It's time for time: Aquatic-terrestrial linkages in California vernal pools

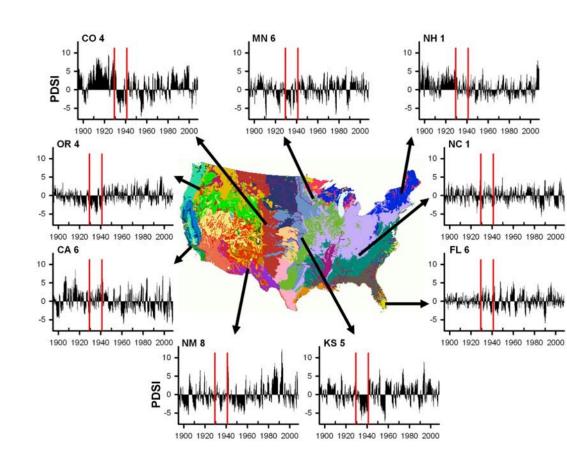
Jamie M. Kneitel

Department of Biological Sciences

CSU Sacramento

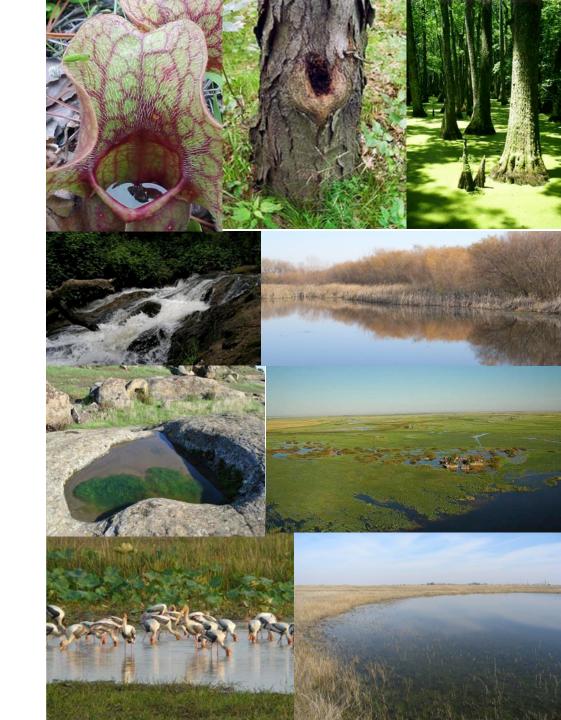
Spatial and temporal heterogeneity

- Important in all ecosystems
- Climate variation
- Increasing focus
 on effects in
 natural
 ecosystems



Temporary Waters

- Directly tied to precipitation & temperature
- Ubiquitous
- Discrete & dynamic in space and time



Temporary Waters (California Vernal Pools)

- Greatly reduced habitat
- Services:
 - Groundwater recharge
 - Flood control
 - Nutrient recycling
- High levels of:
 - Biodiversity
 - Endemism
- Consistent dry phase



