# Assessment of Water Quality During Wet Weather in Areas of Special Biological Significance

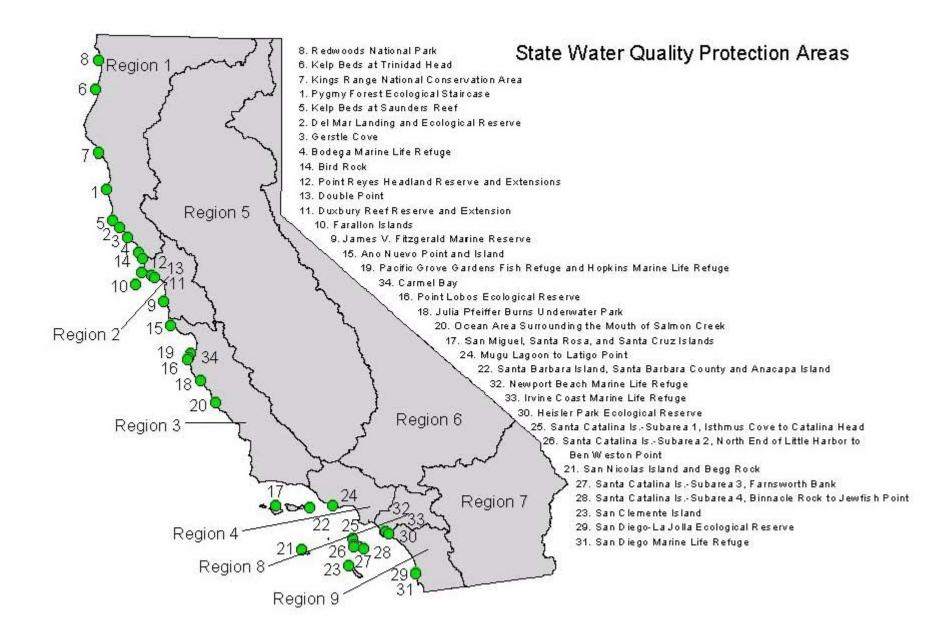
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# Areas of Special Biological Significance (ASBS)?

- Water quality protected areas
  - Designated in the California Ocean Plan

- 34 designated ASBS statewide
  - Nearly a third of the coastline (including islands)

