executive Officer of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region ("Regional Board") has issued an Administrative Civil Liability (ACL) Complaint to the City of Industry (hereafter Discharger), alleging violations of the Clean Water Act section 301 and Water Code section 13376 for grading in waters of the United States and discharging dredge and fill material without a permit or Clean Water Act section 401 water quality certification. Regional Board staff, represented by the Regional Board Staff Prosecution Team ("Prosecution Team") propose in the ACL Complaint that the Regional Board impose administrative civil liability on the Discharger in the amount of $5,758,791.57.

A hearing on this matter is currently scheduled to be conducted before a Hearing Panel on January 25, 2016. Pursuant to Water Code section 13228.14, a Hearing Panel consisting of three or more members of the Regional Board will convene a hearing to consider relevant evidence and testimony regarding the ACL Complaint. At the hearing, the Hearing Panel will hear evidence, determine facts, make conclusions of law and propose a recommendation to the Regional Board about resolution of the ACL Complaint. The Hearing Panel may recommend that the Regional Board issue an ACL Order assessing the proposed liability, or a higher or lower amount. The Hearing Panel may also recommend that the Regional Board decline to assess any liability, or may continue the hearing to a later date. After the hearing, the Hearing Panel will report its recommendation and proposed ACL Order to the full Regional Board at a future meeting. The public hearing will commence at 9:30 AM or as soon thereafter as practical, or as announced in the Hearing Panel’s meeting agenda. The hearing will be held at:

320 West Fourth Street, 5th Floor
Public Utilities Commission Hearing Room
Los Angeles, California 90013

An agenda for the hearing will be issued at least ten days before the hearing and posted on the Regional Board’s website at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/.

Hearing Procedures

The hearing will be a formal adjudicative proceeding and will be conducted in accordance with these Hearing Procedures. The Executive Officer has directed the use of these standardized hearing procedures for the adjudication of such matters. The procedures governing adjudicatory hearings before the Regional Board may be found at California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 648 et seq., and are available at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov. Copies will be provided upon request.
In accordance with section 648(d), any procedure not provided by these Hearing Procedures are deemed waived. Except as provided in section 648(b) and herein, Chapter 5 of the California Administrative Procedure Act (Gov. Code, § 11500 et seq.) does not apply to this hearing.

Objections to these hearing procedures must be in writing and must be received by the Advisory Team no later than the deadline listed under "Important Deadlines" below, or they will be waived. Objections about the matters contained in these Hearing Procedures will not be entertained at the hearing. Failure to comply with the deadline and requirements contained herein may result in the exclusion of documents and/or testimony. The Discharger shall attempt to resolve objections to these Hearing Procedures with the Prosecution Team BEFORE submitting objections to the Advisory Team.

The procedures and deadlines herein may be amended by the Hearing Panel Chair or by the Advisory Team.

Separation of Prosecutorial and Advisory Functions

The Regional Board separates prosecutorial and adjudicative functions in matters that are prosecutorial in nature. To ensure the fairness and impartiality of this proceeding, those who will act in a prosecutorial role by presenting evidence for consideration by the Hearing Panel (the "Prosecution Team") are separate from those who will provide legal and technical advice to the Hearing Panel (the "Advisory Team"). Members of the Advisory Team are: Samuel Unger, Executive Officer and Frances McChesney, Attorney IV. Members of the Prosecution Team are: Paula Rasmussen, Assistant Executive Officer; Hugh Marley, Supervising Engineering Geologist; Dr. LB Nye, Senior Environmental Scientist; Dana Cole, Environmental Scientist; David Boyers, Assistant Chief Counsel, and Mayumi Okamoto, Attorney III.

