CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND Sacramento, California

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund), an enterprise fund of the State of California, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 – Definition of Reporting Entity, the basic financial statements of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the California State Water Resources Control Board that is attributable to the transactions in the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the California State Water Resources Control Board or the State of California as of June 30, 2022, and 2021, and the changes in their financial position and their cash flows, where applicable, for the years then ended, in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

"lifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Bellevue, Washington January 31, 2023

California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund State Revolving Fund Program

Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis is a required supplement to the California State Water Resources Control Board's (State Water Board), Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Clean Water State Revolving Fund program) (CWSRF) financial statements. It describes and analyzes the financial position of the CWSRF providing an overview of the CWSRF's activities for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that is in the financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- Net position increased by \$167.5 million to a total of \$4.57 billion in 2022, which was \$133.8 million more than the increase of \$33.7 million in 2021. The larger increase in net position is a direct result of higher capital contributions during the year from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- Capital contributions increased by \$145.6 million to \$164.1 million in 2022 as compared to \$18.5 million in 2021. The increase in capital contributions was mostly a result of capital available from EPA capitalization grants for loan disbursements. Capital contributions from EPA capitalization grant funds that were forgiven increased by \$9.2 million to \$27.2 million as compared to \$18 million in 2021.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$112 million in 2022 and by \$5,9 million in 2021. The decrease in 2022 was mostly the result of an increase in loan disbursements.
- Loans receivable increased by \$175.5 million to \$4.95 billion in 2022 and decreased by \$58 million in 2021. The increase in 2022 mostly reflects an increase in capital contributions.
- Restricted portion of net position increased by \$2.0 billion to \$4.2 billion in 2022 as compared to a decrease of \$127.9 million in 2021. The increase in 2022 was mostly a result of pledging additional loans for the Series 2016, 2017, and 2018 Revenue bonds The decrease in 2021 mostly reflects a decrease in notes receivables as a result of repayments received and the related debt service payments.

Using this Annual Financial Report

The financial statements included in this annual financial report are those of the CWSRF. As discussed in Note 1, Definition of Reporting Entity, the basic financial statements of the CWSRF are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the State Water Board that is attributable to the transactions of the CWSRF. They do not purport to present the financial position of the State Water Board or the State of California (State) as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the change in their financial positions and their cash flows for the years then ended.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the CWSRF financial statements and accompanying notes to financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

The financial statements of the CWSRF are presented as a special purpose government engaged only in business type activities - providing loans to other governmental entities. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the CWSRF's financial position, which assists the reader in assessing the CWSRF's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements include the following three statements:

- The *Statements of Net Position* present information on all of the CWSRF's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are expected to serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CWSRF is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information which reflects how the CWSRF's net position changed during the past year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.
- The *Statements of Cash Flows* report the CWSRF's cash flows from operating activities, noncapital financing activities, and investing activities.

The *Notes to Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes can be found immediately following the financial statements.

Net Position

In 2022, the CWSRF's net position continued to strengthen increasing by \$167.5 million, or 3.8%, to \$4.57 billion at June 30, 2022 as compared to an increase of \$33.7 million, or 0.8%, the previous year. The increase in net position was \$133.8 million higher than in the previous year, mostly reflecting the higher level of capital contributions from EPA capitalization grants.

The current portion of the CWSRF's liabilities was \$123 million in 2022 and \$121 million in 2021. Current liabilities primarily correspond to continuing principal payments for the Series 2016, 2017 and 2018 Revenue Bonds. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$111.0 million in 2022 as compared to a decrease of \$107.4 million in 2021. The decrease in 2021 and 2020 was a result of the ongoing principal payments of the Series 2016, 2017, and 2018 Revenue Bonds.

A segment of the CWSRF's net position is subject to external restriction due to the debt service requirements of the Series 2016, 2017 and 2018 Revenue Bonds. The net position that is restricted increased in 2022 by \$2.0 billion to \$4.2 billion, or 88.5%, as compared to a decrease in 2021 of \$128 million to \$2.2 billion, or 5.4%. The increase in 2022 was primarily due to pledging additional loans. The decrease in 2021 was primarily due to ongoing debt service payments.

Of the total restricted net position, \$3.853 billion in 2022 and \$2.004 billion in 2021 represent the balance of outstanding loans that were pledged as security to the Series 2016, 2017 and 2018 Revenue Bond debt service. The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is used to make the semi-annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds.

The CWSRF received total payments on pledged loans of \$377.8 million (\$354.8 million of principal and \$23.0 million of interest) in 2022 of which the debt service payment was \$139.0 million (\$87.4 million of principal and \$51.6 million of interest). In 2021, the CWSRF received total payments on pledged loans of \$418.1 million (\$390.8 million of principal and \$27.3 million of interest) of which the debt service payments were \$138.4 million (\$82.6 million of principal and \$55.8 million of interest).

The remaining \$373.2 million of restricted net position in 2022 and \$238.4 million in 2021 represent pledged loan repayments, which are restricted for future loan disbursements and/or debt service payments. Any excess of principal and interest received over the required debt service may be used for future loan disbursements and/or released from restriction in the event that certain criteria are met.

Table 1

Net Position (in thousands)

| . , | June 30, | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 726,200 | \$ 838,323 | \$ 844,214 | |
| Loans receivable | 4,954,308 | 4,778,828 | 4,836,799 | |
| All other assets | 18,140 | 22,442 | 30,277 | |
| Total assets | 5,698,648 | 5,639,593 | 5,711,290 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 123,342 | 120,802 | 118,805 | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 1,007,169 | 1,118,142 | 1,225,508 | |
| Total liabilities | 1,130,511 | 1,238,944 | 1,344,313 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Restricted | | | | |
| Debt service | 373,249 | 238,357 | 341,425 | |
| Security for revenue bonds | 3,853,096 | 2,003,865 | 2,028,780 | |
| Subtotal restricted assets | 4,226,345 | 2,242,222 | 2,370,205 | |
| Unrestricted | 341,792 | 2,158,427 | 1,996,772 | |
| Total net position | \$ 4,568,137 | \$ 4,400,649 | \$ 4,366,977 | |

Changes in Net Position

Program revenue for the CWSRF in 2022 was \$59.3 million of which \$33.9 million is restricted for debt service. Program revenue in 2021 was \$62.6 million of which \$25 million was restricted for debt service. In 2022, program revenue decreased by \$3.3 million or 5.4% and in 2021 decreased by \$3.9 million or 5.9%. In 2022 and 2021, program revenue reflects a decrease in the interest earned on outstanding receivables.

