March 13, 2011

Jeanine Townsend, Clerk of the Board  
State Water Resources Control Board  
1001 I Street, 24th Floor  
Sacramento, CA 95814  
Via email to commentletters@waterboards.ca.gov

Re: Hopkins Marine Station ASBS Special Exception

Dear Ms. Townsend and Board Members:

Monterey Coastkeeper supports the State Water Resources Control Board in its efforts to protect ocean water quality and natural marine communities, especially in Areas of Special Biological Significance (ASBS). The ASBS designation was created specifically to protect ocean water quality in areas with remarkable biological communities. We appreciate and recognize the cooperative spirit between Hopkins Marine Station, State Board staff, and our organization; we all want to protect the amazing resources of our Coast. We recognize the important research and education that occurs at Hopkins Marine Station.

Monterey Coastkeeper is a program of The Otter Project. Monterey Coastkeeper protects our watersheds and coastal ocean for the benefit of wildlife and humans alike. These comments are made on behalf of the 3000 members of the Otter Project and Monterey Coastkeeper.

Monterey Coastkeeper conditionally supports the staff recommendation that the State Board grant the exception requested by Hopkins Marine Station to the California Ocean Plan prohibition on discharges into and adjacent to the Pacific Grove ASBS.

The ASBS exception process has positively impacted operations at Hopkins Marine Station. As noted in the Initial Study:

- Several discharge pipes have been capped and abandoned
- Seawater and stormwater discharges have been separated
- Site BMPs have been considered and adopted
- And most significantly, the Tuna Research backflush filter water has been rerouted from stormwater discharge to the sewer POTW.

In general, we have less concern with the flow-through seawater and wet-weather stormwater discharges from the Marine Lab. We have low to moderate concern about the Tuna Research (TRCC) facility and potential discharges from aquaria for non-native species. We have moderate to high concern with the potential discharges from the old Monterey Boatworks site (note: it is unclear from the site description whether Monterey Boatworks is on the Hopkins Marine Station or Monterey Bay Aquarium property and this concern will be repeated in our Monterey Bay Aquarium comments).

Monitoring
We believe monitoring is an essential part of any permit or exception; however we also believe that excessive monitoring can be burdensome. We believe the Rocky Intertidal Life Survey will be expensive and - while interesting - will do little to contribute to discharge
control. The granitic rock outcroppings of Hopkins Marine Station are rare along the California Coast and the relatively sheltered aspect combine to make the site rich with marine life and relatively unique. The site most similar is Pt. Pinos, but Pt. Pinos faces the open ocean. Intertidal surveys can be variable, especially where species richness is high. The unique qualities of the site and lack of a comparable control plus the variability through time of the rocky intertidal will make it very difficult if not impossible to find any meaning in Intertidal Life Surveys. We hope this requirement is either eliminated or that all the dischargers into this ASBS will combine resources for a single survey.

We feel monitoring resources are best spent on bioaccumulation, sediment, and water quality monitoring (waste seawater, stormwater, receiving water and reference site). We believe these studies are essential to the permit. Further, we believe it is essential that butyltins be monitored in sediment and in mussel (or sand crab) tissues (bioaccumulation).

Stormwater Management Plan and BMPs
We look forward to seeing and reviewing the Hopkins Marine Station Stormwater Management Plan and a fuller description of BMPs. Hopkins Marine Station participates in the Monterey Regional Stormwater Management Plan but the additional responsibilities of being within the ASBS require additional description. The positive comments about permeable pavements and vegetated treatment of stormwater are helpful. (Although not an expert) We believe that many of the roofs at the Marine Station are copper and given the exceedance in this constituent we would be enlightened by further description.

Tuna Research and non-natives
We found the sections of the Initial Study dealing with the TRCC and Dr. Lowe's Lab in need of further editing and clarification. We are not suggesting that Hopkins' practices are inadequate, we simply need greater understanding. Is all discharge from the TRCC now fully treated? Is the TRCC seawater system now completely separate from the flow-through seawater system? We have similar questions about the Lowe Lab.

Monterey Boatworks
For decades the Monterey Boatworks operated on the site now between Hopkins Marine Station and Monterey Bay Aquarium. And for decades hulls were scraped, sandblasted and repainted. We are very concerned about the potential presence of butyltin chemicals on this site. Butyltin is an extremely toxic chemical that was mixed with boat paint to kill barnacles and algae - it was an anti-fouling chemical. Butyltin has been found in harbor sediments adjacent to boat works at Moss Landing, Santa Barbara and many other harbors. Butyltin can cause immune system suppression in marine mammals and has been found in extremely high levels in sea otters washing ashore dead in the Moss Landing / Monterey areas and death by disease was correlated with butyltin tissue loads. Sediments should be studied adjacent to the Boatworks property. In addition, the bioaccumulation study should analyze for butyltins. If mussels are not available for tissue analysis adjacent to the site, sand crabs could possibly substitute as a test organism. We believe this analysis is an essential requirement for this exception. We believe the butyltin analysis should not become overly burdensome: sediments and tissues should be analyzed for two years and if the chemicals are not present, the analysis can be discontinued. (note: We do not know if the Monterey Boatworks site should be included in the Hopkins or Aquarium exception. This section will be repeated in our Monterey Bay Aquarium comments).

In closing, we wish to emphasize that we believe Hopkins Marine Station cares deeply about ocean water quality and preserving the resources within the ASBS. We do not believe stormwater (with the possible exception of sediment discharges from the Boatworks property) or the flow-through sea water system are threats to water quality. We would like to see more information about the separation between the flow-through system and any seawater supporting non-native species. And finally, we believe it is essential that the Boatworks property be studied for butyltin contamination.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Steve Shimek
Executive Director