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Sources: Geomorphic Provinces, CGS 2002; Plan Area, ICF 2012

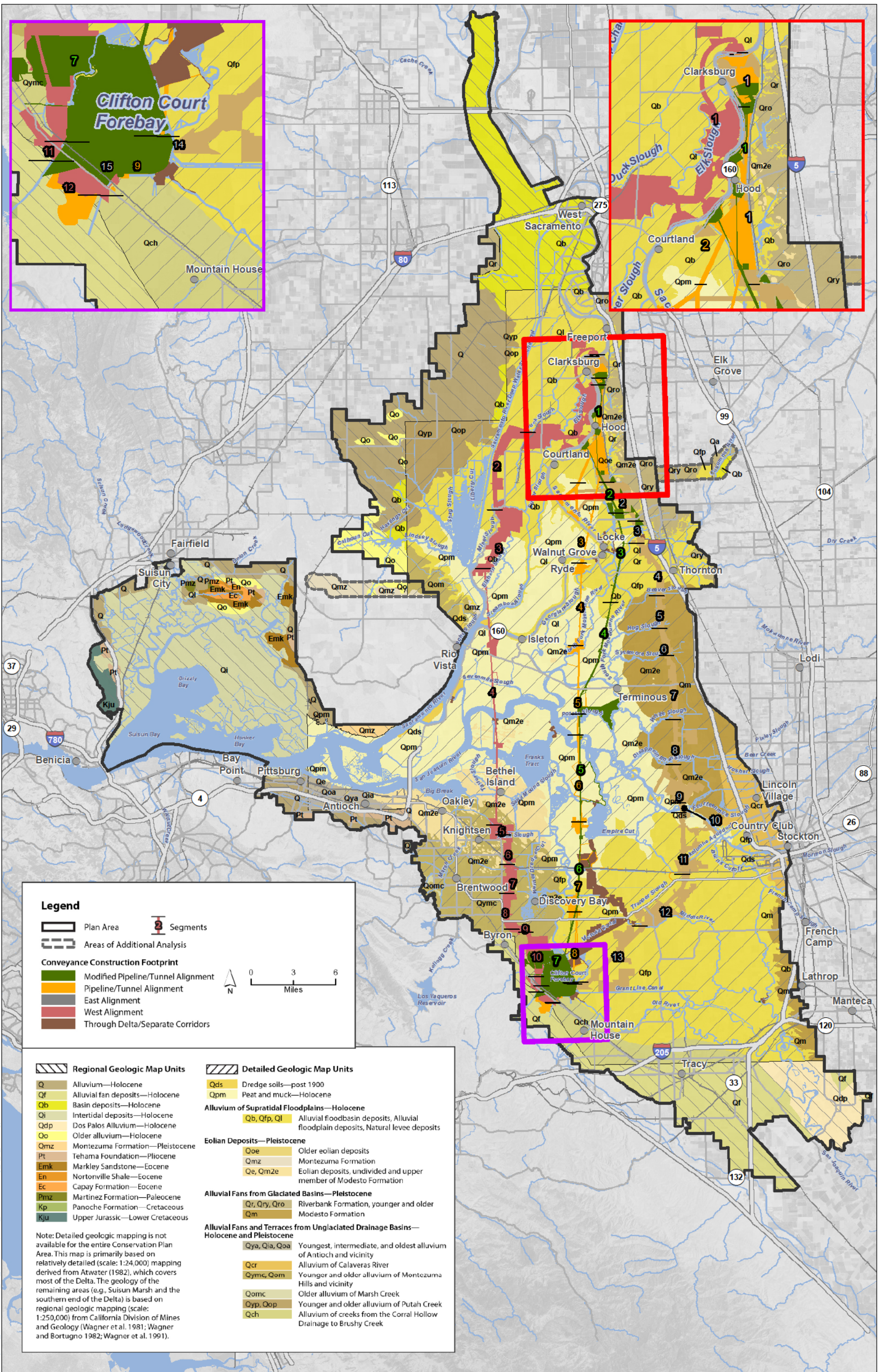
Figure 9-1
Geomorphic Provinces of California

RELATIVE GEOLOGIC TIME			TIME (Million Years before Present)
Era	Period	Epoch	
CENOZOIC	Quaternary	Holocene	0.011
		Pleistocene	
	Tertiary	Pliocene	1.6
		Miocene	5.3
		Oligocene	24
		Eocene	37
		Paleocene	58
MESOZOIC	Cretaceous	65	
	Jurassic	144	
	Triassic	208	
PALEOZOIC	Permian	245	
	Carbon- iferous	Pennsylvanian	286
		Mississippian	320
	Devonian	360	
	Silurian	408	
	Ordovician	438	
	Cambrian	505	
PRECAMBRIAN		570	

Source: Based on California Department of Conservation, California Geological Survey, Note 17, page 3, 2002.

Note: This geologic timescale is based on the time scale used by the California Geological Survey (CGS) (2002). The more recent U.S. Geological Survey geologic time scale (2010), which has revised age boundaries, is not used because it was published after the publication of the geologic maps used in this report.

Figure 9-2
Geologic Time Scale



Sources: Plan Area, ICF 2012; Constructability (Rev 10b), DHCCP DWR 2012; Constructability (Rev 5b), DHCCP DWR 2015 Constructability (Rev 3b), DHCCP DWR 2012; Geology, ICF 2012.

