ORDER No. R1-2024-0004 WDID No. 1B14140RHUM WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS for WILLOW CREEK COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY HUMBOLDT COUNTY

The following Discharger is subject to waste discharge requirements (WDRs) as set forth in this Order:

Table 1. Discharger Information

Discharger	Willow Creek Community Services District		
Name of Facility	Willow Creek Community Services District Wastewater Treatment Facility		
Facility Address	450 Country Club Road Willow Creek, CA 95573		

The discharge by the Willow Creek Community Services District from the discharge point identified below is subject to waste discharge requirements as set forth in this Order.

Table 2. Discharge Location

Discharge	Effluent	Discharge Point	Discharge Point	Receiving
Point	Description	Latitude	Longitude	Water
001	Treated Municipal Wastewater	N 40° 56' 30.624"	W 123° 37' 24.636"	Groundwater

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that, in order to meet the provisions contained in division 7 of the Water Code (commencing with section 13000) and regulations adopted thereunder, the Discharger shall comply with the requirements in this Order.

I, Valerie Quinto, Executive Officer, do hereby certify that this Order with all attachments is a full, true, and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, North Coast Region, on **February 8-9, 2024.**

Valerie M. Quinto, Executive Officer

I. FACILITY INFORMATION

The following Discharger is subject to waste discharge requirements as set forth in this Order:

Discharger	Willow Creek Community Services District		
Name of Facility	Willow Creek Community Services District		
Name of Facility	Wastewater Treatment Facility		
	450 Country Club Road		
Facility Address	Willow Creek, CA 95573		
	Humboldt County		
Facility Contact, Title, and Susan O'Gorman, General Manager, (530) 629			
Phone			
Mailing Address	135 Willow Road, Willow Creek, CA 95573		
Type of Facility	Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW)		
Facility Decign Flow	0.038 million gallons per day (mgd) Average Daily		
Facility Design Flow	Dry Weather Flow (ADDWF)		
Facility Dormitted Flow	0.038 million gallons per day (mgd) ADDWF; 0.114		
Facility Permitted Flow	mgd Peak Daily Wet Weather Flow (PDWWF)		

II. FINDINGS

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, North Coast Region (hereinafter Regional Water Board), finds:

A. Basis and Rationale for Requirements

The Regional Water Board developed the requirements in this Order based on information submitted as part of the Discharger's Report of Waste Discharge (ROWD), amendments to the ROWD, and other available information.

B. Background and Facility Description

The unincorporated community of Willow Creek does not currently have centralized wastewater collection, treatment and disposal; all residences and businesses rely solely on individual septic systems for wastewater treatment and disposal. Many of these septic systems are in disrepair and threaten water quality and public health. The Willow Creek downtown businesses are located along the Highway 299 and Highway 96 corridor, within the project boundaries. The Discharger proposes to provide centralized collection, treatment and disposal of wastewater to downtown businesses and residences with the project boundaries.

The Discharger submitted a Report of Waste Discharge (ROWD) on January 4, 2016, which proposed centralized wastewater collection, treatment and disposal Waste Discharge Requirements ~ 3 ~ Willow Creek Community Services District WWTF Order No. R1-2024-0004

for the Willow Creek community. Additional information to complete the ROWD was received from GHD on January 19, 2021. The ROWD was deemed complete on January 19, 2021.

The project will include installation of private sewer laterals, collection system piping and installation of the wastewater treatment and disposal facilities. Treated effluent will be disposed to a leach field located adjacent to the Facility. The Facility will serve approximately 103 residential and commercial connections within the community. The Facility will serve the 1,700-person community's downtown sanitary needs. The Facility has a design average daily dry weather flow (ADDWF) of 0.038 mgd and a design peak daily wet weather flow (PDWWF) of 0.114 mgd.

The project will include construction of centralized septic tanks for solids removal and Orenco Advantex textile media secondary treatment and denitrification. No bulk high-strength waste or other trucked waste will be accepted into the Facility. The collection system will consist of new individual private laterals and new sewer piping with 2 lift stations. Both lift stations will have backup power. The leach field is located adjacent to the Facility and is approximately 900 feet south of the Trinity River. Solids generated during wastewater collection and treatment will be disposed of at a permitted landfill.

Attachment A provides a map of the general location of the Facility. Attachment B provides a site map of the Facility, with service area and leach field. Attachment C provides a Facility design layout. Attachment D provides a Facility flow schematic. Attachment E is the Monitoring and Reporting Program.

C. Legal Authorities

This Order serves as Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) pursuant to article 4, chapter 4, division 7 (commencing with section 13260) of the California Water Code (Water Code).

D. Basin Plan

As required by Water Code section 13263(a), these WDRs are crafted to implement the Water Quality Control Plan for the North Coast Region (Basin Plan), and in so doing, the Regional Water Board has taken into consideration the beneficial uses to be protected, the water quality objectives (both numeric and narrative) reasonably required for that purpose, other (including previous) waste discharges, the need to prevent nuisance, and the provisions of Water Code section 13241. The Basin Plan contains implementation plans and policies for protecting waters of the basin. The Basin Plan implements State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) Resolution No. 88-63, which established state policy that all waters, with certain exceptions, should be considered suitable or potentially suitable for municipal or domestic supply. Waste Discharge Requirements ~ 4 ~ Willow Creek Community Services District WWTF Order No. R1-2024-0004

The Basin Plan identifies beneficial uses for each hydrologic area in the Region, as well as for specific waterbodies and broad categories of waters. Protection will be afforded to the present and potential beneficial uses of waters of the North Coast Region as designated and presented in Table 2-1 of the Basin Plan. The beneficial uses of any specifically identified water body generally apply to all its tributaries. Thus, beneficial uses applicable to area groundwater within the Willow Creek Hydrologic Subarea of the Trinity River Hydrologic Unit to be protected are as follows:

- a. Municipal and domestic supply
- b. Agricultural water supply
- c. Industrial service supply
- d. Industrial process supply
- e. Aquaculture
- f. Native American Culture
- g. Freshwater Replenishment

Table 2-1 of the Basin Plan identifies the following existing and potential beneficial uses of surface waters in the Trinity River Hydrologic Unit are as follows:

- a. Municipal and domestic supply
- b. Agricultural supply
- c. Industrial service supply
- d. Industrial process supply
- e. Groundwater recharge
- f. Freshwater replenishment
- g. Navigation
- h. Hydropower generation
- i. Water contact recreation
- j. Non-contact water recreation
- k. Commercial and sport fishing
- I. Cold freshwater habitat
- m. Wildlife habitat
- n. Rare, threatened, or endangered species
- o. Migration of aquatic organisms
- p. Spawning, reproduction, and/or early development
- q. Shellfish harvesting
- r. Aquaculture
- s. Wetland habitat
- t. Water quality enhancement
- u. Flood peak attenuation/ Flood water storage
- v. Native American culture
- w. Subsistence fishing

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E. Water Code

The Water Code establishes the authority for the Regional Water Board to establish water quality objectives, impose discharge prohibitions, and prescribe waste discharge and reclamation requirements. Water Code section 13241 requires each regional board to "establish such water quality objectives in water quality control plans as in its judgment will ensure the reasonable protection of beneficial uses and the prevention of nuisance [...]."

The control of waste is established through effluent limitations and other requirements in Waste Discharge Requirement permits. Water Code section 13243 provides that "A regional board, in a water quality control plan or in waste discharge requirements, may specify certain conditions or areas where the discharge of waste, or certain types of waste, will not be permitted."

Water Code section 13260 establishes regulations associated with the prescription of waste discharge requirements and Water Code Chapter 7 (Wat. Code § 13500 et seq) establishes regulations associated with the prescription of reclamation requirements.

It is the Regional Water Board's intent that this Order shall ensure attainment of water quality standards, applicable water quality objectives, and protection of beneficial uses of receiving waters. This Order therefore requires the Discharger to comply with all prohibitions, discharge specifications, receiving water limitations, standard provisions, and monitoring and reporting requirements. The Order further prohibits discharges from causing violations of water quality objectives or causing conditions to occur that create a condition of nuisance or water quality impairment in receiving waters as a result of the discharge.