Any members of the Advisory Team who normally supervise any members of the Prosecution Team are not acting as their supervisors in this proceeding, and vice versa. Further, members of the Advisory Team have not exercised any authority over the Prosecution Team, or advised them with respect to this matter, or vice versa. Ms. Rasmussen regularly advises the Regional Board in other, unrelated matters, but is not advising the Regional Board in this proceeding. Other members of the Prosecution Team act or have acted as advisors to the Regional Board in other, unrelated matters, but they are not advising the Regional Board in this proceeding. Members of the Prosecution Team have not had any substantive ex parte communications with the members of the Regional Board or the Advisory Team regarding this proceeding.

Hearing Participants

Participants in this proceeding are designated as either "Designated Parties" or "Interested Persons."

Designated Parties are those subject to the ACL Complaint and other persons or organizations anticipated to have a substantial interest in the outcome of the hearing. Designated Parties may present written evidence, summarize their evidence orally at the hearing and cross-examine other parties’ witnesses (if they are called). "Evidence" includes witness testimony, documents, and tangible objects that tend to prove or disprove the existence of any alleged fact. "Relevant evidence" is evidence that relates to any fact in dispute in the proceedings. Designated Parties are subject to cross-examination about any evidence they present.
The following participants are hereby designated as Designated Parties in this proceeding:

1. Regional Board Prosecution Team
2. City of Industry

Interested Persons include any person or organization that is interested in the outcome of the hearing, but who has not been designated as a Designated Party. Interested Persons generally may not present evidence (e.g., photographs, eye-witness testimony, and monitoring data), but may present written and/or oral non-evidentiary comments and policy statements. Interested Persons may not cross-examine witnesses and are not subject to cross-examination.

At the hearing, both Designated Parties and Interested Persons may be asked to respond to clarifying questions from the Hearing Panel, Advisory Team, or others, at the discretion of the Hearing Panel Chair.

Requesting Designated Party Status

Persons or organizations who wish to participate in the hearing as a Designated Party must request designated party status by submitting a request in writing so that it is received no later than the deadline listed under "Important Deadlines" below. The request shall include an explanation of the basis for status as a Designated Party (i.e., how the issues to be addressed at the hearing affect the person, the need to present evidence or cross-examine witnesses, etc.), along with a statement explaining why the Designated Parties listed above do not adequately represent the person's or organization's interest. Any objections to these requests for designated party status must be submitted so that they are received no later than the deadline listed under "Important Deadlines" below. All participants will be notified before the hearing whether the request for designated party status is granted.

Primary Contacts

Advisory Team:
Samuel Unger, Executive Officer
320 West Fourth Street, Suite 200
Los Angeles, CA 90013
Phone: (213) 576-6605
Email: samuel.unger@waterboards.ca.gov

Frances McChesney, Attorney IV
State Water Resources Control Board, Office of Chief Counsel
Physical Address: 1001 I Street, Sacramento, CA 95814
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, CA 95812
Phone: (916) 341-5174
Email: frances.mcchesney@waterboards.ca.gov

Prosecution Team:
Hugh Marley, Supervising Engineering Geologist
320 West Fourth Street, Suite 200
Los Angeles, CA 90013
Phone: (213) 620-6375
EXHIBIT 1
HEARING PROCEDURES FOR AGL COMPLAINT NO. R4-2015-0207

Email: hugh.marley@waterboards.ca.gov

Mayumi Okamoto, Attorney II
State Water Resources Control Board, Office of Enforcement
Physical Address: 1001 I Street, Sacramento, CA 95814
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, CA 95812
Phone: (916) 341-5674
Email: mayumi.okamoto@waterboards.ca.gov

Discharger:

Jamie Casso
Casso & Sparks, LLP
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4131
West Covina, CA 91791
Phone: (213) 841-9751
Email: jcasso@cassosparks.com

