



Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board

July 22, 2016

Ms. Jamie King California State Parks 1925 Las Virgenes Road Calabasas, CA 91302 CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUIRED
CLAIM NO. 7015 3010 0001 9147 6416

GENERAL WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS AND REVISED MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM CI NO. 10186 - CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION, ARROYO SEQUIT STEELHEAD AND STREAM RESTORATION PROJECT, 35000 PACIFIC COAST HIGHWAY, MALIBU, CALIFORNIA (ORDER NO. 93-010, FILE NO. 15-121, SERIES NO. 049, CI NO. 10186, GLOBAL ID WDR100026599)

Dear Ms. King:

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region (Regional Board), is the public agency with primary responsibility for the protection of ground and surface water quality for all beneficial uses of water within major portions of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties, including facility mentioned above.

The California Department of Parks and Recreation (Discharger) is removing two low-water "Arizona Crossings" that cut through Arroyo Sequit and replacing them with freespan bridges; and the removal of a two feet high check-dam on Arroyo Sequit. The removal of the three barriers will provide immediate access to 4.5 miles of habitat to the endangered southern steelhead trout in the Arroyo Sequit watershed. The construction of the two bridges requires excavation, and groundwater may be encountered. If groundwater is encountered, it will be pumped into several 20,000-gallon settling and storage tanks. The settlement tanks are used for primary settling to remove suspended solids. Then the extracted groundwater is discharged onto adjacent sites within the Leo Carrillo State Park grounds (Figure 1).

On October 19, 2015, an enrollment letter was issued to allow discharges of groundwater generated from the excavation during the construction of the two bridges. The enrollment letter described that the groundwater dewatering from excavation was to be discharged via irrigation onto two percolation areas located nearby with the maximum discharge of 30,000 gallons per day (gpd).

On June 9, 2016, the Discharger requested that the coverage be revised because the Discharger is planning to increase the number of percolation locations. The Discharger plans to add two additional percolation locations thus providing its contractor and staff more dewatering options. Furthermore, construction at the Lower Crossing is now projected to restart on July 15, 2016.

The Discharger estimates that it will discharge a maximum daily flow of up to 30,000 gallons per day (gpd) to the four (4) percolation areas located near the Leo Carrillo State Park's entrance (Figure 2). In 2015, the contractor installed a dewatering system that was subsequently tested, but was determined that modification is required to meet the project needs. The excavation work at the Lower Crossing was then halted so that efforts could be focused to complete the Upper Crossing Bridge before the start of the rainy season. No groundwater was encountered in the Upper Crossing excavation area so there was no need to dewater in the area.

Ms. Jamie King State of California Department of Parks and Recreation

There are no water quality objectives for the southern slopes of the Santa Monica along Arroyo Sequit. Arroyo Sequit is a coastal stream and drains into the Pacific Ocean.

Regional Board staff have reviewed the information provided and have determined that the proposed discharge meets the conditions specified in Regional Board Order No. 93-010, "General Waste Discharge Requirements for Specified Discharges to Groundwater in Santa Clara River and Los Angeles River Basins" adopted by this Board on January 25, 1993.

Enclosed are your General Waste Discharge Requirements, consisting of Regional Board Order No. 93-010, Revised Monitoring and Reporting Program CI No. 10186, and Standard Provisions - Applicable to Waste Discharge Requirements.

The Revised Monitoring and Reporting Program requires you to implement a monitoring program on the effective date of coverage under this permit. When submitting monitoring or technical reports to the Regional Board per these requirements, please include a reference to "Compliance File CI No. 10186", which will assure that the monitoring reports, are directed to the appropriate file and staff. Also, please do not combine other reports with your monitoring reports. Submit each type of report as a separate document.

The Discharger shall comply with the Electronic Submittal of Information (ESI) requirements by submitting all reports required under the MRP, including groundwater monitoring data, discharge location data, and pdf monitoring reports to the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database under Global ID WDR100026599.

Please see Paperless Office Notice for GeoTracker Users, dated December 12, 2011 for further details at:

 $\frac{\text{http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/resources/Paperless/Paperless\%20Office\%20for\%20GT}{\%20Users.pdf}$

To avoid paying future annual fees, please submit a written request for termination of your enrollment under the general permit in a separate letter if your facility is connected to a sewer and the permit is no longer needed. Be aware that the annual fee covers the fiscal year billing period beginning July 1 and ending June 30, the following year. You will pay the full annual fee if your request for termination is made after the beginning of the new fiscal year beginning July 1.

If you have any questions, please contact the Project Manager, Ms. Mercedes Merino at (213) 620-6156 (Mercedes.Merino@waterboards.ca.gov), or the Chief of Groundwater Permitting Unit, Dr. Eric Wu at (213) 576-6683 (Eric.Wu@waterboards.ca.gov).

Sincerely,

Samuel Unger, P.E.

Executive Officer

Enclosures: Regional Board Order No. 93-010

Standard Provisions Applicable to Waste Discharge Requirements

Revised Monitoring and Reporting Program CI No. 10186

cc (via email): Mr. Jack Topel, Santa Monica Bay Restoration Commission

IRMA MUÑOZ, CHAIR | SAMUEL UNGER, EXECUTIVE OFFICER

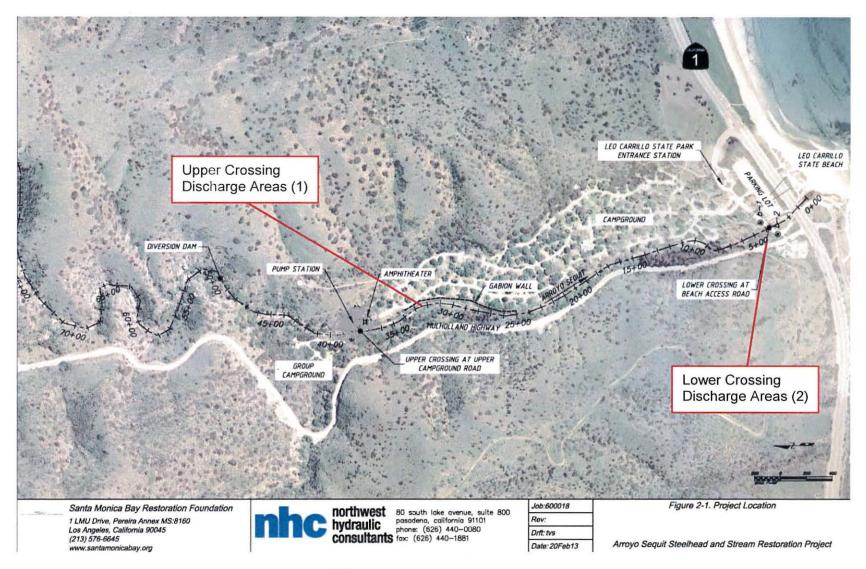


Figure 1. Project Location Map

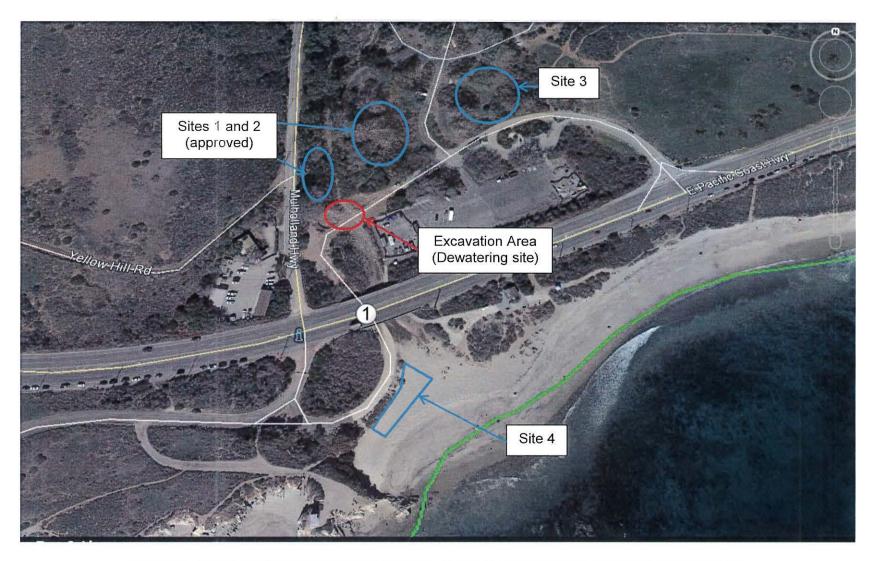


Figure 2. Overview of existing percolation zones (1 and 2) and proposed additional sites (3 and 4)

State of California CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

ORDER NO. 93-010

GENERAL WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIED DISCHARGES TO GROUNDWATER

BANTA CLARA RIVER AND LOS ANGELES RIVER BASINS File No. 92-60

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region (hereinafter Regional Board), finds:

- The California Water Code, Section 13260 of Chapter 4, Article 4, requires that any person discharging wastes, or proposing to discharge wastes, which could affect the quality of the waters of the State, shall file a Report of Waste Discharge with the Regional Board. The Regional Board will then prescribe requirements as to the nature of the proposed or existing discharge.
- 2. A number of activities carried on within the Region result in the discharge of water that, because of its characteristics, results in little or no pollution when discharged to groundwater. Examples of these activities include:
 - a) hydrostatic testing of tanks, pipes, and storage vessels;
 - b) construction dewatering;
 - c) dust control application;
 - d) water irrigation storage systems;
 - e) subterranean seepage dewatering;
 - f) well development and test pumping;
 - g) aquifer testing; and
 - h) monitoring well construction.