F. Title 27 Exemption.

The wastewater treatment, storage, and disposal activities described in this Order are exempt from the requirements of Consolidated Regulations for Treatment, Storage, Processing, or Disposal of Solid Waste in California Code of Regulations, title 27, division 2, Subdivision 1, section 20005, et seq. The activities are exempt from the requirements of title 27 so long as the activity meets, and continues to meet, all preconditions listed below. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 20090.)

 Sewage—Discharges of domestic sewage or treated effluent which are regulated by WDRs issued pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 23, division 3, chapter 9, or for which WDRs have been waived, and which are consistent with applicable water quality objectives, and treatment or storage facilities associated with municipal wastewater treatment plants, provided that residual sludge or solid waste from wastewater treatment facilities shall be discharged only in accordance with the applicable State Water Board promulgated provisions of this division. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 20090(a).)

- 2. Wastewater—Discharges of wastewater to land, including but not limited to evaporation ponds, percolation ponds, or subsurface leach fields if the following conditions are met:
 - **a.** the applicable Regional Water Board has issued WDRs, reclamation requirements, or waived such issuance;
 - **b.** the discharge is in compliance with the applicable water quality control plan; and
 - **c.** the wastewater does not need to be managed according to, California Code of Regulations, title 22, division 4.5, chapter 11, as a hazardous waste. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 20090(b).
- **3.** Soil Amendments—Use of nonhazardous decomposable waste as a soil amendment pursuant to applicable best management practices (BMPs), provided that regional water boards may issue waste discharge or reclamation requirements for such use. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 20090(f).)

G. Antidegradation Policy

State Water Board Resolution 68-16, the Statement of Policy with Respect to Maintaining High Quality Waters of California (hereafter the Antidegradation Policy) requires the disposal of waste be regulated to achieve the highest water quality consistent with the maximum benefit to the people of the state. The Regional Water Board's Basin Plan implements, and incorporates by reference, the State antidegradation policy. The Antidegradation Policy applies when a discharge may degrade high quality waters ^[1] and requires the following:

- 1. Higher quality water will be maintained until it has been demonstrated to the state that any change will be consistent with the maximum benefit to the people of the state, will not unreasonably affect present and anticipated beneficial use of the water, and will not result in water quality less than prescribed in the policies.
- 2. Any activity that produces a waste and discharges to existing high quality waters will be required to meet Waste Discharge Requirements that will result in the best practicable treatment or control of the discharge necessary to assure pollution or nuisance will not occur, and the highest water quality

^[1] The Board interprets "high quality waters" as the best water quality that has existed since the Policy was adopted in 1968 after considering any subsequently authorized degradation that has been allowed in compliance with the Policy.

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consistent with the maximum benefit to the people of the state will be maintained.

This Order allows discharge to groundwater considered high quality groundwater for nitrogen, Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), and coliform organisms and is considered a potential source of drinking water consistent with SWRCB Resolution No. 88-63 Sources of Drinking Water. This Order is consistent with Resolution No. 68-16 because implementation of the Order will result in Best Practicable Treatment or Control of the discharge and lead to a net benefit to water quality by providing a higher level of treatment and control than individual septic systems, some of which are failing due to age and poor site conditions.

Best Practicable Treatment and Control at this facility consists of a new wastewater collection system, treatment plant, and subsurface disposal leach field. Treatment will consist of solids settling in septic tanks and recirculating this primary treated effluent through an Orenco Advantex treatment plant. Secondary treated effluent will be conveyed to a leach field sized to provide redundancy and to provide a minimum separation from groundwater of about 4 feet. The manner of waste treatment and disposal are consistent with the manner of treatment and disposal at similarly situated facilities. This Order contains discharge prohibitions, effluent limitations, receiving water limitations, monitoring requirements, and a requirement for the Discharger to assess whether the discharge is affecting groundwater quality. These provisions will ensure that the discharge does not result in exceedances of water quality standards and is protective of beneficial uses of groundwater and surface waters within the Trinity River Hydrologic Unit.

Limited degradation of groundwater by some waste constituents associated with municipal wastewater effluent, after effective source control, treatment, and control measures are implemented, is consistent with the maximum benefit to the people of the state. The technology, energy and waste management advantages of centralized wastewater treatment systems far exceed any benefits derived from reliance on numerous, concentrated individual wastewater systems, and the cumulative impact on water quality will be substantially less. The economic prosperity of a small, disadvantaged community and associated industry is of maximum benefit to the people of the state and provides sufficient justification for allowing the limited groundwater degradation that may occur pursuant to this Order provided the terms of the Basin Plan, and other applicable State Water Board and Regional Water Board policies are consistently met.

Constituents of concern that have the potential to degrade groundwater include salinity, nutrients, and pathogens (represented by coliform organisms). In addition, excessive Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) loading of the leach field may result in nuisance odors or anaerobic conditions, which are not favorable biological treatment conditions. This Order includes effluent limits for nitrogen and BOD, and monitoring requirements to assess the concentration of nitrogen, TDS, and

coliform organisms in groundwater to ensure that the best practicable treatment and control measures are effective and protective of beneficial uses of groundwater. This Order includes requirements to develop and implement a source control program to prevent toxic pollutants from passing through or interfering with the operation of the wastewater treatment system.

H. Groundwater Protection

Resolution No. R1-2022-0040 acknowledges the Regional Water Board is committed to the protection of high-quality groundwater and the restoration of degraded groundwater to support all beneficial uses now and in the future especially given increasing reliance on groundwater in the North Coast Region. Groundwater supplies in the North Coast Region are currently beneficially used for: 1) drinking water, sanitation, and hygiene consistent with the Human Right to Water described in Regional Water Board Resolution No. R1-2019-0024; 2) agriculture and industry which are major economic drivers in the region, 3) Native American ceremonies and traditions; 4) aquaculture operations; and 5) replenishment of flows to streams (e.g. contribution to instream flows) to maintain beneficial uses of surface water, especially cold freshwater habitat, migration of aquatic specifics, wildlife habitat, and spawning, reproduction, and early development of fish.

I. Human Right to Water

It is the policy of the State of California that every human being has the right to safe, clean, affordable, and accessible water adequate for human consumption, cooking, and sanitary purposes (Wat. Code §106.3, subd. (a)). State Water Board Resolution No. 2016-0010 identifies the human right to water as a top priority and core value of the State and Regional Water Boards and affirms the Water Boards' commitment to consider how its activities impact and advance the human right to safe, affordable and clean water to support basic human needs. The Safe Drinking Water Act provides that all Californians have a right to pure and safe drinking water (Health & Safety Code § 116270, subd. (a)). This Order promotes these policies by requiring the Discharger to handle and dispose of waste in a manner that will protect water quality objectives, including those that protect drinking water supplies.

J. Endangered Species Act

This Order does not authorize any act that results in the taking of a threatened or endangered species or any act that is now prohibited, or becomes prohibited in the future, under either the California Endangered Species Act (Fish and Game Code sections 2050 to 2097) or the Federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C.A sections 1531 to 1544). The Discharger is responsible for meeting all requirements of the applicable Endangered Species Act. Waste Discharge Requirements ~ 9 ~ Willow Creek Community Services District WWTF Order No. R1-2024-0004

K. Recycled Water

The State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) adopted the Policy for Water Quality Control for Recycled Water (Recycled Water Policy) on February 3, 2009, and then amended the Policy on January 22, 2013. The State Water Board approved a second amendment to the Recycled Water Policy on December 11, 2018, with an effective date of April 8, 2019. This Order implements the Recycled Water Policy by requiring the Discharger to report the volume of treated wastewater discharged to the leach field.

It is the intent of the Recycled Water Policy that salts and nutrients from all sources be managed on a basin-wide or watershed-wide basis in a manner that ensures attainment of water quality objectives and protection of beneficial uses. The State Water Board found that the appropriate way to address salt and nutrient management is through developing regional or sub-regional salt and nutrient management plans rather than through imposing requirements solely on individual projects. The Recycled Water Policy calls for the development of locally driven and controlled collaborative processes open to all stakeholders that will prepare salt and nutrient management plans for each basin/sub-basin in California.

The Regional Water Board finds that a combination of regional management plans and individual or programmatic project requirements are necessary to protect beneficial uses. The Recycled Water Policy recognizes the fact that some groundwater basins in the state contain salts and nutrients that exceed or threaten to exceed water quality objectives in the applicable Basin Plans and that not all Basin Plans include adequate implementation procedures for achieving or ensuring compliance with the water quality objectives for salt or nutrients. However, in the absence of an approved salt and nutrient management plan (SNMP), the Regional Water Board may impose specific requirements to ensure the preservation and maintenance of high-quality groundwater. This Order does not include water recycling requirements.