In 2022, general revenue was \$2.4 million, which was a decrease of \$1.6 million or 40.1%, when compared to \$10 million in 2021. In 2021, general revenue decreased by \$10 million or 71.5% compared to \$14 million in 2020. The decrease in investment income during 2022 and 2021 mostly reflects reduced earnings as a result of lower interest rates earned on the cash on deposit.

Total expenses increased by \$6.8 million in 2022 as compared to a decrease of \$7 million in 2021. The increase in 2022 was primarily due to an increase in principal forgiveness expenses. The decrease in 2021 was primarily due to a decrease in principal forgiveness expenses.

Total capital contributions increased by \$145.6 million, or 785% in 2022 when compared to 2021. In 2021, total capital contributions decreased by \$137.4 million or 88% when compared to 2020.

In 2022, EPA capitalization grant contributions increased by \$136.3 million when compared to 2021. In 2021, EPA capitalization grant contributions decreased by \$132.3 million when compared to 2020. The 2022 increase was primarily due to an increase in available contributions from EPA capitalization grants for loan disbursements. The 2021 decrease was primarily due to a decrease in available contributions from EPA capitalization grants for loan disbursements.

In 2022, EPA capitalization grant contributions for principal forgiveness loans increased by \$9.2 million when compared to 2021. In 2021, EPA capitalization grant contributions for principal forgiveness loans decreased by \$5.1 million when compared to 2020. The 2022 increase was primarily due to an increase in principal forgiveness disbursements. The 2021 decrease was primarily due to a decrease in principal forgiveness disbursements. The loans made with these funds were forgiven as disbursed and must be repaid if certain loan conditions are not met.

Table 2

Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

| (in thousands) | Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2022 2021 | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | |
| Loan interest income | \$ 59,30 | 07 \$ 62,670 |) \$ 66,600 | | |
| General revenues: | | | | | |
| Investment income | 2,39 | 91 3,992 | 2 14,027 | | |
| Total revenues | 61,69 | 98 66,662 | 2 80,627 | | |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Program expenses: | | | | | |
| Administrative expenses | 63 | 30 472 | 2 257 | | |
| Capitalization Principal Forgiveness expense | 27,17 | 71 17,995 | 5 23,136 | | |
| Revenue bond interest expense | 30,53 | 36 33,038 | 3 35,270 | | |
| State match loan expense | - | 30 |) - | | |
| Total expenses | 58,33 | 37 51,538 | 5 58,663 | | |
| Increase in net position before | | | | | |
| contributions | 3,30 | 61 15,127 | 7 21,964 | | |
| Capital contributions: | | | | | |
| EPA capitalization grant | 136,87 | 71 49 ⁻ | 1 132,782 | | |
| EPA capitalization grant Principal Forgiveness | 27,17 | 71 17,995 | 5 23,136 | | |
| State and other contributions | 3 | 35 59 | 9 65 | | |
| Subtotal capital contributions | 164,12 | 27 18,54 | 5 155,983 | | |
| Change in net position | 167,48 | 38 33,672 | 2 177,947 | | |
| Net position - beginning of year | 4,400,64 | 4,366,977 | 7 4,189,030 | | |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 4,568,13 | 37 \$ 4,400,649 | 9 \$ 4,366,977 | | |

Budgetary Information

Under the California constitution, money may only be drawn from the treasury by a legal appropriation. The State Legislature authorized the CWSRF to operate under a continuous appropriation. Continuous appropriation authority means that no further appropriations are necessary to expend all funds deposited into the CWSRF. This has the effect of allowing funds to be expended as soon as they are deposited into the CWSRF rather than waiting for appropriation authority. Since the funds in the CWSRF can only be used for limited purposes, the continuous appropriation authority allows for expeditious expenditure of funds and maximizes the benefits to local entities.

Debt Administration

The State Water Board administers a leveraged CWSRF program. The State Water Board maintains high bond ratings from Fitch (AAA), Moody's Investors Service (Aaa), and Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (AAA) on the CWSRF Series 2016, 2017, and 2018 Revenue Bonds. The Series 2016, 2017, and 2018 Revenue Bonds were issued for the purpose of making financial assistance available to recipients for eligible projects.

As of June 30, 2022, outstanding bonds totaled \$1.118 billion, a decrease of \$108 million, compared to \$1,226 billion in 2021 as shown in Table 3. The decrease in 2022 and 2021 was primarily due to the ongoing principal payments for the Series 2016, 2017, and 2018, Revenue Bonds. The revenue bonds are backed by a pledge of specific revenue for which the annual collections are generally predictable.

Additional information on the CWSRF long-term debt can be found in Note 5, Long-Term Debt.

| Outstanding Long-term Debt (in thousands) | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| (in mousands) | | June 30, | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenue bonds | | | |
| Bond principal | \$ 993,605 | \$ 1,080,980 | \$ 1,163,595 |
| Bond premium | 124,537 | 144,529 | 166,254 |
| Total revenue bonds | \$ 1,118,142 | \$ 1,225,509 | \$ 1,329,849 |

Table 3

Economic Conditions and Outlook

In 2022, new binding loan commitments (encumbrances) were \$1.219 billion million which is a 22% increase when compared to new commitments made in 2021. The higher level of financing activity reflects the generally favorable economic conditions in California and ongoing high demand for CWSRF financing. The significant demand for CWSRF financing reflects the need in California for additional infrastructure improvements and the generally positive capacity of wastewater agencies to finance those improvements. A strong demand for CWSRF financing is anticipated in the near term.

