



California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Los Angeles Region



Winston H. Hickox
Secretary for
Environmental
Protection

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Gray Davis
Governor

RPW

December 24, 1999

Mr. Ron Thompson
California Dairies, Inc.
11709 East Artesia Boulevard
P.O. Box 6210
Artesia, CA 90701

99-136

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS – CALIFORNIA DAIRIES, INC., ARTESIA FACILITY (NPDES PERMIT NO. CA0057371, CI 6166)

Dear Mr. Thompson

Our letter dated November 8, 1999, transmitted the tentative requirements for your waste discharge.

Pursuant to Division 7 of the California Water Code, this Regional Board at a public hearing held on December 9, 1999, reviewed the tentative requirements, considered all factors in the case, and adopted Order No. **99-136** (copy attached) relative to this waste discharge. This Order serves as a permit under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), and expires on November 10, 2004. Section 13376 of the California Water Code requires that an application for a new permit must be filed at least 180 days before the expiration date.

The "Monitoring and Reporting Program" requires you to implement the monitoring program on the effective date of this Order. Your first monitoring report is due by April 15, 2000. All monitoring reports should be sent to the Regional Board, ATTN: Information Technology Unit.

When submitting monitoring or technical reports to the Regional Board per these requirements, please include a reference to "Compliance File **CI-6166** and NPDES No. CA0057371" which will assure that the reports are directed to the appropriate file and staff. We will appreciate it if you would not combine other reports but would submit each type of report as a separate document.

If you have any questions, please contact Gary Schultz at (213) 576-6665 or me at (213) 576-6664.

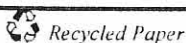
Sincerely,

Gary Schultz
WAYNE CHIOU, Chief
Los Angeles Inland Watershed Unit

Enclosures

cc: See attached mailing list

California Environmental Protection Agency



Our mission is to preserve and enhance the quality of California's water resources for the benefit of present and future generations.

Mailing List

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9,
Clean Water Act Standards and Permits Office (WTR-5)
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service
Department of Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Mr. John Youngerman, Division of Water Quality,
State Water Resources Control Board
Mr. Jorge Leon, Office of Chief Counsel,
State Water Resources Control Board
Department of Fish and Game, Region 5
Department of Health Services, Drinking Water Field Operations Branch
South Coast Air Quality Management District
Los Angeles County, Department of Public Works,
Environmental Programs Division
Los Angeles County, Department of Health Services
Los Angeles County, Department of Public Works, Flood Control Division
City of Los Angeles, Bureau of Sanitation
City of Los Angeles, Department of Public Works,
Stormwater Management Division
City of Artesia
Mr. Rico Hinojosa, California Dairies, Inc.
Dr. Mark Gold, Heal The Bay
Mr. David S. Beckman, Natural Resources Defense Council
Mr. Steve Fleischli, Santa Monica BayKeeper
Friends of the San Gabriel River
Mr. Terry Tamminen, Environment Now

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
LOS ANGELES REGION

ORDER NO. 99-136

NPDES NO. CA0057371

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS
FOR
CALIFORNIA DAIRIES, INC.
(Artesia Facility)

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region, (hereinafter Regional Board), finds:

1. California Dairies, Inc. (Discharger), formerly known as California Milk Producers, discharges wastewater under waste discharge requirements (WDRs) contained in Order No. 90-163, adopted by this Regional Board on December 3, 1990. This Order also serves as the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit (NPDES No. CA0057371).
2. The Discharger has filed a report of Waste Discharge and has applied for renewal of its waste discharge requirements and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit.
3. The Regional Board is also implementing a Watershed Management Approach to address water quality protection in the Los Angeles Region. Pursuant to this Regional Board's watershed initiative framework, the San Gabriel River Watershed is the targeted watershed for the fiscal year 1999-2000. Accordingly, the WDRs and NPDES permits for the facilities that discharge wastes to the San Gabriel River (including California Dairies, Inc.) are being reviewed. As a result of the review, this new Order is prepared to replace and renew the Order No. 90-163 adopted on December 3, 1990.
4. California Dairies, Inc., operates a milk transfer and processing plant at 11709 East Artesia Boulevard, Artesia, California, and discharges up to 220,000 gallons per day of condensate water expelled from milk evaporators. The wastes flow to a storm drain in Fallon Street (Latitude N 33°52'23", Longitude W 118 °04'56") and thence to Coyote Creek, at a point approximately one-half mile south of Wardlow Road. Coyote Creek is tributary to the San Gabriel River, a water of the United States, within the estuary.
5. All other industrial and domestic wastes from this facility are discharged to the sanitary sewer system.