Established by the SWRCB in the mid-1970s

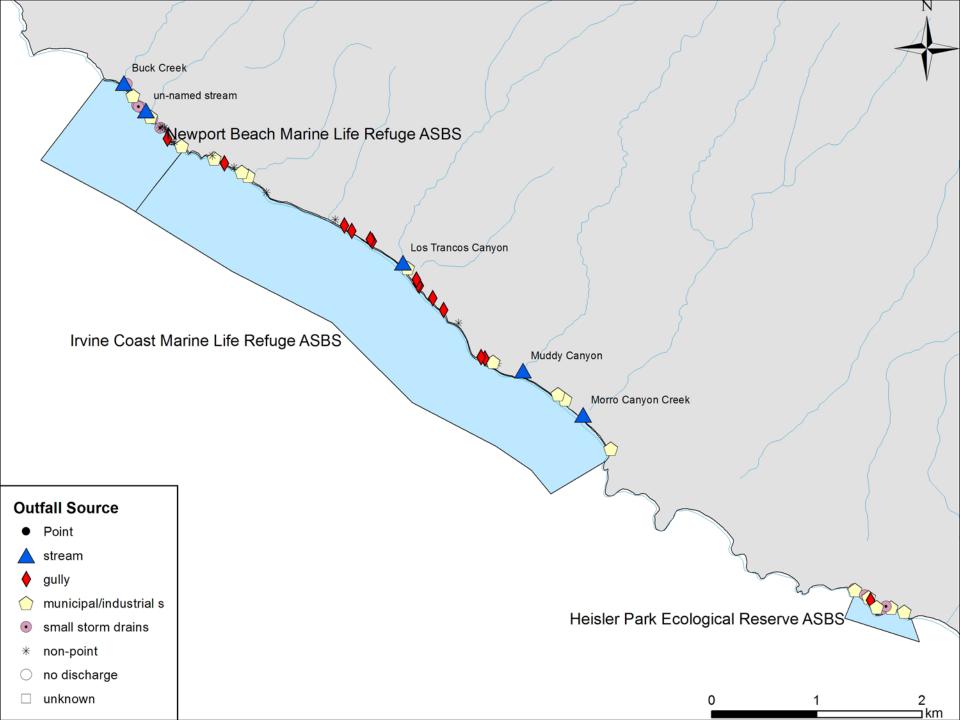


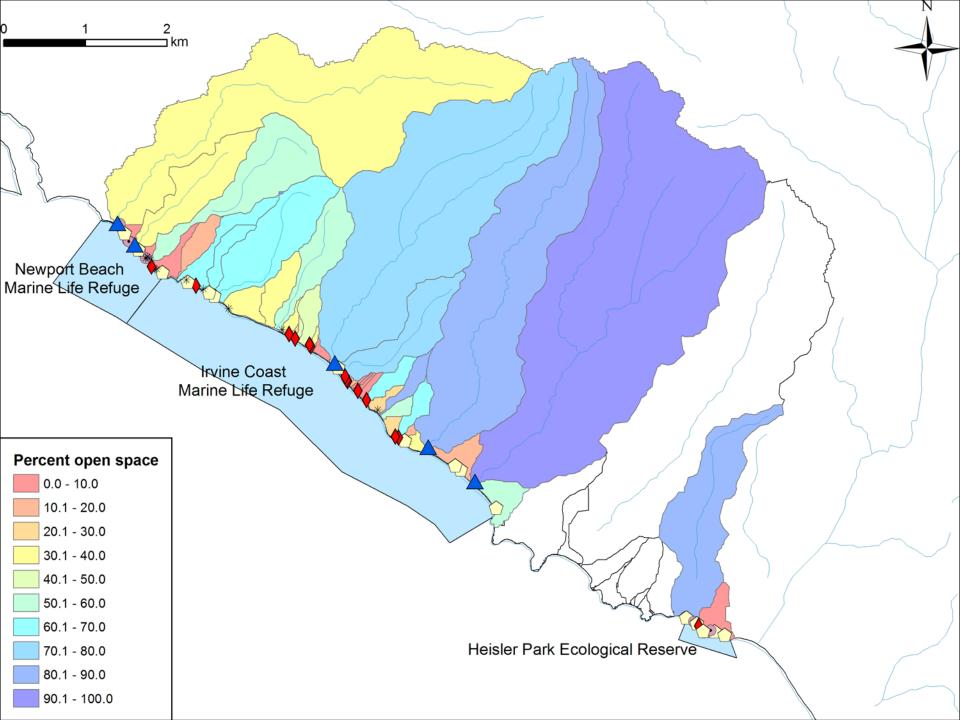
## Not Your Usual State Regulation

"No discharge of waste"

"Maintenance of natural water quality"

 Despite stringent requirements, nearly 1700 discharges identified in ASBS statewide





#### Motivation!

SWRCB needs an assessment of alterations in ASBS water quality

- Large scale monitoring is the preferred approach
  - Regional reference condition
  - Context for assessing impact

 What is the extent of impact in ASBS with and without discharges?

# Extent of Impact Design

- Emphasis on receiving water
  - All samples collected from the ocean
- Wet weather focused
  - One sample prestorm and another post storm
- Measure a long list of constituents
  - General, nutrients, metals, organics
  - Toxicity
- Randomly selected receiving water sites
  - Discharge shoreline < 500m from an outfall</li>
  - Nondischarge shoreline > 500m

