SCRAP METAL PERMIT TRAINING

Sector-Specific General Permit for Storm Water Runoff Associated with Industrial Activities from Scrap Metal Recycling Facilities within the Santa Ana Region (Order No. R8-2018-0069)

CHRISTINE SILKEN
MICHELLE BECKWITH
SANTA ANA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD



PLEASE SILENCE YOUR ELECTRONIC DEVICES

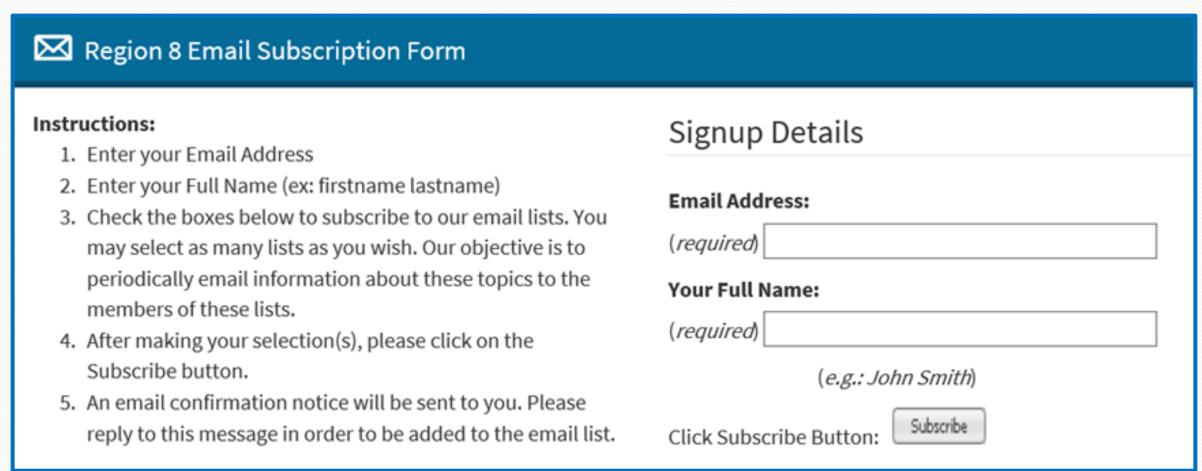
TODAY'S AGENDA

- Lyris List Instructions
- Introduction
- Significant Modifications
- Permit Elements
- SMARTS
- Lunch Break
- Exam



LYRIS LIST INSTRUCTIONS

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/resources/email_subscriptions/reg8_subscribe.html



LYRIS LIST INSTRUCTIONS (CONT)

Choose one or more email lists:			
☐ Agricultural Waiver Program	☐ Storm Water – Orange County Municipal		
☐ Basin Planning	☐ Storm Water – Riverside County Municipal		
☐ Board Meetings	Storm Water – San Bernardino County Municipal		
☐ Desalination Facility	Storm Water – Scrap Metal Permit		
☐ Enforcement Actions	☐ TMDL Newport Bay Copper - Metals		
☐ Impaired Waters 303(d) List	☐ TMDL Orange County		
☐ Perchlorate	☐ TMDL Riverside and San Bernardino Counties		
☐ Septic Systems			