December 9, 1999

6. Pursuant to Section 402(p) of the Clean Water Act and 40 CFR Parts 122, 123 and 124, the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) adopted general NPDES permits to regulate stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity (State Board Order No. 97-03-DWQ) and construction activity (State Board Order No. 92-08-DWQ). The Discharger is covered by the general permit associated with industrial activity.
7. On June 13, 1994, this Regional Board adopted a revised *Water Quality Control Plan, Los Angeles Region: Basin Plan for the Coastal Watersheds of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties* (Basin Plan). The Basin Plan contains beneficial uses and water quality objectives for the Los Angeles River.
8. The beneficial uses of the receiving water are:

Coyote Creek - Hydrologic Unit 405.15

Intermittent: non-contact water recreation
Existing: rare, threatened, or endangered species; and
Potential: municipal and domestic supply; contact water recreation (access prohibited); warm freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; industrial process supply, and industrial service supply.

San Gabriel River Estuary - Hydrologic Unit 405.15

Existing: wildlife habitat; contact and non-contact water recreation; rare, threatened, or endangered species; industrial service supply; migration of aquatic organisms; spawning, reproduction, and/or early development; navigation; commercial and sport fishing; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; and
Potential: shellfish harvesting.
9. The requirements in this Order are intended to protect designated beneficial uses and enhance the water quality of the watershed.
10. The requirements contained in this Order, as they are met, will be in conformance with the goals of the Water Quality Control Plan.
11. The issuance of waste discharge requirements for this discharge is exempt from the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 13 of the Public Resource Code, in accordance with Water Code Section 13389.

This Regional Board has notified the discharger and interested agencies and persons of its intent to renew waste discharge requirements for this discharge, and has provided them with an opportunity to submit their written views and recommendations.

This Regional Board, in a public hearing, heard and considered all comments pertaining to the discharge and to the tentative requirements.

This Order shall serve as an NPDES permit, pursuant to Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act or amendments thereto, and shall take effect at the end of ten days from the date of its adoption, provided the Regional Administrator of United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) has no objections.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that California Dairies, Inc., in order to meet the provisions contained in Division 7 of the California Water Code and regulations adopted thereunder, and the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act and regulations and guidelines adopted thereunder, shall comply with the following:

A. Effluent Limitations

1. Wastes discharged shall be limited to condensate water from milk evaporators only, as proposed.
2. The pH of waste discharged shall at all times be within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.
3. The temperature of waste discharged shall not exceed 100°F.

4. The discharge of wastes in excess of the following limits is prohibited:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Discharge Limitations^[1]</u>	
		<u>Monthly Average</u>	<u>Daily Maximum</u>
BOD ₅ 20°C	mg/L	20	30
	lbs/day	37	56
Nitrite-N (as N)	mg/L	--	1
	lbs/day	--	1.8
Nitrite+Nitrate-N (as N)	mg/L	--	8
	lbs/day	--	14.7
Oil and grease	mg/L	10	15
	lbs/day	18	28
Settleable solids	ml/L	0.1	0.3
Suspended solids	mg/L	50	150
	lbs/day	92	275
Total residual chlorine	mg/L	--	0.1
	lbs/day	--	0.2
Turbidity	NTU	50	150

[1] Mass limits (lbs/day) based on a flow rate of 220,000 gallons per day.