The following discharges are specifically excluded from this list: water produced from seawater extraction or wastewater treatment, reclaimed water, and water to be-injected directly into an aquifer.

- 3. The water discharged from these activities results in discharges of relatively "clean" wastewater, containing few pollutants. For the purposes of this Order, "wastewater" is defined as high quality wastewater, produced as a result of the above-listed specified activities, and other similar activities. It is of a quality acceptable for use under State Department of Health Services standards and the Regional Board's Water Quality Control Plan.
- 4. These discharges occur in a manner where they will likely, through recharge or percolation, enter the groundwater and may therefore, be considered a waste discharge which could affect the quality of the waters of the State, and for which a Report of Waste Discharge must be filed under Water Code Section 13260.

- 5. Each month, this Regional Board receives a large number of requests to discharge water from the activities listed in Finding 2 above, and for other similar activities. For each such request, staff must determine the absence or presence of significant pollutants in the discharge, the regulatory limits for the pollutants, and the potential impact of the discharge on the waters of the State, and then prepare individual Waste Discharge Requirements.
- 6. It is anticipated that the large number of such requests will continue to be filed, and far exceed the capacity of staff to review applications and prepare individual Waste Discharge Requirements to bring to the Board for consideration, in a timely manner. These circumstances create the need for an expedited system for processing the numerous requests for discharge to groundwater.
- 7. The adoption of General Waste Discharge Requirements will:
 - a) simplify the application process for the Discharger,
 - b) expedite the issuance of Waste Discharge Requirements and decrease the regulatory burden on the regulated community,
 - c) free up Board staff for higher priority work, and
 - d) reduce the Board's time involved by enabling the Executive Officer to notify the Discharger, in appropriate cases, of the applicability of these general requirements adopted by the Regional Board.

These General Waste Discharge Requirements would benefit the public, the Board, and Board staff by accelerating the review process without loss of regulatory jurisdiction or oversight.

- 8. The beneficial uses of groundwater in the Los Angeles River and Santa Clara River Basins may include municipal and domestic supply, agricultural supply, industrial service and process supply, and freshwater replenishment.
- 9. The Board adopted revised Water Quality Control Plans for the Santa Clara River Basin and Los Angeles River Basin on October 22, 1990, and June 3, 1991, respectively. These Water Quality Control Plans contain water quality objectives for groundwater within the Basins. The requirements contained in this Order, as they are met, will be in conformance with the goals of these Water Quality Control Plans.
- 10. The State Water Resources Control Board adopted Resolution 68-16, "Statement of Policy With Respect to Maintaining High Quality of Waters in California", on October 28, 1968. This Policy states that wherever the existing quality of water is better than the quality established as objectives or adopted policies, such existing quality shall be maintained.

- 11. The issuance of General Waste Discharge Requirements for the discharges subject to these general requirements is exempt from the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 13 of the Public Resources Code pursuant to one or more of the following:
 - a) The lead agency has prepared an Environmental Impact Report or a negative declaration based on findings pursuant to California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Chapter 3, Section 15070, which show that there will be no significant impact on water quality.

b) The replacement or reconstruction of existing structures will have substantially the same purpose and capacity as the structure replaced as defined in CCR, Title 14, Section 15302.

- c) The construction of new structures or the conversion of existing small structures will have only minor modifications in the exterior of the structure as defined in CCR, Title 14, Section 15303.
- d) The activity will cause only minor alterations to land as defined in CCR, Title 14, Section 15304.
- e) Minor alterations in land use will not result in any changes in land use or density as defined in CCR, Title 14, Section 15305.
- 12. These General Waste Discharge Requirements are not intended to alter or supersede existing restrictions or conditions imposed by other government agencies.

The Board has notified interested agencies and concerned persons of its intent to adopt General Waste Discharge Requirements for specified discharges to groundwater, and has provided them with an opportunity to submit their written views and recommendations.

The Board, in a public meeting, heard and considered all comments pertaining to the tentative requirements.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Dischargers authorized under this order shall comply with the following:

A. ELIGIBILITY

The General Waste Discharge Requirements, contained in this Order, will regulate discharges to groundwater from: hydrostatic testing of tanks, pipes and storage vessels; construction dewatering; dust control application; water irrigation storage systems; subterranean seepage dewatering; well development and test pumping; aquifer testing; monitoring well construction; and other similar discharges, in accordance with the California Code of Regulations.

To qualify for coverage under this Order, the Discharger may be required to:

a) submit specific hydrogeological site studies summarizing the following: regional and local hydrogeology, a site plan designating structures operations, descriptions and details of representative water supply and monitoring wells, and water conveyance systems, soil engineering representative of earth analyses lithology, including site permeability, infiltration data, and any potential impacts on groundwater.

demonstrate that the discharge meets the criteria b) set forth herein, and that specified discharges to groundwater will not adversely impact the overall quality of the regional and local groundwater basin(s), and is in accordance with the appropriate Water Plan Quality Objectives, Department of Health Services (DHS) Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards, and all water quality standards associated with Pollutants.

demonstrate that disinfectants, if used, will not C) adversely impact water quality in the groundwater basin(s).

The discharge must not adversely impact the overall quality of the regional and local groundwater basins, must not adversely affect beneficial uses, and must have water quality characteristics in accordance with Basin Plan Water Quality Objectives, State Department of Health 🕳 Services'(DHS) Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards, and all water quality standards associated with Priority Pollutants.

B. APPLICABILITY

- This Order will serve as General Waste Discharge Requirements for specified discharges to groundwater.
- 2. Upon receipt of the Report of Waste Discharge describing such discharge, the Executive Officer shall determine, as applicable, if such discharge,

- involves wastewater at limits lower than, or equal to, the acceptable levels of the Basin Plan Water Quality Objectives, the State DHS Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards, and all water quality standards associated with Priority Pollutants.
- b) will be completed within a time frame stated by the Discharger and approved by the Executive Officer,
- c) has been adequately characterized by hydrogeologic assessment,
- d) is not a threat to water quality,
- e) does not cause the degradation of groundwater, and
- f) does not threaten or impair any designated beneficial uses of such waters.
- 3. In the event the Executive Officer so finds, he shall notify the Discharger, in writing, that the proposed wastewater discharge to groundwater is subject to this Order. Appropriate cases may also be brought to the Board for adoption of individual requirements when the Executive Officer deems it desirable or necessary.
- 4. Should individual Waste Discharge Requirements with more specific requirements be issued to a Discharger, the applicability of these general requirements to the individual will be automatically terminated on the effective date of the individual Waste Discharge Requirements.

C. REPORT OF WASTE DISCHARGE

1. <u>Deadline for Submission</u>

All Dischargers shall file a Report of Waste Discharge at least 120 days before start of the discharge. The Executive Officer will determine the applicability of General Waste Discharge Requirements.

2. Failure to Submit a Report of Waste Discharge

Dischargers who fail to file a Report of Waste Discharge under Section 13260 of the California Water Code are guilty of a misdemeanor and may be liable civilly in accordance with Section 13261(b) of the California Water Code.

General Waste Discharge Requirements Discharge to Groundwater Order No. 93-010

D. PROHIBITION

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 Discharge of wastewater is prohibited, except as specified in the Report of Waste Discharge.

E. WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Discharger shall comply with the following:

- Only those types of discharges specifically listed in the Report of Waste Discharge are authorized to be discharged by the General Waste Discharge Requirements.
- 2. Wastewater shall be analyzed, prior to discharge, to determine if it contains constituents in excess of the appropriate Basin Plan Water Quality Objectives, as listed in Tables 1 and 2 of Attachment "A".

Hydrologic and groundwater basin boundaries are included in Figures 1 and 2 of Attachment "A".

- 3. Wastewater shall be analyzed, prior to discharge, to determine that it does not contain constituents in excess of the Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) as listed in the State DHS Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards in Attachment *B**.
- 4. Wastewater shall be analyzed, prior to discharge, to determine the concentrations of the chemical constituents listed in the Priority Pollutants exhibited in Attachment *-- *B*.
- 5. Wastewater which contains any constituent in excess of the MCL's, the Drinking Water Standards, or the Priority Pollutant standards, listed herein, shall not be discharged to groundwater.
- 6. Wastewater discharged to groundwater shall maintain the existing water quality, even if that existing water quality exceeds established objectives. A determination shall be made by the Executive Officer as to the applicability of water quality standards with regard to the "Statement of Policy With Respect to Maintaining High Quality of Waters in California", with each discharge, on a site-specific basis.
- 7. Neither the treatment nor discharge of wastewater shall cause a condition of pollution or nuisance.

- 8. The pH of wastewater discharged to groundwater, under this Order, shall at all times be within the range of 6.0 and 9.0 pH units.
- 9. Wastewater to be discharged to groundwater, under this Order, shall be retained on the areas of use, and shall not be allowed to escape as surface flow, except as provided in a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit uniquely applicable to the specified discharge. For the purpose of this requirement, however, minor amounts of irrigation return water from peripheral areas shall not be considered a violation of this Order.
- 10. Wastewater discharged to groundwater shall be discharged at the site in accordance with these requirements, and only on property owned or controlled by the Discharger.
- 11. Wastewater which does not meet each of the foregoing requirements shall be held in impervious containers, and if transferred elsewhere, the final discharge shall be at a legal point of disposal, and in accordance with the provisions of Division 7.5 of the California Water Code. For the purpose of these requirements, a legal point of disposal is defined as one for which Waste Discharge Requirements have been established by a California Regional Water Quality Control Board, and which is in full compliance therewith.
- 12. Wastewater discharged to groundwater shall not contain any substance in concentrations toxic to human, animal, plant, or aquatic life.
- 13. Wastewater discharged to groundwater shall not impart tastes, odors, color, foaming, or other objectionable characteristics to the receiving groundwater.
- 14. Neither disposal nor handling of wastes shall cause a condition of pollution or nuisance or problems due to breeding of mosquitos, gnats, midges, flies or other pests.
- 15. The temperature of discharged wastewater shall not exceed 100'F.

F. PROVISIONS

 A copy of this Order shall be maintained at the discharge facility and shall be available at all times to operating personnel. 2. In the event the Discharger is unable to comply with any of the conditions of this Order due to:

(a) Breakdown of equipment,

(b) Accidents caused by human error or negligence,

(c) Other causes such as acts of nature,

(d) Facility operations,

the Discharger must notify this Board, by telephone, within 24 hours of the incident, and confirm it in writing within one week of the telephone notification.

- 3. In accordance with Section 13260(c) of the California Water Code, the Discharger shall file a report with this Regional Board of any material change or proposed change in the character, location and/or volume of the discharge.
- 4. In accordance with Section 13267(b) of the California Water Code, the Discharger shall furnish, under penalty of perjury, technical monitoring program reports; such reports shall be submitted in accordance with specifications prepared by the Executive Officer.
- 5. The Regional Board and other authorized representatives shall be allowed:
 - (a) Entry upon premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this Order;
 - (b) Access to copy any records that are kept under the conditions of this Order;
 - (c) To inspect any facility, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this Order; and
 - (d) To photograph, sample, and monitor for the purpose of assuring compliance with this Order, or as otherwise authorized by the California Water Code.
- 6. In accordance with Section 13263(e) of the California Water Code, these Waste Discharge Requirements are subject to periodic review and revision by this Regional Board.
- 7. These requirements, prescribed herein, do not authorize the commission of any act, by the Discharger, which causes injury to the property of another, do not protect the Discharger from his/her liabilities under Federal, State, or local laws, and do not guarantee the Discharger a capacity right in the receiving groundwater.

8. If hazardous or toxic materials or hydrocarbons are stored at the facility and the facility is not monitored at all times, a 24-hour emergency response telephone number shall be prominently posted where it can be easily discerned.

G. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The Executive Officer may prescribe a Monitoring and Reporting Program for each authorized Discharger; applicable parameters limited in the discharge shall be monitored as specified by the Executive Officer in the Monitoring and Reporting Program.
- The Discharger shall retain records of all monitoring information and data used to complete the Report of Waste Discharge for at least three years from the date of sampling, measurement, report, or application. The retention period shall be extended during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding the discharge, or when requested by the Regional Board.
- 3. The Discharger shall maintain all sampling, measurement and analytical results, including: the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurement; the individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurement; the date(s) analyses were performed; analysts' names; and analytical techniques or methods used.
- 4. Representative samples of the discharge shall be taken prior to discharging to the groundwater.
- 5. All chemical and bacteriological analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the State of California Department of Health Services. The laboratory performing the analyses must follow all applicable QA/QC protocols.
- 5. The Discharger shall calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring instruments and equipment to insure accuracy of measurements, or shall insure that both activities will be conducted.

H. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. The Discharger shall file with the Regional Board (Attention: Technical Support Unit) technical reports on self-monitoring work performed according to the Monitoring and Reporting Program specified by the Executive Officer, and submit other reports as requested by the Regional Board.

- 2. In reporting the monitoring data, the Discharger shall arrange the data in tabular forms such that the date, constituents, and concentrations are readily discernable. The data shall be summarized to demonstrate compliance with Waste Discharge Requirements.
- 3. All records and reports submitted to the Regional Board are public documents and will be made available for inspection by the public during normal business hours at the Regional Board office located at 101 Centre Plaza Drive in Monterey Park.
- 4. For every item where the requirements are not met, the Discharger shall submit a statement of the actions undertaken, or proposed, which will bring the discharge into full compliance with requirements at the earliest time, and submit a timetable for correction.
- 5. Each monitoring report must affirm in writing that:
 "All analyses were conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the State of California Department of Health Services, and in accordance with current EPA guideline procedures or as specified in this Monitoring Program."
- 6. Each report shall contain the following completed declaration:

 "I declare under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the information submitted in this document and all attachments, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility if fine and imprisonment. [CWC Sections 13263, 13267, and 13268]
- 7. In the event that wastes, associated with the discharge under this Order, are transported to a different disposal site, the following shall be reported in the monitoring report: type and quantity of wastes; name and address of hauler (or method of transport if other than by hauling); and, location of the final point(s) of disposal.
- 8. In the event of any changes of subject land ownership or subject waste discharge facility currently owned or controlled by the Discharger, the Discharger shall notify the succeeding owner or operator of the existence of this Order in writing. A copy of the document shall be signed by the new owner accepting responsibility for this Order and shall be forwarded to this Regional Board.

- 9. The Discharger shall notify this Regional Board, within 24 hours, by telephone, of any adverse condition resulting from this discharge, and such notification shall be affirmed in writing within seven calendar days.
- I. EXPIRATION DATE AND CONTINUATION OF EXPIRED GENERAL WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS

It is the Board's intent to review this Order within five (5) years of its adoption;

I, Robert P. Ghirelli, Executive Officer, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region, on January 25, 1993.

ROBERT P. GHIRELLI, D.Env.

