# State of California CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. <u>CI - 6643</u> for
ATLANTIC RICHFIELD COMPANY
(LONG BEACH MARINE TERMINAL 1, BERTH 121)
(CA0059285)

### I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. The Discharger shall implement this monitoring program on the effective date of this order. The first monitoring report under this Program is due by October 15, 2000.

Monitoring reports shall be submitted by the dates in the following schedule:

Reporting Period	Report Due
January - March	April 15
April - June	July 15
July - September	October 15
October - December	January 15
Annual Summary Report	March 1

- B. If no discharge occurs during any monitoring period, the report shall so state.
- C. Laboratory analyses all chemical, bacteriological, and toxicity analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the California Department of Health Services Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP). A copy of the laboratory certification shall be provided each time a new and/or renewal is obtained from ELAP.
- D. For every item where the requirements are not met, the Discharger shall submit a statement of the cause(s), and actions undertaken or proposed which will bring the discharge into full compliance with waste discharge requirements at the earliest possible time, including a timetable for implementation of these actions.
- E. By March 1 of each year, the Discharger shall submit an annual report to the Regional Board. The report shall contain both tabular and graphical summaries of the monitoring data obtained during the previous calendar year. In addition, the Discharger shall discuss the compliance record and the corrective actions taken or planned, which may be needed to bring the discharge into full compliance with the waste discharge requirements.

T-1 May 16, 2000 Revised: June 29, 2000 F. Any mitigation/remedial activity including any pre-discharge treatment conducted at the site must be reported in the quarterly monitoring report.

#### II. EFFLUENT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sampling station(s) shall be established for the point of discharge and shall be located where representative samples of that effluent can be obtained. Provisions shall be made to enable visual inspection before discharge. If oil sheen, debris, and/or other objectionable materials or odors are present, the discharge shall not be commenced until compliance with the requirements has been demonstrated. Any visual observations shall be included in the monitoring report.
- B. The monitoring report shall specify the USEPA analytical method used, the Method Detection Limit (MDL) and the Minimum Level (ML) for each pollutant. For the purpose of reporting compliance with numerical limitations, performance goals, and receiving water limitations, analytical data shall be reported with one of the following methods, as the case may be:
  - 1. An actual numerical value for sample results greater than or equal to the ML; or
  - 2. "Detected, but Not Quantified (DNQ)" if results are greater than or equal to the laboratory's MDL but less than the ML.
  - 3. "Not-Detected (ND)" for sample results less than the laboratory's MDL with MDL indicated for the analytical method used; or

The MLs are those published by the State Water Resources Control Board in the *Policy for the Implementation of Toxics Standards for Inland Surface Waters, Enclosed Bays. and Estuaries of California*, March 2, 2000.

- C. The ML employed for effluent analyses shall be lower than the permit limits established for a given parameter, unless the discharger can demonstrate that a particular ML is not attainable and obtains approval for a higher ML from the Executive Officer. At least once a year, the Discharger shall submit a list of the analytical methods employed for each test and associated laboratory quality assurance/quality control procedures.
- D. All analyses shall be accompanied by the chain of custody (including but not limited to data and time of sampling, sample identification, name of person who performed sampling), date of analysis, name of person who performed analysis, quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) data, method detection limits, analytical methods, copy of laboratory certification, and a perjury statement executed by the person responsible for the laboratory.

- E. The detection limits employed for effluent analyses shall be lower than the permit limits established for a given parameter, unless the discharger can demonstrate that a particular detection limit is not attainable and obtains approval for a higher detection limit from the Executive Officer. At least once a year, the Discharger shall submit a list of the analytical methods employed for each test and associated laboratory quality assurance/quality control procedures.
- F. This Regional Board shall be notified in writing of any change in the sampling stations once established or in the methods for determining the quantities of pollutants in the individual waste streams.

### G. <u>Effluent Monitoring Program</u>

The following shall constitute the effluent monitoring program for the final effluent:

Constituent	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency of Analysis <sup>3/</sup>
Total waste flow	gal/day	grab	once per discharge event
Temperature	°F	grab	once per discharge event
рН	pH units	grab	once per discharge event
Turbidity	NTU	grab	once per discharge event
Oil and grease	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
BOD₅	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Sulfides	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Phenols	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Acute Toxicity 1/2	% survival	grab	once per discharge event
Chromium VI <sup>2</sup>	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Cadmium	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Zinc	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Benzene	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Toluene	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Xylenes	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
MTBE	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Sulfides	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Lead <sup>2/</sup>	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Conductivity	μmhos/cm	grab	once per discharge event
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Remaining EPA metals			
and volatile organic compounds			
(see page T-5)	μg/L	grab	annually <sup>4/</sup>

## Atlantic Richfield Company, Marine Terminal 1 Berth 121 Monitoring and Reporting Program No. CI-6643

CA0059285 Order No. 00-089

1/ By the method specified in "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" – September 1991 (EPA/600/4-90/027). Submission of bioassay results should include the information noted on pages 70-73 of the "Methods". The fathead minnow (Pimephales Promelas) shall be used as the test species.