5. The acute toxicity of the effluent shall be such that the average survival in the undiluted effluent for any three-(3) consecutive 96-hour static or continuous flow bioassay tests shall be at least 90%, with no single test less than 70% survival.

B. Requirements and Provisions

1. Discharge of waste to any point other than specifically described in this Order and permit is prohibited and constitutes a violation thereof.
2. This Order and permit includes the attached "Standard Provisions and General Monitoring and Reporting Requirements" (Standard Provisions, Attachment N). If there is any conflict between provisions stated hereinbefore and the attached "Standard Provisions", those provisions stated hereinbefore prevail.

3. This Order and permit includes the attached Monitoring and Reporting Program (Attachment T). If there is any conflict between provisions stated in the Monitoring and Reporting Program and the Standard Provisions, those provisions stated in the former prevail.
4. This Order and permit may be modified, revoked, and reissued or terminated in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Parts 122.44, 122.62, 122.63, 122.64, 125.62, and 125.64.
5. The discharger must comply with the lawful requirements of municipalities, counties, drainage districts, and other local agencies regarding discharges of storm water to storm drain systems or other water courses under their jurisdiction; including applicable requirements in municipal storm water management programs developed to comply with NPDES permits issued by the Regional Water Board to local agencies.

C. Expiration Date

This Order expires on November 10, 2004.

The discharger must file a Report of Waste Discharge in accordance with Title 23, California Code of Regulations, not later than 180 days in advance of that date as application for issuance of new waste discharge requirements and NPDES permit.

E. Rescission

Order No. 90-163, adopted by this Board on December 3, 1990, is hereby rescinded.

I, Dennis A. Dickerson, Executive Officer, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region on December 9, 1999.



Dennis A. Dickerson
Executive Officer

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
LOS ANGELES REGION

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. CI-6166
FOR
CALIFORNIA DAIRIES, INC.
(Artesia Facility)
(NPDES NO. CA0057371)

I. Monitoring and Reporting

The discharger shall implement this monitoring program on the effective date of this Order. Monitoring reports shall be addressed to the Regional Board, Attention: Information Technology Unit, and received by the Regional Board by the dates in the following schedule:

<u>Reporting Period</u>	<u>Report Due</u>
January - March	April 15
April - June	July 15
July - September	October 15
October - December	January 15

The discharger shall submit an annual report containing a discussion of the previous year's effluent monitoring data, chemicals and additives used, as well as graphical and tabular summaries of the data. This annual report is due by March 1 of the year following data collection.

The first monitoring report under this Program is due by April 15, 2000. If there is no discharge, the report shall state so.

All monitoring reports shall include discharge limitations in the Order, tabulated analytical data, the chain of custody, and laboratory report (including but not limited to date and time of sampling, date of analyses, QA/QC, method of analysis and detection limits). In addition, any mitigation/remedial activity including a pre-discharge treatment conducted at the site must be reported in the quarterly monitoring report.

The analyses shall specify the USEPA analytical method used and its Method Detection Limit (MDL). For the purpose of reporting compliance with numerical limitations, analytical data shall be reported with an actual numerical value or "non-detected (ND)" with the MDL indicated for the analytical method used. In addition, the detection limits employed for effluent analyses shall be lower than the permit limits established for a given parameter, unless the Discharger can demonstrate that a particular detection limit is not attainable and obtains approval for a higher detection limit from the Executive Officer.

Water/wastewater samples must be analyzed within allowable holding time limits as specified in 40 CFR Part 136.3. All Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) items must be run on the same dates when the samples were actually analyzed. The Discharger shall make available for inspection and/or submit the QA/QC documentation upon request by Regional Board staff.

II. Discharge Monitoring

Sampling stations shall be established at the discharge points and shall be located where representative samples of the effluent can be obtained. Provisions shall be made to enable visual inspections before discharge. In the event of presence of oil sheen, debris, and/or other objectionable materials or odors, discharge shall not be commenced before compliance with the requirements is ascertained. Any visual observation shall be included in the monitoring report.

