## Figure M-3. Log-log Regression Relation of Estimated K<sub>d</sub> to Waterborne Selenium Concentration for Model 4 in Normal/Wet Years (Based on Years 2000 and 2005)

1 2

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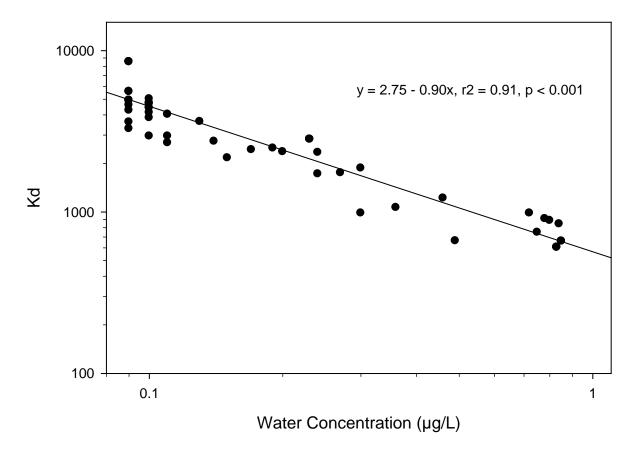
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To predict the  $K_d$  (y) from water concentrations using the regression equation, take the log of the water concentration (x), multiply it by the slope (-0.90), which gives a positive number for x<1 (i.e., waterborne selenium concentrations less than 1  $\mu$ g/L); then add this number to the intercept (2.75) and take the antilog.