L. Monitoring and Reporting

Water Code section 13267 authorizes the Regional Water Board to require technical and monitoring reports. The Monitoring and Reporting Program establishes monitoring and reporting requirements to implement State requirements. The Monitoring and Reporting Program is necessary to determine compliance with the conditions of this Order and to determine the discharges impacts, if any, on groundwater. As such, the burden, including costs, of this monitoring bears a reasonable relationship to the need for that information and the benefits to be obtained from that information. This Monitoring and Reporting Program is provided in Attachment E. The Executive Officer of the Regional Water Board is delegated the authority to modify the Monitoring and Reporting Program, as determined appropriate to protect water quality. Waste Discharge Requirements $\sim 10 \sim$ Willow Creek Community Services District WWTF Order No. R1-2024-0004

M. California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

Pursuant to CEQA, an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) was prepared in September 2015, and a Notice of Determination was completed by the Discharger on September 24, 2015, certifying that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment. An EIR Addendum was prepared in April 2016, and a Notice of Determination was completed by the Discharger on May 5, 2016, certifying that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment. An additional EIR Addendum was prepared in July 2021, and a Notice of Determination was completed by the Discharger on July 22, 2021, certifying that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment. Pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15096, as a responsible agency under CEQA, the Regional Water Board has reviewed and considered the environmental documentation prepared by the lead agency and finds that none of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations title 14, section 15162 have occurred such that preparation of additional environmental documents pursuant to CEQA is required.

The Regional Water Board will file a Notice of Determination in accordance with California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15094 following adoption of this Order.

N. Notification of Interested Parties

The Regional Water Board has notified the Discharger and interested agencies and persons of its intent to prescribe Waste Discharge Requirements for the discharge and has provided them with an opportunity to submit their written comments and recommendations.

O. Consideration of Public Comment

The Regional Water Board provided a 30-day written comment period and in a public meeting, heard and considered all comments pertaining to the discharge.

P. Petition of Action

Any person aggrieved by this action of the Regional Water Board may petition the State Water Board to review the action in accordance with Water Code section 13320 and California Code of Regulations, title 23, sections 2050 and following. The State Water Board must receive the petition by 5:00 p.m., 30 days after the date of this Order, except that if the thirtieth day following the date of this Order falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday, the petition must be received by the State Water Board by 5:00 p.m. on the next business day. <u>Copies of the law and regulations applicable to filing petitions</u> may be found on the Internet at the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board Website for notices or will be

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> provided upon request. (https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/public_notices/petitions/water_quality/)

Q. AB 2108 Requirements

The Regional Water Board publicly noticed the Order and provided opportunities for public comment. Public notice was provided to interested persons and public agencies in the region with jurisdiction over natural resources in the affected area, including the Humboldt County Health Department. The Regional Water Board conducted outreach in potentially affected disadvantaged communities. As noted above, this is a new facility and the cumulative benefit of a centralized wastewater treatment system that will replace numerous, concentrated individual wastewater systems is expected to result in a net benefit to water quality within the community. The Order does not contain a compliance schedule for meeting applicable water quality objectives, all requirements must be met upon Order adoption. Accordingly, the discharge regulated by this Order is not expected to result in a disproportionate impact to tribal or disadvantaged communities. The Regional Water Board has satisfied the outreach requirements set forth in Water Code section 189.7.

R. DISCHARGE PROHIBITIONS

- **A.** The discharge of waste to the Trinity River and its tributaries is prohibited.
- **B.** The discharge of any waste not disclosed by the Discharger or not within the reasonable contemplation of the Regional Water Board is prohibited.
- **C.** Creation of pollution, contamination, or nuisance as defined by section 13050 of the Water Code is prohibited.
- **D.** The discharge of untreated or partially treated waste (receiving a lower level of treatment than described in Finding II.B from anywhere within the collection, treatment, or disposal system is prohibited.
- **E.** The discharge of waste to land that is not owned by or under agreement to use by the Discharger is prohibited.
- **F.** The discharge of waste at any point not described in Table 2 or authorized by a permit issued by the State Water Board or Regional Water Board is prohibited.
- **G.** The average daily dry weather flow (ADDWF) of waste through the Facility shall not exceed 0.038 mgd. Compliance with this prohibition shall be determined as defined in section IX.B of this Order.

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- **H.** Discharges of waste that violate any narrative or numerical water quality objective are prohibited.
- I. The acceptance of trucked waste such as septage or other bulk high-strength wastes to a location other than an approved trucked waste receiving station and in accordance with a trucked waste management program approved by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer is prohibited.
- J. Discharge of waste classified as "hazardous," as defined in title 23, section 2521 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR), or classified as "designated," as defined in Water Code section 13173, is prohibited.
- **K.** The presence of surfacing effluent from leach field areas is prohibited.

S. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

A. The Discharger shall maintain compliance with the following effluent limitations for the discharge of treated wastewater to the leach field, with compliance measured at Monitoring Location EFF-001 as described in the Monitoring and Reporting Program.

Parameter	Units	Average Monthly Effluent Limitation	Maximum Daily Effluent Limitation	Instantaneous Minimum Effluent Limitation	Instantaneous Maximum Effluent Limitation
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5- day @ 20°C)	mg/L	50	80		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	50	80		
Settleable Solids	ml/L	0.1	0.2		
рН	Standard units			6.5	8.5
Nitrogen, Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	13	20		

Table 4. Effluent Limitations

T. OTHER SPECIFICATIONS

- **A. Winter Months.** The Facility shall have sufficient treatment, storage, and disposal to accommodate allowable wastewater flow, design seasonal precipitation, and ancillary infiltration and inflow during the winter months.
- **B. Objectionable Odor.** The Discharger shall prevent objectionable odors originating at the Facility from being perceivable beyond the limits of the wastewater treatment and disposal areas.
- **C. Discharge.** No waste constituent shall be released, discharged, or placed where it will be released or discharged in a concentration or in a mass that causes violation of the Basin Plan's water quality objectives for groundwater.
- **D. Public Contact.** The Discharger shall preclude or control public contact with wastewater through such means as fences and signs, or other applicable alternatives.
- **E. Vector Control.** The Discharger shall manage the Facility and effluent disposal area to prevent the breeding of mosquitos.
- F. Technical Reports. All technical reports required herein that involve planning, investigation, evaluation, or design, or other work requiring interpretation and proper application of engineering or geologic sciences, shall be prepared by or under the direction of person registered to practice in California pursuant to California Business and Professions Code (sections 6735, 7835, and 7835.1). To demonstrate compliance with sections 415 and 3065 of title 16, CCR, all technical reports shall contain a statement of the qualifications of the responsible registered professional(s). As required by these laws, completed technical reports shall bear the signature(s) and seal(s) of the registered professional(s) in a manner that demonstrates that all work can be clearly attributed to the professional responsible for the work.

U. SOLIDS HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sludge, as used in this Order, means the solid, semisolid, and liquid residues removed during primary and secondary wastewater treatment processes. Solid waste refers to grit and screenings generated during preliminary treatment. Biosolids refers to sludge that has been treated, tested, and demonstrated to be capable of being beneficially and legally used pursuant to federal and state regulations as a soil amendment for agriculture, silviculture, horticulture, and land reclamation activities.
- **B.** All collected sludges and other solid waste removed from liquid wastes shall be removed from screens, sumps, ponds, and tanks as needed to ensure

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optimal plant operation and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal and State regulations.

