

California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Los Angeles Region

Recipient of the 2001 Environmental Leadership Award from Keep California Beautiful



Linda S. Adams
Agency Secretary

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Arnold Schwarzenegger

February 3, 2010

Mr. Leo Mingle, Assistant City Manager City of Bellflower 16600 Civic Center Drive Bellflower, CA 90706 CERTIFIED MAIL No. 7001 0360 0000 3649 3750 RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Dear Mr. Mingle:

COVERAGE UNDER GENERAL NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM AND WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS—CITY OF BELLFLOWER, 9944 FLORA VISTA STREET, BELLFLOWER, CALIFORNIA (NPDES NO. CAG994005, CI-9574)

We have completed our review of your application for a permit to discharge groundwater under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit.

Based on the attached Fact Sheet and other information provided, we have determined that the proposed discharge at the above-referenced site meets the conditions to be regulated under Order No. R4-2003-0108, General National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit and Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges of Groundwater from Potable Water supply Wells to Surface Waters in Coastal Watersheds of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties, adopted by this Board on August 7, 2003.

Enclosed are your Waste Discharge Requirements, which also serve as your NPDES permit, consisting of Order No. R4-2003-0108 and Monitoring and Reporting Program No. CI-9574. The discharge limitations in Part E.1 and 2 of Order No. R4-2003-0108 for the specific constituents listed on the table with the enclosed Fact Sheet are applicable to your discharge. Discharge from the project drains to Los Cerritos Channel thence to Long Beach Harbor. Therefore, the discharge limitations in Attachment B of Order No. R4-2003-0108 are not applicable to your discharge. Prior to starting discharge, a representative sample of the effluent shall be obtained and analyzed to determine compliance with the discharge limitations.

The Monitoring and Reporting Program requires you to implement the monitoring program on the effective date of coverage under this permit. All monitoring reports should be sent to the Regional Board, ATTN: Information Technology Unit.

When submitting monitoring or technical reports to the Regional Board per these requirements, please include a reference to "Compliance File No. CI-9574 and NPDES No. CAG994005", which will assure that the reports are directed to the appropriate file and staff. Also, please do not combine other reports with your monitoring reports. Submit each type of report as a separate document. In order to avoid future annual fees, please submit written notification when the project has been completed and the permit is no longer needed.

California Environmental Protection Agency

To avoid paying future annual fees, please submit written request for termination of your enrollment under the general permit in a separate letter, when your project has been completed and the permit is no longer needed. Be aware that the annual fee covers the fiscal year billing period beginning July 1 and ending June 30, the following year. You will pay full annual fee if your request for termination is made after the beginning of new fiscal year beginning July 1.

We are sending a copy of Order No. R4-2003-0108 only to the applicant. For those on the mailing list, please refer to the Board Order sent to you previously or download a copy of the Order from our website at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/losangeles/board_decisions.

If you have any questions, please contact Namiraj Jain at (213) 620-6003.

Sincerely,

Tracy J. Egoscue Executive Officer

Enclosures:

Order No. R4-2003-0108 Monitoring and Reporting Program No. CI-9574 Fact Sheet

CC: Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, Permit Section (WTR-5)
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service
Department of Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
State Water Resource Control Board, npdes_wastewater@waterboards.ca.gov,
California Department of Fish and Game, Marine Resources, Region 5
Gary H. Yamamoto, California Department of Public Health, Division of Drinking Water
and Environmental Management
Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, Flood Control and Drainage
Los Angeles County Department of Environmental Program

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION 320 West 4th Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles, California 90013

FACT SHEET WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR. CITY OF BELLFLOWER

NPDES NO. CAG994005 SERIES NO.106 CI-9574

FACILITY ADDRESS

FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS

9944 Flora Vista Street Bellflower, California 90706 16600 Civic Center Drive Bellflower, California 90706

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

City of Bellflower (Discharger) owns and operates drinking water production wells and distribution system in the City of Bellflower. The Discharger proposes to drill a new potable water supply well at the City of Bellflower's maintenance yard located at 9944 Flora Vista Street, City of Bellflower. Groundwater will be discharged during the well development, and aquifer and pumping tests. The groundwater will be discharged into 21,000 gallons baker tanks stationed at the well site. The clarified groundwater will be discharged to a storm drain.

VOLUME AND DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE:

Up to 3.6 million gallons per day (mgd) of groundwater will be discharged during the dewatering activities into a storm drain that flows into Los Cerritos Channel thence to Long Beach Harbor (Latitude 33° 52' 51", Longitude 118° 06' 55") a water of the United States. The high rate of pumping and discharge is necessary to properly test the productive capacity of the well. The discharge duration may range from 2 to 24 hrs over 3 months period. The site location map is shown in Figure 1.

APPLICABLE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Based on the information provided, the analytical data does not show reasonable potential for toxics to exist in groundwater above the screening levels for *Potential Pollutants of Concern in Potable Groundwater*. The discharge flows into Long Beach Harbor therefore, the discharge limitations in Attachment B are not applicable to your discharge.

This Table lists the specific constituents and effluent limitations applicable to the discharge.

