



Results of Wet Weather Chronic Toxicity Testing for the City of Irwindale

❖ Sample Collection Date: December 16, 2016

Prepared for: AEI-CASC Consulting
2740 W. Magnolia Blvd., Suite 102
Burbank, CA 91505

Prepared by: Nautilus Environmental
4340 Vandever Avenue
San Diego, CA 92120
858.587.7333

Report Submitted: February 14, 2017

Data Quality Assurance:

- Nautilus Environmental is accredited in accordance with NELAP by the State of Oregon Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (Certificate No. 4053). It is also certified by the State of California Water Resources Control Board Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (Certificate No. 1802) and the State of Washington Department of Ecology (Lab ID C552). Specific fields of testing applicable to each accreditation are available upon request.
- All data have been reviewed and verified.
- All test results have met minimum test acceptability criteria under their respective EPA protocols, unless otherwise noted in this report.
- All test results have met internal Quality Assurance Program requirements.

Results verified by: Adrienne Libor

Introduction

Bioassay testing was performed on one sample from the City of Irwindale, California to evaluate the toxicity of storm water runoff to the water flea (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*). Sampling and testing was conducted to satisfy requirements in the Los Angeles Region MS4 permit (Order No. R4-2012-0175). The sample was collected during a storm event that occurred on December 16, 2016. The toxicity screening test was conducted at Nautilus Environmental (Nautilus) in San Diego, California between December 17 and 23, 2016.

Materials and Methods

Test Material

Test material consisted of one storm water sample. Collection was conducted. The sample was collected under the direction of Mr. Michael Kolbensschlag of AEI-CASC Consulting (AEI-CASC) by AEI-CASC personnel and hand delivered to Nautilus on the sample day as collection.

Upon arrival at Nautilus, an aliquot of the sample was drawn and water quality parameters of pH, dissolved oxygen (DO), conductivity, salinity, alkalinity, hardness, and temperature were measured and recorded. The sample was stored in the dark at 4° C until used for testing. A summary of the sample collection and receipt times is provided in Table 1.

Table 1. Sample Collection and Receipt Times

Sample ID	Sample Collection Date; Time	Sample Receipt Date; Time
SGR-077	12/16/16; 04:30	12/16/16; 17:10

Chronic Toxicity Methods

Testing was conducted in accordance with methods published in USEPA (2002). Test specifications are summarized in Table 2.

In accordance with permit requirements, chronic toxicity test biological endpoint data was analyzed using the Test of Significant Toxicity (TST) t-test approach specified in the USEPA NPDES TST Implementation Document (USEPA 2010). For this monitoring program, the critical chronic in-stream waste concentration (IWC) is set at 100 percent sample (i.e. no dilution). A pass/fail result is reported per the TST method comparing the 100 percent sample to the lab control. The TST analysis was performed using the Comprehensive Environmental Toxicity Information System™ (CETIS) software by Tidepool Scientific Software. The TST method applies a modified t-test that takes into account both the statistical power of the test and magnitude of biological effects in determining the presence of a response. Results are reported as "Pass" if a sample is considered non-toxic according to the TST calculation, or "Fail" if considered toxic according to TST.

Table 2. Chronic *C. dubia* Test Specifications

Test Start Date, Time:	12/17/16, 16:00
Test End Date, Time:	12/23/16, 15:00
Test Organism:	<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> (water flea)
Test Organism Source; Age:	In-house culture; < 24 hours
Lab Control Water:	EPA diluted mineral water (80% Nanopure DI and 20% Perrier®)
Test Concentrations:	100 percent sample; lab control
Endpoints/Protocol:	Survival and Reproduction/ EPA/821/R-02-013, USEPA 2002
Acceptability Criteria:	Mean control survival ≥ 80%; ≥ 60% of surviving females producing 3 or more broods; mean number of offspring ≥ 15 per surviving female.
Statistical Analysis Software/ Analysis:	CETIS™, version 1.8.7.20/ TST Analysis

Results

Water flea survival was 100 percent in both the lab control and the SGR-077 sample. However, mean water flea reproduction in the sample was reduced relative to the lab control. The reproduction endpoint failed according to the TST analysis with a 34 percent effect from control. A summary of results is presented in Table 3. Complete statistical analyses and raw bench datasheets are provided in Appendix A. Water quality measurements recorded at sample check-in and a copy of the chain of custody form and are provided in Appendices B and C, respectively.