- **C.** All biosolids generated by the Discharger shall be used or disposed of in compliance with the applicable portions of 40 C.F.R. 257, 258, and 503. The Discharger is responsible for assuring that all biosolids produced at the Facility are used or disposed of in accordance with these rules, whether the Discharger uses or disposes of the biosolids itself or transfers them to another party for further treatment and use or disposal. The Discharger is responsible for informing subsequent preparers, appliers, and disposers of the requirements that they shall meet under these rules, and any monitoring requirements, including required frequencies of monitoring and maximum hold times for pathogen and indicator organism samples.
- D. Sludge or biosolids that are disposed of in a municipal solid waste landfill or used as daily landfill cover shall meet the applicable requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 258. In the annual self-monitoring report, the Discharger shall report the amount of sludge placed in a landfill and the landfill(s) which received the sludge or biosolids.
- **E.** The Discharger shall take all reasonable steps to prevent and minimize any sludge use or disposal in violation of this Order that may adversely affect human health or the environment.
- F. The treatment, storage, transport, disposal and/or application of sludge or biosolids shall not cause or threaten to cause pollution or nuisance, such as objectionable odors or flies, and shall not adversely affect beneficial uses of groundwater or cause an exceedance of any applicable Basin Plan water quality objectives for groundwater or surface water.
- **G.** Solids and sludge treatment and storage sites shall have facilities adequate to divert surface water runoff from adjacent areas, to protect the boundaries of the site from erosion, and to prevent drainage from the storage site. Adequate protection is defined as protection from at least a 100-year storm with a 100-year recurrence interval and 24-hour duration.
- **H.** The treatment and storage of sludge and solids shall not cause waste material to be in a position where it is, or can be, conveyed from the treatment or storage site and deposited in waters of the state.
- I. Residual sludge and solid waste shall be disposed of in a manner approved by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer and consistent with requirements in title 27, division 2 of the CCR (Consolidated Requirements for Treatment, Storage, Processing, or Disposal of Solid Waste).

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- **J.** For the land application of biosolids as soil amendment, the Discharger shall submit a report of waste discharge or the Discharger may dispose of biosolids at another appropriately permitted facility.
- **K.** If biosolids are stored for over two years from the time they are generated by the Discharger or their contractor, the Discharger shall submit a written notification to U.S. EPA with the information in 40 C.F.R. part 503.20 (b), demonstrating the need for longer temporary storage.

V. RECEIVING WATER LIMITATIONS

1. Groundwater Limitations

- The collection, treatment, storage, and disposal of wastewater shall not cause or contribute to degradation of groundwater quality unless a technical evaluation is performed that demonstrates that any degradation that could reasonably be expected to occur, after implementation of all regulatory requirements (e.g., Basin Plan) and reasonable best practicable treatment and control, will not violate groundwater quality objectives or cause impacts to beneficial uses of groundwater.
- 2. The collection, treatment, storage and disposal of the treated wastewater shall not cause or contribute to levels of chemical constituents in groundwater that exceed the primary and secondary maximum contaminant levels specified in California Code of Regulations, title 22, Table 64431-A, Table 64444-A, Table 64449-A, and Table 64449-B. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 22, § 64444 and § 64449.).
- **3.** The collection, treatment, storage, and disposal of the treated wastewater shall not cause or contribute to levels of radionuclides in groundwater in excess of the limits specified in California Code of Regulations, title 22, Table 64442 and Table 64443. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 22, § 64442, and § 64443.).
- **4.** The collection, treatment, storage, and disposal of wastewater shall not cause groundwater to contain taste- or odor-producing substances in concentrations that cause nuisance or adversely affect beneficial uses.
- 5. The collection, treatment, storage and disposal of the treated wastewater shall not cause the median concentration of coliform organisms over any 7day period to exceed 1.1 MPN per 100 milliliters or 1 colony per 100 milliliters in groundwater used or potentially used for domestic and municipal supply (MUN).
- **6.** The collection, treatment, storage, and disposal of wastewater shall not cause groundwater to contain toxic substances in concentrations that are toxic to, or that produce detrimental physiological responses in humans, or that

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> adversely affects beneficial uses. This limitation applies regardless of whether the toxicity is caused by a single substance or the synergistic effect of multiple substances.

2. General Provisions

Failure to comply with provisions or requirements of this Order, may subject the Discharger to administrative or civil liabilities, criminal penalties, and/or other enforcement remedies. Additionally, certain violations may subject the Discharger to civil or criminal enforcement from appropriate local, state, or federal law enforcement entities. The Discharger shall comply with the following provisions:

a) Availability

A copy of this Order and the associated Monitoring and Reporting Program shall be maintained at the Facility and be available at all times to operating personnel.

b) Enforcement

The Discharger shall operate and maintain the Facility as described in this Order. Violation of any requirements contained in this Order subject the Discharger to enforcement action, including administrative civil liability or civil liability, under the Water Code.

c) Severability

Provisions of these waste discharge requirements are severable. If any provision of these requirements is found invalid, the remainder of these requirements shall not be affected.

d) Sanitary Sewer Overflows

On May 2, 2006, the State Water Board adopted State Water Board Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ, Statewide General WDRs for Sanitary Sewer Systems. Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ requires that all public agencies that currently own or operate sanitary sewer systems apply for coverage under the General WDRs by November 2, 2006. On September 9, 2013, the State Water Board adopted Order No. WQ-2013-0058-EXEC amending Monitoring and Reporting Program for Statewide General Waste Discharge Requirements for Sanitary Sewer Systems. The Discharger shall apply for coverage under Order Nos. 2006-0003-DWQ and WQ-2013-0058-EXEC and any future revisions thereto for operation of its wastewater collection system.

On December 6, 2022, the State Water Board adopted State Water Board Order No. 2022-0103-DWQ, Statewide Waste Discharge Requirements General Order For Sanitary Sewer Systems. Order No. 2022-0103-DWQ requires that all public

agencies that currently own or operate sanitary sewer systems certify and continue coverage under Order No. 2022-0103-DWQ within 60 days prior to the effective date of the Order.

e) Operation and Maintenance

- 1. The Discharger shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of collection, treatment, and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed or used by the Discharger to achieve compliance with this Order. Proper operation and maintenance includes adequate laboratory control and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems that are installed by a Discharger only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this Order.
- 2. The Discharger shall maintain an updated Operation and Maintenance Manual (O&M Manual) for the operational components of the Facility. The Discharger shall update the O&M Manual, as necessary, to conform to changes in operation and maintenance of the Facility. O&M Manual revisions shall be submitted to the Regional Water Board upon any changes or modifications to the WWTF process and /or its operations. The Discharger shall operate and maintain the Facility in accordance with the most recently updated O&M Manual. The O&M Manual shall be readily available to operating personnel on-site and for review by state inspectors.
- **3.** A preventive maintenance program shall be maintained for the Facility to ensure all equipment is kept in a reliable operating condition.

f) Source Control Provisions

The Discharger shall perform source control functions and provide a summary of source control activities conducted in the Discharger's Annual Report (due March 1st of each year). Source control functions and requirements shall include the following:

- 1. Implement the necessary legal authorities to monitor and enforce source control standards, restrict discharges of toxic materials to the collection system and inspect facilities connected to the system.
- 2. If waste haulers are allowed to discharge to the Facility, establish a waste hauler permit system, to be approved by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer, to regulate waste haulers discharging to the collection system or Facility.

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- **3.** Perform public outreach to educate industrial, commercial, and residential users about the importance of preventing discharges of industrial and toxic wastes to the collection system or Facility
- **4.** Perform ongoing inspections and monitoring, as necessary, to ensure adequate source control.

g) Change in Discharge

The Discharger shall promptly report to the Regional Water Board any material change in the character, location, or volume of the discharge.

h) Change in Control or Ownership

Prior to any change in control or ownership of land or waste discharge facilities presently owned or controlled by the Discharger, the Discharger shall notify the Regional Water Board of such changes in writing, and shall also notify the succeeding owner or operator of the existence of this Order and current compliance status in writing.

The succeeding owner or operator, in order to obtain authorization for discharges regulated by this Order, must apply in writing to the Regional Water Board Executive Officer, requesting transfer of the Order. This request must include complete identification of the new owner or operator, the reasons for the change, and effective date of the change.

i) Vested Rights

This Order does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privileges. The requirements prescribed herein do not authorize the commission of any act causing injury to persons or property, nor protect the Discharger from liability under federal, state, or local laws, nor create a vested right for the Discharger to continue the waste discharge.

j) Monitoring and Reporting

The Discharger shall comply with the Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP) and any modifications to these documents as specified by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer. Chemical, bacteriological, and bioassay analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the State of California Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program. The Discharger may analyze pollutants with short hold times (e.g., pH, chlorine residual, etc.) with field equipment or its on-site laboratory provided that the Discharger complies with the specifications in the MRP. The Discharger shall comply with the MRP in Attachment E of this Order and any future revisions thereto.

k) Records Retention

The Discharger shall maintain records of all operating and monitoring information required by this Order, including calibration and maintenance records and all strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, analyses specified in the MRP in Attachment E of this Order, records of operational problems, plant and equipment breakdowns, diversions to emergency storage or disposal, and all corrective or preventive action(s) taken, copies of all reports required by this Order, and records of all data used to complete the application for this Order, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended upon notification of extension by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer.

