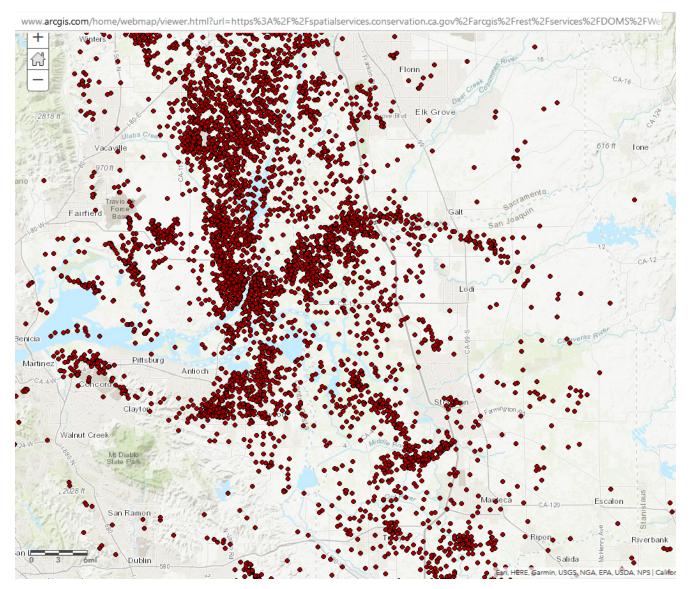
## Water rights and Farmers intakes: http://waterrightsmaps.waterboards.ca.gov/viewer/index.html?viewer=eWRIMS.eWRIMS\_gvh#

Screen prints from California Department of Conservation and a AGIS resource showing estimated locations of natural gas wells in the Delta region. California WaterFix EIR/EIS and related documents failed to assess impact to the area infrastructure from hitting one or several of these gas wells during tunnel boring. Hitting one of these gas wells could cause an explosion like the one on Andrus Island several years ago, which has the potential to cause local levees to fail and could cause risk to farms, local residents in the immediate area and boaters on the waterways nearby at the time of impact.

Map showing gas wells in the Delta area of California



Since the State of California did not require fracturing companies to report the exact locations of the gas wells until just the last few years, it is not actually known how many and where those gas wells are located in the Delta. An extensive database of gas and oil wells was found online, and will be submitted as evidence to show the estimated number of wells within the counties of the Delta.

In fact, drilling of natural gas wells has increased substantially since discovery of the new method of fracturing or directional drilling. Below is an excerpt from the Department of Conservation:

vornes	Tools H	eip					
				5	🐝 🎺	stream energy, inc	P ,
			SPIKE IN	NATURAL G	AS DRILLIN	G IN CALIFORNIA	
						alifornia is on fast track.	
			At current pa	ce, 267 perm	its will be iss	ued most since 1984	
			es to drill new natura total for any single			alifornia are being received be surpassed.	at a pace not seen sind
Res Sutt	ources' d ter, Yolo,	office in Sa San Joaq	cramento had issue uin, Sacramento and	d 178 permits d Tehama cou	to drill new to inties. At the	w that its Division of Oil, G wells in Butte, Colusa, Con current rate, 267 notices w cade ranged from 187 perr	tra Costa, Glenn, Solan vill be filed by the end of
Nat	n March, 2001 Governor Davis directed Mary D. Nichols, Secretary for Resources, to form and chair the multi-agency latural Gas Working Group to closely monitor natural gas supply, demand and price. The Group also facilitates gas rojects throughout the State.						
"I congratulate our gas producers for their rapid response to California's pressing energy needs," said s "The latest figures on in-state natural gas drilling show that California is making progress to increase of of energy production."							
the suc	Denverto cessful. I	on Creek fi n other ca	eld in Solano County	,field bounda	ries are bein	ntain about 900 active well g extended when the new Glenn County and the Ric	well drilling proves
per	Last January, the fair market price of gas, according to the Natural Gas Intelligence Weekly Gas Price Index, was \$14 per thousand cubic feet, and soared into the \$50-\$60 range in the spot market. Currently, gas sells for about \$3.40 pe thousand cubic feet, and the spot-market price has at times dipped below \$3. The price could rise as winter approach						ells for about \$3.40 per
new abo	drilling i ut a billio	s unlikely t	o put much of a den	t in the amou it 10th in the	nt of natural	ar, peaking at 18 the week gas the state imports, how uses more than six times t	ever. California produce
Pro	duction h	as risen sl		Stream Energ		d the early 1990s, falling o Todhunters Lake gas field	

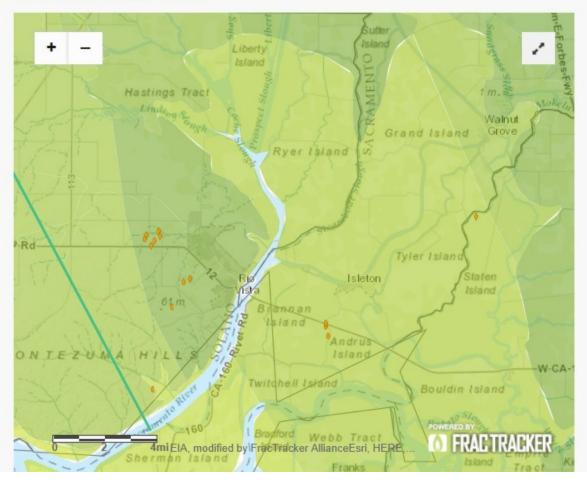
(See next page)

In addition, the exact location of the wastewater wells full of toxins that have been allowed to be placed in and around the Delta region were not considered by California WaterFix proponents. Damage from tunnel boring to the fracking wastewater well located on Staten Island, for example, would release toxins into the Mokelumne River and the drinking water aquifer and put thousands or millions of persons at risk of drinking those pollutants found in the fracking wastewater well. Map is from Food & Water Watch organization website <a href="http://FracTracker.org">http://FracTracker.org</a>

() FRACTRACKER

http://www.fractracker.org/2014/03/ca\_injection\_earthquakes/ Oil & Gas Topics Projects

such as areas of San Francisco built on landfills, will typically shake more than areas comprised of bedrock at the surface. The type of shaking, whether it is low frequency or high frequency will also present varying hazards for different types of structures. Low frequency shaking is more hazardous to larger buildings and infrastructure, whereas high frequency events can be more damaging to smaller structure such as single family houses. Various assessments have been conducted throughout the state, the majority by the California Geological Survey and the United States Geological Survey.



www.fractracker.org/2014/03/ca\_injection\_earthquakes/

Oil & Gas Topics Projects areas of san Francisco built of francisco, will typically shake more than areas comprised of bedrock at the surface. The type of shaking, whether it is low frequency or high frequency will also present varying hazards for different types of structures. Low frequency shaking is more hazardous to larger buildings and infrastructure, whereas high frequency events can be more damaging to smaller structure such as single family houses. Various assessments have been conducted throughout the state, the majority by the California Geological Survey and the United States Geological Survey.



Figure 2. California Earthquake Shaking Amplification and Class II Injection Wells