Constituents	Units	Discharge Limitations		
		Daily Maximum	Monthly Average	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	150	50	
Turbidity	NTU	150	50	
BOD ₅ 20°C	mg/L	30	20	
Settleable Solids	ml/L	0.3	0.1	
Residual Chlorine	mg/L	0.1		
Copper	μg/L	1000		

FREQUENCY OF DISCHARGE:

The discharge will be intermittent and the discharge duration will range from 2 to 24 hours during the well development process.

REUSE OF WATER:

Offsite disposal of the discharge is not feasible due to the high cost of disposal. Since there are no feasible reuse options, the groundwater will be discharged to the surface waterbody in compliance with the requirements of the attached Order.



New Well Location and Discharge Point Figure 1

STATE OF CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

REVISED MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. CI-9574 FOR CITY OF BELLFLOWER

(NPDES NO. CAG994005 SERIES NO. 106)

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. The discharger shall implement this monitoring program on the effective date of this permit. The discharger shall submit monitoring reports to the Regional Board by the dates in the following schedule:

<u>Report Due</u>
May 15
August 15
November 15
February 15

- B. The first monitoring report under this Program is due by May 15, 2009. If there is no discharge during any reporting period, the report shall so state.
- C. All monitoring reports shall include the discharge limitations in the Order, tabulated analytical data, the chain of custody form, and the laboratory report (including but not limited to date and time of sampling, date of analyses, method of analysis and detection limits).
- D. Each monitoring report shall contain a separate section titled "Summary of Non-compliance" which discusses the compliance record and corrective action taken or planned that may be needed to bring the discharge into full compliance with waste discharge requirements. This section shall clearly list all non-compliance with waste discharge requirements, as well as all excursions of effluent limitations.
- E. Before commencing a new discharge, a representative sample of the effluent shall be collected and analyzed for all the constituents listed in the Fact Sheet and the test results must meet all applicable limitations of Order No. R4-2003-0108.

II. SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS (AS APPROPRIATE)

- A. Daily samples shall be collected each day.
- B. Weekly samples shall be collected on a representative day of each week.
- C. Monthly samples shall be collected on a representative day of each month.
- D. Quarterly samples shall be collected in February, May, August, and November.
- E. Semi-annual samples shall be collected in May and November.

F. Annual samples shall be collected in November.

III. EFFLUENT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sampling station(s) shall be established at the discharge point and shall be located where representative samples of the effluent can be obtained. Provisions shall be made to enable visual inspections before discharge. In the event of presence of oil sheen, debris, and/or other objectionable materials or odors, discharge shall not commence until compliance with the requirements is demonstrated. All visual observations shall be included in the monitoring report.
- B. If monitoring result indicate an exceedance of a limit contained in Order R4-2003-0108, the discharge shall be terminated and shall only be resumed after remedial measures have been implemented and full compliance with the requirements has been ascertained.
- C. In addition, as applicable, following an effluent limit exceedance, the discharger shall implement the following accelerated monitoring program:
 - 1. Monthly monitoring shall be increased to weekly monitoring,
 - 2. Quarterly monitoring shall be increased to monthly monitoring,
 - 3. Semi-annually monitoring shall be increased to quarterly, and
 - 4. Annual monitoring shall be increased to semi-annually.

If three consecutive accelerated monitoring events demonstrate full compliance with effluent limits, the discharger may return to the regular monitoring frequency, with the approval of the Executive Officer of the Regional Board.

D. The following shall constitute the discharge monitoring program:

Constituent	Unit	Sample Type	Minimum Frequency of Analysis
Flow	gal/day	totalizer	per discharge event ¹
pH	pH units	grab	per discharge event ¹
Temperature	°F	grab	per discharge event ¹
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	grab	per discharge event ¹
Turbidity	NTU	grab	per discharge event ¹
BOD₅20°C	mg/L	grab	per discharge event ¹
Oil and Grease	mg/L	grab	per discharge event ¹
Settleable Solids	ml/L	grab	per discharge event ¹

¹ If the discharge is continuous for more than one month, the monitoring frequency becomes monthly. Record the monthly total flow and report the calculated daily average flow and monthly flow in the guarterly and annual reports, as appropriate.

Constituent	Unit	Sample Type	Minimum Frequency of Analysis
Copper	μg/L	grab	per discharge event ¹
Residual Chlorine	mg/L	grab	per discharge event ¹
Acute Toxicity	% survival	grab	annually

IV. EFFLUENT TOXICITY TESTING

- A. The discharger shall conduct acute toxicity testing tests on 100% effluent grab samples by methods specified in 40 CFR Part 136 which cites USEPA's Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Water to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, October 2002, (EPA/821-R-02-012) or a more recent edition. Submission of bioassay results should include the information noted on pages 109-113 of the EPA/821-R-02-012 document.
- B. The fathead minnow, *Pimephales promelas*, shall be used as the test species for fresh water discharges and the topsmelt, *Atherinops affinis*, shall be used as the test species for brackish discharges. The method for topsmelt is found in USEPA's *Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Marine and Estuarine Organisms*, Third Edition, October 2002, (EPA/821-R-02-014).
- C. If the results of the toxicity test yields a survival of less than 90%, then the frequency of analyses shall increase to monthly until at least three test results have been obtained and full compliance with effluent limitations has been demonstrated, after which the frequency of analyses shall revert to annually. Results of toxicity tests shall be included in the first monitoring report following sampling.

V. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR REPORTING

- A. The discharger shall inform this Regional Board 24 hours before the start of the discharge.
- B. All chemical, bacteriological, and toxicity analyses shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the California Department of Public Health Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) or approved by the Executive Officer. A copy of the laboratory certification shall be provided with the first monitoring report and each time a new and/or renewal is obtained from ELAP.
- C. Samples must be analyzed within allowable holding time limits as specified in 40 CFR Part 136.3. Proper chain of custody procedures must be followed and a copy shall be submitted with the report.

D. As required in part H of Order No. R4-2003-0108, the monitoring report shall specify the USEPA analytical method used, the Method Detection Limit and the Minimum Level for each pollutant.

VI.: COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION (AS APPLICABLE)

- A. Compliance with single constituent effluent limitation If the concentration of the pollutant in the monitoring sample is greater than the effluent limitation and greater than or equal to the reported Minimum Level (see Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Section H.4. of Order R4-2003-0108), then the Discharger is out of compliance.
- B. Compliance with monthly average limitations In determining compliance with monthly average limitations, the following provisions shall apply to all constituents:
 - a. If the analytical result of a single sample, monitored monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually, does not exceed the monthly average limit for that constituent, the Discharger has demonstrated compliance with the monthly average limit for that month.
 - b. If the analytical result of a single sample, monitored monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually, exceeds the monthly average limit for any constituent, the Discharger shall collect four additional samples at approximately equal intervals during the month. All five analytical results shall be reported in the monitoring report for that month, or 45 days after results for the additional samples were received, whichever is later.

When all sample results are greater than or equal to the reported Minimum Level (see Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Section H.4. of Order R4-2003-0108), the numerical average of the analytical results of these five samples will be used for compliance determination.

When one or more sample results are reported as "Not-Detected (ND)" or "Detected, but Not Quantified (DNQ)" (see Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Section H.4. of Order R4-2003-0108), the median value of these four samples shall be used for compliance determination. If one or both of the middle values is ND or DNQ, the median shall be the lower of the two middle values.

c. In the event of noncompliance with a monthly average effluent limitation, the sampling frequency for that constituent shall be increased to weekly and shall continue at this level until compliance with the monthly average effluent limitation has been demonstrated.

- d. If only one sample was obtained for the month or more than a monthly period and the result exceed the monthly average, then the Discharger is in violation of the monthly average limit.
- C. Compliance with effluent limitations expressed as a sum of several constituents If the sum of the individual pollutant concentrations is greater than the effluent limitation, then the Discharger is out of compliance. In calculating the sum of the concentrations of a group of pollutants, consider constituents reported as ND or DNQ to have concentrations equal to zero, provided that the applicable ML is used.
- D. Compliance with effluent limitations expressed as a median in determining compliance with a median limitation, the analytical results in a set of data will be arranged in order of magnitude (either increasing or decreasing order); and
 - a. If the number of measurements (n) is odd, then the median will be calculated as = $X_{(n+1)/2}$, or
 - b. If the number of measurements (n) is even, then the median will be calculated as = $[X_{n/2} + X_{(n/2)+1}]/2$, i.e. the midpoint between the n/2 and n/2+1 data points.
- E. In calculating mass emission rates from the monthly average concentrations, use one half of the method detection limit for "Not Detected" (ND) and the estimated concentration for "Detected, but Not Quantified" (DNQ) for the calculation of the monthly average concentration. To be consistent with section VI.C., if all pollutants belonging to the same group are reported as ND or DNQ, the sum of the individual pollutant concentrations should be considered as zero for the calculation of the monthly average concentration.

VII. NOTIFICATION

- A. The discharger shall notify the Executive Officer in writing prior to discharge of any chemical which may be toxic to aquatic life. Such notification shall include:
 - 1. Name and general composition of the chemical,
 - 2. Frequency of use,
 - 3. Quantities to be used,
 - 4. Proposed discharge concentrations and,
 - 5. EPA registration number, if applicable.

No discharge of such chemical shall be made prior to obtaining the Executive Officer's approval.

B. The discharger shall notify the Regional Board via telephone and/or fax within 24 hours of noticing an exceedance above the effluent limits in Order

No. R4-2003-0108. The discharger shall provide to the Regional Board within 14 days of observing the exceedance a detailed statement of the actions undertaken or proposed that will bring the discharge into full compliance with the requirements and submit a timetable for correction.

VIII. MONITORING FREQUENCIES

Monitoring frequencies may be adjusted by the Executive Officer to a less frequent basis if the discharger makes a request and the request is justified by statistical trends of monitoring data submitted. However, monitoring frequency may also increase based on site-specific conditions.

Ordered by:

Tracy J. Egoscue Executive Officer

Date:

February 3, 2010