Executive Officer

Attachment "A"

Groundwater Water Quality Objectives
Santa Clara River (4A)
Los Angeles River (4B)

Hydrologic Boundaries, CRWQCB-LA
Fig 1, Principal Surface Waters
Fig 2, Principal Ground Waters

Water Quality Objectives f	or Grou	nd Wat	ers	
Santa Clara River B	<u>asin (4</u>	A) .		
Area			ive in	
•	TDS	Sulfat	e Chlor	ide Boron
Rincon Creek Hydrologic Unit	Non	e Spec	ified (n/s)
Ventura River Hydrologic Unit	1- 1422111111111111111111111111111111111			
Ojai Hydrologic Area (HA)				
Upper Ojai Hydrologic Subarea (HSA)				
West of Sulphur Mtn Rd	1,000	300	200	1.0
East of Sulphur Mtn Rd	700	50	100	1.0
Ojai HSAb				
West of San Antonio-Senior Cyn Creek	1,000	300	200	0.5
East of San Antonio-Senior Cyn Creek	700	200	50	0.5
Upper Ventura River HA				
San Antonio Creek Area	1.000	300	100	1.0
Remainder of ground water basin	800			0.5
Lower Ventura River HAC	Non	e Spec	ified "	
Santa Clara-Calleguas Hydrologic Unit	(Karasan SAX)	and the second	1 (1000 to 14 1000)	The state of the s
Upper Santa Clara HA				
Acton HSA	600	150	100	1.0
Eastern HSA	20050-5		•	
Above Bouquet Cynd	800	150	150	1.0
Above Castaic Creek to Bouquet Cyne	900			1.0
South Fork of Santa Clara River Area				0.5
Placerita Cyn Area	700			0.5
Castaic Creek to Blue Cut	1,500			1.0
Bouquet HSA	400	50		0.5
Mint Cyn HSA	700			0.5
Sierra Pelona HSA	600			0.5
Piru HA	1,000			17.
Santa Felicia HSA (Piru Subarea)				
East of Piru Creek	2,500	1,200	200	1.5
West of Piru Creek	1,200		100	1.5
Upper Piru HSA	1,100			2.0
Hungry Valley HSA	500		50	1.0
Stauffer HSA	1,000		20	2.0
Sespe HA				4
Fillmore HSA	-			** **
Pole Creek Fan underlying	2,000	800	100	1.0
City of Fillmore		- Prilit + 20100FW 1		
South Side of Santa Clara River	1,500	800	100	1.1
Remainder of ground water basin	1,000		50	0.7
Topa Topa HSA (Sespe Subarea)	900		30	2.0
Santa Paula HA				
Santa Paula HA				
East of Peck Rd	1,200	600	100	1.0
West of Peck Rd	2,000		110	. 1.0
Sisar HSA	700	250	100	0.5
Oxnard Plain HA	7.67	- Symmetry		
Oxnard HSA				
Oxnard Forebay	1,200	600	150	1.5
Deep aquifers underlying	1,200	600	150	1.5
DRED GARTIETS MIMETTITUS	-,	15.E.S		
pressure area Semiperched aquifer	3,000	1.000	500	n/s

Water Augustin Alexandres d	A	17-4-	***	the state of the state of
Water Quality Objectives f Santa Clara River B			LP	
Area	astii (.	Object	iera de	IT
ALEG	mne	Cultota	Chla	T WOY T
Oxnard Plain HA (continued from previous	103	PATTACE	CITTO	ride Boron
Pleasant Valley HSA	o bade	,		
Fox Cyn Aquifer	1 200	600	150	1.6
Grimes Cyn Aquifer		600		1.0
Upper Aquifer				1.0
	NO.	ne Speci	TTEG	
Calleguas-Conejo HA West Las Posas HSA	000	350	150	
East Las Posas HSAk	300	350	120	1.0
	700	200	3.00	2 2
NW of Grimes Cyn Rd, L.A. Avenue	700	300	100	0.5
and Somis Rd	8 500	1 200	400	
East of Grimes Cyn Rd and Hitch Blvd			400	
South of L.A. Ave between Somis Rd	1,500	700	250	1.0
and Hitch Blvd	250	20		
Isolated basin near Grimes Cyn Rd	250	30	30	0.2
and Broadway Rd				
Arroyo Santa Rosa HSA	900		150	
Conejo Valley HSA		250		
Tierra Rejada Valley HSA		250		
Gillibrand HSA	900	350	50	1.0
Simi Valley HSA				
Deep aquifers		600		1.0
Shallow aguifer	1997 10 1998 191	ne Speci		**************************************
Thousand Oaks HSA	1,400	700	150	1.0

^{.....} Endnotes

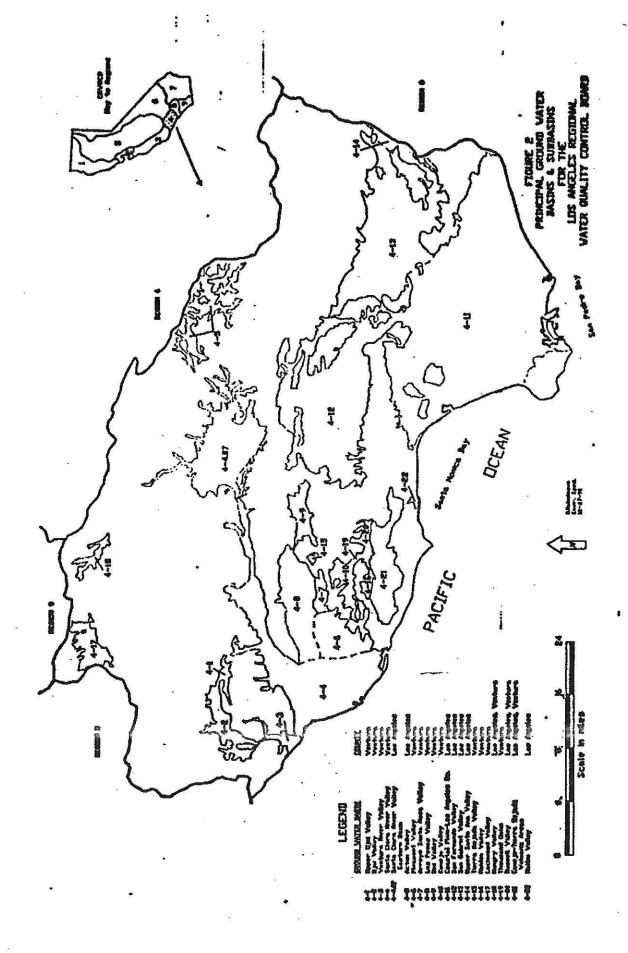
- b. Excludes aquifer in Bouquet Camyon and tributaries.
- e. Shallow alluvial aquifer is of very poor quality and not used. Water quality in shallow aquifer shall be maintained at existing levels in accordance with "Resolution 68-16". This is to be accomplished on a case-by-case basis as part of the requirements imposed upon dischargers to the shallow aquifer.
- d. See endnote b.
- e. Includes aquifer in Souquet Canyon and tributaries but excludes aquifer in Castaic Creek and the South Fork of Santa Clara River and tributaries.
- f. Includes aquifer in Castaic Creek and tributaries.
- g. Includes aguifer in Piru Creek and tributaries.
- h. Excludes aguifer in Piru Creek and tributaries.
- f. Semiperched aquifer is generally of poor quality, but locally may be used for agricultural and domestic purposes in northwestern parts of the Oxnard Plain. Where shallow well or drainage ditch waters clearly exceed-these objectives, requirements should be set on a case-by-case basis according to "Resolution 68-16".
- j. See endnote a.
- k. Some isolated wells along Los Angeles Avenue in the Arroyo Las Posas flood plain have higher mineral levels. Requirements for these areas should be set on a case-by-case basis according to "Resolution 68-16".
- 1. See endnote a.

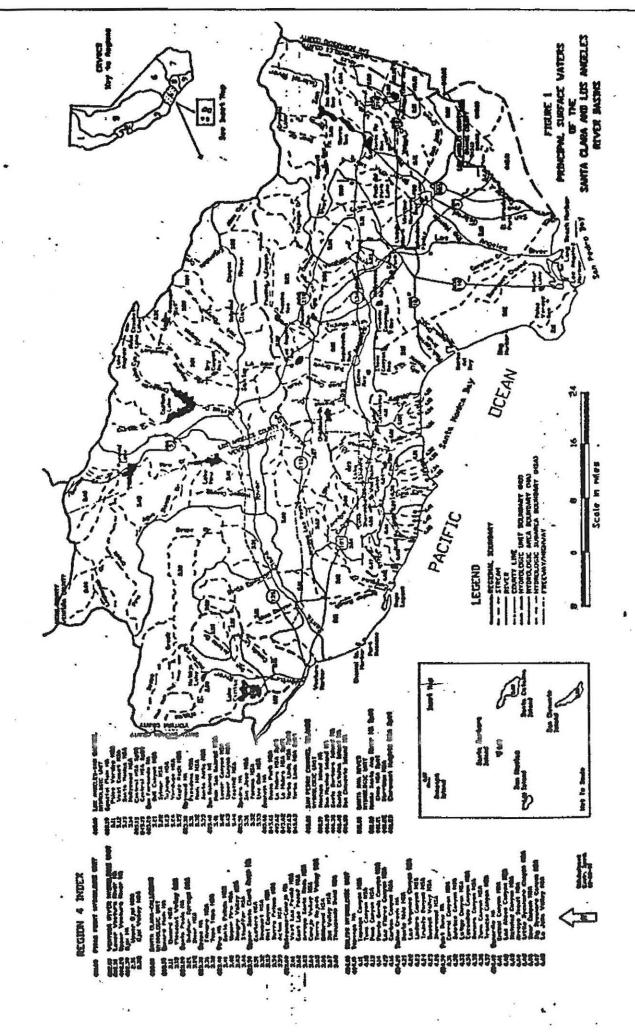
a. Upper aquifers are of very poor quality and not used for domestic, agricultural, or industrial water supply in any significant quantity. Water quality in shallow aquifers shall be maintained at existing levels in accordance with "Resolution 68-16". This is to be accomplished on case-by-case basis as part of the requirements imposed upon dischargers to the shallow aquifers.