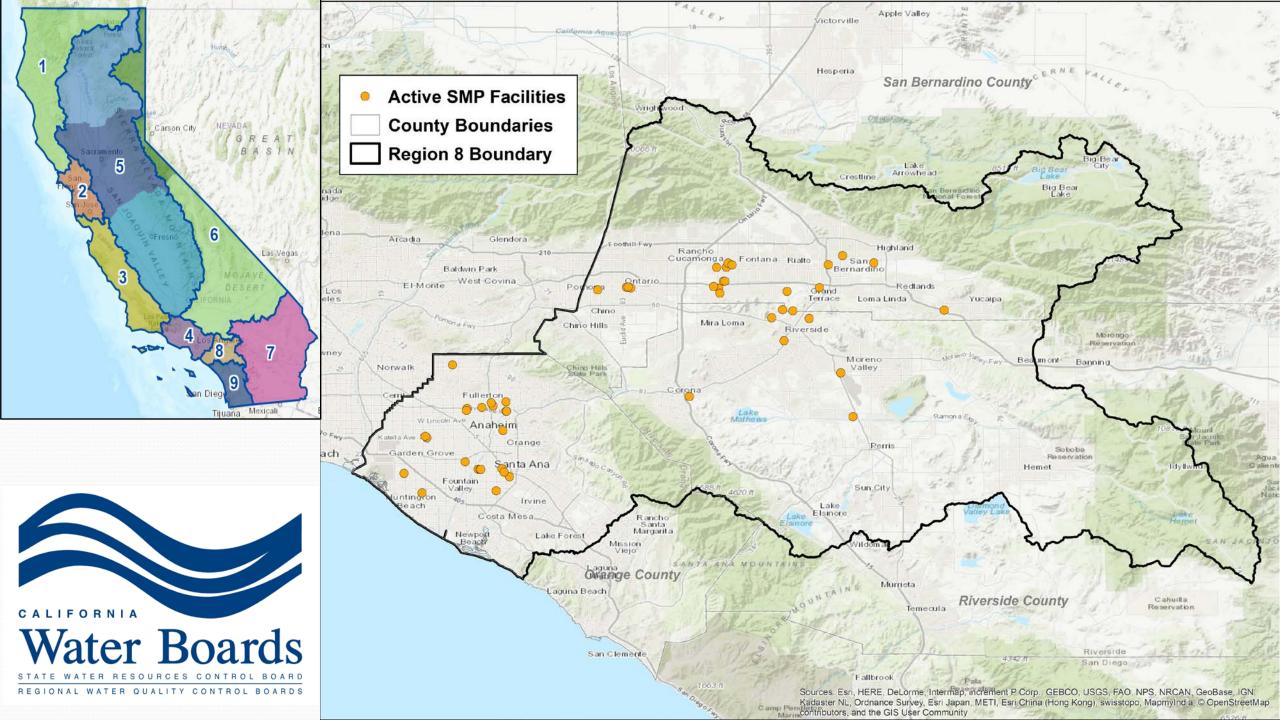
INTRODUCTION

Adoption Date: October 19, 2018

• Effective Date: December 19, 2018

Facilities must recertify under 2018 Scrap Metal Permit (SMP) by December 19th

DECEMBER 2018						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					



SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATIONS

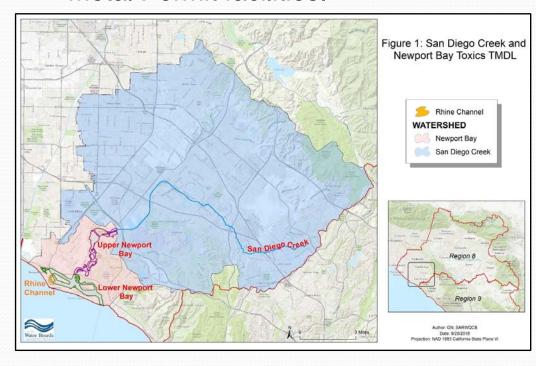
- Volume Reduction Best Management Practice (BMP) Documentation:
 - Dischargers who implement volume reduction BMPs shall update their SWPPP and identify the credit percentage.
- Revision of Low Impact Development (LID) BMP Sampling Protocols:
 - Dischargers who implement LID BMPs are to collect samples before and after the storm water comes in contact with the LID BMPs.
 - Dischargers who appropriately implement percolation or other infiltration LID-type BMPs are required to collect samples prior to the storm water entering the LID BMPs.
- Scrap Metal Qualified SWPPP Practitioner (SM-QSP) Designee Status Removal:
 - Dischargers are no longer authorized to designate an individual at their facility to conduct SM-QSP responsibilities.

SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATIONS (CONT)

- Group Monitoring Program Removal:
 - The Group Monitoring element has been removed from the permit.
- Storm Event Sampling Protocols:
 - Dischargers shall collect and analyze storm water samples from two qualifying storm events from July 1 to December 31 and two qualifying storm events from January 1 to June 30.
- Constituent Removal:
 - Table 2: Flow, Silver, Arsenic, and Toxicity
- Quality Assurance Program Plan (QAPP):
 - QAPP elements merged into the Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP)

SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATIONS (CONT)

- Existing TMDLs and 303(d) listed Waterbodies (Attachment B):
 - Lists the impaired waterbodies and TMDL boundaries applicable to Scrap Metal Permit facilities.



- Terminology Updates:
- Advanced Media Filtration
 Advanced Treatment
- Qualified SWPPP Developer
 Scrap Metal Qualified SWPPP
 Developer (SM-QSD)
- Qualified SWPPP Practitioner
 Scrap Metal Qualified SWPPP
 Practitioner (SM-QSP)

TRAINING & QUALIFICATION REQ'S



Current Scrap Metal Qualified SWPPP Developers and Scrap Metal Qualified SWPPP Practitioners MUST retake the applicable certification exam regardless of when they originally became certified.

SM-QSD: Develop a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

SM-QSP: Implement the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Certified Person: Collects and handles storm water samples

SCRAP METAL PERMIT ELEMENTS

Authorized Non-Storm Water Discharges:

• Uncontaminated condensate from refrigeration units,

air conditioning, or compressor units

- Landscape irrigation
- Emergency fire fighting flows





***All are authorized as long as the flow does not collect pollutants prior to the discharge leaving the facility.

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

Facility Information:

- Include relevant facility information.
- Ensure to identify the SM-QSD and SM-QSP along with their certification numbers.

Preventative Measures:

- Document all preventative measures including but not limited to LID BMPs and volume reduction BMPs (including credits).
- Develop and implement a Rain Event Action Plan (REAP).
- Employee training within 30 days of employment and at least annually.

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

Volume Reduction BMP and Credits Example:

- A non-polluting roof covers 25% of outdoor industrial activities
 - Numeric Action Level for Chemical Oxygen Demand: 120 mg/L
 - > Facility's annual average for Chemical Oxygen Demand: 106.9 mg/L
 - \geq 25% credit: 106.9 mg/L x 0.25 = 26.6 mg/L
 - \rightarrow 106.9 mg/L 26.6 mg/L = 80.2 mg/L
 - Facility's annual average with credit applied: 80.2 mg/L
 - > 80.2 mg/L < 120 mg/L

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

- Mitigative Measures:
 - Document all mitigative measures.





- Site Map:
 - Including but not limited to facility boundaries, storm water drainage areas, collection and conveyance systems, discharge points, etc.

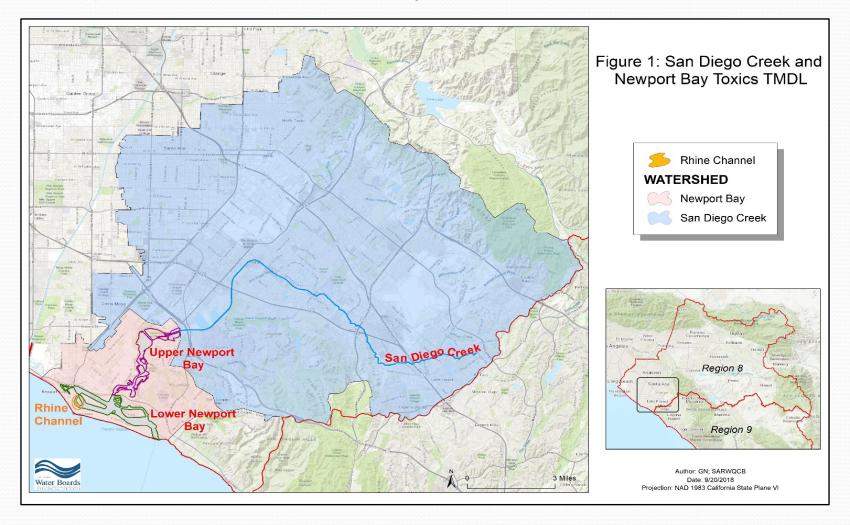
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

- 303(d) Listed Waterbodies and TMDL Assessment:
 - Attachment B
 - Must identify specific control measures for the 303(d) listed and/or TMDL pollutant.