Figure 9-3
Geology of the Plan Area

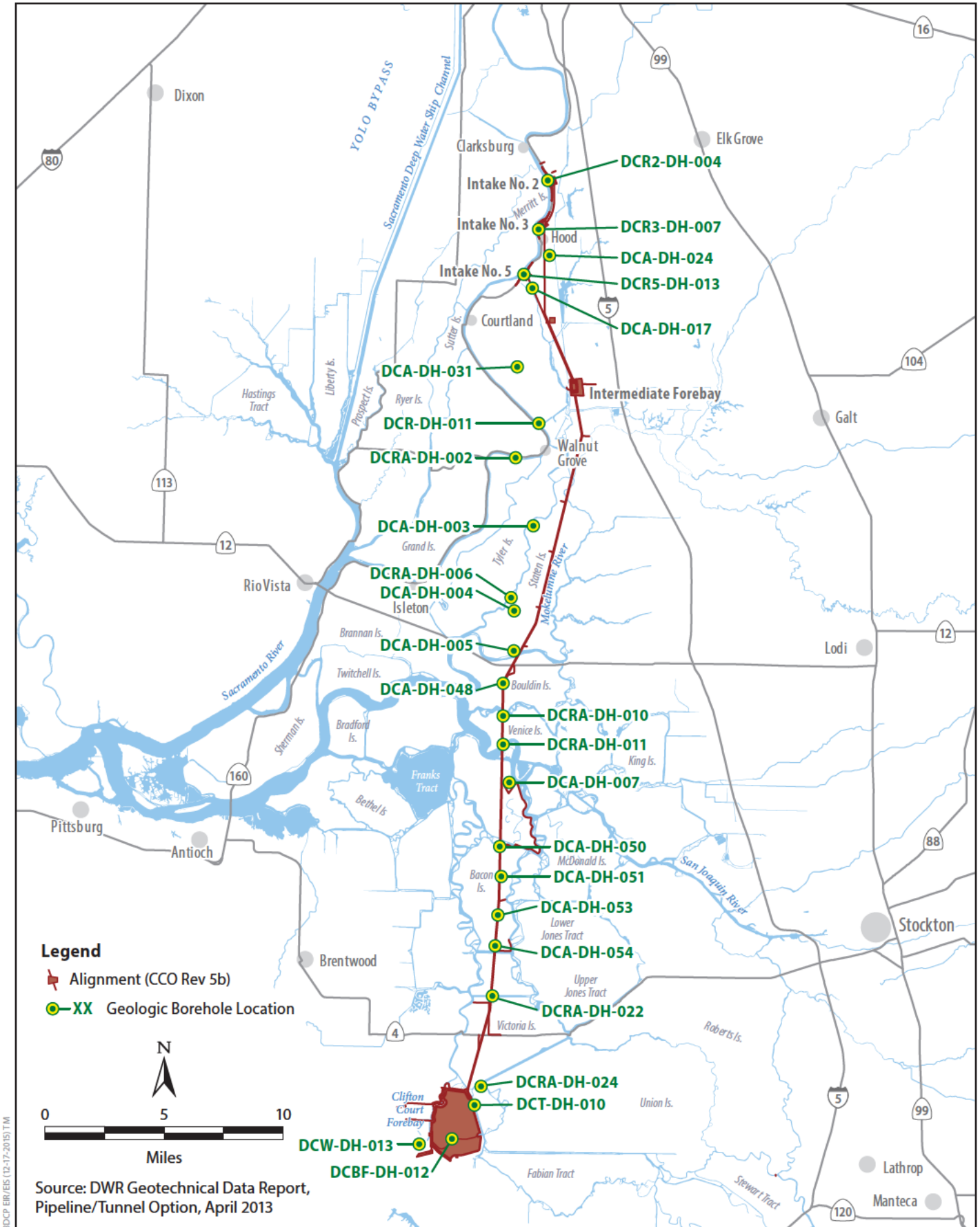


Figure 9-4a
Geologic Borehole Locations

GROUP SYMBOLS AND NAMES

Lean Clay (CL)	Lean Clay with Sand (CL)s	Lean Clay with Organics (CL)o	Lean Clay with Sand and Organics (CL)so	Sandy Lean Clay s(CL)	Sandy Lean Clay with Gravel s(CL)g
Sandy Lean Clay with Organics s(CH)o	Lean to Fat Clay (CL/CH)	Fat Clay (CH)	Fat Clay with Sand (CH)s	Fat Clay with Organics (CH)o	Fat Clay with Sand and Organics (CH)so
Sandy Fat Clay s(CH)	Sandy Fat Clay with Organics s(CL)o	Silty Clay with Sand (CL-ML)s	Clayey Silt (ML/CL)	Silt (ML)	Silt with Sand (ML)s
Sandy Silt s(ML)	Silt with Organics (ML)o	Elastic Silt (MH)	Elastic Silt with Sand (MH)s	Sandy Elastic Silt s(MH)	Elastic Silt with Organics (MH)o
Organic Lean Clay (OL)	Organic Lean Clay with Sand (OL)s	Sandy Organic Lean Clay s(OL)	Organic Fat Clay (OH)	Organic Fat Clay with Sand (OH)s	Organic Silt (OL)
Organic Silt with Sand (OL)s	Sandy Organic Silt s(OL)	Organic Elastic Silt (OH)	Peat (PT)	Poorly Graded Sand (SP)	Poorly Graded Sand with Gravel (SP)g
Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC)	Poorly Graded Sand with Organics (SP)o	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt and Gravel (SP-SM)g	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt and Organics (SP-SM)o	Well-Graded Sand (SW)
Well-Graded Sand with Gravel (SW)g	Well-Graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC)	Well-Graded Sand with Silt (SW-SM)	Well-Graded Sand with Silt and Gravel (SW-SM)g	Clayey Sand (SC)	Clayey Sand with Gravel (SC)g
Silty Clayey Sand (SC-SM)	Silty Sand (SM)	Silty Sand with Gravel (SM)g	Silty Sand with Organics (SM)o	Poorly Graded Gravel (GP)	Poorly Graded Gravel with Sand (GP)s
Poorly Graded Gravel with Silt and Sand (GP-GM)	Well-Graded Gravel (GW)	Well-Graded Gravel with Sand (GW)s	Well-Graded Gravel with Silt and Sand (GW-GM)	Clayey Gravel (GC)	Clayey Gravel with Sand (GC)s
Silty Gravel with Sand (GM)s	Silty Gravel (GM)	Tephra (vp)			

SAMPLER TYPE AND RETAINED SAMPLE GRAPHIC SYMBOLS

Standard Penetration Test (SPT)	Hydropunch	Piston	Bag Sample	Boxed Core
Modified California (MCS)	Punch Core (PCore)	Pitcher Barrel	Bulk Sample	
No Sample Drilling (NSD)	Dry Core (DCore)	Shelby Tube	Jar Sample	

NORMALIZED SOIL BEHAVIOR TYPE (CPT)

1 Sensitive Fine-grained	4 Clayey Silt to Silty Clay	7 Gravelly Sand to Sand
2 Organic Material	5 Silty Sand to Sandy Silt	8 Very stiff Sand to Clayey sand
3 Clay to Silty Clay	6 Clean Sand to Silty Sand	9 Very Stiff Fine-grained

DRILLING METHOD GRAPHIC SYMBOLS

Bucket Auger (BA)	Hollow Stem Auger (HSA)	Solid Stem Auger	Rotary Wash
Hand Auger	Rock Coring	Sonic	

WELL GRAPHIC SYMBOLS

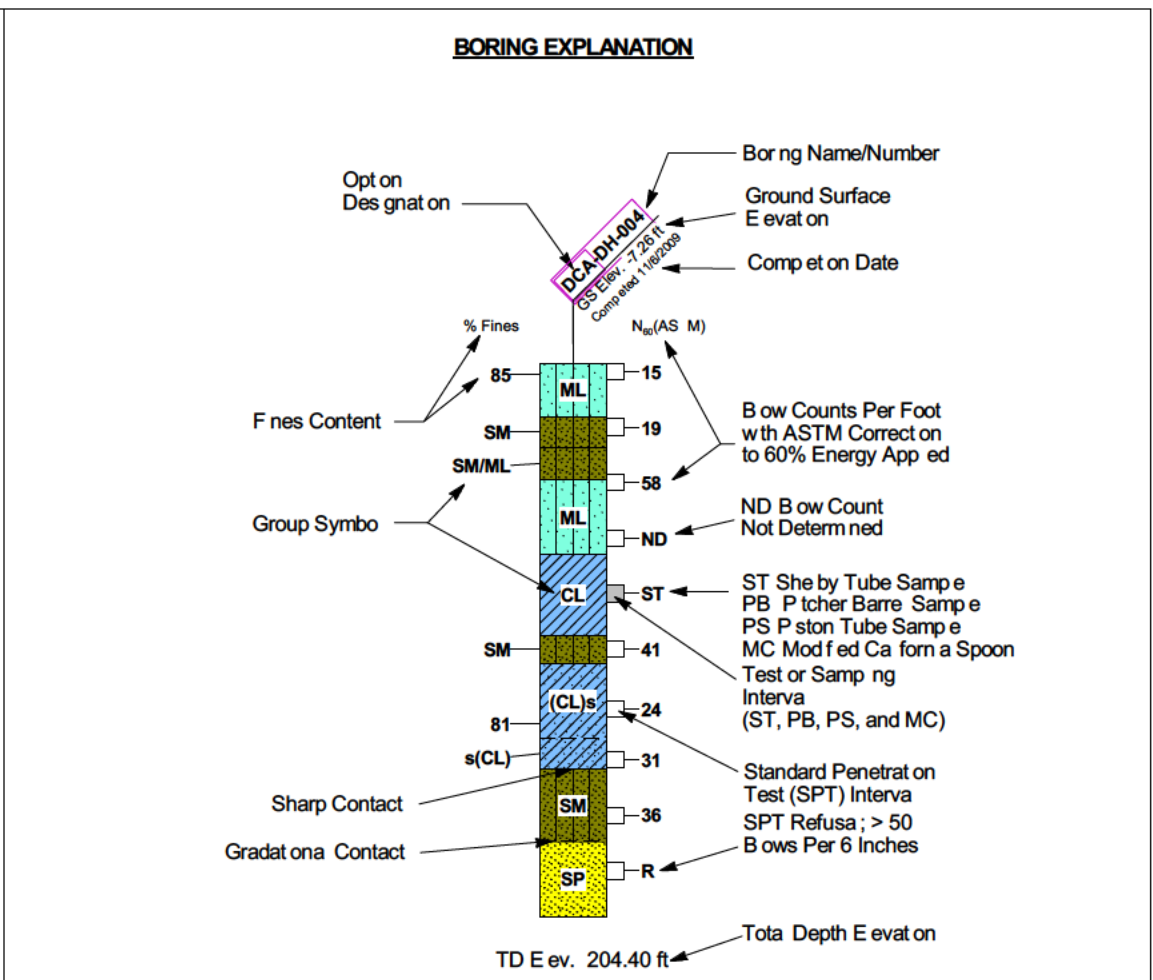
Blank casing in cement grout	Blank casing in filter sand	Native backfill or slough
Blank casing in bentonite seal	Slotted casing in filter sand	Vibrating wire piezometer

FIELD AND LABORATORY TESTS

AL Atterberg Limits - Liquid Limit Plasticity Index (AS M D4318)	OC Organic Content (AS M D2974)	TV Pocket Torvane
CN Consolidation (AS M D2435)	PA Particle Size Analysis (AS M D422)	UC Unconfined Compression (AS M D2166)
CR Corrosion Sulfates Chlorides (C M 643 C M 417 C M 422)	PD Pinhole Dispersion (AS M D4647)	UU Unconsolidated Undrained triaxial (AS M D2850)
CU Consolidated Undrained triaxial (AS M D4767)	PM Pressure Meter (AS M D4719)	UW Unit Weight (AS M D2937)
DS Direct Shear (AS M D3080)	PP Pocket Penetrometer	XD XRay Diffraction
EI Expansion Index (AS M D4829)	SA Soil Abrasivity (N NU 2006)	XR XRay Radiography (AS M D4452)
HD Hydrometer (AS M D422)	SG Specific Gravity (AS M D854)	
	SL Slurry Abrasion (AS M G75)	
	SW Swell Potential (AS M D4546)	

WATER LEVEL SYMBOLS

First water encountered during drilling
Water level measured at end of drilling
Static water level reading (short-term)
Static water level reading (long-term)