MECET PROTICE ON SECTIONS	for Gr	ound Wate	rs	
Water Quality Objectives Los Angeles River	Basin	(4B)		
Area	سلط الله سنة مسا	Objective	e in mq/L	
	TDS	Sulfate	Chloride	Boron
Malibu Hydrologic Unit				-TEXII
Topanga Hydrologic Area (HA)	2,000	500	500	2.0
Malibu Creek Hydrologic Subarea (HSA)			500	2.0
Las Virgenes HSA	2,000		500	2.0
	2,000		500	2.0
Triunfo Canyon HSA	2,000		500	2.0
Russell Valley HSA	1,500		250	1.0
Sherwood HSA	1,000			1.0
Point Dume HA	1,000			1.0
Camarillo HA	1,000		250	1.0
Los Angeles-San Gabriel River Hydrologi				777
Coastal Plain HA				
West Coast Basin	800	250	250	1.5
Santa Monica Basin	1,000		250	0.5
Hollywood Basin	750		100	1.0
Central Basin	700		250	1.0
San Fernando HA			•	
Sylmar Basin	600	150	100	0.5
Eagle Rock Basin	800		100	0.5
Verdugo Basin	600		100	0.5
San Fernando Basin-Overall	800			1.5
Narrows Area	900			1.5
Foothill Wells Areab	400			1.0
Headworks Areac	700			1.5
North Hollywood-Burbank Aread	600			1.5
Raymond HA				7
Monk Hill HSA	450	100	100	0.5
Pasadena HSA	450			0.5
Santa Anita HSA	450			0.5
San Gabriel Valley HA	1205			men (E) (Wes
Puente Basin ^e	1,000	300	150	1.0
Main San Gabriel Basin-Overall	550		100	1.0.
Westerly Portion	450		100	0.5
Easterly Portion ⁹	600		100	0.5~
Spadra Hydro HA				
Spadra HSA	550	200	120	1.0
Pomona HSA	300	100		0.5
Live Oak HSA	450			0.5
Anaheim HA	1,000			1.0
San Pedro Channel Island Hydrologic Unit		ce:::pe######	*	1
Santa Catalina HA	1,000	250	250	1.0
San Clemente Island HA		significar		:
Santa Barbara Island HA		significar		
Santa Ana River Hydrologic Unit			esses sometimes of the state of	
Middle Santa Ana River HA	220	50	50	0.5

..... Endnotes

- a. Marrows Area is defined as that area of the San Fernando Basin adjacent to the Los Angeles River Lying south of Verdugo Wash.
- b. Foothill Wells is the main extraction area in the Sundland-Tulungs Area.
- e. Headworks Area is that area tying adjacent to the Los Angeles River upstream of the confluence with Verdugo Wash encompassing in general the City of Los Angeles! Headworks, Crystal Springs, and Verdugo wells and the City of Glendale's wells among others.
- d. The North Hollywood-Burbank Area refers to the principal extraction area which includes the City of Burbank's wells, and the City of Los Angeles, North Hollywood, Erwin, and Whitnall wells among others.
- e. The Puente Basin lies adjacent to San Jose Creek upstream of the Puente Narrows. The Puente Basin and the Puente Narrows are described in the Judgment of the Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District versus City of Alhambra et al No.924128.
- f. The westerly portion of the Main San Gabriel Basin which lies west of Walnut Creek, Big Dalton Wash, and Little Dalton Wash.
- g. The easterly portion of the Main San Gabriel Basin which lies east of Walnut Creek, Big Dalton Wash, and Little Dalton Wash but does not include the Puente Basin.





Attachment "B"

State Department of Health Services
Primary Drinking Water Standards
Secondary Drinking Water Standards

Priority Pollutants

MCL	Constituent	MCL	Constituent
organile (ce	impounds, MCL units of milligrams pe	r liter (m	g/L) second and an arrangement of the second
0.005	1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	0.006	1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE)
0.200	1,1,1-Trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA)	1.2	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2- trifluoroethane (Freon 113)
0.032	1,1,2-Trichloroethane (1,1,2-TCA)	0.001	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.0005	1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	0.005	1,2-Dichloropropane (Propylene dichloride)
*a	1,3-Dichloropropane	*a	1,3-Dichloropropane
0.005	1,4-Dichlorobenzene (p-DCB)	0.1	2,4-D
0.05	2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	0.003	Atrazine (AAtrex)
0.018	Bentazon (Basagran)	0.001	Benzene
*a	Bromodichloromethane	*a	Bromoform
0.018	Carbofuran (Furadan)	0.0005	Carbon tetrachloride
0.0001	Chlordane	0.030	Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)
*a	Chloroform	0.006	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene
0.004	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (DEHP)	*a	Dibromochloromethane
0.0002	Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	0.0002	Endrin
0.680	Ethylbenzene (Phenylethane)	0.00002	Ethylene dibromide (EDB)
0.7	Glyphosate	0.00001	Heptachlor epoxide
0.00001	Heptachlor	0.004	Lindane (gamma-BHC)
0.1	Methoxychlor	0.02	Molinate (Ordram)
0.01	Simazine (Princep)	0.005	Tetrachloroethene (PCE)
0.07	Thiobencarb (Bolero)	0.005	Toxaphene
0.01	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.005	Trichloroethene (TCE)
0.15	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.0005	Vinyl chloride (VC)
1.75	Xylenes	Production of the second	
		<u> </u>	

Sta	te DHS Primary Drinking Water Stand	ards, Maximu	m Contaminant Level (MCL)
MCL	Constituent	MCL	Constituent
Inorganic/	Physical Constituents, MCD units of	milligrams,	liter (mg/L)
1.0	Aluminum (Al)	0.05	Arsenic (As)
1.0	Barium (Ba)	0.01	Cadmium (Cd)
0.05	Chromium, total (Cr)	2.4	Fluoride (F) temp < 53.7 'F
2.2	Fluoride (F) temp 53.8-58.3 'F	2.0	Fluoride (F) temp 58.4-63.8 *F
1.8	Fluoride (F) temp 63.9-70.6 'F	1.6	Fluoride (F) temp 70.7-79.2 °F
1.4	Fluoride (F) temp 79.3-90.5 'F	0.05	Lead (Pb)
0.002	Mercury (Hg)	45.0	Nitrate (NO _x)
0.01	Selenium (Se)	0.05	Silver (Ag)
Radio Che	istry, MCL units of pico Curies pe	f r liter (pCi	(L)
7-991-04-04-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-	Gross Alpha (α)	50 (pCi/L)	Gross Beta (B)
5 (pCi/L)			Strontium-90 (Sr ⁹⁶)
		<u> </u>	

MCL (units)	Constituent	MCL (units)	Constituent
250 mg/L	Chloride (C1)	15 units	Color
900 µmhos	Conductivity	1.0 mg/L	Copper (Cu)
0.5 units	Foaming agent (MBAS)	0.3 mg/L	Iron (Fe)
0.05 mg/L	Manganese (Mn)	250 mg/L	Sulfate (SO,)
500 mg/L	Total dissolved solids (TDS)	5 units	Turbidity
5.0 mg/L	Zinc (Zn)		

	Priority Pollutants: Acid Extra	ctables
2,4,Trichlorophenol	P-Chloro-M-Cresol	2-Chlorophenol
2,4-Dichlorophenol	2,4-Dimethylphenol	2-Nitrophenol
4-Nitrophenol	2,4-Dinitrophenol .	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol
Pentachlorophenol	Phenol	· .

