1 2 3 4 5 6 7	MICHAEL P. MURPHY, COUNTY COUNSEL (SBN 8 By: John D. Nibbelin, Deputy (SBN 184603) Hall of Justice and Records 400 County Center, 6 th Floor Redwood City, CA 94063 Telephone: (650) 363-4757 Facsimile: (650) 363-4034 Attorneys for CRYSTAL SPRINGS COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT	3887)
8		ALTER OLL LITTLE GOVERNOL DO L. D.D.
9	BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD	
10	SAN FRANCISC	O REGION
11		
12	In The Matter Of the	Case No. R-2-2008-0065
1	CRYSTAL SPRINGS COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT.	RESPONSE OF THE CRYSTAL SPRINGS COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT TO
13	SANITATION DISTRICT.	THE TENTATIVE CEASE AND DESIST
14		ORDER
15		<u>Hearing</u> :
16		Date: December 10, 2008 Time: 9:00 a.m.
17		Location: Auditorium, Elihu Harris State Building, 1515 Clay Street, Oakland
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20	Pursuant to the September 16, 2008 Notice from the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region (the "Board"), the Crystal Springs County Sanitation District (the	
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23	"District") hereby submits its written comments and evidence in response to the tentative cease and desist	
24	order directed at the District (the "Tentative Order").	
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27	The District has agreed to settle the Civil Liability Complaint (Complaint No. R2-2008-0065) seeking administrative civil liability in an amount of \$23,375 (the "Complaint") and has waived its right to a hearing regarding this matter.	
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20	Case No. R-2-2008-0065	

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BACKGROUND LAW AND FACTS

The following facts, which are set forth in the Board's Tentative Order, are not materially in dispute.

The District

The District, which provides sewer collection in an unincorporated area of the County, was established in 1947 pursuant to legislative authority set forth in the County Sanitation District Act, which is now codified at section 4700, et seq., of the California Health and Safety Code. The District has a population of 5,615 residents, based on 2000 census data, and approximately 1,430 sewer connections and 1,532 equivalent residential units (ERUs), based on the District's 2008-2009 sewer service charge report. The District is comprised almost exclusively of residential customers, with only four nonresidential sewer connections. Residential customers are charged for sewer services at a rate based on ERUs. (The present rate is \$900 per ERU.) The District maintains approximately 18.95 miles of sewer lines, with approximately 29% of sewer mains located in easements in backyards and side yards and the remaining 71% of sewer mains located within streets.

County Sanitation District Act

Under the Act, all powers of a county sanitation district are exercised by the district's governing board. Cal. H&S Code § 4763. As in the case of the District, where the territory of the sanitation district does not include territory located within an incorporated city or a sanitary district, the county's board of supervisors also serves as the sanitation district's governing board. Cal. H&S Code § 4730 (providing that where "the district includes no territory which is in cities or sanitary districts, then the county board of supervisors is the board of directors of the district").²

While, in cases such as this, the county's board of supervisors also serves as the board of directors of a sanitation district, it is well established that sanitation districts are separate and distinct legal entities that operate independently from the counties in which they are located. Mitchell v. County Sanitation

Sanitation districts "as formed may include incorporated or unincorporated territory, or both." Cal. H&S Code § 4711. When a sanitation district includes incorporated territory, the district's board of directors includes "the presiding officer of each city, the whole or part of which is included in the sanitation district." Cal. H&S Code § 4730.

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District No. 1 of Los Angeles County (1958) 164 Cal. App. 2d 133, 144 (holding that sanitation districts are "municipal corporations" that "operate independent of other agencies").

Such districts are vested with broad-ranging powers, such as the power to sue and be sued in its own name. Cal. H&S Code §4738. They may also employ such sanitation experts, surveyors, counsel, and other persons as are needed to carry into effect any powers of the district; own property and sewer systems; impose and collect rates, fees and charges for service provided; join with any other governmental agency in the purchase, ownership, use, construction, maintenance, or operation of a sewer system or treatment plant; contract with the county to apportion the costs of locating, or repairing, any facilities on the property of the other party; sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of any property of the district; issue bonds; incur bonded debts. Cal. H&S Code §§ 4739, 4740-4741.6, 4741.7 and 5471, 4742, 4742.4, 4743, 4746, and 4746.1. District may also cause to be levied and collected taxes upon all the taxable real property in the district sufficient to meet the obligations evidenced by its bonds, to maintain the works of the district, and to defray all other expenses incidental to the exercise of the district powers. Cal. H&S Code §4747. They shall also employ sanitation engineers to make a survey and report on the problems of the district concerning sanitation especially with reference to the matters of sewage collection, treatment, and disposal, and refuse transfer or disposal. Cal. H&S Code §§ 4748-4758. They may borrow money and incur indebtedness; (§4764) lobby for legislation (§4765); and contract with any state agency to finance any district facilities authorized by state law. Cal. H&S Code §§ 4764, 4765, 4764.5.