Ecosystem Phases: Vernal Pools



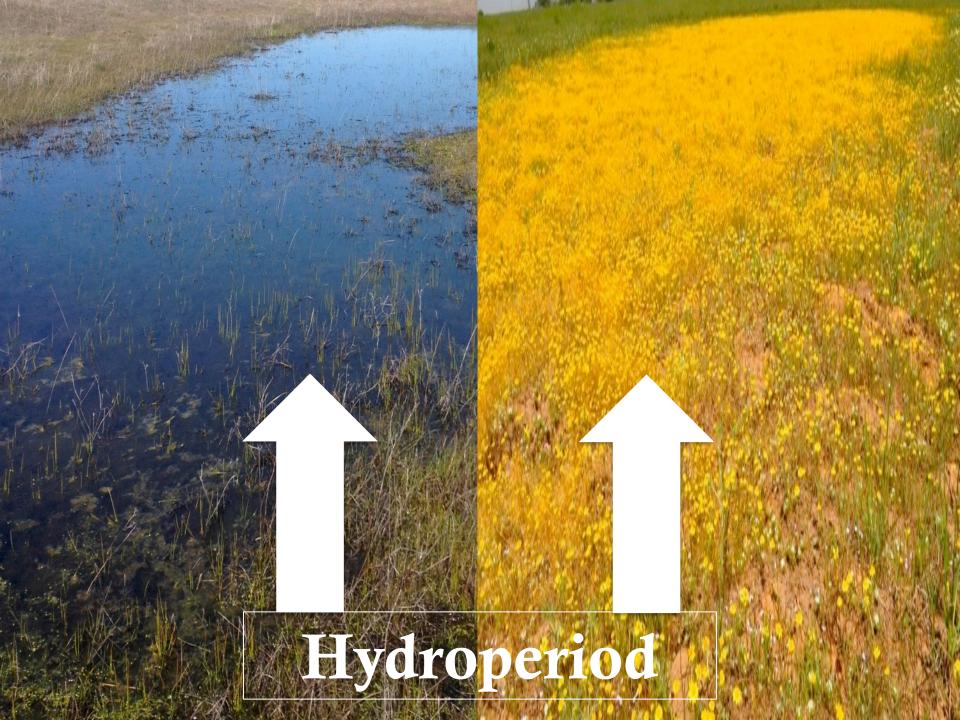
Winter
Aquatic Phase
-Soils saturate
-Standing water

