ERRATA SHEET

TENTATIVE ORDER NO R9-2008-0082 NPDES NO. CA0109193

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENENTECH, INC.

The following changes have been made to tentative Order No. R9-2008-0082. Some changes/corrections below are shown in **bold and underline**/strikeout format to indicate added and removed language, respectively.

Errata #	SECTION	REVISION						
1.	Section II.H of tentative	tentative						
	Order							
2.	Section V.A of tentative Order	Table 7 shall be revise Table 7. Efflu	ed as follows: ent Limitation	ns Based o	n Table A	of the Oce	an Plan	
		Parameter				Effluent Lim	itations	
			Units	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Maximum Daily	Instantaneous Minimum	Instantaneous Maximum
		Flow	MGD	_	_	0.155		
		Oil and Grease	mg/L	25	40			75
		Oil and Grease	lbs/day ¹	32	52			97
		Total Suspended	mg/L	30		50		
		Solids	lbs/day1	39		65		
		Settleable Solids	ml/L	1.0	1.5			3.0
		Turbidity	NTU	75	100			225
		pН	standard units				6.0	9.0
		Temperature	F	Not more the	an 20° F grea	ter than natur	al temperature of	receiving waters
3.	Section V of	Unless specifically exc	ented by this Ord	ler tThe disch	arge by itself	or iointly with	any other discha	rge(s) shall not
<u> </u>	tentative	Unless specifically excepted by this Order, tThe discharge, by itself or jointly with any other discharge(s), shall not cause violation of the numerical water quality objectives established in Chapter II, Table B of the Ocean Plan. and						

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	Order	The discharge, by itself or jointly with any other discharge(s), shall not cause a violation of the following applicable water quality objectives contained in the Basin Plan, Ocean Plan, and Thermal Plan. Compliance with these objectives shall be determined by samples collected at stations						
4.	Section V.A of tentative Order	The following text will be revised as follows: Receiving water limitations are based on water quality objectives contained in the Basin Plan and Ocean Plan and are a required part of this Order. The discharge shall not cause the following in the Pacific Ocean.						
5.	Section V.A of tentative Order	The following text will be added as Number 6: 6. Elevated Temperature Requirements (Thermal Plan) a Elevated temperature wastes shall be discharged to the open ocean away from the shoreline to achieve dispersion through the vertical water column. b Elevated temperature wastes shall be discharged a sufficient distance from areas of special biological significance to assure the maintenance of natural temperature in these areas. c The discharge of elevated temperature wastes shall not result in increases in the natural water temperature exceeding 4°F at (a) the shoreline, (b) the surface of any ocean substrate, or (c) the ocean surface beyond 1,000 feet from the discharge system. The surface temperature limitation shall be maintained at least 50 percent of the duration of any complete tidal cycle.						
6.	Section VI.A.2.i	This Order expires on November 1, 2013 January 1, 2014, after which, the terms and conditions of this permit are automatically continued pending issuance of a new permit, provided that all requirements of USEPA's NPDES regulations at 40 CFR 122.6 and the State's regulations at CCR Title 23, Section 2235.4 regarding the continuation of expired permits and waste discharge requirements are met.						
7.	Section VI. C.2	The additional toxicity tests will be incorporated into the monthly semiannual discharge monitoring report within one month after the completion of the accelerated monitoring and submitted to the Regional Water Board pursuant to Attachment E.						
8.	Section VIII.A.1 of Monitoring	Table E-8 shall be modified as follows: Table E-8-5. Off Shore		ensive Monitoring	g Requirements			
	and Reporting	Determination Parameter	Units	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency			
	Program	Visual Observations	-	-	monthly			
		Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	Grab ¹	monthly			
		Light Transmittance	percent	Instrument ¹	monthly			
		pH	pH units	Grab ²	monthly			