District Operations and Finances

The sewage collected within the District is transported through jointly used sewer trunk mains owned and operated by the Town of Hillsborough ("Hillsborough") and the City of San Mateo ("San Mateo"). The District is party to a 1989 four-party Sanitary Sewage Agreement (the "Agreement") with San Mateo, Hillsborough, and the County of San Mateo (the "County")³, which sets forth the parties'

The County of San Mateo is a party to the Agreement in its capacity as a property owner, in that it operates sewer facilities upstream from the District that also flow through sewer trunk mains owned and operated by Hillsborough and San Mateo.

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respective responsibility for the above described sewers and other jointly used facilities, including a waste water treatment plant ("WWTP") operated by San Mateo, to which waste from each of the parties' sewers flows. 4 Under the Agreement, each party is responsible for necessary maintenance, repair, and improvement of the sewers that it owns, and the Agreement also requires the District to pay a proportional share of downstream capital improvement projects in Hillsborough and San Mateo. Also, the Agreement specifies how sewage flows to the WWTP will be measured, and how plant-related expenses will be allocated between the parties, based on their respective proportional contributions to total flow to the WWTP.

Crystal Springs Sewer Master Plan, Planned System Improvements, and District Finances

In 1999, the District prepared a Crystal Springs Sewer Master Plan. The plan identified nine capital improvement projects that were deemed necessary to address capacity limitations and structural deficiencies in the sewer system. One of the nine projects, involving the replacement of sewer lines along Polhemus Road, was intended to address system capacity deficiencies, and was completed in 2003. This project was paid for out of the District's fund balance. Further, the County loaned the District approximately \$1 million dollars to help pay for the District's proportional share of liability for a capital improvement project undertaken by Hillsborough. The District has not vet repaid this loan.⁵ The other eight projects, which would correct structural deficiencies or replace deteriorating sections of the system, have not been undertaken, due to a lack of funding. Further, the City of San Mateo has nearly completed capital improvements at the WWTP and, pursuant to the Agreement, the District is responsible for a share of financial responsibility for this project.

In 2006, the District's Board of Directors attempted to raise sewer service charge rates from \$496.00 per ERU to \$1,517 per ERU, beginning in the 2006-2007 fiscal year, in order to provide the revenue necessary to pay for capital improvements to the District's sewer system and the District's share

A copy of the Agreement is attached as Exhibit A to this memorandum.

The loan was from the County's general fund, in the amount of one million dollars. The loan, which was made in 2006, is for a seven year period, with the first two years being interest only. The 2008-2009 fiscal year is the first one in which the District is required to make principal payments. A copy of the loan document is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

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of cost of downstream improvements and implement a Sewer System Management Plan for the District.⁶ However, property owners within the District mounted a successful majority protest pursuant to Article 13C of the California Constitution (Proposition 218) and the District was unable to implement the proposed rate structure. In the 2006-2007 fiscal year, the revenue from the sewer rates was approximately \$739,000.

Thereafter, District staff met multiple times with District community members/rate payers to discuss the need for increased fees to finance District operations and improvements.⁷ As a result of these efforts, the District Governing Board was able to raise the District's sewer service charge rates to \$900 per ERU, beginning in the 2007-2008 fiscal year, without a majority protest. The District's revenue from the 2007-2008 fiscal year rates was approximately \$1,349,000. This rate and the revenue it generated was anticipated to allow the District to repay the loan from the County, pursuant to the terms of the loan agreement, as well as to allow the District to pay, over a fifteen-year term, its share of the cost of improvements at the San Mateo WWTP. It does not, however, provide the revenue necessary to complete the remaining eight projects described in the Crystal Springs Sewer Master Plan, nor does it provide funds for the out-of-District projects described in the Tentative Order.