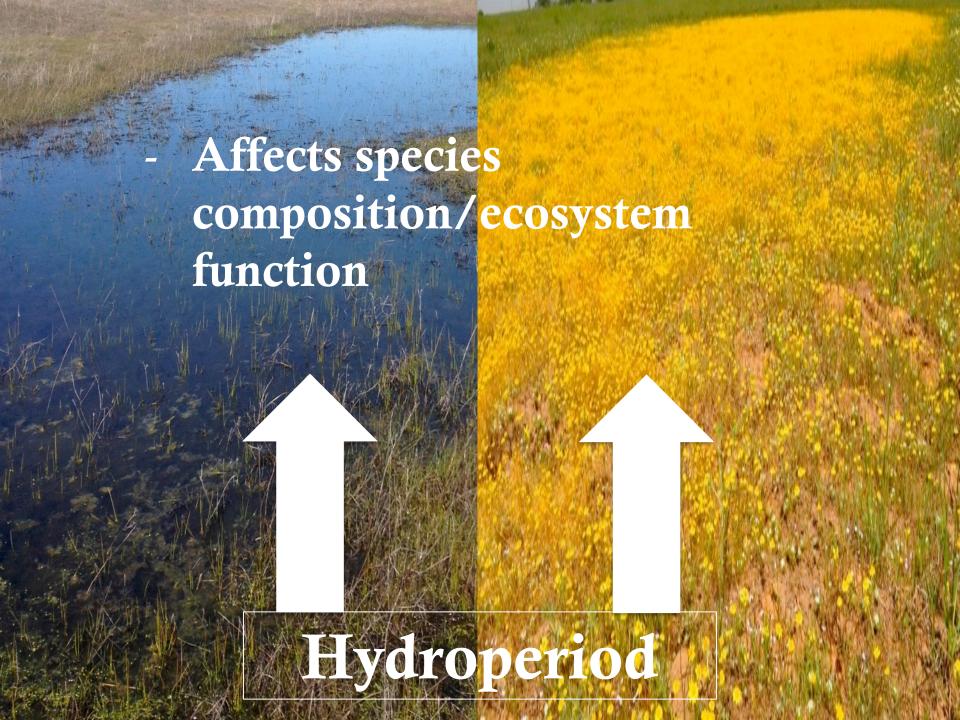


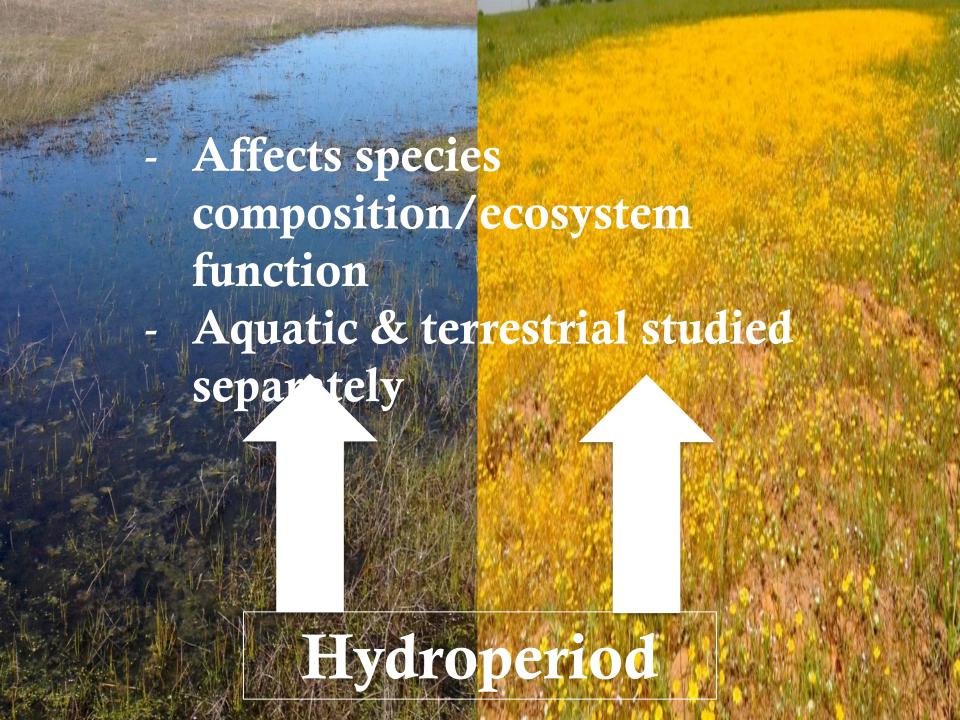
Spring
Terrestrial Phase
-Soil moist
-Drying phase