303(d) Listed Waterbody and TMDL Assessment

TMDL	Impaired Waterbody/Watershed	Pollutants
		Cadmium
	San Diego Creek (freshwater)	Copper
		Lead
		Zinc
		Cadmium
	Upper Newport Bay (saltwater)	Copper
	Opper Newport Bay (Saitwater)	Lead
San Diego Creek and		Zinc
Newport Bay Toxics TMDL		Copper
	Lower Newport Bay (saltwater)	Lead
		Zinc
		Chromium
	Rhine Channel area of Lower Newport Bay (saltwater)	Mercury
		Copper
	Newport Day (Saitwater)	Lead
		Zinc

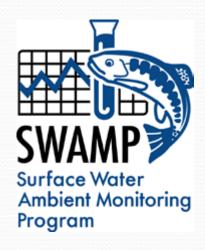
303(d) Listed Waterbody and TMDL Assessment



Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

- Monitoring and Reporting Program:
 - Including but not limited to a Quality Assurance Program Plan (QAPP)
 - QAPP must be consistent with SWAMP guidelines.







Compliance Option 1

- Phased approach
- Comply with Numeric Action Levels (NALs)
- Table 1a

Compliance Option 2

- Non-Phased approach
- Comply with facility-specific Numeric Effluent Limits (NELs)
 - Must provide Regional Board with receiving water hardness data
- Table 1b

Compliance Option 1

Table 1a: Numeric Action Levels (NALs)

Constituent	Units	Action Level (Annual Average)	
рН	pH Units	< 6.5 or > 8.5	
Turbidity	NTU	250	
Specific Conductance	μmhos/cm or μsiemen/cm	2000	
Oil and Grease	milligrams/liter	15	
Zinc (total recoverable)	micrograms/liter	160	
Lead (total recoverable)	micrograms/liter	122	
Aluminum (total recoverable)	micrograms/liter	750	
Copper (total recoverable)	micrograms/liter	18.9	
Iron (total recoverable)	micrograms/liter	1000	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	milligrams/liter	120	

Compliance Option 1 Triggers

- If a single sample exceeds the NAL by two times the specified Permit limit (except pH), it is considered an exceedance.
- If the pH value is less than 6.5 or more than 8.5, it is considered an exceedance.
- If the annual average (geometric mean except for pH) of a constituent exceeds the NAL, it is considered an exceedance.
- Exceedances trigger additional steps.

Compliance Option 1 Phase Advancement (Phase I to II)

- Evaluate the monitoring results from July 1st through June 30th.
- If there was an exceedance (annual or twice the NAL):
 - Immediately reassess Phase I BMPs to identify the sources of the exceedances.
 - Determine if additional BMPs, volume reduction BMPs, or treatment controls are necessary to address the pollutant source.

Compliance Option 1 Phase Advancement (Phase I to II)

- Within 30 days of the Phase I exceedance determination:
 - Develop and submit a Phase II Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for Regional Board approval.
 - The CAP shall identify the source of the exceedance, proposed control measures, and expected discharge quality once the plan is implemented.
 - The facility may need to consider advanced treatment.
- Within 90 days of approval of the CAP, the permittee must implement the CAP.

Compliance Option 1 Phase Advancement (Phase II to III)

- Evaluate the monitoring results from July 1st through June 30th.
- If there was an exceedance (annual or twice the NAL):
 - Immediately reassess Phase II BMPs to identify the sources of the exceedances.

Compliance Option 1 Phase Advancement (Phase II to III)

- Within 30 days of the Phase II exceedance determination:
 - Develop and submit a Phase III Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for Regional Board approval.
 - The CAP shall include an evaluation of existing treatment controls and O&M procedures.
 - The CAP shall also include additional reasonable source control measures.
 - If the NALs are still exceeded after a Phase III CAP has been approved and implemented, the discharger is required to reevaluate the CAP and propose modifications to the plan which requires additional approval.