OPTION DESIGNATION

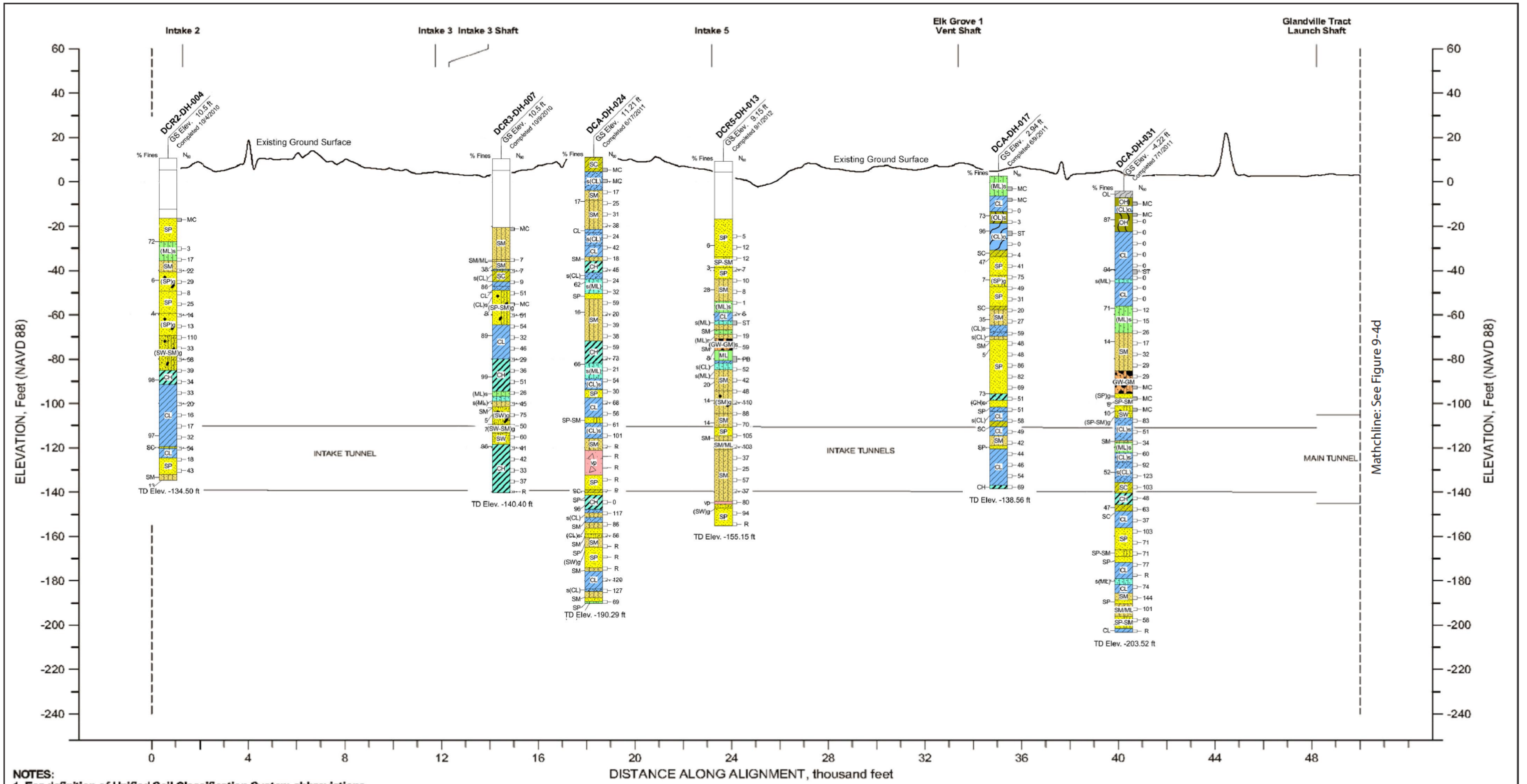
DCA - Pipe/Tunnel Option	DCN1 Intake 1 Land	DCR1 Intake 1 Overwater
DCE - ICF East Option	DCN2 Intake 2 Land	DCR2 Intake 2 Overwater
DCW - ICF West Option	DCN3 Intake 3 Land	DCR3 Intake 3 Overwater
DCT - Through Delta Facility Option	DCN4 Intake 4 Land	DCR4 Intake 4 Overwater
DCR - Overwater	DCN5 Intake 5 Land	DCR5 Intake 5 Overwater
DCRA - Overwater Pipe/Tunnel		

- Notes:**
- Soils were classified in the field in accordance with ASTM D2488, Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure). Where laboratory testing was performed, classifications are presented in the remarks column of the log in accordance with ASTM D2487, Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System).
 - Borderline symbols, two group symbols separated by a slash, may be used in the field visual classification when (A) percentage of fines is estimated to be between 45% and 55%, (B) percentages of sand and gravel are estimated to be about the same, (C) soil could be either well-graded or poorly-graded, (D) soil could be either a silt or a clay, or (E) fine-grained soil has properties indicating that it is at the boundary between low and high plasticity.
 - Dashed lines between soil types is used when (A) "inferred" boundary between soil layers or theogy or, (B) a gradation boundary, or (C) loss in recovery is significant.
 - Solid lines between soil types is used where a definite boundary is observed between two materials.

BDCP ER/ES (12-17-2013) TM

Source: DWR Geotechnical Data Report, Pipeline/Tunnel Option, April 2013.

Figure 9-4b
Geologic Borehole Log Explanation

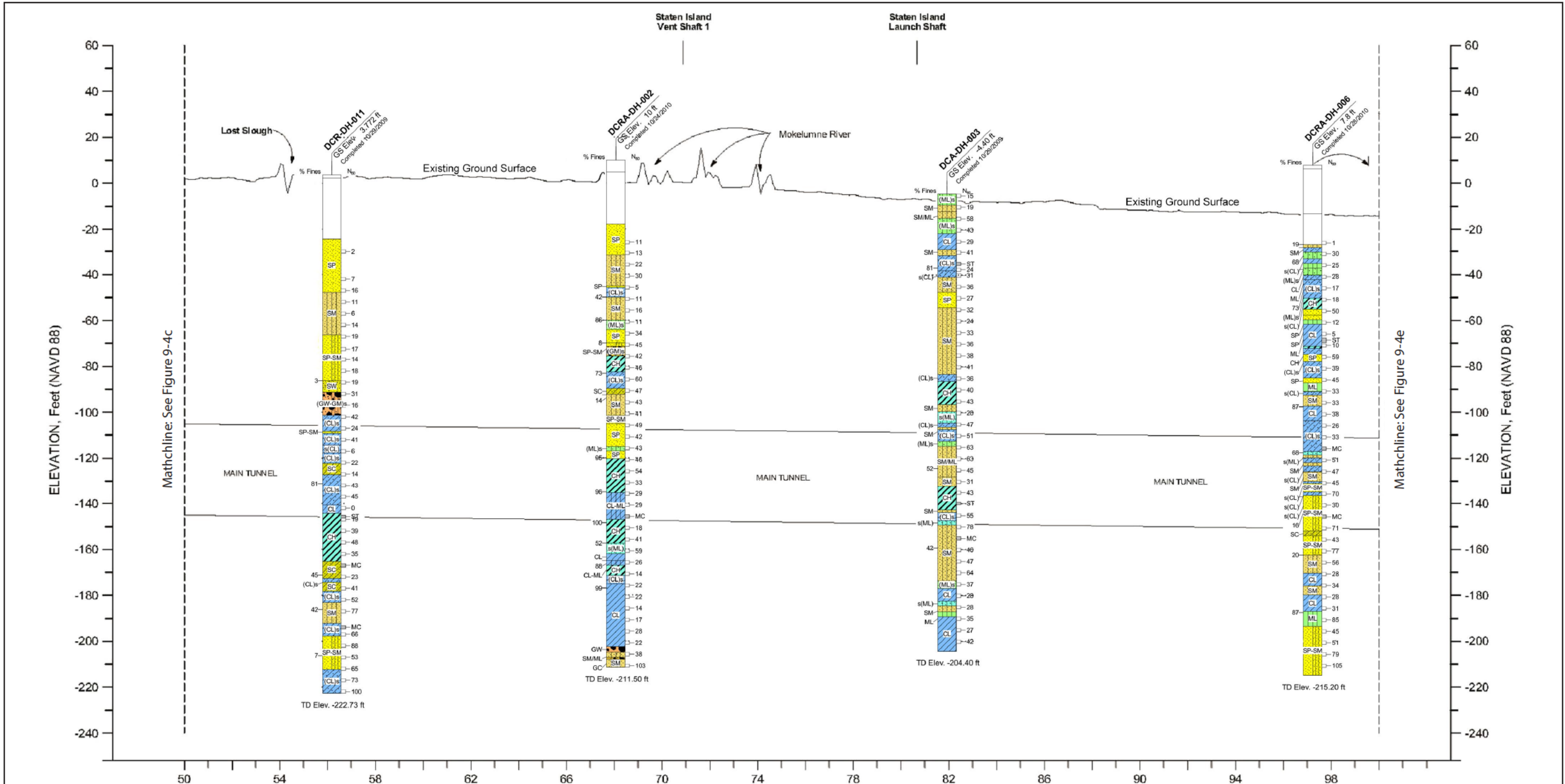


NOTES:
 1. For definition of Unified Soil Classification System abbreviations, consult ASTM D2487.
 2. Consult geotechnical data report for Pipeline/Tunnel Option (draft April 2013) for complete boring logs and subsurface data.

