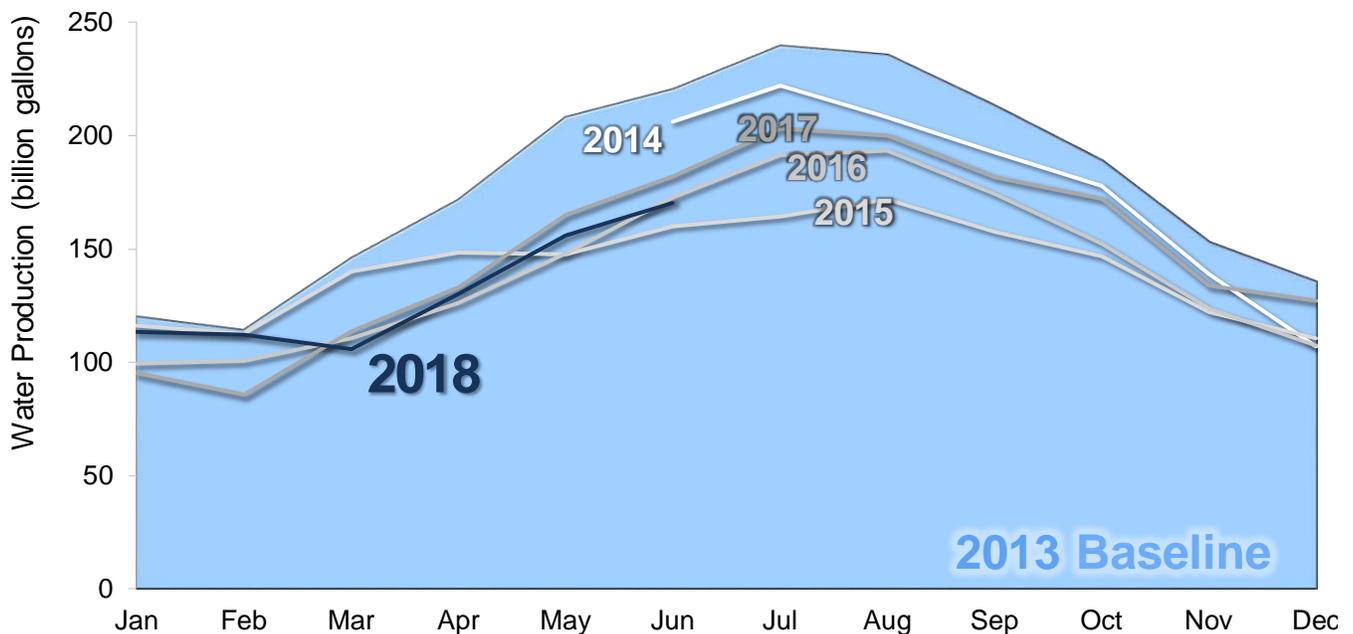


June 2018 Statewide Conservation Data

June Urban Water Production Summary

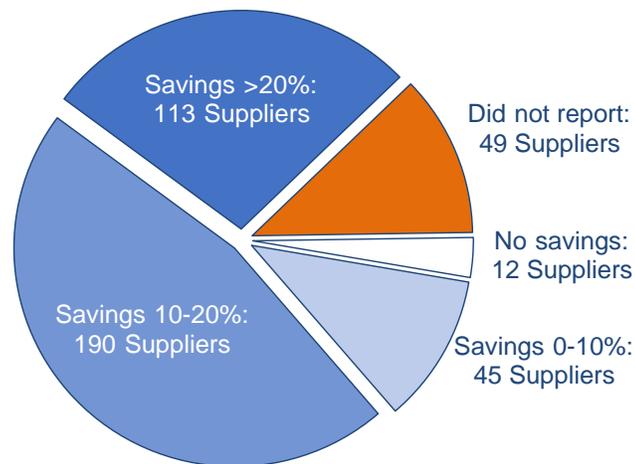
June 2018 marks the 49th month since the State Water Resources Control Board began collecting water production information from urban water suppliers, following the historic [July 2014](#) board action to adopt a drought emergency water conservation regulation. The emergency water conservation regulation expired in November 2017, and the monthly reporting requirement for urban water production, and prohibitions of wasteful water uses are no longer in effect. This fact sheet summarizes the current water production results; data are posted [here](#).