I) Signatory Requirements

All reports shall be signed by persons identified below:

- **1.** For a corporation: by a principal executive officer of at least the level of senior vice-president.
- **2.** For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor.
- **3.** For a municipality, state, federal or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected or appointed official.
- **4.** A duly authorized representative of a person designated in L1, L2 or L3 of this requirement if;
 - **a.** the authorization is made in writing by a person described in L1, L2 or L3 of this requirement;
 - b. the authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a waste management unit, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position);
 - **c.** the written authorization is submitted to the Regional Water Board prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications signed by the authorized representative.

Any person signing a document under paragraph (a) or (b) of this provision shall make the following certification:

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> "I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted, is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that significant penalties may be assessed for submitting false information."

m) Inspections

The Discharger shall permit authorized staff of the Regional Water Board the following:

- 1. Entrance to the premises in which treatment, collection or management of waste occurs, where an effluent source is located or in which any records required by this Order are kept;
- **2.** Access to inspect and copy any monitoring equipment or records required for compliance with terms and conditions of this Order; and
- **3.** Access to sample any discharge or monitoring location associated with the Facility.

n) Noncompliance

In the event the Discharger is unable to comply with any of the conditions of this Order due to breakdown of waste treatment equipment, accidents caused by human error or negligence, or other causes such as acts of nature, the Discharger shall notify Regional Water Board staff by telephone as soon as it or its agents have knowledge of the incident and confirm this notification in writing within five (5) business days of the telephone notification. The written notification shall include pertinent information explaining reasons for the noncompliance and shall indicate the steps taken to correct the problem and the dates thereof, and the steps being taken to prevent the problem from recurring.

o) Revision of Requirements

The Regional Water Board will review this Order periodically and may revise requirements when necessary. For example, if groundwater monitoring indicates that actual concentrations of nitrogen in groundwater are greater than 10 mg/L, then the effluent limitations for nitrogen will be reassessed and the Order may be reopened to include a more protective effluent limitation for nitrogen.

p) Operator Certification

Supervisors and operators of wastewater treatment plants shall possess a certificate of appropriate grade in accordance with title 23, California Code of Regulations, section 3680. The State Water Board may accept experience in lieu of qualification training. In lieu of a properly certified wastewater treatment plant operator, the State Water Board may approve use of a water treatment plant operator of appropriate grade certified by the State Water Board Division of Drinking Water where water reclamation is involved.

The Discharger must always provide a sufficient number of qualified personnel to operate the Facility effectively to achieve the required level of treatment. Qualified personnel must be those meeting requirements of Division 7, Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 13625) of the California Water Code.

q) Adequate Capacity

If the Discharger's wastewater treatment plant will reach capacity within 4 years, the Discharger shall notify the Regional Water Board. A copy of such notification shall be sent to appropriate local elected officials, local permitting agencies, and the press. Factors to be evaluated in assessing reserve capacity shall include, at a minimum, (1) comparison of the wet weather design flow with the highest daily flow, and (2) comparison of the average dry weather design flow with the lowest 30-day flow. The Discharger shall demonstrate that adequate steps are being taken to address the capacity problem. The Discharger shall submit a technical report to the Regional Water Board showing how flow volumes will be prevented from exceeding capacity, or how capacity will be increased, within 120 days after providing notification to the Regional Water Board, or within 120 days after receipt of Regional Water Board notification, that the Facility will reach capacity within 4 years. The time for filing the required technical report may be extended by the Regional Water Board. An extension of 30 days may be granted by the Executive Officer, and longer extensions may be granted by the Regional Water Board itself (Cal. Code of Regs., tit. 23, § 2232).

r) Special Study to Evaluate the Potential Impact to Surface Water and Groundwater

The Discharger shall conduct an evaluation to confirm that the discharge of treated municipal wastewater from the Facility complies with the groundwater limitations set forth in section VII.A. of this Order and does not threaten the beneficial uses of the Trinity River. At a minimum, the evaluation must include preparation and submission of a scope of work that describes the proposed investigative work to be undertaken, a final work plan that includes work tasks and milestones to complete the evaluation, and a final report that presents the results and conclusion of the evaluation. In the event that the final report concludes that the discharge is not attaining groundwater limitations, or threatens the beneficial

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uses of the Trinity River, the Discharger shall submit a work plan with a proposed compliance schedule to bring the discharge into compliance as soon as practicable.

The scope of work shall be submitted to the Regional Water Board Executive Officer for approval within 24 months after Order adoption. The final work plan shall be submitted for approval by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer within 12 months after approval of the preliminary scope of work. The final report shall be submitted for approval by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer within 24 months after approval of the final work plan.

s) Disaster Preparedness Assessment Report and Action Plan

Natural disasters, extreme weather events, sea level rise, and shifting precipitation patterns, some of which are projected to intensify due to climate change, have significant implications for wastewater treatment and operations. Some natural disasters are expected to become more frequent and extreme according to the current science on climate change. In order to ensure that Facility operations are not disrupted, compliance with conditions of this Order are achieved, and receiving waters are not adversely impacted by permitted and unpermitted discharges, the Discharger shall submit a Disaster Preparedness Assessment Report and Action Plan to the Regional Water Board by **June 1, 2026**, for Executive Officer review and approval.

The Discharger shall: (1) conduct an assessment of the wastewater treatment facility, operations, collection, and discharge systems to determine areas of short and long-term vulnerabilities related to natural disasters and extreme weather, and other conditions projected by climate change science, if applicable; the assessment shall consider, as applicable, impacts to plant operations due to changing influent and receiving water quality, storm surges, fires, floods, earthquakes, back-to-back severe storms, and other extreme conditions that pose a risk to plant operations and water quality; (2) identify control measures needed to protect, improve, and maintain wastewater infrastructure, waste discharge compliance, and receiving water guality in the event of a natural disaster or, if applicable, under conditions resulting from climate change; (3) develop a schedule to implement necessary control measures. Control measures shall include, but are not limited to, emergency procedures, contingency plans, alarm/notification systems, training, backup power and equipment, and the need for planned mitigations to ameliorate potential risks associated with extreme weather events and changing conditions resulting from climate change; and (4) implement the necessary control measures per the approved schedule of implementation.

t) Compliance Determination

Compliance with this Order will be determined as specified below.

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i. Multiple Sample Data

When determining compliance with an average effluent limitation, and more than one sample result is available, the Discharger shall compute the arithmetic mean unless the data set contains one or more reported determinations of "Detected, but Not Quantified" (DNQ) or "Not Detected" (ND). In those cases, the Discharger shall compute the median in place of the arithmetic mean in accordance with the following procedure:

- 1. The data set shall be ranked from low to high, ranking the ND concentrations lowest, DNQ determinations next, followed by quantified values (if any). The order of the individual ND and DNQ determinations is not important.
- 2. The median value of the data set shall be determined. If the data set has an odd number of data points, then the median is the middle value. If the data set has an even number of data points, the median is the average of the two middle values, unless one or both of the points are ND or DNQ, in which case a value of zero shall be used for the ND or DNQ value in the median calculation for compliance purposes only. Using a value of zero for DNQ or ND samples does not apply when performing reasonable potential or antidegradation analyses.

ii. Average Daily Dry Weather Flow (ADDWF)

Compliance with the ADDWF prohibition in section III.H of this Order will be determined each calendar year by evaluating all flow data collected in a calendar year. The flow through the Facility, measured daily and averaged monthly, must be 0.038 mgd or less, for the month with the lowest average monthly flow.

iii. Average Weekly Effluent Limitation (AWEL)

- 1. The arithmetic mean of all samples collected in a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all samples in a calendar week divided by the number of samples. If only one sample is collected in a calendar week, that sample result will constitute the weekly average and daily maximum results for the purpose of determining compliance with effluent limitations.
- 2. If the average of daily discharges over a calendar week exceeds the AMEL for a given parameter, this will represent a single violation, though the Discharger will be considered out of compliance for each day of that week for that parameter (e.g., resulting in 7 days of non-compliance in a 7-day week).