Table 3. Summary of *C. dubia* Survival and Reproduction Results

Sample ID (100% sample)	Mean Percent Survival	PE (%)	TST Result (Pass/Fail)	Mean Reproduction (# neonates)	PE (%)	TST Result (Pass/Fail)
Lab Control	100	-	-	24.2	-	-
SGR-077	100	0.0	Pass	16.0	34	Fail

TST analysis is not appropriate for the *C. dubia* chronic survival endpoint because the test design includes only one organism per replicate. Therefore, the result for the chronic survival endpoint is based on percent effect (PE) compared to control calculated as: ((mean response in control - mean response in sample)/mean response in control) *100. A negative PE indicates better organism performance in the sample compared to that in the control. For the survival endpoint, the TST result is considered a Pass (non-toxic) if PE <25 and a Fail (toxic) if PE ≥ 25.

TST: Pass = sample is non-toxic according to the TST calculation; Fail = sample is toxic according to the TST calculation

Quality Assurance

The sample was received under appropriate conditions and the tests were initiated within the required 36-hour holding time. Mean control responses met minimum acceptability criteria. Appropriate alpha levels were used for statistical analyses according to the TST Implementation Document guidelines (USEPA 2010). A list of laboratory qualifier codes used on raw data sheets is available in Appendix D.

Results for the monthly reference toxicant test used to monitor laboratory performance and test organism sensitivity are summarized in Table 4. All test acceptability criteria were met. Additionally, the median lethal and median effect concentrations (LC_{50}/EC_{50}) were within two standard deviations (SD) from the historical mean, indicating that the test organisms exhibited typical sensitivity to copper as that historically observed in the Nautilus laboratory. The survival and reproduction control charts for the past 20 reference toxicant tests conducted at Nautilus are presented in Appendix E.

Table 4. Summary of Statistical Results for the Reference Toxicant Test

Test Endpoint	NOEC ($\mu\text{g/L}$ copper)	LC_{50}/EC_{50} ($\mu\text{g/L}$ copper)	Historical LC_{50}/EC_{50} ± 2 SD ($\mu\text{g/L}$ copper)
Survival	25	50.0	60.8 ± 16.1
Reproduction	25	55.3	60.1 ± 23.8

NOEC = the highest concentration tested that results in no observed effect.

LC_{50}/EC_{50} = concentration expected to cause mortality or an adverse effect to 50 percent of the test organisms.

Historical $LC_{50}/EC_{50} \pm 2$ SD = the mean LC_{50} or EC_{50} from the previous 20 tests performed by Nautilus, plus or minus two standard deviations.

References

- Tidepool Scientific Software. 2000-2013. CETIS Comprehensive Environmental Toxicity Information System Software, Version 1.8.7.20.
- USEPA. 2000. Understanding and Accounting for Method Variability in Whole Effluent Toxicity Applications under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, (EPA-R-00-003). USEPA Office of Wastewater Management, Washington DC. June 2000.
- USEPA. 2002. Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, Fourth Edition (EPA-821-R-02-013). USEPA Office of Water, Washington DC.
- USEPA. 2010. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Test of Significant Toxicity Implementation Document. EPA/833/R-10/003. June 2010.

Appendix A

Raw Data and Statistical Summaries

CETIS Summary Report

Report Date: 18 Jan-17 13:07 (p 1 of 1)
Test Code: 1612-S178 | 02-1288-0921

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test							Nautilus Environmental (CA)				
Batch ID:	04-8633-1950	Test Type:	Reproduction and Survival				Analyst:				
Start Date:	17 Dec-16 16:00	Protocol:	EPA/821/R-02-013 (2002)				Diluent:	Not Applicable			
Ending Date:	23 Dec-16 15:00	Species:	Ceriodaphnia dubia				Brine:	Not Applicable			
Duration:	5d 23h	Source:	In-House Culture				Age:	<24h			
Sample ID:	04-3130-5454	Code:	16-1410				Client:	Aei-Casc Consulting			
Sample Date:	16 Dec-16 04:30	Material:	Stormwater				Project:				
Receive Date:	16 Dec-16 17:10	Source:	Aei-Casc								
Sample Age:	35h (6 °C)	Station:	City of Irwindale (Sep-077)								
Comparison Summary											
Analysis ID	Endpoint	NOEL	LOEL	TOEL	PMSD	TU	Method				
06-6973-2355	3 Brood Reproduction	<100	100	NA	9.45%	>1	TST-Welch's t Test				
10-9587-1400	3 Brood Survival	100	>100	NA	NA	1	Fisher Exact Test				
Test Acceptability											
Analysis ID	Endpoint	Attribute		Test Stat	TAC Limits		Overlap	Decision			
06-6973-2355	3 Brood Reproduction	Control Resp		24.2	15 - NL		Yes	Passes Acceptability Criteria			
10-9587-1400	3 Brood Survival	Control Resp		1	0.8 - NL		Yes	Passes Acceptability Criteria			
06-6973-2355	3 Brood Reproduction	PMSD		0.09446	0.13 - 0.47		Yes	Below Acceptability Criteria (i)			
3 Brood Reproduction Summary											
C-%	Control Type	Count	Mean	95% LCL	95% UCL	Min	Max	Std Err	Std Dev	CV%	%Effect
0	Lab Control	10	24.2	19.22	29.18	12	33	2.2	6.957	28.75%	0.0%
100		10	16	11.32	20.68	9	31	2.071	6.549	40.93%	33.88%
3 Brood Survival Summary											
C-%	Control Type	Count	Mean	95% LCL	95% UCL	Min	Max	Std Err	Std Dev	CV%	%Effect
0	Lab Control	10	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
100		10	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
3 Brood Reproduction Detail											
C-%	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4	Rep 5	Rep 6	Rep 7	Rep 8	Rep 9	Rep 10
0	Lab Control	26	16	30	31	26	33	17	25	26	12
100		17	11	12	31	23	9	15	16	14	12
3 Brood Survival Detail											
C-%	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4	Rep 5	Rep 6	Rep 7	Rep 8	Rep 9	Rep 10
0	Lab Control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
100		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