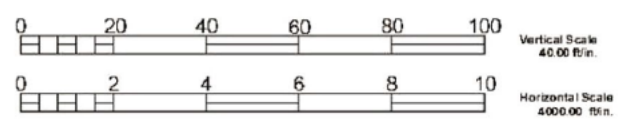


Sources: DWR 2009-2012 Geotechnical Data Reports; California Department of Water Resources 2015.

Figure 9-4c
Geologic Borehole Logs in the Vicinity of Proposed Tunnels

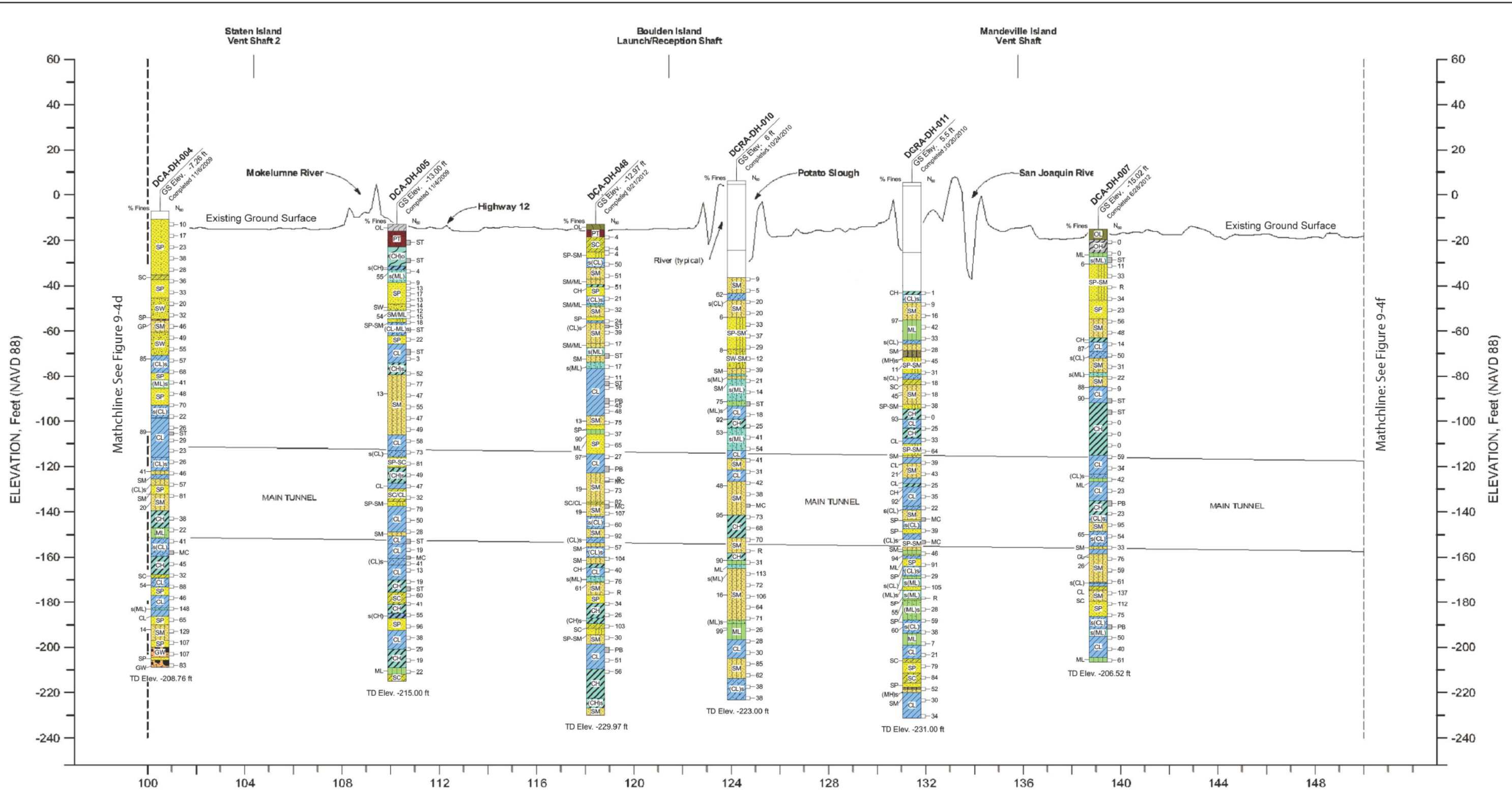


NOTES:
 1. For definition of Unified Soil Classification System abbreviations, consult ASTM D2487.
 2. Consult geotechnical data report for Pipeline/Tunnel Option (draft April 2013) for complete boring logs and subsurface data.

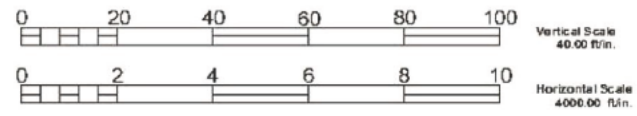


Sources: DWR 2009-2012 Geotechnical Data Reports; California Department of Water Resources 2015.

Figure 9-4d
Geologic Borehole Logs in the Vicinity of Proposed Tunnels



NOTES:
 1. For definition of Unified Soil Classification System abbreviations, consult ASTM D2487.
 2. Consult geotechnical data report for Pipeline/Tunnel Option (draft April 2013) for complete boring logs and subsurface data.



Sources: DWR 2009-2012 Geotechnical Data Reports; California Department of Water Resources 2015.

