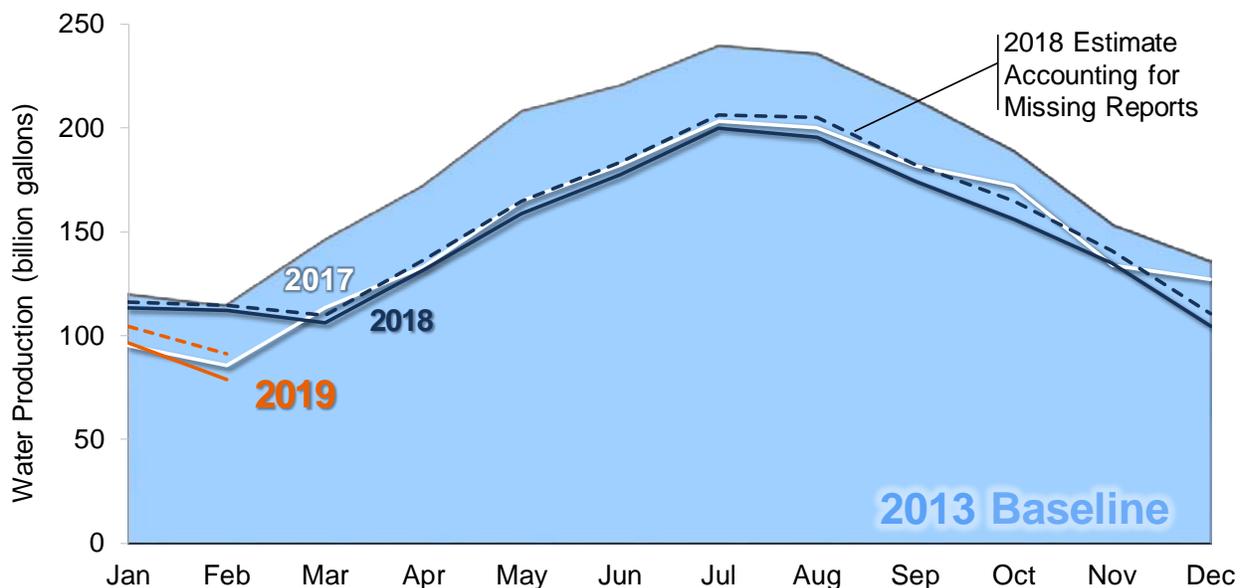


February 2019 Statewide Conservation Data

February Urban Water Production Summary

February 2019 marks the 57th month since the State Water Resources Control Board began collecting water production information from urban water suppliers, following the historic [July 2014 board action](#) to adopt a drought emergency water conservation regulation. The emergency water conservation regulation expired in November 2017, and the monthly reporting requirement for urban water production is no longer in effect. This fact sheet summarizes the current water production results based on voluntary reporting; [data are posted online](#).

Out of 409 urban water suppliers, 330 (81 percent) submitted the February 2019 report. For the 330 suppliers reporting for February 2019 (representing approximately 90 percent of population served by the 409 urban water suppliers), the potable water production was 79 billion gallons (solid orange line). Accounting for missing reports from 79 non-reporters (based on reports in prior years), the February 2019 water production is estimated at 91 billion gallons (dashed orange line). The graph below shows the statewide urban potable water production in 2013 (which served as a baseline under the drought emergency water conservation regulation; shaded area), 2017 (white line), and 2018 (dark blue line).



Residential Daily use by Hydrologic Region

The average statewide February 2019 residential gallons per capita per day (R-GPCD) was 59. Average hydrologic region R-GPCDs for February 2019 range from 51 to 108, with residential use down in nine hydrologic regions compared to the same month last year.

Average monthly residential gallons per capita daily (R-GPCD)

Hydrologic Region	Feb 13*	Feb 15	Feb 16	Feb 17	Feb 18	Feb 19
Central Coast	67	62	53	49	63	51
Colorado River	135	135	106	105	130	108
North Coast	60	55	52	51	52	53
North Lahontan	73	64	55	58	57	54
Sacramento River	84	74	66	65	77	64
San Francisco Bay	63	58	51	50	58	51
San Joaquin River	82	71	67	60	78	65
South Coast	78	79	72	56	80	58
South Lahontan	80	78	69	63	83	67
Tulare Lake	86	78	71	69	89	70
Statewide R-GPCD	77	75	67	58	76	59

* February 2013 R-GPCD is an estimate based on the median of values reported for the month of February (percent residential use, and total population served were not collected for 2013).

Background

Since June 2014, the State Water Board has been tracking water conservation for each of the state's larger urban water suppliers (those with more than 3,000 connections) on a monthly basis. Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr.'s [April 2017 executive order](#) directed the State Water Board to lift the specific conservation provisions of its emergency urban water conservation regulation. The [temporary requirements](#) for monthly water use reporting and prohibitions against wasteful water use practices remained in effect until November 2017, when the emergency regulation expired.

To learn about all the actions the state has taken to manage our water system and cope with the impacts of the drought, visit Drought.CA.Gov. Every Californian should take steps to conserve water. Find out how at SaveOurWater.com. While saving water, it is important to properly water trees. Find out how at www.saveourwater.com/trees. In addition to many effective local programs, state-funded turf removal rebates are also available. Information and turf rebate applications can be found at: www.saveourwaterrebates.com/.

(This fact sheet was last updated April 2, 2019)