Compliance Option 2

- Dischargers who comply with Option 2 are required to submit receiving water hardness data.
- Based on the hardness data, Regional Board staff will determine facility-specific NELs.
- Exceedances of NELs is a violation of the Scrap Metal Permit.

- Each facility shall develop and implement a MRP which is incorporated into the SWPPP.
- The MRP shall be in compliance with the SWAMP Quality Assurance Program Plan (QAPP).
- MRP shall consist of:
 - Preparation of sampling
 - Conduct sampling
 - Evaluation of sample results
 - Recordkeeping and reporting

- Visual Inspections:
 - Each month the SM-QSP shall conduct visual inspections of the industrial areas of the permitted facility and record the findings.
 - Must be conducted at least 15 days apart.



- Runoff Sampling and Analysis:
 - Collect at least four samples of runoff per year from qualifying storm events from each discharge point.
 - Samples to be collected from two qualifying storm events between July 1 and December 31 and from two qualifying storm events between January 1 and June 30.
 - Samples shall be collected at the end of the storm water conveyance system before it comingles with other flows.
 - Certified Person to collect and handle the samples.
 - A SM-QSP or SM-QSD with appropriate training and approval from the Executive Officer could also be considered as a Certified Person.

- Runoff Sampling and Analysis:
 - Dischargers who implement LID BMPs are to collect samples before and after the storm water comes in contact with the LID BMPs.
 - Dischargers who appropriately implement percolation or other infiltration LIDtype BMPs are required to collect samples prior to the storm water entering the LID BMPs.
- Recordkeeping:
 - Maintain paper or electronic copy of all storm water information for at least five years.

Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP)

- Runoff Sampling and Analysis:
 - Field Measurements:
 - pH
 - Turbidity
 - Specific Conductance

via calibrated portable instrument

- Analyze all other constituents in Table 2 via an ELAP certified lab.



https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/labs/

Table 2

Constituents	Units	Type of Sample	Frequency	Analyzing Location
pН	pH Units	Grab	4 times/year	Field
Turbidity	NTUs	Grab	4 times/year	Field
Specific Conductance	µmhos/cm	Grab	4 times/year	Field
Oil and Grease	mg/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	mg/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Zinc (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Lead (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Aluminum (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Copper (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Iron (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Cadmium (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Nickel (total recoverable)	ug/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	Grab	4 times/year	Laboratory
PCBs	ug/L	Grab	1 st year after permit adoption (first storm sample)	Laboratory

Table 3

Constituent	Units	Test Method	Minimum Level
рН	pH Units	EPA 9040/SM 4500H or field test with a calibrated portable instrument	±0.1
Turbidity	NTUs	EPA 180.1/SM 2130B or field test with a calibrated portable instrument	0.5
Specific Conductance	µmhos/cm	EPA 120.1/SM 2510-B or field test with calibrated portable instrument	1.0
Oil and Grease	mg/L	EPA 1664-HEM	5.0
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	mg/L	EPA 1664-SGT-HEM or 8015B	5.0
Zinc (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	5.0
Lead (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	1.0
Aluminum (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	1.0
Copper (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	1.0
Iron (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	1.0
Cadmium (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	1.0
Nickel (total recoverable)	ug/L	EPA 200.8	1.0
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	SM 5220C or SM 5220D	10.0
PCBs	ug/L	EPA 608	0.5

Single Discharge Points

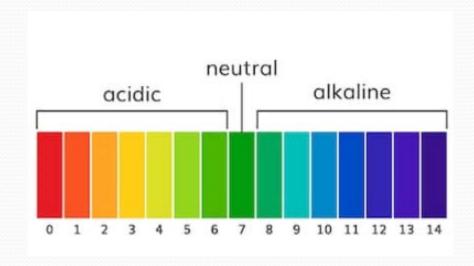
- For pH, calculate the arithmetic mean.
- For all other parameters, calculate the geometric mean of each parameter.