Priorit	y Pollutants: Base/Neutral Ex	tractables 💢 😅 🛶 🎉
Acenaphthene	Benzidine	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
Hexachlorobenzene	Hexachloroethane	Bis (2-Chloroethyl) ether
2-Chloronaphthalene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	2,4-Dinitrotoluene
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	Fluoranthene
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	Bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether
Bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Isophorone	Naphthalene	Nitrobenzene
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	M-Nitrosodiphenylamine
Bis (2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	Butyl benzyl phthalate	Di-N-Butyl phthalate
Di-N-Octyl phthalate	Diethyl phthalate	Dimethyl phthalate
Benzo (A) Anthracene	Benzo (A) pyrene	Benzo (B) fluoranthene
Benzo (K) Fluoranthene	Chrysene	Acenaphthylene
Anthracene	1,12-Benzoperylene	Fluorene
Phenanthrene	1,2,5,6-Dibenzanthracene	Indeno (1,2,3-CD) pyrene
Pyrene	TCDD	

Aldrin	Chlordane	Dieldrin .
4,4'-DDT	4,4'-DDE	4,4°-DDD
Alpha endosulfan	Beta endosulfan	Endosulfan sulfate
Endrin	Endrin aldehyde	Heptachlor
Heptachlor expoxide	Alpha BHC	Beta BHC
Gamma BHC	Delta BHC	Toxaphene
PCB 1016	PCB: 1221	PCB 1232
PCB 1242	PCB 1248	PCB 1254
PCB 1260		

Acrolein	Acrylonitrile	Benzene
Carbon tetrachloride	Chlorobenzene	1,2-Dichloroethane
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Chloroethane	Chloroform
1,1-Dichloroethylene	1,2-Transdichloroethylene	1,2-Dichloropropane
1,2-Dichloropropylene	Ethylbenzene	Methylene chloride
Methyl chloride	Methyl bromide	Bromoform
Bromodichloromethane	Dibromochloromethane	Tetrachloroethylene
Toluene	Trichloroethylene	Vinyl chloride
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		

Priority Pollutants: Metals & Miscellaneous		& Miscellaneous
Antimony (Sb)	Arsenic (As)	Beryllium (Be)
Cadmium (Cd)	Chromium (Cr)	Copper (Cu)
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Nickel (Ni)
Selenium (Se)	Silver (Ag)	Thallium (T1)
Zinc (Zn)	Cyanide (CN')	Asbestos (H,Mg,Si,O,)

......Endnote

^{1.} of M (DHS note) Unregulated: monitoring required for all community and non-transfent, non-community water systems

STANDARD PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS

DUTY TO COMPLY

The discharger must comply with all conditions of these waste discharge requirements. A responsible party has been designated in the Order for this project, and is legally bound to maintain the monitoring program and permit. Violations may result in enforcement actions, including Regional Board orders or court orders requiring corrective action or imposing civil monetary liability, or in modification or revocation of these waste discharge requirements by the Regional Board. (Wat. Code, §§ 13261, 13263, 13265, 13268, 13300, 13301, 13304, 13340, and 13350). Failure to comply with any waste discharge requirement, monitoring and reporting requirement, or other order or prohibition issued, reissued or amended by the Los Angeles Water Board or State Water Resources Control Board is a violation of these waste discharge requirements and the Water Code, which can result in the imposition of civil liability. (Wat. Code, § 13350, subd. (a).)

GENERAL PROHIBITION

Neither the treatment nor the discharge of waste shall create a pollution, contamination or nuisance, as defined by Water Code section 13050. In addition, the discharge of waste classified as hazardous, as defined in California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 2521, subdivision (a) is also prohibited.

AVAILABILITY

A copy of these waste discharge requirements shall be maintained at the discharge facility and be available at all times to operating personnel. (Wat. Code, § 13263)

CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP

The discharger must notify the Executive Officer, in writing at least 30 days in advance of any proposed transfer of this Order's responsibility and coverage to a new discharger containing a specific date for the transfer of this Order's responsibility and coverage between the current discharger and the new discharger. This agreement shall include an acknowledgement that the existing discharger is liable for violations up to the transfer date and that the new discharger is liable from the transfer date forward. (Wat. Code, §§ 13267 and 13263)

5. CHANGE IN DISCHARGE

In the event of a material change in the character, location, or volume of a discharge, the discharger shall file with this Regional Board a new Report of Waste Discharge. (Wat. Code, § 13260, subd. (c).) A material change includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Addition of a major industrial waste discharge to a discharge of essentially domestic sewage, or the addition of a new process or product by an industrial facility resulting in a change in the character of the waste.

- (b) Significant change in disposal method, e.g., change from a land disposal to a direct discharge to water, or change in the method of treatment which would significantly alter the characteristics of the waste.
- (c) Significant change in the disposal area, e.g., moving the discharge to another drainage area, to a different water body, or to a disposal area significantly removed from the original area potentially causing different water quality or nuisance problems.
- (d) Increase in flow beyond that specified in the waste discharge requirements.
- (e) Increase in the area or depth to be used for solid waste disposal beyond that specified in the waste discharge requirements. (California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 2210)

REVISION

These waste discharge requirements are subject to review and revision by the Regional Board. (Wat. Code, § 13263)

7. NOTIFICATION

Where the discharger becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a Report of Waste Discharge or submitted incorrect information in a Report of Waste Discharge or in any report to the Regional Board, it shall promptly submit such facts or information. (Wat. Code, §§ 13260 and 13267)

8. <u>VESTED RIGHTS</u>

This Order does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privileges. The requirements prescribed herein do not authorize the commission of any act causing injury to persons or property, do not protect the discharger from his liability under Federal, State or local laws, nor do they create a vested right for the discharger to continue the waste discharge. (Wat. Code, § 13263, subd. (g).)

SEVERABILITY

Provisions of these waste discharge requirements are severable. If any provisions of these requirements are found invalid, the remainder of the requirements shall not be affected.

10. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The discharger shall, at all times, properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the discharger to achieve compliance with conditions of this Order. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls including appropriate

quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this Order. (Wat. Code, § 13263, subd. (f).)

11. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

Except for a discharge which is in compliance with these waste discharge requirements, any person who, without regard to intent or negligence, causes or permits any hazardous substance or sewage to be discharged in or on any waters of the State, or discharged or deposited where it is, or probably will be, discharged in or on any waters of the State, shall, as soon as (a) that person has knowledge of the discharge, (b) notification is possible, and (c) notification can be provided without substantially impeding cleanup or other emergency measures, immediately notify the Office of Emergency Services of the discharge in accordance with the spill reporting provision of the State toxic disaster contingency plan adopted pursuant to Article 3.7 (commencing with Section 8574.7) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and immediately notify the State Board or the appropriate Regional Board of the discharge. This provision does not require reporting of any discharge of less than a reportable quantity as provided for under subdivisions (f) and (g) of Section 13271 of the Water Code unless the discharger is in violation of a prohibition in the applicable Water Quality Control plan. (Wat. Code, § 13271, subdivision (a).)

12. OIL OR PETROLEUM RELEASES

Except for a discharge which is in compliance with these waste discharge requirements, any person who without regard to intent or negligence, causes or permits any oil or petroleum product to be discharged in or on any waters of the State, or discharged or deposited where it is, or probably will be, discharged in or on any waters of the State, shall, as soon as (a) such person has knowledge of the discharge, (b) notification is possible, and (c) notification can be provided without substantially impeding cleanup or other emergency measures, immediately notify the Office of Emergency Services of the discharge in accordance with the spill reporting provision of the State oil spill contingency plan adopted pursuant to Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 8574.1) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code. This provision does not require reporting of any discharge of less than 42 gallons unless the discharge is also required to be reported pursuant to Section 311 of the Clean Water Act or the discharge is in violation of a prohibition in the applicable Water Quality Control Plan. (Wat. Code, § 13272)

13. INVESTIGATIONS AND INSPECTIONS

The discharger shall allow the Regional Board, or an authorized representative upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

 (a) Enter upon the discharger's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this Order;

- (b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this Order;
- (c) Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this Order; and
- (d) Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring compliance with this Order, or as otherwise authorized by the California Water Code, any substances or parameters at any location. (Wat. Code, § 13267)
- (e) Except for material determined to be confidential in accordance with applicable law, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this Order shall be available for public inspection at the office of the Los Angeles Water Board. Data on waste discharges, water quality, geology, and hydrogeology shall not be considered confidential.