Figure 9-4e
Geologic Borehole Logs in the Vicinity of Proposed Tunnels

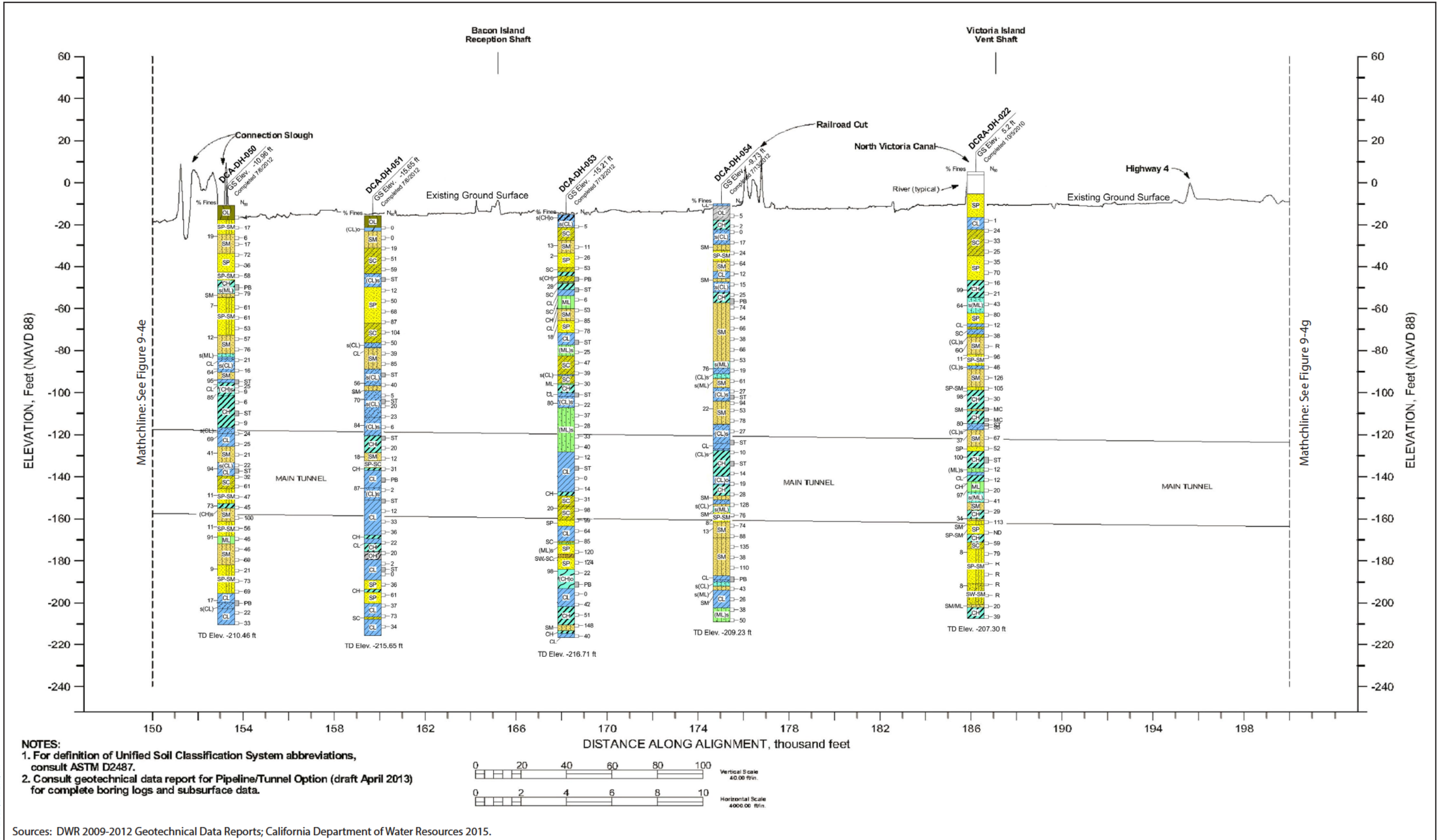


Figure 9-4f
Geologic Borehole Logs in the Vicinity of Proposed Tunnels

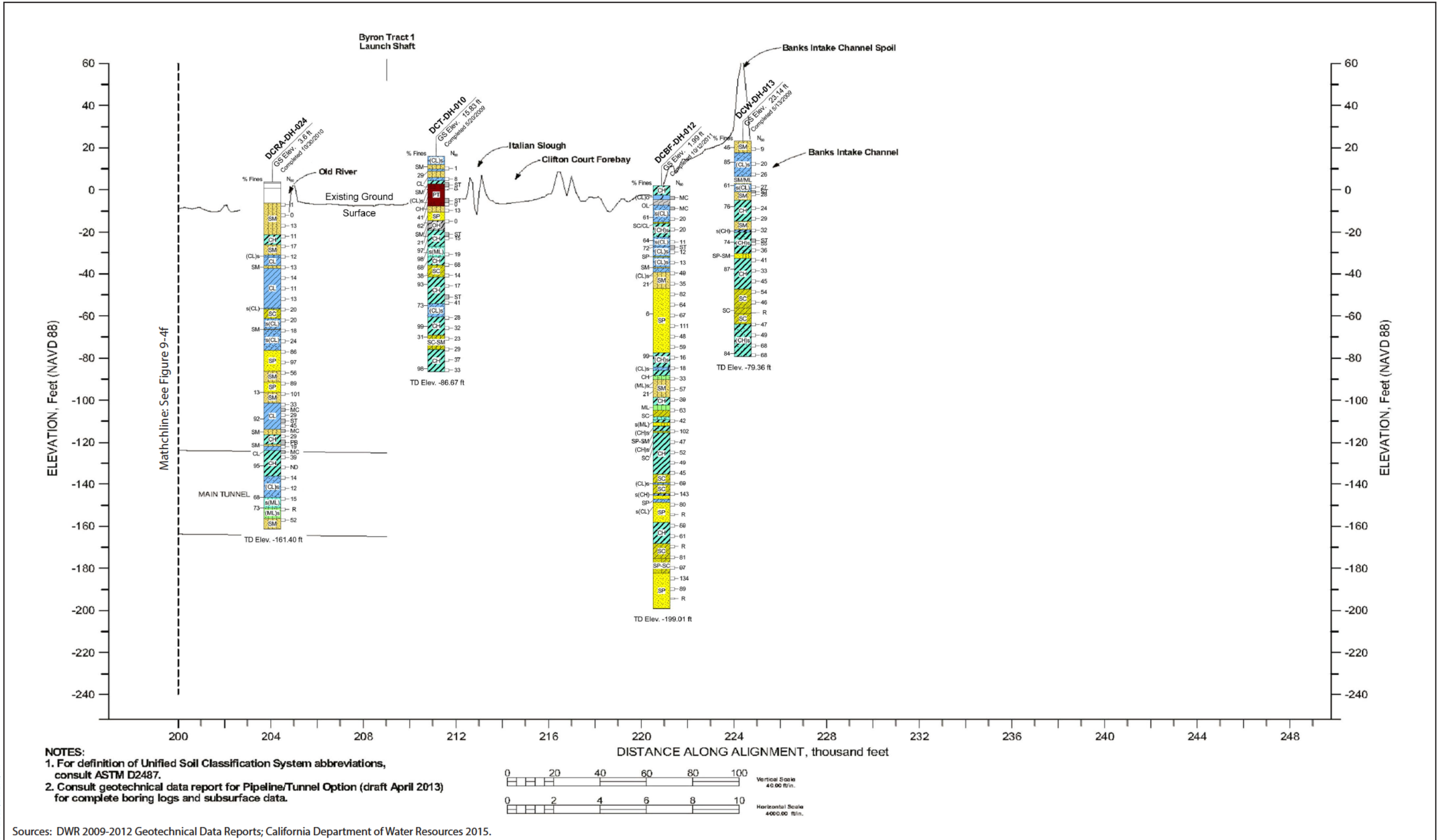
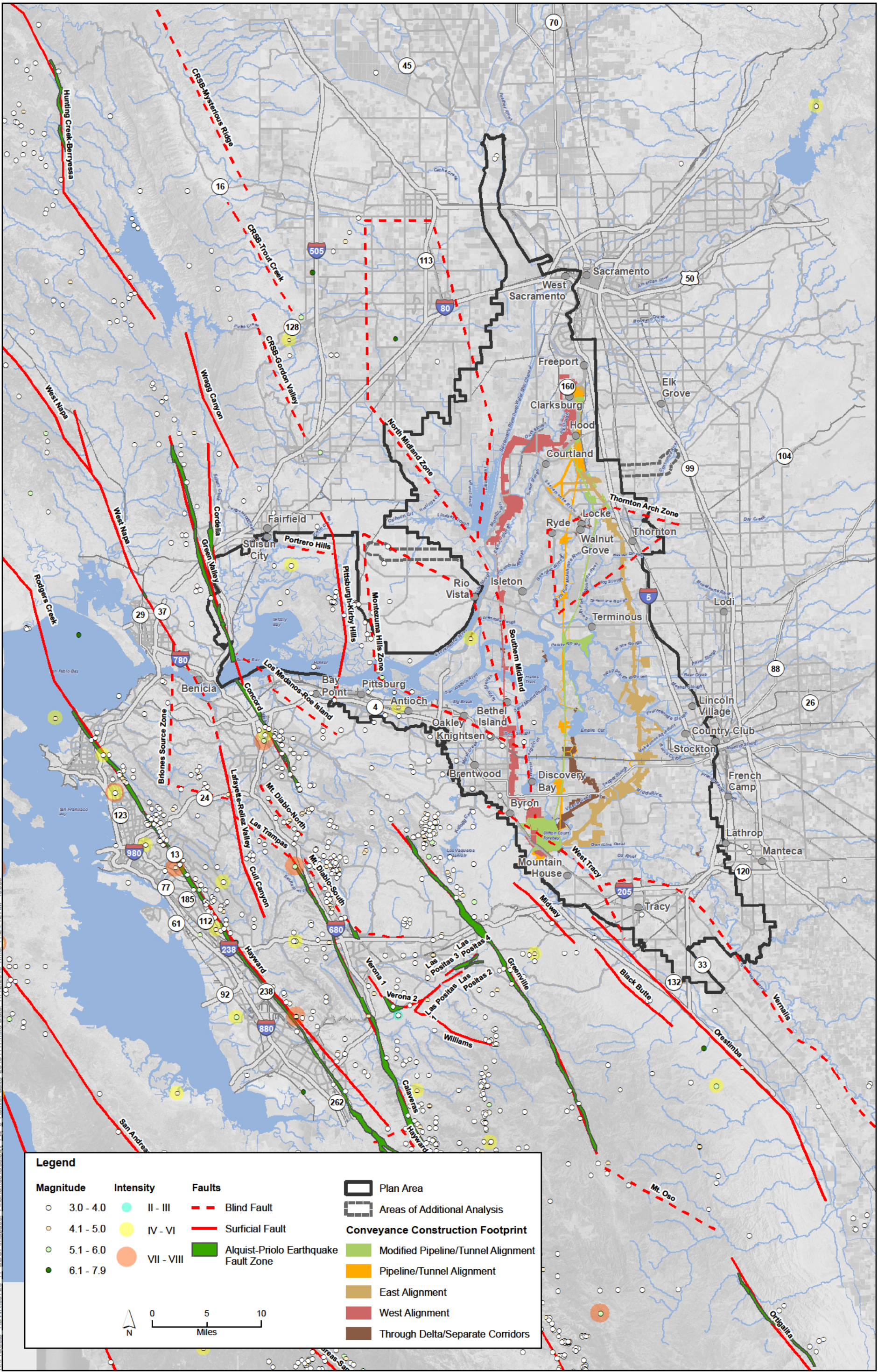
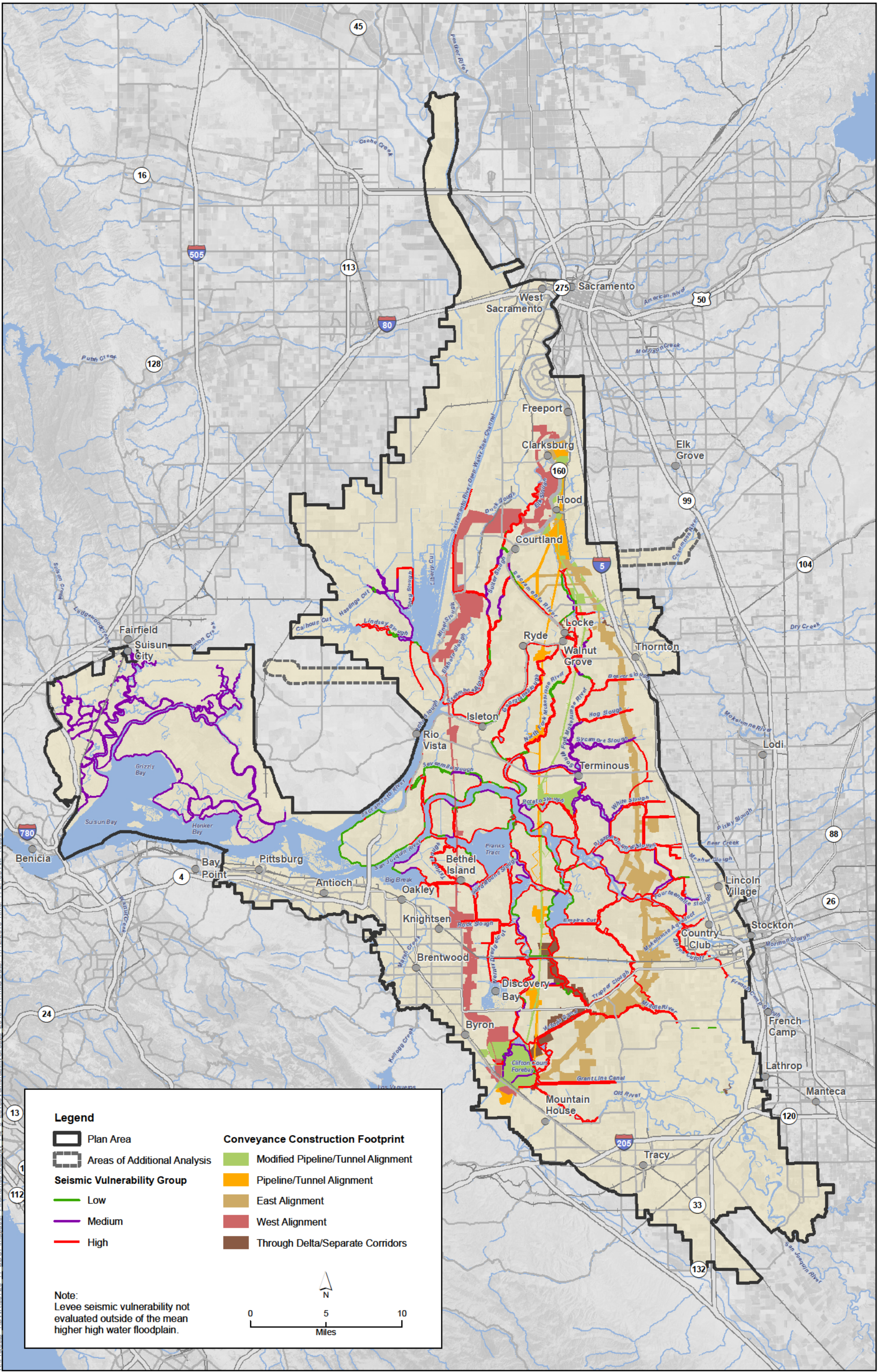