Results Analysis Example – Arithmetic Mean (pH)

Add the sample results and divide by the number of sampled storm events:

$$\frac{6.4 + 6.9 + 6.8 + 6.6}{4} = 6.675$$



Results Analysis Example - Geometric Mean

 Multiply sample results and apply root of the number of sampled storm events:

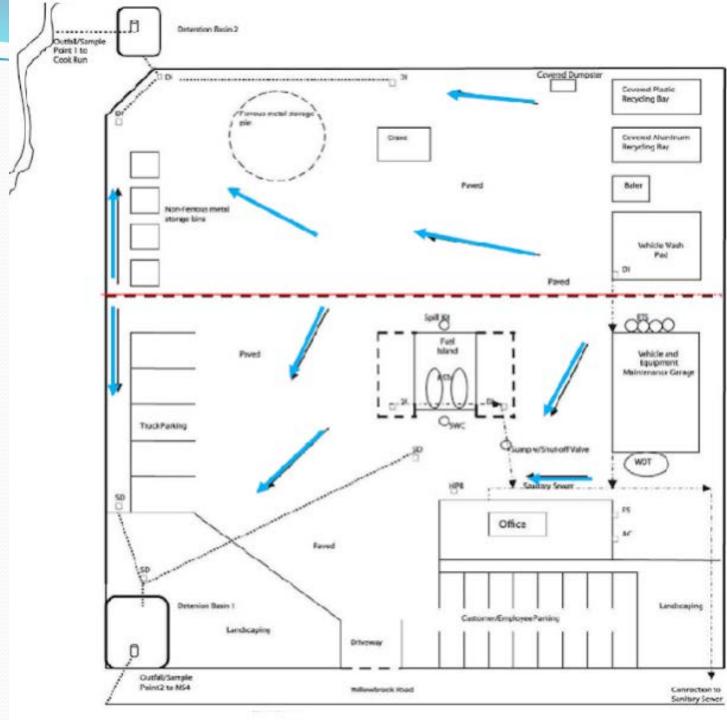
$$\sqrt[4]{95 \times 90 \times 180 \times 85} = 106.9$$

(95 x 90 x 180 x 85)¹/₄ = 106.9

Multiple Discharge Points

Use the relative tributary area for each discharge point to determine the area-weighted averages of arithmetic mean (pH only) or geometric means for multiple discharge points.

- Determine the number of points where surface flows leave the site.
- If there are multiple points, determine the areas that drain to each point.
- Determine the percent of the site each area covers.
- Multiply the percentage determined by the arithmetic mean (pH) or geometric means of the appropriate discharge point.





Multiple Discharge Points

	Discharge Point 1	Discharge Point 2	
Relative Tributary Area	30%	70%	
Analysis Results from Sample 1	95 mg/L	103 mg/L	
Analysis Results from Sample 2	90 mg/L	117 mg/L	
Analysis Results from Sample 3	180 mg/L	98 mg/L	
Analysis Results from Sample 4	85 mg/L	106 mg/L	
Annual Average	106.9 mg/L	105.8 mg/L	
Annual Weighted Average	106.9 x 0.30 = 32.07	0.30 = 32.07	

Multiple Discharge Points

Combined Area-Weighted Annual Average:

32.07 mg/L + 74.06 mg/L = 106.13 mg/L

Annual Report

- Submit via SMARTS by August 1 of each year.
- Summarize evaluation of all sampling and analysis results, including monthly visual observations.
- Identify all additional BMPs or other corrective action methods implemented at the facility.
- Summarize all compliance activities, including any new or proposed treatment controls.

SMARTS



Legally Responsible Person (LRP):

- A responsible corporate officer in charge of principal business functions.
- Certifies and submit Permit Registration Documents (PRDs) via SMARTS.
- Only person authorized to recertify permit coverage.