14. MONITORING PROGRAM AND DEVICES

The discharger shall furnish, under penalty of perjury, technical monitoring program reports; such reports shall be submitted in accordance with specifications prepared by the Executive Officer, which specifications are subject to periodic revisions as may be warranted. (Wat. Code, § 13267)

All monitoring instruments and devices used by the discharger to fulfill the prescribed monitoring program shall be properly maintained and calibrated as necessary to ensure their continued accuracy. All flow measurement devices shall be calibrated at least once per year, or more frequently, to ensure continued accuracy of the devices. Annually, the discharger shall submit to the Executive Office a written statement, signed by a registered professional engineer, certifying that all flow measurement devices have been calibrated and will reliably achieve the accuracy required.

The analysis of any material required pursuant to Division 7 of the Water Code shall be performed by a laboratory that has accreditation or certification pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 100825) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code. However, this requirement does not apply to field tests, such as test for color, odor, turbidity, pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, conductivity, and disinfectant residual chlorine. (Water Code, Section 13176). Unless otherwise permitted by the Regional Board Executive officer, all analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the State Water Resources Control Board's Division of Drinking Water. All analyses shall be required to be conducted in accordance with the latest edition of "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for Analysis of Pollutants" (40CFR Part 136) promulgated by the United States, Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). (California Code of Regulation, title 23, section 2230)

The Quality Assurance-Quality Control Program must conform to the USEPA Guidelines "Laboratory Documentation Requirements for Data Validation", January 1990, USEPA Region 9) or procedures approved by the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control

Board.

All quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) analyses must be run on the same dates when samples were actually analyzed. All QA/QC data shall be reported, along with the sample results to which they apply, including the method, equipment, analytical detection and quantitation limits, the percent recovery, and explanation for any recovery that falls outside the QC limits, the results of equipment and method blanks, the results of spiked and surrogate samples, the frequency of quality control analysis, and the name and qualifications of the person(s) performing the analyses. Sample results shall be reported unadjusted for lank results or spike recoveries. In cases where contaminants are detected in QA/QC samples (e.g., field, trip, or lab blanks); the accompanying sample results shall be appropriately flagged.

The Discharger shall make all QA/QC data available for inspection by Regional Board staff and submit the QA/QC documentation with its respective quarterly report. Proper chain of custody procedures must be followed and a copy of that documentation shall be submitted with the quarterly report.

15. TREATMENT FAILURE

In an enforcement action, it shall not be a defense for the discharger that it would have been necessary to halt or to reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with this Order. Upon reduction, loss, or failure of the treatment facility, the discharger shall, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with this Order, control production or all discharges, or both, until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. This provision applies, for example, when the primary source of power of the treatment facility fails, is reduced, or is lost. (Wat. Code, § 13263, subd. (f).)

16. DISCHARGE TO NAVIGABLE WATERS

A person who discharges pollutants or proposes to discharge pollutants or proposes to discharge pollutants to the navigable waters of the United States within the jurisdiction of this state or a person who discharges dredged or fill material or proposes to discharge dredged or fill material into the navigable waters of the United States within the jurisdiction of this state shall file a report of waste discharge in compliance with the procedures set forth in Water Code section 13260. (Wat. Code, § 13376)

17. ENDANGERMENT TO HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

The discharger shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Any such information shall be provided verbally to the Executive Officer within 24 hours from the time the discharger becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within five days of the time the discharger becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected; the anticipated time it is expected to continue and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and

prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The Executive officer, or an authorized representative, may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours. The following occurrence(s) must be reported to the Executive Office within 24 hours:

- (a) Any bypass from any portion of the treatment facility.
- (b) Any discharge of treated or untreated wastewater resulting from sewer line breaks, obstruction, surcharge or any other circumstances.
- (c) Any treatment plan upset which causes the effluent limitation of this Order to be exceeded. (Wat. Code, §§ 13263 and 13267)

18. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

The discharger shall retain records of all monitoring information including all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies off all reports required by this Order, and record of all data used to complete the application for this Order. Records shall be maintained for a minimum of three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding this discharge or when requested by the Regional Board Executive Officer.

Records of monitoring information shall include:

- (a) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurement;
- (b) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurement;
- (c) The date(s) analyses were performed;
- (d) The individual(s) who performed the analyses:
- (e) The analytical techniques or method used; and
- (f) The results of such analyses.
- 19. (a) All application reports or information to be submitted to the Executive Office shall be signed and certified as follows:
 - (1) For a corporation by a principal executive officer or at least the level of vice president.
 - (2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.
 - (3) For a municipality, state, federal, or other public agency by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

- (b) A duly authorized representative of a person designated in paragraph (a) of this provision may sign documents if:
 - The authorization is made in writing by a person described in paragraph
 (a) of this provision.
 - (2) The authorization specifies either an individual or position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity; and
 - (3) The written authorization is submitted to the Executive Officer.

Any person signing a document under this Section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. (Water Code Sections 13263, 13267, and 13268)"

20. OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

Supervisors and operators of municipal wastewater treatment plants and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Utilities Commission, used in the treatment or reclamation of sewage and industrial waste shall possess a certificate of appropriate grade in accordance with California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 3680. State Boards may accept experience in lieu of qualification training. (Cal. Code Regs., title, 23, §§ 3680 and 3680.2). In lieu of a properly certified wastewater treatment plant operator, the State Board may approve use of a water treatment plant operator of appropriate grade certified by the State Department of Public Health where reclamation is involved. (Cal. Code Regs., title, 23, §3670.1, subd. (b).)

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS' ADEQUATE CAPACITY

21. Whenever a regional board finds that a publicly owned wastewater treatment plant will reach capacity within four years, the board shall notify the discharger. Such notification shall inform the discharger that the regional board will consider adopting a time schedule order pursuant to Section 13300 of the Water Code or other enforcement order unless the discharger can demonstrate that adequate steps are being taken to address the capacity problem. The notification shall require the discharger to submit a technical report to the regional board within 120 days showing how flow volumes will be prevented from exceeding existing capacity or how capacity will be increased. A copy of such notification shall be sent to appropriate local elected officials, local permitting agencies

and the press. The time for filing the required technical report may be extended by the regional board. An extension of 30 days may be granted by the executive officer. Longer extensions may be granted by the regional board itself. (Cal. Code Regs., title, 23, § 2232)

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

320 West 4th Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles, California 90013 (213) 576-6660 • Fax (213) 576-6640 http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/

REVISED MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM CI NO. 10186 FOR CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION ARROYO SEQUIT RESTORATION PROJECT

ENROLLMENT UNDER GENERAL WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS ORDER NO. 93-010 (SERIES NO. 049) FILE NO. 15-121

I. SUBMITTAL OF REPORTS

- 1. The Dischargers shall comply with the Electronic Submittal of Information (ESI) requirements by submitting all reports required under the MRP, including electronic data format (EDF) effluent and groundwater monitoring data, use of recycled water data, discharge location data, and pdf monitoring to the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) GeoTracker database under Global ID WDR100026599 on the dates indicated as follows:
 - **A.** Quarterly Monitoring Reports shall be received at the Regional Board by the 30th day of the second month following the end of each quarterly monitoring period according to Table 1. The first monitoring report under this program shall be received at the Regional Board by October 30, 2016.

Table 1. Reporting Period and Due Dates

Reporting Period	Report Due
January - March	April 30
April - June	July 30
July - September	October 30
October - December	January 30

- **B. Annual Summary Report** shall be received at the Regional Board March 1 of each year. The first Annual Summary Report under this program shall be received at the Regional Board on March 1, 2017.
- 2. If there is no discharge during any reporting period, the report shall so state.
- 3. For every item where the requirements are not met, the Discharger shall submit a statement of the cause(s), and actions undertaken or proposed which will bring the discharge into full compliance with waste discharge requirements at the earliest possible time, including a timetable for implementation of those actions.
- 4. The Discharger shall maintain all sampling and analytical results, including strip charts; date; exact place, and time of sampling; dates analyses were performed; analyst's name; analytical techniques used; and results of all analyses. Such records shall be retained for a minimum of three years. This period of retention shall be extended

during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding this discharge, or when requested by the Regional Board.