Figure 9-4g
Geologic Borehole Logs in the Vicinity of Proposed Tunnels



Sources: Plan Area, ICF 2012; Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zones (EFZ), California Geological Survey 2001; Faults, DRMS 2008; Seismicity/Magnitude, URS 2010, Constructability (Rev 5b), DHCCP DWR 2015 Constructability (Rev 10b), DHCCP DWR 2012; Constructability (Rev 3b), DHCCP DWR 2012

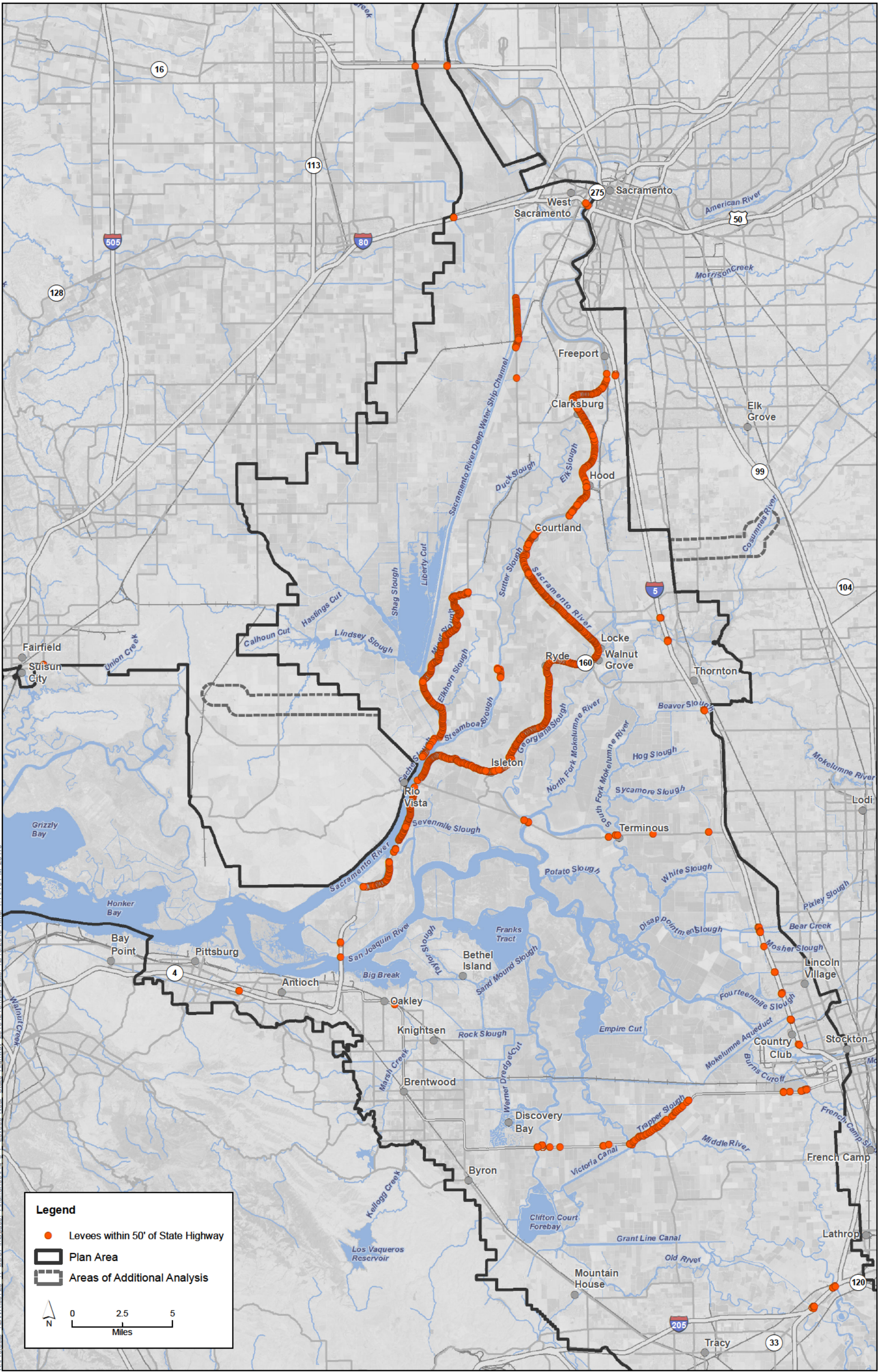
Figure 9-5
Active Faults and Historical Seismicity of the Bay and Delta Region, 1800-2010



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Sources: Plan Area, ICF 2012; Levee Seismic Vulnerability Groups, California DWR 2008b; Constructability (Rev 10b), DHCCP DWR 2012; Constructability (Rev 3b), DHCCP DWR 2012; Constructability (Rev 5b), DHCCP DWR 2015