# Map of Sampling Sites

Break to Google Earth

# Results Road Map

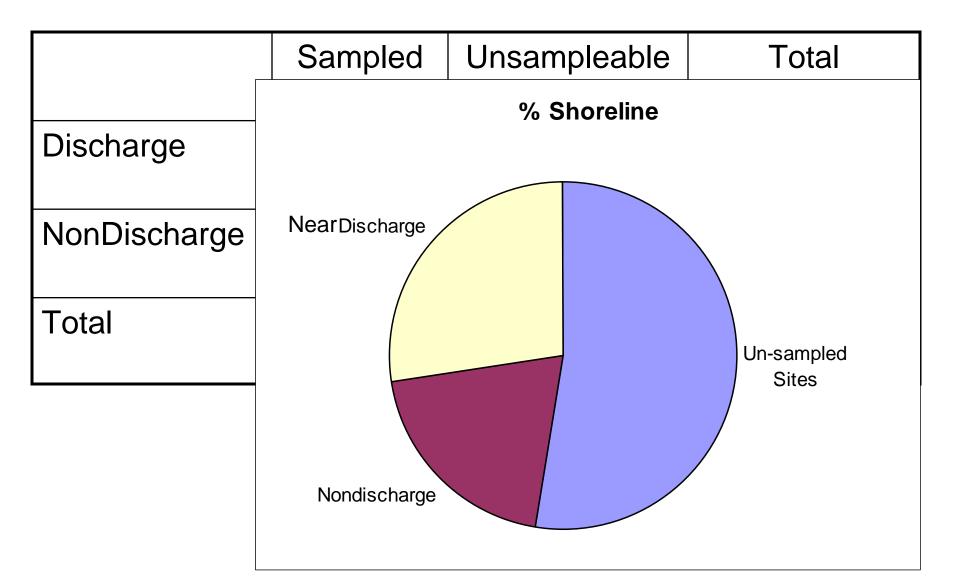
Sampling success

Discharge vs Nondischarge

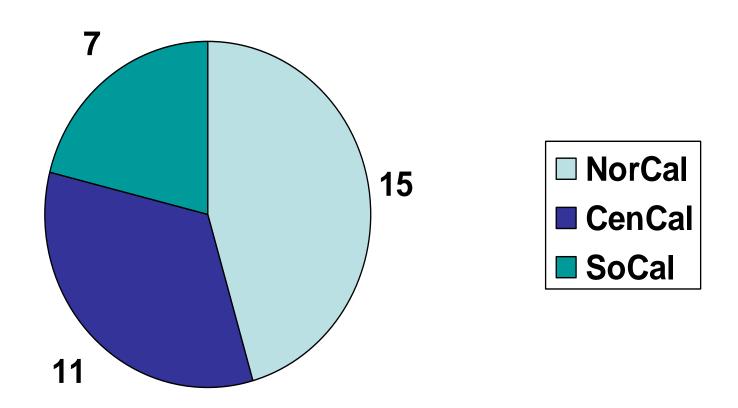
 Comparison to existing Water Quality Standards

Prestorm vs Post storm

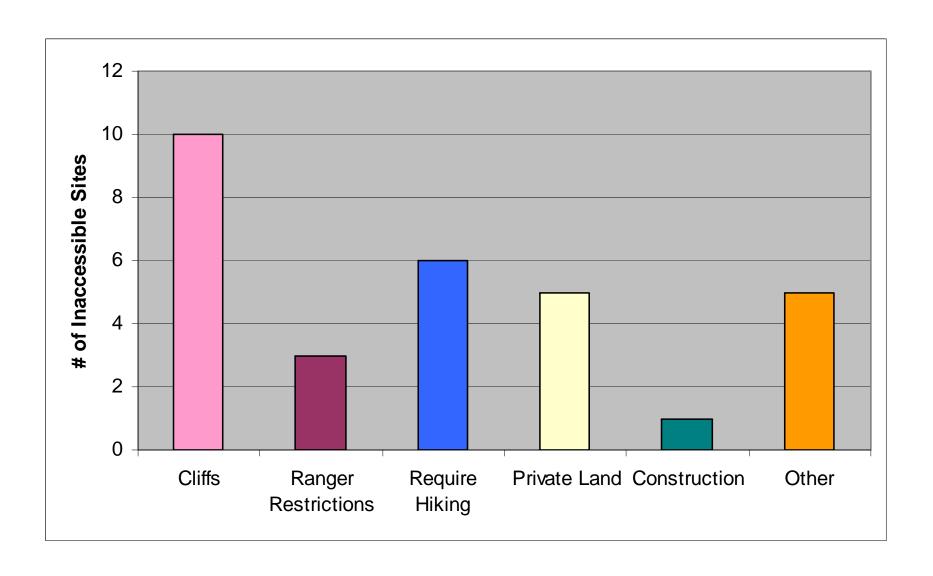
# Summary of Shoreline Sampling Success 2008-09 Wet Season