The following shall constitute the effluent monitoring program:

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Minimum Frequency of Analysis</u>
Total waste flow	gal/day	----	daily
Temperature	°F	grab	monthly
pH	pH units	grab	quarterly
Oil and grease	mg/l	grab	quarterly
Settleable solids	ml/l	grab	quarterly
Suspended solids	mg/l	grab	quarterly
Turbidity	NTU	grab	quarterly
Residual chlorine	mg/l	grab	quarterly
BOD ₅ 20°C	mg/l	grab	quarterly
Acute Toxicity ^[1]	% Survival	grab	annually
Sulfide ^[2]	mg/l	grab	one time
Nitrite ^[2]	mg/l	grab	one time
Nitrite-N plus Nitrate-N ^[2]	mg/l	grab	one time
Priority pollutants ^[2]	µg/l	grab	one time

(Refer to attached Priority Pollutants list)

[1] By the method specified in "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" - September 1991, (EPA/600/4-90/027). Submission of bioassay results should include the information noted on pages 70-73 of the "Methods". The fathead minnow (*Pimephales Promelas*) shall be used as the test species. If the results of the annual toxicity test yield a survival of less than 90%, then the frequency of analysis shall be increased to once per discharge event until at least three consecutive test results have been obtained and full compliance with Effluent Limitation A.5 of this Order has been demonstrated, after which the frequency of analysis shall revert to annually. Results of toxicity tests shall be included in the first monitoring report following sampling.

[2] One time sample with analyses to be reported by July 15, 2000.

III. Laboratory Analyses

All chemical, bacteriological, and toxicity analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the State Department of Health Services Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) or approved by the Executive Officer. A copy of the laboratory certification shall be provided with the first monitoring report and each time a new and/or renewal is obtained from ELAP.

IV. Notification

The Discharger shall notify the Executive Officer in writing prior to discharge of any chemical which may be toxic to aquatic life. Such notification shall include:

1. Name and general composition of the chemical,
2. Frequency of use,
3. Quantities to be used,
4. Proposed discharge concentrations and,
5. EPA registration number, if applicable.

No discharge of such chemical shall be made prior to the Executive Officer's approval.

V. Monitoring Frequency Changes

Monitoring frequencies may be adjusted by the Executive Officer to a less frequent basis if such is requested by the discharger and backed by statistical trends of monitoring data submitted.

Ordered by:



Dennis A. Dickerson
Executive Officer

Date: December 9, 1999

/GS

PRIORITY POLLUTANTS

Metals

Antimony
Arsenic
Beryllium
Cadmium
Chromium
Copper
Lead
Mercury
Nickel
Selenium
Silver
Thallium
Zinc

Miscellaneous

Cyanide
Asbestos (only if specifically required)

Pesticides & PCBs

Aldrin
Chlordane
Dieldrin
4,4'-DDT
4,4'-DDE
4,4'-DDD
Alpha-endosulfan
Beta-endosulfan
Endosulfan sulfate
Endrin
Endrin aldehyde
Heptachlor
Heptachlor epoxide
Alpha-BHC
Beta-BHC
Gamma-BHC
Delta-BHC
Toxaphene
PCB 1016
PCB 1221
PCB 1232
PCB 1242
PCB 1248
PCB 1254
PCB 1260

Base/Neutral Extractibles

Acenaphthene
Benzidine
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene
Hexachlorobenzene
Hexachloroethane
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether
2-chloronaphthalene
1,2-dichlorobenzene
1,3-dichlorobenzene
1,4-dichlorobenzene
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine
2,4-dinitrotoluene
2,6-dinitrotoluene
1,2-diphenylhydrazine
Fluoranthene
4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether
4-bromophenyl phenyl ether
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane
Hexachlorobutadiene
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Isophorone
Naphthalene
Nitrobenzene
N-nitrosodimethylamine
N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine
N-nitrosodiphenylamine
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
Butyl benzyl phthalate
Di-n-butyl phthalate
Di-n-octyl phthalate
Diethyl phthalate
Dimethyl phthalate
Benzo(a) anthracene
Benzo(a) pyrene
Benzo(b) fluoranthene
Benzo(k) fluoranthene
Chrysene
Acenaphthylene
Anthracene
1,12-benzoperylene
Fluorene
Phenanthrene
1,2,5,6-dibenzanthracene
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene
Pyrene
TCDD