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		<u>Temperature</u>	<u>°F</u>	<u>Ins</u>	strument ³	<u>monthly</u>			
		3. 1-meter intervals, surface to bottom All other tables will be re-numbered accordingly.							
).	Section IX.A.1 of	Table E-9. Sedime	ot Monitoring Pegu	iromonte					
	Monitoring and	Determination Pa		nits	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency			
	Reporting Program	Particle Size Distril	oution m	g/kg	core	Semi-annua			
	Fiogram	Arsenic, Total Rec	overable m	g/kg	core	Annual			
		Chromium, Total Recoverable	m	g/kg	core	Annual			
		Copper, Total Rec	overable m	g/kg	core	Annual			
		Nickel, Total Reco	verable m	ıg/kg	core	Annual			
		Zinc, Total Recove	rable m	g/kg	core	Annual			
10.	Section IX.A.2 of		Sediment Monitorin	ng Requiremer	nts				
	Monitoring and	Determinat Parameter	ion Ur	nits	Minimur	m Frequency			
	Reporting Program	Benthic B	Ota I	ation and eration	3 grabs, se	mi-annually			
1.	Section IX.B.1 of Monitoring and	Table E-11. Determina Paramet		Macroinverteb Units		ring Requiremer m Frequency			
	Reporting Program	<u>Faraniei</u>		fication and		4 Annual			

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12.	Section X.B.3 of	Table E-12.	Monitoring Periods and Repor	ting Schedule			
	Monitoring and	Sampling Frequency	Monitoring Period Begins On	Monitoring Period	SMR Due Date		
	Reporting Program	Continuous	Permit effective date	All	Submit with semi- annual SMR		
		Monthly	November 1, 2008 January 1, 2009	First day of calendar month through last day of calendar month	Submit with semi- annual SMR		
		Semi- annually	Closest of January 1 or July 1 following (or on) permit effective date	January 1 through June 30 July 1 through December 31	August 1 February 1		
		Annually	January 1 following (or on) permit effective date	January 1 through December 31	February 1		
13.	Section II.A.2 of Fact Sheet	2. Pretreatment of Water for Injection The sources of wastewater generated from the Water for Injection (WFI) pretreatment system include backwashing and rinsing of the simplex carbon filter and softener units serving the WFI pretreatment train and from the regeneration of the softener resin with a concentrated brine solution. The wastewater flow from the WFI includes 9,500 GPD from the softening units and 2,250 GPD from the carbon filters. The total wastewater flow from the WFI pretreatment process is 10,000- 24,000 GPD. The pollutants contained in the brine generated from the WFI pretreatment system are similar to those found in the brine from the primary City water treatment system. The pollutants include sodium, calcium, magnesium, and other salts. A small amount of sulfuric acid (20% solution) phosphoric acid is added to one of the simplex softener units associated with the WFI. The acid is used to maintain the pH of the softener effluent in the 7 to 8.3 range. This range of pH will ensure proper functioning of the					
14.	Section II.A.5 of Fact Sheet	5. Combined Brine Wastewater Equalization and pH Control Combined wastewater gravity drains to a 3,000 gallon lift station. This station has four different liquid sensors that control the system. At 1,200 gallons, the wastewater is pumped into one of two 20,000 gallon holding tanks. In these holding tanks equalization is achieved via comingling. Once one of the 20,000 gallon equalization tanks reaches 15,000 gallons, a valve is closed and the other tank begins to fill. Each tank has a mixer. The mixers move the wastewater through the pH adjustment skid where the pH is monitored. As the wastewater is routed to the adjustment skid, sensors assess the pH. If the wastewater is outside of the 6.0 – 9.0 s.u. range, sulfuric acid phosphoric acid or					