Sewer service charges have remained at the rate of \$900 per ERU during the 2008-2009 fiscal year. 8 Staff has continued to meet with members of the community to educate them on the need to increase the District's revenues in order to fund operations and maintenance activities and in- and out-of-District capital improvement projects such as those set forth in the Tentative Order. The District staff intends to recommend to its Board of Directors a sewer service charge rate increase for the 2009-2010 fiscal year. The proposed rate increase will come to the District's Board of Directors in April 2009. Assuming that the Board of Directors approves the rate increase, and further assuming that it is not the

A copy of the staff report materials proposing the increased rates is included as Exhibit C to this memorandum.

⁷ A partial list of the dates of staff meetings with District residents/rate payers is attached as Exhibit D to this memorandum.

⁸ A summary of the District's financial information as of November 7, 2008 is attached hereto as Exhibit E.

subject of a successful majority protest, the District would nevertheless not begin to receive revenue from such an increase until December 2009, as the fees are collected by the County Tax Collector on the County property tax bills, and the first annual property tax payment is not deemed late until after December 10th.

ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY COMPLAINT AND TENTATIVE CEASE AND DESIST ORDER

The Board's Complaint and Tentative Order alleges that the District violated various laws and permits by allowing 22 sanitary sewer overflows ("SSOs") throughout the system since December 2004. The Board alleges that these 22 SSOs resulted in a total of 18,000 -19,000 gallons of spilled sewage, 15,000 of which resulted from one event on January 25, 2008. The Tentative Order alleges that the SSOs were caused by, among other things, debris and root blockages and storm water inflow and infiltration into the sewer collection system from leaky pipes. The administrative complaint seeks to assess a penalty of \$23,375 from the District and the District has agreed to waive its right to a hearing to challenge this penalty.

The Tentative Order would require the District, Hillsborough and San Mateo to take certain actions to eliminate the SSOs. Among other things, the District would be required to complete, by October 31, 2013, eight remaining capital improvement projects identified in the 1999 Sewer Master Plan (SMP). It would also require the District to develop an SSO Response Plan that describes emergency response and contingency procedures to address SSOs, and development of a Sewer System Cleaning and Root Control Program to ensure that at least thirty percent of the District's sewer pipe mileage is cleaned each year. The Tentative Order would also require the preparation and submission of a number of reports, assessments, plans and certifications, including a plan, due by March 15, 2011, to address short and long-term repair, rehabilitation, and replacement of sewer pipes.

The 1999 Sewer Master Plan (SMP) identified nine capital improvement projects necessary to address capacity limitations, structural deficiencies, and areas of excessive maintenance in the sewer system. One of the nine projects was completed in 2003. The other eight projects have been deferred, due to a lack of funding. It is estimated that it would cost approximately \$2.3 million to complete the remaining projects.

While the Board recognizes that District itself lacks resources to pay the administrative penalty and/or undertake the systems improvements sought in the Tentative Order, it alleges that the District is operated by the County and that the County has resources in its general fund to pay fines and undertake the activities required by the Tentative Order.

DISTRICT RESPONSE TO ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY COMPLAINT

As noted, the District has waived its right to contest the imposition of the administrative civil liability in the amount of \$23,375.

DISTRICT RESPONSE TO TENTATIVE CEASE AND DESIST ORDER

By way of background, it is important to note that the District maintains nineteen miles of pipe, that there were twenty-two SSOs during the time period in question, and that there were a total of 18,763 gallons of waste spilled in connection with these SSOs. This reflects approximately 987 gallons of waste spilled for each mile of pipe during the time period at issue. It is also important to note that the one large spill discussed in the Tentative Order and the Complaint (of approximately 15,000 gallons) that occurred during a storm event significantly distorts this data. ¹⁰ If that one spill were removed from the analysis, the total gallons spilled from the District's system would be approximately 3,763 gallons and the gallons spilled per each mile of pipe would be reduced to 198.

The County Does Not Operate the District

On Page 3 of the Tentative Order, the Board asserts that the "County of San Mateo operates the Crystal Springs Sanitation District." This is factually and legally incorrect. As noted, the District is a legal entity separate and distinct from the County and the County does not operate the District's collection system. *Mitchell v. County Sanitation District No. 1 of Los Angeles County* (1958) 164 Cal.