① PMSD test acceptability limits do not apply to TST method.

CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date: 18 Jan-17 13:07 (p 1 of 1)
Test Code: 1612-S178 | 02-1288-0921

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test Nautilus Environmental (CA)

Analysis ID: 06-6973-2355	Endpoint: 3 Brood Reproduction	CETIS Version: CETISv1.8.7
Analyzed: 18 Jan-17 13:06	Analysis: Parametric Bioequivalence-Two Sample	Official Results: Yes

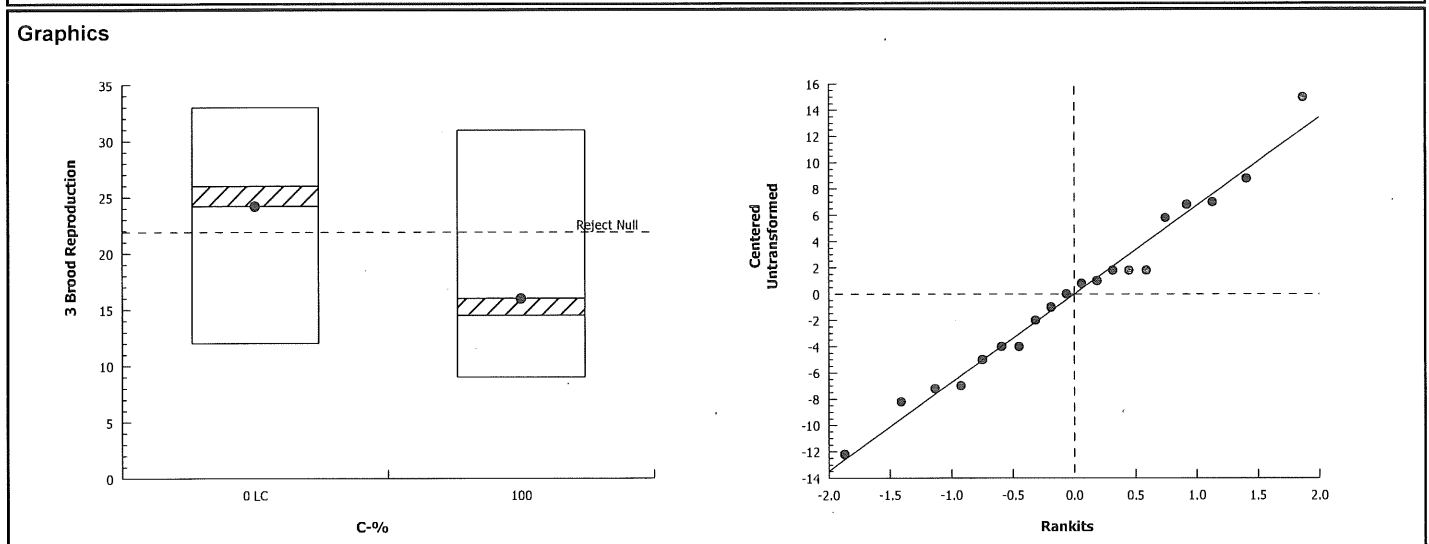
Data Transform	Zeta	Alt Hyp	Trials	Seed	TST b	PMSD	Test Result
Untransformed	NA	C*b < T	NA	NA	0.75	9.45%	Fails 3 brood reproduction

TST-Welch's t Test									
Control	vs	C-%	Test Stat	Critical	MSD	DF	P-Value	P-Type	Decision(α:20%)
Lab Control		100	-0.812	0.8633	2.286	17	0.7860	CDF	Significant Effect