- 5. In reporting the monitoring data, the Discharger shall arrange the data in tabular form so that the date, the constituents, and the concentrations are readily discernible. The data shall be summarized to demonstrate compliance with the requirements and, where applicable, shall include results of receiving water observations.
- 6. Any mitigation/remedial activity including any pre-discharge treatment conducted at the site must be reported in the quarterly monitoring report.
- 7. Each monitoring report shall contain a separate section titled "Summary of Non-Compliance" which discusses the compliance record and the corrective actions taken or planned that may be needed to bring the discharge into full compliance with WDRs. This section shall be located at the front of the report and shall clearly list all non-compliance with discharge requirements, as well as all excursions of effluent limitations.

II. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- Monitoring shall be used to determine compliance with the requirements of this Order and shall include, but not limited to, the following:
 - A. Locations of each groundwater monitoring station where representative samples can be obtained and the rationale for the selection. The Discharger must include a map, at a scale of 1 inch equals 1,200 feet or less, that clearly identifies the locations of all monitoring wells, and production wells.
 - B. Sampling protocols (specified in 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 136 or American Water Works Association (AWWA) standards where appropriate) and chain of custody procedures.
 - C. For groundwater monitoring, outline the methods and procedures to be used for measuring water levels; purging wells; collecting samples; decontaminating equipment; containing, preserving, and shipping samples, and maintaining appropriate documentation. Also include the procedures for handling, storing, testing, and disposing of purge and decontamination waters generated from the sampling events.
 - D. Laboratory or laboratories, which conducted the analyses. Include copy or copies of laboratory certifications by the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) Division of Drinking Water Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) every year or when the Discharger changes their contract laboratory.
 - E. Analytical test methods used and the corresponding detection limits for purposes of reporting (DLRs) unregulated and regulated chemicals. For regulated chemicals, please see the State Board's website at:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/Chemicalcont aminants.shtml

- F. Quality assurance and control measures.
- 2. Unless specified differently below, the samples shall be analyzed using analytical methods described in 40 CFR Part 136; or where no methods are specified for a given pollutant, by commercially available methods approved by the Regional Board and/or State Board. The Discharger shall select the analytical methods that provide DLRs lower than the limits prescribed in this Order.
- 3. The Discharger shall instruct its laboratories to establish calibration standards so that the DLRs (or its equivalent if there is a different treatment of samples relative to calibration standards) are the lowest calibration standard. At no time shall the Discharger use analytical data derived from extrapolation beyond the lowest point of the calibration curve.
- 4. Upon request by the Discharger, the Regional Board, in consultation with the State Board Quality Assurance Program, may establish DLRs, in any of the following situations:
 - A. When the pollutant has no established method under 40 CFR 136 (revised May14, 1999, or subsequent revision);
 - B. When the method under 40 CFR 136 for the pollutant has a DLR higher than the limit specified in this Order; or,
 - C. When the Discharger agrees to use a test method that is more sensitive than those specified in 40 CFR Part 136 and is commercially available.
- 5. For unregulated chemical analyses, the Discharger shall select methods according to the following approach:
 - A. Use drinking water methods, if available;
 - B. Use State Board-recommended methods for unregulated chemicals, if available;
 - C. If there is no State Board-recommended drinking water method for a chemical, and more than a single Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-approved method is available, use the most sensitive of the EPA-approved methods;
 - D. If there is no EPA-approved method for a chemical, and more than one method is available from the scientific literature and commercial laboratory, after consultation with State Board, use the most sensitive method;
 - E. If no approved method is available for a specific chemical, the Discharger's laboratory may develop or use its own methods and should provide the analytical methods to State Board for review. Those methods may be used until CDPH recommended or EPA-approved methods are available.

- F. If the only method available for a chemical is for wastewater analysis (e.g., a chemical listed as a priority pollutant only), sample and analyze for that chemical in the treated and disinfected effluent immediately increase the likelihood of detection. Use this approach until the Discharger's laboratory develops a method for the chemical in drinking water, or until a State Board-recommended or EPA-approved drinking water method is available.
- G. The Discharger is required to inform the Regional Board, in event that D, E, F is occurring.

III. WATER QUALITY MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. <u>Maintenance reporting</u>: The Discharger shall submit a quarterly operation and maintenance report of the disposal system of the wastewater. The information to be contained in the report shall include, at a minimum, the following:
 - The name and address of the person or company responsible for the operation and maintenance of the facility;
 - 2. Type of maintenance (preventive or corrective action performed);
 - Frequency of maintenance, if preventive;
 - 4. Estimated irrigation area and quantity of water use for irrigation, if any irrigation;
 - Estimated amount of water used for compaction and for dust control;
 - 6. Description of any change in the dewatering approach, if changed:
 - 7. Verification that there is no runoff from the pond and the disposal areas to surface waters; and
 - 8. Maintenance records for the wastewater disposal system.
- B. A sampling station shall be located where representative samples of extracted groundwater, after settling and before discharge, can be obtained. The following shall constitute the effluent monitoring program, specified in Table 2:

Table 2. Effluent Monitoring

Constituent	Units ²	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency of Analysis continuous	
Total Flow ¹		recorder		
рН	pH units	grab	monthly	
Nitrate-nitrogen	mg/L	grab	monthly	
Nitrite-nitrogen	mg/L	grab	monthly	
Total dissolved solids	mg/L	grab	monthly	

Constituent	Units ²	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency of Analysis	
Sulfate	mg/L	grab	monthly	
Chloride	mg/L	grab	monthly	
Boron	mg/L	grab	monthly	
Priority Pollutants ³	μg/L	grab	1 st & Last Day of Discharge	

¹For those constituents that are continuously monitored the Discharger shall report the minimum, maximum, and daily average values.

All water monitoring reports must include, at minimum, the following:

- Sampling location, date and time of sampling;
- b. Sampler identification and laboratory identification.

IV. GENERAL REPORTING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- The Dischargers shall comply with all Standard Provisions related to monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping.
- 2. For every item where the requirements are not met, the Dischargers shall submit a statement of the actions undertaken or proposed that will bring the treated effluent and/or treated effluent used for the recycled water program into full compliance with requirements at the earliest possible time, and submit a timetable for implementation of the corrective measures.
- Monitoring reports shall be signed by either the principal Executive Officer or ranking elected official. A duly authorized representative of the aforementioned signatories may sign documents if:
 - A. The authorization is made in writing by the signatory;
 - B. The authorization specifies the representative as either an individual or position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity; and,
 - C. The written authorization is submitted to the Executive Officer of this Regional Board.
- 4. The monitoring report shall contain the following completed declaration:
 - "I certify under penalty of law that this document, including all attachments and supplemental information, was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure

²mg/L= milligrams per liter; µg/L= micrograms per liter.

³See Appendix A to 40 CFR, Part 423--Priority Pollutants, but the Discharger is required to test only for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and metals on the list.

that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of a fine and imprisonment.

Executed on the	day of	at	·
	_		(Signature)
	_		(Title)"

- 5. The Dischargers shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance, monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this Order, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of sampling measurement, or report. This period may be extended by request of the Regional Board at any time and shall be extended during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding the regulated activity.
- 6. Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - A. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements:
 - B. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - C. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - D. The individual(s) who performed the analysis:
 - E. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - F. The results of such analyses.
- 7. The Dischargers shall submit to the Regional Board, together with the first monitoring report required by this Order, a list of all chemicals and proprietary additives that could affect the quality of the treated effluent and the treated effluent used for recycled water, including quantities of each. Any subsequent changes in types and/or quantities shall be reported promptly. An annual summary of the quantities of all chemicals, listed by both trade and chemical names, which are used in the treatment process shall be included in the annual report.

V. MONITORING FREQUENCIES

Specifications in this monitoring program are subject to periodic revisions. Monitoring requirements may be modified or revised by the Executive Officer based on review of monitoring data submitted pursuant to this Order. Monitoring frequencies may be adjusted

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to a less frequent basis or parameters and locations dropped by the Executive Officer if the Discharger makes a request and the request is backed by statistical trends of monitoring data submitted.

VI. PUBLIC DOCUMENTS

All records and reports submitted in compliance with Regional Water Board Order No. 93-010 and Revised Monitoring and Reporting Program CI No. 10186 are public documents and will be made available for inspection during business hours at the office of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region, upon request by interested parties. Only proprietary information, and only at the request of the Discharger will be treated as confidential.

Ordered by: Samuel

Samuel Unger, PE

Executive Officer