Capitalization grant funds from EPA continue to be an important component of cash flows for financing activities. For grant year 2022, the EPA allocated \$83 million to the CWSRF which was a reduction of 26.6% when compared to the 2021 grant allocation of \$113 million. In addition to the 2022 base grant, EPA has allocated \$127 million under the "Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act" (IIJA). Presently available information indicates that the 2023 base grant will be lower than the 2022 base grant, however, the additional IIJA grant will be approximately equal to the 2022 IIJA grant. The additional IIJA capitalization will help California address the high demand for affordable wastewater infrastructure financing and provide additional funds to address emerging contaminants.

Additionally, the CWSRF continues to maintain a large loan portfolio that generates significant program revenues for financing activity and administrative expenses. CWSRF program staff and its financial advisors continuously monitor the demand for new loans and market conditions to determine their likely effects on the CWSRF and to be prepared to sell a revenue bond if needed to meet required cash flows and to ensure sufficient encumbrances and disbursement rates to promptly liquidate federal funds.

Economic conditions generally remained stable during 2022. The CWSRF, however, continues to monitor the impacts associated with supply chain disruptions and price increases on local entities' revenues and to diligently work with and surveil loan recipients to ensure full and timely repayment of all loans.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the CWSRF finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Ms. Heather Bell, Accounting Administrator III, Accounting Branch, Division of Administrative Services, P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, California 95812 or Heather.Bell@waterboards.ca.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022 and 2021

(in thousands)

| (in thousands) | | | |
|--|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 352,951 | \$ 599,966 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted | | 373,249 | 238,357 |
| Receivables: | | | |
| Loan interest | | 16,903 | 21,861 |
| Investment interest | | 1,223 | 581 |
| Due from other funds and other governments | | 14 | - |
| Loans receivable: | | | |
| Current portion | | 22,814 | 80,400 |
| Current portion - Restricted | | 182,189 | 173,930 |
| Total current assets | | 949,343 | 1,115,095 |
| OTHER ASSETS | | | |
| Loans receivable: | | | |
| Noncurrent (net of allowance for bad debt) | | 1,078,398 | 2,694,563 |
| Noncurrent - Restricted | | 3,670,907 | 1,829,935 |
| Total other assets | | 4,749,305 | 4,524,498 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 5,698,648 | 5,639,593 |
| | | | |
| LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Revenue bond interest payable | | 12,364 | 13,434 |
| Unearned revenue | | 5 | 10,101 |
| Revenue bonds payable | | 110,973 | 107,367 |
| Total current liabilities | | 123,342 | 120,802 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | | 120,012 | .20,002 |
| Revenue bonds payable | | 1,007,169 | 1,118,142 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | 1,007,169 | 1,118,142 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,130,511 | 1,238,944 |
| | | .,,. | .,, |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | |
| Debt service | | 373,249 | 238,357 |
| Security for revenue bonds | | 3,853,096 | 2,003,865 |
| Unrestricted | | 341,792 | 2,158,427 |
| Total net position | \$ | 4,568,137 | \$ 4,400,649 |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of the | e financ | ial statements. | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(in thousands)

| | 2022 | 2021 | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| OPERATING REVENUE | | | |
| Loan interest income | ¢ 50.207 | ¢ 62.670 | |
| | \$ <u>59,307</u> 50,307 | \$ 62,670 | |
| Total operating revenue | 59,307 | 62,670 | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| Capitalization Principal forgiveness | 27,171 | 17,995 | |
| Other expenses | 510 | 355 | |
| Total operating expenses | 27,681 | 18,350 | |
| INCOME FROM OPERATIONS | 31,626 | 44,320 | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) | | | |
| Net investment income | 2,391 | 3,992 | |
| Revenue bond interest expense | (30,536) | (33,038) | |
| Revenue bond fees | (120) | (117) | |
| State match loan expense | - | (30) | |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expense) | (28,265) | (29,193) | |
| INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS | 3,361 | 15,127 | |
| CONTRIBUTIONS | | | |
| EPA capitalization grant | 136,871 | 491 | |
| EPA capitalization grant - Principal Forgiveness | 27,171 | 17,995 | |
| State match revenue | 85 | 59 | |
| Total contributions | 164,127 | 18,545 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 167,488 | 33,672 | |
| NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR | 4,400,649 | 4,366,977 | |
| NET POSITION - END OF YEAR | \$ 4,568,137 | \$ 4,400,649 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(in thousands)

| | | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|----|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Cash paid to employees and vendors | \$ | (510) | \$ (355) | |
| Cash flows provided (required) by operating activities | | (510) | (355) |) |
| | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | 164 024 | 01 560 | |
| Funds received from EPA capitalization grant | | 164,031 | 21,568 | |
| Funds received from the State of California | | 83 | 81 | |
| State loan match proceeds | | - | 50,000 | 、 |
| Principal paid on state match loan | | - | (50,000) | · |
| State match fees paid | | - | (20) | |
| Interest paid on state match loan | | - | (10) | |
| Revenue bond fees paid | | (120) | (117) | |
| Principal paid on revenue bonds | | (87,375) | (82,615) | |
| Interest paid on revenue bonds | | (51,597) | (55,791) | |
| Cash flows provided (required) by noncapital financing activities | | 25,022 | (116,904) |) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Cash received from interest on loans | | 50,193 | 49,315 | |
| Loans disbursed | | (658,402) | (411,651) | |
| Principal Forgiveness Disbursed | | (030,402) (27,171) | (411,031) | |
| Principal received on loans receivable | | 496,997 | , , | |
| Net investment income received | | | 485,729 | |
| | | 1,748 | 5,970 | _ |
| Net cash provided (required) by investing activities | | (136,635) | 111,368 | - |
| NET INCREASE(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | (112,123) | (5,891) |) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 838,323 | 844,214 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR | \$ | 726,200 | \$ 838,323 | _ |
| | | | | - |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash required | | | | |
| by operating activities | • | | • • • • • • • • | |
| Income from operations | \$ | 31,626 | \$ 44,320 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash | | | | |
| required by operating activities | | | | |
| Construction period interest | | (14,075) | (16,107) |) |
| Cash received from interest on loans | | (50,193) | (49,315) |) |
| Loans disbursed | | 658,402 | 411,651 | |
| Principal Forgiveness Disbursed | | 27,171 | 17,995 | |
| Principal received on loans receivable | | (496,997) | (485,729) |) |
| Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Loans receivable | | (161,401) | 74,077 | |
| Loan interest receivable | | 4,957 | 2,753 | _ |
| Net cash provided (required) by operating activities | \$ | (510) | \$ (355) |) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Fund) was established pursuant to Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act of 1987 (Act). The Act established the State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) program to replace the construction grants program (Title II of the Act) to provide loans at reduced interest rates to finance the construction of publicly owned water pollution control facilities, non-point source pollution control projects, and estuary management plans. Instead of making grants to communities that pay for a portion of building wastewater treatment facilities, the CWSRF provides for low interest loans and/or subsidies in the form of principal forgiveness loans to finance the entire cost of qualifying projects. The CWSRF provides a flexible financing source that can be used for a variety of pollution control projects, including non-point source pollution control projects, and developing estuary conservation and management plans. Loans made must be repaid within 30 years or less. All repayments, including interest and principal, must remain in the Fund.

Since 1989, the Fund has been capitalized by a series of grants from the U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). States are required to provide matching funds equal to 20 percent of the Federal capitalization grant amount in order to receive the grants from the EPA. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the EPA has awarded cumulative capitalization grant funding of \$3.323.084 and \$3,209,447, respectively to the State of California (State), for which the State is required to provide \$664,617 and \$641,889, respectively, of cumulative matching funding to the Fund. In addition, in February 2009, the EPA awarded \$280,285 in ARRA grant funding for which there is no State Match requirement.

The Fund is administered by the California State Water Resources Control Board (Board), a part of the California Environmental Protection Agency, through the Division of Financial Assistance (Program). The Board's primary responsibilities with the CWSRF include obtaining capitalization grants from the EPA, soliciting potential applicants, negotiating loan agreements with local communities, reviewing and approving disbursement requests from loan recipients, managing the loan repayments, and conducting inspection and engineering reviews to ensure compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and program requirements. The Board consists of five member positions, which are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

The Board administers the CWSRF program by charging the Fund or the Administrative Fund for time spent on CWSRF activities by employees of the Board, and the Fund reimburses the State for such costs in the following month. The charges include the salaries and benefits of the employees, as well as indirect costs allocated to the Fund based on direct salary costs. Employees charging time to the Fund are covered by the benefits available to State employees. The Fund is also charged indirect costs through the cost allocation plan for general State expenses.

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity

The Fund follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The activities of the Fund are included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as an enterprise fund using the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Fund conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to a governmental unit accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the Fund's powers are related to those operated in a manner similar to a for profit business where an increase in net position is an appropriate determination of accountability.

Basis of Accounting

The Fund's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Assets and liabilities associated with the operations of the Fund are included in the Statements of Net Position

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Fund distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating items in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from carrying out the purpose of the Fund of providing low interest loans to communities and providing assistance for prevention programs and administration. Operating revenues consist of loan interest repayments from borrowers. Operating expenses include principal forgiveness, direct salary costs and benefits expenses, allocated indirect costs and bad debt allowance. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, monies received from the EPA and the State are recorded as capital contributions. In certain circumstances, local communities have contributed the State's matching share in exchange for reduced interest rate loans, as discussed in Note 4.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Fund's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets

Under the California constitution, money may only be drawn from the Treasury by legal appropriation. The State Legislature authorized the CWSRF to operate under a continuous appropriation. Continuous appropriation authority means that no further appropriations are necessary to expend all funds deposited into the CWSRF. Therefore, the Fund operations are not included in California's annual budget.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Nearly all monies of the Fund are deposited with the California State Treasurer's office, which is responsible for maintaining these deposits in accordance with California State law. The Fund considers all such deposits to be cash equivalents. According to State law, the Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash balances and investing excess cash of the Fund, as discussed in Note 3. Consequently, management of the Fund does not have any control over the investment of the excess cash. Investment earnings on these deposits are received quarterly. The statement of cash flows considers all funds deposited with the Treasurer to be cash or cash equivalents, regardless of actual maturities of the underlying investments.

Loans Receivable

Loans are funded by capitalization grants from the EPA, State matching funds, short term state matching loans, local contributions, revenue bond proceeds, loan repayments and fund earnings. Loans are advanced to local agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. Interest is calculated from the date that funds are advanced. After the final disbursement has been made, the loan agreement is adjusted for the actual amounts disbursed and interest accrued during the project period (Construction Period Interest). Loans are amortized over periods up to 30 years. Loan repayments must begin within one year of construction completion or one year from the initial loan disbursement, depending upon the type of loan agreement, and are made on an annual and semi-annual basis.

Loans funded by principal forgiveness are advanced to local agencies on a cost reimbursement basis and forgiven as each disbursement occurs. Loan agreements require repayment of the forgiven loan if all program requirements are not met.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Bad Debts

The allowance for bad debts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Loans receivable are charged against the allowance for bad debts when management believes that the collectability of the principal is probable. The allowance for bad debts was \$9,356 at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Due to Other Funds

Due to other funds represents amounts payable to other funds reported within the California State Water Resources Control Board that are not included in these financial statements.

Revenue Bond Issue Costs and Original Issue Premium

In accordance with GASB 65, revenue bond issue costs are expensed when incurred. Revenue bond original issue premium is being amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The California State Treasurer's Office administers a pooled investment program for the State. This program enables the State Treasurer's Office to combine available cash from all funds and to invest cash that exceeds current needs. The necessary disclosures for the State's pooled investment program are included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the State of California.