If only a single sample is taken during the calendar week and the analytical results for that sample exceeds the AMEL, the Discharger will be considered out of compliance for that calendar week. The Discharger will only be considered out of compliance for days when the discharge occurs. For any

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one calendar week during which no sample (daily discharge) is taken, no compliance determination can be made for that calendar week.

iv. Maximum Daily Effluent Limitation (MDEL)

If a discharge (or when applicable, the median determined by subsection A, above, for multiple sample data of a daily discharge) exceeds the MDEL for a given parameter, the Discharger will be considered out of compliance for that parameter for that one day only within the reporting period. For any one day during which no sample is taken, no compliance determination can be made for that day.

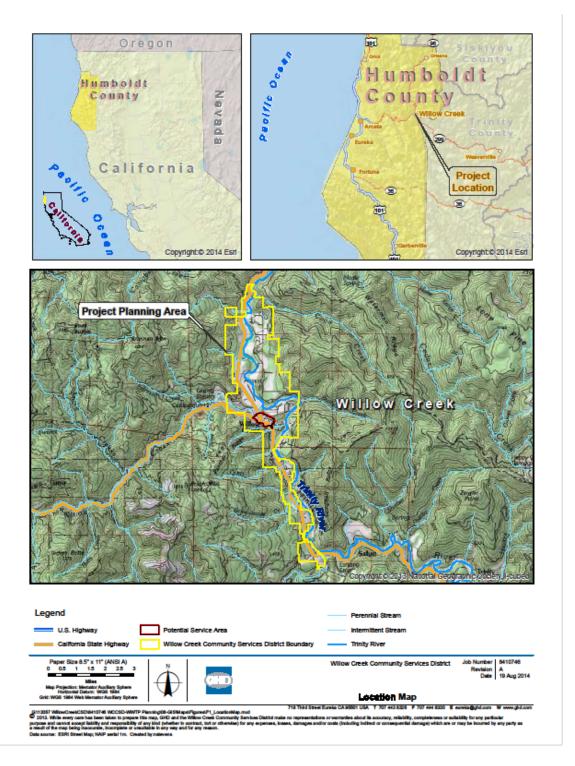
v. Instantaneous Minimum Effluent Limitations

If the analytical result of a single grab sample is lower than the instantaneous minimum effluent limitation for a parameter, the Discharger will be considered out of compliance for that parameter for that single sample. Non-compliance for each sample will be considered separately (e.g., the results of two grab samples taken within a calendar day that both are lower than the instantaneous minimum effluent limitation would result in two instances of non-compliance with the instantaneous minimum effluent limitation).

vi. Instantaneous Maximum Effluent Limitations

If the analytical result of a single grab sample is higher than the instantaneous maximum effluent limitation for a parameter, the Discharger will be considered out of compliance for that parameter for that single sample. Non-compliance for each sample will be considered separately (e.g., the results of two grab samples taken within a calendar day that both exceed the instantaneous maximum effluent limitation would result in two instances of non-compliance with the instantaneous maximum effluent limitation).

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vii. GENERAL LOCATION MAP

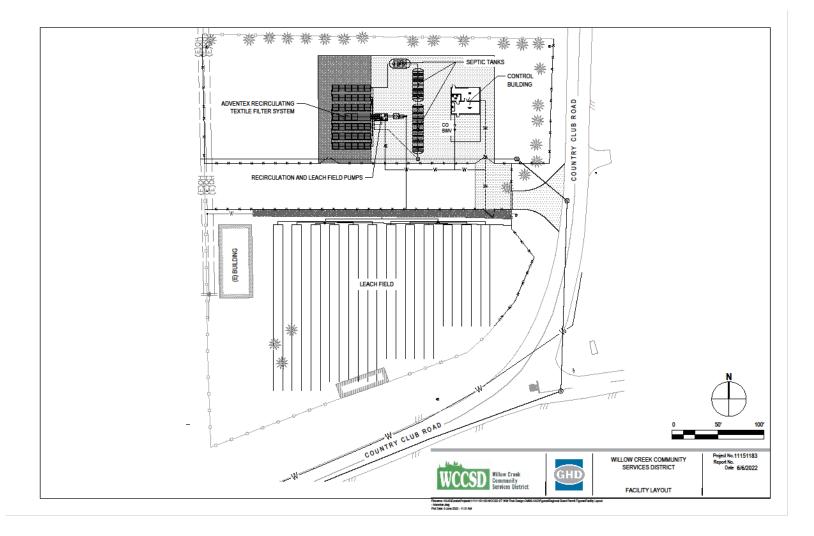
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viii. FACILITY SERVICE AREA



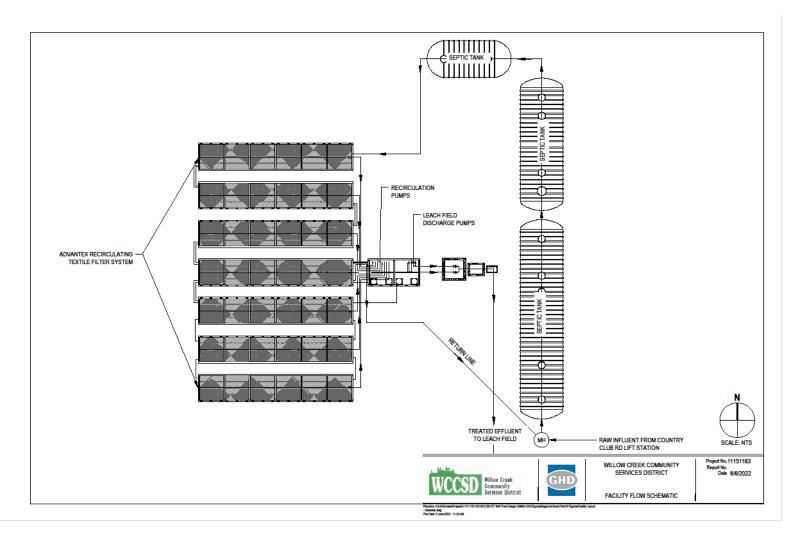
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ix. FACILITY DESIGN LAYOUT



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x. FACILITY FLOW SCHEMATIC



xi. MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. R1-2024-0004

This MRP is issued pursuant to California Water Code (Water Code) section 13267 which authorizes the Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Water Board) to require technical and monitoring reports. The technical and monitoring reports required by this Order are necessary to ensure compliance with the Order No. R1-2023-0002 and to protect human health and waters of the state. The costs of the technical or monitoring reports required by this Order bear a reasonable relationship to the need for these reports and the benefit to be gained by these reports.

This MRP establishes monitoring and reporting requirements, which are necessary to assure the discharges of waste that could impact water quality complies with waste discharge requirements and water quality objectives. This MRP may be modified, as necessary by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer. Pursuant to Water Code section 13268, failure to submit the report(s) as described by this Order is a misdemeanor and may subject the Discharger to an administrative civil liability if the reports are not received by the deadline.

xii. GENERAL MONITORING PROVISIONS

A. Wastewater Monitoring Provision

Composite samples may be taken by a proportional sampling device or by grab samples composited in proportion to flow. In compositing grab samples, the sampling interval shall not exceed 1 hour.

B. Supplemental Monitoring Provision

If the Discharger monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this Order, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the monthly and annual self-monitoring reports.

C. Laboratory Certification

Laboratories analyzing monitoring samples shall be certified by the State of California Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP), in accordance with Water Code section 13176, and must include quality assurance/quality control data with their reports. The Discharger may analyze pollutants with short hold times (e.g., pH, chlorine residual, etc.) with field equipment or its on-site laboratory provided that the Discharger has written standard operating procedures (SOPs) that identify quality assurance/quality control procedures to be followed to ensure accurate results. The Discharger shall keep a manual onsite containing the steps followed in this program and must demonstrate sufficient capability to adequately perform these field tests (e.g., qualified and trained employees, properly calibrated and maintained field instruments). The program shall conform to approved guidelines or procedures (i.e., U.S. EPA, Standard Methods, etc.).