In the Complaint, the Board states that the "SSO of 15,000 gallons to Polhemus Creek is especially grave because it reached surface waters and adversely impacted water contact recreation and aquatic life." Complaint, at 4. The discharge of 15,000 gallons was due to a root blockage and occurred during a major storm event. It was *not* caused by insufficient carrying capacity of wet weather flows in the sewer main. This discharge, while unfortunate, does not compare in size to the other discharges alleged by the Board, with the next largest one being 650 gallons. The 15,000 gallon SSO substantially distorts the total discharge quantity at issue here, as it represents approximately 80% of the total gallons discharged by the District that are cited in this action.

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27 28 App. 2d 133, 144 (holding that sanitation districts are "municipal corporations" that "operate independent of other agencies").

Rather, the District operates its own system pursuant to its authority under the County Sanitation District Act. As discussed above, the District's powers under that Act include that of retaining staff necessary for operation and maintenance of its facilities. Here, for reasons of convenience and economy, the District has chosen to utilize staff members who are employees of the County to maintain the District's system. This does not, however, mean that the County itself operates the District systems, which are owned and operated by the District under State law. For the Board to argue otherwise is to ignore the separate corporate existence that the District enjoys under State law.

Section 2.50.020 of the San Mateo County Ordinance Code recognizes, in fact, the separate legal status of each special district, including the District, formed pursuant to state law, and further requires that the County's expenses in serving such districts be recovered from them:

The [County] Director of Public Works shall be ex-officio engineer of any and all sewer maintenance, water maintenance, drainage, street lighting, flood control or sanitation districts or service areas formed to provide heretofore described services, for which the Board of Supervisors is the governing body.

For those entities for which the Director serves as ex-officio engineer, the Director shall collect all revenues, pay all bills and generally administer the affairs and coordinate the administration. To accomplish said purpose, the Director is hereby given the authority pursuant to orders of the Board of Supervisors to transfer equipment, machinery, furnishings or supplies from one district to another. Subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors, the Director may create and abolish positions in any of the districts under the Director's supervision, or use County Public Works employees to perform the duties required therein and charge the respective districts therefore on a prorata basis.

San Mateo County Ord. Code § 2.50.020 (emphasis added). Thus, districts such as the one at issue here have their own operating budgets and the time of County Department of Public Works personnel spent working on matters for a given district is charged to it.

Factors Contributing to Violations – General Problems

In section 17 of the Tentative Order, on Page 6, the Board asserts that "[e]ach of the collection systems and the San Mateo WWTP receive high flows during the rainy season." However, the District respectfully submits that this statement is not supported by reference to any specific evidence and that the record is unclear as to what research or data was referred to in order to make this determination. The

District requests that the Board identify the data upon which it relies in making this assertion.

The Board also states, in the Tentative Order, that "the collection systems currently have insufficient capacity to handle peak wet weather flows." However, as noted above, the District's Sewer Master Plan identified only one capital improvement plan that was necessary to address hydraulic deficiencies/capacity issues. Attached hereto as Exhibit F is a copy of the Sewer Master Plan. This project, involving the replacement of sewer lines along Polhemus Road, was completed in 2003 and the District therefore requests that the Board clarify that its statement regarding insufficient capacity does not apply to the District.

The Board also states that SSOs caused by insufficient capacity can have "adverse impact to fish and other aquatic biota caused by bio-solid deposition, oil and grease, and toxic pollutants common in sewage (such as heavy metals, pesticides, personal care products, and pharmaceuticals)." This statement is potentially misleading because it suggests that if the overflows from SSOs had reached the San Mateo WWTP, the toxic pollutants identified by the Board would have been removed from the waste. This is not, however, the case. Neither the San Mateo WWTP, nor waste water treatment plants in general, are designed to remove these toxic pollutants from sewage. At a minimum, the Board's analysis should recognize this fact and avoid any inference that SSOs cause toxic pollutants to enter the water that would be removed at the WWTP.

Current Operation and Maintenance of the Town of Hillsborough Collection System

In section 30 of the Tentative Order, on Page 10, the Board reports that Hillsborough has determined that it will wait until San Mateo addresses capacity issues at the WWTP and upgrades its portions of the trunk lines before it proceeds with improvements that will increase the capacity of the Crystal Springs/El Cerrito Trunk Sewer. However, the District has received a letter, dated September 23, 2008, from Martha Debry, employed by Hillsborough, wherein she states that Hillsborough intends to proceed with the project to make improvements to the Crystal Springs/El Cerrito Trunk Sewer, such that it can be bid in the Fall of 2009. ¹¹ It seems unlikely that San Mateo will have addressed capacity issues

¹¹ A copy of this letter is attached as Exhibit G to this memorandum.

by then and, in this regard, the Tentative Order and the correspondence from Hillsborough appear to be inconsistent. The District requests that the Tentative Order be revised to resolve this apparent inconsistency.

