North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board Agricultural Lands Discharge Program Development

Oct. 15th – Santa Rosa Oct. 18th – Eureka Oct. 23rd – Klamath Falls Oct. 24th – Yreka









Purpose of October Subgroup Meetings

- Review conditional waivers and their uses
- Discuss draft wavier language
- Discuss Water Quality Plan elements and options for development

Approach to Ag Lands Program

- BMP Based Program
 - Operators select and implement practices most appropriate for their operations
 - Implementation is monitored and reported to the Board
- Selected Practices Documented in Water Quality Management Plans
 - Plans can be developed by an individual, by a group, or through a 3rd party program
- Periodic inspection by Regional Board staff or third party
 - Provides assurance and feedback for adaptive management

What is a Conditional Waiver?

- Type of permit adopted by the Regional Board as an "order"
- Orders are documents that formalize regulatory actions by the Regional Board
- Contains specific enforceable requirements (conditions) that must be met in order to permit discharges for a specific activity
- Contains standard language and language specific to the regulated activity or water quality concern

General Conditional Waiver as a Permitting Mechanism

- Most common type of permit for nonpoint sources
- Individuals obtain waiver coverage by meeting stated requirements
- Must be considered for renewal by the Regional Water Board every five years
- Must include monitoring and reporting requirements
 - can be met by individuals, groups, coalitions, or via 3rd party programs

Waiver Outline - Findings

- Waiver Purpose and Need
 - General water quality concerns related to agriculture
 - Statewide direction to develop program
- Board Authorities
 - Authority to regulate discharges of waste to waters of the state
 - Authority to issue WDRs and waivers
 - Authority to require technical reports
- Scope from scope and framework document
- Summary of Required Actions

Waiver Outline - <u>Actions</u>

- Administration (standard language effectuating waiver)
- Eligibility and Definition of Tiers (from scope and framework document)
- Waiver Performance Standards (ag-specific)
- Discharge Prohibitions (standard and ag-specific)
- Water Quality Management Plans (ag-specific)
- Enrollment and Other Procedures
- Standard Provisions
- Monitoring and Reporting
- Time Schedules

Draft Language for Discussion Today

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Waiver Performance Standards

- Standards are met through implementation of practices selected by operators
- Standards must be protective of water quality
- Not all standards will be relevant to all operations
- Practices to meet standards should be reasonable to implement

Waiver Performance Standards

- 1. Minimize bare soils
- 2. Prevent erosion through source control and treatment
- 3. Stabilize unstable areas only applies to sources related to ag activities
- 4. Construct and maintain roads, ditches and other facilities to minimize discharges
- 5. Manage riparian areas to promote riparian function

Waiver Performance Standards

- 6. Prevent livestock from disturbing bare soils and creating erosion
- 7. Prevent livestock from entering surface waters except when crossing (may need to revise to include established watering locations)
- 8. Store and apply fertilizers to prevent and minimize discharges
- 9. Store and apply pesticides and other chemicals to prevent and minimize discharges
- 10. Minimize concentrations of chemicals in runoff and/or minimize quantity of runoff

Advisory Group Input

- Are the performance standards adequately protective of water quality?
- Are the standards complete and clearly stated?
- What practices might be implemented to meet these standards?
- Are these standards in conflict with existing best management practices?

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Discharge Prohibitions

- Specify types of discharges that are not allowed
- Provide a clear enforcement mechanism where water quality impacts are significant
- Some prohibitions are standard to all Regional Board permits, some are specific to agriculture

Agriculture Specific Prohibitions

- No discharge of waste not regulated by this order (i.e. hazardous waste and human waste)
- 2. No stockpiling soil and debris where it could wash into streams
- 3. No dumping chemicals down well casings or placing them where they could reach surface or groundwaters
- 4. No dumping pest control chemicals or bait traps...
- 5. No dumping trash...

Standard Prohibitions

- 6. Do not cause or contribute to water quality standard violations
 - Time will be provided for compliance
- 7. No adverse impact to human health or environment or beneficial uses
- 8. Cannot cause or threaten pollution, contamination or nuisance
- No discharge of waste not controlled through BMPs (considering removing or revising)

Advisory Group Input

- Do the discharge prohibitions adequately protect water quality?
- Are the prohibitions complete and clearly stated?
- What practices might be implemented to prevent violation of the prohibitions?

Water Quality Management Plans

- Tiers 1 and 2 both require Water Quality Management Plans
- Plans must include:
 - 1. Management practices selected to meet performance standards and prohibitions
 - 2. Includes means for monitoring and reporting to the Board
- Individual planning needs vary by operation
- Water Quality Plans may already exist as part of NRCS or other farm plan
- Ability to develop plans in a way best suited to individual operations

Water Quality Management Plans Common Elements

- 1. Contact info
- 2. Description of operation relevant to water quality and program scope
- 3. Farm/Ranch map
- 4. Description of streams and local conditions
- 5. Management practices that address specific water quality concerns
- 6. Implementation timeline
- 7. Monitoring and reporting

Options for Plan Development

- Plans may be developed:
 - For an individual operation (template may be used)
 - For a group of operations (IDs, RCDs, etc.)
 - As part of an approved 3rd party certification program

Advisory Group Input

- Are the suggested plan elements sufficient to document compliance with waiver conditions?
- What existing plans and programs (3rd party or other) could be used to fulfill water quality planning requirements?
- Are there existing plan templates that might be useful?
- What groups might develop group plans?

Next Steps

- Comments on draft language due November 7th
- Suggestions for examples of water quality planning documents, templates, and existing programs most welcome by November 7th
- Staff will make revisions to draft language and release back to the group