D. Minimum Levels

Compliance and reasonable potential monitoring analyses shall be conducted using commercially available and reasonably achievable detection limits that are lower than the applicable effluent limitation. If no minimum level (ML) value is below the effluent limitation, the lowest ML shall be selected as the reporting level (RL).

E. Monitoring Equipment Provision

All monitoring and analysis instruments and devices used by the Discharger to fulfill this MRP shall be properly maintained and calibrated as recommended by the manufacturer to ensure their continued accuracy. All flow measurement devices shall be calibrated no less than the manufacturer's recommended intervals or one-year intervals (whichever comes first), to ensure continued accuracy of the devices.

F. Sample Documentation

All samples shall be representative of the volume and nature of the discharge or matrix of material sampled. The name of the sampler, sample type (grab or composite), time, date, location, bottle type, and any preservative used for each sample shall be recorded on the sample chain of custody form. The chain of custody form must also contain all custody information including date, time, and to whom samples were relinquished. If composite samples are collected, the basis for sampling (time or flow weighted) shall be approved by Regional Water Board staff.

G. Field Test Instruments

Field test instruments (such as those used to test pH, dissolved oxygen, and electrical conductivity) may be used provided that they are used by an ELAP certified laboratory or:

- 1. The user is trained in proper use and maintenance of the instruments;
- **2.** The instruments are field calibrated prior to monitoring events at the frequency recommended by the manufacturer;
- **3.** Instruments are serviced by the manufacturer or authorized representative at the recommended frequency; and
- **4.** Field calibration reports are maintained and available for at least three years.

H. Duplicative Monitoring Requirements

If monitoring requirements listed below duplicate existing monitoring requirements under other orders including WDRs or waivers of WDRs, then duplication of sampling and monitoring activities are not required if the monitoring activity satisfies the requirements of this MRP. In addition to submitting the results under another order, the results shall be submitted in the reports required by this MRP.

I. Approved Test Methods

All monitoring must be conducted using approved test methods or other test methods specified in this MRP.

J. Sampling Method

Collecting composite samples is acceptable in most cases. Due to short holding times, bacteriological samples collected to verify disinfection effectiveness must be grab samples.

K. MONITORING LOCATIONS

The Discharger shall establish the following monitoring locations identified in Table E-1 to demonstrate compliance with the discharge prohibitions, discharge specifications, and other requirements in this Order:

Discharge Point Name	Monitoring Location Name	Monitoring Location Description
	INF-001	Influent flume and sensor located at or prior to headworks.
001	EFF-001	Effluent monitoring location following Orenco secondary treatment prior to discharge to leach field.
	LEACH-001	Visual observation of leach field.

Table E-1. Monitoring Station Locations

L. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. Influent

The Discharger shall measure and record the volume of influent wastewater and monitor influent at Monitoring Location INF-001 as follows:

Parameter	Units	Sample Type	Minimum Sampling Frequency
Flow (Daily, Monthly Average)	mgd	Flow Sensor	Continuous
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day @ 20°C)	mg/L	Grab or Composite	Monthly
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	Grab or Composite	Monthly

Table E-2. Influent Flow – Monitoring Location INF-001

2. Septic Tanks

The Discharger shall monitor the septic tanks as follows:

- 1. Visual inspections of exterior plumbing, filters and leachfields shall take place at a minimum once a month. Results of the inspections including the presence of odors, evidence of surfacing effluent, or other signs of malfunction or improper operation shall be reported in the quarterly monitoring report.
- 2. Septic tanks shall be pumped when any one of the following conditions exists or may occur before the next inspection:
 - a. The combined thickness of sludge and scum exceeds one-third of the tank depth of the first compartment; or
 - b. The scum layer is within three inches of the outlet device; or
 - c. The sludge layer is within eight inches of the outlet device.
- 3. The Discharger shall record the date and waste hauler information whenever a septic tank is pumped. Receipts from the appropriately licensed waste hauler shall be submitted in conjunction with self-monitoring reports whenever a tank pumping occurs.

3. Effluent

The Discharger shall measure and record the volume of effluent wastewater and monitor treated effluent at Monitoring Location EFF-002 as follows:

Parameter	Units	Sample Type	Minimum Sampling Frequency
Flow (Daily, Monthly Average)	mgd	Flow Sensor	Continuous
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day @ 20°C)	mg/L	Grab	Monthly
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	Grab	Monthly
Settleable Solids	ml/L	Grab	Monthly
рН	Standard Units	Grab	Monthly
Nitrogen, Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	Grab	Monthly
Nitrogen, Total (as N)	mg/L	Grab	Monthly
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	Grab	Monthly

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4. Leach Field Monitoring

The Discharger shall inspect the dosing system (e.g., pump controllers, valves, distribution piping), identify maintenance and repair needs, inspect the subsurface disposal area for evidence of erosion, deep-rooted plants, burrowing animals, field saturation, water surfacing, runoff, or presence of nuisance conditions (e.g., odors, flies, ponding, etc.) and monitor the leach field discharge LEACH-001 as described in Table E-4:

Table E-4. Leach Field Monitoring – Monitoring Location LEACH-001

Parameter	Units	Sample Type	Minimum Sampling Frequency
Surfacing Effluent		Observation	Daily
Odors		Observation	Daily

5. Groundwater Monitoring

Following installation of groundwater monitoring wells, the Discharger shall monitor groundwater in the groundwater monitoring wells as described in Table E-5:

Table E-5. Groundwater Monitoring – Analytes and Frequency

Facilities required to conduct groundwater monitoring shall conduct field monitoring and groundwater characterization. After measuring water levels and prior to collecting samples, each monitoring well shall be adequately purged until pH, temperature, and electrical conductivity in the purged water have stabilized. Water that has been standing within the well screen, casing, and filter pack may not be chemically representative of formation water. Depending on the hydraulic conductivity of the geologic setting, the volume of water removed during purging is typically a minimum of 3 volumes of water within the well casing and screen, or additionally the filter pack pore volume. Alternatively, low flow purging and sampling techniques may be utilized. Samples shall be collected and analyzed for the following:

Parameter	Units	Sample Type	Minimum Sampling Frequency
Depth to Groundwater	0.01 feet	Measured	Monthly
Total Coliform Organisms	MPN/100mL	Grab	Quarterly
Nitrogen, Total (as N)	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly
Nitrogen, Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly

6. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. Self-Monitoring Reports (SMRs)

- 1. The Discharger shall submit monthly SMRs including the results for all monitoring specified in this MRP. If the Discharger monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this Order, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculations and reporting of the data submitted in the SMR.
- 2. Monthly SMRs shall be submitted by the first day of the second calendar month, following the month of sampling. All monitoring results shall include complete laboratory data sheets for each analysis and be submitted in conjunction with the monthly SMR. Annual summary reports shall be submitted by March 1st each year.
- **3.** Monitoring periods for all required monitoring shall be completed according to the following schedule:

Sampling Frequency	Monitoring Period Begins On	Monitoring Period
Daily	Order Effective Date	(Midnight through 11:59 PM) or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents a calendar day for purposes of sampling.
Weekly	Sunday following order effective date or on order effective date if on a Sunday	Sunday through Saturday
Monthly	First day of calendar month following order effective date or on order effective date if that date is first day of the month	1 st day of calendar month through last day of calendar month
Quarterly	Closest of January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1 following (or on) order effective date	January through March April through June July through September October through January
Annually	January 1 following (or on) order effective date	January 1 through December 31

Table E-6. Monitoring Periods and Reporting Schedule

- **4.** The Discharger shall report with each sample result the applicable ML, the RL and the current MDL, as determined by the procedure in Standard Methods.
- **5.** The Discharger shall report the results of analytical determinations for the presence of chemical constituents in a sample using the following reporting protocols:
 - **a.** Sample results greater than or equal to the reported ML shall be reported as measured by the laboratory (i.e., the measured chemical concentration in the sample).
 - **b.** Sample results less than the RL, but greater than or equal to the laboratory's MDL, shall be reported as "Detected, but Not Quantified," or DNQ. The estimated chemical concentration of the sample shall also be reported.

For the purposes of data collection, the laboratory shall write the estimated chemical concentration next to DNQ as well as the words "Estimated Concentration" (may be shortened to "Est. Conc."). The laboratory may, if such information is available, include numerical estimates of the data quality for the reported result. Numerical estimates of data quality may be percent accuracy (+ a percentage of the reported value), numerical ranges (low to high), or any other means considered appropriate by the laboratory.