Nearly all monies of the Fund are deposited with the State Treasurer's Office and are considered to be cash equivalents. The Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash balances in accordance with California laws, and excess cash is invested in California's Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account. The Treasurer is required to maintain a mix of investment portfolios in order to allow funds to be withdrawn at any time to meet normal operating needs, without prior notice or penalty.

The investments allowed by State statute, bond resolutions and investment policy resolutions restrict investments of the pooled investment program to investments in U.S. Government securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds, bank notes, mortgage loans and notes, other debt securities, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, equity securities, real estate, mutual funds, and other investments. The Fund's proportionate share of the investment income, based on the average daily balance for the period, is credited to the Fund quarterly. The Treasurer charges all funds of the State an administrative fee, which reduces the interest earned by each fund. All cash and investments are stated at fair value. Details of the investments can be obtained from the State Treasurer's Office.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Fund's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$6,979 and \$6,325 respectively.

Investments held by the State Treasurer are stated at fair value.

| Investments | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Treasury/Trust Portfolio | \$ 719,221 | \$ 831,998 |
| Total cash deposits and investments | \$ 726,200 | \$ 838,323 |

The State Treasurer is responsible for investing funds of the Treasury/Trust Portfolio and managing the credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency credit risk of the Portfolio. Refer to the State's Pooled Investments disclosure in the June 30, 2022 and 2021, Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for disclosure related to the risks applicable to the Portfolio.

Cash deposits and investments are reflected on the June 30, 2022 and 2021 statements of net position as follows:

| Investments | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted | \$ 352,951 373,249 | \$ 599,966 238,357 |
| Total cash deposits and investments | \$ 726,200 | \$ 838,323 |

As of June 30, 2022, all revenue bond proceeds have been disbursed. Additionally, cash and investments in the amount of \$373,114 and \$238,222 representing various reserve accounts required by the revenue bonds, at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were restricted for future loan disbursements and debt service.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans are made to qualified agencies for projects that meet the eligibility requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act of 1987 and any subsequent amendments. Loans are financed with capitalization grants, State match, local contributions, revenue bond proceeds and revolving loan funds. Interest rates vary between 0 percent and 4.0 percent and loans are repaid over 30 years or less starting one year after the project is completed. Interest rates are established in the original

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

loan agreements and are generally 50 percent of the State's General Obligation Bond Rate at the time the loan agreement is prepared. Local match loans have an effective interest rate of 1.8 percent. Certain communities are offered special interest rates as low as 0.0 percent. Interest earned during the construction period is calculated from the date funds are disbursed until the project is completed.

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Fund had total binding commitments of \$14,180,668 and \$12,961,335, respectively, since program inception. As of June 30, 2022, the remaining commitment on these loans amounted to \$3,419,814, of which \$255,503 is federal funds. The federal loan commitments included capitalization funds of \$93,077, which will be forgiven. As of June 30, 2021, the remaining commitment on these loans amounted to \$2,883,706, of which \$102,865 is federal funds. The federal loan commitments included capitalization forgiveness loans are forgiven as disbursed but must be repaid if the recipient fails to meet the program requirements.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021 the unpaid balance on all loans receivable outstanding amounted to \$4,954,308 and \$4,778,828, respectively.

Estimated maturities of the loans receivable and interest payments thereon, at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | nterest | Principal | | Principal | |
|---|---|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028-2032 2033-2037 2038-2042 | \$ 33,072 32,468 30,395 28,353 26,554 108,416 73,250 44,558 21,770 | \$ | 205,003 201,635 200,074 186,757 176,636 815,979 677,715 525,956 | \$ | 238,075 234,103 230,469 215,110 203,190 924,395 750,965 570,514 |
| 2043-2047 2048-2052 | 21,770 3,525 | | 488,904 244,792 | | 510,674 248,317 |
| Total Loans not yet in repayment Allowance for bad debt Total loans receivable | \$ 402,361 | \$ | 3,723,451 1,240,213 (9,356) 4,954,308 | \$ | 4,125,812 |

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Restricted Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, \$3,853,096 and \$2,003,865, respectively, of loans receivable were pledged as security for the revenue bonds outstanding (see Note 5). The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is to be used to make the annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the Fund received \$354,773 and \$23,050 of principal and interest, respectively, on these loans. During the year ended June 30, 2021 the Fund received \$390,786 and \$27,253 of principal and interest, respectively, on these same loans. Any excess of the principal and interest received over the debt service payments required may be used for future loan disbursements and/or released from restriction upon approval by the Trustee in the event certain requirements are met.

Local Match Loans

The Fund has offered reduced interest rates on loans to recipients that have agreed to contribute funds that can be used to match federal contributions. In order to obtain one of these loans, the local agency contributes one-sixth or 16.7 percent of the total loan principal. The borrower then repays 100 percent of the loan principal including the contributed amount (see Note 6).

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Fund had authorized a total of \$1,744,882 and \$1,758,966, respectively, of local match loans. From these authorizations, certain borrowers elected to remit the State match at the time the loan was awarded in the amount of \$2,296 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. The remaining borrowers elected to repay the State match over a period of 20 or 30 years, in the amount of \$287,203 and \$284,525, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, total local match loans outstanding, including the local match to be paid, amounted to \$307,368 and \$384,702, respectively. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021 the remaining State match to be repaid amounted to \$28,599 and \$33,563, respectively.