Ex Parte Communications

While this adjudicative proceeding is pending, the California Government Code forbids Designated Parties and Interested Persons from engaging in ex parte communications regarding this matter with Regional Board members and the Advisory Team, except during the public hearing itself. An ex parte communication is a written or verbal communication, either direct or indirect, that relates to the investigation, preparation, or prosecution of the ACL Complaint between a Designated Party or an Interested Person and a Regional Board member or a member of the Advisory Team that occurs in the absence of other parties and without notice and opportunity for all parties to participate in the communication (see Gov. Code, § 11430.10 et seq.). However, if the communication is copied to all other persons (if written) or is made in a manner open to all other persons (if verbal), then the communication is not considered an ex parte communication. Therefore, any written communication to Regional Board members or the Advisory Team before the hearing must also be copied to all other Designated Parties. Communications regarding non-controversial procedural matters, including a request for a continuance, are permissible ex parte communications and are not restricted.

The following communications to the Advisory Team must be copied to all Designated Parties: objections to these Hearing Procedures; requests for modifications to these Hearing Procedures; requests for designated party status, or objections thereto; and all written evidence, arguments, or policy statements from Designated Parties. This is not an all-inclusive list of ex parte communications.

Hearing Time Limits

To ensure that all participants have an opportunity to participate in the hearing, the following time limits shall apply: each Designated Party shall have a combined total of 60 minutes to present evidence (including evidence presented by witnesses called by the Designated Party), to cross-examine witnesses (if warranted), and to provide opening and/or closing statements. Each Interested Person shall have 3 minutes to present a non-evidentiary policy statement. Participants with similar interests or comments are requested to make joint presentations, and participants are requested to avoid redundant comments. Participants who would like additional time must submit their request to the Advisory Team so that it is received no later than the deadline listed under “Important Deadlines” below. Additional time may be provided at the discretion of the Advisory Team (prior to the hearing) or the Hearing Panel Chair (at the hearing) upon a showing that additional time is necessary. Such
showing shall explain what testimony, comments, or legal or technical argument requires extra time,
and why it could not have been provided in writing by the applicable deadline. Decisions will be based
upon the complexity and the number of issues under consideration, the extent to which the Designated
Parties have coordinated and/or have similar interests, and the time available for the hearing.

A timer will be used, but will not run during questions from the Hearing Panel and the Advisory Team or
the responses to such questions, or during discussions of procedural issues.

Submission of Evidence, Argument and Policy Statements

The Prosecution Team and all other Designated Parties (including the Discharger) must submit the
following information in advance of the hearing, which must be received no later than the deadline listed
under “Important Deadlines” below:

1. All evidence (other than witness testimony to be presented orally at the hearing) that the
Designated Party would like the Hearing Panel to consider. Evidence and exhibits already in the
public files of the Regional Board may be submitted by reference, as long as the exhibits and
their location are clearly identified in accordance with California Code of Regulations, title 23,
section 648.3. Hearing Panel members will not generally receive copies of materials
incorporated by reference unless copies are provided by the Designated Party proffering the
evidence as part of the Designated Party’s evidentiary submission. Referenced materials are
generally not posted on the Regional Board’s website.

2. All legal and technical arguments or analysis.

3. The name of each witness, if any, whom the Designated Party intends to call at the hearing, the
subject of each witness’ proposed testimony, and the estimated time required by each witness
to present direct testimony.

4. The qualifications of each expert witness, if any.

Prosecution Team: The Prosecution Team’s information must include the legal and factual basis for its
claims against each Discharger; a list of all evidence on which the Prosecution Team relies (which must
include, at a minimum, all documents cited in the ACL Complaint or other material submitted by the
Prosecution Team); and the witness information required under items 3-4 for all witnesses, including
Regional Board staff. The Prosecution Team shall submit this information so that it is received no later
than the deadline listed under “Important Deadlines” below.

Designated Parties (including the Discharger): All Designated Parties shall submit comments,
arguments or analysis regarding the ACL Complaint along with any additional supporting evidence not
cited by the Regional Board’s Prosecution Team; and the witness information required under items 3-4
for all witnesses, including Regional Board staff. Designated Parties shall submit this information so
that it is received no later than the deadline listed under “Important Deadlines” below.

