

California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Los Angeles Region





Alan C. Lloyd, Ph.D.

Agency Secretary

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Arnold Schwarzenegger Governor

February 27, 2006

Mr. Steve L. Cole General Manager Newhall County Water District 23780 North Pine Street Santa Clarita, CA 91322-0970

Certified Mail Return Receipt Requested Claim No. 7002 0860 0004 5295 7052

Dear Mr. Petersen:

REVISION OF COVERAGE UNDER GENERAL NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PERMIT AND WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS – NEWHALL COUNTY WATER DISTRICT, WELL NOS. 12, & 13, SAN FERNANDO ROAD, SANTA CLARITA, CALIFORNIA (NPDES NO. CAG994005, CI-8603)

We have completed our review of your request to include potable water supply Well Nos. 12 and 13 under your existing General NPDES Permit for discharge of groundwater to surface water issued to Newhall County Water District on November 19, 2003. Discharge of groundwater generated from your other potable water supply wells, Well Nos. 7 & 10 is currently regulated under NPDES General Permit No. CAG994005 (Order No. R4-2003-0108), General National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System and Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges of Groundwater from Potable Water Supply Wells to Surface Waters in Coastal Watersheds of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties, adopted by this Board on August 7, 2003.

Based on the information provided, we have no objections to including discharges from Well Nos. 12 & 13 under your enrollment for the above-referenced NPDES permit. Enclosed are your Waste Discharge Requirements, which also serve as your NPDES permit, consisting of Order No. R4-2003-0108 and Monitoring and Reporting Program No. CI-8603. Since the groundwater analytical data provided meets the screening criteria, full enrollment under this general permit is authorized and Section E.2. will not be applicable to your discharge. However, the discharge limitations in Part E.1. of Order No. R4-2003-0108 for the specific constituents listed on the Table with the enclosed Fact Sheet are applicable to your discharge.

The groundwater discharge from all the wells flows into Newhall Creek, thence to the Santa Clara River between Bouquet Canyon Road Bridge and West Pier Highway 99. Therefore, the discharge limits in Attachment B.3.c. of Order No. R4-2003-0108 are applicable to your discharge.

The Monitoring and Reporting Program requires you to implement the monitoring program on the effective date of coverage under this permit. All monitoring reports should be sent to the Regional Board, ATTN: Information Technology Unit. When submitting monitoring or technical reports to the Regional Board per these requirements, please include a reference to "Compliance File No. CI-8603 and NPDES No. CAG994005", which will assure that the reports are directed to the appropriate file and staff. Also, please do not combine other reports with your monitoring reports. Submit each type of report as a separate document.

California Environmental Protection Agency

Mr. Steve L. Cole Newhall County Water District

In order to avoid future annual fees, please submit written notification when the project has been completed and the permit is no longer needed.

We are sending a copy of Order No. R4-2003-0108 only to the applicant. For those on the mailing list, please refer to the Board Order previously sent to you. A copy of the Order will be furnished to anyone who requests it, or it can be obtained at our web site address: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/html/permits/general_permits.html

If you have any questions, please contact Namiraj Jain at (213) 620-6003.

Sincerely,

Jonathan S. Bishop Executive Officer

Enclosures:

General NPDES No. CAG994005, Order No. R4-2003-0108 Fact Sheet Monitoring and Reporting Program No. CI-8603

Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, Permit Section (WTR-5)
 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services, Division of Ecological Services
 NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service
 Michael Levy, Office of Chief Counsel, State Water Resources Control Board
 California Department of Fish and Game, Marine Resources, Region 5
 California Department of Health Services, Environmental Branch
 Los Angeles County, Department of Public Works, Waste Management Division
 Los Angeles County, Department of Health Services
 City of Santa Clarita
 Lee Solomon, Tetra Tech

STATE OF CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

320 West 4th Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles, California 90013

FACT SHEET REVISED WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR NEWHALL COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

NPDES NO. CAG994005 CI-8603

FACILITY ADDRESS

FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS

24715 & 25015 San Fernando Road Santa Clarita, California

23780 North Pine Street Santa Clarita, CA 91322

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Newhall County Water District proposes to discharge groundwater generated during the well development, and aquifer and pumping tests, of Well Nos. 12 and 13 located in the vicinity of San Fernando Road, Santa Clarita. The groundwater will be collected into sedimentation tanks before being discharged into the Newhall Creek.