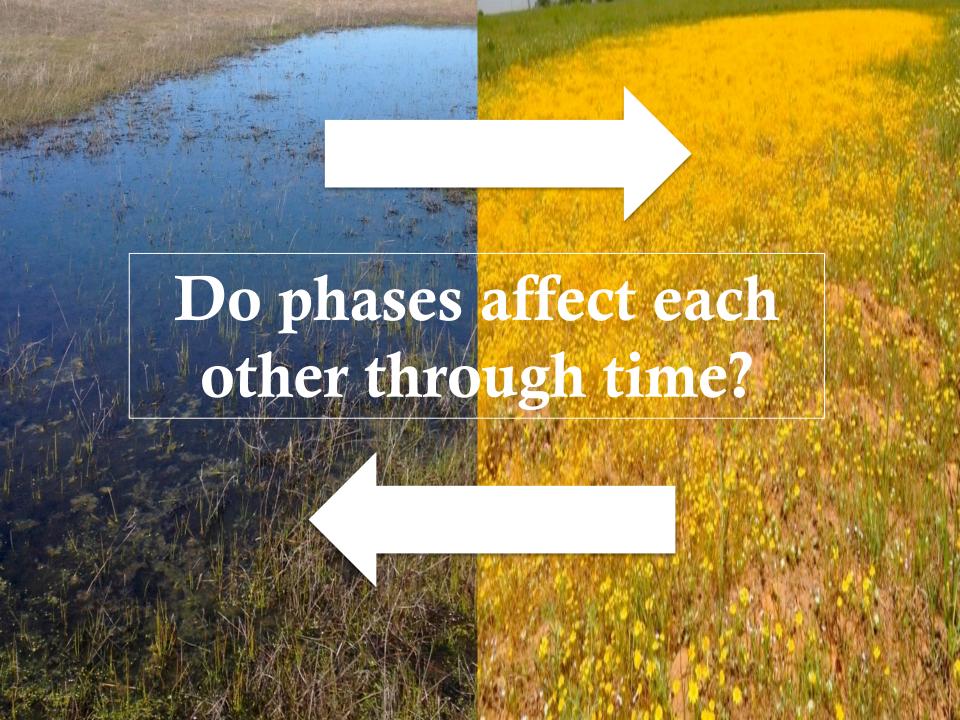


Summer/Fall
Dry Phase
-Soils dry



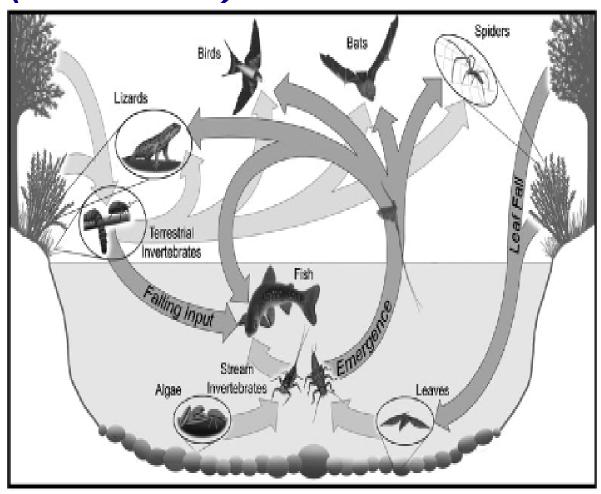






Aquatic-terrestrial linkages (Subsidies)

- Movement of organisms and materials
 - Resources
 - Prey
 - Habitat
 - Predators

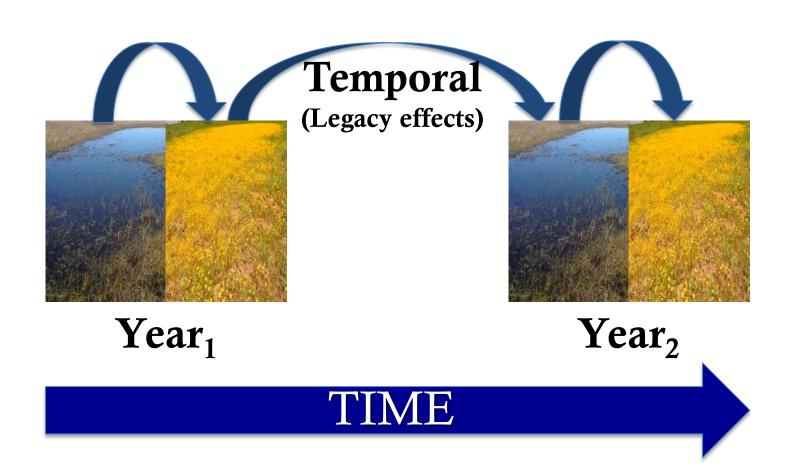


Spatial Linkages

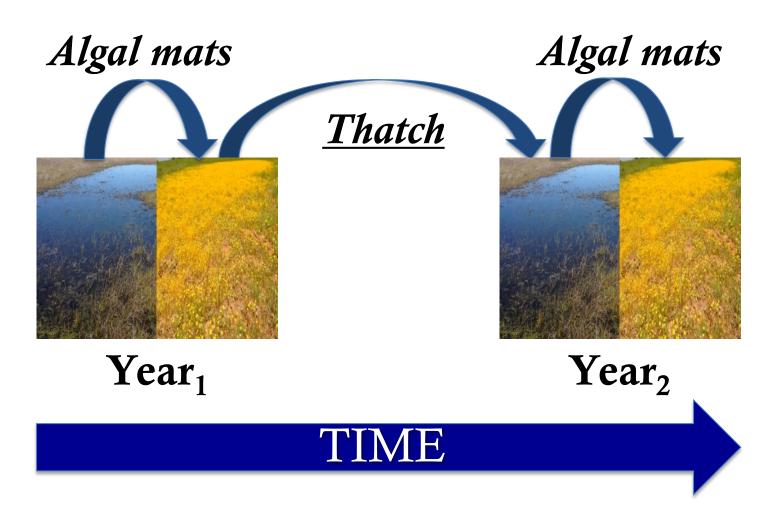


- Insect Dispersal
- Nutrients

Temporal Linkages



Temporal Linkages



Question

Does hydroperiod interact with spatial (nutrients) and temporal (thatch) linkages?