Rebuttal: Any Designated Party who would like to submit evidence, legal or technical arguments, or
policy statements to rebut information submitted by other Designated Parties, shall submit this rebuttal
information so that it is received no later than the deadline listed under “Important Deadlines” below.
“Rebuttal” means evidence, analysis, or comments offered to disprove or contradict other submissions.
Rebuttal shall be limited to the scope of the materials previously submitted. Rebuttal information that is
not responsive to information previously submitted may be excluded.

Final Hearing Package and Proposed Hearing Panel Report and Order: The Prosecution Team will
submit the Final Hearing Package and a proposed Hearing Panel Report and Order so that it is
submitted no later than the deadline listed under “Important Deadlines” below.
Copies: Hearing Panel members and the Advisory Team will receive copies of all submitted materials. If hard copies of the submitted materials are provided to the Hearing Panel members and the Advisory Team, the materials will be printed or copied double-sided in black and white on 8.5”x11” paper. Designated Parties who are concerned about print quality or the size of all or part of their written materials should provide an extra seven paper copies for the Hearing Panel and the Advisory Team. For voluminous submissions, the Hearing Panel members and Advisory Team may receive copies in electronic format only. Electronic copies may also be posted on the Regional Board’s website. Designated Parties without access to computer equipment are strongly encouraged to have their materials scanned at a copy or mailing center. The Hearing Panel will not reject materials solely for failure to provide electronic copies.

Interested Persons: Interested Persons who would like to submit written non-evidentiary policy statements are encouraged to submit them to the Advisory Team as early as possible, but they must be received by the deadline listed under “Important Deadlines” below to be included in the Hearing Panel’s hearing package. Interested persons should be aware that this matter may settle without further notice, and therefore timely submittal by the deadline may be the only opportunity for an Interested Person to comment on the subject of the ACL Complaint. If the hearing proceeds as scheduled, the Hearing Panel will also receive oral comments from Interested Persons during the hearing. Interested Persons do not need to submit written comments in order to speak at the hearing.

Prohibition on Surprise Evidence: In accordance with California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 648.4, the Regional Board endeavors to avoid surprise testimony or evidence. Absent a showing of good cause and lack of prejudice to the parties, the Hearing Panel Chair may exclude evidence and testimony that is not submitted in accordance with these Hearing Procedures. Excluded evidence and testimony will not be considered by the Hearing Panel and will not be included in the administrative record for this proceeding.

Presentations: PowerPoint and other visual presentations may be used at the hearing, but their content shall not exceed the scope of other submitted written material. These presentations must be provided to the Advisory Team at or before the hearing in electronic format, and hard copy if requested by the Advisory Team, so that they may be included in the administrative record.

Witnesses: All witnesses who have submitted written testimony shall appear at the hearing to affirm that the testimony is true and correct, and shall be available for cross-examination by Designated Parties.

Administrative Record and Availability of Documents

The ACL Complaint and evidentiary documents submitted in accordance with these Hearing Procedures shall be considered part of the official administrative record for this matter. Other submittals received for this proceeding will be added to the administrative record absent a contrary ruling by the Hearing Panel Chair. Written transcriptions of oral testimony or comments that are made at the hearing will be included in the administrative record.