- **c.** Sample results less than the laboratory's MDL shall be reported as "Not Detected," or ND.
- **d.** Dischargers are to instruct laboratories to establish calibration standards so that the ML value (or its equivalent if there is differential treatment of samples relative to calibration standards) is the lowest calibration standard. At no time is the Discharger to use analytical data derived from extrapolation beyond the lowest point of the calibration curve.
- **6.** The Discharger shall submit monthly SMRs in accordance with the following requirements:
 - **a.** The Discharger shall arrange all reported data in a tabular format. The data shall be summarized to clearly illustrate whether the Facility is operating in compliance with effluent limitations and other WDR requirements.
 - **b.** The Discharger shall provide copies of the underlying lab reports and chains of custody documentation.
 - **c.** The Discharger shall attach a cover letter to the SMR. The information contained in the cover letter shall clearly identify:
 - i. Facility name and address;
 - ii. WDID number;
 - iii. Applicable period of monitoring and reporting;
 - iv. Violations of the WDRs (identified violations must include a description of the requirement that was violated and a description of the violation);
 - v. Corrective actions taken or planned; and
 - vi. The proposed time schedule for corrective actions.
 - d. The Monthly SMRs, Annual Report, and Source Control Activity Report must be submitted to the Regional Water Board, signed and certified as required by the General Provisions, to: <u>NorthCoast@waterboards.ca.gov</u> or on disk (CD or DVD) in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file in lieu of paper-sourced documents. <u>The guidelines for electronic submittal of</u> <u>documents</u> can be found on the Regional Water Board website.

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(https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast/publications_and_forms/avail able_documents/pdf/2014/ECM_Letter-Guidelines.pdf)

At any time during the term of this permit, the Regional Water Board may notify the Discharger to electronically submit both technical and Self-Monitoring Reports (SMRs) to the State Water Board's GeoTracker database in searchable Portable Document Format (pdf). In addition, analytical data will be required to be uploaded to the GeoTracker database under a site-specific global identification number that will be assigned to the Discharger. Information on the GeoTracker database is provided on the <u>State Water</u> <u>Board website</u>.

(https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/resources/data_databases/groundwater.html)

B. Other Reports

- **1. Annual Report**. The Discharger shall submit an annual report, as per section IV.A.6.C, to the Regional Water Board for each calendar year. The report shall be submitted by March 1 of the following year. The report shall, at a minimum, include the following:
 - **a. Monitoring Data Summaries.** Both tabular and, where appropriate, graphical summaries of the monitoring data and disposal records from the previous year. If the Discharger monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this Order, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and report of the data submitted in the SMR.
 - b. Trucked Waste Summaries. The Discharger shall include trucked waste (i.e., septage or other trucked waste) monitoring data in accordance with a written trucked waste management program approved by the Regional Water Board Executive Officer to demonstrate that accepted trucked wastes are appropriate for discharge to the Facility.
 - **c. Compliance Reporting.** A comprehensive discussion of the Facility's compliance (or lack thereof) with all effluent limitations and other WDRs, and the corrective actions taken or planned, which may be needed to bring the discharge into full compliance with the Order.

d. Staffing and Emergency Contacts

- i. The names and general responsibilities of all persons employed at the Facility.
- **ii.** The names and telephone numbers of persons to contact regarding the Facility for emergency and routine situations.

- e. Instrumentation Calibration Reporting. A statement certifying when the flow meter(s) and other monitoring instruments and devices were last calibrated, including identification of who performed the calibration.
- **f. Solids Reporting.** A summary report of solids pumping, handling and disposal. If the Discharger is required to monitor sludge prior to final disposal, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the summary report.
- 2. Source Control Activity Report. The Discharger shall submit a Source Control Activity Report, as per MRP section IV.A.6.C, to the Regional Water Board for each calendar year. The report shall describe source control activities performed by the Discharger during the calendar year, as required by General Provision VIII.F of the Order, including:
 - **a.** A copy of any source control standards;
 - b. A description of any waste hauler permit system;
 - **c.** A summary of compliance and enforcement activities during the past year. The summary shall include the names and addresses of any industrial or commercial users under surveillance by the Discharger, an explanation of whether they were inspected, sampled, or both, the frequency of these activities at each user, and the conclusions or results from the inspection or sampling of each user.
 - **d.** A summary of public outreach activities to educate industrial, commercial, and residential users about the importance of preventing discharges of industrial and toxic wastes to the Facility.
 - **e.** An updated inventory of all the industrial and commercial users in the service area.
- 3. Sanitary Sewer System Reporting. The Discharger shall submit a description of Discharger's activities to assess the collection system and to correct deficiencies and reduce inflow and infiltration (I&I) into the collection system. The report shall include, but not be limited to the following:
 - **a.** A description of any assessment work to characterize the collection system and identify deficiencies;
 - **b.** A description of replacement and rehabilitation of the collection system, including details about replaced/rehabilitated infrastructure, including pipeline, manholes, lift stations, etc.

- **c.** A description of any changes in the Discharger's ordinances and programs to address I&I.
- **d.** The financial resources spent on the Discharger's collection system assessment, rehabilitation, and repair work during the calendar year, and the amount of financial resources budgeted for the upcoming calendar year.
- 4. Annual Volumetric Reporting. The Discharger shall electronically certify and submit an annual volumetric report, containing monthly data in electronic format, to State Water Board's GeoTracker system by April 30 of the following year. Required data shall be submitted to the GeoTracker database under a site-specific global identification number. The Discharger shall report in accordance with each of the items in Section 3 of the Recycled Water Policy as described below:
 - **a. Influent.** Monthly volume of wastewater collected and treated by the Facility.
 - **b. Production.** Monthly volume of wastewater treated, specifying level of treatment.
 - **c. Discharge**. Monthly volume of treated wastewater discharged to each of the following, specifying level of treatment:
 - i. Inland surface waters, specifying volume required to maintain minimum instream flow, if any; and
 - **ii.** Land, where beneficial use is not taking place, including evaporation or percolation ponds, overland flow, or spray irrigation disposal, excluding pasture or fields with harvested crops.
- **5. Biosolids Handling and Disposal Activity Reporting.** The Discharger shall submit a description of the solids handling, disposal, and reuse activities during the calendar year. At a minimum, the report should include:
 - **a.** A schematic showing sludge handling facilities (e.g., digesters, thickeners, drying beds, storage, land application areas, etc.), if any, and solids flow diagram;
 - **b.** The amount of biosolids generated and disposed that year, in dry metric tons and percent solids, and the amount used or disposed by each use site and/or disposal practice;

If the Discharger is required to monitor sludge prior to final disposal, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the summary report.

C. Spill Notification

 Spills and Unauthorized Discharges. Information regarding all spills and unauthorized discharges (except a Sanitary Sewer Overflow [SSO]) that may endanger health or the environment shall be provided verbally to the Regional Water Board ¹ within 24 hours from the time the Discharger becomes aware of the circumstances and a written report shall also be provided within five (5) days of the time the Discharger becomes aware of the circumstances of the spill or unauthorized discharge.

Information to be provided verbally to the Regional Water Board includes:

- **a.** Name and contact information of caller;
- b. Date, time and location of spill occurrence;
- **c.** Estimates of spill volume, rate of flow, and spill duration, if available and reasonably accurate;
- d. Surface water bodies impacted, if any;
- e. Cause of spill, if known at the time of the notification;
- f. Cleanup actions taken or repairs made at the time of the notification;
- **g.** Actions taken to prevent the spill or unauthorized discharge from reoccurring; and
- **h.** Responding agencies.
- 2. Sanitary Sewer Overflows. Notification and reporting of sanitary sewer overflows is conducted in accordance with the requirements of State Water Resources Control Board Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ (Statewide General WDRs for Sanitary Sewer Systems), as amended by State Water Resources Control Board Order No. WQ 2013-0058-EXEC, and any revisions thereto, including Order No. 2022-0103-DWQ.

¹. The contact number of the Regional Water Board during normal business hours is (707) 576-2220. After normal business hours, spill reporting to the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services Warning Center (CalOES) will satisfy the 24 hour spill reporting requirement for the Regional Water Board. The contact number for spill reporting for the CalEMA is (800) 852-7550.