Acid Extractibles

2,4,6-trichlorophenol
P-chloro-m-cresol
2-chlorophenol
2,4-dichlorophenol
2,4-dimethylphenol
2-nitrophenol
4-nitrophenol
2,4-dinitrophenol
4,6-dinitro-o-cresol
Pentachlorophenol
Phenol

Volatile Organics

Acrolein
Acrylonitrile
Benzene
Carbon tetrachloride
Chlorobenzene
1,2-dichloroethane
1,1,1-trichloroethane
1,1-dichloroethane
1,1,2-trichloroethane
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane
Chloroethane
Chloroform
1,1-dichloroethylene
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene
1,2-dichloropropane
1,2-dichloropropylene
Ethylbenzene
Methylene chloride
Methyl chloride
Methyl bromide
Bromoform
Bromodichloromethane
Dibromochloromethane
Tetrachloroethylene
Toluene
Trichloroethylene
Vinyl chloride
2-chloroethyl vinyl ether
Xylene



Winston H. Hickox
Secretary for
environmental
Protection

California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Los Angeles Region

(50 Years Serving Coastal Los Angeles and Ventura Counties)

320 W. 4th Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles, California 90013
Phone (213) 576-6600 FAX (213) 576-6640
Internet Address: <http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/rwqcb4>



Gray Davis
Governor

July 27, 2001

Mr. Rico Hinojosa
California Dairies Incorporated
11809 E Artesia Blvd
Artesia, CA 90701

Dear Mr. Hinojosa:

REQUIREMENT FOR MONITORING OF PRIORITY POLLUTANTS REGULATED IN THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE – MILK PROCESS PLANT, ARTESIA (ORDER NO. 99-136, NPDES NO. CA0057371, CI-6166)

On March 2, 2000, the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) adopted the *Policy for Implementation of Toxic Standards (SIP) for Inland Surface Waters, Enclosed Bays, and Estuaries of California* (Policy). The Policy implements the provisions promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in National Toxics Rule [40 CFR 136.36] and the California Toxics Rule (CTR) [40 CFR 131.38]. Criteria for 126 priority pollutants are established by the CTR. The SIP requires the Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Board) to conduct reasonable potential analysis (RPA) to determine whether a discharge may: (1) cause, (2) have a reasonable potential to cause, or (3) contribute to an excursion above any applicable priority pollutant objective. If the RPA determines that a limitation for a priority pollutant is required, the Regional Board will establish an appropriate limitation for that pollutant.

In accordance with Section 13267 of the California Water Code, dischargers must submit data to the Regional Board to: (1) determine if water quality-based effluent limitations for priority pollutants are required; and (2) to calculate effluent limitations, if required. The policy further provides that the time schedule for providing the data shall be as short as practicable but not to exceed three years from the effective date of the SIP, which was May 22, 2000.

A. Reasonable Potential Analyses (RPA) Data Requirement

The following data must be compiled to perform an RPA, and, if necessary, to develop effluent limits:

- The concentration of each priority pollutant in the effluent at the point of discharge;
- The concentration of each pollutant in the receiving water upstream of the point of discharge;
- The flow rate of the receiving water at the time of sampling (if discharge is to a river or creek);
- The pH of the receiving water;
- The hardness of the receiving water; and,
- The salinity of the receiving water.

California Environmental Protection Agency

The energy challenge facing California is real. Every Californian needs to take immediate action to reduce energy consumption
For a list of simple ways to reduce demand and cut your energy costs, see the tips at: <http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/news/echallenge.html>



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The RPA and effluent limit calculations are statistically based. Thus, the more data sets used in the calculations, the better would be the results of the analyses. Normally ten data sets are necessary to perform an RPA. However, to minimize monitoring and analytical costs dischargers will be allowed to submit seven quarters of monitoring and analysis data for this purpose.