These documents may be inspected and copied between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. at the Regional Board’s office located at 320 West Fourth Street, Suite 200 Los Angeles, California 90013. Arrangements for document review and/or obtaining copies of the documents may be made by contacting the Prosecution Team Primary Contact above. Appointments are encouraged so the documents can be readily available upon arrival.
Questions

Questions concerning this proceeding may be addressed to the Advisory Team attorney (contact information above).
**EXHIBIT 1**

**IMPORTANT DEADLINES**

All submissions must be received by 5:00 p.m. on the respective due date below. Where both electronic and hard copy formats are required to be submitted to the Prosecution Team, a complete electronic copy must be received by 5:00 p.m. on the respective due date below, and a complete hard copy may follow via overnight delivery so that it is received by the Prosecution Team the next day.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Hard Copies to</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 27, 2015</td>
<td>• Prosecution Team issues ACL Complaint, Hearing Procedures and other</td>
<td>All other Designated Parties (by certified mail), Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>related materials.</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 6, 2015</td>
<td>• Objections due on Hearing Procedures.</td>
<td>All other Designated Parties, Advisory Team</td>
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<td>• Deadline to request &quot;Designated Party&quot; status.</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 12, 2015</td>
<td>• Deadline to submit objections to requests for Designated Party status.</td>
<td>All other Designated Parties, Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 30, 2015</td>
<td>• Discharger's deadline to submit Hearing Waiver Form.</td>
<td>All Designated Parties, Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 2, 2015*</td>
<td>• Advisory Team transmits decision on requests for designated party status.</td>
<td>All Designated Parties, Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 7, 2015*</td>
<td>• Prosecution Team's deadline for submission of information required under &quot;Submission of Evidence, Argument and Policy Statements,&quot; above.</td>
<td>All Designated Parties, Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 28, 2015*</td>
<td>• Remaining Designated Parties' (including the Discharger's) deadline to submit all information required under &quot;Submission of Evidence, Argument, and Policy Statements&quot; above. This includes all written comments regarding the ACL Complaint.</td>
<td>All Designated Parties, Advisory Team</td>
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</table>

1 With the exception of the deadline to submit the Final Hearing Package and proposed Hearing Panel Report and Order.
2 Where a deadline falls on a weekend or holiday, the deadline is extended to the next business day.
3 Pursuant to California Water Code section 13323(b), persons subject to an ACL Complaint have the right to a hearing before the Regional Board within 90 days of receiving the ACL Complaint, but this right can be waived (to facilitate settlement discussions, for example). By submitting the waiver form, the Discharger is not waiving the right to a hearing; unless a settlement is reached, the Board will hold a hearing prior to imposing administrative civil liability. However, if the Board accepts the waiver, all deadlines marked with an "**" will be revised if a settlement cannot be reached.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Electronic or Hard Copies to</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 11, 2016*</td>
<td>All Designated Parties shall submit any rebuttal evidence, any rebuttal to legal/technical arguments and/or policy statements and all evidentiary objections.</td>
<td>All other Designated Parties, All known Interested Persons, Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Deadline to request Prehearing Conference.</td>
<td>Prosecution Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 12, 2016*</td>
<td>Deadline to submit requests for additional time at the hearing.</td>
<td>All other Designated Parties, All known Interested Persons, Advisory Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 15, 2016*</td>
<td>Prosecution Team sends Final Hearing Package and proposed Hearing Panel Report and Order.</td>
<td>Hearing Panel members, Advisory Team, All other Designated Parties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 19, 2016*</td>
<td>Advisory Team transmits hearing time limits</td>
<td>All Designated Parties, All known Interested Persons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 25, 2016*</td>
<td>Hearing</td>
<td>All Designated Parties, All known Interested Persons</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Administrative Civil Liability
Fact Sheet

The California Regional Water Quality Control Boards (Regional Water Boards) have the authority to impose administrative civil liabilities for a variety of violations under California Water Code section 13323. This document generally describes the process that the Regional Water Boards follow in imposing administrative civil liabilities.

The first step is the issuance of an administrative civil liability complaint (complaint) by the authorized Regional Water Board's Executive Officer or Assistant Executive Officer. The complaint describes the violations that allegedly have been committed, the Water Code provisions authorizing the imposition of liability, and the evidence that supports the allegations. Any person who receives a complaint must respond timely as directed, or risk the Regional Water Board imposing the administrative civil liability by default. The complaint is accompanied by a letter of transmittal, a Waiver Form and a Hearing Procedure. Each document contains important information and deadlines. You should read each document carefully. A person issued a complaint is allowed to represent him or herself. However, legal advice may be desirable to assist in responding to the complaint.