# Spatial Distribution of Sampled Sites



### Reasons for Unsampled Sites



# Results Road Map

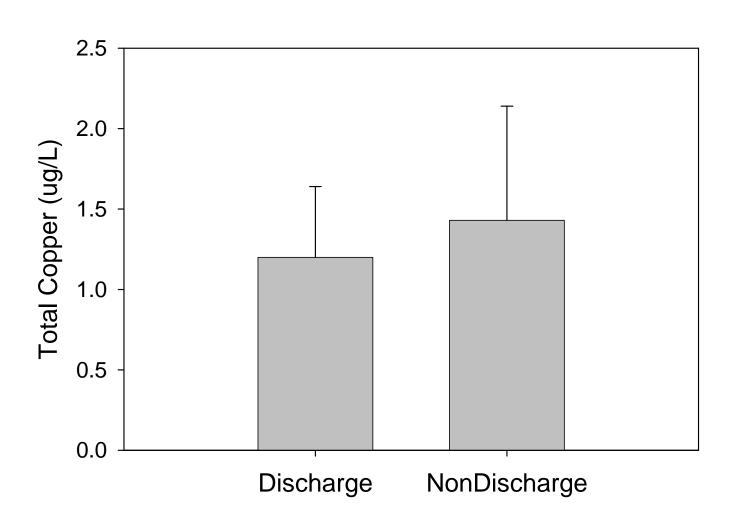
Sampling success

Discharge vs Nondischarge

 Comparison to existing Water Quality Standards

Prestorm vs Post storm

#### Shoreline Weighted Mean (<u>+</u> 95% CI)



#### Shoreline Weighted Mean (± 95% CI)

Parameter	Near Discharge	NonDischarge
TSS (mg/L)	95 (76)	78 (52)
Ammonia (ug/L)	9.2 (9.3)	3.9 (7.8)
Nitrate+Nitrite (ug/L)	120 (57)	140 (100)
Total P (ug/L)	69 (30)	190 (96)
Chromium (ug/L)	2.6 (1.0)	2.2 (0.8)
Copper (ug/L)	1.2 (0.4)	1.4 (0.7)
Lead (ug/L)	0.50 (0.13)	0.60 (0.50)
Nickel (ug/L)	2.9 (1.0)	2.9 (0.9)
Zinc (ug/L)	4.6 (3.0)	1.1 (1.2)
Total PAH (ng/L)	15 (5)	38 (34)
Total PCB (ng/L)	ND	ND
Total DDT (ng/L)	ND	ND

#### **COMPARISON TO OCEAN PLAN WATER QUALITY STANDARDS**

	% Shoreline Miles > WQS				
	6 Mo Median*	Daily Max	Instant Max		
Ammonia-N					
Arsenic	1.6				
Cadmium	2.1				
Chromium	50	1.6			
Copper	6.9				
Lead	4.8				
Nickel	15				
Silver					
Zinc	3.8				
HCH-lindanes					
Chlordane					
DDTs					
Dieldrin					
PAHs	87				
PCBs					