Figure 9-6
Levee Seismic Vulnerability Groups



Legend

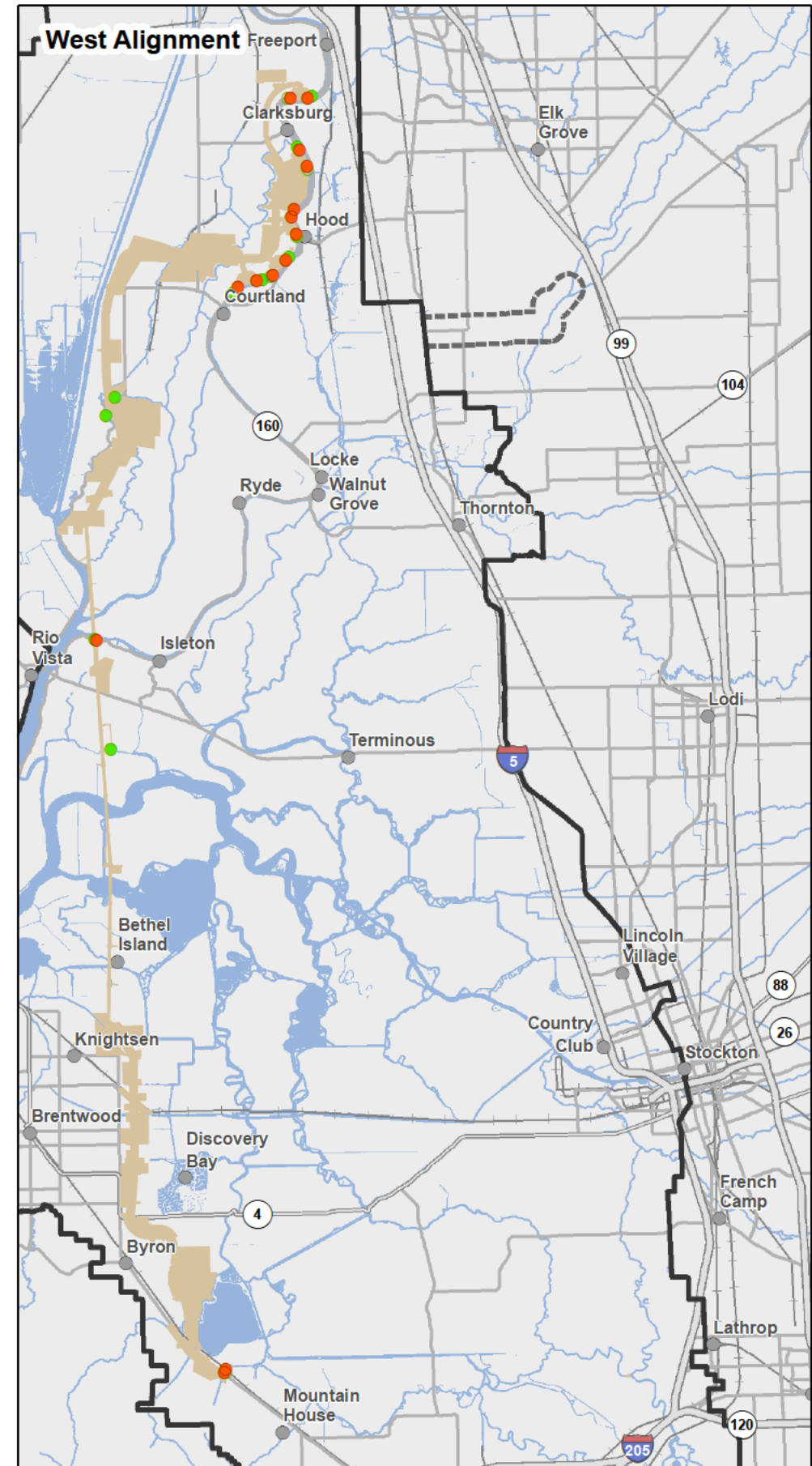
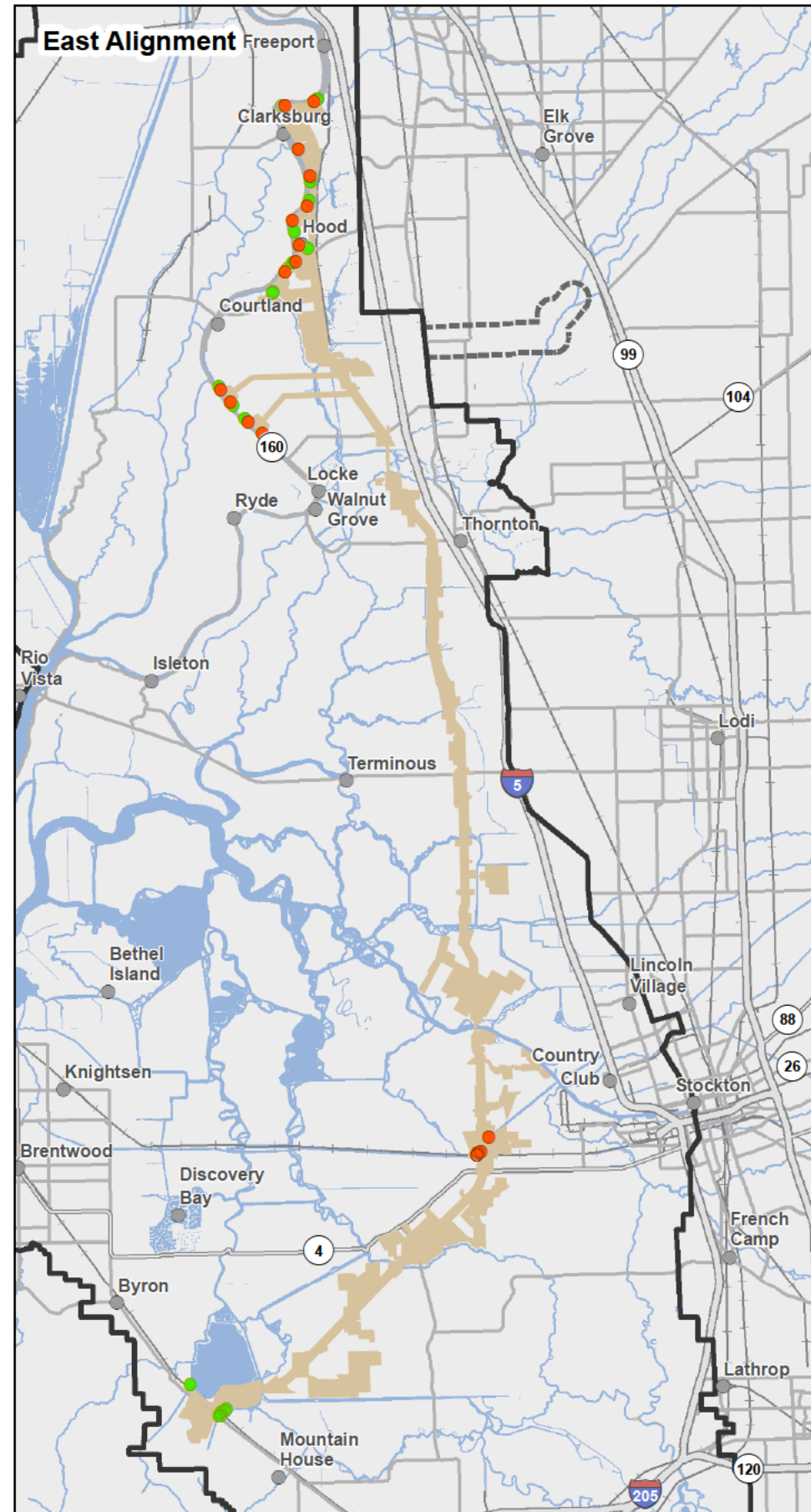
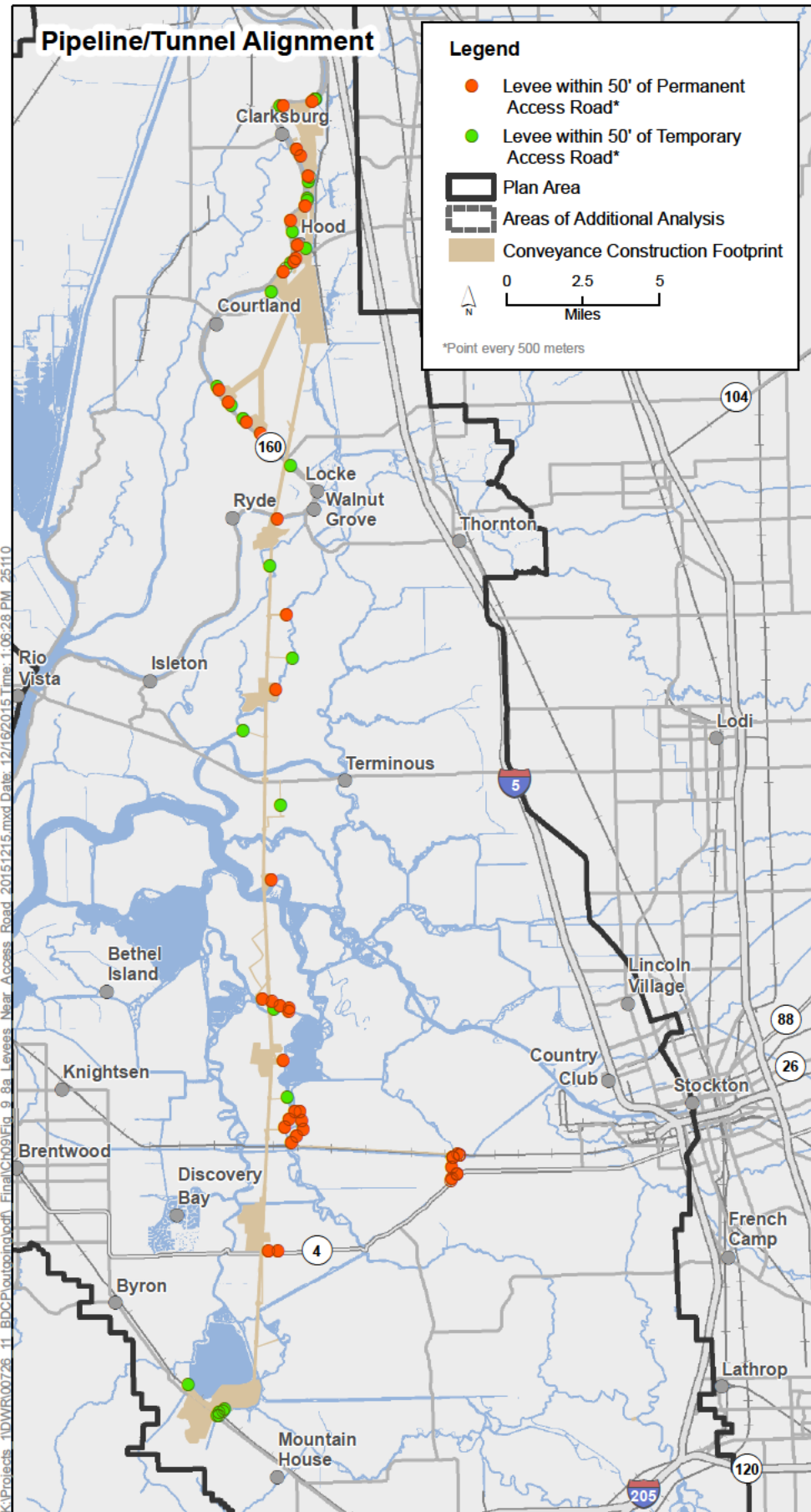
- Levees within 50' of State Highway
- Plan Area
- Areas of Additional Analysis