Parties

The parties to a complaint proceeding are the Regional Water Board Prosecution Team and the person/s named in the complaint, referred to as the "Discharger." The Prosecution Team is comprised of Regional Water Board staff and management. Other interested persons may become involved and may become "designated parties." Only designated parties are allowed to submit evidence and participate fully in the proceeding. Other interested persons may play a more limited role in the proceeding and are allowed to submit non-evidentiary policy statements. If the matter proceeds to hearing, the hearing will be held before the full membership of the Regional Water Board (composed of up to nine board members appointed by the Governor) or before a panel of three board members. The board members who will hear the evidence and rule on the matter act as judges. They are assisted by an Advisory Team, which provides advice on technical and legal issues. Both the Prosecution Team and the Advisory Team have their own attorney. Neither the Prosecution Team nor the Discharger or his/her representatives are permitted to communicate with the board members or the Advisory Team about the complaint without the presence or knowledge of the other. This is explained in more detail in the Hearing Procedure.

Complaint Resolution Options

Once issued, a complaint can lead to (1) withdrawal of the complaint; (2) withdrawal and reissuance; (3) payment and waiver; (4) settlement; or (5) hearing. Each of these options is described below.
EXHIBIT 1

Withdrawal: May result if the Discharger provides information to the Prosecution Team that clearly demonstrates that a fundamental error exists in the information set forth in the complaint.

Withdrawal and reissuance: May result if the Prosecution Team becomes aware of information contained in the complaint that can be corrected.

Payment and waiver: May result when the Discharger elects to pay the amount of the complaint rather than to contest it. The Discharger makes a payment for the full amount and the matter is ended, subject to public comment.

Settlement: Results when the parties negotiate a resolution of the complaint. A settlement can include such things as a payment schedule, or a partial payment and suspension of the remainder pending implementation by the Discharger of identified activities, such as making improvements beyond those already required that will reduce the likelihood of a further violation or the implementation or funding of a Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP) or a Compliance Project. Qualifying criteria for Compliance Projects and SEPs are contained in the State Water Resources Control Board's (State Water Board) Enforcement Policy, which is available at the State Water Board's website at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/plans_policies/. Settlements are generally subject to public notice and comment, and are conditioned upon approval by the Regional Water Board or its authorized staff management. Settlements are typically memorialized by the adoption of an uncontested Administrative Civil Liability Order.

Hearing: if the matter proceeds to hearing, the parties will be allowed time to present evidence and testimony in support of their respective positions. The hearing must be held within 90 days of the issuance of the complaint, unless the Discharger waives that requirement by signing and submitting the Waiver Form included in this package. The hearing will be conducted under rules set forth in the Hearing Procedure. The Prosecution Team has the burden of proving the allegations and must present competent evidence to the Regional Water Board regarding the allegations. Following the Prosecution Team's presentation, the Discharger and other parties are given an opportunity to present evidence, testimony and argument challenging the allegations. The parties may cross-examine each others' witnesses. Interested persons may provide non-evidentiary policy statements, but may generally not submit evidence or testimony. At the end of the presentations by the parties, the board members will deliberate to decide the outcome. The Regional Water Board may issue an order requiring payment of the full amount recommended in the complaint, it may issue an order requiring payment of a reduced amount, it may order the payment of a higher amount, decide not to impose an assessment or it may refer the matter to the Attorney General's Office.