ANOVA Table						
Source	Sum Squares	Mean Square	DF	F Stat	P-Value	Decision(α:5%)
Between	336.2	336.2	1	7.366	0.0142	Significant Effect
Error	821.6	45.64444	18			
Total	1157.8		19			

Distributional Tests						
Attribute	Test	Test Stat	Critical	P-Value	Decision(α:1%)	
Variances	Variance Ratio F	1.128	6.541	0.8600	Equal Variances	
Distribution	Shapiro-Wilk W Normality	0.9818	0.866	0.9552	Normal Distribution	

3 Brood Reproduction Summary											
C-%	Control Type	Count	Mean	95% LCL	95% UCL	Median	Min	Max	Std Err	CV%	%Effect
0	Lab Control	10	24.2	19.22	29.18	26	12	33	2.2	28.75%	0.0%
100		10	16	11.32	20.68	14.5	9	31	2.071	40.93%	33.88%



CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date: 18 Jan-17 13:07 (p 1 of 1)
Test Code: 1612-S178 | 02-1288-0921

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test						Nautilus Environmental (CA)	
Analysis ID: 10-9587-1400		Endpoint: 3 Brood Survival		CETIS Version: CETISv1.8.7			
Analyzed: 18 Jan-17 13:06		Analysis: Single 2x2 Contingency Table		Official Results: Yes			
Data Transform		Zeta	Alt Hyp	Trials	Seed	Test Result	
Untransformed			C > T	NA	NA	Passes 3 brood survival	
Fisher Exact Test							
Control	vs	C-%	Test Stat	P-Value	P-Type	Decision(α:5%)	
Lab Control		100	1	1.0000	Exact	Non-Significant Effect	
Data Summary							
C-%	Control Type	NR	R	NR + R	Prop NR	Prop R	%Effect
0	Lab Control	10	0	10	1	0	0.0%
100		10	0	10	1	0	0.0%
Graphics							

Test Species: *C. dubia*

Client/Sample ID: AEI-CASC/ City of Irwindale - SGR-077

Start Date/Time: 12/17/2016

1600

Test Number: 1612-5178

End Date/Time: 12/24/2016

1315-1500

EG Q18
12/23/16MM 218
12/23/16

Conc.	Rep	Rand #	Daily Reproduction/ Survival								Total	QC
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
LC	1	26	0	0	0	6	2	18			26	
	2	2	0	0	0	6	10	0			16	
	3	17	0	0	0	10	16	0			30	
	4	12	0	0	0	11	0	16			31	
	5	28	0	0	0	8	0	15			26	
	6	21	0	0	0	6	12	15			33	
	7	14	0	0	0	6	11	0			17	
	8	3	0	0	0	4	8	13			25	
	9	11	0	0	0	4	10	12			26	
	10	6	0	0	0	6	0	6			12	

Tech: CH

ACS

CH

ACS

EG

EG

Mean neonates/surviving female (for TAC): 24.2

Conc.	Rep	Rand #	Daily Reproduction/ Survival								Total	QC
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
100%	1	30	0	0	0	5	0	12			17	
	2	1	0	0	0	5	6	0			11	
	3	18	0	0	3	9	0	0			12	
	4	10	0	0	3	0	11	17			31	
	5	4	0	0	0	6	0	12			23	
	6	8	0	0	0	6	3	0			9	
	7	7	0	0	0	5	0	10			15	
	8	5	0	0	0	1	8	7			16	
	9	25	0	0	0	5	8	10			14	
	10	16	0	0	0	5	7	0			12	

Conc.	Rep	Rand #	Daily Reproduction/ Survival								Total	QC
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
	1	24										
	2	13										
	3	15										
	4	20										
	5	29										
	6	27										
	7	19										
	8	9										
	9	22										
	10	23										

Conc.	Rep	Rand #	Daily Reproduction/ Survival								Total	QC
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
	1											
	2											
	3											
	4											
	5											
	6											
	7											
	8											
	9											
	10											

Neonates for each replicate were blocked across concentrations at test initiation

Rep:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Board:	148									
Cup:	1	15	24	29	31	33	35	56	60	23
Rand # QC:	ACS									
Verified By:				AD						
Initiated By:						AC				
QC'd By:									AB	

Time Fed/Test Solution Renewed (day):

(0) 1600 (1) 1240 (2) 1315 (3) 1040 (4) 1350 (5) 1310 (6) — (7) —

Notes: d = dead; M = male; LIP = lost in progress; B = 4th brood (only the first 3 broods are included in total)

* = dead neonates observed, but only live neonate counts recorded (DCH Q18 12/20/16) (DCH NHE 12/23/16)