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		sodium hydroxide is added to adjust the pH up or down respectively. Once the pH has been adjusted, the wastewater is re-routed back to the 20,000 gallon equalization tank for further comingling. The pH is continuously checked.
15.	Section IV.C.2.b of Fact Sheet	An RPA was conducted for the Facility's discharges to the OOO <u>using</u> all the available data from December 2004- December 2007, for a total of eight sampling events.
16.	Section IV.C.2 of Fact Sheet	The following will be added as section c: c. The Thermal Plan establishes water quality objectives for discharges of Thermal and Elevated Temperature Waste to Coastal and Interstate Waters and Enclosed Bays and Estuaries. Thermal waste is defined as "Cooling water and industrial process water used for the purpose of transporting heat." Elevated temperature waste is defines as "Liquid, solid, or gaseous material including thermal waste discharge at a temperature higher than the natural temperature of receiving water. Irrigation return water is not considered elevated temperature waste for the purpose of this plan."
17.	Section IV.C.4.a of Fact Sheet	The following text will be revised as follows: a. Vapor compression still blowdown, boiler blowdown, and clean steam generator test flows are considered new discharges of elevated temperature wastes. Order No. R9-2003-010 incorrectly contained an effluent limitation of "Not more than 20° F greater than natural temperature of receiving waters", which is a requirement for Thermal Waste and does not apply to this facility. The effluent limitation for temperature from Order No. R9-2003-010 is being removed and the applicable receiving water limitations for elevated temperature wastes are incorporated. The specific water quality objective for enclosed bays elevated temperature waste to coastal waters for new discharges contained in the Thermal Plan states that "elevated temperature waste discharges shall comply with limitations necessary to assure protection of beneficial uses. The maximum temperature of waste discharges shall not exceed the natural temperature of the receiving waters by more than 20°F." "elevated temperature wastes shall not result in increases in the natural water temperature exceeding 4°F at (a) the shoreline, (b) the surface of any ocean substrate, or (c) the ocean surface beyond 1,000 feet from the discharge system. The surface temperature limitation shall be maintained at least 50 percent of the duration of any complete tidal cycle." This water quality objective is established as a WQBEL for discharges of compression still blowdown, boiler blowdown, and clean steam generator test flows from Discharge Point No. 001 and is based on the requirements of the Thermal Plan.
18.	Section IV.D.3 of Fact Sheet	The following text will be revised as follows: The Effluent limitation for chronic toxicity in this Order is less stringent than the limitation in Order No. R9-2003-0140. As described in Section IV.C.2.b, the Regional Water Board recalculated the initial dilution of the OOO using the USEPA approved computer modeling application Visual Plumes with the UM3 model. The new initial dilution is 87, compared to the previous value of 80. In accordance with the effluent limit calculations prescribed in the Ocean Plan, the higher initial dilution value results in less stringent calculated effluent limitations. However, the higher effluent limitations are based on identical values in Table B of the Ocean Plan and are the result of more dilution being

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		available at the OOO discharge point, not a reduction in water quality. Therefore, the effluent limitations in this Order meet State and federal anti-backsliding requirements.							
			The Effluent limitation for temperature has been removed. The temperature limitations contained in Order No. R9-2003-0140 applied to thermal waste and were not appropriate for this facility. 40 CFR 122.44(I)((B)(2)						
		allows less stringe							
		misinterpretations							
		applicable receivin					<u></u>	. <u></u>	
19.	Section				•				
19.	IV.D.1 of Fact Sheet	Table F-12. Su	mmary of I	Effluent Limit	ations for Dis	scharge Poi	int No. 001		
	T dot oncot				Ef	fluent Limitat	ions		
		Parameter	Units	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Maximum Daily	Instantaneous Minimum	Instantaneous Maximum	
		Flow	MGD			0.155			
		Oil and Grease	mg/L	25	40			75	
		Oil and Grease	lbs/day ¹	32	52			97	
		pН	pH units				6.0	9.0	
		Chronic Toxicity	TUc			88			
		Settleable Solids	ml/L	1.0	1.5			3.0	
		Temperature	°F	Not more th	an 20° F greater	than natural to	emperature of rece	eiving waters	
		Total Suspended	mg/L	30		50			
		Solids	lbs/day ¹	39		65			
		Turbidity	NTU	75	100			225	
20.	Section V.A of Fact Sheet	Receiving water limi the Basin Plan and t				quality objectiv	es for ocean wate	ers established by	
21.	Section VI.B.3 of Fact Sheet	Semi-annual monitoring for all constituents having effluent limitations has been retained from Order No. R9-2003-0140 in order to determine compliance with effluent limitations. These constituents are acute toxicity, chronic toxicity, oil & grease, pH, settleable solids, temperature, total suspended solids, and turbidity.							

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22.	Tentative Order (global)	Other typographical errors and other minor corrections to the wording in the tentative Order have been or will be made prior to sending out the final version.