- Aquatic phase
- -Terrestrial phase



Methods Independent variables

Hydroperiod:

- Short
- Long



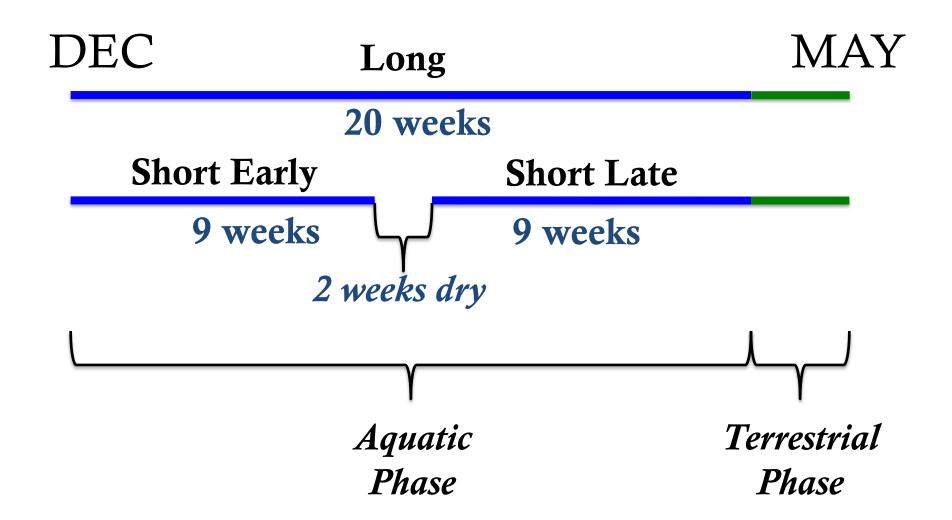
Nutrients:

- Control
- Addition

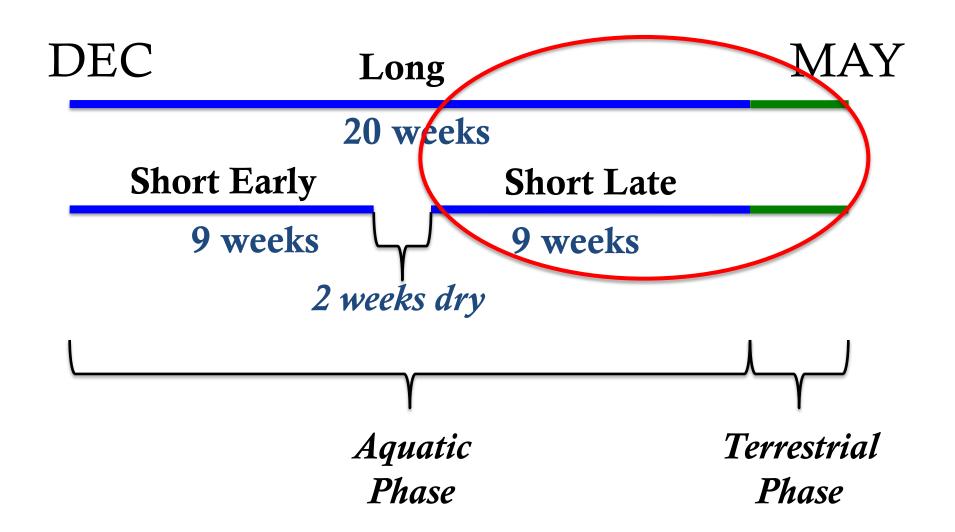
Thatch:

- Control
- Addition

Experimental Design



Experimental Design



Methods Dependent variables



- Invertebrates
 - Passive
 - Active
- Algal mats



Results: Aquatic

Passive species richness

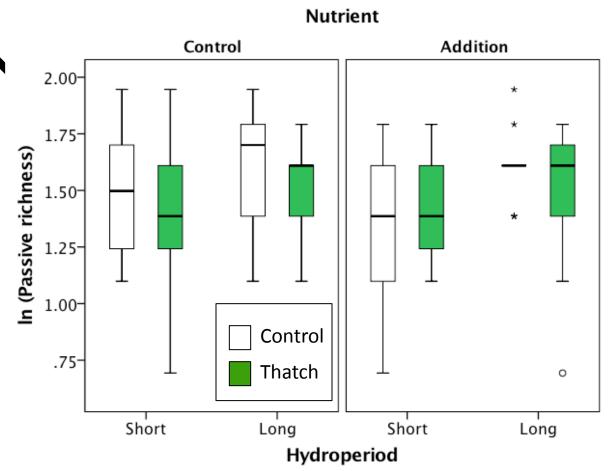


• Hydroperiod: **^**

• Litter: **Ψ**

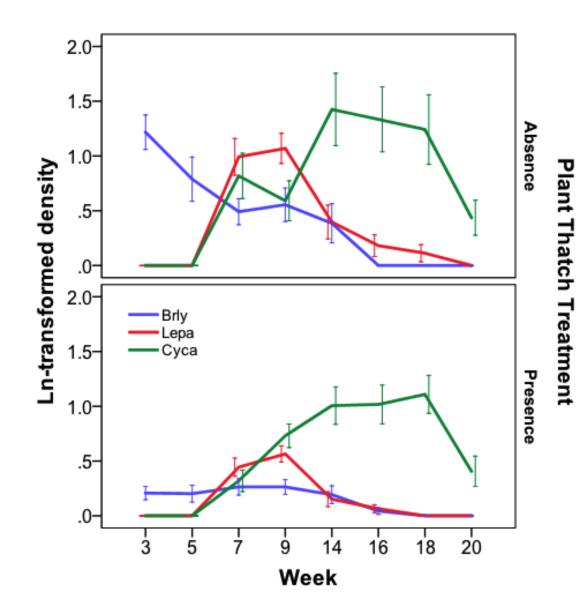
• Nutrients: ns

• H x L x N



VP Endemics





Results: Aquatic

Active species richness

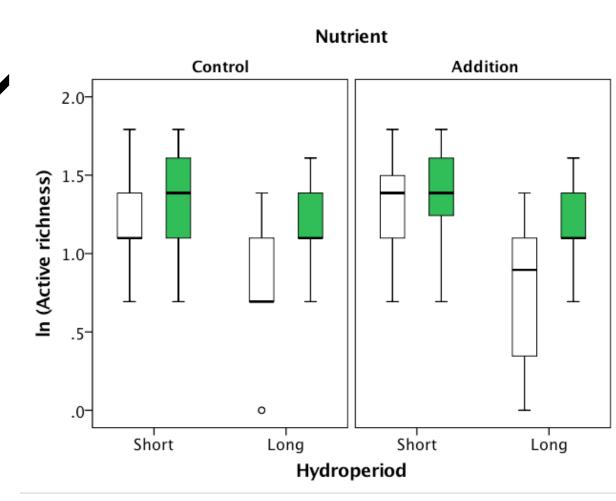


• Hydroperiod: **Ψ**

• Litter: \uparrow

• Nutrients: ns

• H x L



Results: Aquatic

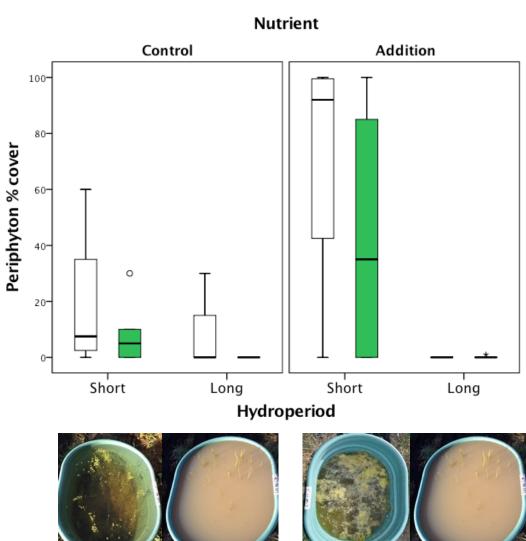
Algal mat cover

• Hydroperiod: **Ψ**

• Litter: **↓**

• Nutrients: 1

• H x N



Results: Terrestrial Plant richness

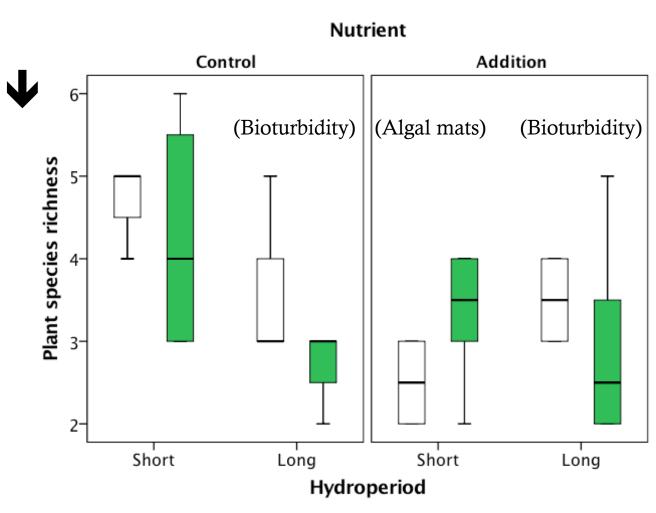


Hydroperiod:

• Litter: **↓**

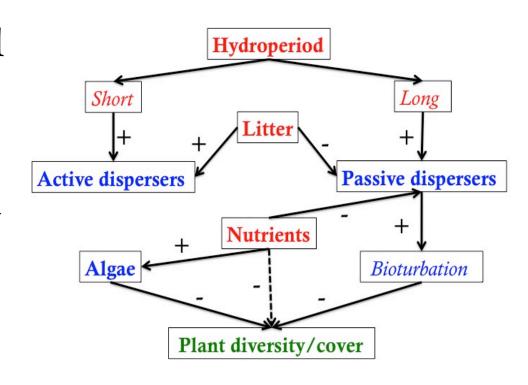
• Nutrients: **Ψ**

• H x L; H x N



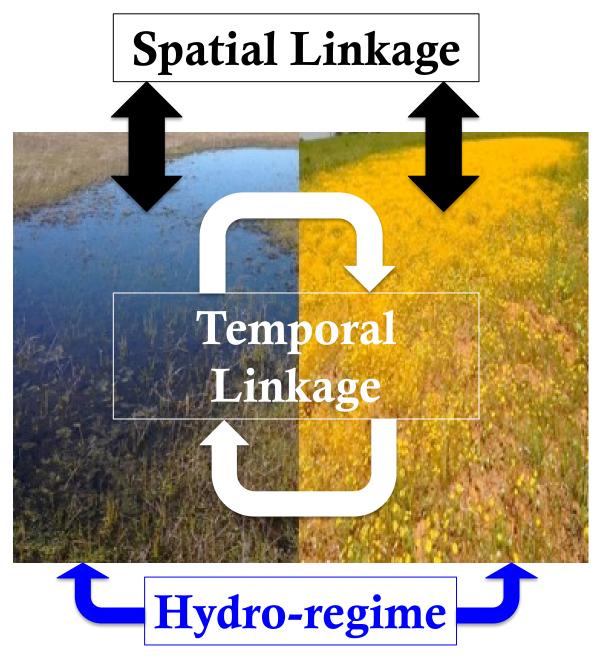
Conclusions

- Hydroperiod interacted with spatial (nutrients) and temporal (litter) subsidies
 - Aquatic and terrestrial phases
- Complex direct and indirect interactions within and among years



Conclusions

- Framework for seasonal ecosystems
- Management/res toration
- Future directions:
 - Field
 - Diversityfunction
 - Generalizable



Acknowledgements

NSF-DEB 1354724

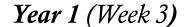


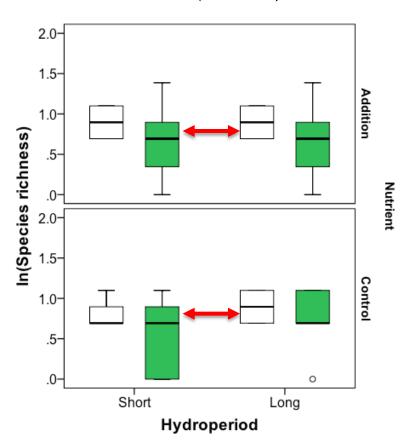
- CSUS
- Luis Rosas, Alyssa Nerida, Trisha Velasquez, Nestor Samiylenko, Nabilah Fareed, Adam Kneitel, Nina Kneitel





Inter-annual Results





Year 2 (Week 3)