Statewide water savings reached 16.8 percent in June 2018 (105,376 acre feet, or 34.3 billion gallons) compared to June 2013 potable water production for the 360 suppliers reporting in both periods. The graph below shows the statewide urban potable water production from June 2014 through June 2018. For the 360 suppliers reporting for June 2018 (representing approximately 93.4 percent of population served by urban water suppliers), the potable water production was 170.4 billion gallons. The statewide water production in June 2013, for all 409 urban water suppliers, was 220.3 billion gallons.



Breakdown of Water Savings

The chart below shows the number of suppliers achieving various levels of water savings in June 2018 compared to the June 2013 baseline water production. Eleven percent of suppliers, serving 2.4 million people, reported savings up to 10 percent. Almost one half of suppliers reported water savings between 10 and 20 percent; these suppliers serve 24.1 million people. Another quarter of suppliers, serving more than 7.3 million Californians, reported water savings above 20 percent.



Out of 409 urban water suppliers, 360 (88 percent) submitted the June 2018 report. The 49 suppliers that did not report serve just over 2.4 million people (6.6% of the population served by the 409 urban water suppliers). Monthly reporting of urban water production is voluntary, as the requirement ended with the expiration of the drought emergency conservation regulation in November 2017.

Water Savings by Hydrologic Region

June 2018 water savings by hydrologic region ranged from 10.1 percent to 20.1 percent.

Monthly percent water savings compared to the same month in 2013

Hydrologic Region	Jun 14	Jun 15	Jun 16	Jun 17	Jun 18
Central Coast	9.5%	30.6%	24.7%	21.6%	20.1%
Colorado River	6.6%	25.2%	13.9%	15.0%	17.0%
North Coast	4.0%	16.0%	8.9%	14.1%	10.1%
North Lahontan	0.0%	29.8%	19.5%	14.9%	13.3%
Sacramento River	14.0%	36.3%	23.4%	18.8%	18.0%
San Francisco Bay	10.3%	32.3%	22.4%	17.2%	17.2%
San Joaquin River	6.7%	33.4%	24.7%	21.3%	18.0%
South Coast	-0.1%	22.9%	19.9%	15.9%	16.1%
South Lahontan	5.4%	31.1%	24.0%	24.7%	18.5%
Tulare Lake	5.0%	29.4%	24.2%	17.0%	16.4%
Statewide Savings	4.4%	27.5%	21.3%	17.2%	16.8%

Residential Daily use by Hydrologic Region

The average statewide June 2018 total (indoor and outdoor) residential gallons per capita per day (R-GPCD) was 109. Average hydrologic region R-GPCDs for June 2018 range from 81 to 200, with use down in four hydrologic regions compared to June 2017.

Average monthly residential gallons per capita daily (R-GPCD)

Hydrologic Region	Jun 13*	Jun 14	Jun 15	Jun 16	Jun 17	Jun 18
Central Coast	109	100	76	80	86	85
Colorado River	234	222	170	170	199	195
North Coast	93	88	79	86	76	81
North Lahontan	166	162	115	134	140	140
Sacramento River	213	187	137	163	172	169
San Francisco Bay	103	99	70	79	84	83
San Joaquin River	186	195	127	138	143	152
South Coast	118	121	91	94	99	96
South Lahontan	191	188	133	145	138	151
Tulare Lake	220	201	155	167	182	184
Statewide R-GPCD	134	132	98	105	111	109

* June 2013 R-GPCD is an estimate based on the median of values reported for the month of June (percent residential use, and total population served were not collected for 2013).

Background

Since June 2014, the State Water Board has been tracking water conservation for each of the state's larger urban water suppliers (those with more than 3,000 connections) on a monthly basis. Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr.'s April 2017 [executive order](#) directed the State Water Board to lift the specific conservation provisions of its emergency urban water conservation regulation. The [temporary requirements](#) for monthly water use reporting and prohibitions against wasteful water use practices remained in effect until November 25, 2017, when the emergency regulation expired.

To learn about all the actions the state has taken to manage our water system and cope with the impacts of the drought, visit Drought.CA.Gov. Every Californian should take steps to conserve water. Find out how at SaveOurWater.com. While saving water, it is important to properly water trees. Find out how at www.saveourwater.com/trees. In addition to many effective local programs, state-funded turf removal rebates are also available. Information and rebate applications can be found at: www.saveourwaterrebates.com/.

(This fact sheet was last updated August 7, 2018)