QC Check: KB 1/10/17

Final Review: PFP 1/19/17

Freshwater Chronic Bioassay

Water Quality Measurements

Client: AEI-CASC/ City of Irwindale

Test Species: *C. dubia*

Sample ID: SGR-077

Start Date/Time: 12/17/2016

Test No: 1012-S178

End Date/Time: 12/24/2016

1600
1315 1500
MM Q18
12/22/16

Concentration	Lab Control							
Day	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Initial								
pH	8.23	8.01	8.01	8.08	8.16	8.23	8.16	
DO (mg/L)	7.8	8.4	8.0	7.8	8.0	7.8	7.9	
Cond. (µmhos/cm)	219	200	193	217	189	193	192	
Temp (°C)	24.5	24.6	24.4	24.1	25.8	25.6	24.5	
Final								
pH		8.26	7.91	8.06	8.15	8.13	8.18	-
DO (mg/L)		8.4	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.93	8.2	-
Temp (°C)		24.1	23.2	25.3	24.5	25.6	25.1	-

Concentration	SGR-077 100%							
Day	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Initial								
pH	7.14	6.75	6.70	6.71	6.97	7.07	7.05	
DO (mg/L)	8.5	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.3	8.0	
Cond. (µmhos/cm)	17	21	17	20	17	18	17	
Temp (°C)	24.7	24.6	24.5	24.8	25.9	25.8	25.8	
Final								
pH		7.32	7.20	7.30	7.53	7.46	7.34	-
DO (mg/L)		8.6	7.9	7.5	7.8	8.3	8.1	-
Temp (°C)		24.1	23.2	25.3	24.5	24.3	25.1	-

Concentration	100% Q18 KB 1/18/17							
Day	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Initial								
pH								
DO (mg/L)								
Cond. (µmhos/cm)								
Temp (°C)								
Final								
pH								
DO (mg/L)								
Temp (°C)								

Concentration								
Day	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Initial								
pH								
DO (mg/L)								
Cond. (µmhos/cm)								
Temp (°C)								
Final								
pH								
DO (mg/L)								
Temp (°C)								

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Analysts: Initial:	KFP	RH	EG	MM	ACS	AL	MM	
Final:		AC	AD	ATI	ACS	EG	MM	-
Dilutions made by:	BB	KB	MM	EG	EG	MM	MM	
Sample Used (A, B, C):	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	

Comments:

Q18 12/22/16

Animal Source/Date Received:

Internal N/A

Animal Age at Initiation:

24hr

Sample Log-in Numbers: A:

10-1410

B:

C:

QC Check:

10-1410 Q18
KB 1/18/17

Final Review:

KFP 1/19/17

Appendix B

Sample Check-In Information

Nautilus Environmental
4340 Vandever Avenue
San Diego, CA 92120

Sample Check-In Information

Client: AEI-CASC

Tests Performed: Ammonia Ceriodaphnia

Project: Irwindale SW outfall Monitoring

Test ID No.(s): 1612-5178

Sample ID:	1) <u>SGR-077</u>	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)
Log-in No. (16-xxxx):	<u>1410</u>					
Sample Collection Date & Time:	<u>12/16/16 0430</u>					
Sample Receipt Date & Time:	<u>12/16/16 1710</u>					
Number of Containers & Container Type:	<u>1, 4L cubi</u>					
Approx. Total Volume Received (L):	<u>~4L</u>					
Check-in Temp (°C)	<u>6.0</u>					
Temperature OK? ¹	<u>(Y) N</u>	<u>Y N</u>	<u>Y N</u>	<u>Y N</u>	<u>Y N</u>	<u>Y N</u>
DO (mg/L)	<u>10.5</u>					
pH (units)	<u>6.91</u>					
Conductivity (µS/cm)	<u>24.0</u>					
Salinity (ppt)	<u>0.0</u>					
Alkalinity (mg/L) ²	<u>15</u>					
Hardness (mg/L) ^{2,3}	<u>11</u>					
Total Chlorine (mg/L)	<u>—</u>					
Technician Initials	<u>EH</u>					

Freshwater Tests:

Control/Dilution Water Source: 8:2 Culligan Other: _____

Additional Control? Y N = _____

Alkalinity: 88 Hardness: 90

Alkalinity: _____ Hardness: _____

Marine Tests:

Control/Dilution Water Source: LAB SW ART SW Other: _____

Additional Control? Y N = _____

Alkalinity: _____ Salinity: _____

Alkalinity: _____ Salinity: _____

Sample Salted w/ artificial salt? Y N If yes, target ppt and source? _____

Sample salted w/brine? Y N If yes, target ppt? _____

Notes ¹ Temperature for sample must be 0-6°C if received >24 hours past collection time.