Moreover, based on information available to it, the District anticipates that Hillsborough's project will cost approximately \$8.6 million and that the District's required contribution will be significant. As discussed, the District does not currently have the ability to pay for such improvements and the District will need additional time to adjust its rate structure to allow it to do so.

<u>Current Operation and Maintenance of the Crystal Springs County Sanitation District</u> <u>Collection System</u>

In section 35 of the Tentative Order, on page 11, the Board states that "the Polhemus Road project has reduced SSOs that were caused by insufficient capacity in the District." However, this statement is speculative in that District's Sewer Master Plan determined that there were hydraulic deficiencies in the section of pipe that was replaced, but the Tentative Order does not indicate what data it relies on to conclude that there have been SSOs in the past in the section of pipe that was replaced.

Timetable of Ordered Actions, Plans, Reports, and Coordination

In the Tentative Order, the Board has ordered the District, Hillsborough, and San Mateo to undertake a number of actions to immediately eliminate SSOs and to prepare and submit to the Board several reports and plans regarding their respective systems. The District has reviewed these requirements and concluded that it would cost the District an estimated \$13 million dollars in additional capital improvement and operations and maintenance expenses through the end of 2013 to comply with all of the actions mandated by the Tentative Order, including approximately \$447,300 in 2009 and \$17,020,300 in 2013. The District does not presently have the financial resources or the rate structure

Attached hereto as Exhibit H is a spreadsheet showing the District's analysis/estimate of the additional expenses that it would incur in complying with the Tentative Order. Further, the District notes that because there are studies that are ordered/under way (including the capacity evaluation referenced in the Board's Order Number R2-2007-0075) that may identify additional capacity-related work that needs to be done on the sewer collection system for which the District may be partially responsible, the District's ultimate costs of compliance based on potential additional identified projects, could far exceed the estimates provided herein.

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necessary to implement the Board's Tentative Order. Further, Proposition 218 provides that the District cannot raise rates unless it complies with certain constitutional mandates and unless it avoids a successful majority protest.

Collection System Capacity Assessment

For example, on page 18 of the Tentative Order, the Board sets forth a requirement that by March 15, 2009, the District, the Town of Hillsborough and the City of San Mateo "shall each install flow meters to assess average and peak dry and wet weather flow rates through its collection system." Initially, and putting aside the financial constraints facing it, the District respectfully submits that March 15, 2009 is likely to be too late in the season to yield useful data regarding average and peak dry and wet weather flows throughout the collection system. Further, by the time the hearing has occurred in this matter, and given the amount of time necessary to coordinate contracts necessary to comply with this order (and in light of the extraordinarily constrained near-term financial circumstances facing the District and other public agencies), the District is unlikely to be able to complete the consultant contracts and other financial arrangements necessary to install the mandated flow meters by March 15, 2009. Therefore, the District respectfully requests that the timeline for compliance with this flow-metering requirement be moved to the winter of 2009-2010, and that the District (and other agencies subject to this order) be required to install the flow meters by December 15, 2009. The District further requests that the other dates for completion of actions set forth in the Tentative Order that are premised on flow metering occurring beginning on March 15, 2009, be continued to correspond to flow metering taking place beginning on December 15, 2009.

Sewer System and Root Control Program

The Tentative Order requires that a number of reports, including an annual report addressing sewer cleaning and root control, be submitted to the Board. However, the Tentative Order does not indicate what actions, if any, the Board will take on these reports. For example, the District submits that the Board should consider including a timeline for the Board to review and respond to reports submitted by the District so that any Board feedback is timely. Moreover, the District requests clarification regarding the time period to be covered by reports referenced in the Tentative Order that are due on March 15th of each year.

Pump Station and Force Main Reliability Certification

The Tentative Order, in Section III.C. requires the District to submit certifications and reports regarding pump stations and force mains. However, the District does not own, operate, or maintain any pump stations or force mains and the District submits that Section III.C. should therefore be amended to delete references to the District.