On November 19, 2003, Regional Board issued a NPDES General Permit No. CAG994005 (Order No. R4-2003-0108) for discharge of groundwater generated from other potable water supply Well Nos. 7 & 10. This Fact Sheet is being revised to include discharges from Well Nos. 12 & 13.

VOLUME AND DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE:

Approximately 1.9 million gallons per day (mgd) of groundwater will be discharged during well development, pump repair and well testing. The following Table shows the description of outfall locations for the wells.

Well	Latitude	Longitude
7	34° 23' 04"	118° 31' 53"
10	34° 23' 34"	118° 32' 16"
12	34°23' 37"	118°32' 19"
13	34°23' 41"	118°32' 21"

The discharge will last one to two days. Discharge from the wells drain to Newhall Creek, thence to the Santa Clara River between Bouquet Canyon Road Bridge and West Pier Highway 99, a water of the United States. The project location map is shown in Figure 1.

APPLICABLE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Based on the information provided, the analytical data did not show reasonable potential for toxics to exist in groundwater above the Screening Levels for Potential Pollutants of Concern in Potable Groundwater in Attachment A. Therefore, the effluent limits for toxic compounds in Section E.2. are not applicable to your discharge. The discharge flows into Newhall Creek, thence to the Santa Clara River that has a designated beneficial use of MUN (Potential). The effluent limitations in Attachment B.3.c. are applicable to your discharge.

This table lists the specific constituents and effluent limitations applicable to the discharge.

		Discharge Limitations		
Constituents	Units	Daily Maximum	Monthly Average	
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1000		
Sulfate	mg/L	300		
Chloride	mg/L	100		
Boron	mg/L	1.5		
Nitrogen ¹	mg/L	10		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	150	50	
Turbidity	NTU	150	50	
BOD ₅ 20°C	mg/L	30	20	
Settleable Solids	ml/L	0.3	0.1	
Residual Chlorine	mg/L	0.1		

FREQUENCY OF DISCHARGE:

The discharge of groundwater will be intermittent.

REUSE OF WATER:

Offsite disposal of waste is not feasible due to the high cost of disposal. Discharge to the sewer is not feasible because of inaccessibility and the high cost of sewer connection. The property and the immediate vicinity have no landscaped areas that require irrigation. Since there are no feasible reuse options, the groundwater will be discharged to the Newhall Creek in compliance with the requirements of the attached Order.

Nitrate-nitrogen plus nitrite nitrogen.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. CI-8603 FOR

NEWHALL COUNTY WATER DISTRICT (WELL NO. 7, 10, 12 & 13) (NPDES NO. CAG994005)

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. The discharger shall implement this monitoring program on the effective date of this permit. The discharger shall submit monitoring reports to the Regional Board by the dates in the following schedule:

Reporting Period
January - March
April - June
August 15
July - September
October - December
Annual Summary Report

Report Due
May 15
August 15
November 15
February 15
March 15

- B. The first monitoring report under this Program is due by May 15, 2006. The annual summary report, shall contain a discussion of the previous year's effluent monitoring data, as well as graphical and tabular summaries of the data. If there is no discharge during any reporting period, the report shall so state.
- C. All monitoring reports shall include the discharge limitations in the Order, tabulated analytical data, the chain of custody form, and the laboratory report (including but not limited to date and time of sampling, date of analyses, method of analysis and detection limits).
- D. Each monitoring report shall contain a separate section titled "Summary of Non-compliance" which discusses the compliance record and corrective action taken or planned that may be needed to bring the discharge into full compliance with waste discharge requirements. This section shall clearly list all non-compliance with waste discharge requirements, as well as all excursions of effluent limitations.
- E. Before commencing a new discharge, a representative sample of the effluent shall be collected and analyzed for toxicity and for all the constituents listed in the Fact Sheet and the test results must meet all applicable limitations of Order No. R4-2003-0108. (Note: This requirement does not apply to existing discharges.)

II. SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS (AS APPROPRIATE)

- A. Daily samples shall be collected each day.
- B. Weekly samples shall be collected on a representative day of each week.
- C. Monthly samples shall be collected on a representative day of each month.
- D. Quarterly samples shall be collected in February, May, August, and November.
- E. Semi-annual samples shall be collected in May and November.
- F. Annual samples shall be collected in November.

III. EFFLUENT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sampling station(s) shall be established at the discharge point and shall be located where representative samples of the effluent can be obtained. Provisions shall be made to enable visual inspections before discharge. In the event of presence of oil sheen, debris, and/or other objectionable materials or odors, discharge shall not commence until compliance with the requirements is demonstrated. All visual observations shall be included in the monitoring report.
- B. If monitoring result indicate an exceedance of a limit contained in Order R4-2003-0108, the discharge shall be terminated and shall only be resumed after remedial measures have been implemented and full compliance with the requirements has been ascertained.
- C. In addition, as applicable, following an effluent limit exceedance, the discharger shall implement the following accelerated monitoring program:
 - 1. Monthly monitoring shall be increased to weekly monitoring,
 - 2. Quarterly monitoring shall be increased to monthly monitoring,
 - 3. Semi-annually monitoring shall be increased to quarterly, and
 - 4. Annual monitoring shall be increased to semi-annually.

If three consecutive accelerated monitoring events demonstrate full compliance with effluent limits, the discharger may return to the regular monitoring frequency, with the approval of the Executive Officer of the Regional Board.

D. The following shall constitute the discharge monitoring program:

		Type of	Minimum Frequency of
Constituent	Units	Sample	Analysis
Flow	gal/day	totalizer	continuously
рН	pH units	grab	monthly
Temperature	°F	grab	monthly
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	grab	monthly
Sulfate	mg/L	grab	monthly
Chloride	mg/L	grab	monthly
Boron	mg/L	grab	monthly

		Type of	Minimum Frequency of
Constituent	Units	Sample	Analysis
Nitrogen ¹	mg/L	grab	monthly
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	grab	monthly
Turbidity	NTU	grab	monthly
BOD₅20°C	mg/L	grab	monthly
Oil and Grease	mg/L	grab	monthly
Settleable Solids	ml/L	grab	monthly
Residual Chlorine	mg/L	grab	monthly
Perchlorate	μg/L	grab	annually
1-4 Dioxane	μg/L	grab	annually
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	μg/L	grab	annually
(NDMA)		_	
Acute Toxicity	%	grab	annually
	survival		

IV. EFFLUENT TOXICITY TESTING

- A. The discharger shall conduct acute toxicity testing tests on 100% effluent grab samples by methods specified in 40 CFR Part 136 which cites USEPA's Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Water to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, October 2002, (EPA/821-R-02-012) or a more recent edition. Submission of bioassay results should include the information noted on pages 109-113 of the EPA/821-R-02-012 document.
- B. The fathead minnow, Pimephales promelas, shall be used as the test species for fresh water discharges and the topsmelt, Atherinops affinis, shall be used as the test species for brackish discharges. The method for topsmelt is found in USEPA's Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Marine and Estuarine Organisms, Third Edition, October 2002, (EPA/821-R-02-014).
- C. If the results of the toxicity test yields a survival of less than 90%, then the frequency of analyses shall increase to monthly until at least three test results have been obtained and full compliance with effluent limitations has been demonstrated, after which the frequency of analyses shall revert to annually. Results of toxicity tests shall be included in the first monitoring report following sampling.

V. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR REPORTING

A. The discharger shall inform this Regional Board 24 hours before the start of the discharge.

Nitrate-nitrogen plus nitrite-nitrogen.

- B. All chemical, bacteriological, and toxicity analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the California Department of Health Services Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) or approved by the Executive Officer. A copy of the laboratory certification shall be provided with the first monitoring report and each time a new and/or renewal is obtained from ELAP.
- C. Samples must be analyzed within allowable holding time limits as specified in 40 CFR Part 136.3. Proper chain of custody procedures must be followed and a copy shall be submitted with the report.
- D. As required in part H of Order No. R4-2003-0108, the monitoring report shall specify the USEPA analytical method used, the Method Detection Limit and the Minimum Level for each pollutant.