Factors that Must be Considered by the Regional Water Board

Except for Mandatory Minimum Penalties under Water Code section 13385 (h) and (i), the Regional Water Board is required to consider several factors specified in the Water Code, including nature, circumstance, extent, and gravity of the violation or violations,
EXHIBIT 1

whether the discharge is susceptible to cleanup or abatement, the degree of toxicity of the discharge, and, with respect to the violator, the ability to pay, the effect on ability to continue in business, any voluntary cleanup efforts undertaken, any prior history of violations, the degree of culpability, economic benefit or savings, if any resulting from the violations, and other matters as justice may require (Cal. Water Code §§ 13327, 13365(e) & 13399). During the period provided to submit evidence (set forth in the Hearing Procedure) and at the hearing, the Discharger may submit information that it believes supports its position regarding the complaint. If the Discharger intends to present arguments about its ability to pay it must provide reliable documentation to establish that ability or inability. The kinds of information that may be used for this purpose include:

For an individual:

1. Last three years of signed federal income tax returns (IRS Form 1040) including schedules;
2. Members of household, including relationship, age, employment and income;
3. Current living expenses;
4. Bank account statements;
5. Investment statements;
6. Retirement account statements;
7. Life insurance policies;
8. Vehicle ownership documentation;
9. Real property ownership documentation;
10. Credit card and line of credit statements;
11. Mortgage loan statements;
12. Other debt documentation.

For a business:

1. Copies of last three years of company IRS tax returns, signed and dated,
2. Copies of last three years of company financial audits
3. Copies of last three years of IRS tax returns of business principals, signed and dated.
4. Any documentation that explains special circumstances regarding past, current, or future financial conditions.

For larger firms:

1. Federal income tax returns for the last three years, specifically:
   - IRS Form 1120 for C Corporations
   - IRS Form 1120 S for S Corporations
   - IRS Form 1065 for partnerships
2. A completed and signed IRS Form 8821. This allows IRS to provide the Regional Water Board with a summary of the firm's tax returns that will be compared to the submitted income tax returns. This prevents the submission of fraudulent tax returns;
3. The following information can be substituted if income tax returns cannot be made available:
EXHIBIT 1

- Audited Financial Statements for last three years;
- A list of major accounts receivable with names and amounts;
- A list of major accounts payable with names and amounts;
- A list of equipment acquisition cost and year purchased;
- Ownership in other companies and percent of ownership for the last three years;
- Income from other companies and amounts for the last three years.

For a municipality, county, or district:

1. Type of entity:
   - City/Town/Village;
   - County;
   - Municipality with enterprise fund;
   - Independent or publicly owned utility;

2. The following 1990 and 2000 US Census data:
   - Population;
   - Number of persons age 18 and above;
   - Number of persons age 65 and above;
   - Number of individual below 125% of poverty level;
   - Median home value;
   - Median household income.

3. Current or most recent estimates of:
   - Population;
   - Median home value;
   - Median household income;
   - Market value of taxable property;
   - Property tax collection rate.

4. Unreserved general fund ending balance;

5. Total principal and interest payments for all governmental funds;

6. Total revenues for all governmental funds;

7. Direct net debt;

8. Overall net debt;

9. General obligation debt rating;

10. General obligation debt level.

11. Next year’s budgeted/anticipated general fund expenditures plus net transfers out.

This list is provided for information only. The Discharger remains responsible for providing all relevant and reliable information regarding its financial situation, which may include items in the above lists, but could include other documents not listed. Please note that all evidence regarding this case, including financial information, will be made public.
Petitions

If the Regional Water Board issues an order requiring payment, the Discharger may challenge that order by filing a petition for review with the State Water Board pursuant to Water Code section 13320. More information on the petition process is available at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/public_notices/petitions/water_quality/index.shtml

An order of the State Water Board resolving the petition for review of the Regional Water Board’s Administrative Civil Liability Order can be challenged by filing a petition for writ of mandate in the superior court pursuant to Water Code section 13330.

Once an Administrative Civil Liability Order becomes final, the Regional Water Board or State Water Board may seek a judgment of the superior court under Water Code section 13328, if necessary, in order to collect payment of the administrative civil liability amount.