Fats Oils and Grease (FOG) Blockage Control Report

The Tentative Order requires a report documenting its program to control FOG and the effectiveness of the program. The District, however, is made up almost exclusively of residential customers. Subsection 3 of Section III.D. requires the following: a FOG source control program, including ordinances, treatment, best management practice requirements, source inspections and enforcement procedures, and outreach and education efforts. The District program should not require matters such as treatment, source inspections, and enforcement procedures, as the District does not have the customers that require this (i.e., food service and preparation establishments). The Tentative Order should state the customer type base for the District and acknowledge that some of the requirements of the FOG program do not apply to it.

Collection System Condition Assessments

The Tentative Order requires a system-wide condition assessment of the District's sewers by no later than November 15, 2010. However, the sewer rate structure that the District has been able to impose beginning in the 2007-2008 fiscal year includes an element providing for system-wide CCTV inspection only on a six-year cycle. Consequently, the District will not have collected sufficient money to perform this work by November 15, 2010, even if a sewer rate increase is adopted in the near future to support this work. (Even assuming the absence of a successful majority protest, the District would not be able to begin collecting revenues associated with increased sewer service rates until December of 2009.) Consequently, the District respectfully requests that the Tentative Order be amended to set the deadline for a system-wide condition assessment for 2012-2013.

Further, the Tentative Order requires that, by March 15, 2011, the District shall complete an assessment and submit a report to the Board on the collection system flows and hydraulic capacity. The Tentative Order does not indicate whether all sewer lines are to be modeled, and often, hydraulic models

do not include sewer lines of 6 or 8 inch in diameter. The Tentative Order is not specific on this issue. Requiring a model of all sewer lines will unnecessarily increase the cost to the District and may not provide useful information regarding the system. In any event, in light of the foregoing discussion regarding its financial circumstances, the District respectfully requests, as noted in the preceding paragraph, that the Tentative Order be amended so that any such assessment shall be due during the 2012-2013 fiscal year.

Finally, the Tentative Order would require the District to complete any capacity improvements identified in the capacity assessment. While the specific financial impact on the District is unknown, the District anticipates that the amounts at issue are substantial and that the District lacks the financial ability to implement such proposals.

Sewer Repair, Rehabilitation, and Replacement

Section VI.A. of the Tentative Order requires a plan that incorporates, among other things, research and assessment of data relating to pipes repaired, rehabilitated, or replaced during the last twenty years. While record keeping has improved over time, making information regarding more recent repairs easier to locate, the District does not have the resources to dedicate to this extensive research, especially given the relatively little benefit that would flow from it.

Further, this plan also must address private lateral repair, rehabilitation and replacement as needed pursuant to the Capacity Assurance Plan in Paragraph V.B. of the Tentative Order. The District does not own the sewer laterals and the sewer service charges collected do not cover replacement of the laterals. Moreover, the Tentative Order does not specify what sections of the private laterals the plan is required to address.

Options for Coordination

Section VII of the Tentative Order requires that San Mateo, Hillsborough, and the District complete a study by March 15, 2009 that evaluates options for coordination to implement and comply with the requirements of the Tentative Order. However, there are several other activities that are to be completed within the same time period and the agencies have the daily administration, customer service, operations, and maintenance activities to perform during the same time period. This also requires coordination between three agencies, which is at time difficult to accomplish. There is insufficient time

to complete this work and the District respectfully submits that this timeline should be extended. In light of the foregoing information provided by it, the District requests that the deadline for preparation of this study be extended by one year, to March 15, 2010.

Due Dates for Annual Reports

There are several annual reports in Section VIII of the Tentative Order that are required by November 15, 2009. The order does not specifically indicate the time period that the reports are to cover. For example, are they for the previous fiscal year or some other time period?

Time Frames for Plan Review, Approval, and Implementation

Putting aside the practical difficulties with implementation of the capacity assessment-related requirements of the Tentative Order, which are discussed at length, above, the District does not presently have the funds necessary to pay for implementation of the Board's Tentative Order. The District had a fund balance of \$357,223 as of November 7, 2008, and its anticipated revenue for the 2008-2009 fiscal year is \$1,395,400. The District anticipates expending \$1,727,415 for in-District and out-of-District costs, far exceeding the District's annual revenues. Further, as discussed, District staff has estimated that it would cost approximately \$460,000, over and above the District's existing financial obligations (which the District does not presently have the revenues to meet) to implement the various mandates of the Tentative Order to be accomplished in 2009.

Given the ordinary budgetary cycle and the specific processes for, and limitations on, increasing sewer rates, the District is unable to secure the funds necessary to implement the Board's mandates to be accomplished in 2009 that are set forth in the Tentative Order. As described above, assuming no successful majority protest, the soonest that the District could anticipate increased revenues from higher sewer service rates would be December 2009 and without increased revenues, the District simply lacks the ability to implement the Board's orders.