Loans to Major Local Agencies

The Fund has made loans to the following major local agencies. The aggregate outstanding loan balances for each of these agencies exceeds 5 percent of total loans receivable. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the combined outstanding loan balances of these major local agencies represent approximately 17.30 and 18.31 percent of the total loans receivable.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

| | 2022 | | | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Borrower | Authorized Loan Amount | Outstanding Loan Balance | | |
| Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District | \$ 1,393,289 | \$ 857,189 | | |
| | \$ 1,393,289 | \$ 857,189 | | |

| | 2021 | | | |
|--|---|------------|--|--|
| Borrower | Authorized Outstar Loan Amount Loan Ba | | | |
| Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District | \$ 1,394,965 | \$ 874,861 | | |
| | \$ 1,394,965 | \$ 874,861 | | |

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

On March 8, 2018, the Fund issued \$449,225 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, dated February 1, 2018 with coupon rates of 5 percent at a yield of 2.57%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2048. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2028 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after April 1, 2028. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

On March 23, 2017, the Fund issued \$450,000 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, dated March 1, 2017 with coupon rates of 2 to 5 percent at a yield of 2.24%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2036. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2027 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after April 1, 2027. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

On April 28, 2016, the Fund issued \$410,735 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, dated April 1, 2016 with coupon rates of 2.5 to 5 percent at a yield of 1.57%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2035. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2026 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after April 1, 2026. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

At the time of issuance of the Series 2018 revenue bond, the Fund increased the pledged pool by \$671 million to \$2.293 billion of the Fund's outstanding loans as security for all outstanding bonds when compared to the Series 2016 pledged pool of \$1.622 billion (see Note 4). The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is to be used to make annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. Any excess of the principal and interest received over the debt service payments required may be used for future loan disbursements and/or released from restriction upon approval by the Trustee in the event that certain requirements are met.

On May 9, 2019, the California State Water Resources Control Board Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) issued 2019 Revenue Bond Series in the amount of \$83,920 dated April 1, 2019, for the purpose of financing a portion of the DWSRF program to provide financial assistance to local governments for safe drinking water projects. The payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2019 Bonds are secured by payments made under the April 1, 2019 Amended and Restated Master Payment and Pledge Agreement. The master pledge agreement includes pledges for outstanding loans from both the CWSRF and DWSRF

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

outstanding loans as security for the bonds. CWSRF would only be obligated in the event that DWSRF would not be able to make their bond payments.

The Fund's long-term debt will mature as follows:

| Series 2016 | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----|----------|----|---------|-------|---------|--|
| Year Ending June 30. | P | rincipal | Ir | nterest | Total | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 34,205 | \$ | 12,940 | \$ | 47,145 | |
| 2024 | | 33,710 | | 11,278 | | 44,988 | |
| 2025 | | 29,295 | | 9,753 | | 39,048 | |
| 2026 | | 23,190 | | 8,490 | | 31,680 | |
| 2027 | | 21,515 | | 7,382 | | 28,897 | |
| 2028-2032 | | 92,490 | | 21,859 | | 114,349 | |
| 2033-2035 | | 44,470 | | 4,203 | | 48,673 | |
| | \$ | 278,875 | \$ | 75,905 | \$ | 354,780 | |

| Series 2017 <u>Year Ending June 30,</u> | Р | rincipal | Ir | nterest | Total |
|--|----|----------|----|---------|---------------|
| 2023 | \$ | 27,195 | \$ | 15,849 | \$ 43,044 |
| 2024 | | 41,590 | | 14,144 | 55,734 |
| 2025 | | 41,100 | | 12,088 | 53,188 |
| 2026 | | 27,395 | | 10,381 | 37,776 |
| 2027 | | 25,145 | | 9,073 | 34,218 |
| 2028-2032 | | 112,565 | | 26,705 | 139,270 |
| 2033-2036 | | 56,390 | | 6,827 | 63,217 |
| | \$ | 331,380 | \$ | 95,067 | \$ 426,447 |

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

| <u>Year Ending June 30.</u> | P | rincipal | nterest | Total | | |
|-----------------------------|----|----------|---------------|-------|---------|--|
| 2023 | \$ | 31,420 | \$ 18,382 | \$ | 49,802 | |
| 2024 | | 18,950 | 17,123 | | 36,073 | |
| 2025 | | 18,335 | 16,191 | | 34,526 | |
| 2026 | | 26,775 | 15,063 | | 41,838 | |
| 2027 | | 28,395 | 13,684 | | 42,079 | |
| 2028-2032 | | 117,885 | 49,129 | | 167,014 | |
| 2033-2037 | | 76,030 | 24,891 | | 100,921 | |
| 2038-2042 | | 29,885 | 12,383 | | 42,268 | |
| 2043-2047 | | 29,160 | 5,342 | | 34,502 | |
| 2048 | | 6,515 | 230 | | 6,745 | |
| | \$ | 383,350 | \$ 172,418 | \$ | 555,768 | |

| Combined | _ . | | | | | - / I | |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------|----|---------|-------|--------------|--|
| <u>Year Ending June 30,</u> | Pri | ncipal | Ir | nterest | Total | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 92,820 | \$ | 47,171 | \$ | 139,991 | |
| 2024 | | 94,250 | | 42,545 | | 136,795 | |
| 2025 | | 88,730 | | 38,032 | | 126,762 | |
| 2026 | | 77,360 | | 33,934 | | 111,294 | |
| 2027 | | 75,055 | | 30,139 | | 105,194 | |
| 2028-2032 | | 322,940 | | 97,693 | | 420,633 | |
| 2033-2037 | | 176,890 | | 35,921 | | 212,811 | |
| 2038-2042 | | 29,885 | | 12,383 | | 42,268 | |
| 2043-2047 | | 29,160 | | 5,342 | | 34,502 | |
| 2048 | | 6,515 | | 230 | | 6,745 | |
| | \$ | 993,605 | \$ | 343,390 | \$ | 1,336,995 | |