² mg/L as CaCO₃, ³ Measured for freshwater samples only, NA = Not Applicable

Additional Comments

QC Check: KB 1/18/17

Sample Descriptions:

1) colorless, clear, odorless, light debris

2) _____
3) _____
4) _____
5) _____
6) _____

COC Complete? (Y) N

Filtration? Y (N)

Pore Size: _____

Organisms or Debris

pH Adjustment? Y (N)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Initial pH:						
Amount of HCl added:						
Final pH:						

Cl₂ Adjustment? Y (N)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Initial Free Cl ₂ :						
STS added:						
Final Free Cl ₂ :						

Sample Aeration? Y (N)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Initial D.O.						
Duration & Rate						
Final D.O.						

Subsamples For Additional Chemistry Required? Y (N)

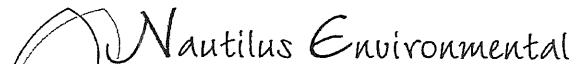
NH₃ Other _____

Tech Initials _____

Final Review: KFP 1/19/17

Appendix C

Chain-of-Custody Form



Chain of Custody

Date 12/16/16 Page 1 of 1

Additional costs may be required for sample disposal or storage. Payment net 30 unless otherwise contracted.

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE - Nautilus Environmental, COLOR - Originator

Log-in # 16-1410

Appendix D

Qualifier Code Glossary

Glossary of Qualifier Codes:

- Q1 - Temperatures out of recommended range; corrective action taken and recorded in Test Temperature Correction Log
- Q2 - Temperatures out of recommended range; no action taken, test terminated same day
- Q3 - Sample aerated prior to initiation or renewal due to dissolved oxygen (D.O.) levels below 6.0 mg/L
- Q4 - Test aerated; D.O. levels dropped below 4.0 mg/L
- Q5 - Test initiated with aeration due to an anticipated drop in D.O.
- Q6 - Airline obstructed or fell out of replicate and replaced; drop in D.O. occurred
- Q7 - Salinity out of recommended range
- Q8 - Spilled test chamber/ Unable to recover test organism(s)
- Q9 - Inadequate sample volume remaining, 50% renewal performed
- Q10 - Inadequate sample volume remaining, no renewal performed
- Q11 - Sample out of holding time; refer to QA section of report
- Q12 - Replicate(s) not initiated; excluded from data analysis
- Q13 - Survival counts not recorded due to poor visibility or heavy debris
- Q14 - D.O. percent saturation was checked and was $\leq 110\%$
- Q15 - Did not meet minimum test acceptability criteria. Refer to QA section of report.
- Q16 - Percent minimum significant difference (PMSD) was below the lower bound limit for acceptability. This indicates that statistics may be over-sensitive in detecting a difference from the control due to low variability in the data set.
- Q17 - Percent minimum significant difference (PMSD) was above the upper bound limit for acceptability. This indicates that statistics may be under-sensitive in detecting a difference from the control due to high variability in the data set.
- Q18 - Incorrect Entry
- Q19 - Illegible Entry
- Q20 - Miscalculation
- Q21 - Other (provide reason in comments section)
- Q22 - Greater than 10% mortality observed upon receipt and/or in holding prior to test initiation. Organisms acclimated to test conditions at Nautilus and ultimately deemed fit to use for testing.
- Q23 - Test organisms received at a temperature greater than 3°C outside the recommended test temperature range. However, due to age-specific protocol requirements and/or sample holding time constraints, the organisms were used to initiate tests upon the day of arrival. Organisms were acclimated to the appropriate test conditions upon receipt and prior to test initiation.
- Q24 - Test organisms received at salinity greater than 3 ppt outside of the recommended test salinity range. However, due to age-specific protocol requirements and/or sample holding time constraints, the organisms were used to initiate tests upon the day of arrival. Organisms were acclimated to the appropriate test conditions upon receipt and prior to test initiation.

Appendix E

Reference Toxicant Test Control Charts

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test

Nautilus Environmental (CA)

Test Type: Reproduction and Survival

Organism: Ceriodaphnia dubia (Water Flea)