B. Reasonable Potential Monitoring Program

Pursuant to CWC Section 13267, California Dairies Incorporated is hereby directed to conduct seven quarters (**from July 2001 to March 2003**) of effluent and receiving water sampling/monitoring for all the constituents listed in Attachment A.

- The effluent sample shall be collected at the end of discharge pipe from your facility.
- You must monitor your effluent and receiving water for the presence of the 18 congeners of 2,3,7,8-TCDD listed in Attachment A, once during the dry weather and once during the wet weather (a total of two samples) during this period. You must report for each congener the analytical results of the effluent monitoring, including the quantifiable limit and the Method Detection Limit (MDL), and the measured or estimated concentration. You must multiply each measured or estimated congener concentration by its respective Toxicity Equivalent Factors (TEFs) and report the sum of these values.
- The receiving water samples shall be collected upstream of the effluent discharge point in the receiving water outside the influence of the discharge. Where feasible receiving water sample should be collected 50 feet upstream of the effluent discharge point.

You may conduct the quarterly/semi-annually sampling during the periods prescribed in the monitoring and reporting section of your current permit, but the data must be submitted according to the Monitoring and Reporting Schedule in Section C of this correspondence. However, if quarterly/semi-annually sampling is not required in your current permit, you must sample your effluent and the receiving water, and submit a report according to the Monitoring and Reporting Schedule in Section C, below. Please note that the report for this required monitoring must be submitted separately from the regular discharger self-monitoring reports.

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C. Reasonable Potential Reporting Program

The RPA monitoring reports must be submitted every quarter according to the schedule below:

Monitoring and Reporting Schedule	
Monitoring Period	Report Due Date
January – March	April 15
April – June	July 15
July – September	October 15
October – December	January 15
Semi-annual sampling (to be conducted during October to March, and during April to September)	April 15 & October 15, respectively

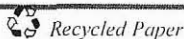
D. Reasonable Potential Monitoring Provisions

- SWRCB-approved laboratory methods and the corresponding minimum levels (MLs) for the examination of each priority pollutant are listed in Attachment B of this letter. Reporting requirements for the data to be submitted are listed in Attachment C of this letter. We recommend that you select analytical method from Attachment A capable of achieving the lowest ML for each pollutant as listed on Attachment B. ML is necessary for determining compliance for a priority pollutant when an effluent limit is below the MDL.
- The laboratory analytical data shall include applicable MLs, MDL, quality assurance/quality control data, and shall comply with the reporting requirements contained in the Attachments B & C.
- The first and last monitoring data under this program are due **October 15, 2001 and April 15, 2003**, respectively to this Regional Board. The last monitoring data shall include all the analytical data from the previous sampling events under this program. You must provide these analytical results in both **electronic format** (available as a **Microsoft Excel Spreadsheet** on our Web site http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/~rwqcb4/html/programs/watershed_reg.html) and in **paper format**.
- Please forward all monitoring data/report to The Regional Board, Attn: Industrial Permitting Unit, and please include a reference to "Compliance File No. CI-6166 and NPDES No. CA0057371".

Pursuant to Section 13268 of the CWC, failure to conduct the required monitoring and/or to provide the required information in a timely manner may result in civil liability imposed by the Regional Board in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1000) for each day the information is not received.

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July 27, 2001

Attached for your information is a copy of answers to some of the most frequently asked questions. If you have any other questions, please contact Rosario Aston at (213) 576-6653 or fax your questions to (213) 576-6660.

Sincerely,



Dennis A. Dickerson
Executive Officer

Enclosures: Attachment "A" – Priority Pollutants Analytical Methods Table
Attachment "B" – SWRCB Minimum Levels
Attachment "C" – Example Data Format
Frequently Asked Questions

California Environmental Protection Agency

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