If the results of the toxicity test yields a survival of less than 90%, then the frequency of analysis shall increase to once per discharge until at least three test results have been obtained and full compliance with the Effluent Limitations has been demonstrated, after which the frequency of analysis shall revert to annually. Result of toxicity results shall be included in the first monitoring report following sampling.

- If the analysis yields results of nondetect for three consecutive events, the frequency of analysis shall be decreased to once per quarter.
- During periods of extended rainfalls, no more than one sample per week need be taken. Sampling shall be during the first hour of discharge. If, for safety reasons, a sample cannot be obtained during the first hour of discharge a sample shall be obtained at the first safe opportunity and the reason for the delay shall be included in the report.
- 4/ Facility operators shall collect storm water samples during the first hour of discharge from the first storm event of the wet season (October 1 May 30).

### III. Notification

The Discharger shall notify the Executive Officer in writing prior to discharge of any chemical, which may be toxic to aquatic life. Such notification shall include:

- 1. Name and general composition of the chemical,
- 2. Frequency of use,
- 3. Quantities to be used.
- 4. Proposed discharge concentrations and,
- 5. EPA registration number, if applicable.

No discharge of such chemical shall be made prior to receiving the Executive Officer's approval.

### IV. Storm Water Monitoring and Reporting

The Discharger shall implement the attached Storm Water Monitoring and Reporting Program (Section B of the Attachment A) which shall be coordinated with the Monitoring and Reporting Program.

Ordered by:		Date: June 29, 2000
	Dennis A. Dickerson	
	Executive Officer	
/CDO		

### **PRIORITY POLLUTANTS**

Metals

Antimony Arsenic Beryllium Cadmium

Chromium
Copper
Lead
Mercury
Nickel
Selenium
Silver
Thallium
Zinc

**Miscellaneous** 

Cyanide

Asbestos (only if specifically required)

Pesticides & PCBs

Aldrin Chlordane Dieldrin

4,4' -DDT

4,4' -DDE 4,4' -DDD Alpha-endosulfan Beta-endosulfan Endosulfan sulfate

Endrin

Endrin aldehyde Heptachlor

Heptachlor epoxide

Alpha-BHC Beta-BHC Gamma-BHC

Delta-BHC

Toxaphene PCB 1016

PCB 1221 PCB 1232

PCB 1242 PCB 1248

PCB 1254 PCB 1260 **Base/Neutral Extractibles** 

Acenaphthene Benzidine

1,2,4-trichlorobenzene
Hexachlorobenzene
Hexachloroethane
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether
2-chloronaphthalene
1,2-dichlorobenzene
1,3-dichlorobenzene
1,4-dichlorobenzene
3,3' -dichlorobenzidine
2,4-dinitrotoluene
2,6-dinitrotoluene
1,2-diphenylhydrazine

Fluoranthene

4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether 4-bromophenyl phenyl ether Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Isophorone

Naphthalene Nitrobenzene

N-nitrosodimethylamine
N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine
N-nitrosodiphenylamine
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
Butyl benzyl phthalate
Di-n-butyl phthalate
Di-n-octyl phthalate
Diethyl phthalate
Dimethyl phthalate
Benzo(a) anthracene
Benzo(a) pyrene
Benzo(b) fluoranthene

Benzo(k) fluoranthene Chrysene Acenaphthylene Anthracene

1,1,2-benzoperylene

Fluorene Phenanthrene

1,2,5,6-dibenzanthracene Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene

Pyrene TCDD **Acid Extractibles** 

2,4,6-trichlorophenol P-chloro-m-cresol 2-chlorophenol 2,4-dichlorophenol 2,4-dimethylphenol 2-nitrophenol 4-nitrophenol 2,4-dinitrophenol 4,6-dinitro-o-cresol Pentachlorophenol

Phenol

**Volatile Organics** 

Acrolein Acrylonitrile Benzene

Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene 1,2-dichloroethane 1,1,1-trichloroethane 1,1-dichloroethane 1,1,2-trichloroethane 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane

Chloroethane Chloroform

1,1-dichloroethylene
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene
1,2-dichloropropane
1,2-dichloropropylene

Ethylbenzene Methylene chloride Methyl chloride Methyl bromide Bromoform

Bromodichloromethane Dibromochloromethane Tetrachloroethylene

Toluene

Trichloroethylene Vinyl chloride

2-chloroethyl vinyl ether

Xylene