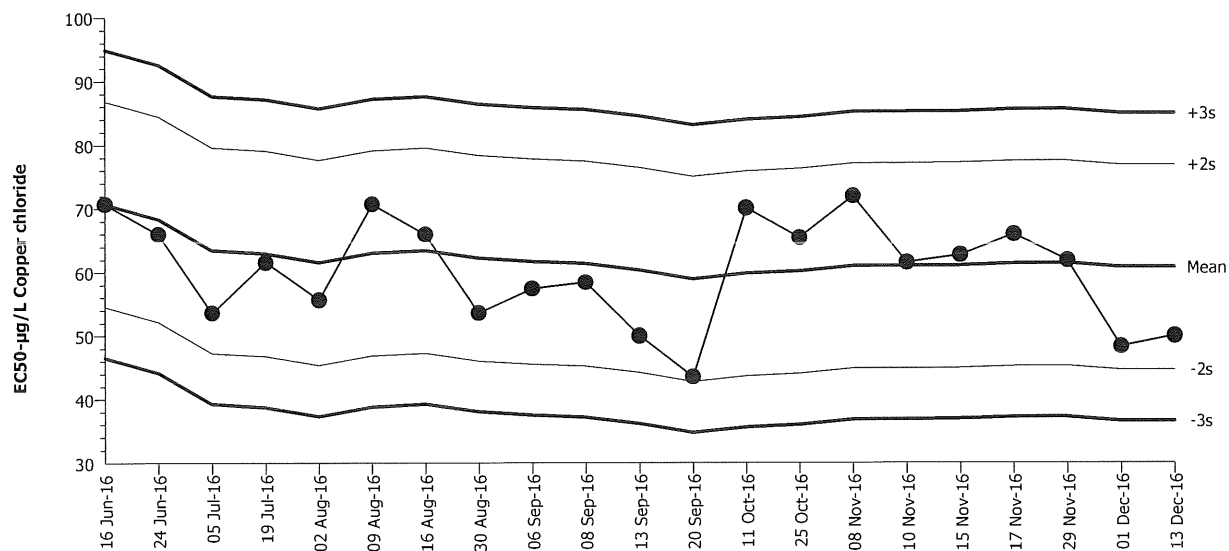
Material: Copper chloride

Protocol: EPA/821/R-02-013 (2002)

Endpoint: 3 Brood Survival

Source: Reference Toxicant-REF

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test



Mean: 60.76

Count: 20

-2s Warning Limit: 44.63

-3s Action Limit: 36.57

Sigma: 8.062

CV: 13.30%

+2s Warning Limit: 76.88

+3s Action Limit: 84.94

Quality Control Data

Point	Year	Month	Day	Time	QC Data	Delta	Sigma	Warning	Action	Test ID	Analysis ID
1	2016	Jun	16	15:30	70.71	9.951	1.234			15-7926-0172	08-5371-7888
2			24	15:30	65.98	5.215	0.6469			19-4835-1616	02-4637-9012
3		Jul	5	13:55	53.59	-7.171	-0.8895			12-6488-9449	05-8649-5314
4			19	15:20	61.56	0.7972	0.09889			06-0553-1257	05-4294-1200
5		Aug	2	15:10	55.67	-5.087	-0.6309			05-8463-3888	02-0772-0545
6			9	16:35	70.71	9.951	1.234			02-2043-2312	09-2151-2849
7			16	15:10	65.98	5.215	0.6469			16-6661-1547	09-7320-9096
8			30	14:45	53.59	-7.171	-0.8895			21-3933-6233	20-7271-4257
9		Sep	6	13:00	57.43	-3.325	-0.4124			16-0048-4604	14-7082-6301
10			8	14:45	58.4	-2.356	-0.2922			08-7783-2081	08-2568-2652
11			13	16:15	50	-10.76	-1.335			01-7282-6786	19-0309-4236
12			20	15:50	43.53	-17.23	-2.137	(-)		13-8609-6471	11-8818-0657
13		Oct	11	15:10	70.11	9.348	1.16			04-3012-9943	05-9910-0987
14			25	16:30	65.47	4.709	0.5841			15-0850-1329	15-0536-7821
15		Nov	8	17:10	71.98	11.22	1.392			16-3937-5405	08-9684-9575
16			10	16:00	61.56	0.7972	0.09889			01-8907-8090	07-4905-3451
17			15	16:00	62.75	1.986	0.2463			00-9759-3840	14-6616-4887
18			17	16:15	65.98	5.215	0.6469			13-5459-1721	07-0502-7123
19			29	15:15	61.87	1.109	0.1376			03-7140-9966	07-7956-0623
20		Dec	1	11:00	48.3	-12.46	-1.546			04-2024-5023	15-2732-3440
21			13	15:00	50	-10.76	-1.335			04-2596-7095	14-9254-5691

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test

Nautilus Environmental (CA)

Test Type: Reproduction and Survival

Organism: Ceriodaphnia dubia (Water Flea)