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

| The detail of the Fund's long | -term | debt fo | r the ye | ear en | ded | June 30, | 202 | 22 is as fo | llow | S: |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------|----------|--------|-----|----------|----------|-------------|------|---------|
| | | ance | | | | | | Balance | | Due |
| | | ie 30, | | | | | J | une 30, | | Nithin |
| | | 021 | Issua | nces | Ret | irements | | 2022 | 0 | ne Year |
| Series 2018 Revenue Bonds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond principal | | 12,570 | \$ | - | \$ | 29,220 | \$ | 383,350 | \$ | 31,420 |
| Bond premium | | 56,042 | | - | | 5,849 | | 50,193 | | 5,386 |
| | 46 | 68,612 | \$ | - | \$ | 35,069 | | 433,543 | \$ | 36,806 |
| Less current portion: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond principal | (2 | 29,220) | | | | | | (31,420) | | |
| Bond premium amortization | | (5,849) | | | | | | (5,386) | | |
| Long-term portion | \$ 43 | 33,543 | | | | | \$ | 396,737 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2017 Revenue Bonds | | | • | | • | <u> </u> | • | | • | |
| Bond principal | | 57,105 | \$ | - | \$ | 25,725 | \$ | 331,380 | \$ | 27,195 |
| Bond premium | | 14,210 | | - | | 6,910 | | 37,300 | | 6,363 |
| | 4(| 01,315 | \$ | - | \$ | 32,635 | | 368,680 | \$ | 33,558 |
| Less current portion: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond principal | (2 | 25,725) | | | | | | (27,195) | | |
| Bond premium amortization | | (6,910) | | | | | | (6,363) | | |
| Long-term portion | \$ 36 | 68,680 | | | | | \$ | 335,122 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2016 Revenue Bonds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond principal | | 11,305 | \$ | _ | \$ | 32,430 | \$ | 278,875 | \$ | 34,205 |
| Bond premium | | 14,277 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 7,233 | Ψ | 37,044 | Ψ | 6,404 |
| Bona promiani | - | 55,582 | \$ | | \$ | 39,663 | | 315,919 | \$ | 40,609 |
| Less current portion: | | ., | | | | , | | -, | r | -, |
| Bond principal | (: | 32,430) | | | | | | (34,205) | | |
| Bond premium amortization | • | (7,233) | | | | | | (6,404) | | |
| Long-term portion | | 15,919 | | | | | \$ | 275,310 | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , , | | | | | | — | | | |

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The detail of the Fund's long term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2020 | Issuances | Retirements | Balance June 30, 2021 | Due Within One Year |
|---|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Series 2018 Revenue Bonds: | | | | | |
| Bond principal | \$ 439,735 | \$- | \$ 27,165 | \$ 412,570 | \$ 29,220 |
| Bond premium | 62,320 | - | 6,278 | 56,042 | 5,849 |
| | 502,055 | \$ - | \$ 33,443 | 468,612 | \$ 35,069 |
| Less current portion: | | | | | |
| Bond principal | (27,165) | | | (29,220) | |
| Bond premium amortization | (6,278) | | | (5,849) | |
| Long-term portion | \$ 468,612 | | | \$ 433,543 | |
| Series 2017 Revenue Bonds: Bond principal Bond premium Less current portion: Bond principal Bond premium amortization Long-term portion | \$ 381,670 51,638 433,308 (24,565) (7,428) \$ 401,315 | \$ - - \$ - | \$ 24,565 7,428 \$ 31,993 | \$ 357,105 44,210 401,315 (25,725) (6,910) \$ 368,680 | \$ 25,725 6,910 \$ 32,635 |
| Series 2016 Revenue Bonds: | | | | | |
| Bond principal | \$ 342,190 | \$- | \$ 30,885 | \$ 311,305 | \$ 32,430 |
| Bond premium | 52,296 | - | 8,019 | 44,277 | 7,233 |
| | 394,486 | \$ - | \$ 38,904 | 355,582 | \$ 39,663 |
| Less current portion: | | | | | |
| Bond principal | (30,885) | | | (32,430) | |
| Bond premium amortization | (8,019) | | | (7,233) | |
| Long-term portion | \$ 355,582 | | | \$ 315,919 | |
| | · · · · | | | | |

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The Fund is capitalized by annual grants from the EPA. The State must also contribute an amount equal to 20 percent of the federal capitalization amount. The State's matching contribution has been provided through the appropriation of State resources as well as through the use of loans from the Water Reclamation program. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the EPA has awarded to the State cumulative capitalization grants of \$3,323,084 and \$3,209,447, respectively. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the State has drawn, cumulatively \$3,141,925 and \$2,977,883, respectively, for loans and administrative expenses. The State has provided matching funds of \$404,631 and \$404,546, respectively.

In addition, as of June 30, 2022, the EPA awarded the ARRA grant of \$280,285 to the fund for which \$161,006 was for principal forgiveness (See Note 4). There were no State matching requirements for the grant which was fully drawn as of June 30, 2014.

As discussed in Note 4, certain borrowers have contributed funds that can be used to match federal contributions in exchange for reduced interest rate loans. The EPA allows the State to include amounts provided by borrowers under certain local matching loans in meeting the State's statutory matching obligation. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the borrowers had contributed \$289,499 and \$286,822 which qualifies as meeting the State's matching requirement, respectively.

Table 1 summarizes the EPA capitalization grants awarded, amounts drawn on each grant as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and balances available for future loans as of June 30, 2022. Table 2 summarizes the state match amounts paid by the state and local entities as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the state match required for capitalization grants awarded is \$664,617 and \$641,889, respectively. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the state match available for potential future state match is \$29,513 and \$49,479, respectively.