0 2.5 5
Miles

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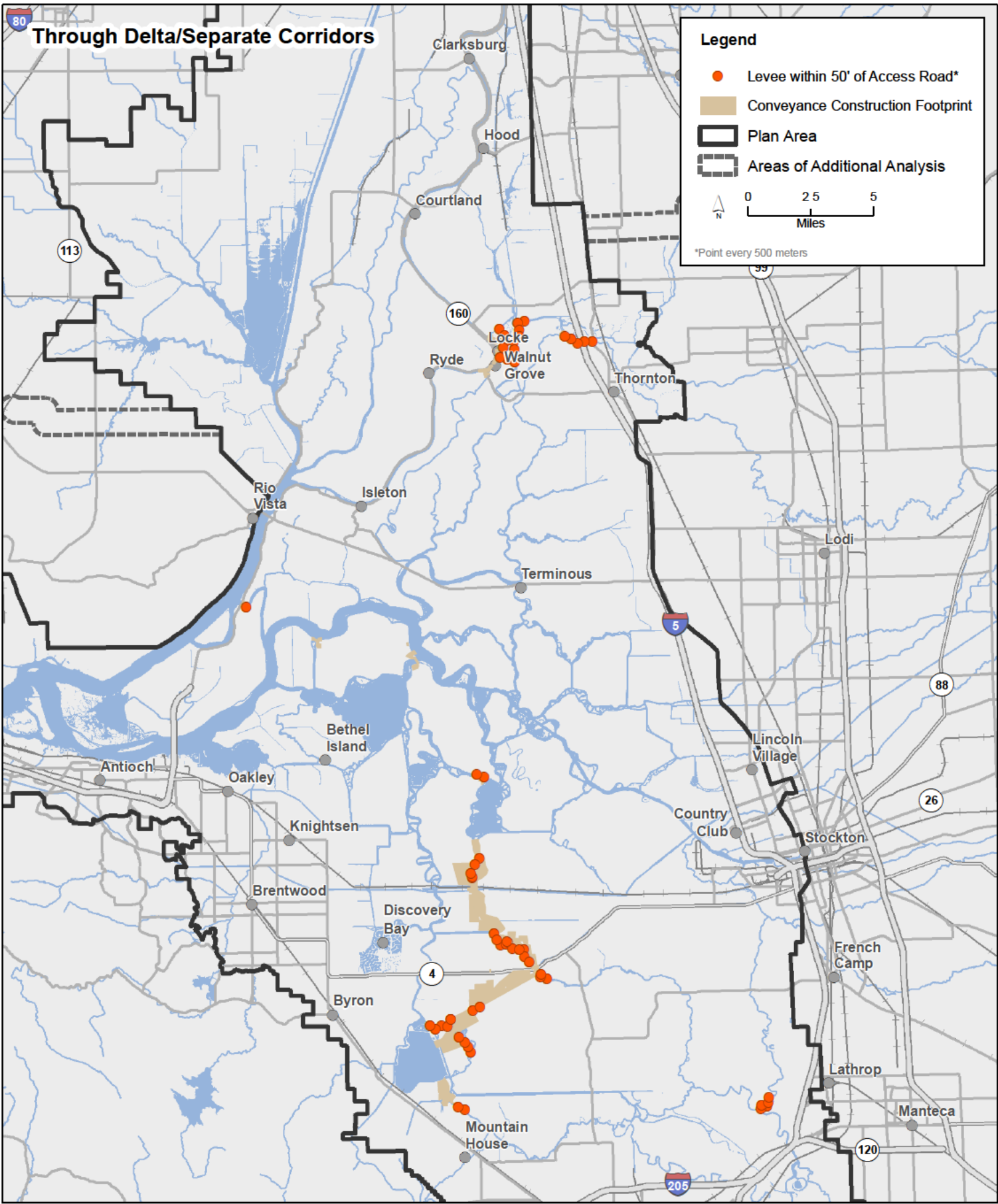
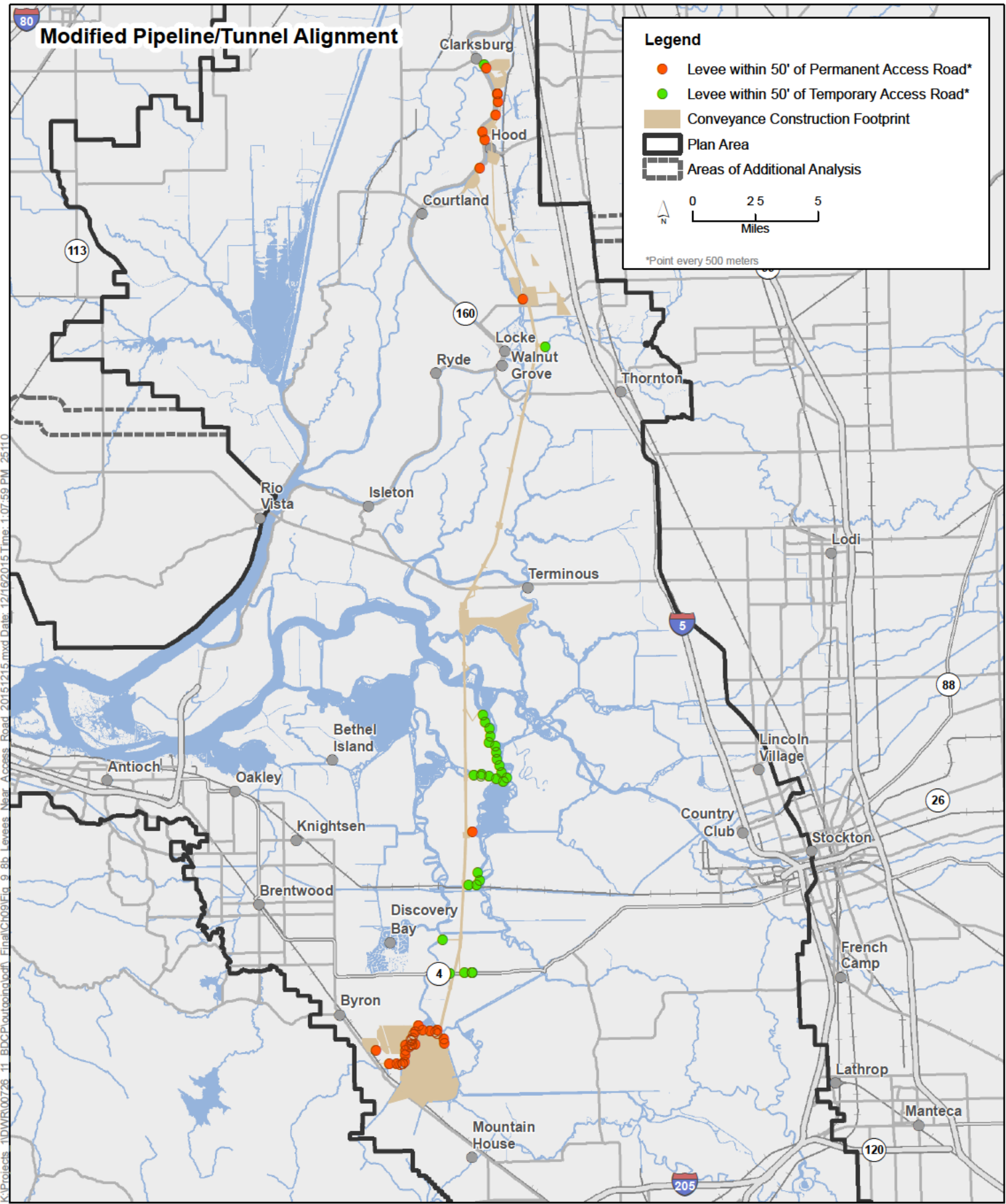
Sources: Plan Area, ICF 2012; Constructability (Rev 10b), DHCCP DWR 2012;

Figure 9-7
Levees Near State Highway



Sources: Plan Area, ICF 2012; Area of Additional Analysis, ICF 2012

Figure 9-8a
Levees Near Access Roads



Sources: Plan Area, ICF 2012; Area of Additional Analysis, ICF 2012

Figure 9-8b
Levees Near Access Roads