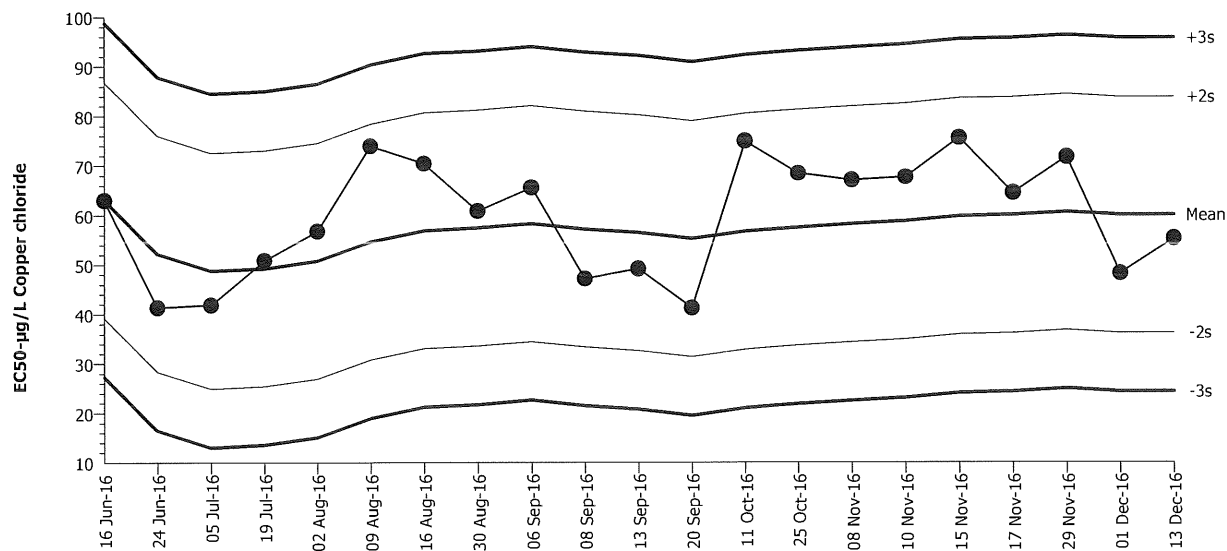
Material: Copper chloride

Protocol: EPA/821/R-02-013 (2002)

Endpoint: 3 Brood Reproduction

Source: Reference Toxicant-REF

Ceriodaphnia 3 Brood Survival & Reproduction Test



Mean: 60.06

Count: 20

-2s Warning Limit: 36.24

-3s Action Limit: 24.33

Sigma: 11.91

CV: 19.80%

+2s Warning Limit: 83.88

+3s Action Limit: 95.79

Quality Control Data

Point	Year	Month	Day	Time	QC Data	Delta	Sigma	Warning	Action	Test ID	Analysis ID
1	2016	Jun	16	15:30	63.03	2.969	0.2493			15-7926-0172	10-8786-2437
2			24	15:30	41.39	-18.67	-1.567			19-4835-1616	02-7331-8754
3		Jul	5	13:55	41.9	-18.16	-1.525			12-6488-9449	09-6581-0357
4			19	15:20	50.89	-9.173	-0.7702			06-0553-1257	14-9290-2274
5		Aug	2	15:10	56.81	-3.253	-0.2731			05-8463-3888	20-6109-2329
6			9	16:35	74.04	13.98	1.174			02-2043-2312	07-0596-3744
7			16	15:10	70.45	10.39	0.8728			16-6661-1547	16-2952-1624
8			30	14:45	60.83	0.7689	0.06456			21-3933-6233	10-9745-5543
9		Sep	6	13:00	65.61	5.549	0.4659			16-0048-4604	10-8825-9903
10			8	14:45	47.21	-12.85	-1.079			08-7783-2081	05-6176-8657
11			13	16:15	49.22	-10.84	-0.9103			01-7282-6786	05-2923-3442
12			20	15:50	41.28	-18.78	-1.577			13-8609-6471	20-3000-6091
13		Oct	11	15:10	75	14.94	1.254			04-3012-9943	18-3006-0109
14			25	16:30	68.46	8.399	0.7052			15-0850-1329	11-4242-3200
15		Nov	8	17:10	67.13	7.074	0.5939			16-3937-5405	10-4040-1441
16			10	16:00	67.71	7.652	0.6425			01-8907-8090	05-2922-7513
17			15	16:00	75.65	15.59	1.309			00-9759-3840	00-1740-9039
18			17	16:15	64.53	4.472	0.3755			13-5459-1721	13-1287-3479
19			29	15:15	71.78	11.72	0.9839			03-7140-9966	18-6371-9337
20		Dec	1	11:00	48.27	-11.79	-0.9898			04-2024-5023	06-1750-9717
21			13	15:00	55.32	-4.737	-0.3978			04-2596-7095	10-6182-0772