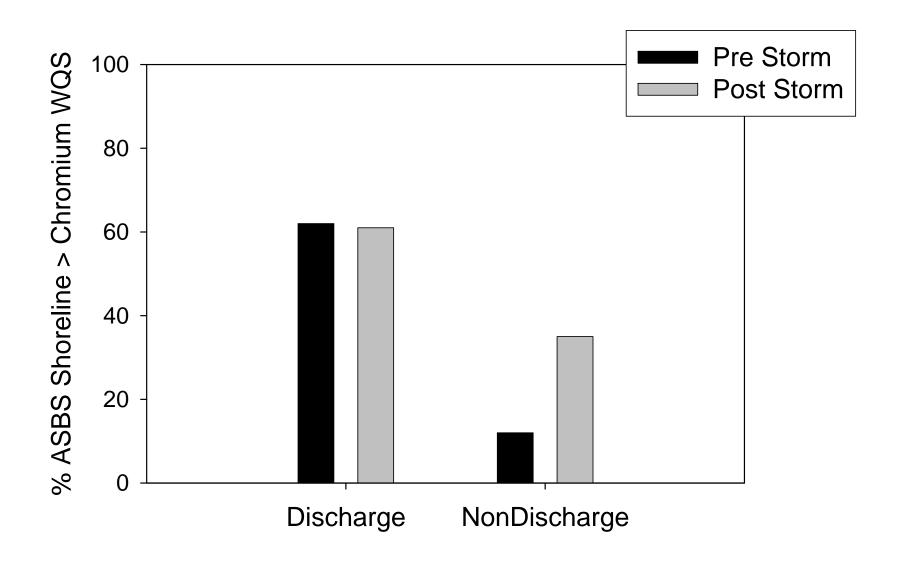
<sup>--</sup> no shoreline exceeds WQS

<sup>\* 30</sup> d average for organics

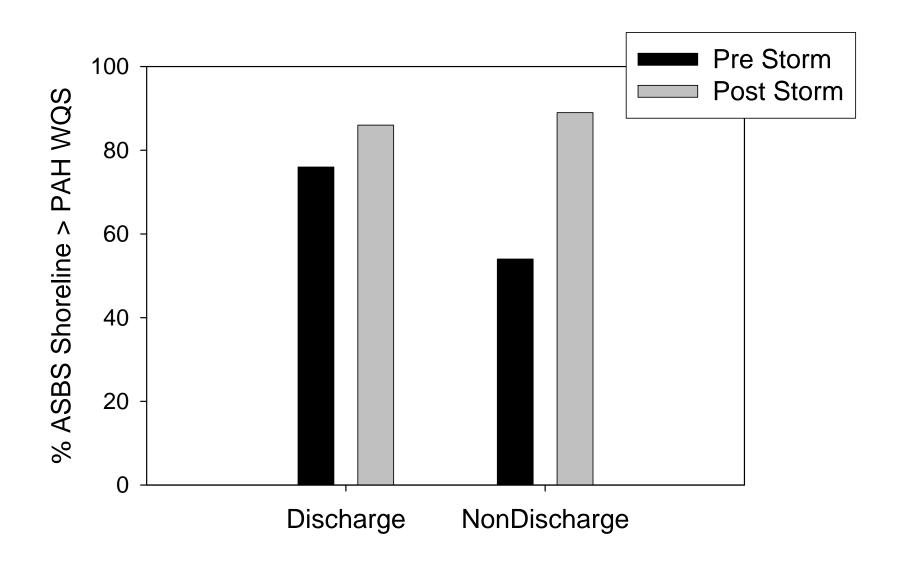
#### **COMPARISON TO OCEAN PLAN WATER QUALITY STANDARDS**

	WQS % Shoreline > WQS			
		All ASBS	Near Discharge	NonDischarge
Ammonia-N	0.8 mg/L			
Arsenic	8 ug/L	1.6	2.7	
Cadmium	1 ug/L	2.1	3.6	
Chromium	2 ug/L	50	61	35
Copper	3 ug/L	6.9	4.8	9.8
Lead	2 ug/L	4.8		11.5
Nickel	5 ug/L	15	24	3
Silver	0.7 ug/L			
Zinc	20 ug/L	3.8	6.5	
HCH-lindanes	8.0 ng/L			
Chlordane	0.023 ng/L			
DDTs	0.17 ng/L			
Dieldrin	0.04 ng/L			
PAHs	8.8 ng/L	87	85	89
PCBs	0.019 ng/L			

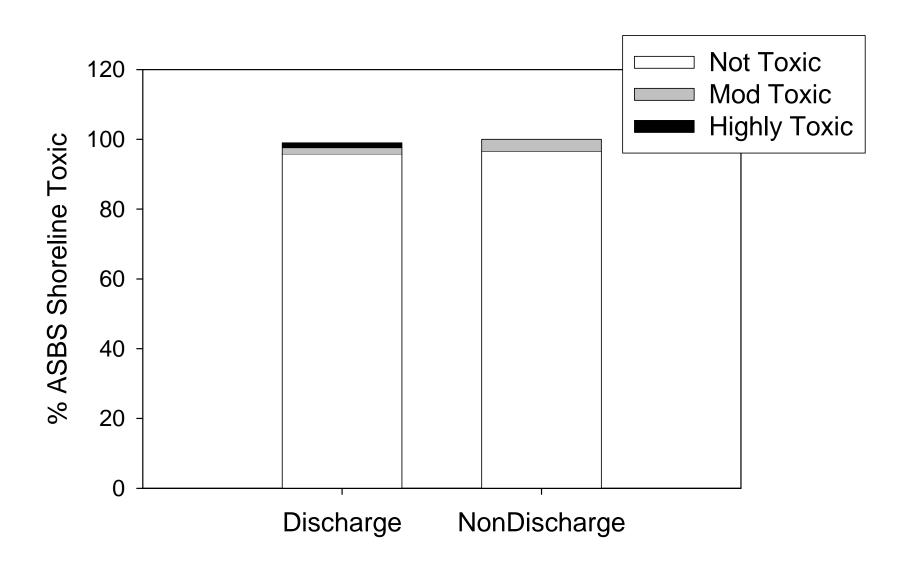
#### Exceedence of the Chromium Water Quality Standard



#### Exceedence of the PAH Water Quality Standard



#### **Extent of Sea Urchin Toxicity**



# Summary of Monitoring

- Water quality in ASBS statewide following wet weather looks pretty good
  - Only Cr and PAH exceeded WQS in significant amounts
- Concentrations were generally low
  - Little signal of discharge
- Most sites were not toxic
  - Less than 5% of the ASBS shoreline indicated effects

# On Deck ..... Actual Biology

 These are Areas of Special Biological Significance

- Community assemblages in multiple habitats
  - Rocky subtidal habitat
  - Rocky intertidal habitat

- Evaluate potential for ecological risk
  - Bioaccumulation in mussels