¹³ See Exhibit G to this memorandum.

¹⁴ The in-District costs include operations and maintenance expenses and costs associated with the Sewer System master Plan. Out-of-District expenses include sewage treatment, debt service on completed projects and projected debt service on pending projects. At this point, expenditures exceed revenues by over \$300,000 per year.

Proposition 218 provides that property-related fees and charges, including those for sewer services, may not be increased if, at a public hearing, the majority of owners of parcels identified as subject to the proposed increased fees submit a written protest against the increase. *See* Cal. Const., Art. 13D, § 6. Given the constitutional mandate preventing a California local governmental agency from raising fees in the face of majority protest, the District is without the power to unilaterally raise the funds necessary to implement the Tentative Order. *Cf. Ventura Group Ventures v. Ventura Port Dist.* (2001) 24 Cal. 4th 1089, 1104 (holding that Proposition 13 prohibits the levying of property taxes in excess of 1% to pay a money judgment). Moreover, the District submits that it would be an idle act for the Board to order it to undertake measures for which funding is unavailable due to a majority protest of rate increases.

However, District staff is committed to continuing to work to educate District ratepayers on the need to increase rates, and as noted, District staff has undertaken extensive discussions and education efforts directed towards the District's residents, and beginning in the 2007-2008 fiscal year, the District was able to raise its sewer service charges to the level of \$900 per ERU. The rates of the 2008-2009 fiscal year remain at \$900 per ERU. District staff believes that continued discussion with the community may result in a willingness to increase sewer service charges to a level that would allow the District to begin implementation of the Tentative Order but again points out that, even if such increases are implemented, they will not, even under the best case scenario, result in additional revenues until December of 2009.

CONCLUSION

In light of the foregoing, the District requests that all required actions in the Tentative Order be continued for twelve months, in order to allow the District (and other affected agencies) time to take necessary action to attempt to increase sewer service charges and/or identify other revenue sources in order to meet the expenses associated with the various actions ordered therein.

Dated: November 10, 2008

MICHAEL P. MURPHY, COUNTY COUNSEL

John D. Nibbelin, Deputy

Attorneys for CRYSTAL SPRINGS COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT

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1	PROOF OF SERVICE		
2	In the Matter of the Crystal Springs County Sanitation District – R-2-2008-0065		
3	I do hereby declare that I am a citizen of the United States employed in the County of San		
4	Mateo, over 18 years old and that my business address is 400 County Center, Redwood City, California		
5	I am not a party to the within action.		
6	On November 10, 2008, I served the following document(s):		
7	RESPONSE OF THE CRYSTAL SPRINGS COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT TO THE TENTATIVE CEASE AND DESIST ORDER		
8	on all other parties to this action by placing a true copy of said document(s) in a sealed envelope in the		
10	following manner:		
11	(BY U.S. MAIL) by placing a true copy of said document(s) in a sealed envelope(s) addressed as shown below for collection and mailing at Redwood City, California following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this office's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service in		
13 14 15 16	sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid. (BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY) by placing a true copy of said document(s) in a sealed envelope(s) addressed as shown below for collection and delivery by an overnight delivery carrier with delivery fees paid or provided for in accordance with this office's practice. I am readily familiar with this office's practice for processing correspondence for delivery the following day by an overnight delivery carrier.		
17 18 19	(BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION) Based on a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the e-mail address shown below. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful		
20	(STATE) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.		
22			
23	ANNABELLE GAISER		
24			
25	NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH PERSON TO WHOM SERVICE WAS MADE		
26	See Attached Service List		
27	Please see attached service list.		
28			

PROOF OF SERVICE

1	SERVICE LIST
2	Bruce Wolfe, Executive Officer
San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, CA 94612	Control Board
	Oakland, CA 94612
5	(Via Fedex)
6	Dyan Whyte San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Cantrol Based
7 8	Control Board 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, CA 94612
9	Email: dwhyte@waterboards.ca.gov
10	Michael Chee San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board
11	1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, CA 94612
12	Email: mchee@waterboards.ca.gov
13	Dorothy Dickey San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality
14	Control Board 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400
15	Oakland, CA 94612 Email: ddickey@waterboards.ca.gov
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PROOF OF SERVICE