VI. COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION (AS APPLICABLE)

- A. Compliance with single constituent effluent limitation If the concentration of the pollutant in the monitoring sample is greater than the effluent limitation and greater than or equal to the reported Minimum Level (see Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Section H.4. of Order R4-2003-0108), then the Discharger is out of compliance.
- B. Compliance with monthly average limitations In determining compliance with monthly average limitations, the following provisions shall apply to all constituents:
 - a. If the analytical result of a single sample, monitored monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually, does not exceed the monthly average limit for that constituent, the Discharger has demonstrated compliance with the monthly average limit for that month.
 - b. If the analytical result of a single sample, monitored monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually, exceeds the monthly average limit for any constituent, the Discharger shall collect four additional samples at approximately equal intervals during the month. All five analytical results shall be reported in the monitoring report for that month, or 45 days after results for the additional samples were received, whichever is later.

When all sample results are greater than or equal to the reported Minimum Level (see Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Section H.4. of Order R4-2003-0108), the numerical average of the analytical results of these five samples will be used for compliance determination.

When one or more sample results are reported as "Not-Detected (ND)" or "Detected, but Not Quantified (DNQ)" (see Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Section H.4. of Order R4-2003-0108), the

median value of these four samples shall be used for compliance determination. If one or both of the middle values is ND or DNQ, the median shall be the lower of the two middle values.

- c. In the event of noncompliance with a monthly average effluent limitation, the sampling frequency for that constituent shall be increased to weekly and shall continue at this level until compliance with the monthly average effluent limitation has been demonstrated.
- d. If only one sample was obtained for the month or more than a monthly period and the result exceed the monthly average, then the Discharger is in violation of the monthly average limit.
- C. Compliance with effluent limitations expressed as a sum of several constituents If the sum of the individual pollutant concentrations is greater than the effluent limitation, then the Discharger is out of compliance. In calculating the sum of the concentrations of a group of pollutants, consider constituents reported as ND or DNQ to have concentrations equal to zero, provided that the applicable ML is used.
- D. Compliance with effluent limitations expressed as a median in determining compliance with a median limitation, the analytical results in a set of data will be arranged in order of magnitude (either increasing or decreasing order); and
 - a. If the number of measurements (n) is odd, then the median will be calculated as = $X_{(n+1)/2}$, or
 - b. If the number of measurements (n) is even, then the median will be calculated as = $[X_{n/2} + X_{(n/2)+1}]/2$, i.e. the midpoint between the n/2 and n/2+1 data points.
- E. In calculating mass emission rates from the monthly average concentrations, use one half of the method detection limit for "Not Detected" (ND) and the estimated concentration for "Detected, but Not Quantified" (DNQ) for the calculation of the monthly average concentration. To be consistent with section VI.C., if all pollutants belonging to the same group are reported as ND or DNQ, the sum of the individual pollutant concentrations should be considered as zero for the calculation of the monthly average concentration.

VII. NOTIFICATION

- A. The discharger shall notify the Executive Officer in writing prior to discharge of any chemical which may be toxic to aquatic life. Such notification shall include:
 - 1. Name and general composition of the chemical,
 - 2. Frequency of use,

- 3. Quantities to be used,
- 4. Proposed discharge concentrations and,
- 5. EPA registration number, if applicable.

No discharge of such chemical shall be made prior to obtaining the Executive Officer's approval.

B. The discharger shall notify the Regional Board via telephone and/or fax within 24 hours of noticing an exceedance above the effluent limits in Order No. R4-2003-0108. The discharger shall provide to the Regional Board within 14 days of observing the exceedance a detailed statement of the actions undertaken or proposed that will bring the discharge into full compliance with the requirements and submit a timetable for correction.

VIII. MONITORING FREQUENCIES

Monitoring frequencies may be adjusted by the Executive Officer to a less frequent basis if the discharger makes a request and the request is justified by statistical trends of monitoring data submitted. However, monitoring frequency may also increase based on site-specific conditions.

Ordered by:	Jonathan S. Bishop Executive Officer
Date:	February 27, 2006
/NJ	