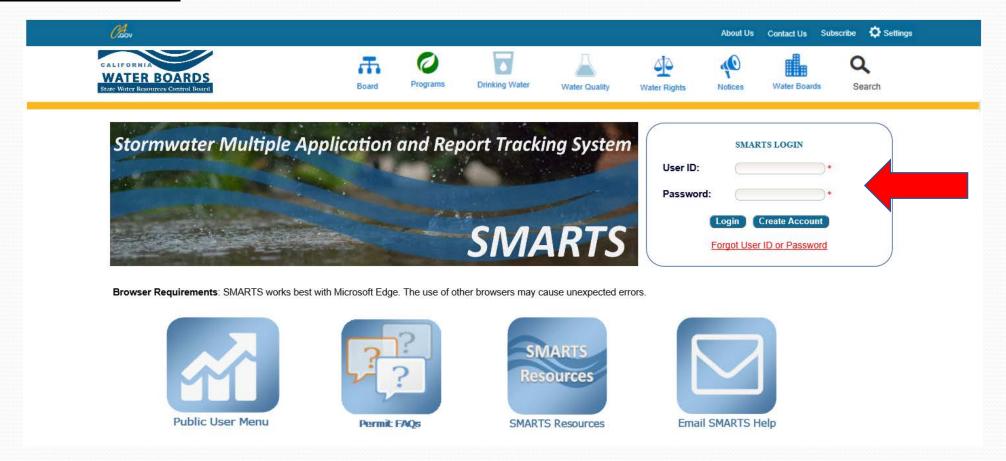
Duly Authorized Representative (DAR):

- A person who has responsibility over the overall operation of the regulated facility such as a manager, EH&S, operator.
- Can certify and submit information (except PRDs).

Data Entry Person (DEP):

Designated by the LRP to enter information but cannot certify the information.

Recertification:



LRP must log into SMARTS using their own username and password.

Water Boards Storm Water Multiple Ap

You are logged-in as: Sto If this account does not be

Welcome to the Storm Water Multiple Applicat

Select Program to Access

Construction General Permit

Industrial General Permit

Municipal Phase I Permit

Municipal Phase II Permit

Caltrans MS4 Permit

Documents Ready for Certification

Reports

Manage Linked Users

Outstanding Invoices

Replace LRP

Recertification

Update User Profile

Public Search Menu

Water Boards Storm Water Multiple Applica

You are logged-in as: Jo If this account does not belong to

Recertification Menu

Select the appropriate Storm Water Program to recertify the application.

Industrial

Construction

Municipal (coming soon)

Back to Main Menu



Recertification

- SM-QSD
- Option 1 or Option 2
- TMDL Determination
- Upload revised SWPPP (and site map)

COMPLETE RECERTIFICATION PROCESS BY DECEMBER 19th

Ad Hoc Reports:

 Submit Ad Hoc reports no later than 30 days from receiving the laboratory reports.

Annual Report:

Due by August 1st of each year



SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATIONS (RECAP)

- Volume Reduction BMP Documentation
- Revision of LID BMP Sampling Protocols
- SM-QSP Designee Status Removal
- Group Monitoring Program Removal
- Storm Water Sampling Protocols
- Constituent Removal
- Quality Assurance Program Plan
- Terminology Updates
- 303(d) Listed Waterbodies & TMDL Boundaries (Attachment B)

TRAINING AND EXAM SESSIONS

Location	Date	Training Session	Exam Session
City Council Chamber 5275 Orange Avenue Cypress, CA 90630	10/30/2018	9:30am – 11am	12pm – 3pm
Council Chambers 10500 Civic Center Drive Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730	11/5/2018	9:30am – 11am	12pm – 3pm
Community Center Great Oaks Hall (Rooms A & B) 14250 Peyton Drive Chino Hills, CA 91709	11/6/2018	9:30am – 11am	12pm – 3pm
City Council Chamber 5275 Orange Avenue Cypress, CA 90630	11/14/2018	9:30am – 11am	12pm – 3pm



Christine Silken Christine.Silken@waterboards.ca.gov

Michelle Beckwith

Michelle.Beckwith@waterboards.ca.gov

Lunch Break

For those who are taking the exams, please return by 12 pm.

Bring a pencil and valid State issued ID.

SM-QSD & SM-QSP Exams

Exams are open book however use of electronic devices is <u>not</u> allowed.