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

| TABLE 1 | | Grant Award | Funds Drawn As of June 30, 2020 | Funds Drawn During Year Ended une 30, 2021 | Funds Drawn As of June 30, 2021 | C C E Ju | Funds Drawn During Year Ended Ine 30, 2022 | Funds Drawn As of June 30, 2022 | Avail for Lo as June 202 | oans of 30, |
|-----------------|----|----------------|---|--|---|-------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1989-2017 | \$ | 2,866,297 | \$2,866,297 | \$ - | \$2,866,297 | \$ | - | \$2,866,297 | \$ | - |
| 2018 | | 114,792 | 91,765 | 18,190 | 109,955 | | 4,837 | 114,792 | | - |
| 2019 | | 113,637 | 267 | 296 | 563 | | 13,074 | 113,637 | | - |
| 2020 | | 113,653 | - | - | - | | 45,845 | 45,845 | 67 | ,808 |
| 2021 | | 113,637 | - | - | - | | 286 | 286 | 113 | ,351 |
| | \$ | 3,322,016 | \$2,958,329 | \$ 18,486 | \$2,976,815 | \$ ´ | 64,042 | \$3,140,857 | \$ 181 | ,159 |
| In-kind (Direct | Pa | vment) | | | | | | | | |
| Made by EPA | | 1,068 | 1,068 | - | 1,068 | | - | 1,068 | | - |
| , | | 3,323,084 | \$2,959,397 | \$ 18,486 | \$2,977,883 | \$ ´ | 64,042 | \$3,141,925 | \$ 181 | ,159 |
| | | · | | · | | | · · · · · · | | | |
| 2008-ARRA | | 280,285 | 280,285 | - | 280,285 | | - | 280,285 | | - |
| | \$ | 3,603,369 | \$3,239,682 | \$ 18,486 | \$3,258,168 | \$ [^] | 64,042 | \$3,422,210 | \$ 181 | ,159 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 2

| | | Sta | te Match Paid | | | e Match Paid | |
|------------------------------------|--|-----|--|--|---------|---|--|
| | ate Match Paid As of June 30, 2020 | I | During Year Ended une 30, 2021 | te Match Paid As of une 30, 2021 | E Ju | uring Year Inded Ine 30, 2022 | te Match Paid As of une 30, 2022 |
| State Disbursed Local Disbursed | \$ 354,487 284,010 | \$ | 50,059 2,812 | \$ 404,546 286,822 | \$ | 85 2,677 | \$ 404,631 289,499 |
| | \$ 638,497 | \$ | 52,871 | \$ 691,368 | \$ | 2,762 | \$ 694,130 |

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

On April 1, 2021, the Fund borrowed \$50,000 with interest at 0.234 percent for the purpose of providing state match. The loan was repaid on May 12, 2021.

Restricted Funds

State matching funds for the 1993 capitalization grant and portions of the 1994 and 1995 capitalization grants were provided by the transfer of \$34,316 of outstanding loans and loan interest earned from California Water Reclamation Loan Fund. In 2006, an additional \$3,545 of outstanding loans and loan interest was transferred to the Fund for future match requirements. Repayments of these loans are restricted for future water reclamation loans that are eligible under the CWSRF program.

Administrative Fund

In January 2008, legislation in the State of California became effective which allows CWSRF to collect a service charge on loans which will be used for administrative costs. The fees collected and the expenses incurred are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Revenue collected and expenses incurred for the administrative fund are as follows:

| | June 30, 2022 | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------|----|--------|--|--|
| Administrative fee collected | \$ | 11,560 | \$ | 10,009 | | |
| Operating expenses incurred | \$ | 12,319 | \$ | 10,879 | | |

Small Community Grant Fund

In September 2008, legislation in the State of California became effective which allows CWSRF to collect an annual charge on loans which will be used to assist Small Disadvantaged Communities. The fees collected and the expenses incurred are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Revenue collected and expenses incurred for the grant fund are as follows:

| | June 30, 2022 | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-------|----|-------|--|--|
| Grant fee collected | \$ | 8,870 | \$ | 6,898 | | |
| Grants disbursed | \$ | 4,168 | \$ | 7,956 | | |

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund participates in the State of California's Risk Management Program. The State has elected, with a few exceptions, to be self-insured against loss or liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three fiscal years. Refer to the State's Risk Management disclosure in the June 30, 2022 and 2021, Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement provides for three components of net position: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Fund had no net position invested in capital assets.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use, either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Fund had restricted net position of \$373,384 and \$238,357, respectively, representing amounts received from borrower loan repayments on pledged loans. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021 pledged loans restricted for future bond debt service payments were \$3,853,096 and \$2,003,865, respectively, representing loans receivable pledged as security for the revenue bonds (see Note 5).

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital assets or restricted. Although the Fund reports unrestricted net position on the face of the statements of net position, unrestricted net position is to be used by the Fund for the payment of obligations incurred by the Fund in carrying out its statutory powers and duties and is to remain in the Fund.

NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In January 2023, the Fund issued \$545,320 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2023, for the purpose of making financial assistance available to recipients for eligible projects. Interest rates are 4 to 5 percent with a final maturity in 2047.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Grantor and Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Federal Expenditures | Subrecipients |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <u>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</u> Direct Programs: Capitalization Grants for State Revolving Funds Revolving Funds | 66.458 | \$164,042,446 \$164,042,446 | \$163,617,467 \$163,617,467 |

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Fund) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the accrual basis of accounting and are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made, in the normal course of business, to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The Fund has elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - LOANS TO SUBRECIPIENTS

Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Fund Assistance Listing number 66.458 include \$163,617,467 of expenditures that were disbursed as loan awards to qualifying subrecipients, which includes \$27,171,171 of principal forgiveness loans.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund), an enterprise fund of the State of California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Bellevue, Washington January 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Bellevue, Washington January 31, 2023

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

| Type of auditors' report issued: | Unmodified |
|---|--|
| Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? | yes $_$ no |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weak | nesses? yes $_$ none reported |
| Noncompliance material to financial sta noted? | tements yes $_$ no |
| Federal Awards | |
| Internal control over major program: | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | yes $_$ no |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weak | nesses? yes $_$ none reported |
| Type of auditor's report issued on comp for major program: | liance Unmodified |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are re- to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? | quired yes _√_ no |
| Identification of major program: | |
| Assistance Listing Number(s) | Name of Federal Program or Cluster |
| 66.458 | Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet Type A and Type B programs: | ween \$3,000,000 |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | $_$ yes $__$ no |
| | |

PART II - FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

PART III - FINDINGS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2022

PART IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no findings in the prior year that are required to be reported.



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